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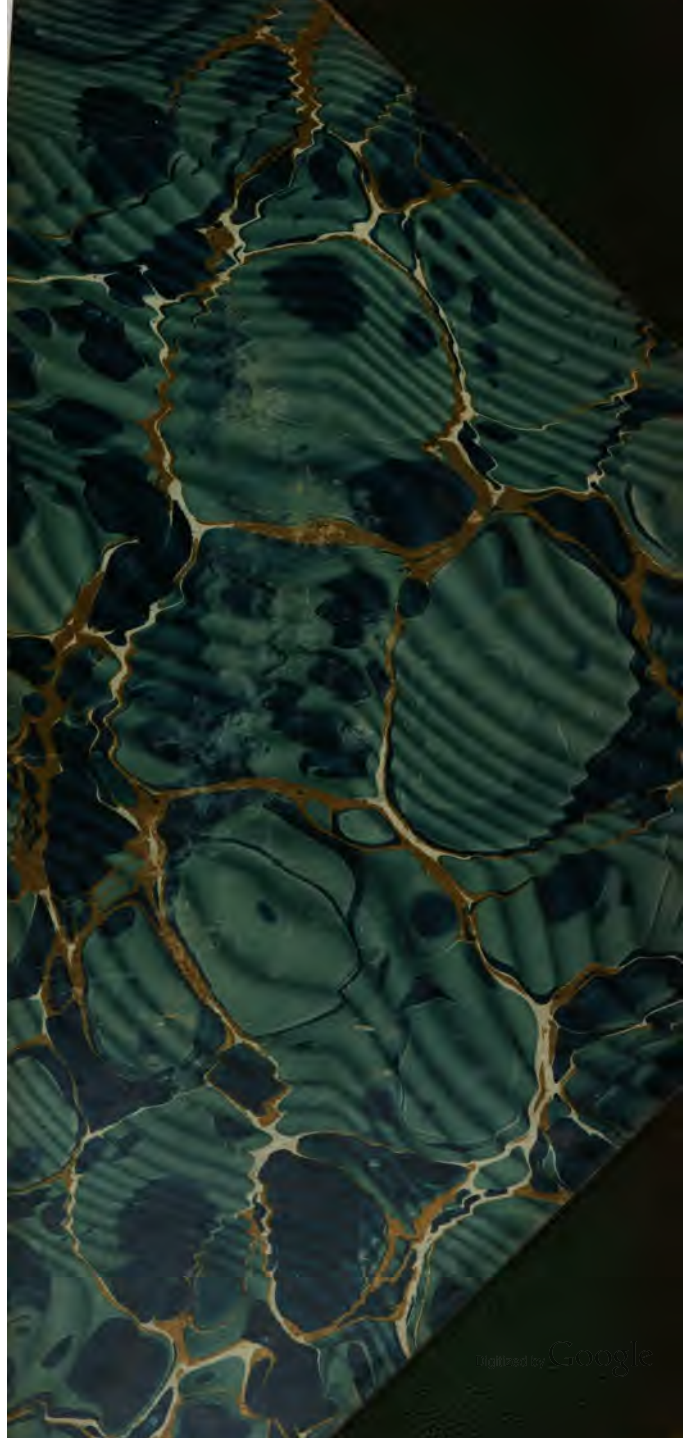
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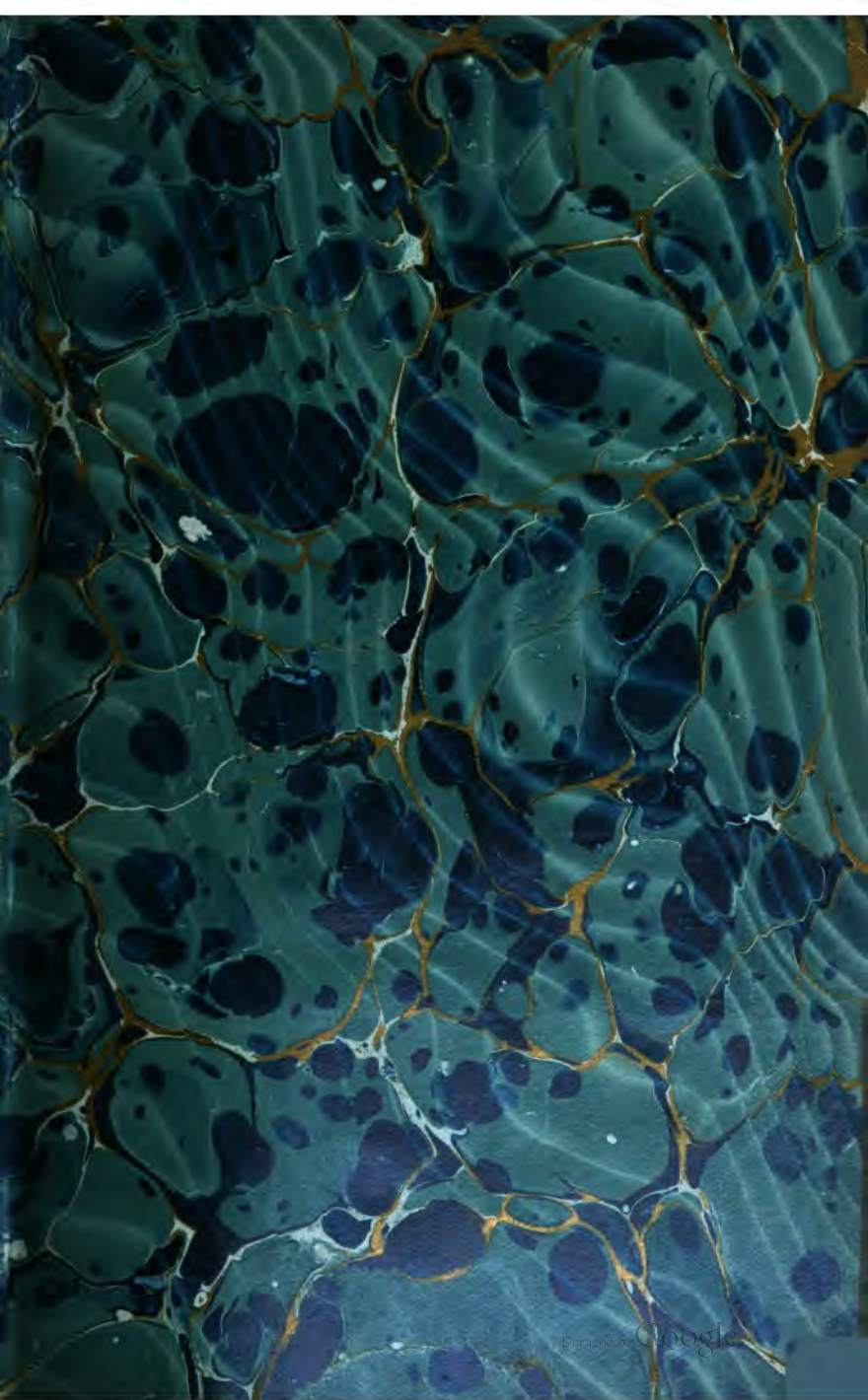
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WISH VS. THE WIND SOUTH.



DANIEL B. FEARING
NEWPORT R. I.



Catalogued.
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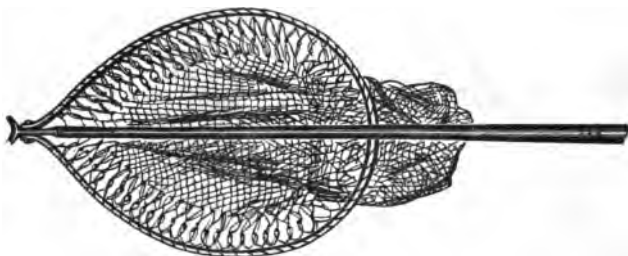
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	No. 1.	No. 2.		No. 1.	No. 2.
Chloride of barium	6.749	6.490	Chloride of ammonium..	0.262	0.262
Chloride of sodium	186.200	185.900	Alumina and silica	3.240	3.100
Chloride of calcium	85.160	85.470	Bromine as bromide ...	{	{
Chloride of magnesium ...	20.100	20.315		traces	traces
Chloride of lithium	0.847	0.910	Total mineral matters	302.658	302.447

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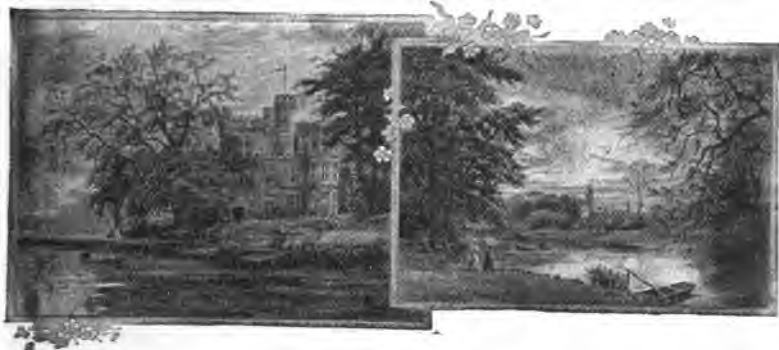
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.....	<i>Bradford Beck</i>	Thornton.
.....	<i>.....</i>	Thornton.
.....	<i>Clayton Beck..</i>	Bradford, Shipley.
.....	<i>Denby Pond ..</i>	Baildon.
.....	<i>.....</i>	Baildon.
.....	<i>Gill Beck</i>	Esholt.
.....	<i>.....</i>	Guiseley, Eshc't
.....	<i>Yeadon Beck ..</i>	Calverley, Newmy.
.....	<i>.....</i>	Newlay.
.....	<i>.....</i>	Bickatall, Leeds.
.....	<i>.....</i>	Bramley, Leeds.
.....	<i>.....</i>	Arthington.
.....	<i>.....</i>	Arthington.
.....	<i>.....</i>	Arthington.
.....	<i>.....</i>	Leeds.
.....	<i>.....</i>	Hunslet.
.....	<i>.....</i>	Leeds.
.....	<i>.....</i>	Hunslet.
.....	<i>.....</i>	Woodlesford.

The Angler's Diary.

ENGLAND—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS
AIRE (cont.) ..	<i>Rothwell Beck</i> ..	Woodlesford.
.....	.....	Methley.
.....	<i>Hollin Beck</i> ..	Methley.
.....	.....	Oatleford.
.....	<i>Calder</i>	Hulme, Portsmouth.
.....	<i>Redmires Dam</i>	Todmorden.
.....	.....	Todmorden, Eastwood, Hebden
.....	{ <i>Calderclough Beck</i>	
.....	{ <i>Nodale Dam</i> ..	Hebden.
.....	{ <i>Hebden</i>	
.....	{ <i>Widdop Water</i>	Hebden.
.....	{ <i>Gorple Water</i> ..	Hebden.
.....	{ <i>Wadsworth Beck</i>	Hebden.
.....	{ <i>Horsebridge Beck</i>	Hebden.
.....	{ <i>Hebden</i>	Hebden.
.....	.....	Luddenden Foot.
.....	{ <i>Luddenden Beck</i>	
.....	{ <i>Cold Edge Dam</i>	Luddenden.
.....	.....	Sowerby Bridge.
.....	<i>Ribourne</i> ..	Bishworth, Sowerby Bridge
.....	.....	Elland.
.....	<i>Dean</i>	Bishworth, Stainland, Elland.
.....	.....	Brighouse, Cooper Bridge.
.....	<i>Colne</i>	
.....	<i>Wissenden Res.</i>	Marsden.
.....	<i>March Hill Res.</i>	Marsden.
.....	<i>Colne</i>	Slaithwaite.
.....	<i>Slatthwaite</i>	
.....	<i>Common Pond</i>	Slaithwaite.
.....	<i>Colne</i>	Longwood, Huddersfield.
.....	{ <i>Holme</i>	
.....	{ <i>Bilbury Res.</i>	Holmfirth.
.....	{ <i>Holmesley Res.</i>	Holmfirth.
.....	{ <i>Holme Res.</i> ...	Hurley, Meltham.
.....	{ <i>Holme</i>	Huddersfield.
.....	<i>Colne</i>	Deighton.
.....	<i>Burton Beck</i> ..	Kirkburton, Deighton.
.....	<i>Colne</i>	Cooper Bridge.
.....	.....	Mirfield, Dewsbury, Horbury.
.....	<i>Chevel Pk. Lake</i>	Sandal.
.....	.....	Wakefield.
.....	{ <i>Walton Beck</i>	
.....	{ <i>Cold Hindley</i>	
.....	{ <i>Reservoir</i>	Ryhill.
.....	{ <i>Walton Park</i>	
.....	{ <i>Lake</i>	Sandal.
.....	<i>Walton</i>	Sandal, Wakefield.
.....	.....	Stanley, Castleford.
.....	.....	Knottingley, Temple Hurst, Snaith,
.....	.....	Bawcliffe.
ALDE .....	.....	Saxmundham.
.....	<i>Ore</i>	
.....	<i>Framlingham</i>	
.....	<i>Pond</i>	Framlingham.
.....	.....	Parham, Marlesford.
.....	.....	Snape.
.....	<i>Saxmundham Brk.</i>	Saxmundham, Snape.
.....	.....	Aldborough, Qrford.
ALLER .....	.....	Forlock.
ALNE .....	.....	Alnwick.
ALPHINGTON ..	.....	Exeter.
.....	<i>Adder Water</i> ..	Exeter.
ALT	<i>Knowsley Park</i>	
.....	<i>Lake</i>	Prescot, West Derby.
.....	<i>Flukers Brook</i> ..	Kirkby.
.....	<i>Simonswood Bk.</i>	Kirkby.
.....	.....	Kirkby.
.....	<i>Lydiat Brook</i> ..	Alntree, Sefton, Lydiat
.....	.....	Altcar.
.....	<i>Downholland Bk.</i>	Barton, Altcar
.....	.....	Hightown.

ENGLAND—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS.
ANCHOLME	<i>Ancholme Head</i>	Lincoln, Market Rasen.
	<i>Rase</i>	Market Rasen.
	<i>Owersby Drain</i>	Holton Moor.
	.....	Scawby.
	<i>North Kelsey Beck</i>	Howsham, Scawby.
ARUN (Sussex)	.....	Brigg, Appleby.
	<i>Broughton Decoy</i>	Appleby.
	.....	Horsham.
	<i>Channel Brook.</i>	Horsham.
	.....	Itheringfield, Slynfold, Rudgwick, Billinghurst, Haslemere, Pulborough.
.....	<i>Rother</i>	Liss, Petersfield, Rogate, Elstead, Liphook, Midhurst, Petworth, Pulborough.
	.....	Amberley, Arundel, Ford, Goring, Angmering, Little Hampton.
	.....	Brent, Loddiswell.
	AVON (Devon).	Devizes, Woodborough, Porton, Salisbury.
	AVON (Hants).	Warminster, Heytesbury, Codford, Wylke, Wilsford, Wilton.
.....	<i>Nadder</i>	Shaftesbury, Tisbury, Dinton, Wilton.
	.....	Salisbury.
	<i>Winterbourne...</i>	Grateley, Porton, Salisbury.
	<i>Chalk Stream...</i>	Tisbury.
	.....	Downton, Braemore, Fordingbridge, Ring-
AVON (Somset.)	.....	Tetbury, Minety. [wood, Christchurch.
	<i>Dauntsey Brook</i>	Dauntsey.
	<i>Thunder Brook</i>	Wootton Bassett, Dauntsey.
	.....	Chippenham.
	<i>Marden</i>	Caine, Chippenham.
.....	<i>Corsham Lake..</i>	Corsham.
	.....	Melksham, Holt.
	<i>Seende Brook..</i>	Devizes, Seende, Westbury, Melksham.
	<i>Biss</i>	Westbury, Frome, Trowbridge.
	.....	Bradford, Freshford.
.....	<i>Frome</i>	Witham, Frome.
	<i>Freshford Brook</i>	Lechlere Water
	.....	Binegar.
	<i>Norton Brook..</i>	Freshford.
	.....	Limpley,
.....	<i>Chilcompton Brook</i>	Hallatrow, Midsomer Norton.
	.....	Chilcompton, Midsomer Norton
	<i>Wellow Brook..</i>	Radstock, Wellow, Midford.
	.....	Hallatrow, Wellow, Midford
	.....	Limpley.
.....	<i>Box Brook</i>	Bathampton.
	.....	Box, Bathampton.
	.....	Bathampton.
	<i>Boyd</i>	Bath, Weston, Twiverton, Kelston, Saltford
	.....	Yate.
.....	<i>Feltham Brook</i>	Mangotsfield.
	.....	Warmley, Britton.
	.....	Keynsham.
	<i>Chew</i>	Hallatrow, Clutton.
	.....	Clutton.
.....	<i>Siston Brook</i>	Pensford, Keynsham.
	.....	Mangotsfield, Warmley, Britton.
	.....	Briallington.
	.....	Bristol.
	AX	Wookey, Lodge Hill.
.....	<i>Stoke Lakes</i>	Draycot.
	<i>Cheddar Water</i>	Cheddar.
	.....	Axbridge.
	<i>Loxton Brook</i>	Winscombe.
	AXE	Misterton, Crewkerne.
.....	<i>Chard Brook</i>	Chard.
	.....	Chard Junction, Axminster.
	<i>Yarty</i>	Ilminster, Axminster.
	.....	Colyton, Colyford.
	<i>Coly</i>	Honiton, Seaton Junction, Colyton.
.....	<i>Offwell Brook</i> ..	Honiton, Colyton.
	

ENGLAND—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS.
AXE (cont.) ..	.....	Colyford.
.....	.....	Seaton.
BAIN ..	.....	Horncastle.
BALINGLEY	Hillington Hall Lake	Castle Rising.
BASSEN- THWAITE LAKE	.....	Peel Wyke.
BEAMS (Essex).	.....	Romford, Rainham.
.....	Dagenham Lake	Rainham.
BEAULIEU ...	.....	Beaulieu.
BEELA .....	.....	Milnthorpe.
BENACRE BROAD	.....	Southwold.
BERRY WATER	.....	Ilfracombe.
BIDEFORD BRK.	.....	Aure.
.....	Blackpool Brk.	Speechhouse, Aure.
BILLOW BROOK	.....	Berkeley.
BLACKANTON..	.....	Slapton Ley.
.....	Slapton Ley ..	Slapton Ley.
BLACKPOOL ..	.....	Stoke Flemming.
BLACKWATER	.....	Saffron Walden, Braintree, Kelvedon,
(Essex).	.....	Witham.
.....	Pod's Brook ..	Braintree, Bulford, Witham.
.....	Chelmer	Wickham, Langford, Malden.
.....	.....	Dunmow, Felsted, Chelmsford
.....	Cann	Chipping Ongar, Ingatestone, Chelmsford,
BLAKENEY ....	.....	New Walsingham. [Langford, Malden.
BLYTH	Haveringham	.....
.....	Park Lake ..	Halesworth.
.....	Wisset Brook ..	Halesworth.
.....	.....	Wenhastou.
.....	Stoven Brook ..	Southwold.
.....	.....	Southwold.
BOLDRE	.....	Holmsley, Lyndhurst, Brockenhurst.
(Hants).	.....	Lymington.
BOSCASTLE BRK.	.....	Forraburay.
BRADING	.....	Wroxhall, Horringford, Newchurch,
(I. of W.).	.....	Brading, Alverstone, Sandown.
BRANSCOMBE ..	.....	Beer.
BRAUNTON	Knowle Water ..	Morteheo Station, Braunton.
.....	.....	Braunton.
BREAM	Luxton Water	Victoria, Bridges.
.....	.....	Bridges.
BREDDY .....	.....	St. Blazey, Par.
BRITT .....	.....	Barton Bradstock.
.....	.....	Toller, Bridport.
.....	Asker	Porstock, Bridport
BRIXHAM	.....	Brixham.
BRUE .....	.....	Bruton.
.....	Cambe	Bruton.
.....	.....	Cole.
.....	Shepton Brook ..	Cole.
.....	.....	Castle Carey.
.....	Evercreech Brk.	Evercreech, Evercreech Junction, Castle
.....	.....	Glastonbury. [Carey
.....	Wootton Brook	Pennard, Glastonbury.
.....	.....	Meare.
.....	Goansey Brook	Shepton Mallet, Wells, Polsham, Meare.
.....	.....	Shapwick, Edington, Woolavington, High-
.....	.....	bridge.
BUDE .....	.....	Wolsworthy, Bude.
BUDOAK WTR.	.....	Falmouth.
BURN	Melton Pk. Lake	Hindolvestone.
.....	Thurning Hall	.....
.....	Lake	Corpusy.
.....	.....	Corpusy.
.....	Appletree Plan-	.....
.....	tation Ponds	Aylsham.
.....	{Aldborough Beck	Cromer.
.....	{Aldborough Mill
.....	Pond	Aylsham.
.....	Barningham
.....	Park Lake ..	Corpusy

Rivers and their Stations.

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ENGLAND—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS.
BURE (cont.)	Corpusaty.
.....	<i>Blickling Lake.</i>	Aylsham.
.....	.....	Aylsham.
.....	{ <i>Gunton Beck</i>	Gunton.
.....	{ <i>Gunton Pk. Lake</i>	Felmingham, Buxton.
.....	{ <i>Gunton</i>	
.....	{ <i>Stoke Beck</i>	
.....	{ <i>Perch Pond and</i>	
.....	{ <i>Mill Pond Heath</i>	
.....	{ <i>Plantation</i> ..	North Walsham.
.....	{ <i>Scotton Pond</i> ..	Worstead.
.....	{ <i>Stoke</i>	Buxton.
.....	.....	Coltishall, Wroxham.
.....	<i>Spixworth Beck</i>	Drayton.
.....	<i>Brickfield Broad</i>	Wroxham.
.....	<i>Belaugh Broad.</i>	Wroxham.
.....	<i>Little Belaugh</i>	
.....	<i>Broad</i>	Wroxham.
.....	<i>Bridge Broad..</i>	Wroxham.
.....	<i>Knapes Water..</i>	Wroxham.
.....	<i>Wroxham Brd.</i>	Wroxham.
.....	<i>Hoveton Gt. Brd.</i>	Wroxham.
.....	<i>Salhouse Broad</i>	Salhouse.
.....	<i>Decoy or Wood</i>	
.....	<i>bastwick Brd.</i>	Salhouse.
.....	<i>Little Hoveton</i>	
.....	<i>Broad</i>	Wroxham.
.....	{ <i>Hoveton Brook.</i>	Wroxham.
.....	{ <i>Hoveton Hall</i>	
.....	{ <i>Lake</i>	
.....	{ <i>Burnt Fen Brd.</i>	Wroxham.
.....	{ <i>King's Water..</i>	Wroxham.
.....	{ <i>Hoveton Broad</i>	Wroxham.
.....	{ <i>Little Broad</i> ..	Salhouse.
.....	{ <i>Ranworth Brd.</i> ..	Salhouse.
.....	<i>Ant</i>	Antingham
.....	<i>Ponds</i>	North Walsham
.....	<i>Dilham Lake ..</i>	Horning.
.....	<i>Worstead House</i>	
.....	<i>Lake</i>	Worstead
.....	<i>Stalham Broad</i>	Stalham
.....	{ <i>Barton Broad..</i> ..	Catfield.
.....	{ <i>Beeston Hall</i> ..	
.....	{ <i>Lake</i>	Wroxham.
.....	{ <i>Oliver Broad ..</i> ..	Wroxham.
.....	<i>Fleet Dyke</i> ..	Peaty Mill Dam
.....	<i>Walsham Broad</i>	Salhouse.
.....	<i>Hundred Stream</i> ..	
.....	<i>or Thurne ..</i> ..	<i>Martham Broad</i> ..
.....	.....	<i>Horse Mere ..</i> ..
.....	.....	<i>Hickling, Chap-</i> ..
.....	.....	<i>man, & Whites-</i> ..
.....	.....	<i>ley Broads ..</i> ..
.....	.....	<i>Wormack</i>
.....	.....	<i>Broad</i>
.....	.....	Catfield.
.....	.....	Acle.
.....	<i>Muck Fleet</i> ..	{ <i>Ormsby, Rol-</i> ..
.....	.....	{ <i>lesby, & Filby</i> ..
.....	.....	{ <i>Broads</i>
.....	<i>Turnstall Dyke</i> ..	<i>Acle Decoy</i>
.....	.....	Ormsby.
.....	.....	Acle.
.....	.....	Yarmouth.
.....	.....	Cheriton.
.....	.....	Ruan Minor.
.....	.....	Ruan Minor.
.....	.....	Ruan Minor.
.....	.....	Carlisle, Dalston, Heaket Newmarket
.....	.....	Dursley, Cam, Dursley Junction.
.....	.....	Dursley Junction.
.....	.....	Frocester.
.....	.....	Bodmin.
.....	.....	Bodmin.
.....	.....	Bodmin.

The Angler's Diary.

ENGLAND—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.			STATIONS.
CAMEL (cont.)..	<i>Lantivet Water</i>		Bodmin.
	<i>Withiel Water..</i>		Victoria, Bodmin.
	<i>Kestle Water..</i>		Wades Bridge.
.....	.....		Wades Bridge.
	<i>Manscove Brk.</i>		Wades Bridge.
	<i>Combe Water..</i>		Wades Bridge.
CAPRI BROOK..	.....		Capel, Bentley.
	<i>Stutton Mill Pond</i>		Manningtree.
CAREY.....	.....		Castle Carey, Sparkford, Langport, Bridg-
CHAR .....	.....		Charmouth. [water.
CLIFT .....	.....		Hele, Broad Clist.
	<i>South Brook ..</i>		Whimble, Broad Clist
	<i>Halbrook</i>		Broad Clist.
.....	.....		Topsham.
	<i>Greendale Brook</i>		Topsham.
COLNE .....	.....		Yeldham, Hedingham, Halstead.
	<i>Gosfield Brook..</i>	<i>Gosfield Hall</i>	
	.....	<i>Lake.....</i>	Halstead.
.....	.....		Colne.
	<i>Pebmarsh Brook</i>		Colne.
.....	.....		Chapple, Colchester.
COKE BROOK .....	.....		Woolaston.
COMSTON LAKE .....	.....		Coniston, Torver.
COQUET .....	.....		Acklington, Felton, Harbottle, Holystone,
	.....		Rothbury, Weldon Bridge, Warkworth.
CORVE.....	.....		Wareham.
	<i>Byle Brook....</i>		Wareham.
.....	.....		Poole.
CORTINACK ..	.....		St. Mawes.
COSTAR .....	.....		Costar.
CROUCH AND	.....		Burnham, Southend.
ROACH (Essex)	.....	
CRUGSILLACK .....	.....		Veryan.
CUCKMARE ..	.....		Hallaham, Berwick.
DARENTH .....	.....		Dunton Green, Sevenoaks, Otford, Shore-
(Kent).	.....		ham, Eynesford, Dartford.
	<i>Oray</i>		Orpington, St. Mary's Cray, Bexley, Cray-
DARK WATER .....	.....		Fawley. [ford, Dartford.
DART (Devon) .....	.....		Princetown, Ashburton, Buckfastleigh,
	.....		Staverton, Totnes, Dartmouth.
DARWEN.....	.....		Over Darwen, Lower Darwen, Mill Hill,
	.....		Cherrytree, Fenniscowles.
	<i>Roddlenworth..</i>	<i>Rivington Res.</i>	Chorley, Brinscall, Withnell, Fenniscowles.
.....	.....		Houghton, Preston.
DAWLISH ....	.....		Dawlish.
DEBEN .....	.....		Debenham.
	<i>Potford Brook</i>		Wickham Market.
.....	.....		Wickham Market.
	<i>Ash Abbey Decoy</i>		Wickham Market.
.....	.....		Melton, Woodbridge.
	<i>Fyn</i>		Bealings.
	.....	<i>Playford Mere</i>	Bealings.
	.....	<i>Otley Brook ..</i>	Bealings.
	.....		Woodbridge.
DEE	<i>Afon-yr-Wynt..</i>		Liannwehllyn.
	<i>Dwfrdwy.....</i>		Liannwehllyn.
	<i>Twrch</i>	<i>Llyn Uthorran..</i>	Liannwehllyn.
	<i>{ Bala Lake ..</i>		Liannwehllyn.
	<i>{ Llafar ..</i>		Liannwehllyn.
	<i>{ Rhydwen ..</i>		Liannwehllyn.
	<i>{ Bala Lake</i>		Bala.
.....	.....		Bala.
	<i>Tryweryn</i>	<i>Llyn Tryweryn</i>	Arenig.
	.....	<i>Llyn Arenig ..</i>	Arenig.
	.....	<i>{ Geilyn</i>	
	.....	<i>{ Llyn Arenig-</i>	
	.....	<i>bach.....</i>	Arenig.
	<i>Hescyn</i>	Arenig, Frongoch
	<i>{ Llyn Hescyn ..</i>	
		Frongoch, Bala.
<i>Oorgant</i>		Bala.
<i>Meloch</i>		Bala.

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RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS.
DUNE (cont.)	<i>Hirnant</i>	Bala.
	<i>Cymmerig</i>	Bala.
	<i>Calettwr</i>	Llanderfel.
.....	Llanderfel, Llandiello.
	<i>Cenddog</i>	Llandiello.
	<i>Llyn Mynyllod</i>	Llandiello.
	<i>Llynor</i>	Llandiello.
.....	Cynwyd.
	<i>Trystion</i>	Cynwyd.
	<i>Alwen</i>	Bettws-y-Coed.
	<i>Llyn-dau-Ychen</i>	Cerrig-y-Druidion.
	{ <i>Brenig</i>	
	{ <i>Llyn Llynbrân</i>	Denbigh.
.....	Llanfihangel Glyn-Myfy.
	<i>Derwyd</i>	Llanfihangel Glyn-Myfy.
.....	Maerdy.
	<i>Geirio</i>	Cerrig-y-Druidion.
	{ <i>Merdddur</i>	
	{ <i>Llyn Grwynt</i> ..	Llanderfel.
	{ <i>Geirio</i>	Maerdy.
	<i>Pffranan</i>	Maerdy.
<i>Dwr</i>	Gwyddelwern.
.....	Corwen.
	<i>Trewyn</i>	Corwen.
	<i>Camladd</i>	Corwen.
	<i>Llechog</i>	Corwen.
.....	Carrog.
	<i>Morwynion</i>	Carrog.
.....	Glyndyfrdwy, Berwyn.
	<i>Berwyn</i>	Berwyn.
.....	Llangollen, Trevor, Cefn.
	<i>Wynnstay Park</i>	
	<i>Lakes</i>	Ruabon, Cefn.
	<i>Cetrig</i>	Carrog.
	<i>Chirk Pk. Lake</i>	Chirk.
.....	Chirk.
	<i>Morlas</i>	Prysgwaen.
	Cefn.
<i>Shell Brook</i>	Ellesmere.
<i>Clywedog</i>	<i>Llyn-Mawr-y-</i>	
	<i>Mynydd</i>	Brymbo.
.....	Wrexham.
	<i>Saddle Brook</i> ..	Wrexham.
	<i>Wrexham Brook</i> ..	Wrexham.
<i>Worthenbury Bl.</i>	<i>Llyn Bedydd</i> ..	Bettisfield.
	<i>Hammer Hall</i>	
	<i>Lake</i>	Bettisfield.
	<i>Hammer Mere</i> ..	Bettisfield.
	<i>Bettisfield Park</i> ..	
	<i>Lakes</i>	Bettisfield.
<i>Halghton Mill</i>	
<i>Ponds</i>	Fenns Bank.
	<i>Halghton Brook</i> ..	Ellesmere.
	{ <i>Sarn</i>	
	{ <i>Wolversacre</i> ..	
	{ <i>Mill Pond</i>	Whitchurch.
	{ <i>Dirtwich Mill</i> ..	
	{ <i>Pond</i>	Whitchurch.
.....	Holt.
	<i>Allyn</i>	Eyeearth.
	<i>Rhys</i>	Eyeearth.
	<i>Llyn Cuffyyny</i> ..	Eyeearth.
.....	Rhyd-y-Mwyn.
	<i>Fechlas Brook</i> ..	Rhyd-y-Mwyn.
.....	Mold, Llong.
	{ <i>Ferrig</i>	
	{ <i>Llyn-y-Mynydd-</i> ..	
	{ <i>du</i>	Llong.
	{ <i>Llyn Neyn</i>	Llong.
	{ <i>Ferrig</i>	Llong.
.....	Hope.

The Angler's Diary.

ENGLAND—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS.
DEW (cont.)	<i>Eady</i>	Brymbo, Hope.
.....	.....	Gresford, Rosset, Holt
.....	<i>Pulford Brook</i>	Rosset.
.....	<i>Holywell Edge</i>	Malpas.
.....	<i>Mull Pond</i> ..	Broxton.
.....	<i>Holywell</i>	Tattenhall.
.....	<i>Keys Brook</i> ..	Chester.
.....	<i>Eaton Hall Lakes</i> ..	Chester.
DEWENT (Cumb.).....	.....	Keswick.
DEWENT.....	.....	Hackness.
(York) <i>Jugger Howe Beck</i> ..	.....	Fyling Hall.
.....	<i>Helwath Beck</i> ..	Peak.
.....	<i>Bloody Beck</i> ..	Hackness.
<i>Black Beck</i>....	.....	Hackness.
.....	<i>Mockland Beck</i> ..	Hackness.
.....	<i>Hipper Beck</i> ..	Hackness.
.....	<i>Deep Dale Beck</i> ..	Hackness.
<i>Troutdale Beck</i> ..	.....	Hackness.
<i>Lowdales Beck</i> ..	.....	Hackness.
.....	.....	Ayton, Ganton.
<i>Helford River</i> ..	.....	Grithorpe, Fliley, Cayton, Ganton.
<i>Rustin or Besdale Beck</i> ..	.....	Wykeham.
.....	<i>Sawdon Beck</i> ..	Sawdon, Wykeham.
.....	.....	Ganton.
<i>Brompton Beck</i> ..	.....	Wykeham.
.....	.....	Yedingham.
<i>Scampston Beck</i> ..	<i>Winteringham Pond</i> ..	Billington, Yedingham.
<i>Scampston Park Lake</i>.....	.....	Levisham, Wilton, Thornton Dale,
<i>Thornton Beck</i> ..	.....	[Yedingham.
<i>Rye</i>.....	.....	Helmsley.
.....	<i>Prodale Beck</i> ..	Helmsley.
.....	<i>Wheat Beck</i> ..	Helmsley.
.....	<i>Blow Gill Beck</i> ..	Helmsley.
.....	<i>Ladhill Beck</i> ..	Helmsley.
.....	<i>Seph</i>	Stokesley.
.....	<i>Raisdale Beck</i> ..	Stokesley.
.....	<i>Billsdale Beck</i> ..	Stokesley.
.....	<i>Seph</i>	Helmsley.
.....	<i>Ledge Beck</i>	Helmsley.
.....	<i>Seph</i> ..	Helmsley, Nunnington.
.....	.....	Helmsley.
.....	<i>Riccal</i> ..	Helmsley.
.....	<i>Dove</i> ..	Kirkby Moorside.
.....	<i>Hodge Beck</i> ..	Kirkby Moorside.
.....	<i>Dove</i> ..	Helmsley.
.....	<i>Hole Beck</i> ..	Gilling, Hovingham.
.....	<i>Colton Mill Pond</i> ..	Hovingham.
.....	<i>Marrs Beck</i> ..	Hovingham.
.....	<i>Wath Beck</i>	Hovingham.
.....	<i>Park Lakes</i> ..	Slingsby.
.....	<i>Seven</i> ..	Sinnington.
.....	<i>Northdale Beck</i> ..	Sinnington.
.....	<i>Harloft Beck</i> ..	Sinnington.
.....	<i>Sutherland Beck</i> ..	Sinnington.
.....	<i>Catter or Rudland Beck</i> ..	Kirkby Moorside.
.....	<i>Seven</i> ..	Sinnington.
.....	.....	Malton.
.....	<i>Costa Beck</i>	Pickering.
.....	<i>Kirkby Misper-ton Pond</i>	Pickering.
.....	<i>Pickering Bk.</i> ..	Levisham.
.....	<i>Levisham Bk.</i> ..	Levisham.
.....	<i>Pickering</i> ..	Pickering.
.....	<i>Costa</i> ..	Pickering.
.....	Billington.
<i>Settington Brk.</i> ..	<i>Settington Lake</i> ..	Malton.

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RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES

STATION 1

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*The Angler's Diary.***ENGLAND—continued.**

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS.
DON (cont.)	.....	Whittington.
	{ Drone	Dronfield, Unston, Sheepsbridge.
	{ Millthorpe Brk.	Sheepsbridge.
	{ Drone	Whittington.
	.....	Staveley.
	All Pits Pond..	Chesterfield.
	.....	Eckington.
	{ Doe Lea	
	{ Great Pond and	
	{ Millers Pond	Seversall.
	{ Stainsby Pond	Seversall.
	{ Stockley Brook	Seversall.
	{ Sutton Scarsdale	
	{ Park Lake ..	Chesterfield.
	{ Woodthorpe	
	{ Mill Dam	Staveley.
	{ Doe Lea ..	Eckington.
	{ Quarry Dam ..	Eckington.
	{ Moss Brook ..	Killamarsh.
	{	Killamarsh.
	{ Short Brook ..	Killamarsh.
	{ Pebley Brook..	
	{ Barborough	
	{ Hall Lake	Killamarsh.
	{ Pebley Dam ..	Killamarsh.
	{ Harthill Reser.	Killamarsh.
	{ Woodhall Pond	Killamarsh.
	{ Woodhall Moor	
	{ Dams	Killamarsh
	{ Pebley Brook..	Killamarsh.
	{ Pigeon Bridge	
	{ Brook	
	{ Sickers Wood	
	{ Pond	Woodhouse Mill.
	{ Pigeon Bridge	
	{ Brook	Woodhouse.
	{ Shire Brook ..	Woodhouse.
	{	Woodhouse, Treeton, Rotherham.
	{	Park Gate.
	{ Dalton Brook..	Park Gate.
	{ Morley Brook ..	Park Gate.
	{ Morley Ponds..	Park Gate.
	{	Kilnhurst, Swinton, Mexborough.
	{ Dearne	Denby Dale, West Clayton.
	{ Bretton Pk. Lake	Haigh.
	{	Haigh, Darton.
	{ Darton Brook	
	{ Gamsthwaite	
	{ Pond	Penistone.
	{ Darton Brook	Darton.
	{	Barnsley, Cudworth, Darfield.
	{ Dove	
	{ Lowe Mill Re-	
	{ servoir	Dodworth.
	{ Reservoir	Dove Cliff.
	{ Rockley Dam ..	Birdwell.
	{ Dove	Dove Cliff, Wombwell, Darfield.
	{ New Beck Re-	
	{ servoir	Chapeltown.
	{ New Beck	Darfield.
	{ Ings Dyke	Darfield.
	{	Bolton-on-Dearne, Conisborough.
	{	Conisborough, Doncaster, Barnby, Stain-
	{ Went	[forth, Thorne
	{ Sharlestone	
	{ Mill Pond	Sharlestone.
	{ Nostell Priory	
	{ Lakes	Nostell.
	{	Ackworth, Kirk Smeaton, Norton.
	{ Lake Dratn ..	
	{ Stapleton Park	
	{ Lake	Wormesley.
	{	Balne, Thorne.
	{	Goole.

Rivers and their Stations.

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ENGLAND—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.			STATIONS.
DOUGLAS	Horwich Brook	Wallsuches Pnd.	Blackrod.
	Blackrod Ponds		Blackrod.
.....	.....	.....	Adlington.
	Barsden Brook	.....	Hindley, Dicoonson, Hilton, Adlington, Standish.
	Idlington Brook	.....	Standish.
.....	.....	.....	Standish, Boar's Head, Wigan.
	Clarendon Brk.	.....	Wigan.
	Standish Mill Pond	.....	Gathurst.
.....	.....	.....	Gathurst.
	Ruby Mill Pond	.....	Gathurst.
.....	.....	.....	Apply Bridge.
	Wrighton Hall Lake	.....	Apply Bridge.
.....	.....	.....	Parbold, Hoscar Moss.
	Pawd	.....	Pimbo Lane, Skalmersdale, Hoscar Moss.
	Henley Brook	.....	Hoscar Moss.
.....	.....	.....	Rufford.
	Eller Brook	.....	Ormskirk, Burscough, Rufford.
	Yarrow	.....	Chorley.
	Liverpool Water-works Reservoirs		Chorley.
	Black Brook	.....	Heapy.
	Heapy Pond	.....	Heapy.
	Black Brook	.....	Chorley.
.....	.....	.....	Coppull.
	Coppull Mill Ponds	.....	Coppull.
.....	.....	.....	Euxton, Croston.
	Lostock	.....	Leyland.
	Leyland Pond	.....	Leyland.
	Lostock	.....	Bamber Bridge.
	Bamber Bridge Lake	.....	Bamber Bridge.
	Lostock	.....	Lostock Hall, Farrington, Midge Hall, Croston.
	Wyncott Brook	.....	Croston.
	Lostock	.....	Croston.
.....	.....	.....	Heaketh Bank.
DOUB	.....	.....	Kearney, Dover.
DUDDEN	.....	.....	Broughton-in-Furness, Green Road, Sile-
DUNSTER BROOK	.....	.....	Dunster. [croft, Kirkby.
EDEN	.....	.....	Appleby, Armathwaite, Brampton, Brough, Carlisle, Kirkby Stephen, Penrith, Temple Sowerby, Guardbridge.
EMEN	.....	.....	Egremont.
ELLEN	.....	.....	Aspatia, Ireby.
EMS	.....	.....	Emsworth.
EMNE	.....	.....	Ivy Bridge.
	Ugborough Brk.	.....	Kingsbridge Road.
EEK (Cum'land).	.....	.....	Drigg, Ravenglass.
EEK (York)	.....	.....	Whitby.
EWB	.....	.....	Burngullow.
EEZ (Devon)	.....	.....	Dulverton.
	Quarum	.....	Dulverton.
	Hadeo	.....	Dulverton.
	Barle	.....	Dulverton.
	Danes Brook	.....	Dulverton.
	Brushford Brk.	.....	Dulverton.
	Belbrook	.....	Bampton.
	Bampton Brook	.....	Venn Cross, Morebath, Bampton.
.....	.....	.....	Tiverton.
	Loman	.....	Tiverton.
.....	.....	.....	Bickleigh.
	Dart	.....	Bickleigh.
	Butterleigh Brk.	.....	Thorverton.
.....	.....	.....	Silverton, Thorverton, Brampford Speke.
	Culm	.....	Hemyock, Culmstock.
	Sheldon Brook	.....	Ufculma.
.....	.....	.....	Ufculma, Tiverton Junction, Collumpton.
	Kentsbere Brk.	.....	Collumpton.
	Ashford Brook	.....	Tiverton Junction, Collumpton.

The Angler's Diary.

ENGLAND—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS.
EXE (cont.) ..	<i>Langford Brook</i>	Collumpton.
.....	.....	Brampford Speke.
<i>Oresdy</i> .....	.....	Crediton.
.....	<i>Yeo Brook</i> ..	Crediton.
.....	<i>Sandford Brook</i>	Crediton.
.....	<i>Spreyton Water</i>	Bow, Crediton.
.....	.....	St. Cyres.
.....	<i>Shobrook Brook</i>	St. Cyres.
.....	.....	Exeter.
FAL .....	.....	St. Columb, Grampond.
.....	<i>Gwendra Water</i>	Grampond.
FOWEY .....	.....	Bodmin, Doublebois.
.....	<i>St. Neot</i>	Liskeard, Doublebois.
.....	<i>Temple Brook</i> ..	Bodmin Road.
.....	.....	Bodmin Road.
.....	<i>Milton Brook</i> ..	Bodmin Road.
.....	.....	Lostwithiel.
.....	<i>Red Brook</i>	Lostwithiel.
.....	<i>Leign</i>	Lostwithiel.
.....	<i>Trebant Water</i> ..	Fowey
.....	<i>Pont Brook</i>	Fowey.
.....	.....	Fowey.
FROME (Dorset)	.....	Toller, Malden Newton
.....	<i>Cerne</i>	Evershot, Dorchester.
.....	.....	Moreton, Wool, Wareham.
FROME (Bristol).	.....	Yate, Iron Acton.
.....	<i>Laden</i>	Wickwar, Tytherington.
.....	.....	Filton.
.....	<i>Bradley Brook</i> ..	Thornbury, Filton.
.....	.....	Fishpounds.
.....	<i>Stoke Park Lake</i>	Fishpounds.
.....	.....	Stapleton Road, Bristol.
FROME (Gloster)	.....	Stroud, Brimscombe.
.....	<i>Slean Brook</i> ..	Stroud.
.....	<i>Painswick Brk.</i>	Wooton, Stroud.
.....	<i>Nailsworth Brk.</i>	Nailsworth, Woodchester, Stroud.
.....	.....	Stonehouse.
GIPPING	<i>Wetherden Lake</i>	Haughley, Stowmarket.
.....	<i>Rattlesden Brk.</i>	Stowmarket.
.....	.....	Needham Market.
.....	<i>Bos Mers</i>	Needham Market.
.....	.....	Claydon, Bramford, Ipswich.
.....	<i>Flouston Brook.</i>	Ipswich.
GLAVEN	<i>Selbrigg Pond</i> ..	Holt.
.....	<i>Holt Mill Pond</i>	Holt.
.....	<i>Pond Hills</i>	Holt.
.....	<i>Thornage Brook</i>	Holt, Gunthorpe, Thurstford, Hull.
.....	.....	Holt.
GLIN AND TILL	.....	Kirknewton, Wooler. (See Till, Scotland.)
GENTA .....	.....	Keswick.
GULVALE BRK.	.....	Penzance.
GWYTHIAN ....	.....	Cambourne.
.....	<i>Gwinear Brook</i>	Gwinear.
HAMBLE .....	.....	Bishops Waltham, Botley.
HARTLAND ABBEY STREAM.	.....	Hartland.
HAYLE .....	.....	Gwinear.
.....	<i>Germoe Brook</i> ..	St. Earth.
.....	.....	St. Earth, Hayle.
.....	<i>Gwinear Water</i>	Hayle.
HELFOED ....	.....	Constantine.
.....	<i>Trecoos Brook</i> ..	Constantine.
.....	<i>Gweek Water</i> ..	Helston, Constantine.
HELSTON .....	.....	Pool, Helston.
HODDER .....	.....	Blackburn, Clithero, Ribchester.
HOLNROCK BRK.	.....	Bentley.
.....	<i>Tottingsstone Place Lakes</i> ..	Bentley.
HOLLAND BRK.	.....	Thorpe.
HOLYWELL BRK.	.....	New Quay.
HOPE BROOK ..	.....	Longhope, Westbury.

ENGLAND—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS.
HULL .....	.....	Southburn, Driffield.
.....	<i>Driffield Beck</i> ..	Driffield.
.....	.....	Nafferton.
.....	<i>Sterne Beck</i> ..	Hutton, Nafferton.
.....	<i>Kelt or Froding-</i>	
.....	<i>ham Beck</i> ..	Lowthorpe.
.....	<i>Watton Beck</i> ..	Lockington.
.....	<i>Pike Beck</i>	Lockington.
.....	<i>Scorboro' Beck</i>	Lockington.
.....	.....	Arram, Beverley, Cottingham, Sutton,
IDLE	<i>Poultier</i>	Langwith. [Hull.
.....	<i>Langwith</i>	
.....	<i>Lodge Lake</i> ..	Langwith.
.....	<i>Welbeck Park</i>	
.....	<i>Lakes</i>	Whitwell.
.....	<i>Carburton Forge</i>	
.....	<i>Lake</i>	Worksop.
.....	<i>Clumber Park</i>	
.....	<i>Lake</i>	Checker House.
.....	<i>Poultier</i>	Tuxford.
.....	<i>Meden</i>	Tversall.
.....	<i>Car Ponds</i>	Tversall.
.....	.....	Shirebrook.
.....	<i>Park Hall Lake</i>	Mansfield Woodhouse.
.....	<i>Thoresby Park</i>	
.....	<i>Lake</i>	Ollerton.
.....	<i>Meden</i>	Tuxford.
.....	<i>Mawn</i>	Sutton.
.....	<i>King's Mill Re-</i>	
.....	<i>servoir</i>	Sutton.
.....	<i>Mawn</i>	Mansfield.
.....	<i>Coldwell Brook</i> .	Mansfield.
.....	.....	Mansfield Woodhouse.
.....	<i>Vicay Water</i> ..	Mansfield Woodhouse.
.....	.....	Ollerton.
.....	<i>Rainsworth Brk</i> }	
.....	<i>Rainsworth Pnd</i> }	Mansfield.
.....	<i>Foul Evil Brook</i>	Mansfield.
.....	<i>Inkersal Dam</i> ..	Farnsfield.
.....	<i>Rufford Dam</i> ..	Ollerton.
.....	<i>Bevercotes Brook</i>	Tuxford.
.....	.....	Tuxford.
.....	.....	Retford.
.....	<i>Babsworth Hall</i>	
.....	<i>Lake</i>	Retford.
.....	.....	Bamskill, Scrooby, Bawtry.
.....	<i>Ryton</i>	Worksop.
.....	<i>Manor Pk. Lake</i>	Worksop.
.....	.....	Chequer House, Bamskill.
.....	<i>Old Coates Dyke</i>	Rotheram.
.....	<i>Laughton Pond</i> .	Kiveton Park.
.....	<i>Spont Dyke</i> ..	
.....	<i>Moor Mill</i>	
.....	<i>Dam</i>	Shireoak.
.....	<i>Carlton Lake</i> .	Worksop.
.....	<i>Langold Lake</i>	Worksop.
.....	<i>Spont</i>	Bamskill.
.....	<i>Oldcoates</i>	Bamskill.
.....	.....	Scrooby.
.....	<i>Serlby Pk. Lake</i>	Bamskill.
.....	.....	Bawtry.
.....	<i>Torne</i>	
.....	<i>Sandbeck Park</i>	
.....	<i>Lake</i>	Tickhill, Rossington.
.....	<i>St. Catharine's</i>	
.....	<i>Well Stream</i> ..	
.....	<i>Crookhill Hall</i>	
.....	<i>Lake</i>	Conisborough.
.....	.....	Frimley.
.....	.....	Crowle, Althorpe.
INFERNUM ..	.....	Brentwood, Rainham.
ITCHEN (Hants)	.....	Alresford, Itchen Abbas, Winchester,
.....	.....	Bishopstoke, Southampton.

ENGLAND—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS.
KENW (Devon) .....	.....	Exminster, Starcross.
KENW (Somst.) .....	.....	Bourton, Nailsea, Clevedon.
KENT .....	.....	Kendal.
KESTLE .....	.....	St. Columb.
.....	Tredinick Wtr.	Grampound.
.....	.....	New Quay.
KETTON BROOK	Bixley Decoy Ponds	Ipswich.
.....	.....	Woodbridge.
KETTLE BROOK	.....	Bishopston.
LACKEY BECK.	.....	Grimsby.
LEA (Essex) ..	.....	Luton, New Mill End, Harpenden, Wheat-
.....	.....	hampstead, Hatfield, Hertford.
.....	Mimram	Welwyn, Hertford.
.....	Beams	Stevenage, Hertford.
.....	Rib	Buntingford, Westmill, Braughing.
.....	.....	Braughing.
.....	.....	How Street, Hertford.
.....	Ash	Ware.
.....	.....	Hadham Cross, Widford, Ware.
.....	Stort	St. Margaret's, Hoddesdon.
.....	.....	Stanstead, Bishop Stortford, Sawbridge-
.....	.....	worth, Harlow.
.....	Pincey Brook..	Takeley, Harlow.
.....	.....	Burnt Mill, Roydon, Hoddesdon.
.....	.....	Broxbourne, Cheshunt, Waltham.
.....	Cobbin's Brook	Waltham. [ham, Lea Bridge, Stratford.
.....	.....	Enfield, Angel-road, Park Station, Totten-
LITTLE AVON	.....	wickwar, Charfield.
.....	Osworth Brook	Charfield.
.....	Tortworth Brk.	Wickwar.
.....	.....	Berkeley.
.....	Waterley Brook	Dursley, Berkeley.
LOON .....	.....	Liskeard, Menheniot.
LUDD .....	.....	Hallington, Louth.
LUNE .....	.....	Kirkby Lonsdale, Lancaster.
LYDNEY BROOK	.....	Lydney.
LYN .....	.....	Lynmouth.
.....	Oare Water ..	Lynmouth.
.....	.....	Lynmouth.
LYNE	Badgworthy Wtr.	Lynmouth.
LYVENNET .....	.....	Bewcastle, Bolton.
MADRON BROOK	.....	Crosby Ravensworth.
MANACCAH BEK.	.....	Penzance.
MARASHION WTR.	.....	Manaccan.
MARDYKE .....	.....	Marazion.
MARSHLAND ..	.....	Purfleet.
MAWGAN .....	.....	Hartland.
.....	.....	St. Columb.
.....	Whitewater ...	St. Columb.
MEDINA(I.ofW.)	.....	Blackwater, Shide, Newport, Cowes.
MEDWAY(Kent)	.....	East Grinstead, Hartfield, Withyham,
.....	.....	Tunbridge Wells, Groombridge, Tun-
.....	Eden	bridge.
.....	.....	Edenbridge, Chiddingstone, Tunbridge.
.....	Tees	Yalding.
.....	Bault	Tunbridge Wells, Yalding.
.....	.....	Headcorn, Staplehurst, Yalding.
.....	.....	Wateringbury, East Farleigh, Maidstone,
.....	.....	Aylsford, Snodland, Rochester.
MELLINCORE ..	.....	St. Columb, New Quay.
MEON (Hants)	.....	Petersfield, Fareham.
MERSBY or GOYT	.....	Buxton.
.....	Moorstone Brk.	Buxton.
.....	.....	Wale.
.....	Tunstead Re-	Chapel-en-le-Frith.
.....	servoir	Wale.
.....	Wals Reservoir	Chapel-en-le-Frith, Bigsworth
.....	Black Brook ..	New Mills.
.....	.....	Hayfield.
.....	Sett Brook	New Mills.
.....	Strines, Marple.
.....	Lady Gate Brk.

Rivers and their Stations.

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ENGLAND—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS.
MERSEY (cont.)	<i>Etherow</i>	Woodhead Reservoir Woodhead. Woodhead. Woodhead.
	<i>Torside Reservoir</i>	Woodhead.
	{ <i>Great Cowdon Brook</i>	Woodhead.
	{ <i>Little Cowdon Brook</i>	
	<i>Etherow</i>	Hadfield.
	{ <i>Hollingsworth Brook</i>	Hadfield.
	{ <i>Armfield Brook</i>	Hadfield.
	{ <i>Shelf Brook</i> ..	Glossop, Hadfield.
	.....	Broadbottom, Marple.
	.....	Stockport.
	<i>Tame</i>	Saddleworth.
	{ <i>Diggle Brook</i> ..	Saddleworth.
	.....	Greenfield.
	{ <i>Greenfield Brk.</i> ..	Greenfield.
	{ <i>Chew Brook</i> ..	Greenfield.
	.....	Mossley.
	{ <i>Car Brook</i>	Mossley.
	{ <i>Swinaeshaw Bk.</i> ..	Stalybridge.
	.....	Stalybridge, Ashton.
	{ <i>Gorton Reser.</i> ..	Fairfield.
	.....	Denton.
	{ <i>Godley Reser.</i> ..	Newton.
	.....	Reddish, Stockport.
	.....	Heaton Mersey, Didsbury.
	{ <i>Poynton Brook</i> ..	Poynton.
	{ <i>Poynton Park Lake</i> ..	Poynton.
	{ <i>Poynton Brook</i> ..	Cheadle Hulme, Cheadle.
	.....	Northenden, Stretford.
	{ <i>Gore Brook</i> ..	Stretford.
	.....	Urmiston, Flixton, Irlam.
	<i>Irwell</i>	Bacup, Stackstead, Waterfoot, Rawten- [stall.
	{ <i>Lamy Water</i> ..	Ewood Bridge.
	.....	Baxenden, Haslingden, Hulm Shore, [Ewood Bridge.
	{ <i>Stinnell Brook</i> ..	Stubbins.
	.....	Waterfoot.
	{ <i>Hare Hill Pond</i> ..	Ramsbottom, Summerseat, Bury.
	.....	Bury.
	{ <i>Tottington Brk.</i> ..	Bury.
	{ <i>Elton Ponds</i> ..	Bury.
	{ <i>Reservoir</i>	Badcliffe.
	.....	Walsden.
	{ <i>Roch</i>	Walsden.
	{ <i>Gadden Reservoir</i> ..	Walsden.
	{ <i>Upper White Holme Res.</i> ..	Walsden.
	{ <i>Tunnel End Reservoir</i> ..	Walsden.
	{ <i>Lower White Holme Res.</i> ..	Walsden.
	{ <i>Blackstone Res.</i> ..	Walsden.
	{ <i>Spoddle Hill Reservoir</i> ..	Walsden.
	.....	Littleborough.
	{ <i>Roch</i>	Littleborough.
	{ <i>Hollingsworth Reservoir</i> ..	Hey.
	{ <i>Beal</i>	Rochdale.
	{ <i>Roch</i>	Shawforth, Facit, Whitworth, Shaw-
	{ <i>Dod</i>	clough, Rochdale.
	.....	Castleton.
	{ <i>Roch</i>	Castleton.
	{ <i>Saddon Brook</i> ..	Castleton.
	{ <i>Bolderstone Pond</i> ..	Castleton.
	{ <i>Roch</i>	Heywood.
	{ <i>Naden Water</i> ..	Heywood.

The Angler's Diary.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS	
MURRAY (cont.)	Roch	Bury.	
	Black Brook ..	Bury.	
.....	Roch	Radcliffe.	
	.....	Farnworth.	
.....	Tange or Eagle	Bolton-le-Moors.	
	Longworth Res.	Bolton-le-Moors.	
.....	Springwater		
	Reservoir	Bolton-le-Moors.	
.....	Tange	Oaks.	
	Dean Brook ..		
.....	Rivington Moor		
	Reservoir ..	Bolton.	
.....	Tange	Bolton.	
	Croal		
.....	Hulton Park		
	Lake	Atherton.	
.....	Croal	Chequerbent, Lostock, Bolton.	
	Bradshaw Brk.		
.....	Entwistle Res.	Entwistle.	
	Bradshaw Brk.	Turton, Bromley Cross.	
.....	Tange	Farnworth.	
	.....	Clifton, Manchester.	
.....	Irk	Rowton, Middleton.	
	Three Pits Pnds.	Middleton.	
.....	Heaton Lake ..	Middleton.	
	Medlock	Parkbridge.	
.....	Knoll Hill Lake	Mossley.	
	Medlock	Clayton Bridge, Manchester.	
.....	.....	Eccles, Patricroft.	
	Worsley Brook		
.....	Black Leech		
	Pond	Worsley.	
.....	Linnyslaw		
	Dam	Worsley.	
.....	Worsley	Worsley, Patricroft.	
	Longford Brook	Urmiston, Patricroft	
.....	.....	Irlam.	
	.....	Partington.	
.....	Glase Brook ..	Atherton Hall	
	Lake	Leigh, Partington.	
.....	Wych Brook ..	Timperley, Partington.	
	.....	Warburton.	
.....	Bollin	Macclesfield, Presbury, Wilmslow.	
	.....	Bollington, Adlington.	
.....	Dean		
	Stypherson		
.....	Park Lake	Bollington.	
	Dean	Handforth, Kilmslow.	
.....	.....	Ashley.	
	Birkin	Chelford, Knutsford, Mobberley, Ashley.	
.....	Mobberley Brk.	Mobberley, Ashley.	
	Ashley Brook ..	Ashley.	
.....	Tatton Park		
	Lakes	Knutsford.	
.....	Mere Hall Lakes	Knutsford.	
	Rothern Mere ..	Ashley.	
.....	Arden Brook ..	Heatley.	
	.....	Heatley, Warburton.	
.....	.....	Lymm.	
	.....	Lymm.	
.....	Sow Brook	Lymm Lake ..	
	.....	Thelwall, Warrington.	
.....	Black Brook ..	Warrington.	
	Sankey Brook ..	Rainford, Mossbank, St. Helen's.	
.....	Eccleston Hall		
	Lake	St. Helen's	
.....	.....	Collin Green.	
	Newton Brook ..	Mossbank	
.....	Carr Mill Dam	Mossbank.	
	Stanley Mill		
.....	Pool	St. Helen's	
	Garwood Lake	St. Helen's.	
.....	Newton Brook ..	Collin Green.	
	.....	Warrington.	

ENGLAND—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS.
MERSEY (cont.)	<i>Kelwick Brook</i>	Norton, Warrington.
.....	.....	Buncorn.
MOULTAIN ....	.....	Guardbridge.
MOUNTAIN BRK. .....	.....	Chepstow, Portakewet.
MULLION BRK. .....	.....	Mullion.
NEDDEN BROOK .....	.....	Portakewet.
NEW .....	.....	Weedon.
.....	<i>Fawsley Brook</i> <i>Fawsley Park</i>	Weedon.
.....	<i>Lake</i>	Daventry.
.....	<i>Street</i>	Daventry.
.....	<i>Dunsland Res.</i>	Crick, Weedon.
.....	<i>Middlemore Reservoir</i>	Weedon.
.....	.....	Piddington, Northampton.
.....	<i>Horsestone Brk.</i>	Northampton.
.....	<i>Wootton Brook</i> .....	.....
.....	<i>Maidwell Dale and Maidwell Hall Lakes</i>..	.....
.....	<i>Lampport Hall Lake</i>	Lampport.
.....	.....	Brixworth.
.....	<i>Calendar Brook</i>	Brixworth.
.....	.....	Spratton.
.....	<i>Stone Brook</i> ..	Spratton.
.....	<i>Pitsford Brook</i> <i>Faxton Hall Ponds</i>	Lampport, Spratton.
.....	.....	Brampton.
.....	<i>Moulton Brook</i>	Brampton.
.....	<i>Althorp Brook</i> <i>Althorp Park Lakes</i>	Althorp Park, Brampton.
.....	<i>Dallington Hall Lake</i>	Northampton.
.....	<i>Abington Park Lake</i>	Northampton.
.....	<i>Billing Brook</i> .. <i>Overstone Park Lake</i>	Northampton, Billing.
.....	.....	Billing.
.....	<i>Sywell Brook</i> .. <i>Sywell Pk. Pond</i> } <i>Sywell Mill Pond</i> }	Wellington, Castle Ashby.
.....	.....	Castle Ashby.
.....	<i>Ashby Brook</i> .. <i>Castle Ashby Park Lakes</i> ..	Castle Ashby.
.....	.....	Wellington.
.....	<i>Isa</i> ,	Kilmarsh, Desborough, Rushton, Ged-
.....	.....	dington, Kettering, Burton, Finedorn.
.....	<i>Finedorn Hall Lake</i>	Finedorn.
.....	<i>Dickens Mill Pond</i>	Wellington.
.....	.....	Ditchford, Higham
.....	<i>Harpers Brook</i>	Ferrers, Ringstead, [Thrapston.
.....	.....	Weldon, Thrapston.
.....	<i>Southwick Pond</i>	Thorpe, Oundle.
.....	.....	Oundle.
.....	<i>Elton Park Lake</i>	Elton.
.....	<i>Willow Brook</i> <i>Dene Park Lake</i>	Elton.
.....	<i>Blatherwycke Park Lake</i> ..	Weldon.
.....	.....	King's Cliff.
.....	.....	King's Cliff
.....	<i>Withering Brk.</i> <i>Easton Lake</i> ..	Nassington, Wansford.
.....	.....	Stamford.
.....	.....	Wansford.
.....	.....	Castor.
.....	<i>Billing Brook</i> ..	Castor.
.....	.....	Overton.
.....	<i>Milton Park Lakes</i>	Peterborough.
.....	.....	Peterborough, Guyhirne, Wisbeach.
.....	<i>Old River</i>	Ramsey.
.....	{ <i>Holme Brook</i> ..	.....
.....	{ <i>Caldecot Pond</i> ..	Holme, Ramsey.
.....	<i>Wiston Brook</i> ..	Huntingdon, Ramsey.

The Angler's Diary.

ENGLAND—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS.	
NEW (cont.) ..	Ramsey Mere..	Ramsey.	
	.....	March, Wisbeach.	[Tydd St. Mary's.
	Muscal River or		Peterborough, Eye Green, French Broom,
	Cats Water..		Ferry, Tydd St. Mary's, Sutton Bridge.
NEW RIVER ..	.....	Hertford, Hoddesdon, Broxbourne, Chesh-	
	.....	unt, Waltham, Enfield, Wineshore Hall,	
	.....	Wood Green, Hornsey, Torrington Park,	
	.....	London.	
NEWTOWN ...	.....	Newtown.	
NORTH TYNE ..	.....	Tarsett.	
OLD DON RIVER	.....	Crowle.	
OLVESTON	.....	New Passage.	
OTHER.....	.....	Taunton, Honiton.	
	Pennythorn Brk.	Honiton.	
	Blanacombe Brk.	Honiton.	
	Awlescombe Brook	Honiton.	
	.....	Ottery Road, Ottery St. Mary.	
	Sailwater Brook..	Ottery St. Mary.	
	.....	Tipton.	
OVER (Great)..	Biddlesdon Park		
	Lakes	Brackley.	
	.....	Brackley.	
	Stow Lakes. ..	Buckingham.	
	.....	Buckingham.	
	Claydon	Brackley.	
	.....	Claydon.	
	.....	Claydon.	
	.....	Buckingham.	
	Whaddon Lake	Swanbourn.	
	.....	Stoney Stratford.	
	Whittlewood Forest		
	Lakes	Stoney Stratford.	
	.....	Wolverton.	
	Tove	Helmedon, Wappenham.	
	.....	Blakesley.	
	Blakesley Brook	Towcester, Wolverton.	
	.....	Newport Pagnell.	
	.....	Dunstable, Leighton Buzzard.	
	Ousel	Woburn, Leighton Buzzard.	
		
	Battlesden Brk.		
	Woburn Abbey		
	Lakes		
	Battlesden Park		
	Lakes		
	Rushmore Pond	Leighton Buzzard.	
	.....	Fenny Stratford.	
	Crawley Brook	Woburn.	
	.....	Newport Pagnell.	
	.....	Olney, Turvey, Harrold, Sharbrook	
	.....	Oakley, Bedford, Tempsford.	
	.....	Baldock, Arlesey.	
	.....	Hitchin, Arlesey.	
Isle	Hir		
	Tod		
	Tingrith House		
	Lakes	Harlington.	
	Fittwick Park		
	Lakes	Amphill.	
	Tod	Shefford.	
	Gull Brook	Shefford.	
	Compton Brk	Shefford.	
	Wrest Park		
	Lakes	Amphill.	
	Tod	Arlesey.	
	.....	Biggleswade.	
	Sutton Brook..		
	Gamlingay Prk.		
	Lake	Gamlingay.	
	Sandy.	
		
	Southill Brook		
	Southill Park		

Rivers and their Stations.

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ENGLAND—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS.	
Ouse (Qt.) (cont.)			
	Lake	Southill.	
	Old Warden Pk Lake		
	.....	Blunham.	
	.....	St. Neots.	
Kym .....	.....	Kimbolton.	
	Warren Fish-pond	Kimbolton.	
Gallow Brook ..	.....	St. Neots.	
	.....	Huntingdon.	
Alconbury Brk.	.....	Huntingdon.	
	.....	St. Ives, Swavesey, Earith, Stretham,	[Thetford.]
Cam	Debden Hall Lakes	Newport	
	.....	Newport, Saffron Walden, Great Chesterford, Whittleford, Shelford.	
	Bourn	Linton, Pampisford, Shelford.	
	Rhee	Ashwell, Meldreth.	
	Wimpole Park Lake	Old North Road Station.	
	Rhee	Harston.	
	Bourn	Lords Bridge.	
	.....	Cambridge, Waterbeach	
	Bottisham Load	Fulbourn, Waterbeach.	
	Swaffham Load	Waterbeach.	
	.....	Ely.	
Lark .....	.....	Bury St. Edmunds.	
	Livermere Park Lakes		
	Ampton Park Lake	Ingham.	
	Culfora Park Lake		
	Linnet	Bury St. Edmunds.	
	Ickworth Park Lake	Saxham.	
	Cavenham Brk.	Saxham.	
	.....	Mildenhall.	
	Kent	Kennet.	
	.....	Littleport.	
Mildenhall	.....	Littleport.	
Drain	.....	Littleport.	
Old Croft River	.....	Littleport.	
Little Ouse....	Redgrave Park Lake	Bottisdale.	
	Ixworth		
	Drinkstone Pk. Lake	Shurston.	
	Stowlangtoft Hall Lake	Ixworth.	
	Euston Pk. Lake	Ixworth.	
	.....	Thetford.]	
	Thet	Harling, Thetford.	
	.....	Brandon, Lakenheath	
	.....	Hilgay.	
	.....	Hilgay.	
Sams Cut Drain	.....	
Wissey or Stoke River	Heath Mers ..	Watton.	
	.....	Watton.	
	Saham Mers ..	Watton.	
	Erneford Brook	Holm Hale.	
	Buckenham		
	House Pk. Lake	Brandon.	
	Toff's Mers	Brandon.	
	Didlington Hall Lake	Stoke Ferry.	
	.....	Stoke Ferry	
	.....	Stoke Ferry.	
	Barton Brook..		
	Stradset Hall Lake	Downham Market.	
	.....	Hilgay.	
	.....	Downham Market, Magdalen, King's Lynn.	

The Angler's Diary.

ENGLAND—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS.
OUSE (Gt.) (cont.)	Nar or Letchy	Litcham, Swaffham, Narborough, King's
	Gawood River ..	King's Lynn. [Lynn.]
OUSE (Sussex)	.....	Buxted, Isfield, Uckfield, Lewes, Glynd,
		Newhaven.
OUSE (York)..	Swale	Kirkby Stephen.
	Birkdale Tarn	Keld.
	Gt. Slededale Beck	Keld.
	Whitsundale Bk.	Keld.
	.....	Keld.
	Stonesdale Beck	Keld.
	.....	Muker.
	Muker Beck ..	Muker.
	Thwaite Beck ..	Muker.
	Oznop Beck ..	Muker.
	Gummerside Beck	Reeth.
	Crackpot Beck..	Reeth.
	Summerlodge	
	Tarn	Askrigg.
	Healaugh Beck	Reeth.
	.....	Reeth.
	Arkle Beck....	Reeth.
	Roe Beck.....	Reeth.
	Straw Beck....	Reeth.
	Gill Beck.....	Leyburn.
	Stainton Moor	
	Beck.....	Reeth.
	Gill Beck.....	Reeth.
	Maske Beck....	Reeth.
	Moorsdale Beck	Reeth.
	Throsile Beck..	Reeth.
	Clappgate Beck .	Richmond.
	.....	Richmond.
	Sand Beck	Richmond.
	Colburn Beck ..	Catterick Bridge.
	.....	Catterick.
	Skeaby Beck ..	Richmond.
	Smelt Mill Beck	Richmond.
	{ Aske Beck ..	Richmond.
	{ Aske Hall	
	Lake	Richmond.
	Skeaby.....	Catterick.
	Brough Beck ..	Spennithorne.
	Cal/hole Tarn..	Spennithorne.
	Tunstall Beck..	Catterick.
	Brough Beck ..	Catterick.
	Scorton Beck ..	Scorton.
	Howl Beck	Scorton.
	Skell	Scorton.
	.....	Scorton and Ainderby.
	Bedale Beck ..	Spennithorne.
	Barden Moor	
	High and Low	
	Ponds	Spennithorne.
	Bedale Beck ..	Constable Burton, Fingall.
	{ Newton Beck	Wensley, Leyburn, Constable Burton.
	{ Bellerby Beck	Hellerby, Constable Burton.
	{ Newton Beck	Fingall.
	Bedale Beck ..	Crakehall, Bedale, Leewing, Scorton.
	.....	Newby Wiske, Pickhill.
	Wiske	West Rounton, Cowton, Danby Wiske
	{ Brompton Bk.	Brompton. [Northallerton]
	{ Winton Beck	Brompton.
	{ Brompton Bk.	Northallerton.
	Wiske	Newby Wiske, Pickhill.
	.....	Skipton Bridge, Topcliffe.
	Cod Beck.....	Brompton.
	Howl Beck	Brompton.
	Cod Beck.....	Otterington.
	{ Broad Beck..	Otterington.
	{ Sorrow Beck	Otterington.
	Cod Beck.....	N. Kilvington.
	Spittle Beck ..	N. Kilvington.

ENGLAND—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES. OUSE (cont.) ..		STATIONS.
	<i>Cod</i>	Thirsk, Sessay.
	<i>Fisher Beck</i> ..	Sessay.
	<i>Willow Beck</i> ..	Thirsk.
	<i>Hood Beck</i> ..	Thirsk.
	<i>Willow</i>	Sessay.
	<i>Cod</i>	Topcliffe.
		Brasserton.
	<i>Sun Beck</i>	Gilling, Ampleforth.
	<i>Gilling Pt. Lake</i>	Ampleforth.
	<i>Park House</i>	
	<i>Lakes</i>	Ampleforth.
	<i>Sun Beck</i>	Coxwold, Hushwaite, Pillmore, Braffer-
<i>Ure</i>		Hawes.
	<i>Cottesdale Beck</i>	Hawes.
	<i>Widdale Beck</i> ..	Ribble Head.
	<i>Tarn Beck</i>	Hawes.
	<i>Widdale Tarn</i>	Hawes.
	<i>Snaizholme</i>	
	<i>Beck</i>	Hawes.
	<i>Widdale Beck</i> ..	Hawes.
	<i>Hearne Beck</i> ..	Hawes.
	<i>Duerley Beck</i> ..	Hawes.
		Askrigg.
	<i>Baine</i>	
	<i>Middleton</i>	
	<i>Tarn</i>	Askrigg.
	<i>Cray Tarn</i>	Askrigg.
	<i>Roydale Beck</i>	Askrigg.
	<i>Oustershaw</i>	
	<i>Tarn</i>	Askrigg.
	<i>Bardale Beck</i> ..	Askrigg.
	<i>Semmer Water</i>	Askrigg.
	<i>Baine</i>	Askrigg.
	<i>Sargill Beck</i> ..	Askrigg.
	<i>Coghill Beck</i> ..	Askrigg.
		Aysgarth.
	<i>Dishopdale Beck</i>	Redmire.
	<i>Walden Beck</i> ..	Redmire.
		Redmire.
	<i>Beldon Beck</i> ..	Aysgarth.
	<i>Locker Tarn</i> ..	Aysgarth.
	<i>Beldon</i>	Redmire.
	<i>Apedale Beck</i> ..	Redmire.
		Wensley, Leyburn, Middleham, Cover-
		bridge.
	<i>Cover</i>	Kettlewell, Coverbridge.
	<i>Souden Beck</i> ..	Coverbridge.
		Masham.
	<i>Burn</i>	
	<i>Birkgill Beck</i> ..	Masham.
	<i>Spucegill Beck</i>	Masham.
	<i>Grimesgill Bk.</i>	Masham.
	<i>Sale Beck</i>	Masham.
	<i>Swinton Park</i>	
	<i>Lakes</i>	Masham.
	<i>Burn</i>	Masham.
	<i>Swtney Beck</i> ..	Masham.
		W. Stanfield, Ripon.
	<i>Laver</i>	Pateley Bridge.
	<i>Stock Beck</i>	Kirby Malzeard.
	<i>Laver</i>	Kirby Malzeard.
	<i>Kexbec</i>	Kirby Malzeard.
	<i>Laver</i>	Ripon.
	<i>Skell</i>	Pateley Bridge.
	<i>Eavestone</i>	
	<i>Lake</i>	Pateley Bridge.
	<i>Studley</i>	
	<i>Park Lakes</i>	Ripon.
	<i>Hill House</i>	
	<i>Lake</i>	Ripon.
	<i>Skell</i>	Ripon.

The Angler's Diary.

ENGLAND—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS.
OUSE (cont.) ..	Robert Beck ..	Wormold Green, Copgrove.
	Twit	Boroughbridge.
.....	.....	Copgrove, Boroughbridge.
	.....	Aldwark, Tollerton.
Kyle .....	.....	Alne.
	Hawkhill Beck ..	Alne.
.....	Derings Beck ..	Alne.
	.....	Tollerton.
.....	.....	Nunmonkton.
	.....	Ramskill.
Nidd	How Stone Beck ..	Ramskill.
	Ramskill Beck ..	Ramskill.
.....	Lat Beck	Ramskill.
	Burn Gill	Ramskill.
.....	Ashfordside ..	.....
	Beck	Pateley Bridge.
.....	.....	Pateley Bridge.
	Greenhow Beck ..	Pateley Bridge.
.....	Ear Beck	Pateley Bridge.
	.....	Dacre, Darley.
.....	Darley Beck ..	Darley.
	.....	Hampsthwaite.
.....	Kettleing Beck ..	Hampsthwaite.
	Rouden Beck ..	Hampsthwaite.
.....	.....	Ripley.

.....	Thornton Beck ..	.....
	Ripley Park ..	.....
.....	Lakes	Ripley.
	Oak Beck	Darley.
.....	Salergate Beck ..	Ripley.
	Oak Beck	Ripley.
.....	.....	Knareborough, Goldsborough, Little
	.....	Harrowgate, Pannal. [Ribston.
.....	Crimple Beck ..	.....
	Nor Beck	Pannal.
.....	Crimple	Spofforth.
	Allerton Beck ..	Allerton.
.....	Allerton Park ..	.....
	Lakes	Allerton.
.....	Allerton Beck ..	Little Ribston.
	.....	Cattal, Hammerton, Nunmonkton.
.....	.....	Poppleton, York.

Foss	Moss Tarn .....	.....
	Reservoirs ..	Coxwold.
.....	White Car Beck ..	Strensall.
	.....	Strensall, Haxby, York.
.....	.....	Strensall.
	Tang Hall Beck ..	Earswick.
.....	Osbaldwick Bk. ..	York.
	Tang Hall Beck ..	York.
.....	.....	Naburn.
	.....	Escrick.
Stillingfleet Bk. ....	.....	Cawood.

Wharfe	Outershaw Beck ..	Ribble Head.
	Greenfield Beck ..	Ribble Head.
.....	.....	Buckden, Starbolton, Kettlewell.
	.....	Horton.
.....	Skirfare	Kettlewell.
	Foxup Beck ..	Horton, Kettlewell.
.....	Healden Beck ..	Kettlewell.
	Cowside Beck ..	Kettlewell.
.....	Skirfare	Kettlewell.
	.....	Grassington.
.....	Eller Beck	Grassington.
	Hebden Beck ..	Burnsall.
.....	.....	Burnsall.

.....	Didd	Grassington.
	Priest Tarn ..	Grassington.
.....	Blea Beck Dams ..	Grassington.
	Gate Up Gill ..	Grassington.
.....	Guinailth Beck ..	Burnsall.
	Didd	Burnsall.
.....	Skyreholm Beck ..	Burnsall.
	New Dam	Burnsall.
.....	Gill Beck	Burnsall.

ENGLAND—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES:		STATIONS.	
JUSE (cont.) ..	<i>Barden Beck</i> ..	Bolton Abbey.	
	.....	Bolton Abbey.	
.....	<i>Kex Beck</i>	Bolton Abbey.	
	.....	Addingham, Ilkley, Ben Rhydding.	
.....	<i>Hollin Beck</i> ..	Burley, Otley.	
	<i>Mire Beck</i>	Otley.	
.....	<i>Washburn</i> ..	Guiseley, Otley.	
	<i>Tarn Gill</i>	Burnsall.	
.....	<i>Harden Beck</i> ..	Bolton Abbey.	
	<i>Akeds Beck</i> ..	Bolton Abbey.	
.....	<i>Akeds Dam</i> ..	Bolton Abbey.	
	<i>Washburn</i>	Darley.	
.....	<i>Gill Beck</i>	Darley.	
	<i>Spinksburn Bk.</i>	Darley.	
.....	<i>Washburn</i>	Poole.	
	.....	Poole.	
.....	<i>Riffa Beck</i>	Poole.	
	.....	Arthington, Weeton.	
.....	<i>Harewood Beck</i>	Bardsey.	
	<i>Eccup Beck</i>		
.....	<i>Ahworley</i>	Arthington.	
	<i>Reservoir</i>		
.....	<i>Harewood</i>	Weeton.	
	<i>Park Lakes</i>	Weeton.	
.....	<i>Harewood</i>	Collingham.	
	<i>Collingham Bk.</i>	Bardsey, Collingham.	
.....	.....	Wetherby, Thorpe Arch, Newton Kyme,	
	.....	Scholes.	Tadcaster.
.....	<i>Cock Beck</i>	Scholes.	
	<i>Carr Beck</i>	Scholes.	
.....	<i>Parvinton</i>	Garforth.	
	<i>Hollins Lake</i> ..	Stutton.	
.....	<i>Cock Beck</i>	Ulleskell.	
	.....	Tadcaster.	
.....	<i>Foss</i>	Tadcaster.	
	<i>Catterton Bk.</i>	Copmanthorpe.	
.....	<i>Angram Dam</i>	Bolton Percy, Ulleskell.	
	<i>Foss</i>	Ryther.	
.....	.....	Cawood.	
	.....	Linton.	
PARACOMBE	.....	Crewkerne.	
	.....	Crewkerne.	
PARRIS	<i>Hinton Brook</i> ..	Martock.	
	.....	Ilminster.	
.....	<i>Isle</i>	Langport.	
	.....	Sherborne.	
.....	<i>Yeo</i>	Milborne Port, Sherborne.	
	<i>Milbourne Brk.</i>	Yetminster.	
.....	<i>Yet</i>	Yeovil Junction.	
	.....	Sutton Bingham, Everahott, Yeovil	Junction.
.....	<i>Evershott Brook</i>	Yeovil.	
	.....	Sparkford, Marston Magna.	
.....	<i>Sparkford Brk.</i>	Martock, Langport.	
	.....	Hatch.	
.....	<i>Hatch Brook</i> ..	Athelney.	
	.....	Wiveliscombe, Wellington.	
.....	<i>Tone</i>	Wiveliscombe, Milverton.	
	<i>Milverton Brook</i>	Wiveliscombe, Bishops Lydiard, Milverton,	
.....	<i>Norton Brook</i> ..	Norton Fitzwarren.	
	.....	Bishops Lydiard, Taunton.	
.....	<i>Kingston Brook</i>	Taunton.	
	.....	Taunton.	
.....	<i>Black Brook</i> ..	Durston.	
	<i>Durston Brook</i>	Athelney.	
.....	.....	Bridgwater.	
	.....	Penryn.	
PENRYN	.....	Scorrier Gate.	
	.....	Perran.	
PERRAN	<i>Gwenna Brook</i>	Perran.	
	.....	Perran.	

ENGLAND—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS.
PERRAN (cont.)	<i>Twevedra Brk.</i>	Perran.
	<i>Stithians Water</i>	Perran.
PETHERICK .....	.....	St. Columb, Padstow.
PEVENSEY .....	.....	Pevensey.
PETERBELL .....	.....	Carlisle, Plumpton, Sonthwaite.
PIDDLE .....	.....	Grimston, Moreton, Wool.
	<i>Milton Park Lakes</i>	Blandford.
	.....	Wareham.
	<i>Decoy Pond</i> ..	Wareham.
PILNING BROOK .....	.....	Pilning, New Passage.
PLYM .....	.....	Bickley.
	<i>Moavy</i>	Harrowbridge, Bickley.
	.....	Marsh Mills.
	<i>Tory Brook</i> ..	Bickley, Plymton, Marsh Mills.
	.....	Plymouth.
POLGLAZE BRK. .....	.....	Tregony.
POLPERRO BRK. .....	.....	Polperro.
POLWHEVERILL .....	.....	Constantine.
PORTHOOCHAN .....	.....	St. Columb.
RAVENSBORNE .....	.....	Bromley, Catford Bridge, Lee, Lewisham.
RIBBLE .....	.....	Ribble Head.
	<i>Gale Water</i> ..	Ribble Head.
	<i>Oam Beck</i>	Ribble Head.
	<i>Turn</i>	Horton.
	.....	Horton.
	<i>Horton Beck</i> ..	Horton.
	<i>Cowside or Stain-</i>	Settle.
	<i>forth Beck</i> ..	Settle, Giggleswick.
	.....	Long Preston.
	<i>Rathmell Brook</i>	Long Preston.
	.....	Settle, Long Preston.
	<i>Long Preston Bk.</i>	.....
	<i>Wigglesworth</i> ..	.....
	<i>Brook</i>	Long Preston.
	<i>Hellifield Brook</i>	Hellifield, Newsholme.
	.....	Newsholme, Gisburn.
	<i>Stock Beck</i>	Barnoldswick, Gisburn.
	.....	Brimington.
	<i>Tooside Beck</i> ..	Newsholme.
	.....	Newsholme.
	<i>Bond Beck</i>	Newsholme.
	<i>Forest Beck</i> ..	Newsholme.
	<i>Cuddy Beck</i> ..	Gisburn.
	<i>Fell Beck</i>	Brimington.
	<i>Tooside Beck</i> ..	Brimington.
	<i>Swanside Beck</i> ..	Brimington.
	<i>Ings Beck</i>	Brimington.
	<i>Grindleton Beck</i>	Chatburn.
	.....	Chatburn.
	<i>Bradford Beck</i>	Clitheroe.
	<i>Waddington</i>	.....
	<i>Brook</i>	Clitheroe.
	.....	Clitheroe.
	<i>Bashall Brook</i> ..	<i>Bashall Moor</i>
	<i>Pond</i>	Clitheroe.
	<i>Clitheroe Beck</i> ..	Clitheroe.
	.....	Mitton.
	<i>Hodder</i>	Slaidburn.
	<i>Hasgill Beck</i> ..	.....
	<i>Bridge House</i>	.....
	<i>Beck</i>	Slaidburn.
	<i>Barn Gill</i>	Slaidburn.
	.....	Slaidburn.
	<i>Dunsop</i>	Slaidburn.
	<i>Croasdale Beck</i> ..	Slaidburn.
	<i>Eller Beck</i>	Slaidburn.
	.....	Newton.
	<i>Eastington Brk.</i>	Newton.
	<i>Whitendale Riv.</i>	Newton.
	<i>Brennan's River</i>	Newton.
	<i>Langden River</i>	Whitewell.
	.....	Whitewell.
	<i>Greystoneley</i>	.....
	<i>Brook</i>	Whitewell.

ENGLAND—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.	STATIONS.
RIBBLE (cont.)	
{ <i>Loud</i> <i>Chipping Beck</i> <i>Lees Beck</i> <i>Loud</i> <i>Mill Beck</i>	Longridge. Longridge. Longridge. Whitewell. Whitewell.
..... <i>West Calder</i> ..	Mitton. Holme.
<i>Castle Hill Pond</i> ..	Burnley.
.....	Burnley.
{ <i>Don</i> <i>Swinden Water</i> <i>Bran River</i> ..	Burnley. Burnley. Burnley.
{ <i>Laneshaw</i> <i>Wycoller Water</i> <i>Trawden Brook</i> ..	Colne. Colne. Colne.
{ <i>3 Foulridge Reservoirs</i> <i>Cailow Brook</i> ..	Foulridge. Colne.
{ <i>Laneshaw</i> <i>Roughlee Water</i> ..	Burnley. Colne, Burnley.
.....	Padiham.
{ <i>Lodge</i> <i>Tower Beck</i> .. <i>Shaw Brook</i> ..	Rose Grove. Rose Grove. Padiham.
{ <i>Lodge</i> <i>Hynlburn Brk.</i> ..	Padiham. Accrington.
<i>Church Brook</i> ..	Accrington.
<i>Rishton Reserv.</i> ..	Rishton.
<i>Sadden Brook</i> ..	Whalley.
..... <i>Park Brook</i> ..	Whalley.
<i>Dean Brook</i> ..	Wilpshire, Whalley.
<i>Moor Game</i> ..	
<i>Hall Pond</i> ..	Whalley.
<i>Crowshaw Res.</i> ..	Bibchester.
<i>Starting Brook</i> ..	Bibchester.
.....	Bibchester.
<i>Boyce's Brook</i> ..	Bibchester.
.....	Fulwood.
<i>Tun Brook</i>	Grimsargh, Fulwood.
<i>Mellor Brook</i> ..	Fulwood.
.....	Preston.
ROCKLE	Wareham, Poole.
RODING (Essex) ..	Dunmow, Takeley, Chipping Ongar.
<i>Crispy Brook</i> ..	Chipping Ongar.
.....	Chigwell Lane, Loughton, Buckhurst Hill,
ROMAN RIVER. ..	Woodford, George Lane, Leytonstone,
<i>Birch Hall Lake</i> ..	Marks.
<i>Laver Brook</i> ..	Marks.
.....	Wyvenhoe.
ROTHER (Kent) ..	Wyvenhoe.
<i>Tillingham Water</i> ..	Ticehurst, Etchingham, Robert's Bridge,
<i>Brede</i>	Rye. [Rye.
RYE	Battise, Winchelsea, Rye.
SCALDY BECK ..	Hovingham, Helmaley, Nunnington, Salton.
SEATON	Scalby.
SEVERN	Liskeard, Menhenlot.
<i>Brochan</i>	Llanidloes.
{ <i>Dulas Brook</i> ..	Llangurig.
{ <i>Tylwch</i>	Llangurig.
<i>Clywedog</i>	Tylwch.
<i>Llwyd</i>	Llanidloes.
<i>Btga</i>	Llanidloes.
<i>Llyn Derw-lydion</i> ..	Llanidloes.
.....	Llanidloes.
<i>Ebyr</i>	Dolwen.
<i>Berthin</i>	Dolwen.
<i>Taranon</i>	Llandinam, Caerswa.
<i>Llyn Gloyw</i> ..	Carno.
<i>Relaf</i>	Caerswa.

The Angler's Diary.

ENGLAND—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS.
SEVERN (cont.)	Ceryst	Llanidloes.
	.....	Caerswa.
Garno .....	.....	Carno.
	Poel-Hyddan ..	Carno.
	Cledau	Carno.
	Cerniog	Carno.
	Llyn-Du	Pont-y-ddolgoch.
	.....	Pont-y-ddolgoch.
Tarw	Llyn-Tarw	Pont-y-ddolgoch.
	.....	Scafell.
	Fachwen Pool...	Scafell.
Hafron .....	.....	Newtown.
.....	.....	Newtown, Abermule.
Mule .....	.....	Kerry, Abermule.
.....	.....	Montgomery.
Rhiss	Llyn-y-bugail...	Carno.
	{ Maor	Pont-y-ddolgoch.
	{ Llyn Maor	Montgomery.
	.....	Forden.
	.....	Lyddham.
Camlad .....	.....	Kerry.
	Caerbitra	Kerry.
	Locks Brook ..	.....
	{ Batlesford Brk.	.....
	{ Martin Pool ..	Forden.
	.....	Forden.
	.....	Welshpool.
Sylvan Brook..	.....	Welshpool.
.....	.....	Buttington.
Treowern .....	.....	Middletown.
	.....	Crigglon.
Bete Brook .....	.....	Pool Quay, Crigglon.
Maerdy Brook..	.....	Arleen, Crigglon.
.....	.....	Llandrinio, Ferry
Vyrnwy .....	.....	Bala.
Lake Vyrnwy..	Ennant	Lake Vyrnwy Hotel.
	Hirddu	Lake Vyrnwy Hotel.
	Cedig	Lake Vyrnwy Hotel.
	Marchant	Lake Vyrnwy Hotel.
	Cuny	Lake Vyrnwy Hotel.
	Dysnant	Lake Vyrnwy Hotel.
	Lloydarth	Llanfyllin.
	Oringae .....	.....
	{ Einton .....	.....
	{ Llyn-hir	Carno.
	Graheyddau ..	Carno.
	Banw	Dinas Mawddwy.
	Ysguthan	Dinas Mawddwy.
	Torch	Dinas Mawddwy.
	Llechog	Dinas Mawddwy.
	Cathan	Dinas Mawddwy.
	Llyn-y-bu- gail	Dinas Mawddwy.
	Banw	Can-office.
	Etra	Llanbrynmair.
	Cannon	Llanbrynmair.
	Llyn Gwyd- dior	Llanbrynmair.
	Cledau	Carno.
	Nydwydd	Can-office.
	Gwyferyn	Can-office.
	Llyn Gwyl- feryn	Can-office.
	Einton	Can-office.
	Llyn-hir	Can-office.
	Llyn - Gran- wyddau ..	Can-office.
	Banw	Llantair.
	Llyn-du	Llansantffraid.
.....	Llansantffraid.
	{ Cain	Llanfyllin.
	{ Llechwedd ..	Llanfyllin.

Rivers and their Stations.

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ENGLAND—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS.
SEVERN (cont.)	<i>Cain</i>	Llanfechan.
	<i>Began</i>	Llanfechan.
	<i>Cain</i>	Llansantffraid
	<i>Tanat</i>	Llangynnog.
	{ <i>Goch</i>	Llangynnog.
	{ <i>Llyn-Pennan</i>	Llangynnog.
	<i>Eiarth</i>	Llangynnog.
	<i>Hirnant</i>	Llangynnog.
	{ <i>Moch</i>	Llanrhaladr-yn-Mochnant.
	{ <i>Llyn - llyne -</i>	
	<i>caws</i>	Llanrhaladr-yn-Mochnant.
	{ <i>Disgynfa</i>	Llanrhaladr-yn-Mochnant.
	<i>Torch</i>	Llanrhaladr-yn-Mochnant.
	{ <i>Cymlaith</i>	Oswestry.
	{ <i>Llyn Rhydd-</i>	
	<i>wyn</i>	Oswestry.
	{ <i>Llyn Moelin</i>	Llangedwyn.
	<i>Tanat</i>	Llan-y-blodwell.
	.....	Llanymynech.
	{ <i>Morda</i>	Oswestry.
	<i>Aston Lake</i>	Oswestry.
	<i>Wear Brook</i> ..	<i>Sandford Hall</i>
	<i>Pond</i>	Kinnerley.
	<i>Onslow Hall Lake</i>	Hanwood.
	<i>Perry</i>	Gobowen, Whittington.
	<i>Halston Hall</i>	
	<i>Lakes</i>	Whittington.
	.....	Rednall.
	<i>Shelyocke Lake</i>	Rednall.
	.....	Basechurch.
	{ <i>Wartbrook</i>	Basechurch.
	{ <i>Berth Pool</i>	Basechurch.
	{ <i>Birch Grove</i>	
	<i>Pool</i>	Basechurch.
	<i>Marton Pool</i> ..	Basechurch.
	<i>Fennymere Pool</i>	Basechurch.
	.....	Leaton, Shrewsbury.
	<i>Raddle</i>	<i>Onslow Hall</i>
	<i>Lake</i>	Hanwood, Shrewsbury.
	<i>Rea</i>	Minsterley.
	<i>Minsterley Brk.</i>	Minsterley.
	.....	Pontesbury.
	<i>Habberley Brk.</i>	Pontesbury.
	.....	Hanwood.
	<i>Yockleton Brook</i>	Westbury, Yockleton, Hanwood.
	<i>Longdean Brook</i>	Yockleton.
	{ <i>Meole Brook</i> ..	Yockleton.
	{ <i>Bomer Pool</i> ..	Yockleton.
	.....	Shrewsbury.
	<i>Almond Pool</i> ..	Shrewsbury.
	<i>Black Pool</i> ..	Shrewsbury.
	<i>Hencott Pool</i> ..	Shrewsbury.
	<i>Sundown Brook</i>	Yarton, Hadnall.
	<i>Sundown Castle</i>	
	<i>Lakes</i>	Shrewsbury.
	<i>Tryn</i>	<i>Maer Hall Lake</i>
	.....	Whitmore.
	.....	Norton.
	{ <i>Hemp Mill Bk.</i>	
	{ <i>Daisy Lake</i>	Market Drayton.
.....	Market Drayton.
	<i>Coal Brook</i>	Market Drayton.
	<i>Buntingsdale</i>	
	<i>Hall Lake</i> ..	Market Drayton.
	{ <i>Basle Brook</i> ..	
	{ <i>Sandford Hall</i>	
	<i>Pool</i>	Prees.
	<i>Btg Pool</i>	Adderley.
	<i>Old Pool</i>	Market Drayton.
	<i>Stych Pool</i>	Market Drayton.
	<i>Cloverley Pond</i>	Market Drayton.
	<i>Morden Mill</i>	
	<i>Pond</i>	Market Drayton.

*The Angler's Diary.***ENGLAND—continued.**

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS.
SEVERN (cont.)		
.....	<i>Salter's Brook..</i>	Hodnet.
.....	.....	Hodnet.
.....	<i>Allford Brook..</i>	Peplow.
.....	<i>Polford Brook..</i>	Peplow.
.....	<i>Meess .....</i>	.....
.....	<i>White Sitch Lake</i>	Shiffnal.
.....	<i>Aquadale Mere</i>	Newport.
.....	<i>Chetwynd Park</i>	.....
.....	<i>Pond</i>	Newport.
.....	<i>Lomeo Brook..</i>	Newport.
.....	<i>Elerton Bk..</i>	.....
.....	<i>Heywood</i>	.....
.....	<i>Ponds</i>	Market Drayton.
.....	<i>Canal Re-</i>	.....
.....	<i>servoir</i>	Market Drayton.
.....	<i>Showed Pond</i>	Newport.
.....	<i>Meess</i>	Peplow.
.....	.....	Crudgington
.....	<i>Strine</i>	Newport.
.....	<i>Brockton Bk.</i>	Newport.
.....	<i>Wildmore</i>	.....
.....	<i>Pool</i>	Newport.
.....	<i>Minton's Pool</i>	Newport.
.....	<i>Limekiln Pool</i>	Newport.
.....	<i>Preston Bk..</i>	Hadley.
.....	<i>Strine</i>	Crudgington.
.....	<i>Beanhill Brook</i>	Crudgington.
.....	.....	Walcott.
.....	<i>Roden .....</i>	.....
.....	<i>White Meer ..</i>	Ellesmere.
.....	<i>Black Meer ...</i>	Ellesmere.
.....	<i>Colemere</i>	Ellesmere.
.....	<i>Croze Meer ..</i>	Ellesmere.
.....	<i>Roden</i>	Wem.
.....	<i>Prees Brook ..</i>	Wem.
.....	<i>Hawkstone</i>	.....
.....	<i>Park Lake..</i>	Wem.
.....	<i>Roden</i>	Walcott.
.....	.....	Shrewsbury.
.....	.....	Berrington.
.....	<i>Bell Brook</i>	Berrington.
.....	<i>Cound Brook..</i>	Church Stretton, Le Botwood, Dorrington, [Conderver, Berrington.
.....	<i>Row Brook ...</i>	Berrington.
.....	<i>Aston Brook ..</i>	Berrington.
.....	<i>Langley Brook</i>	.....
.....	<i>Langley Pond..</i>	Le Botwood.
.....	<i>Acton Burnell</i>	.....
.....	<i>Park Lakes..</i>	Cressage.
.....	<i>Harnage</i>	.....
.....	<i>Grange Pond</i>	Cressage.
.....	.....	Cressage.
.....	<i>Hughley Brook</i>	Presthorne, Much Wenlock.
.....	<i>Leighton Brook</i>	Cressage.
.....	.....	Buildwas.
.....	<i>Farley Brook..</i>	Much Wenlock, Buildwas.
.....	.....	Ironbridge, Coalport, Linley.
.....	<i>Linley Brook ..</i>	Linley.
.....	<i>Wiley Pk. Lakes</i>	Linley.
.....	<i>Worff</i>	Shiffnal.
.....	<i>Burvington Pool</i>	Shiffnal.
.....	<i>Moss Pool</i>	Shiffnal.
.....	<i>Forge Pool....</i>	Shiffnal.
.....	<i>Norming Brook</i>	Shiffnal.
.....	<i>Weston Park</i>	.....
.....	<i>Lakes</i>	Shiffnal.
.....	<i>Tong Brook..</i>	Shiffnal.
.....	<i>Cowley Wood</i>	.....
.....	<i>Pond</i>	Shiffnal.
.....	<i>Norton Meer</i>	Shiffnal.
.....	<i>Badger Brook..</i>	Albrighton.
.....	<i>Snowdon Pool..</i>	Albrighton.

Rivers and their Stations.

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ENGLAND—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS.
SEVERN (cont.)	{ Stratford Brook	Albrighton, Linley
	{ Claverley Brk.	Linley.
		Linley.
		Bridgenorth.
.....		Much Wenlock.
Mor Brook....	Beggar Hill Brk.	Much Wenlock.
		Hampton.
		Hampton, Alverley.
Borie Brook ..		Bridgenorth, Alverley.
		Upper Arley, Bewdley.
Dowles Brook..		Alverley, Wyre, Bewdley.
		Stourport.
Gladder Brook		Stourport.
Stour		Halesowen, Cradley.
	Gades Green Res.	Dudley.
	New Pool	Cradley.
		Stourbridge.
	Pensnett Chase	
	Reservoirs ..	Brierley Hill.
	Smeistow	Wolverhampton.
	Wombourne....	Wolverhampton.
	Himley Park	
	Ponds	Stourbridge.
	Common Pool..	Stourbridge.
	Philley Brook..	Stourbridge.
		Kidderminster.
	Hoo Brook	Churchill, Kidderminster.
		Stourport.
Dick Brook....		Stourport.
	Sharpley Pool	Stourport.
		Stourport.
Frog Pool		Stourport.
Shrawley Brook		Stourport.
Witley Court		
Ponds		Stourport.
Sakecary		Bromsgrove.
	Spadsbourne Bk.	Bromsgrove.
	Hen Brook	Droitwich.
		Droitwich.
	Body Brook ..	Droitwich.
	Hampton Brk.	Droitwich.
	Dovedale Brook	Thurtlebury.
		Worcester.
Time		Knucklas, Knighton, Bucknall, Leintwardine.
	Clun	Clun.
	Lower	Clun.
	Clun	Broome.
	{ Kempton Brk.	Broome.
	{ Acton Pool..	Clun.
	Clun	Hopton Heath.
	Redlake Brook	Bucknall, Hopton Heath.
	Clun	Leintwardine.
	Alcox Brook..	Leintwardine.
	Burrington Pool	Leintwardine.
		Broomfield.
	Onny	
	Marsh Pool....	Lyddham.
	Shelve Pool....	Lyddham.
	Black Brook....	Lyddham.
	Onny	Lyddham, Eaton.
	Eaton Brook..	Le Botwood, Eaton.
	Onny	Plowden.
	{ Querny Brk.	Marsh Brook.
	{ Eaton Brook.	Longville, Harton Road.
	Onny	Craven Arms, Onibury, Bromfield.
	Decoy Pools ..	Bromfield.
		Ludlow.
		Preathorpe.
	Corve	
	Thonglands ..	
	Brook	Ludlow.
	Tugford Brook	Ludlow.
	Pye Brook....	Ludlow.

The Angler's Diary.

ENGLAND—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS.
SEVERN (cont.)	Ludford Park	
.....	Lakes	Ludlow.
.....	Brinsfield Brk.	Woolerton.
.....	.....	Woolerton.
.....	West Brook ..	Easton Court.
.....	Cadmore Brook	Easton Court.
.....	Ledkeych	Ludlow.
.....	Downton Hall	
.....	Lakes	Ludlow.
.....	Dogditch Brook	Ludlow.
.....	Oay Brook ...	Ludlow.
.....	Wooton Pool..	Ludlow.
.....	Ledkeych	Tenbury
.....	.....	Tenbury
.....	Kyre	Tenbury.
.....	Kyre Pool ...	Tenbury.
.....	Corn Brook ..	
.....	.....	Newnham Bridge.
.....	Rea	Cleobury Mortimer.
.....	Cleobury Brook	Cleobury Mortimer
.....	Rea	Neen Sollers.
.....	Ranhall Brook	Neen Sollers.
.....	Hopton Brook	Neen Sollers.
.....	Rea	Newnham Bridge.
.....	Bickley Pools..	Newnham Bridge.
.....	Piper's Brook..	Newnham Bridge.
.....	Stanford Park	
.....	Lake	Newnham Bridge.
.....	.....	Knightswick.
.....	Sapey Brook ..	Knightswick.
.....	.....	Leigh Court.
.....	Leigh Brook ..	Colwall, Malvern, Leigh Court.
.....	.....	Bransford.
.....	Laughern Brk.	Worcester, Bransford
.....	.....	Worcester.
.....	.....	Upton-on-Severn, Ripple, Tewkesbury.
.....	.....	Tewkesbury.
Ripple Brook..		
Croome Park		
Lakes		Defford.
Avon	Naseby Reserv.	Naseby, Kilworth, Stamford, Lilbourne.
.....	Yelvertoft Brk.	Lilbourne.
.....	.....	Clifton, Rugby.
.....	Swift	Kilworth, Lutterworth, Rugby.
.....	.....	Brandon, Stoneleigh.
.....	Sow	Bedworth, Exhall.
.....	Breach Brook..	Exhall.
.....	Sow	Foleshill.
.....	Marches Brook.	Foleshill.
.....	Sow	Coventry.
.....	Withy Brook..	Coventry.
.....	Coombe Brk.	Brinklow.
.....	Burdon Pool	Brinklow.
.....	Coombe Park.	
.....	Lake	Brinklow.
.....	Sherbourne...	Coventry.
.....	Sow	Stoneleigh.
.....	.....	Leamington
.....	Leam	Braunston.
.....	Rains Brook..	Rugby.
.....	Leam	Birdingbury.
.....	Itchene	
.....	Stoveton House	
.....	Lake	Fenny Compton.
.....	Ham Brook.	Fenny Compton.
.....	Itchene	Harbury, Southam.
.....	Leam	Leamington.
.....	.....	Warwick.
.....	Warwick Park	
.....	Lake	Warwick.
.....	Thelesford Brk.	Stratford-on-Avon.

Rivers and their Stations.

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ENGLAND—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS.
SEVERN (cont.)		
	{ <i>Dene</i>	Kington.
	{ <i>Coombe Brook</i>	Kington.
	{ <i>Lake</i>	Stratford-on-Avon.
	.....	Shipston.
	{ <i>Stour</i>	Shipston.
	{ <i>Compton Brook</i>	Shipston.
	{ <i>Knee Brook</i> ..	Campden, Blockley, Shipston.
	{ <i>Ealington Park</i>	Shipston.
	{ <i>Lake</i>	Stratford-on-Avon.
	{ <i>Stour</i>	Milcote, Salford Priors.
	.....	Alvechurch, Redditch.
	{ <i>Arrow</i>	Redditch.
	{ <i>Hewell Grange</i>	Redditch.
	{ <i>Lake</i>	Redditch.
	{ <i>Ipsley Lodge</i>	Redditch.
	{ <i>Pond</i>	Redditch.
	{ <i>Arrow</i>	Studley, Congleton, Alcester.
	{ <i>(Aine)</i>	Henley-in-Arden.
	{ <i>Edstone Brk.</i>	Hatton, Bearley Cross.
	{ <i>(Aine)</i>	Alcester.
	{ <i>Rugley Park</i>	Wixford.
	{ <i>Lake</i>	Wixford, Salford Priors.
	{ <i>Arrow</i>	Salford Priors.
	{ <i>Ban Brook</i>	Harvington.
	.....	Harvington.
	<i>Wickham Brook</i>	Evesham.
	.....	Hinton, Evesham.
	<i>Isborne</i>	Pershore.
	.....	Inkberrow
	{ <i>Wyre</i>	Pershore.
	{ <i>Whitsun Brook</i>	Pershore.
	{ <i>Wyre</i>	Defford.
	.....	Alcester.
	{ <i>Bow Brook</i>	Alcester.
	{ <i>Dean Brook</i> ..	Spetchley, Pershore.
	{ <i>Bow Brook</i>	Spetchley.
	{ <i>Stoulton Brook</i>	Spetchley, Pershore.
	{ <i>Spetchley Park</i>	Defford.
	{ <i>Lake</i>	Bredon, Tewkesbury
	{ <i>Bow Brook</i>	Tewkesbury.
	.....	Prestbury, Cleve, Tewkesbury.
	<i>Carant Brook</i> ..	Tewkesbury.
<i>Swilgars</i>	<i>Tirle Brook</i> ..	Cheltenham, Gloucester.
<i>Chelt</i> .....	.....	Gloucester.
.....	.....	Gloucester.
<i>Longford Brook</i>	<i>Broadboard Bk.</i>	Gloucester.
<i>Leadon</i> .....	.....	Ledbury.
	<i>Dogberry Pools</i>	Ledbury.
	<i>Canal Reservoir</i>	Ledbury.
	.....	Dymock.
	<i>Preston</i>	Dymock.
	.....	Upleadon.
	.....	Upleadon.
	{ <i>Clynch Brook</i> ..	Ledbury.
	{ <i>Eastnor Castle</i>	Newent, Upleadon.
	{ <i>Lakes</i>	Gloucester.
	<i>Newent Brook</i> ..	Gloucester.
	.....	Bude.
<i>Toteer</i> .....	.....	Sidmouth.
SHREPPHILL BRK. .....	.....	Hartland.
SID .....	.....	Cheriton.
SPOKES MILL .....	.....	Truro.
STACKPOLE BK. .....	.....	Truro.
ST. ALLEN ....	.....	Truro.
	<i>Boswallock Wtr.</i>	Chancewater, Truro.
	<i>Tregarethan Wtr.</i>	Grampond Road.
	<i>Sowcock Water</i>	Grampond Road.
	<i>Tresillian Water</i>	Grampond Road.
	<i>Trelasick Brook</i> ..	Grampond Road.
	<i>Kestle Water</i> ..	Grampond Road.

ENGLAND—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS.
ST. ALLEN (cont.)	Woodland Brk.	Truro.
ST. AUSTELL ..	.....	St. Austell.
STEEPING RIVER	Chissey	Burngallow, St. Austell.
ST. GERMAN'S ..	.....	Spilsby, Halton Hologate, Thorpe, Wain- Liskeard, Menheniot, St. Germans.
	Cad	Launceston.
	.....	Launceston.
STOUR (Kent).	Trevartha Wtr.	St. Germans.
	.....	Ashford, Westonhanger, Wye, Chilham, Chartham, Canterbury, Sturry, Grove Ferry
	Little Stour ..	Bekesbourne, Grove Ferry.
STOUR (Dorset)	.....	Minster, Sandwich.
	Shroen.....	Witham, Gillingham.
	Ledden	Gillingham.
	.....	Gillingham.
	Fern Brook ..	Shaftsbury.
	.....	Gillingham.
	Cole.....	Wincanton, Temple Combe.
	.....	Temple Combe.
	.....	Stalbridge.
	Lidden	Sturminster Newton, Stalbridge.
	Diveish	Sturminster.
	Isarne.....	Blandford.
	.....	Sturminster, Shillingston, Blandford Spet- tisbury.
	Tarrant	Spettisbury.
	.....	Bailey Gate, Wimborne.
	Allen	Verwood, Wimborne.
	Blackwater.....	Wimborne.
	.....	Hern Bridge.
	Moors.....	Verwood, Hern Bridge.
	.....	Christchurch.
STOUR (Suffolk)	.....	Haverhill, Sturmer.
	Albery Brook ..	Haverhill, Sturmer.
	Birdbrook	Sturmer.
	.....	Stoke, Clare, Cavendish.
	Glenyford Brk.	Melford.
	.....	Melford.
	Melford Brook ..	Melford.
	Bardfield Brook ..	Sudbury.
	.....	Sudbury, Bures.
	Astington Mill Pond	Bures.
	.....	Nayland.
	Boxford	Sudbury, Nayland.
	Brett .....	.....
	Brettenham Pt.	Lavenham.
	Lake	Cockfield, Lavenham.
	Lavenham Brk.	Hadleigh.
	.....	Manningtree.
	.....	Plymouth.
TAMER .....	.....	Holsworthy.
	Bude Reservoir	Holsworthy.
	Fox Water ..	Holsworthy.
	Holsworthy Wtr.	Holsworthy.
	Claw	Holsworthy.
	Bear Water ..	Launceston.
	.....	Launceston.
	Yoolm	Launceston.
	.....	Launceston.
	Cancer Water .	Launceston.
	Wilsey Brook ..	Launceston.
	Cowdery Water	Launceston.
	Kingsford Wtr.	Launceston.
	.....	Launceston.
	Attery.....	Launceston.
	Lyd	Launceston.
	.....	Lidford, Coryton.
	Lew	Bridestow, Lidford.
	Mary Stow ...	Coryton.
	.....	Lifton.
	Thistle	Bridestow, Lifton.
	.....	Launceston.
Laudno Water	.....	Launceston.
Inny .....	.....	Launceston.

ENGLAND—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS.
TAMER (cont.) ..	<i>Penpont Water</i>	Launceston.
	.....	Tavistock.
	<i>Tavy</i>	Lidford.
	.....	Lidford.
	<i>Rattle</i>	Mary Tavy.
	.....	Mary Tavy.
	<i>Wolmer</i>	Tavistock.
	.....	Tavistock.
	<i>Lamerton</i>	Mary Tavy, Tavistock, Horrabridge.
	<i>Walcombe</i>	Bickley.
TAW .....	.....	Plymouth.
	.....	Okehampton.
	<i>Teal Water</i>	Okehampton.
	.....	North Tawton, Lapford.
	<i>Lapford Water</i>	Bow.
	.....	Morchard Road.
	<i>Bradford Brk.</i>	Lapford.
	.....	Lapford.
	<i>Washford Brk.</i>	Eggesford.
	.....	Eggesford.
.....	<i>Hollowcombe Wtr.</i>	East Anstey
	<i>Little Dart</i>	East Anstey
	<i>Sturcombe</i> ..	Eggesford.
	.....	Eggesford.
	<i>Tiddywater</i> ..	South Molton Road.
	.....	East Anstey, Molland.
	<i>Yeo</i>	Molland.
	<i>Molland Water</i>	South Molton.
	<i>Mole</i>	East Anstey, Molland, South Molton
	<i>Knowstone Wtr.</i>	South Molton.
.....	<i>Littlecot Brook..</i>	Castlehill, South Molton.
	<i>Bray</i>	Portsmouth Arms, Umberleigh.
	.....	Chapelton.
	<i>Chittlehampton</i>	Chapelton.
	.....	Portsmouth Arms, Chapelton.
	<i>Yarncombe Bk.</i>	Swinbridge, Chapelton.
	<i>Swinbridge Wtr.</i>	Barnstaple.
	.....	Barnstaple.
	<i>Kentisbury Wtr.</i>	Barnstaple
	<i>Muddiford Bk.</i>	Dinsdale.
TRES .....	.....	Moreton Hampstead, Lustleigh.
TIGN (Devon)	.....	Lustleigh, Bovey.
	<i>Bovey</i>	Teigngrace, Newton, Teignmouth.
TIST (Hants).	.....	Overton, Whitechurch, Itchen Abbas, Ful-
	.....	lerton Bridge.
.....	<i>Anton</i>	Andover, Goodworth Clatford, Fullerton
	.....	Bridge.
.....	.....	Stockbridge, King Somborne, Mottisfont,
	.....	Romsey, Redbridge.
.....	<i>Lyndhurst Brk.</i>	Lyndhurst, Redbridge.
	.....	Southampton.
TETNEY DRAIN	.....	Market Basen.
	<i>Crozby Pond..</i>	Moortown.
.....	.....	Holton-le-Clay.
	.....	Tetbury-road.
THAMES	<i>Churn</i>	Cirencester.
	<i>Ray</i>	Swindon, Purton.
.....	<i>Byde Mill Brook</i>	Shrivenham.
	<i>Cole</i>	Swindon, Shrivenham.
.....	.....	Lechlade.
	<i>Colne</i>	Shipton, Fairford, Lechlade.
.....	<i>Leach</i>	Lechlade.
	.....	Bampton.
.....	<i>Charney Brook</i>	Bampton.
	<i>Windrush</i>	Bourton-on-the-Water.
.....	<i>Dickler</i>	Stow, Bourton-on-the-Water.
	.....	Witney.
.....	.....	Yarnton.
	<i>Evenlode</i>	Adlestrop, Chipping Norton, Shipton,
.....	.....	Ascott, Charlbury, Handbrough.
	<i>Glyme</i>	Handbrough.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.	STATIONS.
THAMES (cont.)	Oxford.
<i>Cherwell</i>	Byfield, Copredy, Penny Compton, Banbury, Aynho, Somerton, Heyford, Kirtlington, Woodstock-road, Islip.
.....	Bicester, Islip.
.....	Oxford.
.....	Abingdon.
<i>Ock</i>	Abingdon.
.....	Culham, Appleford.
.....	Aylesbury, Liddington. [Ing.]
<i>Thame</i>	Wallingford, Goring, Pangbourne, Read-Marlborough, Hungerford, Kintbury, Newbury, Thatcham, Midgham, Aldermaston.
<i>Kennet</i>	Newbury, Midgham, Aldermaston.
.....	Theale, Reading.
.....	Shiplake, Twyford.
<i>Loddon</i>	Basingstoke, Mortimer.
.....	Farnborough, Blackwater, Sandhurst.
<i>Blackwater</i> ...	Winchfield.
<i>Whitewater</i> ..	Twyford.
.....	Bracknell, Twyford.
.....	Henley, Marlow, Bourne End, Cookham.
<i>Wye</i>	West Wycombe, High Wycombe, Loudwater, Woburn, Cookham.
.....	Maidenhead, Windsor, Datchet, Wraysbury.
<i>Colne</i>	Harpden, St. Alban's, Park Street, Elmtree, Radlett, Watford Junction, Watford, Rickmansworth.
.....	Hemel Hempstead, Box Moor, Berkhamstead, King's Langley, Rickmansworth.
<i>Gade</i>	Rickmansworth.
<i>Chess</i>	Uxbridge, West Drayton, Wraysbury.
.....	Staines, Chertsey, Weybridge.
<i>Bourne Brook</i> ..	Ascot, Virginia Water, Woking, Weybridge.
<i>Wey</i>	Alton, Farnham, Liphook, Haslemere.
.....	Tongham, Milford, Godalming, Witley.
<i>Tillingbourne</i> ..	Cranley, Bramley, Shalford.
.....	Gomshall, Shalford.
.....	Guildford, Woking, Pirbright, Weybridge.
.....	Shepperton, Sunbury, Hampton, Hampton Court.
<i>Mole</i>	Crawley, Three Bridges, Horley, Rowfant, Merstham, Red Hill, Holmewood, Betchworth, Dorking, Box Hill, Leatherhead, Esher, Moulsey, Hampton Court.
.....	Thames Ditton, Kingston.
<i>Hog's Mill River</i> ..	Ewell, Epsom, Malden, Kingston.
.....	Teddington.
<i>Colne</i>	Ashford, Feltham, Teddington.
.....	Twickenham, Richmond, Isleworth.
<i>Yedding Brook</i> ..	Southall, Twickenham, Isleworth.
.....	Brentford. [Brentford]
<i>Brent</i>	Hendon, Welsh Harp, Willesden, Hanwell, Kew, Mortlake, Barnes, Chiswick, Hammersmith, Putney, Wandsworth.
.....	Croydon, Carshalton, Mitcham, Merton, London. [Wandsworth].
<i>Wandle</i>	Blideford.
TOWARDS ...	Blideford.
<i>Sockington Wtr.</i> ..	Blideford.
<i>Floodmead Wtr.</i> ..	Torrington.
<i>Waldon</i>	Torrington.
<i>Whateleigh Brk.</i> ..	Torrington.
<i>Buckland Brook</i> ..	Oakhampton.
<i>Lew</i>	Oakhampton.
.....	Oakhampou.
<i>Ashbury Brook.</i> ..	Oakhampton.
<i>Wagayord Brk.</i> ..	Oakhampton.
<i>Marshford Brk.</i> ..	Oakhampton.
.....	Oakhampton.
<i>Venton Brook</i> ..	Oakhampton.
<i>Oakment</i>	Bridestow, Oakhampton.
<i>Esbourne Wtr.</i> ..	Sampford Courtney, Tawton.

ENGLAND—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS.
TORRINGTON (cont.)	<i>Merton Brook</i>	Torrington.
	<i>Woolley Brook</i>	Torrington.
.....	Torrington.
	<i>Langtree Brook</i>	Torrington.
	<i>Humbleton Water</i>	Torrington.
	<i>Loddland Water</i>	Torrington.
	<i>Alvington Brk.</i>	Bideford.
	Bideford.
	<i>Wear Water</i> ..	Bideford.
TOWAN	Perranzabuloe.
	<i>Golla Water</i> ..	Perranzabuloe.
TOWINGTON	Exminster.
TREDAWL WTR.	Forrabury.
TRENT	<i>Black Bull Res.</i>	Black Bull.
.....	Milton.
	<i>Foxley Brook</i> ..	Black Bull, Ford Green, Milton.
.....	Bucknall, Stoke.
	<i>Fowler Brook</i> ..	Bath Pool
.....	Tunstall, Burslem, Hanley, Stoke.
	<i>Lyme</i>	Fenton, Trentham.
	<i>Northwood Brk.</i> ..	Newcastle, Trentham.
	<i>Keel Hall Park</i>
	<i>Lakes</i>	Newcastle.
	<i>Trentham Park</i>
	<i>Lakes</i>	Trentham.
	<i>Hanchurch Farm</i>
	<i>Ponds</i>	Trentham.
	<i>Park Hall Lake</i> ..	Longton, Trentham.
.....	<i>Longton Brook</i>
	<i>Trentham Park</i>
	<i>Lake</i>	Trentham.
.....	Barlaston.
	<i>Barlaston Park</i>
	<i>Lake</i>	Barlaston.
.....	Stone.
	<i>Filly Brook</i> ..	Stone.
	<i>Moddershall Brk.</i> ..	Moddershall
.....	Mill Ponds ..
	Stone.
	<i>Gayton Brook</i> ..	Weston.
.....	Weston.
	Great Haywood.
	<i>Sow</i>	Eccleshall.
	Eccleshall.
	<i>Offley Brook</i>
	<i>Oatland Lake</i>
	<i>Cop Mere</i>
	<i>Mease</i>	Whitmore.
	<i>Whitmore Park</i>
	<i>Lake</i>	Whitmore.
	<i>Hatton Mill</i> ..	Standon.
	<i>Bromley Brk.</i> ..	Standon.
	<i>Bromley Mill</i> ..	Standon.
	<i>Podmore Pool</i> ..	Standon.
	<i>Mease</i>
	<i>Mease House</i>
	<i>Ponds</i>	Standon
	<i>Swinerton</i>
	<i>Park Lake</i> ..	Stone.
	<i>Mease</i>	Norton Bridge.
.....	Great Bridgeford, Stafford.
	<i>Chamford Brk.</i> ..	Stafford.
	<i>Penk</i>
	<i>Chillington Pt.</i>
	<i>Pool</i>	Codsall.
	<i>Penk</i>	Codsall.
	<i>Moseley Mill</i> ..	Bushbury.
	<i>Penk</i>	Four Ashes
	<i>Saredon Brk.</i>
	<i>Up. & Lower</i>
	<i>Brindley</i>
	<i>Pool</i>	Hednesford.
	<i>Furnace Pool</i>
	<i>Hednesford</i>
	<i>Pool</i>

The Angler's Diary.

ENGLAND—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS.
TRIBUTARY (cont.)		
	Saredon	Cannock.
	Hatherton	
	Hall Lake..	Cannock.
	Saredon	Four Ashes.
	Pent	Brewood, Penkridge.
	{ Whiston Brk.	
	{ Eaton Water.	Gnossall.
	{ Whiston	Penkridge.
	{ Galey Brook..	Penkridge.
	{ Galey Reser-	
	{ voir	Galey.
	{ Pillaton Brk.	
	{ Pottall Re-	
	{ servoir ..	Cannock.
	{ Pottall Pools..	Cannock.
	{ Manley	
	{ Wood Pnds	Penkridge.
	{ Pillaton	Penkridge.
	{ Keeper's Pls. &	
	{ Park Pool ..	Penkridge.
	{ Pent	Stafford.
	{ Kingston Brook	
	{ Ingestre Park	
	{ Pool	Ingestre or Weston.
	{ Kingston Pool .	Stafford.
	{ Tixhall Pk.Pool	Stafford.
	{ Sherbrook Brk.	
	{ Upper, Middle,	
	{ and Lower	Rugeley.
	{ Sherbrook Pls.}	
	.....	Great Haywood.
	.....	Colwich.
.....	Oakedge Park	
	Ponds	Colwich.
.....	.....	Rugeley.
	Colton Brook ..	Rugeley.
	Rising Brook ..	Hednesford.
	Bolands Pool..	Rugeley.
	New Coppice Pool	Rugeley.
	.....	Armitage.
.....	.....	Armitage.
	How Brook... Beaudesert Lake	Blythe, Creswell, Leigh.
	Blythe	
	Birchwood Park	
	Lake	Leigh.
	.....	Grindley, Abbots Bromley.
	Tad Brook....	Abbots Bromley.
	{ Bromley Brook	
	{ Bagots Park	
	{ Lakes	Abbots Bromley.
	{ Part Brook....	Armitage.
	Bourne Brook..	Hammerwich.
	Coneyhill Pond	Lichfield.
	Ashmore Brook	Armitage.
	Ben Brook	Alrewas.
.....	.....	Abbots Bromley
	Swarbourne Bk.	
	Newboro' Lake	
	{ Lin Brook	
	{ Byrkley Park	
	{ Lake	Burton.
	{ Snee Pool	Walton.
	.....	Alrewas.
	Alrewas Brook .	Lichfield.
.....	.....	Wichnor.
	Tune	
	Tilford Reser-	Langley Green.
	voir	Oldbury.
	Oldbury Pond..	Wednesbury, Bescott Junction.
	
	{ Sneyd Brook ..	Bloxwich.
	{ Sneyd Pool....	Walsall, Bescott Junction.
	{ Sneyd Brook ..	Pelsall, Walsall, Bescott Junction.
	Ford Brook....	Newton Road.
	

ENGLAND—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.	STATIONS.
TRENT (cont.)	
<i>Red House Hall</i>	
<i>Pond</i>	Newton Road.
<i>Forge Pond</i> ..	Newton Road.
<i>Barr Pk. Lakes</i>	Perry Barr.
<i>Aston Pk. Lake</i>	Newton Road.
<i>Lodge Pool</i>	Aston.
<i>Upper Witton Pl.</i>	Aston.
<i>Lower Witton Pl.</i>	Aston.
<i>Rea</i>	Lifford.
<i>{ Bourne Brook</i>	
<i>{ Frankley Pond</i>	Halesowen.
<i>{ Bourne</i>	
<i>{ Harborne Mill</i>	Lifford.
<i>Rea</i>	Birmingham.
<i>Cannon Hill Lake</i>	Birmingham.
<i>Edgbaston Reservoir</i>	Birmingham.
<i>{ Thimble Mill</i>	Birmingham.
<i>{ Smethwick</i>	
<i>{ Reservoir</i>	Birmingham.
<i>Rotten Park Reservoir</i> ..	Birmingham.
<i>Rea</i>	Aston.
<i>East Brook</i>	Castle Bromwich.
<i>Bracebridge Pl.</i>	
<i>Blackroot Pool.</i>	Sutton Coldfield.
<i>{ Longmore Mill</i>	Sutton Coldfield.
<i>{ Powell's Pool</i>	Sutton Coldfield.
<i>{ Windley Pool</i>	Sutton Coldfield.
<i>East Brook</i>	Castle Bromwich.
<i>Blythe</i>	Whitacre Junction.
<i>Earlswood Res.</i>	Knowle.
<i>Blythe</i>	Solihull, Knowle, Hampton.
<i>Packington Pk. Lakes</i>	Hampton.
<i>Coleshill Pool</i> ..	Coleshill.
<i>Blythe</i>	Coleshill.
<i>Cole</i>	Lifford.
<i>Titterford Mill</i>	
<i>Inkford Brk.</i>	Solihull.
<i>Cole</i>	Stichford.
<i>{ Utterly Bk.</i>	
<i>{ Kineton Reservoir</i> ..	Solihull.
<i>{ Utterly</i> ..	Marston Green.
<i>{ Chelmsley Wood Pds.</i>	
<i>Cole</i>	Coleshill.
<i>Blythe</i>	Coleshill.
<i>Arley Brook</i> ..	Whitacre Junction.
<i>Langley Brook.</i>	Arley, Shustoke, Whitacre.
<i>Langley Hall Ponds</i>	Kingsbury.
<i>Middleton Hall Lake</i>	
<i>{ Gallows Brook</i> ..	Sutton Coldfield.
<i>{ Canwell Hall Pd.</i>	Sutton Coldfield.
<i>Bourne Brook</i> ..	Wilnecote.
<i>Bourne Pool</i> ..	
<i>{ Crane Brook.</i>	Sutton Coldfield.
<i>{ Biddulph's Pl.</i>	Cannock.
<i>{ Brownhill's Reservoir</i> ..	Brownhills.

ENGLAND—continued.

TRENT (cont.)	RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.	STATIONS.
	<i>Drayton Manor</i>	
	<i>Lakes</i>	Wilnecote.
	<i>Bourne</i>	Wilnecote.
	.....	Tamworth.
	<i>Anker</i>	Nuneaton.
	<i>Griff Brook..</i>	Bedworth.
	<i>Sedswood Pl.</i>	
	<i>and Arbury</i>	
	<i>Park Lake.</i>	Stockingford.
	<i>Griff</i>	Nuneaton.
	<i>Anker</i>	Atherstone.
	<i>Sence</i>	Hugglescote, Heather.
	<i>Blower's Brk.</i>	Heather.
	<i>Sence</i>	Shakerstone.
	<i>Bosworth Bk.</i>	Market Bosworth.
	<i>(Tweed ...</i>	Shenton.
	<i>Duckery in</i>	
	<i>Bosworth</i>	
	<i>Park ..</i>	Shenton.
	<i>Anker</i>	Polesworth, Tamworth.
	<i>Freeford Brook</i>	
	<i>Swinfen Hall</i>	
	<i>Lakes</i>	Lichfield.
	<i>Freeford Hall</i>	
	<i>Lakes</i>	Lichfield.
	.....	Wichnor.
<i>Mease</i> .....	.....	Ashby-de-la-Zouch, Snarston, Measham.
	<i>Willesley Park</i>	
	<i>Lake</i>	Ashby-de-la-Zouch.
	<i>Seal Brook</i>	
	<i>Over Seal Res.</i>	Over Seal.
	<i>Barrat Pool ..</i>	Over Seal.
	.....	Croxhall, Wichnor.
.....	.....	Walton.
<i>Tatenhill Lake</i>	.....	Burton.
.....	.....	Burton.
<i>Dove</i> .....	.....	Longnor, Hartington.
	<i>Mannysfold</i>	Longnor.
	<i>Blackbrook</i>	Longnor.
	<i>Elkstone Brook</i>	Longnor.
	<i>(Hamps</i>	Leek.
	<i>Lower Acre</i>	
	<i>Ponds</i>	Leek.
	<i>Mannysfold</i>	Ilam.
	.....	Ashbourne.
	<i>Bradbourne Bk.</i>	Ashbourne.
	.....	Clifton.
	<i>(Henmore.....</i>	
	<i>Hopton Hall</i>	
	<i>Lakes</i>	Wirksworth, Ashbourne, Clifton.
	.....	Norbury.
	<i>Calwick Brook</i>	Norbury.
	.....	Rochester.
	<i>Churnet</i>	Leek.
	<i>Rudyard Reserv.</i>	Leek.
	<i>(Endon Brook</i>	
	<i>Stanley Mill</i>	Endon.
	<i>Wetley Pond</i>	Cheddleton.
	<i>Churnet</i>	Cheddleton.
	<i>West Brook....</i>	Cheddleton.
	<i>Consall Hall</i>	
	<i>Lake</i>	Froghall.
	<i>Ipsstone Lake ..</i>	Froghall.
	<i>Churnet</i>	Froghall.
	<i>Dark Mill</i>	Froghall.
	<i>Churnet</i>	Oakamoor, Alton.
	<i>(Halford Brk.</i>	
	<i>Woolton</i>	
	<i>Grange Lake</i>	Norbury.
	<i>Churnet</i>	Denston, Rochester.
	<i>Teau Brook ..</i>	Cheadle, Uttoxeter.

ENGLAND—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS.
TRENT (cont.) .....	.....	Uttoxeter.
.....	<i>Stoneyford Brk.</i>	Uttoxeter.
.....	.....	Marchington.
.....	<i>Somershall Brk.</i>	Marchington.
.....	.....	Sudbury.
.....	<i>Sudbury Brook</i>	Sudbury.
.....	<i>Cubley Brook</i>	Tutbury.
.....	.....	Tutbury.
.....	{ <i>Fleam or Little</i>	Tutbury.
.....	<i>Dove</i> .....	.....
.....	<i>Rollaston Hall</i>	Tutbury.
.....	<i>Lake</i>	Egginton.
.....
.....	{ <i>Longford Brook</i>	Ashbourn.
.....	<i>Yaldersley Pond</i>	Ashbourn.
.....	<i>Shirley Park</i> ..	.....
.....	{ <i>Bradley Brk.</i>	Ashbourn.
.....	<i>Bradley Lakes</i>	Tutbury.
.....	<i>Limbersitch Bk.</i> .....	.....
.....	<i>Longford</i> .....	.....
.....	<i>Egginton Hall</i> .....	.....
.....	<i>Lakes</i>	Eggington.
.....	.....	Willington.
.....	<i>Etwell Brook</i> ..	Mickleover.
.....	<i>Radburn Pond</i>	Etwell, Egginton, Willington.
.....	<i>Repton Brook</i> ..	.....
.....	<i>Hartshorn Pnds.</i>	Swadlincote.
.....	<i>Screw Mill</i>	Swadlincote.
.....	<i>Glover's Mill</i> ..	Swadlincote.
.....	<i>Repton Mill</i> ..	Swadlincote.
.....	<i>Bretby Pk. Lakes</i>	Swadlincote.
.....	<i>Repton Pk. Lake</i>	Willington.
.....	<i>Foremark Brk.</i> ..	.....
.....	<i>Repton Rocks</i>	Swadlincote.
.....	<i>Pond</i>	Willington.
.....	<i>Foremark Pnds.</i> .....	.....
.....	<i>Foremark Hall</i>	Willington.
.....	<i>Pond</i>	Chellaston.
.....	.....	Ashby-de-la-Zouch, Worthington, Tong,
.....	<i>Breedon Brook.</i>	[Melbourne].
.....	<i>Coleorton Pnds.</i> .....	.....
.....	<i>Carr Brook</i> ..	Worthington.
.....	<i>Dogkennel Pool.</i> .....	.....
.....	<i>Stanton Hall</i>	Worthington.
.....	<i>Ponds</i>	Worthington.
.....	<i>Calke Park Pds.</i>	Melbourne.
.....	<i>Carr</i>	Weston.
.....
.....	<i>Donnington Park</i>	Weston.
.....	<i>Lake</i>	Castle Donnington.
.....	.....	Ashopton.
.....	<i>Derwent</i> .....	.....
.....	<i>Little Houden</i> .....	.....
.....	<i>Brook</i>	Ashopton.
.....	<i>Westend</i>	Ashopton.
.....	<i>Abbey Brook</i> ..	Ashopton.
.....	<i>Mill Brook</i>	Ashopton.
.....	{ <i>Ashop</i>	Glossop.
.....	<i>Lady Clough Brk.</i>	Ashopton.
.....	<i>Fair Brook</i>	Glossop.
.....	<i>Alport</i>	Ashopton.
.....	<i>Ashop</i>	Ashopton.
.....	<i>Lady Burk</i>	Ashopton.
.....	{ <i>Now</i>	Hayfield, Chapel-en-le Frith, Castleton.
.....	<i>Peaks Hole Wtr</i>	Castleton.
.....	<i>Bradwell Brook</i>	Hathersage.
.....	.....	Hathersage.
.....	<i>Hood Brook</i> ..	Hathersage.
.....	<i>Highlow Brook</i>	Dronfield, Hathersage.
.....	<i>Benbage Brook</i>	Baslow.
.....	.....	Baslow.
.....	{ <i>Bar Brook</i>	Baslow.
.....	<i>Black Leach Bk.</i>	Edensor Bowsley.
.....

*The Angler's Diary.***ENGLAND—continued.**

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS.
TRENT (cont.)	Wye	Buxton, Millers Dale, Monsal Dale, Ashford, Bakewell, Bowsley.
.....	.....	Darley.
.....	{ <i>Sychope Brook</i>	Darley.
.....	{ <i>Flash Dam</i>	Matlock.
.....	.....	Matlock.
.....	<i>Bentley Brook</i> ..	Cromford, Whatstandwell.
.....
.....	<i>Alderwasley</i>	Whatstandwell.
.....	<i>Ponds</i>	Ambergate.
.....	.....	Matlock, Stretton.
.....	{ <i>Amber</i>	Stretton.
.....	{ <i>Stretton Brook</i> ..	Wingfield.
.....	{ <i>Amber</i> .....	.....
.....	{ <i>Normanton</i>	Alfreton.
.....	{ <i>Brook</i>	Westhouse, Alfreton.
.....	{ <i>Westwood Bk.</i>	Alfreton.
.....	{ <i>Birches Brook</i> ..	Ripley.
.....	{ <i>Batterley Reser.</i>	Ambergate.
.....	{ <i>Amber</i>	Belper.
.....	.....	Belper.
.....	<i>Black Brook</i> ..	Duffield.
.....	.....	Wicksworth, Idridgehay, Hazlewood,
.....	<i>Ecclesbourne</i> ..	Little Eaton.
.....	.....	Kilburn, Coxbench,
.....	{ <i>Holbrook Brook</i>	Coxbench.
.....	{ <i>Smalley Mill</i> ..	Little Eaton.
.....	{ <i>Holbrook</i>	Little Eaton.
.....	{ <i>Allastry Hall Pnd.</i>	Breadsall, Derby
.....	{ <i>Ferryby Brook</i> ..	Derby.
.....
.....	{ <i>Cutler Brook</i> ..	.....
.....	{ <i>Kedleston Park</i>	Duffield, Derby.
.....	{ <i>Lake</i>	Derby.
.....	{ <i>Chaddesden Brk</i>	Spondon.
.....	{ <i>Locko Pk. Lake</i>	Spondon, Borrowash, Draycott.
.....
.....	<i>Elvaston Park</i>	Draycott.
.....	<i>Lake</i>	Sawley.
.....	.....	Sawley, Trent.
.....
.....	<i>Soar</i>	Leicester Grange
.....	.....	Lake
.....	.....	Claybrook Mill.
.....	.....	Normanton Brk
.....	.....	Kirkby Hall
.....	.....	Lake
.....	.....	Desford.
.....	.....	Normanton Hall
.....	.....	Lake
.....	.....	Narborough.
.....	.....	Narborough.
.....	.....	Narborough.
.....	.....	Narborough.
.....	.....	Glen Magna.
.....	<i>Whetstone Brk.</i>	.....
.....	{ <i>Billesdon Brook</i>	Glen Magna.
.....	{ <i>Wiston Hall</i>	Blaby, Narborough.
.....	.....	Leicester.
.....
.....	<i>Bramstone Hall</i>	Leicester.
.....	<i>Lake</i>	Leicester.
.....	<i>Willow Brook</i> ..	Leicester.
.....	<i>Ingersby Brook</i>	Wissendine.
.....	{ <i>Wreake or Eye</i>	Wissendine.
.....	{ <i>Edmondthorpe</i>	Wissendine.
.....	{ <i>Hall Pond</i>	Wissendine.
.....	{ <i>Leesthorpe Pnd.</i>	.....
.....	{ <i>Stapleford Pk.</i>	.....
.....	{ <i>Lake</i>	Saxby.
.....	{ <i>Wreake</i>	Saxby.
.....	{ <i>Saxby Brook</i> ..	Saxby.
.....	{ <i>Wreake</i>	Melton Mowbray.

ENGLAND—continued.

TRENT (cont.)	RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.	STATIONS.
	{ Melton Brook	
	{ Goadby Mar-	
	wood Lake	Scalford.
	{ Melton.....	Melton Mowbray,
	{ Wreake	Ashfordby.
	{ Welby Pond ..	Ashfordby.
	{ Wreake	Frisby.
	{ Sazeby Pond..	Grimstone.
	{ Wreake	Brooksby, Rearsby
	{ Ox Brook ..	Rearsby.
	{ Ragdale Hall	
	{ Pond	Rearsby.
	{ Queniboro' Bk.	Syston.
	{ Ashby Brook.	Syston.
	{ Wreake	Syston.
	{ Barkby Brook	Syston.
	{ Hungerton	
	{ Pond	Syston.
	.....	Syston.
	{ Rothley Brook..	Desford.
	{ Gabriel Pool ..	Desford.
	{ Rothley	Rathy, Glenfield.
	.....	Mount Sorrel, Barrow-on-Soar.
	{ Quorndon Brk..	Glenfield, Barrow-on-Soar.
	.....	Loughborough.
	{ Walton Brk. ..	Loughborough.
	{ Stanford Hall	
	{ Lake	Loughborough.
	{ Dishley Brook ..	Coalville.
	{ Carr Brook ..	
	{ Old Reservoir	Swannington.
	{ Garendon Park	
	{ Lake	Loughborough.
	{ Dishley	Loughborough.
	.....	Hathern.
	{ Osgathorpe Brk.	
	{ Coleorton Ponds	Ashby-de-la-Zouch.
	{ Dixworth Brk.	
	{ Langley Priory	
	{ Pond	Tong.
	{ Osgathorpe	Hathern.
	.....	Kegworth.
	{ Kington Brook.	Kegworth.
	.....	Trent.
	.....	Eaton Junction.
.....	Erwash	Pinxton.
	{ Brookshill Hall	
	{ Lakes	Pinxton.
	.....	Pye Bridge, Codnor Park.
	{ Golden Valley	
	{ Reservoir ..	Codnor Park.
	.....	Eastwood.
	{ Aldercar Hall	
	{ Lakes	Eastwood.
	{ Loscoe Dam ..	Eastwood.
	.....	Newthorpe.
	{ Gilt Brook	Ilkestone.
	.....	Ilkestone, Stanton.
	{ Nut Brook	West Hallam, Stanton.
	.....	Sandiacre Eaton Junction
	.....	Attenborough, Beeston.
.....	{ Tottle Brook ..	Radford, Beeston.
.....	{ Fairham Brk..	Widmerpool, Beeston.
	.....	Nottingham.
.....	{ Leen.....	
	{ Upper & Lower	
	{ Lakes, New-	
	stead Abbey..	Linby.
	{ Papplewick Mill	Linby.
	{ Forge Mill ..	Bulwell.
	.....	Bulwell, Basford.

The Angler's Diary.

ENGLAND—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS.
TRENT (cont.)	<i>Nuthall Lake..</i>	Kimberley.
	<i>Day Brook ..</i>	Basford.
		Radford, Nottingham.
		Colwick, Radcliffe.
	<i>Thurbeck.....</i>	Plumtree.
	<i>Rocheston</i>	
	<i>Manor Lake</i>	Edwalton.
		Radcliffe.
		Burton Joyce.
	<i>Cocker Beck ..</i>	Lowdham, Burton Joyce.
	<i>Dover Beck...</i>	Lowdham, Burton Joyce.
		Bleasby, Fiskerton.
	<i>Greet</i>	
	<i>Kirklington</i>	
	<i>Moor Ponds</i>	Southwell.
	<i>Edngly Cotton</i>	
	<i>Mill Pond ..</i>	Farnsfield.
	<i>Kirklington</i>	
	<i>Hall Lake</i>	Southwell.
	<i>Halam Beck ..</i>	Southwell.
		Southwell, Rolleston, Fiskerton.
		Newark.
		Newark.
	<i>Pingley Dyke..</i>	
	<i>Devon</i>	
	<i>Kimpton Re-</i>	Redmile.
	<i>servoir.....</i>	Scalford.
	<i>Croxton Pk Lake</i>	
	<i>Woolthorpe</i>	
	<i>Lake</i>	Redmile.
		Bottesford.
	<i>Smite</i>	Upper Broughton.
	<i>Dalbly Brook ..</i>	Upper Broughton.
	<i>Smite</i>	Barnston, Aslacton.
	<i>Whipling.....</i>	Barnston.
	<i>Smite</i>	Bottesford.
		Cotham.
	<i>Car Dyke ...</i>	Bingham, Cotham.
		Newark.
		Carlton.
		Carlton.
	<i>Crosby Dyke ..</i>	
	<i>Cowarth Pool &</i>	
	<i>Mons Pool &</i>	
	<i>Collingham</i>	
	<i>Pond</i>	Carlton.
		Sutton.
	<i>Girton Brook..</i>	Swinderby.
	<i>Fleet and Black</i>	
	<i>Pool</i>	Sutton.
	<i>Grassthorpe Brk.</i>	Crow Park, Sutton.
		Torksey.
	<i>Foss Dyke Na-</i>	
	<i>avigation</i>	Torksey.
		Marton, Gainsborough.
		Redruth.
		New Quay.
		Felton, Lea Mills.
		Saffron Walden.
		Berwick.
		Hexham, Riding Mill, Tarsett.
		Brockslesby, Ulceby, Thornton.
	<i>Newsham Abbey</i>	
	<i>Lakes</i>	
		Patterdale, Penrith, Pooley Bridge.
ULLSWATER ..		Devynock.
USK	<i>Hydfer</i>	Devynock.
	<i>Clydack</i>	Devynock.
	<i>Cray</i>	Cray, Devynock.
	<i>Senni</i>	Devynock.
	<i>Treweren</i>	Devynock.
	<i>Ollenti</i>	Devynock.
	<i>Llandellor Brk.</i>	Devynock.
		Aberbran.
	<i>Bras</i>	Aberbran.

ENGLAND—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS.
USE (cont.) ..	<i>Yscir</i>	Aberbran.
.....	.....	Brecknock.
.....	<i>Honddu</i>	Brecknock.
.....	<i>Tarett</i>	Brecknock.
.....	.....	Brecknock.
.....	<i>Llyn-cwm-Lluch</i>	Brecknock.
.....	<i>Cynrig</i>	Tal-y-Llyn Junction.
.....	.....	Tal-y-Llyn Junction.
.....	<i>Mehascia</i>	Tal-y-Bont.
.....	.....	Torpanian, Tal-y-Bont.
.....	<i>Alwynd</i>	Tal-y-Bont.
.....	<i>Dyffryn</i>	Tal-y-Bont.
.....	<i>Hogwy</i>	Tal-y-Bont.
.....	<i>Rhiangoll</i>	Tolgarth, Gilwern.
.....	.....	Gilwern.
.....	<i>Gwynne</i>	Tolgarth, Gilwern.
.....	<i>Clydach</i>	Gilwern.
.....	.....	Govilon.
.....	<i>Wenarth</i>	Govilon.
.....	<i>Forge Pond</i> ..	Govilon.
.....	.....	Abergavenny.
.....	<i>Gavenny</i>	Llanthangel, Abergavenny.
.....	.....	Penpergum.
.....	<i>Llanover Brook</i>	Penpergum.
.....	<i>Llangattock Bk.</i>	Penpergum.
.....	<i>Llanarth Brook</i>	Nantyderry.
.....	.....	Nantyderry, Uak.
.....	<i>Oiway</i>	Bigswear, Llandenny.
.....	<i>Raglan Brook</i> ..	Raglan, Llandenny.
.....	<i>Pill Brook</i>	Llandenny.
.....	.....	Uak.
.....	.....	Caerleon.
.....	<i>Lloyd</i>	Blaen Afon, Cwm Afon, Abersychan, Pontypool, Panteg, Pontrhydyran, Pontnewydd, Cwmbran, Caerleon.
.....	<i>Douglas Brook</i> ..	Llanternan, Cwmbran.
.....	.....	Newport.
VIEWLYN BROOK ..	.....	Pensance.
WANSECK ..	.....	Morpeth.
WARBURN ..	.....	Holmsley.
WASHFORD ..	.....	Roadwater, Combe Row, Washford, Watchet
WASTWATER ..	.....	Netherwastdale, Wastwater.
WAVENEY ...	<i>Dias Mere</i>	Dias.
.....	<i>Eye Brook</i>	Eye.
.....	.....	Harleston, Homersfield, Bungay.
.....	<i>Ditchingham</i> ..	Bungay.
.....	<i>Hall Lakes</i> ..	Geldeston, Beccles.
.....	.....	Mutford, Lowestoft.
.....	<i>Oulton Brook</i> ..	Mutford.
.....	<i>Flinton Decoy</i> ..	Mutford.
.....	<i>Lake at Villa</i> ..	Somerleyton, Haddiscoe.
.....	.....	Haddiscoe.
.....	<i>Fittion Decoy</i> ..	Haddiscoe.
.....	<i>New Cut</i>	Belton.
.....	.....	Belton.
.....	<i>Breydon Water</i> ..	Yarmouth.
WHAVER ...	<i>Moss Mere</i>	Malpas.
.....	<i>Capel Mere</i> ..	Malpas.
.....	<i>Chokmondeley</i> ..	Wrenbury.
.....	<i>Mere</i>	Wrenbury.
.....	<i>Marbury Brook</i> ..	Malpas.
.....	<i>Brets Mere</i>	Malpas.
.....	<i>Bickley Mill</i> ..	Malpas.
.....	<i>Bar Mere</i>	Malpas.
.....	<i>Oss Brook</i>	Whitchurch.
.....	<i>Oss Mere</i>	Whitchurch.
.....	<i>Marbury Mere</i> ..	Whitchurch.
.....	<i>Marbury Mill</i> ..	Whitchurch.
.....	<i>Sales Brook</i> ..	Combermere
.....	<i>Mere</i>	Wrenbury.

The Angler's Diary.

ENGLAND—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS.
WEAVER (cont.)		
.....	Audlem.	
<i>Adderley Brook</i>	<i>New Pool</i>	Adderley.
.....	<i>Adderley Hall</i>	
.....	<i>Lakes</i>	Adderley.
.....	<i>The Mere</i> ..	Adderley.
.....		Audlem.
<i>Birch Hall Brk.</i>	<i>Woodfall Pool</i>	Audlem.
<i>Artle Brook</i> ..	<i>Madeley Manor</i>	
.....	<i>Park Lakes</i> ...	Keel.
<i>Boussey Mill Pond</i>	.....	Madeley.
.....	<i>Madeley Brook</i>	
.....	<i>Madeley Mill</i>	
.....	<i>Pond</i>	Madeley.
.....	<i>Wrinehill Mill</i>	
.....	<i>Pond</i>	Madeley.
.....	.....	Nantwich.
.....	<i>How Beck</i>	
.....	<i>Doddington Pk.</i>	
.....	<i>Lakes</i>	Nantwich.
<i>Baddiley Brook</i>	<i>Baddiley Mere</i>	Wrenbury.
.....	.....	Nantwich.
<i>Cheer Brook</i> ..	.....	Nantwich.
.....	.....	Worleston.
<i>Pool Brook</i>	<i>Harleston Lake</i>	Nantwich.
<i>Wistaston Brk.</i>	<i>Betley Mere</i> ..	Madeley.
<i>Little Mere</i> ..	.....	Madeley.
.....	<i>Betley Hall Lake</i>	Basford.
.....	.....	Basford, Crewe.
.....	<i>Swill Brook</i> ..	Basford, Crewe.
.....	<i>Inglesway Brk.</i>	
.....	<i>Batterley Mere</i>	Basford.
.....	<i>Monneley Mere</i>	Crewe.
.....	<i>Crewe House</i>	
.....	<i>Lakes</i>	Crewe.
.....	<i>Inglesway Brk.</i>	Crewe.
.....	.....	Worleston.
.....	.....	Minshull Vernon.
<i>Ash Brook</i>	<i>Oak Mere</i>	Delamere.
.....	<i>Oulton Brook</i> ..	
.....	<i>Fish Pool</i>	Delamere.
.....	<i>Oulton Mill</i>	
.....	<i>Pond</i>	Beeston.
.....	<i>Bedsworth Mill</i>	
.....	<i>Pond</i>	Winsford.
.....	<i>Wettenhall Brk.</i>	
.....	<i>Tilston Hall</i>	
.....	<i>Lake</i>	Beeston.
.....	.....	Minshull Vernon.
<i>Storks Hill Lake</i>	.....	Winsford.
.....	.....	Winsford.
<i>Whitgate Brook</i>	<i>New Church</i>	
.....	<i>Common Pnds.</i>	Cuddington.
.....	<i>Petty Pool</i>	Cuddington.
.....	.....	Winsford.
.....	.....	Northwich.
<i>Dane</i> .....	.....	Buxton.
.....	<i>Folly Brook</i> ..	Bosley.
.....	<i>Bosley Reservoir</i>	Bosley.
.....	.....	Rushton, Bosley.
.....	<i>Cow Brook</i>	
.....	<i>Great Oak Res.</i>	Rode.
.....	<i>Rode Reservoir</i>	Rode.
.....	<i>Cow Brook</i>	Bosley.
.....	.....	Congleton.
.....	<i>Biddulph Brook</i>	Congleton.
.....	<i>Dairy Brook</i> ..	Congleton.
.....	.....	Holmes Chapel.
.....	<i>Bag Mere</i>	Congleton, Holmes Chapel.
.....	<i>Midge Brook</i> ..	Congleton, Holmes Chapel.
.....	Middlewich.

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RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.
WEAVER (cont.) *(Wheelock)*

Wheelock	Moreton Hall Lake	Congleton.
Wheelock	Sandbach.	
Betchton Brook	Hassall Brk.	Sandbach.
	Alsager Pond	Alsager.
	Lawton Bk.	
	Lawton	
	Hall Lake	Alsager.
	Lawton	
	Mere	Alsager.
	Rode Hall	
	Lake	Alsager.
	Lawton Bk.	Alsager.
	Hassall Brk.	Sandbach.
	Foul Brook ..	
	Winterley	
	Mill Pond	Crews.
	Foul Brook ..	Sandbach.
Wheelock	Minshull Vernon, Middlewich.	
Croco	Holmes Chapel, Middlewich.	
Sanderson's Brook	Middlewich.	
.....	Northwich.	
Norcot Brook ..	Cogshall Lake..	Northwich.
Rudworth Brk.	Pickmere Mere	Northwich.
	Rudworth Mere	Northwich.
Kincham Brk.	Toft Hall Lake	Plumley.
	Nether Tabley Lake	Plumley.
	Waterless Brk.	Northwich.
	Brch Brook	Northwich.
	Arley Hall	
	Lake	Northwich.
	Peover Brook..	
	Gausworth Mill Pond	Macclesfield.
	Thornycroft	
	Hall Lakes..	Macclesfield.
	Chelford Mere	Chelford.
	Reed's Mere.	Macclesfield.
	Capesthorpe	
	Hall Lake	Macclesfield.
	Peover	Chelford.
	Attle Hall Lake	Chelford.
	Bug Brook ..	
	Henbury Hall	
	Lake	Macclesfield.
	Old Hall Lake	Macclesfield.
	Bug	Chelford.
	Over Peover	
	Hall Lake	Chelford.
	Peover	Plumley.
.....	Crow Brook ..	Lostock Chapel.
.....	Holmes Chapel.
.....	Northwich.
Bent Brook...	Acton.
	Flax Mere	Delamere.
	Cuddington Bk.	
	Cuddington Mill	
	Ponds	Delamere.
.....	Acton.
.....	Frodsham.
.....	Bishop Auckland.
.....	Hartland.
.....	Market Harborough.
Saddington Brk.	Saddington Reservoir	Kibworth.
.....	Market Harborough.

The Angler's Diary.

ENGLAND—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS.
WELLAND (cont.)	Gumley Pond..	Kibworth or Lubenham.
	Gumley Hall Ponds	
Hardwick Brook	.....	Kibworth.
.....	.....	Ashley.
Medbourne Brk.	.....	Ashley.
.....	.....	Rockingham.
Eye Brook	.....	East Norton, Rockingham.
.....	.....	Seaton, Wakerley, Ketton.
Chater	Withcote Hall Lake.....	E. Morton, Manton, Luffenham, Ketton.
.....	.....	Stamford.
Gwash	.....	Manton.
.....	Burley Pk. Lake	Oakham.
.....	Exton Pk. Lake	Stamford.
.....	.....	Ryhall, Stamford.
.....	.....	Uppington, Tallington, Market Deeping,
.....	.....	St. James Deeping, Crowland, Cowbit,
.....	.....	Spalding, Surfleet.
Glen	.....	Corby, Little Bytham, Essendine.
.....	.....	Bourn.
.....	Edenham Brook	Corby.
.....	Grimsthorpe Brook	
.....	Edenham.....	Braceborough Spa.
WENNING	.....	Bourne, Counter Drain, Pinchbeck, Sur-
WEAPLODE	.....	Clapham. [fleet.
RIVER	.....	Whaplode.
WILLITON	.....	Williton.
WINDERMERE.	.....	Ambleside.
WITHAM.....	.....	Ponton.
.....	Cringle Brook..	Ponton.
Stoke Brook	.....	Ponton.
.....	Stoke Mill Pond	Ponton.
.....	.....	Grantham.
Belton Pk. Lakes	.....	Grantham.
.....	.....	Barkston.
Syston Pk. Lake	.....	Barkston.
Hornington Beck	.....	Barkston.
.....	.....	Hougham.
Foston Beck	Denton House Lake.....	Grantham.
Canal Reservoir	.....	Grantham, Sedgbrook.
.....	.....	Claypole, Harmston.
Brant	.....	Caythorpe.
.....	Leadenham Hall Ponds	Leadenham.
.....	.....	Leadenham.
.....	Sand Beck	Leadenham.
.....	.....	Navenby, Harmiston.
.....	.....	Hykeham, Lincoln.
Foss Dyke Navigation	.....	Lincoln.
.....	.....	Lea, Stow Park.
.....	Tilt	Lea.
.....	Fillingham Lake	Saxelby.
.....	Tilt	Washingbrough.
Washingbrough Brook	Branston Hall Lake	Branston, Washingbrough.
.....	.....	Five Mile House.
Langworth	Hackthorne Hall Pond.....	Langworth, Snelland.
.....	Fristhorpe Brk.	Snelland.
.....	Snelland Brook	Snelland.
.....	.....	Langworth.
.....	Clay Brook	Langworth.
.....	Stainsfeld Brook	Five Mile House.
.....	Five Mile House.
Tile House Beck	Bardney.
.....	Bardney, Southry.

Rivers and their Stations.

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ENGLAND—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS.	
WITHEAM (cont.)	<i>Tupholme Brook</i>	<i>Stourton Hall</i>	
		<i>Ponds</i>	Horncastle.
	<i>Gaunby Hall</i>		
	<i>Lake</i>		Horncastle.
	.....		Southry.
	.....		Stixwould, Kirkstead, Tattenhall, Dog-
			dyke.
	<i>Bain</i>		Louth.
		<i>Benniworth Pool</i>	Horncastle.
	.....		Horncastle.
WITHEBEN		<i>Halham Beck</i> ..	Woodhall Spa.
		.....	Tattenhall, Dogdyke.
	<i>Hammond Beck</i>	.....	Langrick, Boston.
		.....	Donington, Swinehead, Boston.
	<i>Calceby Beck</i> ..	<i>Ormsby Pk. Lake</i>	Aby.
	.....		Theddlethorpe, Saltfleet.
	<i>Grayfleet</i>		Louth, Grimoldby, Saltfleet.
	<i>Southditch</i>		Saltfleet.
	.....		Woodbury Road.
	<i>Easton Broad</i> ..		Southwold.
WOODBURY ..			Southwold.
WRENTHAM BRK.			Llangurig.
WYE			Llangurig.
	<i>Tavenig</i>		Llangurig.
	<i>Bidno</i>		Llangurig.
	<i>Marteg</i>		Pant-y-dwr, St. Harmon.
	.....		Rhayader.
	<i>Glan Llyn</i>		Rhayader.
	<i>Elan</i>		Llangurig.
		<i>Llyn Helygen</i> ..	Llangurig.
		<i>Gungy</i>	Llangurig.
		<i>Llyn Gungy</i> ..	Llangurig.
		<i>Hirin</i>	Rhayader.
		<i>Llyn Cerrig =</i>	
		<i>Llwydion-uchaf</i>	Rhayader.
		<i>Llyn Cerrig =</i>	
		<i>Llwydion-isaf</i> .	Rhayader.
		<i>Clearwen</i>	Strata Florida.
		<i>Figen</i>	Strata Florida.
		<i>Llyn Fryddyn-</i>	
		<i>fach</i>	Strata Florida.
		<i>Llyn Fryddyn-</i>	
		<i>fawr</i>	Strata Florida.
		<i>Llyn-âu</i>	Strata Florida.
		<i>Llyn-Agen-felan</i>	Strata Florida.
		<i>Breynog</i>	Strata Florida.
		<i>Llyn Gynon</i> ..	Strata Florida.
		<i>Arban</i>	Doldowlod.
		<i>Garw</i>	Doldowlod.
		<i>Llyn Garw</i>	Doldowlod.
	.....		Rhayader.
	.....		Doldowlod, New Bridge.
	<i>Hirnant</i>		Newbridge.
	<i>Ithon</i>	<i>Llyn Dwr</i>	Newtown.
		<i>Cam-ddwr</i>	Llangynllo.
	.....		Pen-y-bont.
		<i>Arau</i>	Llangynllo, Dobau, Pen-y-bont.
		<i>Llandegley Brk.</i>	Pen-y-bont.
		<i>Clwyddog</i>	Pen-y-bont.
		<i>Fishpool</i>	St. Harmon.
		<i>Crych Brook</i> ..	St. Harmon.
		<i>Camillo</i>	Pen-y-bont.
		<i>Dulas</i>	St. Harmon, Pen-y-bont.
		<i>Llyn Gwyn</i>	Doldowlod.
	.....		Llandrindod.
		<i>Hawddwy</i>	Llandrindod.
	.....		New Bridge.
	.....		Builth Road.
	<i>Dulas</i>		Builth Road.
	.....		Builth.
	<i>Irfon</i>	<i>Gwessin</i>	Llanwrtyd.

The Angler's Diary.

ENGLAND—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS.
WYE (cont.) ..	Calant	Llanwrtyd.
.....	.....	Llanwrtyd.
.....	Cerdin	Llanwrtyd.
.....	Cledau	Llanwrtyd.
.....	.....	Llangammarch.
.....	Dulas	Llangammarch.
.....	Annell	Llangammarch.
.....	Camddwr	Llangammarch.
.....	Cammarch	Llangammarch.
.....	Cryffad	Llangammarch.
.....	Einon	Llangammarch.
.....	.....	Garth.
.....	{ Dulas	Garth.
.....	{ Gwenwest	Garth.
.....	.....	Cilmeri.
.....	Cneiddon	Builth.
.....	Choesfrus	Doldowlod, Builth.
Dihonus .....	.....	Garth, Builth.
.....	.....	Aberedw.
Edw .....	.....	Pen-y-Bont.
.....	Llyn Melan ..	New Radnor.
.....	Camnant	Builth.
.....	{ Rhulan	Aberedw.
.....	{ Llyn Pools	Aberedw.
.....	Baili Brook ..	Builth.
.....	Llyn Cawr	Aberedw.
.....	.....	Aberedw.
.....	.....	Erwood.
Llogin	Llyn Llogin ..	Erwood.
Bach-howey	.....	Aberedw.
Brook	Llyn Llanbychllyn	Aberedw.
.....	.....	Erwood.
.....	.....	Erwood.
.....	.....	Boughrood, Glasbury.
.....	.....	Tal-y-Bont.
Llyfni .....	.....	Tal-y-Llyn.
Llangorse Lake	.....	Trefelnon,
.....	Cwm Brook ..	Trefelnon, Talgarth.
Llyfni	Enig	Talgarth.
.....	{ Dulais	Talgarth.
.....	{ Treffrwd Brook	Talgarth.
.....	.....	Three Cocks Junction, Glasbury.
.....	.....	Hay.
Dulas Brook ..	.....	Hay
.....	.....	Whitney, Eardisley.
.....	.....	Almeley.
Upcot Brook ..	.....	Eardisley.
.....	Holywell Brook	Almeley, Kinnarsley.
Letton Lake ..	.....	Credenhill.
.....	.....	Tram Inn.
Gage .....	.....	Hereford.
.....	.....	Hereford.
Witby Brook ..	.....	Moorhampton, Credenhill, Hereford.
Lugwas Brook ..	.....	Holme Lacey.
Redbrook .....	.....	Llangynllo.
Lug .....	.....	Dolau.
.....	{ Graig Brook ..	Dolau.
.....	{ Graig Pool	Llangynllo
.....	{ Bledla Brook ..	Presteign.
.....	.....	Presteign.
.....	Boulli Brook ..	New Radnor, Presteign.
.....	{ Sumnergill	New Radnor, Presteign.
.....	{ Black Brook ..	Kingsland, Leominster.
.....	.....	Pembridge, Kingsland, Leominster.
.....	{ Pinsley Brook ..	.....
.....	{ Lady Pools ..	.....
.....	{ Ridgemoor .....	.....
.....	{ Croft Castle	.....
.....	{ Ponds	Eye, Leominster.

ENGLAND—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS.
Wye (cont.) ..	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <i>Stretford Brook</i> <i>Puddleston Brk.</i> <i>Puddleston Lakes</i> <i>Cogwell Brook</i> .. <i>Arrow</i> <i>Maun Pools</i> .. <i>Cwm Ila Brook</i> .. <i>Arrow</i> <i>Gilwern Brook</i> .. <i>Cynon Brook</i> .. <i>Hales Brook</i> .. <i>Gilwern</i> <i>Arrow</i> <i>Stretford Brook</i> .. <i>Tippets Brook</i> .. <i>Stretford</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Leominster. Aberedw. Whitney. Kington. Dolbier. Dolbier. Dolbier. Stanner, Kington. Titley, Pembridge, Leominster. Moorhampton. Pembridge. Leominster. Ford. Leominster.
.....	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <i>Humber Brook</i> <i>Hampton Park</i> <i>Lake</i> <i>Humber</i> <i>Marston Brook</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ford. Ford. Ford. Dinmore.
.....	<i>Derndale Brook</i>	Moreton.
.....	.....	Moreton, Hereford.
.....	<i>Sutton Brook</i> ..	Moreton, Hereford.
.....	.....	Holme Lacey.
.....	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <i>Frome</i> <i>Inkstone Brook</i> <i>Linton Brook</i> .. <i>Frome</i> <i>Leddon</i> <i>Frome</i> <i>Pentelow Brook</i> <i>Devereux Park</i> <i>Lakes</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Bromyard. Bromyard. Bromyard. Ashperton. Bromyard, Ashperton. Stoke Edith, Holme Lacey. Ashperton, Holme Lacey.
.....	.....	Fawley.
.....	<i>Wriggle Brook</i>	Fawley.
.....	<i>Sollers Brook</i> ..	Fawley.
.....	.....	Ross.
.....	<i>Rudhall Brook</i>	Mitcheldean Road, Ross.
.....	.....	Kerne Bridge.
.....	<i>Castle Brook</i> ..	Mitcheldean Road.
.....	.....	Simmonds Gate.
.....	<i>Garrau</i>	Pontrilas.
.....	.....	Fawley.
.....	<i>Llanwaine Brk.</i>	Ross.
.....	<i>Trewarthen Pool</i>	Ross.
.....	<i>Llanmarch Brk.</i>	Ross.
.....	<i>Luke Brook</i> ..	Kerne Bridge.
.....	.....	Kerne Bridge.
.....	.....	Monmouth.
.....	<i>Monnow</i>	Hay, Pandy.
.....	.....	Hay, Pandy.
.....	<i>Easeley Brook</i> ..	Hay, Pandy.
.....	<i>Olchon Brook</i> ..	Hay, Pandy.
.....	.....	Pandy.
.....	<i>Honddu</i>	Glasbury, Llanfihangel, Pandy.
.....	.....	Pontrilas.
.....	<i>Rouelston Brook</i>	Pontrilas.
.....	<i>Dore</i>	Hay, Pontrilas.
.....	<i>Worm Brook</i> ..	
.....	<i>Allenmore</i>	
.....	<i>House Ponds</i>	Tram Inn.
.....	<i>Worm Brook</i> ..	Devereux, Pontrilas.
.....	<i>Dulas Brook</i> ..	Pontrilas.
.....	<i>Blackbrook</i>	
.....	<i>Blackbrook</i>	
.....	<i>House Ponds</i>	Pontrilas.
.....	.....	Monmouth.
.....	<i>Trothy</i>	Abergavenny.
.....	.....	Pandy, Abergavenny

*The Angler's Diary.***ENGLAND—continued.**

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS.
WYE (cont.) ..	<i>Mynachdy Brk.</i>	Abergavenny.
.....	.....	Dingestow.
.....	<i>Llunon</i>	Dingestow.
.....	<i>Nant-y-fuchan.</i>	Dingestow.
.....	.....	Monmouth.
YAR (I. of W.).	.....	Redbrook, Bigawelr, Tintern, Chepstow.
YARE .....	.....	Yarmouth.
.....	.....	Hardingham.
.....	<i>Blackwater</i>	Hardingham.
.....	<i>Bass</i>	Wymondham.
.....	.....	Wymondham.
.....	<i>Tiffey</i>	Wymondham.
.....	<i>Dyke Beck</i>	Wymondham.
.....	.....	Kimberley.
.....	<i>Kimberley Park</i>	.....
.....	<i>Lake</i>	Kimberley.
.....	<i>Hackford Brook</i>	Kimberley.
.....	<i>Sea Mere</i>	Hingham.
.....	<i>Wicklewold</i>	.....
.....	<i>Mere</i>	Kimberley
<i>Kettering Hall</i>	.....	.....
<i>Lakes</i>	.....	Hethersset.
<i>Beacon Hall</i>	.....	.....
<i>Lakes</i>	.....	Swainthorpe.
<i>Carlton Lodge</i>	.....	.....
<i>Lakes</i>	.....	Swainthorpe.
.....	.....	Norwich.
<i>Less</i>	.....	Fornsett, Florden, Swainthorpe, Norwich.
<i>Wensum</i>	.....	Fakenham, Ryburgh, North Elmham, [Lenwade.
.....	<i>Blackwater</i>	.....
.....	<i>Black Lake</i>	Cawston.
.....	<i>Blackwater</i>	Reephram, Lenwade.
.....	<i>Haiveringland</i>	.....
.....	<i>Lake</i>	Cawston.
.....	.....	Attlebridge, Drayton, Hellesdon.
.....	<i>Costessey Brook</i>	Yoxham.
.....	<i>Horningham</i>	.....
.....	<i>Pond</i>	Attlebridge.
.....	<i>Costessey</i>	Hellesdon.
.....	.....	Norwich.
.....	.....	Withingham, Brundall.
.....	.....	Brundall
<i>Suringham Brd.</i>	.....	.....
<i>Pumpstead Hall</i>	.....	Brundall.
<i>Lakes</i>	.....	Buckenham.
<i>Strumpshaw Brd.</i>	.....	Buckenham.
<i>Rockland Broad</i>	.....	Buckenham.
.....	.....	Buckenham.
<i>Buckenham Brd.</i>	.....	Buckenham.
<i>Hasingham Brd.</i>	.....	Buckenham.
.....	.....	Cantley.
<i>Chet</i>	<i>Brook Hall Lake</i>	Norwich.
.....	.....	Loddon, Cantley.
.....	.....	Reedham, Yarmouth.
YEALM	.....	Cornwood.
YEO	.....	Congresbury.

IRELAND.

RIVER.	STATIONS.	RIVER.	STATIONS.
<i>Ballinahinch</i>	Roundstone.	<i>Clady</i>	Gweedore.
<i>Bandon</i>	Bandon, Ballineen.	<i>Einegh</i>	Cahirciveen.
<i>Bann</i>	Coleraine.	<i>Erue</i>	Ballyshannon, Belleek.
<i>Barrow</i>	Goresbridge.	<i>Errive</i>	Leenan.
<i>Blackwater</i>	Dromore, Fermoy, Lismore,	<i>Feale</i>	Abbey Feale.
<i>Blackwater</i>	Kenmare. [Mallow.	<i>Feartagh</i>	Cahirciveen.
(Lesser).	.....	<i>Fleak</i>	Killarney.
<i>Blarney</i>	Blarney	<i>Glengariffe</i>	Glengariffe.
<i>Bundrows</i>	Bundoran.	<i>Ilen</i>	Baltimore, Skibbereen.
<i>Bush</i>	Bushmills.	<i>Kearan</i>	Cahirciveen.
<i>Cara</i>	Cahirciveen, Glencar, Kill- orglin, Rossbeigh.	<i>Laune</i>	Cara Lake, Killarney, Kill- orglin, Rossbeigh.

IRELAND—continued.

RIVER.	STATION.	RIVER.	STATION.
<i>Lee</i>	Cork, Macroom.	<i>Shannon</i>	Carrick, Castle Connell, Donass, Killaloe, Limerick, Longford, Meelick, Shan- non Bridge.
<i>Liffy</i>	Nass.		Crookstown.
<i>Maine</i>	Killorglin.	<i>S. Bride</i>	
<i>Mannion</i>	Kilmurry.	(Cork).	
<i>Moy</i>	Ballina.	<i>Suir</i>	Cahir, Carrick, Kilsheelan.
<i>Owenduff</i> ..	Bangor.	<i>Westmeath</i>	Mullingar.
<i>Owena</i>	Ardrara, Glenties.	<i>Lakes.</i>	
<i>Owenmore</i> ..	Bangor.		
<i>Owvane</i>	Inchageelah.		
<i>Roughy</i>	Kenmare.		

SCOTLAND.

RIVER.	STATIONS.	RIVER.	STATIONS.
<i>Ainoig</i>	Oykel Bridge.	<i>Lochy</i>	Banavie.
<i>Annan</i>	Ecclesfechan, Lochmaben, Moffat.	<i>Loch Lomond.</i>	Inverarnan, Tarbet.
<i>Awe</i>	Dalmally, Inveroran, Loch Awe, Taynult.	<i>Moffat</i>	Moffat.
<i>Bogie</i>	Huntley.	<i>Ness</i>	Inverness.
<i>Carron</i>	Ardgay.	<i>Orchy</i>	Dalmally, Inveroran.
<i>Cassley</i>	Oykel Bridge.	<i>Rannoch</i>	Kinloch Rannoch.
<i>Dee</i> (Aber- deen).	Aboyne, Balater, Braemar.	<i>Shin</i>	Lairg, Overskeck.
<i>Deveron</i>	Huntley.	<i>Shiel</i>	Shiel House.
<i>Dionard</i> ..	Durine Inn.	<i>Spean</i>	Banavie, Loch Laggan.
<i>Don</i>	Alford Bridge, Inverurie.	<i>Spey</i>	Craigellachie, Fochabers, Kingussie.
<i>Earn</i>	St. Fillans.	<i>Tay</i>	Aberfeldy, Birnam, Crian- larich, Dalguise, Dunkeld, Grandtully, Kenmore, Kil- lin, Logierait, Luib, Melk- leour, Perth, Stanley, Weem.
<i>Echaig</i>	Kilmun.	<i>Teith</i>	Callender.
<i>Ericht</i>	Blairgowrie, Dalwhinnie.	<i>Thurso</i>	Brawl Castle, Thurso.
<i>Est</i> (Dum- fries).	Canonby, Langholm.	<i>Till</i>	Etal. (See England.)
<i>Evan</i>	Moffat.	<i>Tummel</i>	Kinloch Rannoch, Pitlochrie, Tummel Bridge.
<i>Eue</i>	Gairloch.	<i>Tweed</i>	Clovenford, Inverleithen, Kelso, Peebles, Sprouston, (See England.)
<i>Fleet</i>	Kirkcudbright, Mound, Dro- more.	<i>Farrow</i>	St. Mary's Loch.
<i>Forth</i>	Tarbet.	<i>Ythan</i>	Newburg, Ellon.
<i>Gala</i>	Stow.		
<i>Garry</i>	Invergarry, Kinloch Rannoch.		
<i>Grudie</i>	Durine Inn.		
<i>Helmsdale</i> ..	Helmsdale.		
<i>Isla</i>	Meikleour.		

WALES.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.	STATIONS.
ABER	Aber.
<i>Aber-fawr</i>	Aber.
AERON	Tregaron.
<i>Llyn Eiddwen</i>	Tregaron.
<i>Llyn Fawod</i> ..	Tregaron.
<i>Telyn</i>	Pont Llanio.
<i>Gwenffrwd</i>	Derry Ormond.
<i>Meurig</i>	Derry Ormond.
<i>Rheufallen</i>	Derry Ormond.
<i>Nant-y-fergy</i> ..	Lampeter.
<i>Gelli</i>	Lampeter.
<i>Gerwen</i>	Aberaeron.
<i>Cilcennin Brook</i>	Aberaeron.
<i>Mudr</i>	Cymmer.
.....	Cymmer.
AFON (Glamorg.)	Aberafon.
<i>Cerwg</i>	Aberafon.
.....	Mostyn.
AFON-Y-GARTH	Llanerchymedd.
ALAW	Valley Station.
<i>Llyn Llynean</i> ..	Valley Station.
.....	St. David's.
ALLAN	

WALES—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS.
ARTH	<i>Llyn March</i> ..	Llanrhytyd.
.....	<i>Bran</i>	Aberaeron.
.....	.....	Aberaeron.
ARTRO	<i>Llyn Dywarchen</i> ..	Talarnau.
.....	<i>Llyn Ciddeu</i> ..	.....
.....	<i>fach</i>	Talarnau.
.....	<i>Ciddeu</i>	<i>Llyn Du</i>
.....	<i>Llyn Ciddeu-</i> ..	Talarnau.
.....	<i>mawr</i> .....	.....
.....	<i>Bychan</i>	<i>Llyn y-Mor-</i> ..
.....	.....	<i>wynion</i> ..
.....	<i>Llyn-cwm bychan</i> ..	Llanbedr.
.....	.....	Llanbedr.
.....	<i>Llyn Gloywlyn..</i> ..	Llanbedr.
.....	<i>Llyn Howel</i> ..	Llanbedr.
.....	<i>Nautcol</i>	<i>Llyn-cwm-hosau</i> ..
.....	.....	Llanbedr.
.....	.....	<i>Llyn-y-fer-fedden</i> ..
.....	.....	Llanbedr.
.....	<i>Hafod-y Llyn..</i> ..	Llanbedr.
BRAINT	<i>Llyn Llwydiarth</i> ..	Beaumaris.
.....	.....	Llanfair, Llangelnwen.
.....	<i>Llyn Gorsddu..</i> ..	Llangelnwen.
BRAWDY BRK.	.....	Brawdy.
CADOXTON RIV.	.....	Cadoxton.
CAREWYCH ....	.....	Talarnau.
CAREW BROOK	.....	Saundersfoot, Carew.
CARN .....	.....	Templeton, Loveston.
.....	<i>Langdon Brook</i> ..	Bogelly, Loveston.
CASTLE MARTIN	.....	Pembroke.
BROOK.	.....	.....
.....	<i>Orielton Lakes</i> ..	Pembroke.
.....	.....	Castle Martin.
CEFNI .....	.....	Llangwyllog, Llangefni.
.....	<i>Llanfynan Brk.</i> ..	Llangefni.
CEMMAES	<i>Llyn Felin nant</i> ..	Rhos-Goch.
.....	<i>Llanfllwln Lakes</i> ..	Llanfdechell.
.....	.....	Llanfdechell.
CLEDDAU ....	.....	Rosebush.
.....	<i>Marlet Brook..</i> ..	Rosebush.
.....	<i>Wallis Brook..</i> ..	Haverfordwest.
.....	<i>Pelcombe Brook</i> ..	Haverfordwest.
.....	.....	Haverfordwest.
.....	<i>Caplett Brook</i> ..	Haverfordwest.
.....	<i>Denant Brook..</i> ..	Haverfordwest.
.....	<i>Milling Brook</i> ..	Haverfordwest.
.....	<i>Eastern Cleddau</i> ..	Crynanich.
OLWYD	<i>Corwyn</i>	Maenlochog.
.....	.....	Derwen, Nantolwyd, Eyeearth.
.....	<i>Llanfan Brook</i> ..	Eyeearth.
.....	.....	Ruthin, Rhewl, Llanrhaiadr.
.....	<i>Clynedog</i>	Nantolwyd, Ruthin.
.....	<i>Cyffylliog Brk.</i> ..	Ruthin.
.....	<i>Myslyg</i>	Ruthin.
.....	<i>Ladur</i>	Ruthin.
.....	.....	Rhewl.
.....	<i>Llewesog</i>	Llanrhaiadr.
.....	.....	Llanrhaiadr.
.....	.....	Denbigh.
.....	<i>Llŷwen</i>	Denbigh.
.....	.....	Bodfari.
.....	<i>Wheeler</i>	Caerwys, Bodfari.
.....	.....	Trefnant.
.....	<i>Bach</i>	Trefnant.
.....	.....	St. Asaph.
.....	<i>Elwy</i>	Llanrwst.
.....	<i>Dyffryn-gallt..</i> ..	Llanrwst.
.....	<i>Llyn Chwyth</i> ..	Llanrwst.
.....	<i>Dyffryn-gallt..</i> ..	.....
.....	<i>Derfyn</i>	Llanrwst.
.....	<i>Fawmog</i> ....	.....
.....	<i>Llyn Fawmog</i> ..	Tal-y-Cafn.

WALES—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS.
CLWYD (cont.)	<i>Melan</i>	Llanfair Talhaiarn.
	.....	Llanfair Talhaiarn
	<i>Aled</i>	} Llanrwst.
	<i>Llyn Aled</i>	
	<i>Llyn Nîvel frech</i> ..	
	<i>Hyrdd</i>	
	<i>Llyn Creiniog</i> ..	
	<i>Dennant</i>	Llanfair Talhaiarn.
	<i>Aled</i>	Llanfair Talhaiarn.
	<i>Merchion</i>	Trefnant.
	.....	Trefnant, St. Asaph
	.....	Rhyddlan.
	<i>Helyg</i>	St. Asaph, Rhyddlan.
	<i>Gele</i>	Abergele, Rhyl.
	.....	Rhyl.
CONWAY	<i>Llyn Conway</i> ..	Ffestiniog.
	<i>Llŷu</i>	Ffestiniog.
	<i>Llyn Llŷu</i>	Arenig or Bettws-y-Coed.
	<i>Cletthor</i>	Arenig or Bettws
	<i>Merddawyr</i>	Bettws-y-Coed.
	.....	Bettws.
	<i>Laethog</i>	Bettws.
	<i>Llyn-y-Curt</i> ..	Bettws.
	<i>Cadnant</i>	Bettws.
	<i>Eidda</i>	Bettws.
	<i>Hwch</i>	Bettws.
	<i>Machno</i>	<i>Llyn-y-Firth-</i>
	.....	<i>graig</i>
	<i>Ledr</i>	Manod, Bettws.
	.....	Dolwyddelan
	<i>Llyn Darnogen</i> ..	Grisian.
	<i>Llynian</i>	} Dolwyddelan or Pen-y-Gwryd.
	<i>Duwatneda</i>	
	<i>Ystumian</i>	
	<i>Llyn-y-rebel</i> ...	Dolwyddelan.
	.....	} Dolwyddelan, Pant-y-Pan.
	
	<i>Llyn Llugwy</i>	Bettws-y-Coed.
	<i>Llyn Llugwy</i> ..	Capel Curig.
	<i>Gwryd</i>	} Pen-y-Gwryd.
	<i>Llyn-y-Cwm-</i>	
	<i>Ffynnon</i>	
	<i>Mymbyr Lakes</i> }	
	<i>Llyn Goddion-</i>	} Capel Curig.
	<i>duon</i>	
	<i>Llyn Pen Craig</i> ..	
	<i>Llyn Helst</i>	Llanrwst or Bettws
	.....	Bettws-y-Coed.
	<i>Llyn-y-Parc</i> ..	Bettws-y-Coed.
	.....	Llanrwst or Bettws.
	<i>Crafnant</i>	Llanrwst, Trefriw.
	<i>Llyn Crafnant</i> ..	Capel Curig or Trefriw.
	<i>Llyn Bodgynwydd</i> ..	Capel Curig or Llanrwst.
	<i>Llyn Bychan</i> ..	Capel Curig or Llanrwst.
	<i>Llyn Geirionydd</i> ..	Trefriw.
	.....	Trefriw.
	<i>Ddu</i>	Capel Curig.
	<i>Porth-lwyd</i>	Bethesda or Capel Curig.
	<i>Llyn Eigian</i> ..	Capel Curig.
	<i>Llyn Melynllŷu</i> ..	Bethesda.
	<i>Llyn Dulyn</i> ..	Bethesda or Capel Curig
	<i>Llyn Syberl</i> ..	Tal-y-Cafn.
	<i>Ro</i>	Tal-y-Cafn.
	<i>Hiraethlyn</i>	Tal-y-Cafn.
	.....	Glan Conway.
	<i>COWBRIDGE RIV.</i>	Ystrad, Cowbridge.
CRIGYLL	<i>Gwaichmaŷ Lake</i> ..	Tye-Croes.
	<i>Llyn Strydan</i> ..	Tye-Croes.
	.....	Tye-Croes.
	<i>Llyn Faelog</i> ..	Tye-Croes.
	<i>Caradog</i>	Tye-Croes.
CYMERAN	.....	Glan Conway.
	<i>DARON</i>	Aberdaron.

WALES—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS.
GWRFAI (cont.)	<i>Llyn Glas</i>	Snowdon Ranger.
	<i>Llyn Goch</i>	
	<i>Llyn-y-Nadroedd</i> ..	
	<i>Llyn-fynnon-y-Gwas</i>	
	<i>Llyn Cwellyn</i> ..	
.....	<i>Vennu</i>	Snowdon Ranger.
HYGEIRIAN ..	.....	Bettws Garnon, Llanwndla.
KENFIG .....	.....	Llanwndla.
KILVELGY BRK.	.....	Llanfalyr nghornnwy.
LLANON .....	.....	Cefn, Pyle.
LLIFON .....	.....	Begelly.
LLIGWY	<i>Llyn Llwyn-cwm</i> ..	Llanantffraid.
LLIHEDI .....	.....	Groes-lon.
LLIW .....	.....	Penrhoslligwy.
LLWYD	<i>Lesser Lliw</i> ..	Llanellay.
LLWYNOG .....	.....	Gors, Llwenwr.
LLYFNI	<i>Llyn-y-dywar-chen</i> ..	Lluchwr.
.....	<i>Llynmen Nantlle</i> ..	Llwyngwril.
.....	<i>Llyn Ffynnonau</i> ..	Conway.
.....	<i>Llynian-cwm-silyn</i> ..	Rhyddu.
.....	.....	Nantlle.
.....	.....	Nantlle.
LLWCHWR	<i>Dulyn</i>	Pen-y-groes.
.....	<i>Llandybie Brook</i> ..	Pen-y-groes.
.....	<i>Lash</i>	Llandybie, Cross Inn.
.....	.....	Derwydd Road, Llandybie, Cross Inn.
.....	<i>Alwyd</i>	Cross Inn.
.....	<i>Annan</i>	Pantyffynon Junction.
.....	.....	Pantyffynon Junction.
.....	<i>Garnant</i>	Bryn-amman, Garnant.
.....	<i>Pedol</i>	Garnant.
.....	.....	Garnant.
.....	.....	Cross Inn, Pantyffynon.
.....	<i>Dulas</i>	Pont-ar-dulais.
.....	<i>Gwili</i>	Pont-ar-dulais.
.....	.....	Pantyffynon, Pont-ar-dulais.
.....	<i>Trasarch</i>	Llangenych.
.....	.....	Llangenych.
MAWDDACH ..	<i>Llyn Crych-y-wayen</i> ..	Lluchwr.
.....	<i>Geirio</i>	Drws-y-nant.
.....	<i>Gath</i>	Tyn-y-groes.
.....	<i>Llyn Gelli-gath</i> ..	Tyn-y-groes.
.....	<i>Llyn Pryvyd</i> ..	Tyn-y-groes.
.....	<i>Llyn Turgla</i> ..	Tyn-y-groes.
.....	<i>Llyn Graig-dârrog</i> ..	Talsarnau.
.....	<i>Ddu</i>	Tyn-y-groes.
.....	<i>Llyn ddu</i>	Tyn-y-groes.
.....	<i>Llyn-y-bi</i>	Tyn-y-groes.
.....	<i>Llyn-y-frau</i> ..	Tyn-y-groes.
.....	<i>Llyn Pen-y-gaulhoyd</i> ..	Tyn-y-groes.
.....	.....	Tyn-y-groes.
.....	<i>Wnton</i>	Drws-y-nant.
.....	<i>Harnog</i>	Drws-y-nant.
.....	<i>Cwm-ochr</i>	Drws-y-nant.
.....	<i>Ciddow</i>	Drws-y-nant.
.....	<i>Fidw</i>	Drws-y-nant.
.....	.....	Pont Newydd.
.....	<i>Ddybîn</i>	Dolgelly.
.....	.....	Dolgelly.
.....	<i>Llyn Aras</i>	Dolgelly.
.....	Penmaenpool.
.....	<i>Mynach</i>	Llyn Cwm Mynach ..

Rivers and their Stations.

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WALES—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.	STATIONS.
MAWDDACH (cont.)	<i>Gadr</i> Dolgelly.
	<i>Llyn Gafr</i> Dolgelly.
	<i>Llyn Guernan</i> Dolgelly.
	<i>Llechan</i> Penmaenpool.
	<i>Llyn-y-wylfa</i> .. Arthog.
	<i>Goetref</i> Barmouth.
	<i>Creigennan</i> <i>Llyn Gri</i> Arthog.
	<i>Llyn Creigennan</i> Arthog.
	..... Barmouth.
MULLOCH BRK.	..... St. Ishmael's.
NANT-FFYNNON	..... Colwyn.
NANT-Y-GRONIS	..... Colwyn.
NEATH .....	..... Glyn Neath.
	<i>Lila</i> Glyn Neath.
	<i>Hepste</i> Hirwann.
	<i>Nedd</i> Glyn Neath.
	..... Resolven, Aberdylas.
	<i>Dylas</i> Crinant, Aberdylas.
	..... Neath.
	<i>Clydach</i> Pont-ar-dawe, Neath
NEAVE.....	..... Crymmych Arms.
	<i>Biron</i> Crymmych Arms.
	<i>Dwad</i> Newport.
	<i>Clydach</i> Newport.
NORTHOP BRK.	..... Flint.
OGMORE .....	..... Blackmill, Tondn.
	<i>Llynvi</i> Cimmer, Maestog, Llangonoyd, Tondn.
	..... Bridgend.
	<i>Ewenny</i> Pencoed, Bridgend.
OGWEN	<i>Llyn Llover</i> Capel Curig.
	<i>Llyn Ogwen</i> ..
	<i>Llyn Bochlywyd</i> Capel Curig or Bethesda.
	<i>Llyn-y-Cwm</i> ..
	<i>Llyn Idwell</i> ..
	<i>Berthan</i> Bethesda.
	<i>Caseg</i> Bethesda.
	<i>Llyn Caseg</i> Bethesda.
	<i>Llafer</i> Bethesda.
	..... Bethesda.
	<i>Ffridd-las</i> Bethesda.
	<i>March</i> <i>March-llyn-</i>
	<i>maur</i> Llanberria.
	<i>March-llyn-bach</i> Llanberria.
	..... Bethesda.
	..... Bangor.
PENMAEN BRK.	..... Killay, Penmaen.
PENMAE .....	..... Manorbier, Lamphey, Pembroke.
PERIS .....	..... Llansantffraid
RHEIDOL .....	..... Machynlleth.
	<i>Llyn Llygad</i> ..
	<i>Llygnant</i> Devil's Bridge.
	<i>Llechweadmaur</i> Devil's Bridge.
	<i>Rhyddlau</i> Devil's Bridge.
	<i>Castell</i> Devil's Bridge.
	..... Devil's Bridge.
	<i>Myherin</i> <i>Llynnen Jenan</i>
	<i>Rhyddnant</i>
	<i>Llyn Rhyddnant</i> Devil's Bridge.
	<i>Llyn Lon</i>
	<i>Melymadur</i> Devil's Bridge.
RHEIDOL (cont.)	<i>Glan Rheidol Lake</i> Aberystwyth.
	..... Aberystwyth.
RHIW .....	..... Conway.
RICKLSTON BK.	..... Walwyns Castle.
ROSEMARKET BK.	..... Johnston, Rosemarket, New Milford.
RUMNEY.....	..... Rhymney, Pontlottyn, Tyr-Phil, Bargoed.
	<i>Crindach</i> Ffoe-rhin, Darran, Bargoed.
	..... Pengarn, Hengoed, Bedwas.
	<i>Cefyl</i> Caerphilly, Bedwas.
	<i>Glydyr</i> Caerphilly, Bedwas.
	..... Church Road, Rhywderin, Cardiff.

WALES—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS.
SEIMONT	<i>Cwm-llas Lakes</i>	Llanberria.
.....	.....	Llanberria.
.....	<i>Llyn Peris</i>	Llanberria.
.....	<i>Llyn Padarn</i>	Llanberria.
.....	<i>Llech</i>	Llanberria.
.....	<i>Llyn-dur-Arddu</i>	Caernarvon.
.....	<i>Llyn Droythwch</i>	Llanglan.
.....	.....	Llanglan.
SOCH	<i>Cofan</i>	Solva.
.....	<i>Bodlas</i>	Crymmych Arms, Clogue, [Rhydowen.
SOLVA BROOK .....	.....	Rhydowen.
TAF	<i>Gravil</i>	Llanglydwen, Login
.....	.....	Narberth.
.....	<i>Marias</i>	Narberth.
.....	.....	Whitland.
.....	<i>Lease</i>	Whitland.
.....	.....	Login, Whitland
.....	<i>Whitland</i>	Whitland.
.....	<i>Feni</i>	St. Clare.
.....	<i>Cofer</i>	St. Clare.
.....	.....	Llanfyrnach.
.....	<i>Gynin</i>	Llanfyrnach.
.....	<i>Llechwydd</i>	Llanfyrnach.
.....	<i>Asen</i>	Llanfyrnach.
.....	.....	St. Clare.
.....	<i>Dewi</i>	St. Clare.
.....	.....	Cynwll.
.....	<i>Cynnen</i>	Brauwydd Arms.
.....	.....	Laugharne.
TAFF .....	.....	Dolygaer, Pontesticill, Pant, Cefn.
.....	<i>Taf-fawr</i>	Cefn.
.....	.....	Merthyr, Traed-y-rhiw, Quakers' Yard.
.....	<i>Bargawed Taf</i>	Quakers' Yard.
.....	.....	Aberdare Junction.
.....	<i>Cymon</i>	Hirwann, Llyndeged, Aberdare, Aberaman
.....	.....	Aberaman.
.....	<i>Gelli</i>	Mountain Ash, Aberdare Junction.
.....	.....	Aberdare Junction.
.....	<i>Rhondda</i>	Pont-y-Prydd.
.....	.....	Treherbert, Istrad-y-Fodwo, Pont.
.....	<i>Rhondda Fychan</i>	Aberdare, Pont.
.....	.....	Pont-y-Prydd.
.....	.....	Treforest, Walnut Tree, Llandaff, Cardin
TAFE	<i>Llyn Fan-fawr</i>	Penwyllt.
.....	<i>Byfre</i>	Penwyllt.
.....	<i>Hafrys</i>	Penwyllt.
.....	<i>Llech</i>	Colbren.
.....	<i>Glaidd</i>	Penwyllt.
.....	.....	Ystal-y-fera.
.....	<i>Cywo</i>	Ystal-y-fera.
.....	.....	Gwys.
.....	<i>Torch</i>	Gwys.
.....	.....	Ynys-y-geinion, Pont-ar-dawe, Glais.
.....	<i>Clydach</i>	Glais.
.....	.....	Morriston, Landore.
.....	<i>Pfyndrod</i>	Landore.
.....	.....	Swansea.
TEIFI	<i>Llyn Teifi</i>	Strata Florida
.....	<i>Llyn Ifer</i>	Strata Florida
TEIFI (cont.) ..	<i>Llyn Egnant</i>	Strata Florida
.....	.....	Strata Florida.
.....	<i>Llyn Gron</i>	Strata Florida.
.....	<i>Llyn-y-Gorlan</i>	Strata Florida.
.....	<i>Egnant</i>	Strata Florida.
.....	.....	Strata Florida.
.....	<i>Mwyro</i>	Strata Florida.
.....	.....	Strata Florida.
.....	<i>Glasffwrdd</i>	Strata Florida.
.....	<i>Rhuest</i>	Strata Florida.
.....	<i>Marchnant</i>	Strata Florida.
.....	.....	Strata Florida.
.....	<i>Gwyddyl</i>	Strata Florida.
.....	<i>Istur</i>	Strata Florida.

WALES—*continued*,

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS.
TEIFI (cont.) ..	<i>Llyn Maer</i>	Tregaron.
	<i>Camddor</i>	Tregaron.
	.....	Tregaron.
	.....	Tregaron.
	<i>Nant-y-Groes</i>	Tregaron.
	.....	Strata Florida.
	<i>Llyn Crugnant</i>	Tregaron.
	<i>Berwyn</i>	Pont Llanio.
	.....	Pont Llanio.
	<i>Carfan</i>	Pont Llanio.
	<i>Brenig</i>	Pont Llanio.
	.....	Derry Ormond.
	<i>Clywedog</i>	Derry Ormond.
	<i>Cynon</i>	Lampeter.
	<i>Goy</i>	Lampeter.
	.....	Lampeter.
	<i>Dulas</i>	Derry Ormond, Lampeter.
	<i>Granel</i>	Llan-y-Byther.
	<i>Llyn Pencarreg</i>	Llan-y-Byther.
	.....	Llan-y-Byther.
	<i>Ceithog</i>	Maes-y-Cruglan.
	<i>Cathal</i>	Llan-y-Byther.
	.....	Maes-y-Cruglan.
	<i>Clewer</i>	Maes-y-Cruglan.
	.....	Maes-y-Cruglan.
	<i>Clewer-fach</i> ..	Maes-y-Cruglan.
	<i>Geyron</i>	Maes-y-Cruglan.
	<i>Cinen</i>	Maes-y-Cruglan.
	.....	Llandysill.
	<i>Cerdin</i>	Llandysill.
	.....	Llandysill.
	<i>Twelli</i>	Pen-Caber.
	.....	Llandysill.
	<i>Gweddell</i>	Llandysill.
	.....	Llandysill.
	<i>Bydrel</i>	Llandysill.
	<i>Gernos</i>	Newcastle Emlyn.
	.....	Newcastle Emlyn.
	<i>Ceri</i>	Newcastle Emlyn.
	.....	Newcastle Emlyn.
	<i>Bedw</i>	Newcastle Emlyn.
	<i>Dulas</i>	Newcastle Emlyn.
	.....	Newcastle Emlyn.
	<i>Cych</i>	Newcastle Emlyn.
	.....	Newcastle Emlyn.
	<i>Bowy</i>	Newcastle Emlyn.
	<i>Mamog</i>	Newcastle Emlyn.
	<i>Connud</i>	Cardigan.
	<i>Irfed</i>	Cardigan.
	.....	Cardigan.
	<i>Ffroydd</i>	Cardigan.
	<i>Llwyn Llwyd</i> ..	Cardigan.
TOWEY.....	<i>Llyn Ddu</i>	Strata Florida
	<i>Llyn Gorast</i> ..	Strata Florida.
	<i>Camddor</i>	Tregaron.
	<i>Doethiam</i>	Tregaron.
	.....	Pontllanio.
	<i>Llyn Berwyn</i> ..	Pontllanio.
	<i>Doethiam-fach</i> ..	Cynghordy.
	<i>Pysgotwr</i>	Cynghordy.
	<i>Pysgotwr-fach</i> ..	Llandovery.
	<i>Gwenfawod</i>	Llandovery.
	<i>Rhataadr</i>	Llandovery.
	<i>Gwenlas</i>	Llandovery.
	<i>Dernant</i>	Llandovery.
	.....	Cynghordy.
	<i>Bran</i>	Cynghordy.
	.....	Llandovery.
	<i>Crychan</i>	Llandovery.
	<i>Gwddertig</i>	Llandovery.
	<i>Gwenst</i>	Llandovery.
	.....	Llandovery.
	.....	Llanwrda.
	<i>Ynys</i>	Llanwrda.
	<i>Dulas</i>	Llanwrda.
	.....	Llangadock.
	<i>Marles</i>	Llangadock.
	<i>Sefn</i>	Llangadock.
	.....	Llangadock.
	<i>Llechdawdd</i> ..	Llangadock.

WALES—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATION
TOWEY (cont.)..	<i>Sawdde</i>	<i>Sefn Isaf</i> Llangadock.
		<i>Llyn-y-fan fach</i> .. Pen-y-wyllt.
		<i>Buartharch</i> .. Llangadock.
		<i>Dyfnant</i> Llangadock.
		<i>{Sawdde fechan..</i> Llangadock.
		<i>{Clydach</i> Llangadock.
		..... Llangadock.
	<i>Dulas</i>	Glanrhyd, Talley Roa
		Talley Road.
		<i>Taliaris</i> Talley Road.
.....		<i>Llyn Taliaris..</i> Talley Road.
		..... Llandilo.
	<i>Cennen</i>	Derwydd Road, Llandilo.
		..... Golden Grove.
	<i>Cyfyng</i> .....	..... Golden Grove.
		..... Llanarthney.
	<i>Dulas</i>	Llanarthney.
		..... Nantgaredig.
	<i>Cothi</i>	Pont Llanio.
		..... Pont Llanio.
.....		<i>{Twrch</i> Pont Llanio.
		<i>{Cwmpedol</i> Lampeter.
		<i>Rannell</i> Llanwrda.
		<i>Vellindor</i> Llanwrda.
		<i>Talley Lakes</i> .. Talley Road.
		<i>Gorlech</i> Talley Road.
		<i>Marles</i> Nantgaredig.
		..... Nantgaredig.
		..... Abergwill.
	<i>Gwili</i>	Llanpumpesaint, Cynwy
.....		<i>Duad</i> Cynwyl.
		..... Branwydd Arms Abergw
		..... Caermarthen.
	<i>Pibwr</i>	Nantgaredig, Caermarthen.
		..... Llandisello Gogo.
		..... Llangybi, Chwillog, Afon Wen
		..... St. Mark's.
		..... Traws-Coed, Llanrhystyd.
	<i>Mabus</i>	Llanrhystyd.
	<i>Carrog</i>	Llanrhystyd.
YSGETHIN	<i>Llyn</i>	Dyffryn.
	<i>Llyn Bodlyn</i> ..	Dyffryn.
	<i>Llyn Irdryn</i> ..	Dyffryn.
		Dyffryn

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ANGLING CLOSE SEASONS AND LICENCES.

NOTE.—S, salmon; T, trout; C F, coarse fish; m, month; w, week; d, day; f, fortnight.

ENGLAND AND WALES.

For all English rivers (except as below) and for Scotch Esk the close time for salmon is from Nov. 2 to Feb. 1, and for trout Oct. 2 to Feb. 1; coarse fish from March 15 to June 15.

NOTE.—The word Salmon includes all migratory Salmonidæ.

- AVON (DEVON), including Erme. *Close time*: S, Erme, Nov. 30 to April 4; rest of district, Nov. 30 to May 1; gaff, Oct. 1 to March 31; T, Oct. 1 to last day of Feb.; C F, none. *Licences*: S, 20s.; T, 10s.; w, 5s.; d, 2s.
- AVON AND STOUR (HANTS), including Wily, Lidden, and other tributaries, except in Somerset. *Close time*: S, Oct. 2 to Feb. 1; T, above Amesbury Bridge, Oct. 15 to March 31; between Bickton Mill and Amesbury Bridge, Oct. 1 to March 31; C F, none. *Licences*: S, 20s.; T, 5s.; w, 2s. 6d.; d, 1s.
- AVON (SOMERSET), includes Chew, Frome, Ax, Brue, Parret, Isle, Tone, Yeo, Wilts and Berks Canal (west of Swindon), Taunton and Bridgwater Canal. *Close time*: S, Nov. 2 to Feb. 1; T, Oct. 2 to Feb. 1; C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences*: S, 7s. 6d.; T, 2s. 6d.; m, 1s.; d, 6d.
- AXE, including Yarty, Bredy, Brit, and Char. *Close time*: S, Nov. 20 to April 30; T, Oct. 2 to Feb. 1; C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences*: S, 10s.; T, 2s. 6d.
- AYRON. *Close time*: S, Nov. 15 to Feb. 14; T, Oct. 1 to March 15; *Licences*: S, 20s.; 4 w, 10s.; w, 5s.; T, 2s. 6d.
- CAMEL, including Heyl and all rivers on north coast of Cornwall. *Close time*: S, Dec. 1 to April 30; T, Oct. 1 to March 15; C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences*: S, 10s.; T, 3s.
- CLEDDY, including East and West Cleddy, Gwaen. *Close time*: S, Nov. 1 to Feb. 1; T, Sept. 29 to March 1; C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences*: S, 10s. 6d.; T, 3s. 6d.; w, 2s. 6d.; d, 1s.
- CLWYD AND ELWY, including Aled. *Close time*: S, Nov. 15 to May 15; T, Oct. 2 to Feb. 28; C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences*: S, 20s.; T, 4s. 6d.; w, 2s.
- CONWAY, including Lledr, Lllwgwy, Llyn Conway. *Close time*: S, Nov. 15 to April 30; gaff, Nov. 1 to April 30; T, Oct. 2 to Feb. 1; C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences*: S, £1; m, 10s.; w, 3s.; d, 1s.; T, 1s.; d, 6d.
- COQUET. *Close time*: S, Nov. 1 to Jan. 31; gaff, Oct. 1 to Jan. 31; T, Nov. 1 to March 3; C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences*: S, 5s.; T, above Thrum Mill, 1s.
- CUMBERLAND (WEST), including Calder, Ehen (below Ennerdale Lake), Esk, Irt, Westwater, Bleng, Mite. *Close time*: S, Nov. 14 to March 10; gaff, Nov. 2 to June 30; T, Sept. 2 to March 10; C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences*: S, 10s. 6d.; w, 5s.; d, 2s.; T, 2s. 6d.; w, 1s.
- DART, including East Dart, Webbern, Slapton Lea. *Close time*: S, Nov. 2 to March 1; gaff, Nov. 1 to April 1; T, Oct. 2 to last day of Feb.; C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences*: S, £1; w, 7s. 6d.; T, 10s.; monthly (after May 1), 5s.; d, 2s.
- DEE, including Alwen, Alyn, Ceriog, Gairw, Lllw, Treverryn, Twrch, Bala Lake. *Close time*: S, Nov. 2 to March 31; T, Oct. 14 to Feb. 14; C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences*: S, 20s.; w, 10s.; d, 5s.; T, none.
- DERWENT (CUMBERLAND), including Bassenthwaite, Derwentwater and Loweswater, Crummockwater, Buttermere, St. John's Beck (below Millgill), Naddle Beck (below Roughhow Bridge), Greta, Cocker, Marron. *Close time*: S, Nov. 15 to March 10; gaff, Nov. 15 to June 30; T, Sept. 15 to March 10. Crummock and Buttermere, for char only, Nov. 1 to June 30. C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences*: S, 20s.; to Sept. 5, 10s.; m, 10s.; any part of district, except River Derwent, between Ouse Bridge and sea, 10s.; m, 5s.; w, 2s. 6d.; T, 5s.; m, 2s. 6d.; above Ouse Bridge, d, 1s.

England and Wales—continued.

- DOVEY**, including Artro, Dulas, Dysynni, Mawddach, Glaslyn, Lery, Prysor, Bychan, Llyn Glyn. *Close time*: S, Nov. 30 to April 30; *gaff*, Oct. 21 to May 30; T, Oct. 2 to Feb. 23 C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences*: S, 10s.; m, 5s.; w, 2s. 6d.; d, 1s.; T, none.
- DWYFACH**, including Dwyfawr, Erch, Soch. *Close time*: S, Nov. 15 to March 1; T, Oct. 2 to Feb. 1; C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences*: S, 21s.; T, 7s.; m, 5s.; w, 2s.
- EDEN**, including Eden (below Kirkby Stephen), Petterill (below Wreay Bridge), Calder (below Hawksdale Bridge), Eamont (below junction with Lowther), Irthing (below boundary of Cumberland), Crodundle, Wampool, Waver. *Close time*: S, in Solway below Old Sandsfield, Sept. 10 to Feb. 10; elsewhere in district, Nov. 16 to Feb. 15; *gaff*, Nov. 16 to June 30; T, Oct. 16 to last day of Feb.; C F, none. *Licences*: S, for whole district, 21s.; above Armathwaite Bay, 10s.; w, 5s.; single-handed rods in Duke of Devonshire's socage water 5s.; T, 2s. 6d.; w, 1s.
- ESK** (YORKS), including Glaisdale. *Close time*: S, Nov. 2 to Feb. 1; T, Oct. 2 to Feb. 1 C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences*: S, 10s.; m, 5s.; d, 2s. 6d.; T, 1s. 6d.
- EXE** (DEVON), including Barle, Culm, Fordton, Chist. *Close time*: S, Nov. 2 to March 1; *gaff*, Oct. 1 to April 30; T, Oct. 2 to Feb. 1; C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences*: S, 20s.; T, 2s. 6d.; w, 1s.
- FOWEY**, including St. Neots, Fal, Looe, and all streams on south coast of Cornwall. *Close time*: S, Dec. 1 to April 30; T, Oct. 1 to March 15; C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences*: S, 10s.; T, 3s.
- FROME**, including Piddle, Corfe, Fleet. *Close time*: S, Nov. 2 to Feb. 1; T, Oct. 2 to Feb. 1; C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences*: S, 20s.; T, none.
- KENT AND BELA**, including Crake, Coniston Water, Duddon, Kent, Mint, Sleddale, Leven, Esthwaite, Grasmere, Windermere, Troutbeck, Winster. *Close time*: S, Nov. 15 to March 31; *gaff*, Nov. 1 to June 1; T, Oct. 2 to March 1, in Windermere and Coniston, Oct. 2 to March 31; in Bela, Sept. 1 to Feb. 15; C F, March 15 to June 15, except for pike. *Licences*: S, 10s.; w, 5s.; T, 2s. 6d.
- LEA**, including tributaries. *Close time*: S and T, Sept. 2 to May 1; pike, March 1 to August 1; C F, April 1 to June 1.
- LUNE**, including Cocker, Conder, Keer, Wenning, Hindburn, Greta, Rother, Wyre. *Close time*: S, Nov. 15 to March 1; T, Oct. 2 to March 1; C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences*: S, 20s.; for Wyre, Keer, Cocker, Conder, Wenning, Greta, and tributaries, 5s.; T, 2s. 6d.
- NORFOLK AND SUFFOLK**, including Ormesby Broad, River Thurne, Hickling Broad, Horsey Mere, Martham Broad, South Walsham Broad, Upton Broad, Whittlesea Mere Broad, Higham Broad, North Walsham and Dilham Canal, Ranworth Broad, Hoven Broad, Wroxham Broad, River Ouse, Wissey and Nar, River Waveney, Fritton Broad, Lake Lothing, River Yare, River Wensum, Breydon Water, Surlingham Broad, Rockland Broad. *Close time*: S, Nov. 2 to Feb. 1; T, Sept. 10 to Jan. 25; C F, March 1 to June 30. *Licences*: None.
- OGMORE**, including Llynvi, Ewenny. *Close time*: S, Nov. 15 to April 30; T, Sept. 30 to last day of Feb.; C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences*: S, 10s. 6d.; m, 10s. 6d.; T, 2s.
- OTTER**. *Close time*: S, Nov. 2 to Feb. 1; T, Oct. 2 to Feb. 1; C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences*: S, 20s.; T, none.
- OUSE** (SUSSEX). *Close time*: S, Nov. 1 to April 1; T, Oct. 2 to March 31; C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences*: S, 5s.; T, none.
- RHYMNEY**. *Close time*: S, Nov. 2 to April 1; *gaff*, Nov. 2 to April 30; T, Oct. 2 to Feb. 1; C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences*: S, 10s. 6d.; T, 1s.
- RIBBLE AND HODDER**, including Calder, Douglas. *Close time*: S, Nov. 2 to March 1; *gaff*, Nov. 2 to April 30; T, Oct. 2 to March 1; C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences*: S, 20s.; month (after June 30), 10s.; T, 2s. 6d.
- ROTHER** (SUSSEX), including Tillingham, Brede. *Close time*: S, Nov. 2 to Feb. 1; T, Oct. 2 to Feb. 1. *Licences*: none.
- SEIONT**, including Brant, Cefni, Gwrfai, Cwm Llyn, Llyfnl, Llyn-y-Nantle, Llanberis Lakes. *Close time*: S, Nov. 15 to March 1; *gaff*, Nov. 2 to March 1; T, Oct. 2 to March 1; Brant and Cefni, Oct. 15 to March 1; char., Oct. 22 to March 1; Brant and Cefni, Oct. 22 to March 1; C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences*: S, 21s.; m, 10s. 6d.; w, 5s.; d, 2s. 6d.; Cefni, Brant, and Llyfnl, 10s. 6d.; T, 5s.; w, 2s. 6d.; d, 1s.
- SEVERN**, including Avon (except in Warwickshire), Little Avon, Frome, Leadon, Teme, Bea, Corve, Clun, Onny, Stour, Worl, Roden, Tern, Mees, Perry, Verniew, Tanat, Banw, Einion, Rhiw, Taranon, Garno, Clwydog, Tylwch, Gloster and Berkeley Canal, Birmingham and Worcester Canal (west of Alvechurch). *Close time*: S, Nov. 2 to Feb. 1; T, Oct. 2 to March 1; C F, except pike, the whole district below Verniew mouth, in the counties of Salop, Stafford, Worcester, and Gloucester, and the Avon, where it flows through Worcester and Gloucester, March 15 to June 15. Pike may be killed anywhere, and at all times. Above Verniew mouth C F are unpreserved. *Licences*: S, 10s.; T, 1s.
- STOUR** (KENT), including Lesser Stour. *Close time*: S, Nov. 2 to May 1; T, Oct. 2 to April 10; C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences*: S, 20s.; T, none.
- TAFF AND ELY**, including Rhondda. *Close time*: S, Nov. 15 to April 30; *gaff*, Nov. 2 to May 31; T, Sept. 20 to Feb. 1; C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences*: S, 10s. 6d.; T, 2s. 6d.

England and Wales—continued.

- TAMAR AND PLYM**, including Inney, Attery, Carey, Tavy, Lynher, Yealm, Bude Canal. *Close time*: S, Nov. 2 to Feb. 1; T, Oct. 2 to Feb. 1; C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences*: S, 7s. 6d.; T, none.
- TAW AND TOBRIDGE**, including Yeo, Bray, Little Dart, Okement. *Close time*: S, Nov. 16 to March 31; gaff, Nov. 16 to May 31; T, Oct. 2 to Feb. 1; C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences*: S, 21s.; T, none.
- TEES**, including (Tees below Maize Brook) Leven, Skerne, Greta, Lune. *Close time*: S, Nov. 2 to Feb. 1; T, Oct. 1 to March 1; C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences*: S, 20s.; T, 2s. 6d.
- TEIFI**, including Cych, Cery, Nevern, Wirral. *Close time*: S, Oct. 20 to Feb. 1; T, Oct. 1 to last day of Feb. *Licences*: S, 20s.; non-residents only, 10s. 6d.; T, 2s. 6d.
- TEIGN (DEVON)**, including Wrey. *Close time*: S, Nov. 1 to March 2; gaff, Sept. 2 to April 30; T, Oct. 1 to March 2; C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences*: S, 20s.; m, 5s.; w, 2s. 6d.; d, 2s.; T, 2s. 6d.
- THAMES**. *Close time*: Salmon, Sept. 1 to March 31; trout and char, Sept. 11 to March 31; smelts, March 25 to July 25; lamperns, April 1 to Aug. 24; eels, March 15 to June 15; other freshwater fish, March 15 to June 15. *Licences*: none.
- TOWY**, including Gwili, Cothi, Cennen, Taf, Loughor, Ammon, Gwendraeth Fach, Gwendraeth Fawr. *Close time*: S, Nov. 2 to March 15; T, Oct. 2 to March 1; C F, none. *Licences*: S, 21s.; T, 2s. 6d.
- TRENT**, including Ancholm, Idle, Soar, Wreak, Derwent, Wye, Churnet, Dove, Mease, Anker, Blyth, Tame, Ludd, Withernsea, Birmingham and Fazely, Ashby-de-la-Zouch, and Essington and Wynley canals. *Close time*: S, Nov. 2 to Feb. 1; T, Oct. 2 to Feb. 1; C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences*: S, 10s.; T, for rod and line, season 2s. 6d.: weekly, 1s.; any other instrument, 10s.
- TYNE**, including Derwent, Devil's Water, Allen Water, South Tyne, North Tyne, Redewater. *Close time*: S, Nov. 2 to Feb. 1; T, Sept. 10 to March 21; C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences*: S, 20s.; South Tyne, above Warden, 5s.; Rede and North Tyne, above Redemouth, 10s.; T, 2s. 6d.; m, 1s.
- USK AND EBBW**, including Afon Llwyd, Honddu, Yscir, Bran, Tarrall, Cynrig. *Close time*: S, Nov. 2 to April 1; gaff, below a line from north boundary, along E. watershed of Honddu to Llanvaes Bridge, along E. watershed of Tarrall to S. boundary of district, Nov. 2 to April 30; above that line, Sept. 2 to April 30; T, Oct. 2 to Feb. 14; C F (except eels), March 15 to June 15. *Licences*: S, 20s.; T, 1s.
- WEAR**, including Bedburn, Browney. *Close time*: S, Nov. 2 to Feb. 1; T, Oct. 2 to Feb. 1; C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences*: S, 5s.; T, 1s.
- WYE**, including Monnow, Trothy, Lugg, Arrow, Ithon. *Close time*: S, Nov. 2 to Feb. 1; gaff, Nov. 2 to March 14; T, Oct. 2 to March 1; C F, none. *Licences*: S in Wye below Llanwrthwl Bridge and all waters below Builth Bridge, 20s.; other parts, 10s.; T, 1s.
- YORKSHIRE** (rivers flowing into Humber), including Aire, Calder, Derwent, Don, Hull, Ouse, Wharfe, Nidd, Ure, Swale, Wiske, Barnsley Canal. *Close time*: S, Nov. 16 to last day of Feb.; gaff, Nov. 2 to April 30; T, Oct. 2 to March 15; C F (except pike), March 15 to June 15. *Licences*: S, 20s.; T, 1s.

IRELAND.

CLOSE TIME FOR SALMON AND TROUT.

All dates inclusive.

The universal charge for a Salmon licence in Ireland is 20s., available for the whole country.

BALLINA—Sept. 16 to Jan. 31. *Exceptions*: River PALMERSTON or OLOONAGHMORE, tidal, Nov. 1 to Jan. 31; fresh, Nov. 1 to May 31; River EASKEY, Nov. 2 to Jan. 30.

NOTE.—Angling for trout is also prohibited in River MOY during April and May, except in Loughs Conn and Cullen.

BALLINAKILL—Nov. 1 to Jan. 31. Rivers LOUISBURGH, Nov. 1 to May 31, CARBONISKY, Nov. 1 to June 30.

BALLYCASTLE—Nov. 1 to Jan. 31. River BUSH, Oct. 1 to Jan. 31.

BALLYSHANNON—Oct. 10 to Feb. 28. River BUNDUFF, Oct. 1 to Jan. 31. River BUNDOWES, Oct. 1 to Jan. 31; River ERNE, Oct. 1 to last day of February.

BANGOR—Oct. 1 to April 30. Rivers GLENAMOIY and OWENGARVE, Nov. 1 to April 30. Rivers BURRISHOLE, OWENDUFF, BALLYVEENY, and BALLYCROY, and ACHIL ISLAND, Nov. 1 to Jan. 31; Rivers OWENMORE and MUNHIM, Oct. 1 to Jan. 31.

BANTRY—Nov. 1 to March 16.

COLERAINE—Oct. 1 to Feb. 28; cross lines, Aug. 20 to Feb. 3. Rivers MAINE and BLACKWATER, Nov. 1 to Feb. 28.

CONNEMARA—Oct. 16 to Jan. 31. Rivers CASHLA, DOOHULLA, BALLINAHINCH, SCREEB and INVER, Nov. 1 to Jan. 31.

CORK—Oct. 13 to Feb. 15. Rivers between Ballycotton and Barry's Head, Oct. 12 to Jan. 31.

DUBLIN—Nov. 1 to Jan. 31. Broadmeadow and Ward Rivers, Oct. 14 to Feb. 1.

Ireland—continued.

DROGHEDA.—Sept. 15 to Feb. 12.

DUNDALK.—Oct. 31 to March 1. Between Clogher Head and N. boundary of River Annagassan, angling in fresh waters, Sept. 30 to Feb. 1; in tidal waters, Aug. 19 to Feb. 12 between N. boundary of River Annagassan and Ballaghan Point, Sept. 30 to May 1.

GALWAY.—Oct. 16 to Jan. 31. Rivers CASHLA, DOOHULLA, SPIDDAL, BALLINAHINCH, CRUMLIN, SCREBB, and INVER, Nov. 1 to Jan. 31. River OUGHTERARD, Sept. 30 to Jan. 31.

KENMARE.—Nov. 1 to March 31.

KILLARNEY.—Nov. 1 to March 31. Between Inch Point and Canglass Point, Oct. 16 to Jan. 31. Between Canglass Point and Bolus Head, Sept. 16 to May 31. Between Bolus Head and Lamb Head, Oct. 16 to Jan. 31. Rivers LAUNE and MAINE, Nov. 1 to Jan. 31.

LETTERKENNY.—Nov. 2 to Jan. 31. River CRANA, Nov. 1 to last day of Feb. Rivers OWENEA and OWENTOCKER, Oct. 1 to March 31.

LIMERICK.—Nov. 1 to Jan. 31. Rivers FEALE, GEALE, and CASHEN, Nov. 1 to May 1; River MAIGUE, Oct. 1 to Jan. 31; Dunmore Head to Kerry Head, Oct. 1 to March 31; Loop Head to Hags Head, Oct. 1 to March 1; River MULCAIR, Nov. 1 to Jan. 31. Rivers Owenmore and Feohanagh, Oct. 31 to May 1.

LISMORE.—Sept. 30 to Feb. 1.

LONDONDERRY.—Oct. 10 to April 1. River CULDUFF, Oct. 15 to March 1.

SKIBBEREEN.—Nov. 1 to Feb. 1.

SLIGO.—Oct. 1 to Jan. 31. River DRUMCLIFFE and Lake GLENCAR, Oct. 20 to Jan. 31.

GRANGE RIVER, Nov. 1 to Jan. 31.

WATERFORD.—Oct. 1 to Jan. 31. River SUIR, Oct. 16 to Jan. 31.

WEXFORD.—Oct. 1 to March 14. River SLANEY, Sept. 30 to March 1.

SCOTLAND.**CLOSE TIME FOR SALMON.**

All dates inclusive.

For all rivers (except as below)—Nov. 1 to Feb. 10.

ADD, ARAY, ECKAIG, N. ESK, S. ESK, FYNE, RUEL, SHIRA.—Nov. 1 to Feb. 15.

ANNAN.—Nov. 16 to Feb. 24.

BEAULY, DUNBEATH, LOSSIE, NAIRN, NESS, SPEY, KYLE OF SUTHERLAND.—Oct. 16 to Feb. 10.

BERVIE, CARRADALE, FLEET (SUTHERLAND), FLEET (KIRKCUDBRIGHT), GARNOCK, GIRVAN, INVER, IORSA, IRVINE, LAGGAN, LUCE, SORN, UGIE, URB, YTHAN, and all rivers in HARRIS, BENBECULA, and N. and S. Uist and of ORKNEY. —Nov. 1 to Feb. 24.

BOBGIE, HALLADALE, HOPE, NAVER, STRATHY.—Oct. 1 to Jan. 10.

DRUMMACHLOY (BUTE), GLENMORE (BUTE).—Oct. 16 to Feb. 15.

ESK (DUMFRIES).—Nov. 2 to Feb. 1; T, Oct. 2 to Feb. 1.

FINDHORN.—Oct. 11 to Feb. 10.

HOPE AND POLLA OR STRATHBEG.—Sept. 11 to Jan. 10.

NITH.—Nov. 16 to Feb. 24.

SHETLAND ISLANDS.—Nov. 16 to Jan. 31.

STINCHAR.—Nov. 16 to Feb. 24.

TAY.—Angling, Oct. 16 to Jan. 14.

THURSO.—Sept. 15 to Jan. 10.

TWEED.—Dec. 1 to Jan. 31.

URR.—Nov. 30 to Feb. 24.

NOTE.—There is no close time for trout and char in Scotland, and no licence is necessary for either salmon or trout fishing in Scotland.

LIST OF CONTRACTIONS.

(c.s.)	Close seasons.
E.	East.
London, L.T.	London, Lower Thames.
" M.T.	" Middle "
" U.T.	" Upper "
m.	Miles.
m.t.	Monthly ticket.
N.	North.
N.E.	North-East.

n.s.	Nearest railway station.
N.W.	North-West.
S.	South.
S.E.	South-East.
s.t.	Season ticket.
S.W.	South-West.
W.	West.
w.t.	Weekly ticket.

RAILWAYS.

By.R.	Barry Ry.
Bd.R.	Birkenhead Ry.
B.C.R.	Bishops Castle Ry.
B. & M.R.	Brecon and Merthyr Ry.
B.R.	Basingwold Ry.
C.R.	Cambrian Ry.
C.L.R.	Cheshire Lines Ry.
C. & W.J.R.	Cleator and Workington Junction Ry.
Ca.R.	Corris Ry.
D.N. & S.R.	Didcot, Newbury, and Southampton Ry.
E. & W.J. & S.T. & M.J.	East and West Junction and Stratford-on-Avon, Towcester, and Midland Junction Ry.
F.R.	Festiniog Ry.
Fa.R.	Furness Ry.
G. & K.R.	Garstang and Knot End Ry.
G.V.R.	Golden Valley Ry.
G.C.R.	Great Central Ry.
G.E.R.	Great Eastern Ry.
G.E. & G.N.J.R.	Great Eastern and Great Northern Joint Ry.
G.N.R.	Great Northern Ry.
G.N. of S.R.	Great North of Scotland Ry.
G.N. & L. & N.W.J.R.	Great Northern and London and North-Western Joint Ry.
G.W.R.	Great Western Ry.
G.W. & L. & N.W.J.R.	Great Western and London and North-Western Joint Ry.
G.W. & R.J.R.	Great Western and Rhymney Joint Ry.
H.B. & W.R.J.R.	Hull, Barnsley, and West Riding Junction Ry.
L. & Y.R.	Lancashire and Yorkshire Ry.
L.D. & E.C.R.	Lancashire, Derbyshire, and East Coast Ry.
L. & N.W.R.	London and North-Western Ry.
L. & S.W.R.	London and South-Western Ry.
L.B. & S.C.R.	London, Brighton, and South Coast Ry.

L.C. & D.R.	London, Chatham, and Dover Ry.
L.T. & S.R.	London, Tilbury, and South-end Ry.
L.R.	Londonderry Ry.
Loo.R.	Loos Ry.
M. & M.R.	Manchester and Milford Ry.
M. & N. & B.R.	Midland and Neath and Brecons Ry.
M.S.J. & A.R.	Manchester South Junction and Altrincham Ry.
M. & C.R.	Maryport and Carlisle Ry.
Mwy.R.	Mawddwy Ry.
Met.R.	Metropolitan Ry.
M.R.	Midland Ry.
M. & G.N.J.R.	Midland and Great Northern Joint Ry.
M. & G.W.J.R.	Midland and Great Western Joint Ry.
M. & S.W.J.R.	Midland and South-Western Junction Ry.
N. & B.R.	Neath and Brecon Ry.
N. & B.J.R.	Northampton and Banbury Junction Ry.
N.E.R.	North-Eastern Ry.
N.P. & F.R.	North Pembrokehire and Fishguard Ry.
N.S.R.	North Staffordshire R.
N.W. & L.R.	North Wales and Liverpool Ry.
N.W.N.G.R.	North Wales Narrow Gauge Ry.
O. & A.R.	Oxford and Aylesbury Ry.
P. & T.R.	Pembroke and Tenby Ry.
P.C. & N.R.	Pontypridd, Caerphilly, and Newport Ry.
P. & L.R.	Preston and Longridge Ry.
R. & E.R.	Ravenglass and Eskdale Ry.
R. & S.B.R.	Rhondda and Swansea Bay Ry.
R.R.	Rhymney Ry.
S. & M.R.	Sheffield and Midland Ry.
S. & H.R.	Shrewsbury and Hereford Ry.
S. & D.R.	Somerset and Dorset Ry.
S.E.R.	South-Eastern Ry.

RAILWAYS—continued.

S.E. & L.C. & South-Eastern and London, D.J.R. Chatham, and Dover Joint Ry.	T.V.R. Taff Vale Ry
S. & C.L.E.R. ... Southport and Cheshire Lines Extension Ry.	T.R. Tal-y-llyn Ry.
S.R. Southwold Ry.	W.L. & L.S. & West Lancashire and Liver- pool, Southport, and Preston Junction Ry.
S.Y.R. South Yorkshire Ry.	W.S.M.R. West Somerset Mineral Ry.
S. & K.J.R. Swinton and Knottingley Joint Ry.	W.J.R. Wigan Junction Ry.
	W.R. Wirral Ry.

ISLE OF MAN.

I. of M.R. Isle of Man Ry.	M.N.R. Manx Northern Ry.
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ISLE OF WIGHT.

F.Y. & N.R. Freshwater, Yarmouth, and Newport Ry.	I. of W.R. Isle of Wight Ry.
	I. of W.C.R. Isle of Wight Central Ry.

SCOTLAND.

C.R. Caledonian Ry.	G.N. of S R. Great North of Scotland Ry.
D. & A.J.R. Dundee and Arbroath Joint Ry.	H.R. Highland Ry.
G. & K.J.R. Glasgow and Kilmarnock Joint Ry.	L. & A.R. Lanarkshire and Ayrshire Ry.
G. & S.W.R. ... Glasgow and South-Western Ry.	N.B.R. North British Ry.
	P. & W.J.R. Portpatrick and Wigtown- shire Joint Ry.

IRELAND.

B.R. Ballycastle Ry.	G.S. & W.R. Great Southern and Western Ry.
B. & C.D.R. Belfast and County Down Ry.	L.R. Letterkenny Ry.
B. & N.C.R. Belfast and Northern Coun- ties Ry.	L. & L.S.R. Londonderry and Lough Swilly Ry.
C. & V.B.R. Castlederg and Victoria Bridge Ry.	M.G.W.R. Midland Great Western Ry.
C. & L.R. Cavan and Leitrim Ry.	S. & S.R. Schull and Skibbereen Ry.
C.V.R. Clogher Valley Ry.	S.L. & N.C.R. ... Sligo, Leitrim, and Northern Counties Ry.
C. & M.R. Cork and Muskerry Ry.	T. & D.R. Tralee and Dingle Ry.
C.B. & S.C.R. ... Cork, Bandon, and South Coast Ry.	W. & C.I. & Waterford and Central Ire- land and Kilkenny Junc- tion Ry.
C. & M.D.R. ... Cork and Macroom Direct Ry.	K.J.R.
D.R. Donegal Ry.	W.L. & W.R. ... Waterford, Limerick, and Western Ry.
D.W. & W.R. ... Dublin, Wicklow, and Wex- ford Ry.	W.D. & L. & F. Waterford, Dungarvan and Lismore, and Fermoy and Lismore Ry.
G.N.R. Great Northern Ry.	W.C.R. West Clare Ry.

THE ANGLER'S DIARY AND TOURIST FISHERMAN'S GAZETTEER.

A LIST OF FISHING STATIONS IN THE UNITED KINGDOM.

ENGLAND.

- Abbots Bromley**, n.s. **Bugeley**, 4 m. (Stafford).—L. & N.W.R. Bromley brook. Blythe, 1 m. S.W. (*c.s. Trent*.) Tad brook, 2 m. W. Purl brook, 2 m. S.E. Swarbourne brook, 4 m. S.E. Lin brook, 5 m. S.E. *Lakes*: Bagots Park, 2 m. N. Lake by Newborough, 4 m. N.E. (*See Gainsborough*.)
- Aberbeeg** (Monmouth).—G.W.R. Ebwy; trout. (*c.s. Usk*.) Ebwyfach; trout. (*c.s. Usk*.) *Lakes*: Ponnd-y-Coed-Coe (2 m.) (*See Newport*.)
- Abercarne** (Monmouth).—G.W.R. Ebwy; trout, salmon. (*c.s. Usk*.) (*See Newport*.)
- Abercillery** (Monmouth).—G.W.R.; L. & N.W.R. Ebwyfach; trout. (*c.s. Usk*.) (*See Newport*.)
- Aberford** (York), n.s. **Garforth** or **Mickfield**, 3 m.—Cock beck. (*See York*.)
- Abergavenny** (Monmouth).—G.W.R. Usk; salmon, trout; preserved by the Usk and Ebbw Conservators, the United Usk Fishing Association (*see Usk*), and the Abergavenny Angling Association. This latter preserves the river for 1 m. Salmon and trout rod licences 20s. and 1s., per Messrs. Harrison, stationers, and the Angel Hotel. There are salmon and trout s.t. issued—salmon at 21s., trout 2s. 6d.; dace fishing, no close time, 5s.; ladies and boys under 15 half price. *Salmon* fishing begins March 1, ending Nov. 2; *trout* fishing Feb. 15, and ending Oct. 1. The gaff must not be used before May 1. Minnow fishing for trout begins April 2, and no artificial minnow must exceed 1½ in. n length. Trout fishermen must have a bag or basket for their fish; no dogs. (*See Usk; Brecon*.) (*c.s.*) Gavenny; trout. (*See Newport*.) (*c.s. Usk*.) Mynachdy brook, 3 m. Trothey, 4 m.; trout (*c.s. Wye*). Full brook, 5 m. Honddu, 5 m.; trout. Monnow 6 m.; trout; both reached by rail. (*See Chepstow*.) Grwyne, 6 m.; plenty of small trout. (*See Newport*.) *Hotels*: Angel (*see Advertisement*), Greyhound. The proprietor of Angel has a transferable salmon ticket for the free use of his visitors in Usk, and 5 m. of private water.
- Abersychan** (Monmouth).—G.W.R.; L. & N.W.R. Llwyd; trout, salmon. (*See Newport*.) (*c.s. Usk*.)
- Abingdon** (Berks).—G.W.R. Thames and Ock; pike, perch, tench, chub, and roach. *Hotels*: Queen's, Crown and Thistle, Lion. *Fishermen*: Hyde and Trinder. (*c.s.*) (*See London, M.T.*)
- Aby** (Lincoln).—G.N.R. Withern. Calceby beck, 2 m. *Lakes*: Ormsby Park, 5 m. (*See Saltfleet*.)
- Accrington** (Lancs).—Lanc. & York R. Hynilburn brook. (*See Preston*.)
- Acklington** (Northland).—N.E.R. On Coquet; trout. (*See Rothbury, Weldon Bridge, Felton*.) The owner of Felton Park will sometimes grant leave for a day. (*c.s.*)
- Ackworth** (Yorks).—G.N.R.; M.R. Went. *Lakes*: Nostell Priory lake, 3 m. W. (*See Goole*.)
- Aale** (Norfolk).—G.E.R. Bure; bream, roach, pike, perch; the half tides are so numerous that a good day's sport is doubtful. Muck Fleet. *Lakes*: Aale Decoy, 1 m. S. Walsham Broad, 4 m. N.W. *Inns*: Queen's Head and King's Head. (*c.s. Norfolk*.) (*See Yarmouth*.)

- Acton** (Cheshire).—L. & N.W.R. Weaver. Cuddington brook. Bent brook, 1 m. W. (See *Frodsham*.)
- Adderley** (Cheshire).—G.W.R.; L. & N.W.R. Adderley brook. *Lakes*: Adderley Hall lake. The Mere. New pool at Shavington, 1 m. S.W. New pool, Old pool, and Big pool (3 m. S.W.) (See *Frodsham*; *Gloucester*.)
- Addingham** (York).—M.R. Wharfe (c.s. York.) (See York.)
- Addlestrop** (Gloucester).—G.W.R. Evenlode here rises in a lake (See *London, U.T.*)
- Addlington** (Lancs).—L. & Y.R.; L. & N.W.R. Douglas. (c.s. *Ribble*.) Barsden brook, 2 m. S. *Lakes*: Rivington reservoir. (See *Liverpool, Hesketh Bank*.)
- Adlington** (Lancs).—L. & N.W.R. Dean. (See *Runcorn*.)
- Alderby** (York).—N.E.R. Swale, 1 m. W. (c.s. York.) Stelt, 3 m. N.W., at Langton. (See York.)
- Aintree** (Lancs).—L. & Y.R.; S. & C.L.R. Alt. (See *Alcarr*.)
- Albrighton** (Salop).—G.W.R. Wool (3 m. W.) *Lakes*: Patshull Lake (3 m. S.) Chillingham pool (3 m.; good fishing). Snowdon pool (3½ m. S.W.) (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.)
- Alcester** (Warwick).—M.B.; G.W.R. Arrow; pike, perch, chub, dace, roach, bream, few trout; good fishing below, belonging to Mr. Scott; d.t., 1s, from the Fish Hotel, Wixford, for 4 m. Aine. Bow brook (7 m. N.W.) *Lakes*: Ragley Park lake (3 m. S.) (See *Inkberrow*; *Gloucester*.) *Hotel*: Swan.
- Aldbrough** (Suffolk).—G.E.R. Alde. Bass can be taken from the jetty; cod and whiting from the beach; October and November best months. (See *Orford*.) *Hotels*: Brudenall, White Lion.
- Aldermaston** (Berks).—G.W.R. Kennett; roach, dace, perch, pike, trout; preserved by C. Keyser, Esq., of Aldermaston Park. Emburne; trout. (See *London, M.T.*)
- Alderney**.—Mr. Wilcocks says: "Sea fish of all kinds may be taken from any steep rock. Excellent pollack and other fishing outside the harbour. Strangers should not venture outside alone. Corbet is an excellent fisherman. With the rod, from the breakwater, may be taken whiting, pollack, mackerel, gar fish, occasionally bass and sea bream; this latter also from the steep rocks under the fort. The pollack and pout are the chief fish caught from the rocks or pier in the winter, and they are to be taken, more or less, all the year round, the pout more particularly, by throwing out a ground line; the pollack with a lightly-leaded line, with or without a float, according to local circumstances. The breakwater runs out into water 100ft. deep or more. The other fish to be taken is the atherine or sand smelt which may be caught with a paternoster and a 4oz. or ½oz. lead, hooks No. 8 and 9, and a piece of rag worm for bait, ½ in. long, on each hook. It is especially a winter-feeding fish, but takes best after dark, under a lamp. Under the fort during a fine summer evening, towing a casting line with three or four flies, and 20yds of line out; or a line with rock or lug worm bait, with a ½ lb. lead, or even without any lead at all, will be successful in taking pollack. You would also catch congers by throwing out a ground line, baited with a piece of a sucker (*Octopus vulgaris*), or a small pout, piece of pollack, or other fresh fish. On sandy bottoms, in the bays, in rough weather in summer and autumn, when there is a good surf, a throw-out or ledger line baited with sucker (here called *pieuvre*), with squid (termed *condé*), or cuttle fish (*seche*), will occasionally take large ground bass, from 6lb. to 14lb. Bass are sometimes plentiful, and are found in the strong tides of the Sige passage, where they are whiffed or trailed for with a small eel or other fish bait. There is a good hotel here."
- Aldwark** (York), n.s. **Tollerton**, 4 m.—Ouse. (c.s. York.) (See York.)
- Alfreton** (Derby).—M.R. Normanton brook. Westwood brook, 1 m. N.E. Amber, 2 m. W.; trout, grayling. Erewash, 3 m. S.E. at **Pye Bridge**. *Lakes*: Butterley reservoir, 3 m. S. (See *Gainsborough*.)
- Allerton** (York).—N.E.R. Allerton beck, 1 m. W. Nield, 2 m. S. (c.s. York.) *Lakes*: Allerton Park lakes, 2 m. W. (See York.)
- Almeley** (Hereford).—G.W.R. Upcott brook. Letton lake brook. *Lakes*: Newport Park. Upcott. (See *Chepstow*.)
- Aine** (York).—N.E.R. Kyle. Hawkhill beck. Derings beck. (See York.)
- Alnwick** (Northland.).—N.E.R. On Aln; trout and sea trout; season for sea trout, Feb. 2 to Nov. 1; trout, March 1 to Oct. 1 The Duke of Northumberland preserves the water running through Hulne Park, Dairy Grounds, and the pastures to Denwick Bridge. Leave may sometimes be obtained. From Denwick Bridge to Alnmouth Bridge is in the hands of the River Aln Angling Association, except a small portion on the south side of Denwick Bridge, and that part running through the grounds at Lesbury House. Visitors staying within the Association radius are charged 2s. 6d. per day, 10s. per week, and 1l. per month; tickets may be obtained from the hon. sec., John de C. Paynter, Esq., Alnwick. The rivers Cogwet, Breamish, Till, and Glen are within easy distance of Alnwick—a charming spot for an angling holiday. *Hotels*: Northumberland Arms, Queen's Head, and Star. The upper reaches of the Aine abound with trout, but the water is strictly preserved by C. J. Wylam, Esq., and Earl Ravensworth.
- Alresford** (Hants).—L. & S.W.R. Itchen; trout; preserved. (See *Southampton*.) The fishing belongs to Lord Ashburton, Lady Rodney of the Grange. Close to the town Mr. Dunn, below to Mr. Marks, the Baroness Von Zant, and the Titchborne family. *Lakes*: Alresford pond; pike, perch; preserved by the Gresham Angling Society; pike fishing very good and an unmitigated curse to the Itchen, into which the pond drains.

Alrewas (Stafford).—L. & N.W.B. Trent; perch, bream, chub, dace, roach, pike. (*c.s.*) Alrewas brook. Swarbourne brook, 2 m. N.W. Tame, 2 m. S.E.; chub, dace. (*c.s. Trent.*) Mease, 3 m. S.E. (*c.s. Trent.*) Pessal brook, 4 m. S.E. (*See Gainsborough.*)

Alsager (Cheshire).—L. & N.W.R. Hassall brook. Lawton brook, 1 m. N.E. *Lakes:* Alsager pond. Lawton Hall, 2 m. E. Lawton mere, 3 m. N.E. Rode Hall, 2 m. N.E. (*See Frodsham.*)

Altcar (Lancs.).—W.L. & L.S. & P.J.B. Alt; roach, pike, few trout. Downholland brook. Alt rises in the large lake in Knowsley Park, 2 m. N.W. of Prescot, and, running through a smaller pond in the Park, runs 4 m., to 1 m. N.E. of West Derby. 4 m. down, 1 m. S. of Kirkby, Flukers brook, 3 m. long, joins on right bank, and at the same place and on the same side Simonswood brook joins Alt. This brook is 8 m. long, and runs close to Kirkby, 2 m. up from its junction with Alt. Alt runs 2 m. to Aintree, Sefton 3 m., and 3 m. below is joined on right bank by Lydiate brook. Lydiate rises 6 m. above Lydiate, and joins Alt 3 m. below. Alt runs to Altcar 2 m., and here Downholland brook joins on right bank. Downholland rises 2 m. above Barton, and joins Alt at Altcar, 6 m. below. Alt runs 2 m. to the sea at Hightown. Lord Sefton preserves parts; elsewhere leave must be obtained.

Althorpe (Lincoln).—G.C.R. Idle; Idle is formed by the confluence, at Twyford Bridge by Elkesley, 4 m. N.W. from Tuxford or 4 m. S. from Retford, of Poulter, Meden, and Maun. Poulter rises in Whaley Mill, 2 m. N. from Langwith, and, 2 m. down, waters the lake at Langwith Lodge. 4 m. down Poulter the outflow of the lakes in Welbeck Park, 3 up and 3 m. S.E. from Whitwell, joins on left bank. 1 m. below Poulter waters a large lake at Carburton Forge, 5 m. S. of Worksop, and 2 m. down it waters the large lake in Clumber Park, 3 m. S.W. from Chequer House Station. Poulter runs to Twyford Bridge in 5 m. Meden rises above Teversall, and, 1 m. down, is joined on left bank by a brook draining the Car Ponds by Ault Hucknall, 3 m. N.W. from Teversall. Meden runs 1 m. to Pleasley and 4 m. to Sookham Chapel, 1 m. S.E. from Shirebrook. Here a brook joins on right bank, draining the lake at Park Hall, 2 m. N.E. from Mansfield Woodhouse. Meden runs 3 m. to Warsop, and, 5 m. down, waters the large lake at Thoresby Park, 3 m. N.W. of Ollerton (*n.s. Tuxford*, 6 m.). Meden runs to Bottomsall, 3 m., and Twyford Bridge, 3 m. Maun rises in a lake by Bath Wood at Sutton, runs 1 m. to the King's Mill reservoir, 1 m. N.E. from Sutton, and thence to Mansfield, 3 m. Here Coldwell brook, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. Maun, in 2 m., runs 1 m. E. of Mansfield Woodhouse, and, 4 m. down, 3 m. E. from Mansfield Woodhouse, is joined on right bank by Vicay water, 4 m. long. Maun runs 3 m. to Ollerton, and here Rainworth brook joins on right bank. Rainworth rises in a pond 1 m. above Rainworth, 4 m. S.E. from Mansfield, and here, by the railway, it is joined on right bank by Foul Evil brook, 2 m. long, and which drains two ponds. Rainworth runs 3 m. to Inkersall dam, 3 m. N.W. of Farnsfield Station, and, 4 m. down, waters Rufford dam, 1 m. S. from Ollerton. Thence to Maun is 1 m. Maun runs 6 m. to Haughton, 3 m. N.W. of Tuxford, and here Bevercotes beck, 5 m. long, joins on right bank. Close to the junction on left bank are Haughton Decoy and the lower ponds. Maun runs to Twyford Bridge, 2 m. The united streams, taking the name of Idle, runs 5 m. to Retford, and, 2 m. down, is joined on left bank by a beck, 5 m. long, which waters Babworth Hall lake, 1 m. W. of Retford. Idle runs 7 m. to Mathersey, 2 m. E. of Ranskill, Sorooby 4 m., and Bawtry 2 m. Here Ryton joins on left bank. Ryton rises above Worksop, where the outflow of the lake at Manor Park, 2 m. S.W., joins on right bank. Ryton runs 5 m. to Chequer House, and Blyth, 3 m. W. of Ranskill, 5 m. Here Oldcoates dyke joins on left bank. Oldcoates rises above Maltby, 8 m. E. of Motherham, and 2 m. down, at Roche Abbey, receives the draining of Loughton pond, 6 m. N.E. of Kiveton Park. Oldcoates runs 7 m. to Blyth. Here Spont dyke joins Oldcoates on right bank. Spont rises in Moor Mill dam, 3 m. S.W. of Shireoak, runs by that station, and, 3 m. down, waters the lake at Carlton, 3 m. N.W. of Worksop. 3 m. down Spont, the outflow, 2 m. long, of the lake at Langold, 5 m. N. of Worksop, joins Spont on left bank. Spont joins Oldcoates just below, and Oldcoates joins Ryton, 1 m. down, at Blyth. Ryton runs to Sorooby 7 m. and Idle and Bawtry 1 m., receiving the outflow of the lake in Serby Park, 3 m. N.W. of Ranskill midway. 4 m. below Bawtry Idle loses some of its waters in the Marther drain, 6 m. long, connecting Idle with Trent at Misterton. 2 m. down Idle, at Idle step, the bulk of the river is diverted into an artificial cut, called New Idle drain. 5 m. down Idle, Torne river joins on left bank. Torne rises in the lakes in Sandbeck Park, 2 m. S. of Tickhill (*n.s. Bawtry*, 4 m.), runs in 3 m., 1 m. E. of Tickhill, and 5 m. down, Rossington, being 1 m. off on right bank, St. Catharine's Well stream, or Warmworth beck, join on left bank. St. Catharine rises in the pond at Crookhill Hall, by Edlington, 1 m. S.W. of Conisborough, and is 7 m. long. Torne runs to Rossington 2 m., 3 m. to Auckley (*n.s. Finningley*, 2 m.), and joins Idle 7 m. down. At this point Idle is divided into three streams. Idle north drain, an artificial cut, runs 4 m. to Durtness Bridge, Crowle station 2 m., and joins Trent 4 m. below, 1 m. below Althorpe. The new Idle river, another artificial cut, takes a similar course, joining the north drain at Newbridge. The original stream of the Idle, after a winding course, joins the North Idle drain at Durtness Bridge. (*c.s. Trent.*)

Althorp Park (Northton).—L. & N.W.R. Althorp brook. *Lakes:* Althorp Park. (*See Wisbeach.*)

Alton (Hants).—L. & S.W.R. Wey; trout. (*See London, L.T.*) Hotel, Swan.

- Alton** (Stafford).—M.R.; L. & N.W.R., and G.N.R. Churnet; trout, grayling; fishing spoilt by Leek drainage. (*c.s. Trent*.) *Lakes*: Alton Park lakes, 1 m. N. (*See Gainsborough*.)
- Altrincham** (Cheshire).—G.N.R.; M.R., and L. & N.W.R. Close to the station is Nicolls Pool, preserved by a club at Manchester.
- Alvechurch** (Worcester).—M.R. Arrow. *Lakes*: Great Bittle Reservoir (1½ m. N.W.) (*See Gloucester*.)
- Ambergate** (Derby).—M.R. Derwent; grayling, trout, pike, coarse fish. (*c.s. Trent*.) Amber; same fish. *Lakes*: Alderwasley ponds, 2 m. N.W. Butterley reservoir, 4 m. E. *Hotel*: Hurt Arms, where fishing can be had. (*See Gainsborough*.)
- Amberley** (Sussex).—L.B. & S.C.R. Arun; pike, bream, roach, carp, &c. (*See Little Hampton*.) Fishing good.
- Ambleside** (on Windermere).—L. & N.W.R. Pike, perch, and a few large trout in the lake. There are a few trout in the Rothery River, running into the lake here. We believe a small fee is required for fishing. This stream rises in the hills above Grasmere, runs through Codale and Easdale tarns, lake Grasmere, and Rydal water, and joins Windermere at Ambleside. There are pike and plenty of perch in Rydal. There are a few trout in the stream joining Rydal and Grasmere; this is also preserved as above. There are a few pike and plenty of perch, and a few trout in Grasmere, but they are much fished. There are plenty of small trout in the stream which runs into Grasmere. The higher up you go the better the fishing. Easdale Tarn lies some 3 m. in the hills above Grasmere. There are some trout and plenty of good perch. Codale Tarn lies near Easdale, and contains some good trout and fine perch. (*c.s. Leven*.)
- Ampleforth** (York).—N.E.R. Hole beck. *Lakes*: Gilling Park lake. Pack Horse lakes, 2 m. S.W. (*See York*.)
- Amptill** (Beds).—M.B. and L. & N.W.R. Tod (3 m. S.) *Lakes*: Filtwick Park Lakes. (3 m. S.) West Park Lakes (5 m. S.E.) (*See King's Lynn*.) *Tackleist*, E. White, Market-place.
- Andover** (Hants).—L. & S.W.R. On the Anton; trout and grayling. (*See Southampton*.) *Hotels*: Star and Garter, White Hart, Junction. Mr. W. Fowle owns the river below the town for over a mile, and the water is preserved by the Anton Fishing Club of five members. Fishing begins April 1, and ends Oct. 1. Fly only. No dogs. Apply W. Fowle, Esq., Andover. Below Mr. Fowle's water comes Mr. E. Lywood's, then Mr. T. Footers's, the Vicar of Goodworth Clatford, Mr. J. Symonds, and Mr. Ironmonger. At Testcombe Bridge the Anton joins the Test. *Tackleist*, E. Chamberlain.
- Angel Road** (Middx.).—G.E.R. (*See Park*.) On Lea; dace, roach, chub, perch, jack, barbel, bream, carp. (*See Stratford*.) Mr. Jackson preserves the water. Tickets, 21s. with trolling; 10s. 6d. without, and 1s. a day without trolling. The next fishing station above is at **Fonder's End** and **Enfield** (G.E.R.).
- Angmering** (Sussex).—L.B. & S.C.R. On tributary of Arun and Patching pond. (*See Little Hampton*.)
- Appleby** (Lincoln).—G.C.R. Ancholme, 3 m. S.E. *Lakes*: Broughton Decoy, 3 m. S.E. (*See Brigg*.)
- Appleby** (Westland).—M.R.; N.E.R. On Eden. Salmon, trout. Visitors at the Tufton Arms have 15 m. of good water open to them, and there is a fair amount of free fishing. From Warcop to Appleby the river is strictly preserved. Three miles of good fishing can be had between Appleby and Kirbythore, at 2s. 6d. (*c.s.*) A tributary of Tees, Malsebeck, not many miles away, gives good trouting early in the season. There are a number of tributaries of the Eden affording good sport, free.
- Appledore** (N. Devon).—Very good bass fishing at times in summer, on flowing tide. Station, Instow. Although there is excellent sea fishing in Bideford Bay, outside Appledore Bar, the tides are so strong, and the bar often so dangerous, that it is much better to fish the bay from Clovelly. (*See Hartland*.)
- Apply Bridge** (Lancs).—L. & Y.R. Douglas. (*c.s. Ribble*.) *Lakes*: Wrightington Hall lake, 1 m. N.E. (*See Hesket Bank*.)
- Argoed** (Monmouth).—B.R. Sirhowey; trout. (*See Newport*.)
- Arlesley** (Beds).—G.N.R. Ival. Hir; trout. (*See King's Lynn*.)
- Arley** (Warwick).—M.R. Arley brook. (*See Gainsborough*.)
- Armathwaite** (Cumberland).—S. & C.R. Eden; salmon and trout. (*See Carlisle*.) Preserved by the Carlisle Association. *Hotel*: Red Lion. Fishing free to visitors. (*c.s.*)
- Armitage** (Stafford).—L. & N.W.R. Trent; roach, chub, pike, trout. (*c.s.*) How brook, Bourne brook, 2 m. S.E. Ben brook, 2 m. S.E. Blythe, 3 m. N.E. (*c.s. Trent*.) Swarbourne brook, 5 m. N.E. at Yoxall. *Lakes*: Beaudesert Park lake, 4 m. S.W. (*See Gainsborough*.)
- Arram** (York).—N.E.R. Hull. (*See Hull*.) (*c.s. York*.)
- Arthington** (York).—N.E.R. Wharfe; trout, grayling; preserved hence up to Otley by the Otley Angling Club. (*See Otley*.) (*c.s. York*.) Addle beck, 2½ m. S.W. *Lakes*: Bushes Farm pond, 2½ m. S.W. Alwoodly reservoir, 2 m. S.E. Blackhill dam, 3½ m. S.W. Addle dam, 4 m. S.W. (*See Rauciffe, York*.)
- Arundel** (Sussex).—L.B. & S.C.R. Arun. (*See Little Hampton*.) For fishing go to Amberley or Pulborough.
- Ascot** (Berks).—L. & S.W.R. (*See London, L.T.*) In 3 m. are Bull brook, Harman's, Englemore, Sunninghill Park, Sillwood Park, Virginia Water, Broomhill, Charters, Hall Grove, Bageshot Park, Swinley Lodge, ponds.
- Ascot** (Oxford).—G.W.R. On Evenlode. (*See London, U.T.*)

- Asfordby** (Leicester).—M.R. Wreak; roach, bream. (*c.s. Trent.*) *Lakes*: Welby pond 2 m. N. Saxelby pond, 3 m. N. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Ashbourne** (Derby).—L. & N.W.R.; G.N.R.; N.S.R., and M.R. Henmoor; trout, grayling. Bradbourne brook. Dove, 1 m. W.; trout, grayling; preserved for $3\frac{1}{2}$ m. by the Birdgrove Fishing Club of 30 members; entrance 4l. 4s.; s.t. 4l. 4s.; sec., G. M. Bond, Esq., Alrewas House, Ashbourne. (*c.s. Trent.*) Mannyfold, 5 m. N.W. at **Ham**. Bradley brook, 5 m. S.E. by Brailsford. Hamps, 6 m. N.W. at Calton. *Lakes*: The dam and another pond at Bradley, 3 m. E. Yeldersley pond and Shirley Park lakes, 3 m. S.E. (*See Gainsborough.*) *Tackleists*, Messrs. Foster.
- Ashburton** (Devon).—G.W.R. On Dart; trout and salmon. *Hotels*: Golden Lion and London. (*See Dartmouth.*) Fishing for a slight fee. Apply to landlords of hotels. Fishing extend from Holne Bridge down to Tornea, and from New Bridge up to Dartmeet. Fishing private between Holne Bridge and New Bridge. (*c.s.*)
- Ashby-de-la-Zouch** (Leicester).—M.R.; L. & N.W.R. Meass. (*c.s. Trent.*) *Lakes*: Willesley Park lake, 1 m. S.W. Asby Wolds reservoir, 4 m. W. Barrat pool, 4 m. S.W. Colcordon ponds, 3 m. E. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Ashford Bakewell** (Derby), n.s. Longstone, 1 m.—M.R. Wye; trout, grayling; preserved by the Duke of Devonshire. (*c.s. Trent.*) *Hotel*: Devonshire Arms. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Ashford** (Kent).—S.E.R. On Stour; pike, roach, &c. To fish the Stour above Ashford apply to the millowners. A short distance below Wye is a portion of the old river, cut off by the railway. Here are some jack, &c.; but it is much fished. In Eastwell Park (Lord Gerald) there is a large lake; pike, tench, roach, perch. Leave may sometimes be obtained. Good fishing can be had also at Hothfield-place (Lord Hothfield). (*See Sandwich.*) (*c.s.*) *Hotel*: Saracen's Head.
- Ashford** (Middx.).—L. & S.W.R. On branch of Colne. Thames (2 m.). (*See London, L.T.*)
- Ashley** (Cheshire).—C. Lines R. Bollin, 1 m. N.; trout, roach, dace, pike. Ashley brook, 1 m. S. Mobberley brook, 1 m. S. *Lakes*: Rosthern mere, 2 m. W. (*See Runcorn.*)
- Ashley** (Leicester).—L. & N.W.R. Melbourne brook. Welland, 1 m. S. (*See Spalding.*)
- Ashopton** (Derby), n.s. Bamford, 3 m.—M.R. Derwent; trout, grayling; preserved below Yorkshire bridge, where the Derwent Fly-fishing Club water (sec., H. Barber, Esq., The Firs, Dore, Sheffield) begins (*see Hathersage*). Ashopton Inn lies above for some distance, thence to its source preserved by the Duke of Norfolk. (*c.s. Trent.*) Ashop; trout. Ladybower brook. Mill brook, 2 m. N. Now, 2 m. S. Alport, 5 m. N.W. Abbey brook, 5 m. N. Little Howden brook, 6 m. N. Westend, 7 m. N.W. *Hotel*: Ashopton Inn, where accommodation and fishing for 15 miles can be had both in Derwent and Ashop; s.t. 2l. 2s. 6d. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Ashperton** (Hereford).—G.W.R. Frome (2½ m.). Leddon (2½ m.). *Lakes*: Devereux Park lakes (4 m.). (*See Chepstow.*)
- Ashton** (Lanca).—L. & N.W.R.; G.C.R.; L. & Y.R.; M.R. Tame. *Lakes*: Knoll Hill, 2 m. N.E. (*See Runcorn.*)
- Ashwell** (Herts).—G.N.R. Rhee. (*See King's Lynn.*)
- Ashrigg** (York).—N.E.R. Ure; trout, grayling; preserved by Wensleydale Angling Association for 5 m.; s.t. 10s. 6d., d.t. 2s. 6d. (*c.s. York.*) Bain; trout; preserved as Ure for 4 m. *Lakes*: Summerledge tarn, 3 m. N. Seamerwater tarn, 4 m. S.; trout; preserved as Ure. Middleton tongue tarn, 10 m. S.W. Cray tarn, 10 m. S. Outershaw tarn, 10 m. S.W. (*See York.*) *Hotel*: Robinson's.
- Aslacton** (Notts).—G.N.R. Smite. Whipling river. Car dyke, 2 m. N.W. Devon, 4 m. E. at Bottiford. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Aspatria** (Cumberland).—L. & N.W.R. Ellen; trout.
- Aston** (Warwick).—L. & N.W.R. Tame (*c.s. Trent.*) Rea, 1 m. S.E. *Lakes*: Aston Park, Lower Witton pool, 1 m. N. Upper Witton pool, 2 m. N. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Athelney** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Parret. Tone. (*See Bridgwater.*) (*c.s. Avon.*)
- Atherstone** (Warwick).—L. & N.W.R. Anker (*c.s. Trent.*) Sence, 1 m. N.E. Tweed, 2 m. N.E. *Lakes*: Abbey pond and Black pool, 1 m. W. The reservoir, 2 m. S. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Atherton** (Lanca).—L. & N.W.R. Crol. *Lakes*: Hulton Park lake, 4 m. N. (*See Runcorn.*)
- Attenborough** (Notts).—M.R. Trent; salmon, chub, roach, pike, perch, bream, barbel. (*c.s.*) Erewash, 1 m. W. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Attlebridge** (Norfolk).—G.E.R. Wensum. (*c.s. N. and S.*) Costessey brook, 4 m. S. *Lakes*: Haveringland, 3½ m. N. Hopground lake, Horningham, 4 m. S. (*See Yarmouth.*) (*c.s. Norfolk.*)
- Audlem** (Cheshire).—G.W.R. Weaver. Adderley brook. Birchall brook, 2 m. N.E. *Lakes*: Woodfall pool, 2 m. N.E. (*See Frodsham.*)
- Awre** (Gloucester).—G.W.R. Bideford brook, which rises in Abbot's Wood, runs 4 m. to Blakeney (n.s. **Aure**, 1½ m.), where Blackpool brook joins on right bank. Blackpool rises 1 m. E. of **Speckhouse**, and is 6 m. long. Bideford brook runs 2 m. to **Awre**, and joins Severn estuary 1 m. down.
- Axbridge** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Ax; trout and coarse fish. Ax rises N. of **Wookey** (G.W.R.), 1½ m. from **Wells** (G.W.R.), runs to **Lodge Hill** (G.W.R.) and Westbury 4 m. 1½ m. down, a stream joins on right bank, which drains the decoy lakes at Stoke (n.s. **Draycot**, 1½ m.). 2 m. down, at Bartlett's Bridge, a road leads to a decoy on right bank 1 m. away. 3 m. down Ax, Chedder Water joins on right bank. Chedder rises by **Chedder**, and 2 m. down waters a decoy on left bank standing almost on the banks of Ax. 1 m. down

Ax is Cradle Bridge, and **Axbridge** $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. off on right bank. **Ax** runs in $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. to Lower Weare Bridge, and 2 m. down is joined on right bank by Loxton Brook, which rises above Max Mill near Winscombe, and is 3 m. long. To 2 m. down **Ax** the tide flows. Bleadon is 3 m. down on right bank, Uphill (n.a. Weston Junction, $1\frac{1}{2}$ m.) 4 m., and the sea 2 m. (See *c.s. Avon*.)

Axminster (Devon).—L. & S.W.R. On **Axe** and **Yarty**; trout and salmon, mostly preserved. Above and below Axminster trouting is good, below especially in April and May; strictly preserved by C. Langdon, Esq. Below Axminster salmon fishing is fair; m.t., 15s.; s.t., 30s.; can be had for a portion of the water from Mr. G. Harris. The trout fishing in the **Axe** Fishery district commences on Feb. 2, and expires on Oct. 1, and rod and line salmon fishing begins on May 1 and ends on Nov. 19. The district is under a body of conservators, and I am the assistant clerk of the board, with Wm. Forward, Esq., unsp. master, as clerk. In addition to obtaining the permission of the riparian owners, conservators' licences are absolutely necessary; trout licence, 2s. 6d.; rod and line salmon licence (including trout), 10s. Good accommodation, both public and private, can be obtained in the town. The best flies are the duns and March brown. (See *Seaton*.) (c.s.)

Aylesbury (Bucks).—Met. R.; L. & N.W.R. **Thame**; coarse fish. (See *London, M.T.*) There is some fair coarse fishing in the Aylesbury Branch Canal.

Aylesford (Kent).—S.E.R. (See *Rochester*.) On **Medway**.

Aylsham (Norfolk).—G.E.R. and G.N.R. **Bure**; trout; coarse fish; preserved above, leave from the farmers below. **Aldbrough** beck, 3 m. N.; private. **Gunton** beck, 3 m. E., at **Felmingham**. **Lakes**: Apple Tree Plantation ponds, 4 m. N.W. **Aldbrough** Mill pond, 5 m. N. **Bleckling** lake, 2 m. N.W. (See *Yarmouth*.)

Aynho (Oxford).—G.W.R. **Cherwell**; trout. **Swere**. **Lakes**: **Astrop** House. (See *London, M.T.*)

Aysgarth (York).—N.E.R. **Ure**; trout, grayling; leave may often be obtained; apply to landlord of hotel. (c.s. *York*.) **Bishopsdale** beck, 1 m. S.E. **Walden** beck, 2 m. S.E. **Lakes**: **Locker** tarn, 2 m. N. (See *York*.)

Ayton (York), n.a. **Scarborough**, 5 m.—N.E.R.; G.N.R.; L. & N.W.R.; S. & K.J.R.; L. & Y.R. **Derwent**; trout, grayling above, pike and coarse fish below. The river is preserved by the **Derwent Anglers' Club** of 40 members, at 50s. a year; entrance fee, 60s.; also to strangers day tickets are issued at 5s. and 2s. 6d., to be obtained at Mr. Clarke's, 44, **Huntress-row**, **Scarborough**, five miles off. Trouting begins on 15th April and ends September 30th; grayling, June 16th and ends March 14th. No fish to be killed under 6in., or more than ten brace killed in one day. No wading or dogs allowed. There are many perch, grayling, and chub below **Ayton**. The upper part of the preserve is used for fly only, the lower part for minnow and worm. (c.s. *York*.) (See *Forge Valley; Wressel*.)

Bacup (Lancs).—G.N.R.; L. & N.W.R.; M.R. **Irwell**. (See *Runcorn*.)

Baldon (Yorks).—M.R. **Alre**. (c.s. *York*.) **Gill** beck, 1 m. N.E. (See *Rauchliffe*.)

Bailley Gate (Dorset).—S. & D.R. **Stour**; pike, perch; good fishing, preserved by **Stour Fishery Association**. **Hotel**: **Churchill Arms**, where the landlord can sometimes obtain a day's fishing by giving three or four days' notice. (See *Christchurch*.) (c.s. *Avon*.)

Bakewell (Derby).—M.R. **Wye**; trout, grayling; preserved above **Bakewell Bridge** by the Duke of Devonshire, below to **Bowley**; the landlord of the **Rutland Arms** has the privilege of 4 tickets per day, free to visitors at hotel; no bottom fishing or wading. (c.s. *Trent*.) **Derwent**, 2 m. N.E. at **Edensor**. (c.s. *Trent*.) (See *Baslow; Gainsborough*.)

Balderaby (York).—N.E.R. **Swale**, 1 m. E. (c.s. *York*.) (See *Skipton Bridge, York*.)

Baldock (Herts).—G.N.R. **Ivel**. (See *Kings Lynn*.)

Balne (Yorks).—G.N.E. **Went**. **Lake Drain**, 1 m. W. (See *Goole*.)

Bampton (Oxon).—G.W.R. On **Thames** and **Charney** brook. (See *London, U.T.*)

Bampton (Devon).—G.W.R. **Exe** (2 m. W.), trout and salmon; preserved by the **Tiverton Association**; s.t. only, 2gs. **Belbrook**; preserved. **Batherham** brook; trout; free. **Hotel**: **White Horse**. (See *Tiverton and Exeter*.)

Banbury (Oxon).—G.W.R.; L. & N.W.R.; N. & B.J.R. **Cherwell**. **Lakes**: **Wroxton Abbey**, 3 m. (See *London, M.T.*)

Barcombe (Sussex).—L.B. & S.C.R. **Ouse**; trout, pike, perch; d.t. 1s. from the miller. (See *Newhaven*.) (c.s.)

Bardney (Lincoln).—G.N.R. **Witham**. **Tile House** beck, 1 m. N. **Stainfield** brook, 3 m. N. (See *Boston*.)

Bardsey (York).—N.E.R. **Collingham** beck. **Wharfe**, 3 m. N. (c.s. *York*.) **Harewood** beck, 4 m. S.W. **Ecceup** beck, 4 m. S. **Lakes**: **Alwoodley** reservoir, 4 m. S. **Harewood Park** lakes, 2 m. S.E. (See *York*.)

Barking (Essex).—G.E.R. On **Roding**. This stream rises 4 m. N.W. of **Dunmow**, and in 3 m. crosses the railway, $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. west of **Takeley**, and runs 15 m. to **Chipping Ongar**. **Cripsay** brook, 18 m. long, here joins **Roding** on the right bank. The **Roding** next runs in 11 m. to **Chigwell Lane**, **Loughton** $1\frac{1}{2}$ m., **Buckhurst Hill** 1 m., **Woodford** $1\frac{1}{2}$ m., **George Lane** Station $1\frac{1}{2}$ m., **Wanstead** $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. (n.s. **Leystonstone**, 1 m.), **Ilford** 2 m., and **Barking** is 2 m. The **Roding** here runs into **Barking Creek**.

Barkston (Lincoln).—G.N.R. **Witham**. **Honnington** beck, 1 m. N. **Lakes**: **Syston Park**. (See *Boston*.)

Barlaston (Stafford).—L. & N.W.R. Trent, 1 m. W. (c.s.) *Lakes*: Barlaston Park, 1 m. N. (See *Gainsborough*.)

Barnard Castle (Durham).—N.E.R. On Tees, Greta, Balder, and many brooks; trout. (c.s.)

Barnby (Yorks).—G.C.R.; N.E.R. Don. (c.s. *Yorkshire*.) (See *Goole*.)

Barnes (Middx.).—L. & S.W.R. Thames, and lakes in Richmond and Wimbledon Parks, 3 m. (See *London, L.T.*)

Barnetby Junction (York).—G.C.R. In the large ponds near here is some good perching. The sides are very shallow, so it is necessary to throw out a long line.

Barnoldswick Junction (Yorks).—M.R. Elslack. Stock beck. (See *Ravcliffe and Preston*.)

Barnsley (Yorks).—M.R.; G.C.R.; L. & Y.R.; H. & B.W.J.R. Dearne. (See *Goole*.)

Barnstaple (Devon).—G.W.R. and L. & S.W.R. Taw; salmon, trout. (c.s.) Taw rises close by Okement, on the slopes of Okement Hill (n.s. *Okehampton*, 6 m.), runs 7 m. to South Tawton (n.s. *Okehampton*, 3 m.). 2 m. down, Teal water, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. Taw runs 4 m. to North Tawton (N.D.R.), and 3 m. down (n.s. *Lapford*, N.D.R., 3 m. off) is joined on right bank by Lapford water. Yeo rises S. of Bow (D. & C.R.), runs 3 m. to Zeal Monachorum, and 3 m. down is joined on right bank by Braddford brook, which rises E. of Morchard Road (N.D.R.), and is 3 m. long. 1 m. down, at Lapford (N.D.R.) Washford brook, 10 m. long, joins Lapford on right bank. Lapford runs 3 m. to Taw. Taw runs to Eggesford 3 m. (tickets, Fox and Hounds Hotel), and 2 m. down, near Chulmleigh, is joined by Hollowcombe water, 5 m. long, on left bank, and Little Dart on right bank. Little Dart rises 5 m. S. of East Anstey (D. & S.R.) on Rackenford Moor, runs 2 m. to Rackenford, and 3 m. down is joined on right bank by Sturcomb river, which rises 4 m. S. of East Anstey, near the Little Dart, and is 5 m. long. Little Dart runs 1 m. to Witherside, Chulmleigh 9 m. (n.s. *Eggesford* (N.D.R.), 2 m.), and Taw 2 m. 2 m. down Taw. Little Tiddywater, 4 m. long, joins on left bank. 2 m. down Taw, at South Molton Road Station (tickets), Yeo river joins on right bank. Yeo rises by East Anstey, and 6 m. down, at Molland (D. & S.R.), is joined on right bank by Molland water, 3 m. long. 5 m. down Yeo, Mole joins on right bank. Mole rises 3 m. N. of North Molton, and 3 m. below that place, at the South Molton Station (D. & S.R.), is joined on right bank by Fliton water, 4 m. long. Mole runs to South Molton 1 m., and Yeo 1 m. 2 m. down Yeo is Knowstone water, which rises 4 m. S.W. of East Anstey, runs 7 m. to Bishops Nympton (n.s. *Molland*, 3 m.), and 3 m. down joins Yeo. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down Yeo, Littlecot brook, 7 m. long, joins on left bank. 4 m. down Yeo, Bray river joins on right bank. Bray rises at Challacombe close to Exmoor, runs 6 m., and is joined on left bank by a stream 4 m. long. 2 m. down Bray, a stream 3 m. long joins on right bank. 1 m. down Bray is Castlehill (D. & S.R.). 5 m. down Bray, Nadder water, which rises by South Molton and is 4 m. long, joins on left bank. Yeo is 1 m. on, and runs to Taw in 5 m. Taw (private to Barnstaple) runs to Portsmouth Arms (N.D.R.) 3 m., Umberleigh (N.D.R.) 6 m. 2 m. on, Chittlehampton brook, which rises by Chittlehampton and is 4 m. long, joins on right bank. 1 m. down Taw is Chapelton (N.D.R.), and here Yarncombe brook joins on left bank. Yarncombe rises by High Bickington (n.s. *Portsmouth Arms*, 4 m.), and is 6 m. long. Taw runs 3 m. to Tawton, where Swimbridge water joins on right bank. Swimbridge rises by Swimbridge (D. & S.R.), and is 6 m. long. Taw runs 2 m. to Barnstaple (at 63s. up to Chapelton). Here a stream joins on right bank, which rises by Kentisbury, and 2 m. down is joined on right bank by a stream working a mill 1 m. up. 5 m. down, a stream 5 m. long joins on left bank, running by Bratten Flemming. 1 m. down, a stream joins on left bank, working a mill 2 m. up. 5 m. down is Barnstaple. 3 m. below Barnstaple, Mddiford brook, which rises by Bittadon and is 8 m. long, joins Taw on right bank. The estuary is now reached. Good fishing for bass and grey mullet. Trout fishing in most of the rivers commences on Feb. 1, salmon and peal April 1, but they are not taken in quantities until August and September, when the nets are off, and finish Nov. 15. There are no licences required for trout on the Taw and Torridge boundaries, but 21s. for salmon. The Lynn rivers at Lynmouth are open earlier than in years past, and permission is not granted. Tickets by the day, week, and year are issued on the rivers. The Badgery water on the Exmoor is a tributary of the Lynn, and extra tickets are issued; the owner opens late, and closes the end of October. The stream called Heddon, which rises up the valley towards Exmoor, runs to Parracombe down the valley, and empties itself between two high rocks into the sea. At an hotel called Hunter's Inn, tickets and good accommodation. *Tackleist*, J. Rowe, 63, High-street.

Barnstone (Leicester).—L. & N.W.R.; G.N.R. Whipling river. Smite 1 m. W. (See *Gainsborough*.)

Barrow-on-Soar (Leicester).—M.R. Soar; chub, dace, roach, pike, perch, bream, carp, tench. (c.s. *Trent*.) Quorndon brook; trout; strictly preserved by the owners of Bradgate Park. Walton brook, 2 m. N. (See *Gainsborough*.)

Barras (Westland).—N.E.R. Angell Beck; trout.

Barton (Lancs.).—W.L. & L.S. & P.J.R. Downholand brook. (See *Altcar*.)

Barton Hill (York).—N.E.R. Spittle beck. Derwent, 2 m. E. Whitecarr beck, 4 m. S.E. Loppington beck, 4 m. S.E. Swallowpits beck, 5 m. S.E. at Serayingham. (See *Wressel*.)

Basechurch (Salop).—G.W.R. Perry (1 m. W.). Severn (5 m. S.); chub, dace, pike, trout, salmon. *Lakes*: Birch Grove pool ($\frac{1}{2}$ m. N.E.). Berth pool (2 m. N.E.). Fennymerre pool

- (2 m. N.E.). Marston pool (3 m. N.E.) Leave sometimes given. (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s. Severn.*)
- Bashford** (Notts).—M.R.; G.N.R. Leen. Day brook. Wistaston brook. Swill brook, 1 m. W. Ingleyway brook, 2 m. E. *Lakes*: Balterley mere, 1½ m. E. Doddington Park, 2 m. S.W. Betley Hall, 3 m. S.E. Nuthall lake, 3 m. N.W. Monneley mere, 3 m. N.E. (*See Frodsham; Gainsborough.*)
- Basingstoke** (Hants).—L. & S.W.R. Newram springs, a series of ponds, the source of Loden, are near here. Pike. trout. Strictly preserved.
- Baslow** (Derby). n.s. **Bakewell**, 3 m.—M.R. Derwent; trout, grayling; preserved by the Duke of Devonshire from New bridge above to Rowley bridge below. *Hotel*: Wheat-sheaf, where fishing can be had; season-ticket holders can fish as they please; d.t., 2s. 6d. (fly only); trout fishing begins April 1, ends Sept. 30; minnow fishing from July 1; grayling fishing begins June 15 and ends March 15. Anglers are expected to patronise the Wheat-sheaf, **Baslow**; Chatsworth, **Edensor**; or the Peacock, **Rowley**. (*c.s. Trent.*) Bar brook. Black Leach brook. Wye at **Bakewell**, 3 m. S.W. (*c.s. Trent.*) (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Bassaleg** (Monmouth).—P.C. & N.R.; L. & N.W.R.; G.W.R.; B. & M.R. Ebwy; trout, salmon. (*c.s. Usk.*) (*See Newport.*)
- Bath** (Somerset).—G.W.R. On Avon; roach, pike, perch, chub, very large gudgeon; fishing free. Some fine trout may be taken at Shawford, between Bath and Frome, and also in a brook which joins the river here; the fishing is, we believe, free. Fair trouting in Woolley brook. Leave can be had sometimes from Mr. Shackell, Manor Farm, Woolley, and from the millers. *Lake*: Batheaston reservoir; trout; leave from the Bath Corporation. (*See Bristol.*) (*c.s.*) *Hotels*: Royal and York.
- Bathampton** (Somerset).—G.W.R. (*See Bristol.*) Avon; good all-round fishing; preserved by Col. Skrine. Box brook; trout, roach; preserved by Mr. Bennett of Bathford. St. Catherine's brook; trout; strictly preserved by Mr. Fuller, wine merchant, Broad-street, Bath.
- Battle** (Sussex).—S.E.R. On Brede and lakes at Beech Mill, Battle Abbey, Catefield Green, Peppering Powder Mills. (*See Rye; St. Leonards.*) At Mountfield, 4 m. off, is a large lake belonging to Rev. W. Margesson. (*c.s. Rother.*)
- Bawtry** (York).—G.N.R. Idle. (*c.s. Trent.*) Ryton. (*See Althorpe.*)
- Baxenden** (Lancs).—L. & Y.R. Swinnell brook. (*See Runcorn.*)
- Bealings** (Suffolk).—G.E.R. Fyn. Otley brook; trout; preserved. (*c.s. Suffolk and Essex.*) (*See Woodbridge.*)
- Bearley Cross** (Warwick).—G.W.R. (*See Henley in Arden, Gloucester.*) Edstone brook. *Lake*: Large lake at Wootton Warwen (2½ m. N.).
- Beauchief** (Derby).—G.C.E. Chief. Fenny brook, 1 m. S. (*See Goole.*)
- Beaufort** (Monmouth).—L. & N.W.R. Ebwy; trout. (*c.s. Usk.*) (*See Newport.*)
- Beaulieu** (Hants).—S. & D.R. On Beaulieu. This stream rises in a pond 1 m. N. of old Beaulieu-road Station, now abandoned. In 4½ m. it is joined on right bank by a stream draining a pond 2 m. up, and which is 1½ m. S. of Beaulieu-road Station. These streams hold small trout. Beaulieu runs in 2 m. to Beaulieu; 5 m. down, a stream 4 m. long joins on right bank, which drains Hatchet Mill pond, 1½ m. from Beaulieu. The river joins the sea 3 m. on.
- Becoles** (Suffolk).—G.E.R. Waveney. (*See Yarmouth.*) (*c.s. Norfolk.*) R. Tilney.
- Bedale** (York).—N.E.R. Bedale beck. (*See York.*)
- Bedford**.—M.R. and L. & N.W.R. Ouse; coarse fish except barbel; preserved by Bedford Angling Association from Kempston 2 m. above, to Willington 5 m. below, except some free water about the town; s.t. 5s., d.t. 1s., except for jack and perch. (*c.s. N. and S.*) *Hotels*: Swan, George, Lion. (*See King's Lynn.*)
- Bedwas** (Monmouth).—B. & M.R. Rumney; trout, salmon; preserved. (*c.s.*) Ceffyl-Glydyr. (*See Cardiff, Wales.*)
- Bedworth** (Leicester).—L. & N.W.R. Sow. (*See Gloucester.*)
- Bedworth** (Warwick).—L. & N.W.R. Griff brook. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Beer** (Devon) (n.s. **Seaton**, 2 m.).—2½ m. W. from here runs Branscombe brook, 3 m. long, joining the sea near the village.
- Beeston** (Cheshire).—L. & N.W.R. Wettenhall brook, 1 m. N.E. Oulton brook, 4 m. N.E. *Lakes*: Tilston Hall, 1 m. N.E. Oulton Mill and Oulton Hall lake, 4 m. N.E. (*See Frodsham.*)
- Beeston** (Notts).—M.R. Trent; salmon, chub, roach, pike, perch, bream, barbel; free below on left bank, but preserved on right bank; s.t. 10s. (*c.s.*) Tottle brook. Leen, 2 m. N.E. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Bekesbourne** (Kent).—L.C. & D.R. On Little Stour; roach, trout; preserved by a club. (*See Sandwich.*) (*c.s. Stour.*)
- Bellbusk** (York).—M.R. Aire; trout, grayling; preserved up to Airton Bridge by the Yorkshire Anglers' Club, elsewhere by private owners. (*c.s. York.*) Otterburn beck. Ingle beck, 3 m. N.W. Kirkgill beck, 4 m. N. Gardale beck, 5 m. N. *Lakes*: Conniston House lake. Eshton Farm pond, 2 m. N.E. Malham tarn, 8 m. N.; trout; preserved by W. Morrison, Esq. (*See Rauciffe.*)
- Bellingham** (Northland).—N.B.R. North Tyne; trout, salmon. *Hotel*: Railway, where fishing can be had.
- Belper** (Derby).—M.R. Derwent; grayling, pike, trout, coarse fish. (*c.s. Trent.*) Black brook. Holbrook brook, 2 m. S.E. Ecclesbourn, 3 m. W. (*See Gainsborough.*)

- Belton** (Suffolk).—G.E.R. Waveney, 1 m. Yare, 2 m. *Lakes*: Breydon Water. Fritton Decoy, 2 m. S.; leave required; boats at Fritton Hall. (*See Yarmouth.*) (*c.s. Norfolk.*)
- Ben Rhydding** (York).—M.R. Wharfe. (*c.s. York.*) (*See Ilkley, York.*)
- Bentley** (Suffolk).—G.E.R. Holbrook brook. Capel brook, 2 m. S. Holbrook rises 4 m. above Bentley, where it waters the lakes in Tattingstone Place, running thence 4 m. to Stour estuary; trout; preserved. (*c.s. Suffolk and Essex*)
- Berkeley** (Gloucester).—M.R. Little Avon; coarse fish, trout. Waterley brook. Little Avon rises S.E. of Wickwar, runs 3 m. to that town, and 3 m. to Charfield. Here Ozleworth brook joins on right bank. Ozleworth (trout; preserved for most part by Mr. Rolt, of Ozleworth Park), rises in a lake by Boxwell, and 4 m. down, at Alderley, is joined by Alderley brook on left bank. 1 m. down, the outflow of 3 lakes by Wotton-under-Edge (n.s. Charfield, 2 m.) joins on right bank. 3 m. down, Ozleworth joins Little Avon. 3 m. down Avon, Tortworth brook joins on left bank. Tortworth rises 2½ m. W. of Wickwar by Cromhall, and 2 m. down waters the lake in Tortworth Park (pike, perch, carp, tench, bream; leave from Earl Ducie in the absence of the family); thence to the Avon is 3 m. Avon runs 4 m. to Berkeley, where Waterley brook joins on right bank. Waterley rises 2 m. S.E. of Dursley, and is 9 m. long. 2 m. below Berkeley is the Severn estuary. The fishing below Charfield is preserved by Lords Ducie and Fitzhardinge. (*c.s. Severn.*) Close by the station rises Billow brook, which runs thence 3 m. to the estuary.
- Berkhamstead** (Herts).—L. & N.W.R. (*See London, M.T.*) In the Grand Junction Canal are a few trout, and plenty of perch, dace, roach, jack, and tench
- Berney Arms** (Norfolk).—G.E.R. Yare. Waveney, 1 m. S.E. (*See Yarmouth.*)
- Berrington** (Salop).—G.W.R. Severn (1 m. N.); chub, dace, pike, trout, salmon. Count's brook (1½ m. S.W.); trout; private. Tern (2½ m. N.). Bell brook (3 m. N.E.). Row brook (3 m. S.). Acton brook (3 m. S.). (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s. Severn.*)
- Berwick** (Surrex).—L.B. & S.C.R. On Cuckinare river. Carp, &c. This stream rises in a series of ponds in Heathfield Park and neighbourhood, and in 1 m. runs into a large lake at Nettlesworth, close to Warbleton village, where it is joined by a small brook, which drains some ponds in Backington Wood, close to Heathfield; 2½ m. on, a stream 2 m. long joins on left bank, which drains some mill ponds 1 m. to the east of Warbleton. 4 m. on, at Helliuly village (n.s. Hailsham, H.R., 2 m.), preserved by Hailsham, Helliuly, and Eastbourne Angling Club, a stream joins on right bank, which rises 1 m. east of Waldron in a series of ponds, and in 3 m. is joined by a small brook on left bank, which drains a pond 1 m. up at Horeham. 1½ m. down, a stream joins on right bank, which rises in a large pond on Hawkhurst Common, 1½ m. W. of Waldron, and is 3 m. long; 4 m. brings this brook to Cuckmare. Cuckmare now runs in 7 m. to Berwick, and in 8 m. to the sea, passing Aldfriston, Littleington, and West Dean.
- Berwick-on-Tweed.**—N.B.R. Whitadder joins Tweed 1½ m. from here. Trout, sea and brown. *Hotel*: King's Arms; very comfortable. The Whitadder from Edington Mill, 1½ m. from the Tweed, up to Chirnside Bridge railway station, or Allanton Bridge (called indifferently), is good. The lower waters of the Whitadder may be fished from the following stations: Hutton, 7 m. from Berwick, small inn and lodgings in the village; Allanton, 2 m. further on; Chirnside, opposite side of the bridge. The upper waters, from Abbey St. Batham's, 4 m. from Grant's House Station, and 7 m. from Preston Bridge, and the Cottage, 6 m. from Dunse. There are several burns containing trout. Very little of the water is preserved, and none of the lower water. Till enters Tweed 2½ m. above Norham (B. & K.R.), 9 m. from Berwick. *Hotel*: Victoria. Trout fishing on Tweed is free, and a day or two's salmon fishing can sometimes be had from the lessees of the fisheries, on payment. The Collingwood Arms, at Cornhill (B. & K.R.), 5½ m. farther up the line, is very comfortable. There is a good inn at Yetholm, on Bowmont. The fishing for the first 6 m. above Tilmouth is very good. There are several good salmon casts. The lower portion of the water belongs to F. Blake, Esq., Tilmouth House, and the Earl of Tankerville has a portion at Heaton; Mr. Tait, of Shellacres, ½ m. on the opposite side, and the Earl of Erroll, 4 m. of the upper part. The whole is strictly preserved, but a day's fishing may sometimes be obtained. Just below the village of Etal is The Pool, good for salmon and whiting. Mr. Laing preserves the water at Etal. There is very good pike fishing in the lower part of Till at Ford. The best flies are—sea trout, wing, grey mallard; hackle and body, black; red shoulders and orange tip. Again, dun turkey wing, red and black body, orange tip; in a black water, white wing, black or blue body, and orange tag. Trout flies must be large in spring, woodcock wing; red hackle; large March brown; black wing and hackle; black gnat; hare's ear; a red spinner with partridge wing (good in the end of April). In May, Holland's fancy; black and red hackle; landrail and black gnat. In autumn use yellow Sally; coachman; alder fly; landrail.
- Bescott Junction** (Stafford).—L. & N.W.R. Tame. (*c.s. Trent.*) Sneyd brook. Ford brook. *Lakes*: Pond by railway. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Betchworth** (Surrey).—S.E.R. Mole. and lakes at Tranquil Dale and Fanchford Place. (*See London, L.T.*)
- Bettisfield** (Salop).—L. & N.W.B. *Lakes*: Bettisfield Park, 1½ m. N. Llyn Bedydd, 2 m. N.E. Hammer mere, 2½ m. N. Hammer Hall lake, 3 m. N. (*See Chester.*)
- Beverley** (York).—N.E.R. Hull. (*See Hull.*) (*c.s. York.*)
- Bewcastle** (Cumberland).—On the Lyne. Sea trout, whiting, &c.

- Bewdley** (Worcester).—T.V.R. Severn; salmon, trout, grayling, chub, dace, pike, &c.; fishing free. Dowles brook (1 m. N.); trout. (*See Gloucester.*) (c.s.)
- Bexley** (Kent).—S.E.R. (*See Dartford.*) Cray; trout; private. Darenth (3 m.); trout. *Lakes:* Dartford Powder Mills, 3 m. Lamb Abbey, 1½ m. Preserved by the landowners.
- Bibury** (Gloucester), n.s. **Fairford**, 6 m.—Colne; trout; preserved for 1½ m. by the Swan Hotel; d.t. 2s. 6d.; rods limited. (*See London, U.T.*)
- Bicester** (Oxford).—L. & N.W.R. Ray. *Lake*, Middleton Park, 3 m. (*See London, M.T.*)
- Bickleigh** (Devon).—G.W.R. Exe; trout, salmon, dace, &c.; preserved above by the Tiverton Angling Association, and below by the Up. Exe Fishing Association and the Landowners' Salmon Fishery Association to **Thorverton**. (c.s.) (*See Thorverton, Tiverton.*) Dart; trout. *Hotel:* Bickleigh Bridge. (*See Exeter.*)
- Bideford** (Devon).—L. & S.W.R. Torridge. Trout, salmon. (c.s. *Taw.*) Torridge rises on the Ditchin Hills 3 m. from Hartland (n.s. **Bideford**, 13 m.), runs 3 m., and is joined on right bank by Sockington water, 3 m. long. 6 m. down Torridge, Floodmead water, which rises by Woodfardisworthy and is 4 m. long, joins on left bank. Torridge runs to Putford 2 m., Bulkworthy 2 m., Newton Petrock 3 m. 3 m. down, at Bradford, Waldon river joins on right bank. Waldon rises by Brailworthy, runs 4 m. to Sutcombe, Milton Dameral 2 m., and Torridge 5 m. Torridge runs 2 m., and is joined on right bank by Whiteleigh brook, 4 m. long. Torridge runs 4 m. to Sheepwash, where Buckland brook, 3 m. long, joins on left bank. Torridge runs 7 m., and is joined on the right bank by Lew river. Lew rises by Beworthy, runs 2 m., and is joined on right bank by a stream 2 m. long. 2 m. down Lew, Ashbury brook, 4 m. long, joins on right bank, and Waggafo water 5 m. long, joins on left bank. 3 m. down Lew, Marshford brook joins on right bank. Marshford rises 3 m. N.W. of **Oakhampton** (D. & C.R.), runs 2 m. to Inwardleigh, and Lew 3 m. Lew runs 3 m. to Hatherleigh (n.s. **Oakhampton**, 9 m.), and 1 m. down is joined on left bank by Venton brook, 4 m. long. 1 m. down, Lew joins Torridge, Hatherleigh being 2 m. distant, 2 m. down Torridge, Oakment river joins on right bank. Oakment rises close to the Dart, in the centre of Dartmoor (n.s. **Bridestow**, D. & C.R., 4 m.), runs 9 m. to **Oakhampton**, where East Oakment joins on right bank. East Oakment rises close to the parent stream, runs 4 m., and is joined by a branch on left bank 4 m. long. 5 m. down is **Oakhampton**. Oakment runs 6 m. to Exbourne on right bank, and Jacobstow on left bank, and 4 m. down at Monks Oakhampton (n.s. **Tawton**, D. & C.R., 6 m.), Hatherleigh being 3 m. off on left bank, Exbourne water joins on right bank. Exbourne rises near **Sampford Courtney Station** (N.D.R.), runs 3 m. to Exbourne, and 1 m. down is joined on right bank by a brook which runs through **Sampford Courteney** and is 4 m. long. Exbourne runs in 3 m. to Okement. 3 m. down, Okement joins Torridge. 5 m. down Torridge, at Merton (2 m. off the river), Merton brook joins on left bank. Merton rises on Merton Moors, runs 3 m., and is joined by a branch 2 m. long, which rises in Berry Moor. Merton is 1 m. down, and Torridge 3 m. 7 m. down Torridge, Woolley water joins on right bank. Woolley rises by St. Giles's, runs 2 m., and is joined on left bank by a brook 4 m. long, rising by Roborough. 3 m. down is Torridge. **Torrington** (N.D.R.) is 3 m. on. Here Langtree brook, 4 m. long, and which rises by Langtree, joins on left bank. Torridge runs 3 m. to Wear Giffard, where Hunshaw water, 4 m. long, joins on right bank. 4 m. down, Laidland water joins on left bank. Laidland rises 6 m. W. of **Torrington**, runs 6 m., and is joined on left bank by Alwinton brook, 5 m. long. Laidland runs 3 m. to Torridge, which runs to **Bideford** 2 m. Here two streams join Torridge—one on left bank, 3 m. long, and one on right bank, Wear water, 5 m. long. Torridge is mostly private; Hon. Mark Rolfe and Lord Clinton grant permission, but tickets must be applied for before the end of April. Bass may be caught in the tidal part of the river by a large red palmer. *Hotel:* Royal. (*See Hartland.*)
- Biggleswade** (Beds).—G.N.R. Ivel; coarse fish except barbel; a good centre for fishing. Sutton brook (3 m.). (*See King's Lynn.*) *Tackleist*, H. W. Morgan, Bridge House Inn.
- Bigsweir** (Monmouth).—G.W.R. Wye; chub, dace, pike, perch, salmon. Olway (3 m.); trout; preserved. (*See Chepstow, Newport.*) (c.s.)
- Billing** (Northton).—L. & N.W.R. Nen; pike, perch, bream, tench, &c.; preserved by Nen Angling Society. (*See Northampton; Wisbeach.*)
- Billinghurst** (Sussex).—L.B. & S.C.R. Arun and Adur. (*See Little Hampton; New Shoreham.*)
- Binegar** (Somerset).—S. & D.R. (*See Bristol.*) *Lakes:* Lechmere water; pike, carp, perch, roach; preserved.
- Bingham** (Notts).—G.N.R. Car dyke. Smite, 3 m. E. Trent, 3 m. N.W.; chub, roach, pike, perch, barbel. (c.s.) Whipling river, 4 m. E. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Bingley** (York).—M.R. Aire; trout, grayling, perch, chub, roach; the river hence down to **Shipley** is preserved by the Bradford Angling Association; clubhouse, Market Tavern, Godwin-street, Bradford; preserved below by the Saltaire Club. (c.s. *York.*) Harden beck. Moulton beck, 1 m. N.W. (*See Rauscliffe.*)
- Birdingbury** (Warwick).—L. & N.W.R. Leam. Itchene (2 m. W.). (*See Gloucester.*)
- Birdwell** (Yorks).—G.C.R. *Lakes:* Rockley dam, 1 m. N.W. (*See Goole.*)
- Birmingham** (Warwick).—L. & N.W.R.; M.R.; G.W.R. Rea. *Lakes:* Cannon Hill lake. Edgbaston reservoir. Thimble Mill pond. Smethwick reservoir. Rotten Park reservoir. (*See Gainsborough.*) *Tackleist*, S. B. Allport, 50, Whittall-street.
- Bishop Auckland** (Durham).—N.E.R. Weir; salmon, trout. *Tackleist*, W. J. Cummins.
- Bishops Castle** (Salop).—B.C.R. Onny (4 m. N.); trout, chub; preserved by the

- Plowden Fishing Club of fourteen members from **Eaton above** to **Morderly below**. Camlad (3 m. N.W.); trout, grayling. (*See Plowden, Gloucester.*) (*c.s. Severn.*)
- Bishops Lydeard** (Somerset).—G.W.R. (*See Bridgwater.*) Norton brook; trout.
- Bishops Stortford** (Herts).—G.E.R. (*See Stratford.*) On Stort; pike; preserved from a short distance below Stanstead to Stortford by Sir J. Blyth. *Hotel*: Railway.
- Bishopstoke** (Hants).—L. & S.W.R. Itchen; trout, grayling; Mr. Tankerville Chamberlayne, of Cranbury Park, issues a limited number of tickets for his water, $\frac{5}{4}$ m.; 20l. for trout season, 10l. for grayling; trout fishing from April 10 to Sept. 10; grayling Sept. 10 to Feb. 10. The manager, Spliers and Pond, Junction Hotel, Eastleigh, Southampton, has sometimes a few day tickets, but not on the main stream. (*See Southampton and Winchester.*)
- Bishops Waltham** (Hants).—L. & S.W.R. Hamble; trout. (*See Botley.*) *Hotel*: Crown.
- Bitton** (Glo'ester).—L. & S.W.R. Boyd; trout; preserved by land and mill owners. Siston brook; trout, perch; leave from landowners. *Lakes*: Golden Valley pond; reserved. (*See Bristol.*)
- Blaby** (Leicester).—L. & N.W.R. Billesden brook. Soar, 1 m. W. (*c.s. Trent.*) (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Blackbull** (Stafford).—L. & N.W.R. Foxley brook. Trent, 1 m. E. (*c.s.*) *Lakes*: Reservoir, 1 m. N. Reservoir, 1 m. E. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Blackburn** (Lancs).—L. & Y.R.; L. & N.W.R.; M.R. Ribble, Hodder; salmon and trout. *Tackleist*, J. Gregson, Penny-street. (*See Mill Hill, Preston.*) Darwen, 1 m. S.
- Blackburn Junction** (Lancs).—M.R. Don. (*c.s. Yorkshire.*) Carr brook. Blackburn brook. (*See Goole.*)
- Blackrod** (Lancs).—L. & Y.R.; L. & N.W.R. Douglas. (*c.s. Ribble.*) Horwich brook. *Lakes*: Blackrod ponds. Rivington reservoir, 1 m. N. (*See Liverpool.*) Wallsuches ponds, 2 m. E. (*See Hesketh Bank.*)
- Blackwood** (Monmouth).—L. & N.W.R. Sirhowey; trout; trout rod licences of Mr. Edwards. (*See Newport.*) (*c.s. Usk.*)
- Blae Afon** (Monmouth).—G.W.R. Llwyd; trout. (*c.s. Usk.*) (*See Newport.*)
- Blaina** (Monmouth).—G.W.R.; L. & N.W.R. Ewysfach; trout. (*c.s. Usk.*) (*See Newport.*)
- Blakesley** (Warwick).—L. & N.W.R. Blakesley brook. (*See King's Lynn.*)
- Blandford** (Dorset).—L. & S.W.R.; M.R. Stour and Iwerne; pike, perch, &c. Fishing good. (*c.s. Avon.*) (*See Christchurch and Wareham.*)
- Blasby** (Notts).—M.R. Trent, 1 m. S.E. at Hazlewood; perch, roach, dace, barbel, chub, pike; free on both sides, but Mr. Cox, the landlord of the inn, charges 6d. for fishing from the island, whence there is good barbeling. (*c.s.*) (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Bloxwich** (Stafford).—L. & N.W.R. Sneyd brook. *Lakes*: Sneyd pool. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Bloekley** (Worcester).—G.W.R. Knees brook. (*See Gloucester.*)
- Blunham** (Beds).—L. & N.W.R. Unse (1 m. W.); coarse fish except barbel; good jacking; Mr. King, of Roxton, owns the west side, and Mr. W. L. Hayden, of Blunham, the south. Ivel; coarse fish except barbel; preserved by Mr. W. L. Hayden. (*See King's Lynn.*)
- Blythe** (Stafford).—L. & N.W.R.; G.N.R.; M.R. Blythe. (*c.s. Trent.*) Team brook, 4 m. S.E. at Upper Team. *Lakes*: Whympey wood ponds, 2 m. N.E. by Dilhorne. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Boar's Head** (Lancs).—L. & N.W.R. Douglas. (*c.s. Ribble.*) (*See Hesketh Bank.*)
- Bodmin** (Cornwall).—G.W.R.; L. & S.W.R. Camel; trout, sea trout, salmon; fishing mostly free. Kirland water. Lanivet water. (*See Wadebridge.*) Fowey (3 m.); sea trout, brown trout, salmon; fish small, banks wooded; wading advisable. (*c.s.*) The fishing is mostly open moor fishing; fish small, but plentiful. *Hotel*: Royal.
- Bodmin Road** (Cornwall).—G.W.R. Fowey; trout; fishing preserved hence up to Doublebois by B. Fortescue, Esq., who grants leave; fishing hence down to Fowey free. (*c.s.*) (*See Fowey.*)
- Bognor** (Sussex).—L.B. & S.C.R. There is good sea-fishing from the rocks at low water for whiting, coal fish, &c. In July and August there is good sport with the "brazen." Grey mullet abound in the shallow water between Felpham and Little Hampton Harbour. The fishing westward is not so good for an amateur. *Hotels*: Royal Norfolk, Bedford, Royal Pier.
- Bollington** (Cheshire).—L. & N.W.R. Dean. *Lakes*: Stypherson Park lake, 1 m. N. (*See Runcorn.*)
- Bolton Abbey** (York).—M.R. Wharfe; trout, grayling; by staying at the Devonshire Arms, Bolton Bridge, Skipton, fishing can be had free from Bolton Bridge up the river for 6 m., both banks; also minnow, worm, or fly in three large reservoirs. The very finest tackle must be used. (*See Kilsney and Ilkley.*) Fly fishing only permitted from April 1 to Oct. 1. (*c.s. York.*) Barden beck, 2 m. N.W. Ker beck, 2 m. S.E. Washburn, 6 m. E. *Lakes*: Aked dams, 6 m. N.E. (*See Kilsney, Grassington, Burnsall, York.*)
- Bolton-le-Moors** (Lancs).—L. & N.W.R.; G.N.R.; M.R. Tange. Croal. Bradshaw brook, 1 m. E. Dean brook, 2 m. N.W. *Lakes*: Springwater reservoir, 4 m. N.W. Two reservoirs on Rivington Moor, 4 m. N.W. Longworth reservoir, 6 m. N.W. (*See Runcorn.*)
- Bolton-on-Deerne** (Yorks).—M.R.; G.C.R. Deerne. Don, 2 m. S.E. (*c.s. Yorkshire.*) (*See Goole.*)
- Bolton Percy** (York).—G.N.R.; S. & K. J.R.; N.E.R. Foss. Wharfe, 1 m. S. (*c.s. York.*) Unse, 3 m. E. (*c.s. York.*) (*See York.*)
- Boroughbridge** (York).—N.E.R. Ure; pike, perch, few trout and grayling; mostly free.

- (*c.s. York.*) Tutt or Innskip beck. Ouse, 2 m. E.; pike, coarse fish. (*c.s. York.*) (*See York.*)
- Borrowash** (Derby).—M.R. Derwent; pike, coarse fish, grayling, trout; here the Derby Society's water ends. (*See Derby.*) (*c.s. Trent.*) *Lakes:* Elvaston Castle lake, 1 m. S. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Bosley** (Cheshire).—M.R. Dane; trout, dace, roach, chub; private. Folly brook, 5 m. N.E. *Lakes:* Bosley reservoir. (*See Frodsham.*)
- Boston** (Lincoln).—G.N.R. Witham; pike, perch, chub, tench, rudd, and bream. Witham rises some 10 m. above **Great Ponton**, and 2 m. above that place is joined on left bank by Cringle brook, 5 m. long. At **Ponton**, Stoke brook, which rises in some ponds above Wyvill, runs 4 m. to Stoke Mill pond, and joins Witham 2 m. below, on left bank. Witham runs to **Grantham** 5 m. 2 m. below, the drainage of the lakes in Belton Park, 1 m. up, joins on right bank. Witham runs to **Barkston** 2 m., and here is Syston Park lake on the right bank. 1 m. below, Honington beck, 5 m. long, joins on right bank. Witham runs 2 m. to **Mougham**, and 2 m. below is joined on left bank by Foston beck. Foston, under the name of Old Beck, rises in the lakes at Denton House, 4 m. S.W. from **Grantham**, runs 1 m. to the Canal reservoir, and reaches **Sedgbrook** in 3 m., joining Witham 6 m. below. Witham runs 6 m. to **Claypole**, Beccingham 6 m., Bessingham 6 m., and 6 m. down at Flahhouse, **Harmston** being 2 m. off on right bank, Brant joins on right bank. Brant rises by Brandon, 2 m. W. of **Claythorpe**, and 3 m. down, at Stragglethorpe, is joined on the right bank by a brook draining some ponds at Leadenham Hall by **Leadenham**, 3 m. up 1 m. down Brant, by Broughton on Brant, 2 m. W. of **Leadenham**, Sand beck, 6 m. long, joins on left bank. Brant runs to Skinaud, 2 m. W. of **Havenby**, 3 m., Blackmoor Causeway 3 m., where **Harmston** is 1 m. off on right bank, and 1 m. below joins Witham. Witham runs to **Hykeham** 2 m., and **Lincoln** 4 m. Here Foss Dyke navigation, joining Trent with Witham, joins on left bank. A railway runs alongside this waterway, and 2 m. E. of **Saxelby** Tilt joins it on the N. bank. Tilt rises above Upton 3 m. S.E. of **Lea**, and 4 m. down, 3 m. N.E. from **Stow Park**, is joined on left bank by a brook 5 m. long draining Fillingham lake 8 m. W. of **Lea**. Tilt runs to Tilt Bridge 3 m., 4 m. S.E. of **Stow Park**, and 4 m. down joins Foss Dyke. Witham runs to **Washingbrough** 3 m., and 1 m. below is joined on right bank by **Washingbrough** brook, which rises by **Branstion** in Branstion Hall ponds, and is 5 m. long. Witham runs to Flakerton or **Five Mile House** 1 m., and 3 m. down, at Barling's Lock, is joined on left bank by Langworth. Langworth rises in Hackthorne Hall pond, 7 m. N.W. of **Langworth**, and 5 m. down, just below Snarford Bridge, 2 m. N.W. of **Snelland**, is joined on left bank by Frithorpe brook, 5 m. long. Langworth runs 2 m. to Stainton, where Snelland brook, which rises 5 m. above **Snelland** and is 8 m. long, joins on left bank. 1 m. down Langworth, at **Langworth**, Clay brook, 10 m. long, joins on left bank. Langworth runs 4 m. to Barlings Abbey, just below which, on left bank, Stainfield brook, 6 m. long, joins on left bank. Langworth joins Witham 1 m. down. 1 m. down, Tile House beck, 5 m. long, joins on left bank. Witham runs to **Bardney** 1 m., and **Southery** 3 m. Here Topholme brook joins on left bank. Topholme rises in Scourton Hall ponds 5 m. N.W. from **Horncastle**, runs 3 m. to Gauntby Hall lakes, 5 m. N.W. of **Horncastle**, and joins Witham 5 m. down. Witham runs to **Stixwold** 1 m., **Kirkstead** 2 m., **Tattershall** (1 m. E.) 3 m., **Dogdyke** 2 m. Here Bain joins on left bank. Bain rises above Brough on Bain, 7 m. W. of **Louth**, and 3 m. below, by Donnington, is joined on right bank by the drainings of Benniworth pool and another pond $\frac{1}{2}$ m. up. These ponds are 8 m. N. of **Horncastle**. Bain runs to Goulsby 2 m., Hemingby 3 m., **Horncastle** 3 m. 5 m. down, at Haltham, 3 m. E. of **Woodhall Spa**, Haltham beck, 6 m. long, joins on left bank. Bain runs to **Tattershall** 4 m., and **Dogdyke** and Witham 2 m. Witham runs to **Langrick** 6 m., and **Boston** 5 m. Here Hammond beck joins on right bank. Hammond rises 4 m. above **Donington**, runs 4 m. to **Swinehead**, and 2 m. below divides into two parts, Old and New Hammond beck, which runs to **Boston** and Witham in 5 m. Witham joins the sea 3 m. below. The Boston Angling Club preserves Witham and adjacent fen drains; subscriptions voluntary. *Hotel:* Peacock.
- Botesdale** (Suffolk), n.s. **Mellis**, 4 m.—Little Ouse. *Lakes:* Redgrave Park Lake. (*See King's Lynn.*)
- Botley** (Hants).—L. & S.W.R. Hamble; sea trout and trout. Hamble rises in a large pond (good piking) by **Bishops Waltham** Station (G.J.R.), and in 1 m. is joined on left bank by the mill-stream from the corn mill at that town. $2\frac{1}{2}$ m. on is **Botley**. Here are some ponds holding pike in Botley Grange. 6 m. below is Southampton Water. The fishing is mostly private, but leave may sometimes be obtained.
- Bottisford** (Leicester).—G.N.R. Devon. Smite, 3 m. N.W. at Orston. Carr dyke, 5 m. N.W. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Bourn** (Lincoln).—G.N.R. Edenham brook, 2 m. N.W. Glen, 3 m. S. (*See Spalding.*)
- Bourne End** (Bucks).—G.W.R. Thames; roach, pike, perch. Wye; polluted. (*See London, M.T.*) *Fisherman:* E. Shaw. *Hotel:* Railway Hotel.
- Bournemouth** (Hants).—L. & S.W.R. Stour (3 m.); salmon, trout, grayling, pike, perch, barbel, bream, chub, roach, tench, carp. The river is preserved from Iford to the Ferry at Wick by Mr. Newlyn, of the Royal and Imperial Exeter Hotel; fishing very good, especially pike; preserved by private owners elsewhere. Good fishing half hour by rail in Avon at **Ringwood**. (*See Ringwood.*) Some fishing from the pier and in the bay.

- Bourton** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Kenn. (*See Clevedon*.)
- Bourton-on-the-Water** (Glo'ster).—G.W.R. On Windrush and Dickler. (*See London, U.T.*) Trout.
- Bovey** (Devon).—G.W.R. (*See Teignmouth*.) Bovey and Teign. The fishing in Bovey is preserved above Bovey Bridge by the landowners; below by the Lower Teign Fishing Association; tickets at the Union; w.t. 5s. Teign preserved by the same association; w.t. 5s.; residents s.t. 15s., non-residents 42s.; tickets from the hon. treasurer, H. G. Michelmores, Newton Abbott. (*c.s. Teign*.) *Lakes*: Tottiford and Kennick reservoir, 3 m.; trout; preserved by the Corporation of Torquay, who issue a limited number of tickets; apply only to F. Hex, Esq., Town Clerk, Torquay. *Hotels*: Union and Dolphin.
- Bow** (Devon).—L. & S.W.R. Spreyton water; trout. (*See Exeter*.) Lapford water. (*See Barnstaple*.)
- Box** (Wilts).—G.W.R. (*See Bristol*.) Box brook; trout; preserved by Col. Northey, Bath.
- Box Hill** (Surrey).—L. & S.W.R. and L.B. & S.C.R. Mole. (*See London, L.T.*) *Hotel*: Burford Bridge Hotel. The river runs through the hotel orchard and garden (where visitors only can fish) through private grounds to Leatherhead.
- Boxmoor** (Herts).—L. & N.W.R. On Gade; trout, pike; preserved by Sir A. Cooper, Mr. Halsey, and Earl Brownlow. *Hotel*: Bell, at Two Waters. (*See London, M.T.*)
- Braceboro' Spa** (Lincoln).—G.N.R. Edenham brook. Glen, 2 m. S.E. Welland, 4 m. S. at Stamford. (*See Spalding*.)
- Brackley** (Northton).—L. & N.W.R. Ouse. (*c.s. N. and S.*) *Lakes*: Biddlesdon Park (4 m. N.W.). Cottisford pond (5 m. S.) (*See King's Lynn*.)
- Bracknell** (Berks).—L. & S.W.R. There is a large mill pond at East Hampstead. (*See London, M.T.*) Harman's pond is near.
- Bradford-on-Avon** (Wilts).—G.W.R. (*See Bristol*.) On Avon; perch, roach, dace, chub, trout, &c.; preserved by Bradford-on-Avon Angling Association for 3 m.; s.t., 1l.; m.t., 2s. 6d.; w.t., 1s. 6d.; d.t., 6d. *Hotel*: Swan. (*c.s.*)
- Bradford** (York).—G.N.R.; M.R.; N.B.R.; L. & Y.R.; L. & N.W.R.; N.E.R. Bradford brook. Aire, 4 m. N. (*c.s. York*.) (*See Rawcliffe*.)
- Braemore** (Hants).—L. & S.W.R. Avon. (*See Christchurch*.) Sir E. Halse preserves the trout fishing; good. He sometimes gives leave for a day, on a proper introduction. (*c.s.*)
- Brafferton** (York).—N.E.R. Swale. (*c.s. York*.) Sun beck. (*See York*.)
- Brantree** (Essex).—G.E.R. (*See Maldon*.) On Brain and Blackwater. The Brain is strictly preserved; pike, perch, dace, roach, tench, in both rivers. 4 m. off is Stisted Hall pond; pike, carp, and tench. Leave from J. N. Paxman, Esq., Stisted Hall, Brantree. Gosfield lake, 5 m.; leave from Mrs. Taylor Lowe, Gosfield Hall. Gosfield Place pond; leave from Rev. B. Sparrow, Gosfield Place. *Hotel*: Horn.
- Bramber** (Sussex).—L.B. & S.C.R. On Adur. (*See New Shoreham*.)
- Bramford** (Suffolk).—G.E.R. Gipping; roach, perch, pike, tench; preserved from Blakenham 3 m. above to Bos Hall 2 m. below by Gipping Angling Society. (*See Ipswich*.)
- Bramley** (Surrey).—L.B. & S.C.R. Wey. Bream, roach, dace. (*See London, L.T.*)
- Bramley** (York).—G.N.R.; L. & Y.R. Farmley beck. (*See Rawcliffe*.)
- Bramford Speke** (Devon).—G.W.R. Exe; trout, salmon, dace; preserved below to Cowley Bridge by the Lower Exe United Fishing Association. (*c.s.*) Culm, 1 m. W.; trout. (*See Exeter*.)
- Brampton** (Cumland).—N.E.R. On Irthing and Gelt; trout. Preserved by the Brampton Angling Association; sec., C. Cheesbrough, Esq.; s.t., 5s. Good accommodation at the Howard's Arms Hotel and White Lion, Brampton. The rivers are about 1 m. from the Inn, Tindale Tarn is 6 m., Talkin Tarn 1 m., off, holding pike, perch, and trout.
- Brampton** (Northton).—L. & N.W.R. Nen. Moulton brook. Althorp brook, 2 m. S.W. (*See Wisbeach*.)
- Brandon** (Suffolk).—G.E.R. Little Ouse; pike and coarse fish; there is a good stretch of free water, and elsewhere fishing easily obtained. *Lakes*: Toffs mere (5 m. N.E.). Buckenham House Park pond (6 m. N.E.). (*See King's Lynn*.) (*c.s. Norfolk*.) *Hotel*: Ram.
- Brandon** (Warwick).—L. & N.W.R. Avon; chub, dace, roach, pike, perch, bream; preserved by R. J. Beech, Esq., on right bank for 4 m.; let to the Coventry Angling Club. (*See Gloucester*.) (*c.s. Severn*.) *Inn*: Royal Oak.
- Bransford** (Worcester).—G.W.R. Teme; chub, dace, roach, pike, perch, grayling, trout; preserved hence up to Broadwas Church by Bransford Angling Society, s.t. 10s., d.t. 2s. 6d. (*See Gloucester*.) (*c.s. Severn*.)
- Branston** (Lincoln).—G.N.R. Washingbrough brook. Witham, 1 m. N. *Lakes*: Branston Hall. (*See Boston*.)
- Braughing** (Herts).—G.E.R. (*See Stratford*.) On Rib and Quin; trout, coarse fish. Preserved.
- Braunston** (Northton).—N.s. Orick, 5 m. Leam. Bain's brook (4 m. N.W.) (*See Gloucester*.)
- Braunton** (Devon).—L. & S.W.R. Braunton water. Braunton rises 1 m. S. of **Morteheo Station** (N.D.R.), runs 1 m. to West Down, and 2 m. down is joined on left bank by Fullbrook, 3 m. long. **Braunton** is 3 m. on. 1 m. below, Knowle water, 6 m. long, joins on left bank.
- Breadsall** (Derby).—G.N.R. Ferryby brook. Derwent, 1 m. W. (*c.s. Trent*.) *Lakes*: Allestry Hall lake, 1 m. N.W. Kedleston Park lake, 3 m. W. (*See Gainsborough*.)
- Bredon** (Worcester).—M.R. Avon; chub, dace, roach, pike, perch, bream. Severn 4 m.) roach, pike, perch, bream, &c. (*See Gloucester*.) (*c.s. Severn*.)

- Brighton** (York). n.s. **Menthorpe Gate**, 1 m.—Derwent; chub, dace, pike, &c.; fishing free. (c.s. York.) (See *Wreasel*.)
- Brent** (Devon).—G.W.R. Avon; salmon, trout; preserved by Avon and Erme Fishing Association from beyond Shipley Bridge above to **Loddiswell** below; s.t. 40s. (limited to 30), m.t. 20s., w.t. 10s. (c.s.) Tickets from hon. sec., C. S. Turner, Esq., solicitor, Salcombe. Red brook, 2 m. N.; trout. Black brook, 2 m. S.; trout. *Hotel: Anchor.* (See *Loddiswell*.)
- Brentford** (Middx.).—L. & S.W.R.; G.W.R. Thames and Brent. (See *London, L.T.*)
- Brent Knoll** (Somerset).—G.W.R. *Lakes*: East Brent ponds, a series of ponds holding pike, perch, carp, tench, rudd; permission from the station master.
- Brentwood** (Essex).—G.E.R. There are some ponds in Thorndon Hall Park belonging to Lord Petre. Pike, perch, &c. in Weald Hall. The large lake of Fitzwater is some $3\frac{1}{2}$ m. off.
- Brewood** (Stafford). n.s. **Four Ashes**, 2 m.—L. & N.W.R. Penk. Saredon brook, 3 m. S.E. Whiston brook, 4 m. N.W. *Lakes*: Chillington Park pool, 3 m. S.W. Galeys reservoir, 4 m. N.E. Calfe Heath ponds, 4 m. E. (See *Gainsborough*.)
- Bridgestow** (Devon).—G.W.R. Lew. (See *Plymouth*.) Oakment; trout. Thistle brook (3 m.); trout. (See *Bideford*.) (c.s. *Taw*.)
- Bridges** (Cornwall).—G.W.R. Bream. Luxullion brook. (See *Par*.) (c.s. *Fowey*.)
- Bridgnorth** (Shrops.).—G.W.R. Severn; d-ee, trout, chub, pike, perch, salmon; fishing free. Worf (1 m. W.). Mor brook (2 m. S.W.). Claverley brook (4 m. E.). Borle brook (4 m. S.). Stratford brook (5 m. N.E.). (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s.)
- Bridgwater** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Parret; roach, salmon, few trout. Carey. Parret rises by **Crewkerne**, runs to West Chinnock, where a stream 3 m. long joins on right bank; 1 m. on Hinton Brook joins on left bank. Hinton rises in a pond in Hinton House Park (Lord Paulet), by Hinton St. George (n.s. **Crewkerne**, 3 m.), and 2 m. down, at Merriot, is joined on right bank by a stream working a mill 1 m. up. Hence to Parret is 3 m. 1 m. down Parret, a stream 4 m. long joins on left bank, which rises in some ponds in Hinton House Park, and works two mills. Parret runs in 2 m. to South Petherton (n.s. **Martock**; 3 m. down a stream joins on right bank which rises 2 m. E. of **Martock**, and is 4 m. long, working two mills. Parret runs to Kingsbury 1 m.; $2\frac{1}{2}$ m. below, Isle joins on left bank. Isle rises S. of **Ilminster** (G.W.R.), and after working two mills passes by that town, and working three mills in $4\frac{1}{2}$ m., is joined at Puckington, on left bank, by a stream which rises 3 m. W. of **Ilminster**, and is 5 m. long. Isle runs in 2 m. to Isle Abbot, and 2 m. down is joined on left bank by a stream which rises S.W. of **Hatch** (G.W.R.), and is 6 m. long. 4 m. on Isle joins Parret. Parret runs in 2 m. to **Langport** (G.W.R.). Here Yeo joins on right bank. Yeo rises 3 or 4 m. N. of **Sherborne** (S.W.R.), and is joined at that place by Milborne brook which rises by **Milborne Port** (S.W.R.), and in 3 m. waters the large lake in Sherborne Park. Yeo runs in 4 m. to Bradford Abbas, where Yet joins on left bank. Yet rises 4 m. S. of **Yetminster** (S. & W.R.), where a stream joins on right bank 3 m. long. Yeo is 2 m. down. Yeo now runs in $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. to **Yeovil Junction** (S.W.R.). Here Evershot brook joins on left bank. Evershot rises 4 m. S. of **Sutton Bingham** (S.W.R.), 1 m. below which a stream joins on right bank which rises in a lake at Melbury Sampford (n.s. **Evershot**, S. & W.R.), and is 6 m. long. $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. on a stream joins on left bank, which works a mill 1 m. up. Yeo is $\frac{1}{2}$ m. on. Yeo runs in 1 m. to **Yeovil** (G.W.R.), 2 m. below a stream joins on right bank working a mill 1 m. up; 4 m. down Yeo, Sparkford brook joins on right bank. Sparkford rises in a mill pond 4 m. N.E. of **Sparkford** (G.W.R.), near North Cadbury, and in 3 m. is joined by a small brook working a mill. **Sparkford** is 1 m. on. Sparkford runs to Queen's Canal 1 m., and 3 m. down is joined on the left bank by a stream which rises by **Marston Magna** (G.W.R.) and is 5 m. long. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. on Sparkford joins Yeo. Yeo now runs to Ilchester (n.s. **Martock**, G.W.R., 5 m.), Long Sutton 4 m., **Langport** and Parret 4 m. Here a small stream joins Yeo on right bank rising in Paradise mill pond $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. up. Parret now runs through the moors, and $2\frac{1}{2}$ m. down is joined on left bank by a stream which drains seven or eight large ponds in West Sedge Moor. 1 m. down Parret, Hatch brook joins on left bank. Hatch rises $\frac{1}{2}$ m. N. of **Hatch Station** (G.W.R.), runs 4 m. when it passes 1 m. S. of North Curry. 1 m. down, a stream joins on right bank, draining a large pond $\frac{3}{4}$ m. up on Sedge Moor, and joins Parret 4 m. on. Parret runs in 2 m. to Chapel and Borough Bridge (n.s. **Athelney**, G.W.R., $1\frac{1}{2}$ m.). Here Tone joins on left bank. Tone rises above Clatworthy 3 m. from **Wiveliscombe** (D. & S.R.), and 3 m. down passes 2 m. W. of **Wiveliscombe**, runs to **Wellington** (G.W.R.) $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. Here a stream joins on right bank, which works a mill 1 m. up. 3 m. down, at Bradford, a small stream joins on right bank, holding trout. 1 m. down, Milverton brook joins on left bank. This stream rises 1 m. N.E. of **Wiveliscombe**, and in $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. is joined on right bank by a stream, which rises in Wimorleigh Mill $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. S. of **Wiveliscombe** and is 3 m. long. Milverton brook runs in $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. to **Milverton** (D. & S.R.), and Tone 4 m. $\frac{1}{2}$ mile down Tone, a stream, which rises at West Buckland 3 m. up, joins on right bank. 1 m. down Tone, Norton brook joins on left bank. Norton rises in Tolland Mill 3 m. N.E. of **Wiveliscombe**, runs $3\frac{1}{2}$ m. to Halse (n.s. **Bishops Lydeard**, G.W.R., $1\frac{1}{2}$ m., or **Milverton** 2 m.), **Norton Fitz-warren** (G.W.R.) 4 m., and Tone $\frac{1}{2}$ m. 1 m. down Tone, at Bishops Hull, Kingston brook joins on left bank. Kingston brook rises 3 m. N. of Kingston (n.s. **Taunton**, G.W.R., $2\frac{1}{2}$ m.); 2 m. below Kingston a stream joins on right bank, which rises by **Bishops Lydeard** and is 4 m. long. Tone is $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. below the junction. Tone runs in 2 m. to **Taunton**, $2\frac{1}{2}$ m.

below, Black brook joins on right bank. Black brook rises by Trull (n.s. Taunton 2 m.), and is 6 m. long. 2 m. down Tone, at Creech St. Michael, a stream joins on left bank, which rises by West Monkton (n.s. Durston, G.W.R., 2 m.) and is 3 m. long. Tone runs in 6 m. to Athelney (G.W.R.) and Parret 1½ m. Parret runs in 6 m. to Bridgwater. Here a stream joins on left bank, which rises in the lake in Enmore Castle Park 4 m. from Bridgwater, and 3 m. down is joined by a stream on the right bank, which works a mill 1½ m. up. The main stream runs to Durligh and its mill 2 m. and Bridgwater 2 m. At Cannington, 3 m. from Bridgwater, runs a stream which rises 5 m. S.W. of Cannington, working several mills, and joins the Parret estuary 3 m. below. At Otterhampton, 4½ m. from Bridgwater, a stream joins the Parret estuary, which rises in a mill pond at Fiddington and is 3 or 4 m. long. (c.s. Avon.)

CAREY River rises at **Castle Carey**, G.W.R. runs to Babenty 6 m. (n.s. Sparkford 4 m.). 3 m. below a stream joins on left bank, which rises at South Barrow 1 m. from Sparkford and is 5 m. long. Carey passes in 1 m. within 2 m. N. of Ilchester, and runs in 4 m. to Somerton (n.s. Langport 4 m.), and in 5 m. enters Sedge Moor, where it joins King's Sedge drain, and after a run of 12 m. joins Parret on right bank 3 m. below Bridgwater.

Bridlington (York).—N.E.R. Angling for billet for the pier, many pollack at Flam-borough Head, and a variety of sea fish in the offing.

Bridport (Dorset).—G.W.R. (See *Burton Bradstock*.) On Britt and Asker. Trout (c.s. *Aze*.) Britt rises in a mill pond by Beaminster (n.s. Toller, W.S. & W.R., 6 m.) One m. down, a stream joins on right bank, working a mill or two by Stoke Abbots, 1½ m. up. Six m. down is **Bridport**. Here Asker joins on left bank. Asker rises by **Forstock** (W.S. & W.R.), and is 6 m. long. Britt joins the sea 2 m. below Bridport. Britt is preserved by the landowners and farmers, who frequently give leave. Asker is preserved by the farmers. Fishing good. Bass fishing from the pier head with squid or cuttle bait. A rod and floated line might be used sometimes with success in rather rough weather. Mackerel, pollack, and pout are caught near the Pollack-stone. Hotel: Bull. Tacklers, J. Gundry and Co.

Brierley Hill (Stafford).—G.W.R. Stour (3 m. S.). Smestow (5 m. W.). Lakes: Pensnet Chase Reservoir, Old Park Ponds (2 m. W.). Askew Bridge Pond (3 m. N.W.). Himley Park lakes and Common Pool (4 m. N.W.). (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.)

Brigg (Lincoln).—G.C.R. Ancholme. Ancholme rises in a pond at Ancholme Head, 8 m. N. of Lincoln, runs 6 m. to Pilford Bridge, 5 m. W. of **Market Rasen**, runs 2 m. to Bishops Bridge, where Rase joins on right bank. Rase rises 4 m. E. of **Market Rasen**, and joins Ancholme 7 m. down. At Bishops Bridge commences Ancholme navigation, and 4 m. down, Owersby drain, which rises by **Holton Moor** and is 5 m. long, joins on right bank. 5 m. down Ancholme at **Bedcar Bridge**, 3 m. S.E. of **Scawby**, North Kelsey beck, which rises by **Howsham** and is 4 m. long, joins on right bank. Ancholme runs to **Brigg** 3 m., and 3 m. down, at Broughton Bridge, is Broughton Decoy on left bank, 3 m. S.E. of **Appleby**. Ancholme joins Humber 8 m. below. Ancholme is preserved by the Fishery Commissioners; s.t. 3s., d.t. 4d.

Brighouse (York).—L. & Y.R. Calder. (c.s. *York*.) (See *Raucliffe*.)

Brighton (Sussex).—L.B. & S.C.R. Sea bream and other fish may be caught off here, and bass sometimes from the pier. In the Ouse, not far from Barcombe, for several miles up, there is fair fishing for roach, chub, perch, and eels, and good pike fishing.

Brightside (Yorks).—M.R.; G.C.R. Don. (See *Goole*.)

Brimscombe (Gloucester).—G.W.R. Frome; coarse fish. (See *Stonehouse*.)

Brinklow (Warwick).—L. & N.W.R. Combe brook. Lakes: Burdon Pool (5 m.). (See *Gloucester*.)

Brinscall (Lancs).—L. & Y.R.; L. & N.W.R. Roddlesworth. (See *Preston*.)

Bristolington (Somerset).—G.W.R. (See *Bristol*.) On Avon. (c.s.)

Bristol.—G.W.R.; M.R. On Avon. Avon rises in Shipton Mill Head 1 m. S. of **Tetbury** (G.W.R.), runs 5 m. to Malmesbury (n.s. **Minety**, 8 m.; jack, perch, roach; preserved). Here a stream joins on right bank, which rises in a mill pool by Great Sheraton, is 8 m. long, and works six mills. 1 m. below Malmesbury a stream joins Avon on left bank, which rises in Seven Island Pond 5 m. from **Minety**, and is 9 m. long. 1 m. up from its junction with Avon a stream joins it on right bank, which rises in Bredon pond, 3 m. from **Minety**, runs 4 m., where the outflow from the ponds in Charlton Park (pike, perch, carp; leave from Mr Sotheron Estcourt), 2 m. from Malmesbury, joins on right bank, and 1 m. on joins the main stream. Avon now flows to **Dauntsey** 4 m. Here Thunder brook joins on left bank. Thunder rises in a mill pool 4 m. S. of **Wootton Bassett**, passes by that town, and in 1½ m. is joined by a stream on left bank 1 m. long, rising in a pond at Tockenham Wick, 1 m. from **Dauntsey Station**. 1 m. on a stream joins on right bank, rising in a pond 1½ m. up. From hence to Avon is 6 m. Avon runs to **Chippenham** 10 m., passing Christian Maford midway (good fishing; preserved by Sir H. Meux). At **Chippenham**, Marden river joins Avon. Marden rises at Calstone Willington, 3 m. S.E. of **Calne**, and in 1½ m. is joined on right bank by River brook, which works a mill 1 m. up. 1 m. down Marden a stream 1½ m. long joins on left bank, working a mill. 1 m. below **Calne** is the outflow on left bank of the large lake in Bowood Park (pike, perch, carp, tench, roach; leave from Lord Lansdowne). 1 m. below, Fisher's brook joins on right bank, which rises 2 m. N. from **Calne**, and 3 m. down is joined on right bank by a stream 4 m. long, rising in Whitcombe Mill 4 m. N. of **Calne**. 1 m. down, Marden is reached,

and Marden runs in 4 m. to Avon. 5 m. below **Chippensham** Avon receives on right bank the outflow of **Corsham Park Lake**, 3 m. up (n.s. **Corsham**). 1 m. on, at **Lavock** (pike, perch, roach; preserved; leave may sometimes be had from C. H. Talbot, Esq., **Lacock Abbey**), a stream joins on right bank, 2 m. long, which works three or four mills; 2½ m. on, a stream joins on left bank 4 m. long, which drains the lakes in **Spy Park** (n.s. **Calne**). 1 m. on is **Melkham**, 1 m. below which a stream joins on right bank, draining a pond 1 m. up. At **Holt** a stream joins on left bank, which rises by **Urchfont** (n.s. **Devizes**, 4 m.). In 1 m. a stream 1 m. long joins on right bank, which rises in a mill pond at **Mustead**, 2 m. E. from **Devizes**. The main stream now runs in 5 m. to **Worton**, where a stream 5 m. long joins, which rises in **Knowlum's Pond**, 1 m. S. of **West Lavington** (n.s. **Devizes**, 6 m.), and works several mills. The main stream now runs in 3 m. to **Bullington** (n.s. **Seend**, 3 m.), where a stream 4 m. long joins on left bank, and which rises in a mill pool by **Edington** (capital tench fishing) (n.s. **Westbury**, 4 m.). 1 m. down the main stream, a stream joins on right bank, which rises in **Snake Mead Mill** by **Devizes**, and in 2 m. is joined on right bank by a stream which rises in **Roundaway Mill**, 1 m. from **Devizes**. ¾ m. down, at **Bide Mill**, 1 m. from **Seend**, a stream joins on left bank, which rises in **Drew's pond**, 1 m. S. of **Devizes**, and is 5 m. long. 1 m. on, the main stream is reached, which runs to **Sennington** (n.s. **Melkham**, 3 m.) 3 m., and Avon 2 m. 3 m. below **Holt** **Biss** joins Avon on left bank. **Biss** rises in a mill pond S. of **Westbury**, and in 3 m. is joined on left bank by a stream which rises in **Berkley House Park lake** (n.s. **Frome**), and is 5 m. long. At the junction of the above with the parent brook a stream 1 m. long joins on left bank, which drains a pond by **North Bradley**. Half a mile down, a brook joins on right bank, which runs from **Westbury**, working two or three mills, and is 3 m. long. Hence to **Trowbridge** is 3 m. Here a stream joins on left bank, which rises in a pond 3 m. up. Avon is 1½ m. down from **Trowbridge**. Avon runs in 2 m. to **Bradford**, **Freshford** 2 m. Here **Frome** river (trout and coarse fish) joins on left bank. **Frome** rises in the lake at **New Hitchling**, 1½ m. S. of **Witham**, and is joined at that place on right bank by the outflow of the lake in **Witham Park**, 1½ m. up. ¾ m. down **Frome**, a stream joins on right bank, which rises in **Bradley Mill Pool** 1 m. N. of **Malden Bradley**, and is 3 m. long. **Frome** runs in 2 m. to **Frome**, and is here joined on right bank by the brook which drains the lake in **Longleat Park** (trout, roach, dace, perch, pike; Lord Bath), 5 m. from **Frome**, and also the mill pool at **Corseley**, 3 m. from **Frome**. 1 m. below **Frome** **Cale** joins **Frome** on left bank. This stream rises in **Lechmere water** (n.s. **Elzegar**, 1½ m.), and in 4 m. is joined on right bank by a stream which works a mill 1 m. up. 1 m. on, at **Caleford**, a stream, working a mill 1 m. up, joins on left bank. **Cale** in 2 m. waters the lakes in **Mell's Park**, and 2 m. below, at **Elm**, a stream 2½ m. long joins on right bank, which rises in a pond by **Little Elm**. 2 m. on is the **Frome**. 1 m. down **Frome** the outflow of the large lake at **Orchardleigh**, 2 m. from **Frome**, joins on left bank. **Frome** runs to **Beckington** 1½ m., Road 2 m. (preserved by Avon and Tributaries Angling Association, and then by the owner of **Farleigh Castle**), **Farleigh** 3 m. (preserved hence to Avon by Avon and Trib. A.A.), **Freshford** and Avon 3 m. Avon now runs to **Limpley** 1 m., 1 m. below which **Midford** brook joins on left bank, which rises in the lake in **Stone Easton Park** (n.s. **Hallatrow**), runs 2½ m. to **Midsummer Norton**, where a stream joins on right bank, which rises in a mill pond by **Ohilcompton** 2 m. up. The main stream flows to **Badstock** 1 m., **Wellow** 4 m., 1 m. below which a stream joins on right bank, which rises in the mill pool at **Norton St. Philip**, and is 2 m. long. The main stream flows to **Midford** 2 m., where a stream joins on left bank, which rises by **Hallatrow**, runs 6 m. to **Combe Hay** (n.s. **Wellow**, 1½ m.), and **Midford** 2½ m. Avon is 1½ m. down. Avon runs in ¾ m. to **Bathampton**. Here **Box** brook and **St. Catharine's** brook join on right bank. **Box** is some 7 or 8 m. long, works several mills. **Box** is midway. **St. Catharine's** (trout) works some mills, and is 5 or 6 m. long. Avon runs in 2½ m. to **Bath**, **Weston** and **Twiverton** 1 m. Just above the city **Woolley** brook joins on right bank. **Woolley** rises above **Langridge** (trout), runs to **Swanswick** (trout, leave from H. G. Bush, Esq., solicitor, Bath), **Woolley** (trout, leave from Mr. Shackell, Manor Farm), **Larkhall**, and **Lambridge** (leave from the millers). 1 m. below **Bath**, **Newton** brook joins Avon on left bank, which rises in **Priston mill**, and is 4 m. long. 2 m. down Avon the outflow of the lakes in **Newton Park**, 1 m. up, joins on left bank. Avon runs in 1 m. to **Kelston** and **Saltford**. 3 m. down, **Boyd** river joins on right bank. **Boyd** rises by **Dodington** (n.s. **Yate**, 7 m.), and in 4 m., at **Doynton** (trout; private), is joined on right bank by **Feltham** brook, which rises above **Pucklochurch** (n.s. **Man-gotsfield**, 2 m.), and is 3 m. long. **Boyd**, in 1½ m., waters the lake in **Wick Court** (n.s. **Warmley**, 2 m.), and flows to **Bitton**, 3 m., and Avon, 1 m. Avon runs to **Keynsham**, 2 m. Here **Chew** river joins on left bank. **Chew** rises at **Chewton Mendip** (n.s. **Hallatrow**, 4½ m.), runs to **West Hartree** 4 m. (n.s. **Clutton**, 5 m.) (fair trouting; preserved), **Chew Stoke** 4 m. (good trouting; preserved). Here a stream joins on right bank, which rises by **Stowey Mill**, 3 m. off (n.s. **Clutton**, 2½ m.). **Chew** runs to **Chewton Magna** 2 m. (roach, trout, perch; private; the **Bristol Waterworks Co.** here own a reservoir holding perch, roach, trout; d.t. 3s. 6d., limited issue); and here a stream joins on left bank, which works the powder mills at **Winford** 2 m. up. **Chew** 2 m. down is joined on left bank by a stream working a mill 3 m. up. 1 m. down **Chew** is **Fensford**. 1 m. down, the outflow of the lakes in **Hound-street Park**, 1½ m. up, joins on right bank. Hence to **Keynsham** and Avon is 5 m. 1 m. down Avon, **Siston** brook joins on right bank. **Siston** rises by **Man-gotsfield**, runs to **Warmley** 2 m., **Bitton** 2½ m., and Avon 1 m. Avon in 4 m. is joined

on left bank by a brook rising above **Brislington** 2 m. up. Avon reaches **Bristol** in 2 m. (c.s.) Ashton brook, 5 m. long, joins Avon at **Long Ashton Station** on left bank.

FROME river here joins Avon on right bank. Frome rises by Chipping Sodbury (n.s. **Yate**, 2 m.), runs 5 m. to **Yate**, 3 m. to **Iron Acton** (preserved below by Clifton Angling Society). 1 m. down, Laden river joins on right bank. Laden rises by **Wickwar**, and in 4 m. passes 1 m. E. of **Tytherington**, and 4 m. down joins Frome. 4 m. down, Frome (n.s. **Filton**, 3 m.) **Bradley** brook joins on right bank. **Bradley** (trout and coarse fish) rises by Alveston (n.s. **Thornbury**, 3 m.), runs 4 m., and is joined on right bank by Stoke brook, 3 m. long. **Bradley** joins Frome 4 m. down. 3 m. down Frome the drainings of the Duchess pond in Stoke Park, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. up, joins on right bank (n.s. **Fish Ponds**, $\frac{1}{2}$ m.). 2 m. down Frome is **Stapleton Road Station**, and 2 m. down is **Bristol**. In Grosvenor pond is good jacking; leave from T. E. M. Marsh, Esq., Grosvenor).

Brixham (Devon).—G.W.R. **Brixham** brook. This stream runs by Churston Ferrers, and is 3 m. long. Many large bass are caught at the trawlers' moorings. Dabs and mackerel in the bay, pollack along the rocky shore to Bury Head, and beyond, especially at and around the Cod Rock; enormous shoals of bass are often seen here, from high water and during the ebb. Bream and conger also round this rock. (See also *Paignton and Torquay*.)

Brixworth (Northton).—L. & N.W.R. **Nen**. Calendar brook. (See *Wisbeach*.)

Broadbottom (Cheshire).—G.C.B. **Etherow**. (See *Runcorn*.)

Broad Clist (Devon).—L. & S.W.R. **Clist**. South brook. Halbrook brook. (See *Topsam*.)

Brockenhurst (Hants).—L. & S.W.R. (See *Lymington*.)

Brocksby (Lincoln).—G.C.B. **Ulceby** beck. **Lakes**: Newsham Abbey. (See *Ulceby*.)

Bromfield (Salop).—S. & H.R. **Teme**; grayling, trout, chub, pike; permission from Lord Windsor, of Oakley Park. **Onny**; trout, grayling, chub, pike; strictly preserved. **Corve** ($\frac{1}{2}$ m. E.); trout, grayling. **Pyr** brook (4 m. N.). **Lakes**: Decoy Pool ($\frac{1}{2}$ m. S.W.) (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.)

Bromley (Kent).—L.C. & D.R. **On Ravensbourne**. (See *Lewisham*.)

Bromley Cross (Lanca).—L. & Y.R. **Bradshaw** brook. **Tange**, 1 m. W. (See *Runcorn*.)

Brompton (York).—N.E.R. **Brompton** beck. **Winton** beck. **Cod** beck, 4 m. E., at **Foxton**. **Howell** beck, 4 m. E. at **Foxton**. (See *York*.)

Bromsgrove (Worcester).—M.B. **Sulwarp**; trout. **Spadsbourne** brook. **Lakes**: **Tardibegge** reservoir; pike, perch; d. t. is, including boat, from the keeper. (See *Gloucester*.)

Bromyard (Hereford).—G.W.R. **Frome**. **Inkstone** brook. **Linton** brook (3 m.). **Leddou** (4 m.). (See *Chepstow*.)

Brooksbys (Leicester).—M.R. **Wreak**; roach, bream, chub; preserved by the owner of Brooksbys Hall. (c.s. *Trent*.) **Lakes**: Ragdale Hall lake, 3 m. N. (See *Gainsborough*.)

Broome (Salop).—L. & N.W.R. **Clun**; trout, grayling. **Kempton** brook. (See *Clun*; *Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.)

Brough (Westland).—N.E.R. The river Eden runs near. **Salmon** and trout. (c.s.)

Broughton-in-Furness (Lanca).—L. & N.W.R. and M.R. **On Duddon**. Trout, salmon. This stream rises on the Westmoreland border. After 2 m., **Gaitcale Gill** joins on the right bank. 1 m. on a small stream runs in on the left bank which flows out of a small hill tarn. **Mossdale Beck**, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. on, joins on the right bank. **Cockley Beck**, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. further on, joins on the left bank. Some 4 m. on a considerable burn joins on the right bank, and $\frac{1}{2}$ m. beyond that **Tarn Beck** joins on the left bank. **Tarn Beck** rises on the side of **Seathwaite Fells**, and, after a short course, runs into **Seathwaite tarn**. $2\frac{1}{2}$ m. from the lake, **Long House Gill** joins **Tarn Beck** on the left bank, and on the same side, but 1 m. on, a beck joins, which runs out of a hill loch. $\frac{3}{4}$ m. beyond this, **Tarn Beck** joins **Duddon**. From this point some 3 m. down, **Crosby Gill**, some 5 m. in length, joins **Duddon** on the right bank. On the same side about 1 m. on, **Hole House Gill** joins **Duddon**. This stream rises in a hill loch near **Fox Crag**, and has a course of about 4 m. From the junction of **Hole House Gill** and **Duddon** to the junction of **Logan Beck** with **Duddon** on its right bank, is some $2\frac{1}{2}$ m. 2 m. beyond this point, and close to the town of **Broughton-in-Furness**, the river **Tickle** joins **Duddon** on the left bank. This river rises in the slopes of **Dunnerdale**, and, after passing through a small tarn in a course of $2\frac{1}{2}$ m., is joined on the left bank by **Apple Tree Worth Beck**; 1 m. beyond this junction a fair beck joins on the right bank. This beck, some $\frac{1}{2}$ m. from its junction, on the left side going up stream, is joined by a small streamlet, which drains a small tarn lying under **Stickle Pike**. From the junction of this stream with **Tickle** to the junction of **Stickle** with **Duddon** at **Broughton-in-Furness** is some $3\frac{1}{2}$ m. Leave may be sometimes had for the lower portion of the river. At **Ulpha**, 4 m. off, is a comfortable inn, **The Traveller's Rest**. Leave to fish is freely granted on application to the landowners. **Seathwaite tarn** (trout and char) and **Devoke water** (large trout) can also be fished from here. Below this point the **Duddon** runs into the estuary. Roads run by the banks of all the streams.

Brownhills (Stafford).—L. & N.W.R.; M.R. **Crane**, 1 m. N.E. **Lakes**: **Cannock Chase** reservoir, 1 m. N. (See *Gainsborough*.)

Broxbourne (Herts).—G.E.R. (See *Stratford*; *Cheshunt*; *London*.) **New River**. **Lea**; trout, pike, barbel, perch, dace, chub, roach, tench, carp; preserved from **Currant Tree Island**. **Hotel**: **Crown**, where tickets can be had; s.t., 42s., bottom and jack fishing; 21s., trouting. D.t., bottom, 1s.; jack, 2s.; trout, 5s.; trout fishing commences on April 1st, ends August 31st. No person may fish with more than one rod and line. From the 1st of March to the 1st of August no ledger fishing with worms is allowed, nor must any lo-b-worm or fish bait be used except by trout subscribers during that time. No fishing for

jack allowed from March 15th to August 1st. No gorge fishing between August 1st and October 31st. No roach or dace to be taken between May 1st and June 15th. No perch to be killed between March 31st and June 15th. The fishing from Currant Tree Hole to the Aqueduct Lock at Broxbourne is private.

Broxton (Cheshire).—L. & N.W.R. Holywell brook, 1 m. W. (See Chester.)

Brundall (Norfolk).—G.E.R. Yare; roach, bream, perch; preserved by a society at Norwich. (c.s. *N. and S.*) At Coldham Hall, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. from Brundall, is a good inn and good fishing, preserved as above. *Lakes*: Surlingham Broad, leave from Mr. Pratt. (c.s. *N. and S.*) Plumpstead Hall lakes, 2 m. N. (See *Yarmouth*.) (c.s. *Norfolk*.)

Bruton (Somerset).—G.W.R. Brue; trout; preserved. (c.s. *Avon*) Cambe. (See *Highbridge*.)

Bubwith (York).—N.E.R. Derwent. (c.s. *York*.) (See *Wressell*.)

Bucken (York), n.s. **Bolton Abbey**, 10 m.—Wharfe. (c.s. *York*.) (See *York*.)

Buckenham (Norfolk).—G.E.R. Yare; bream, roach, perch, pike; boats at the inn; fishing free. The mouth of Hasingham Dyke is a good spot. (c.s. *N. and S.*) *Lakes*: Stumpshaw Broad, 1 m. N.W. Buckenham Broad and Hasingham Broad, 1 m. S.E., preserved by T. Tuck, Esq., and Sir B. Beauchamp. Rockland Broad, $\frac{1}{4}$ m. S.W. on other bank of river, free. (c.s. *N. and S.*) (See *Yarmouth*.)

Buckfastleigh (Devon).—G.W.R. Dart; trout, salmon; fishing preserved from Totnes (7 m. one bank and 4 m. the other) by Dart Angling Association from one field below the weir, s.t. salmon and trout 20s., w.t. 10s., d.t. 2s. 6d.; trout s.t. 10s., w.t. 5s., d.t. 2s.; licence from Dart Conservators also necessary; good salmon and peel fishing in Weir pool. (c.s.) (See *Dartmouth*.)

Buckhurst Hill (Essex).—G.E.R. On Roding. (See *Barking*.) Fishing very poor.

Buckingham—L. & N.W.R. Ouse; preserved by the farmers; leave readily obtained; apply, previously by letter, at hotel. (c.s. *N. and S.*) Claydon, 6 m. *Lakes*: At Stowe (4 m. N.W.); leave, with sufficient notice, can usually be obtained. *Hotel*: White Hart. (See *King's Lynn*.)

Bucknell (Salop).—L. & N.W.R. Teme; trout, grayling, chub; preserved by the land-owners. Redlake brook; trout. (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.)

Bucknall (Stafford).—N.S.R. Trent. (c.s.) *Lakes*: Brookhouse mill pool. (See *Gainsborough*.)

Bude (Cornwall).—(N.s. **Holsworthy**, 10 m.)—*Hotel*: Falcon. On Bude. Bude rises by Week St. Mary (n.s. **Holsworthy**, 11 m.), runs 3 m., and is joined by Longford brook on right bank, 3 m. long. Bude runs 3 m. to Marhamchurch (n.s. **Holsworthy**, 7 m.), and 1 m. down, Stratton brook joins on right bank. Stratton rises a mile above Stratton (n.s. **Holsworthy**, 9 m.), and is 5 m. long. Bude runs to Bude 2 m., and joins the sea 1 m. down. 4 m. N. of Bude runs Sheephill brook, 5 m. long. There is some sea fishing.

Budleigh Salterton (Devon).—L. & S.W.R. Good sea-fishing. Whiting, pollack, mackerel, and pout, locally known as "blains," are caught within from five minutes' to half an hour's distance from the beach. Shoals of bass are often found off the harbour's mouth at Otterton Ledge and at the Foot Clout Rock, and, if not too rough, in breezy weather, will take a fly. Mussel bait is fetched from Lymptone, on the Exe, and small fresh-water eels for pollack fishing are procurable with a finely-meshed shrimp net under stones inside the Otter mouth. Many whiting are caught late in autumn in Ladram Bay towards Sidmouth. There is 1 m. of free trouting in the Otter, and several miles of preserved fishing can be had by staying at the Rolle Hotel, which has one transferable ticket. (See *Ottery*.)

Bugsworth (Derby).—M.R. Black brook. Goyt or Mersey, 1 m. W. (See *Runcorn*.)

Buildwas (Salop).—G.W.R. Severn; pike, perch, chub, trout, grayling, dace, salmon; fishing free. Farley brook. Leighton brook ($\frac{1}{2}$ m. W.). *Hotel*: Abbey. (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s.)

Bulford (Essex).—G.E.R. On Pod's brook. (See *Maldon*.)

Bulwell (Notts).—M.R. Leen. *Lakes*: Forge Mill pond, 2 m. N. (See *Gainsborough*.)

Bungay (Suffolk).—G.E.R. Waveney. (c.s. *N. and S.*) *Lakes*: Ditchington Hall, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. N. (See *Yarmouth*.)

Buntingford (Herts).—G.E.R. (See *Stratford*.) On Rib; trout fishing very good mostly preserved by — Somes, Esq., of Aspeden.

Bures (Suffolk).—G.E.R. Stour; pike, perch, roach, carp, dace, bream, tench; preserved by Sudbury Angling Society from above **Sudbury** to 4 m. below Bures at Weston Mill. *Lakes*: Assington Mill pond, 4 m. N.E. (c.s. *N. and S.*) (See *Manningtree*.)

Burgess Hill (Sussex).—L.C. & D.R. On Adur; trout. (See *New Shoreham*.)

Burley (York).—G.N.R. and N.E.R. Wharfe. (c.s. *York*.) (See *York*.)

Burngullow (Cornwall).—G.W.R. Clissey. (See *St. Austell*; *St. Ewe*.)

Burnham (Essex).—G.E.R. On Crouch. This stream rises near the village of Great Burstead 14 m. down, a stream joins on the left bank, which rises near Woodham Ferria, and has a course of 4 m. From hence to Burnham is 12 m. 2 m. below Burnham, Roach joins Crouch. Roach rises near Rayleigh, and in 4 m. reaches Rochford (n.s. **Southend**, 5 m.), where a small brook joins on the right bank. 10 m. down Roach joins Crouch and 3 m. on the sea.

Burnley (Lancs.).—Lanc. & York R. West Calder; polluted. Don. Laneshaw. Swinden water, 1 m. N.E. Bran, 1 m. N.E. Roughlee water, 3 m. N.W. *Lakes*: Castle Hill lake, 3 m. S. (See *Padiham*, *Preston*.)

Burnley (York).—L. & Y.R. East Calder, 4 m. S.E. (c.s. *York*.) (See *Rawcliffe*.)

- Burnsall** (York), n.s. **Bolton Abbey**, 7 m.—Wharfe; trout, grayling; preserved by Burnsall Angling Club, of 50 numbers, from Barden Bridge to Grassington, 9 m.; d.t. 5s., at Red Lion. Dibb, 1 m. E. Gate Up Gill, 3 m. N.E. Grimwith beck, 3 m. N.E. Gill beck, 3 m. S. Skyrholm beck, 3 m. E. *Lakes*: New dam, 4 m. N.E. Tarn Gill tarm, 5 m. E. *Hotel*: Red Lion, the proprietor of which has 1 m. of fishing free to visitors, also day tickets for the club's water. There is a cheap conveyance from Bolton Abbey to Burnsall. (*See York*.)
- Burnt Mill** (Essex).—G.E.R. Stort; pike, roach, &c. (*See Stratford*.)
- Burscough** (Lanca).—L. & Y.R. Eller brook. (*See Hesketh Bank*.)
- Burslem** (Stafford).—L. & N.W.R.; M.R.; G.N.R. Fowler brook. (*See Gainsborough*.)
- Burton** (Northton).—M.R. Ise. (*See Wisbeach*.)
- Burton Bradstock** (Dorset), n.s. **Bridport**, 3 m.—On Bredy. Bredy rises at Little Bredy (n.s. **Dorchester**, 7 m.), runs 3 m. to Little Cheney, and Burton Bradstock, 5 m. (*See c.s. Aze*.)
- Burton-on-Trent** (Stafford).—M.R.; G.N.R.; L. & N.W.R.; N.S.R. Trent; roach, dace, pike, perch, chub, barbel; fishing free from Staphenhill bridge to Burton bridge. (*See*) Dove, 3 m. N.E.; coarse fish, pike, trout, grayling. The Sudbury and Rolleston water in Dove, which holds grayling, trout, and coarse fish, is preserved by the Burton-on-Trent Angling Association; hon. sec., Mr. R. Clarke; s.t. 40s. Mr. J. C. Perfect issues salmon and trout licences. (*See Trent*.) Rolleston brook, 4 m. N. *Lakes*: Tatenhill lake, 3 m. S.W. Rolleston Hall lake, 3 m. N. Drakelow Hall lake, 3 m. S. Six lakes in Brethby Park, 4 m. S.E. Three mill ponds at Hartshorn, 5 m. S.E. Byrkley Lodge pond, 5 m. W. Repton Park lake, 5 m. N.E. on S. side of Trent. Foremark ponds, 6 m. N.E. *Hotels*: Three Queens, White Hart, Station, Midland, George, and Saracen's Head. (*See Gainsborough*.)
- Burton Joyce** (Notts).—M.R. Trent; pike, chub, roach, salmon. (*See*) Cocker beck (*See Gainsborough*.)
- Bury** (Lanca).—M.R.; L. & N.W.R.; G.N.R. Irwell Tottington brook. Roch, 1 m. E. Blackbrook, 3 m. S.E. Naden Water, 3 m. E. *Lakes*: Mill ponds by Elton, 1 m. E. Reservoir, 1 m. S.W. (*See Runcorn*.)
- Bury St. Edmund's** (Suffolk).—G.E.R. Lark; dace and coarse fish; free. Linnet (*See King's Lynn*). *Hotel*: Angel. Preserved by the Lark Angling Society from Bury St. Edmund's to Mildenhall Gas House pool. (*See* all fish, except trout and pike, March 15 to June 15 inclusive; trout, Sept. 20 to March 31 inclusive; pike, none). Trout under ½ lb. to be returned to water, also other fish under following lengths: perch, 7 inches; chub, carp, tench, bream, 12 inches; roach and dace, 6 inches.
- Bushbury** (Stafford).—L. & N.W.R. *Lakes*: Moseley Mill pond, 1 m. N.E. (*See Gainsborough*.)
- Buxted** (Sussex).—L.B. & S.C.R. (*See Newhaven*.) Ouse; trout; good fishing. (*See*)
- Buxton** (Derby).—M.R.; L. & N.W.R. Wye; trout; preserved for 4 m. down; s.t. 30s., m.t. 15s., w.t. 6s., d.t. 1s. 6d., from Mr. Banks, fish-tacklest, 37, Spring-gardens; only fly allowed. (*See Trent*.) Gos, 4 m. N.W. Dane, 4 m. S.W.; trout; private (*See Frodsham*). Goyt or Mersey, 4 m. N.W. (*See Runcorn*). Moorstone brook, 4 m. N.W. (*See Runcorn*). Dove, 5 m. S.E., at Glutton mill. (*See Trent*.) Mannyfold, 6 m. S.E., at **Longnor**. *Hotels*: Crescent, George, Lee Wood, Shakespeare. (*See Gainsborough*.)
- Buxton** (Norfolk).—G.E.R. Bure; bream, roach, perch; leave freely given. *Lake*: Scotton pond, 2 m. N.E. (*See Yarmouth*.)
- Byfield** (Warwick).—E. & W.J.R. On Cherwell. (*See London, M.T.*) There are two reservoirs near here.
- Caerleon** (Monmouth).—G.W.R. Usk; salmon, trout. Llwyd. (*See Newport*.) (*See*)
- Caine** (Wilts).—G.W.R. (*See Bristol*.) On Marden (coarse fish). River brook. Fisher's brook. *Lake* in Bowdow Park; pike, perch, carp, tench, roach; leave from Lord Lansdowne.
- Calverley** (York).—M.B. Aire. (*See York*.) (*See Rawcliffe*.)
- Cam** (Gloster).—M.R. Cam Brook. (*See Dursley*.)
- Cambourne** (Cornwall).—G.W.R. Gwythian brook. Gwythian rises by **Cambourne**, runs 6 m., and is joined on left bank by Gwinear brook, which rises 2 m. S.E. of **Gwinear Station** (G.W.R.), and is 5 m. long. Gwythian runs to the sea in 2 m. (*See Camel*.)
- Cambridge**.—G.N.R. and G.E.R. Cam; coarse fish; preserved hence to Littleport on the Ouse below Ely by the Cambridge and Ely Angling Society, s.t. 2s. 6d.; hon. sec., Dr. Moore, Littleport, from whom tickets can be had; water-bailiff, W. Benton, Littleport. Below Baitsbite Locks the fishing for pike, &c., is very fair, and the farther down you go the better. Good fishing for pike in the South Level Cut two days a week. Baits from D. Banham, Jesus Stinice, or J. Morley, Ditton. There is trout fishing at Linton, 9 m. off; leave must be obtained from a Fellow of Pembroke College. (*See King's Lynn*). *Hotels*: Castla, Hoop, Bull, Red Lion.
- Campden** (Gloucester).—G.W.R. (*See Shipston, Gloucester*.) Knee brook.
- Cannock** (Stafford).—L. & N.W.R. Saredon brook. Penk, at Penkridge, 5 m. N.W. *Lakes*: Hatherton Hall lake, 1 m. W. Biddulpha pool, 2 m. E. Marston Wood ponds, 3 m. N.W. Pottal reservoir and Pottal pools, 3 m. N. Galey reservoir, 4 m. W. Norton reservoir, 4 m. S.E. Cannock Chase reservoir, 4 m. S.E. Eark pool and Keepers' pool, Teddesley Park, 5 m. N.W. Upper, middle, and lower Sherbrook pools, 6 m. N. Moseley Court pond, 6 m. S.W. (*See Gainsborough*.)

- Canterbury (Kent).**—L.C. & D.R. and S.E.R. *Hotels:* The Rose, Fleur de Lis, Fountain, Fleece, Saracen's Head, and The Falstaff. (*See Sandwich.*) On Stour: trout, pike, perch, roach, tench; preserved by the Stour Fishery Association from Shalmsford to Canterbury. Trout fishing begins April 1 and ends September 15. Coarse fishing at any time. For trout, only the artificial fly is allowed, and the dead natural or artificial minnow. No trout may be killed under 13in. long, or salmon or salmon trout under 3lb. No dogs. Each member has three tickets for friends. (*c.s.*) The Lower Stour Fishery Association of 30 resident and 20 non-resident members preserves Stour from Whitehall dyke above Canterbury to **Sturry**; entrance 84s., s.t. 84s.; season April 1 to September 30, fly only, or dead minnow; no dogs: hon. sec., F. C. Nash, Esq., 3, The Parade, Canterbury. The Fordwich and Grove Ferry Angling Club preserves the Stour from Fordwich Bridge to Plucks Gutter, Stourmouth; hon. sec., Mr. F. C. Nash, as above; trout season from April 1 to Sept. 30; pike and roach, good; trout to be killed by fly or minnow only; s.t. (only) 21s., for coarse fish, d.t. 1s.
- Canterley (Norfolk).**—G.E.R. Yare; pike, roach, bream, perch; breeming good; fishing free. *Inn:* Red House. (*See Yarmouth.*) (*c.s. Norfolk.*)
- Capel (Suffolk).**—G.E.R. Capel brook. (*See Manningtree.*)
- Carlisle (Cumberland).**—L. & N.W.R. and M.R. On Eden, Caldew, and Petteril. Salmon, trout, chub. *Hotels:* County and Station, Great Central, Bush, Victoria, and Red Lion. Eden rises in the E. of Westmoreland, and is 65 m. long, passing **Kirkby Stephen**, below which Soulby, Bela, and Brough Becks join. Eden now flows past Musgrave (fishing free), Warcop (fishing free), to **Appleby**, **Temple-Sowerby**, and Carlisle. Best months for salmon, March, April, October, and November. Leave can be had in several parts of the Eden from the Carlisle Angling Association; s.t. for non-residents, salmon and trout, s.t. 63s.; to Nov. 1, w.t. 15s.; from Nov. 1, w.t. 21s.; d.t. 5s.; trout—s.t. 21s., w.t. 5s. Fishing begins (salmon) Feb. 15. (trout) March 1, and ends (salmon) Nov. 15, (trout) Oct. 15. The association have five different stretches of water. No Sunday fishing. H. H. Hodgkinson, Esq., Seont-street, is secretary. Good quarters at the Crown Inn. Wetheral, 4 m. from Carlisle, on the banks of the Eden, at its best part, but strictly preserved. (*c.s. Eden.*) *Tacklet*, E. Strong, Castle-street.
- Carlton (Notts).**—G.N.R. Trent; chub, roach, pike, perch, barbel. (*c.s.*) Crosby dyke. *Lakes:* Mons pool and Cowarth pool, 2 m. E. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Carshalton (Surrey).**—L.B. & S.C.R. Wandle; trout. Fishing very good, but preserved. (*See London, L.T.*)
- Castle Ashby (Northampton).**—L. & N.W.R. Nen; pike, perch, bream, tench, &c.; preserved by Nen Angling Society (*see Northampton*). Sywell brook 1 m. W. Ashby brook, 1 m. S.E. *Lakes:* Castle Ashby Park, 2 m. S. (Lord Northampton); jack, &c.; preserved. Sywell Mill, 3 m. N.W. Sywell Park, 5 m. N.W. *Inn:* Railway. (*See Wisbeach.*)
- Castle Bromwich (Warwick).**—M.R. Tame. (*c.s. Trent.*) East brook. *Lake:* Plank-brook Forge pond, 1 m. N. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Castle Carey (Somerset).**—G.W.R. Brue; trout, roach; preserved. (*c.s. Avon.*) Ever-creech brook. (*See Highbridge.*)
- Castle Donnington (Leicester).**—M.R. Trent, 1 m. N. at Shardlow; pike, perch, roach, dace, barbel, salmon; preserved; s.t. 42s., from Mr. Wood, Chapel Bar, Nottingham. *Hotels:* Castle Arms, where tickets can be had, and Railway. (*c.s.*) (*See Weston.*) Derwent, 3 m. N. (*c.s. Trent.*) Breedon brook, 3 m. S.W. at **Tong**. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Castleford (York).**—G.N.R.; N.E.R.; L. & Y.R. Aire. (*c.s. York.*) Calder. (*c.s. York.*) (*See Rauscliffe.*)
- Castlehill (Devon).**—L. & S.W.R. Bray; trout. (*c.s. Tav.*) (*See Barnstaple.*)
- Castle Howard (York).**—N.E.R. Derwent; preserved. Cram beck. *Lakes:* Castle Howard Park lake, 3 m. N.W. (*c.s. York.*) (*See Wressell.*)
- Castle Rising (Norfolk).**—n.s. **North Wootton**, 2 m. Babingley river, which rises in the lake at Hillington Hall, and is 9 m. long.
- Castleton (Derby).** n.s. **Chapel-en-le-Frith**, 6 m. —L. & N.W.R. and M.R. Peaks Hole water. Now, 2 m. E.; trout, grayling. Bradwell brook, 2 m. S.E. Derwent, 4 m. E. (*c.s. Trent.*) (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Castleton (Lancs.).**—L. & N.W.R.; G.N.R.; M.R. Roch. Sadden brook. *Lakes:* Marland mere, 1 m. W. (*See Runcorn.*)
- Castor (Northampton).**—L. & N.W.R.; G.N.R. Nen; pike, perch, bream, chub, &c.; preserved by Lords Huntley and Fitzwilliam, who will give an occasional day. Billing brook. *Lakes:* Old Field pond, 1 m. N.E.; tench; free. Milton Park, 2 m. N.E.; preserved. (*See Wisbeach.*)
- Catfield (Norfolk).**—S.E.R. Ant. Barton Broad, 1 m. W.; fishing by payment. Wormack Broad, 2 m. S. by Ludham. Catfield Broad, 2 m. S.W. (*See Yarmouth.*) (*c.s. Norfolk.*)
- Catford Bridge (Kent).**—S.E.R. On Ravensbourne. (*See Lewisham.*)
- Cattal (York).**—N.E.R. Nidd. (*c.s. York.*) (*See York.*)
- Cavendish (Suffolk).**—G.E.R. Stour; pike, perch, roach, carp, dace, bream, tench. Glemsford Brook, 2 m. E.; same fish; preserved from Glemsford down by the Sudbury Angling Society. (*c.s. N. and S.*) (*See Manningtree.*)
- Cawood (York).** n.s. **Ullensalf**, 4 m. —**Selby**, 4 m.; or **Riccall**, 3 m. Ouse; coarse fish; mostly free. (*c.s. York.*) Wharfe, 1 m. N. (*c.s. York.*) (*See York.*)
- Cawston (Norfolk).**—G.E.R. Blackwater brook. *Lake:* Blackwater, 1½ m. N. Haveringham lake, 2 m. S. (*See Yarmouth.*)

- Caythorpe** (Lincoln).—G.N.R. Brant, 2 m. W. (See *Boston*.)
- Cayton** (York).—N.E.R. Helford, 1 m. S.; coarse fish. (See *Wressell*.)
- Chancewater** (Cornwall).—G.W.R. Sevecock water. (See *Truro*.)
- Chapel-en-le-Frith** (Derby).—M.R.; L. & N.W.R. Black brook. (See *Runcorn*.)
Now, 4 m. N.E. (See *Castleton*; *Gainsborough*.) Lakes: Tunstead reservoir, 2 m. W. (See *Runcorn*.)
- Chapelton** (Devon).—L. & S.W.R. Taw; private above; below to Barnstaple, at. 63s. Yarncombe brook. Chittlehampton brook (2 m.). Swimbridge water (3 m.). (c.s.) (See *Barnstaple*.)
- Chapeltown** (Yorks).—G.C.R. Blackburn brook. New beck, 2 m. N.E. Lakes: Reservoir, 2 m. N.E. (See *Goole*.)
- Chapple** (Essex).—G.E.R. Colne. (See *Colchester*.)
- Chard** (Somerset).—L. & S.W.R. (See *Seaton*.)
- Chard Junction** (Somerset).—L. & S.W.R. On Axe. Mr. Langdon, Parrock Lodge, Chard, preserves the fishing, and sometimes gives leave. (See *Seaton*.) (c.s. Axe.) Hotel: Tytherleigh Arms.
- Charfield** (Gloucester).—M.R. Little Avon; trout and coarse fish; preserved by Mr. Long. Bleworth brook. Ozleworth brook, 2 m.; trout; preserved. (See *Berkeley*.) (c.s. Severn.)
- Charmouth** (Dorset).—G.W.R. On Char; trout. Char is some 7 m. long, and works two or three mills. (See c.s. Axe.) General sea fishing.
- Charlbury** (Oxford).—G.W.R. On Evenlode; trout. (See *London*, U.T.)
- Chartham** (Kent).—S.E.R. On Stour; trout. (See *Sandwich*.) Here begins the water belonging to the Stour Fishery Association. 3 m. of the river above belongs to C. S. Hardy, Esq., who preserves strictly. Inn: Railway Tavern. (See *Canterbury*.) (c.s.)
- Chatburn** (Lancs.).—Lanc. & York R. Ribble, 1 m. W.; trout, salmon; preserved by Clitheroe Angling Association; hon. sec., J. L. Bulcock, Esq., King-street, Clitheroe. Grundleton beck, 1 m. W. (See *Preston*.)
- Cheshire** (Cheshire).—G.N.R. Poynton brook. Mersey, 1 m. N. (See *Runcorn*.)
- Cheshire, n.s. Blythe**, 3 m. (Stafford).—Teun. Blythe, 3 m. S.W. Churnet, 3 m. N.E. (c.s. Trent.) Lakes: Whympey Wood pond, 2 m. N.W. (See *Gainsborough*.)
- Cheshire Hulme** (Cheshire).—L. & N.W.R. Poynton brook. (See *Runcorn*.)
- Checker House** (Notts).—M.R. Ryton, Poulter 2 m. S. Lakes: Clumber Park, 3 m. S.W. (See *Althorpe*.)
- Cheddar** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Ax. Cheddar water. Lakes, decoy (See *Azbridge*.) (c.s. Avon.)
- Cheddleton** (Stafford).—L. & N.W.R. and M.R. Churnet; trout, grayling, coarse fish; fishing injured by Leek drainage. (c.s. Trent.) Endon brook, 1 m. N.W. West brook, 1 m. S.E. Lakes: Pond by Wetlev, 3 m. S. (See *Gainsborough*.)
- Chelford** (Cheshire).—L. & N.W.R. Peover. Bug. Birkin, 1 m. N. Lakes: Astle Hall lake, Reed's mere, and Capeathorne Hall lake, 2 m. S.E. Over Peover Hall lake, 3 m. S.W. Wicken Hall mere, 3 m. S.E. (See *Frodsham*; *Runcorn*.)
- Chellaston** (Derby).—M.R. Trent, 1 m. S.W. at Swarkestone; chub, dace, roach, pike, perch, barbel, salmon; preserved on S. side up to Willington by Sir F. Burdett; s.t., coarse fish 10s. 6d., ditto and salmon 21s., from Mr. Newbold, of King's Newton; below, Sir V. H. Crewe owns 1 m., and then the King's Mill Fishery commences. (See *Weston*.) (c.s.) Lakes: The Moor ponds by Stanton, 3 m. S.W. (See *Gainsborough*.)
- Chelmsford** (Essex).—G.E.R. Cann. Chelmer; pike, perch, roach, dace, carp, tench, and, below Boreham, bream; fishing good, leave from farmers and lords of manors. (See *Maldon*.) There is a large pond at the Nunnery, Boreham, 3m. from Chelmsford, containing carp, tench, and roach; permission from Mr. Sparks, the land steward, on the estate. 4 m. from Chelmsford is Mill Pond, belonging to Col. Tuftnell Tyrrel, of Boreham House; leave to fish can be obtained. Hotels: Saracen's Head, White Hart.
- Cheltenham** (Gloucester).—G.W.R. Chelt; coarse fish; preserved below by a society at 1s. Swigare (2 m. N.E.) Hotels: Plough, Queen's, Lamb. (See *Gloucester*.) Tackletts, J. Ogden, 28, Winchcombe-street.
- Chepstow** (Monmouth).—G.W.R. Wye; trout, salmon, chub, pike, dace. Mountain brook. (See *Portskewett*.) Wye rises on the slopes of Plymlomon, 10 m. above **Llangurig** (M.W.R.). 4 m. down, Tavenig, 5 m. long, joins on right bank. 5 m. down Wye, Bidno, 6 m. long, joins on left bank. 1 m. down Wye is **Llangurig**. Wye runs 8 m., and is joined on left bank by Marteg, which rises 4 m. above **Pont-y-dwr** (N.W.R.), runs to **St. Harmon** (N.W.R.) 2 m., and Wye 4 m. Wye runs 3 m. to **Rhayader** (M.W.R.) Here a stream joins on left bank, which runs out of Glan Llyn, 1½ m. up. 2 m. down Wye, Elan joins on right bank. Elan rises in Llyn Helygen (n.s. **Llangurig**, 6 m. cross country), and 4 m. down is joined on right bank by Gwny, which rises in a lake (Llyn Gwny) 3 m. up, 1 m. S.W. of Llyn Helygen. 2 m. down Elan, Hirin joins on right bank. Hirin rises in Llyn Cerrig Llwydion Uchaf (n.s. **Rhayader**, 9 m.), runs in 1½ m. to Llyn Cerrig Llwydion Isaf, and 4 m. down joins Elan. 8 m. down Elan, Clearwen joins on right bank. Clearwen rises 6 m. E. of **Strata Florida** (M. & M.R.), runs 2 m., and is joined on left bank by Figen, which rises in Llyn Fyrdyn-fach (n.s. **Strata Florida**, 7 m.), runs ½ m. to Llyn Fyrdyn-fawr. ½ m. below this lake a stream 1 m. long joins on right bank, rising in Llyn-du, ½ m. S.E. of Llyn Fyrdyn-fawr. Figen runs in 1 m. to Llyn Figen-felan (n.s. **Strata Florida**, 8 m.), and 3 m. down joins Clearwen. 2 m. down Clearwen, Brwynog, which rises in Llyn Gynon (n.s. **Strata Florida**, 7 m.)

and is 3 m. long, joins on right bank. Clearwen runs 3 m., and is joined on right bank by Arban, 3 m. long (n.s. **Doldowlod**, M.W.R., 8 m.), 3 m. down Clearwen, Garw, which rises in Llyn Garw (n.s. **Doldowlod**, 9 m.) and is 4 m. long, joins on right bank. 3 m. down Clearwen, at Capel Nant-gwylh, is Elan, which runs 4 m. to Wye. Wye runs 2 m. to **Doldowlod**, 5 m. to **New Bridge** (M.W.R.). 1 m. below, Hirnant, 4 m. long, joins on right bank, and Ithon on left bank. Ithon rises in Llyn Dwr (6 m. S. of **Newtown** (O. & N.B.), runs 6 m. to Abergwenlas Inn (n.s. **Fen-y-bont**, C.W.R., 10 m., or **St. Hermon**, M.W.R., 8 m.), Llanio 4 m., Llanbister 1½ m. 2 m. down, Cam-ddwr joins on left bank. This stream rises above the pound and alehouse 5 m. W. from **Llangynllo** (O.W.R.), and is 5 m. long. Ithon runs to **Fen-y-bont** (C.W.R.), and here Arran joins on left bank. Arran rises 3½ m. W. of **Llangynllo**, on the road to the alehouse above mentioned, runs to **Doban** (O.W.R.) 7 m., and Ithon 2 m. 2 m. down Ithon, Llandeigley brook, 4 m. long, joins on left bank, and 5 m. down Ithon, at Llanbadarn, 1 m. from **Fen-y-bont**, Clywedog joins on left bank. Clywedog rises in Fish pool 4 m. E. from **St. Hermon** (M.W.R.), and 4 m. down is joined on left bank by Crych brook, 5 m. long. 5 m. down Clywedog is Ithon and **Fen-y-bont**. 1 m. down Ithon, Camllo, 4 m. long, joins on right bank, and 1 m. down Ithon again, Dulas joins on right bank. Dulas rises by Wherby 4 m. S.W. of **St. Hermon**, and 4 m. down, at Nantmel, is joined on the right bank by a brook 1 m. long, draining Llyn Gwyn (3 m. N.W. from **Doldowlod**, M.W.R.) Dulas joins Ithon 3 m. down, Ithon runs to **Llan-drindod** (O.W.R.) 3 m., and 2 m. down, at Disserth, is joined on left bank by Hawddwy, 3 m. long. 3 m. down, Ithon joins Wye by **New Bridge**. 4 m. down Wye, at **Bulith Road** (M.W.R.), Dulas, 5 m. long, joins on left bank. Wye runs to **Bulith** 2 m. Here Irfon joins on right bank. Irfon rises on the Bryn Garw range, runs 6 m. to Llanfangel Abergwessin, where Gwessin, 5 m. long, joins on left bank. 1 m. down, Calant, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. Irfon runs to **Llanwrtyd** 4 m., and 2 m. down by the railway is joined by Cerdin, 5 m. long, on left bank. 1 m. down, Cleddan, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. Irfon runs 3 m. to **Llangammaroch** (preserved by the Llangammaroch Wells Angling Association). Here Dulas, 8 m. long, joins on right bank. 1½ m. down, Annell, 3 m. long, joins on right bank, and Camddur, 4 m. long, on left bank. Cammarch joins ½ m. down on left bank. Cammarch rises on Coraica-daon, runs 5 m., and is joined on right bank by Cnyffad, 4 m. long. 3 m. down Cammarch, Elnon, 3 m. long, joins on right bank, and 2 m. down Cammarch joins Irfon. Irfon runs 2 m. to **Garth**. Here Dulas joins on left bank. Dulas rises 8 m. N. from **Garth**, and 4 m. down is joined on left bank by Gwenwest, 4 m. long. Irfon runs to **Gilmeri** 4 m. (C.W.R.), and 2 m. below, close to **Bulith**, is joined on right bank by Cueddion, 2 m. long. 1 m. down Irfon, Chwefrn joins on left bank. Chwefrn rises 4 m. S.W. of **Doldowlod** (M.W.R.), runs 4 m. to Llanfawr-fawr, and 5 m. to Irfon, which joins Wye just below at **Bulith**. 2 m. down Wye, at Llanfared, Dihonw joins Wye on right bank. Dihonw rises 3 m. S.W. of **Garth** (C.W.R.) at Ffrwd-wen, and is 6 m. long. Wye runs 3 m. to **Aberedw** (M.W.R.). Here Edw joins on left bank. Edw rises at Rowton 2 m. S. of Llandeigley, 3 m. from **Fen-y-bont** (U.W.R.), and 3 m. down, at Rhos-maen, is joined on left bank by a stream 2 m. long, which drains Llyn Melan, 4 m. S.W. of **New Radnor** (L. & K.R.), at Llanfangel-nant-Melan. Edw runs 2 m. to Bettws Disserth, and 2 m. below, at the Hundred House, Camnant, which rises 4 m. N.E. of **Bulith**, and is 4 m. long, joins on right bank. 2 m. down Edw is Oregrina, and 1 m. down, at Glan Edw, Rhulen brook, 2 m. long, which rises in the Llyn pools 5 m. N.E. from **Aberedw**, joins on right bank. Edw runs to Llanbadaen-y-Garreg 2 m., and 1 m. down is joined on right bank by Balli brook, which rises by Pen-blaen, 2½ m. from **Bulith**, and 3 m. down is joined on right bank by a stream 2 m. long, which drains Llyn Cawr, and another tarn 3 m. N. from **Aberedw**. 1 m. down is Edw, which runs in 2 m. to **Aberedw** and Wye. Wye runs to **Erwood** (M.W.R.) 3 m. Here Lloglin joins on right bank, running out of Llyn Lloglin, 6 m. up, 1 m. down Wye, Bach-howey brook joins on left bank. This brook rises near Pant, 6 m. from **Aberedw**, and 5 m. down at Llanddewi-fach is joined on right bank by a stream which rises in 2 small pools on Llanbedr Hill 2½ m. E. of **Aberedw**, runs 1 m. to Llyn Llanbychllyn (n.s. **Aberedw** or **Erwood** 3 m.), and 1 m. down joins Bach-howey; Wye is 3 m. down. Wye runs 1 m. and is joined on right bank by Cunrig, 5 m. long. Wye runs to **Bonghrood** (M.W.R.) 2 m. and **Glasbury** (H.H. & B.B.) 4½ m. Here Llyfni joins on right bank. Llyfni rises at Middlewode 2 m. E. of Llanfaintffraed or **Tal-y-bont** (B. & M.T.Y.R.), and runs 2 m. to Llyn Saffada or Llangorse, 1 m. E. of **Tal-y-Llyn Junction** (M.W.R.), 3 m. down at Llandeavallag, Cwm brook, 2 m. long joins on left bank, and **Trefelion** (M.W.R.) is 1 m. on. Llyfni runs to **Talgarth** (M.W.R.) 3 m. Enig here joins Llyfni on right bank and Dulas brook on left bank. Enig is 4 m. long, and is joined close to the town by 2 short branches. Dulas is 7 m. long, and 2 m. from Talgarth is joined on left bank by Treffrwd brook, 5 m. long. Llyfni runs 2 m. to **Three Cocks Junction** (H.H. & B.B.), and 1 m. down joins Wye at **Glasbury**. Wye runs to **Hay** (H.H. & B.B.) 5 m. (where Dulas brook, 4 m. long, joins on right bank), and **Whitney** (H.H. & B.B.) 5 m. 6 m. down, at Willersley (N.S. **Bardisley** 1 m.), Upcot brook joins, which rises in the lakes in Newport House Park and Upcot, by **Almeley** (H.H. & B.B.), runs 1 m., and is joined on right bank near **Bardisley** (H.H. & B.B.), by Holywell brook, 2 m. long, Upcot runs to Wye 2½ m. 1 m. down Wye, by Letton, Letton Lake, which rises by **Almeley**, runs 2 m. to **Kinneraley**

(H.H. & B.R.), and Wye, 5 m., joins on left bank. Wye runs to Monnington 4 m., **Credenhill** (3 m. off the river, H.H. & B.R.), 6 m. 2 m. down, near Eaton Bishop, Gage brook joins on right bank. Gage rises by Kingston, 3 m. W. from **Tram Inn Station** (N.A. & H.R.), and is 4 m. long. Wye runs to **Hereford** 4 m. Here Withy brook, 4 m. long, joins on right bank, and Sugwas brook on left bank. Sugwas brook rises 1 m. N.W. of **Moorhampton** (H.H. & B.R.), runs 6 m. to **Credenhill** (H.H. & B.R.), and Hereford 5 m. 3 m. down Wye, Red brook, 3 m. long, joins on right bank, and 1 m. down Wye is **Holme Lacy**, and 1 m. below, Lugg joins on left bank at **Mordiford**. Lugg rises in a pool on Pool Hill 5 m. above **Llangynllo** (O.W.R.), and 3 m. below that place is joined on right bank by Graig brook, which rises in Graig Pool 3 m. E. of **Dolaw** (C.W.R.), runs 2 m. to Bledlla, just below which Bledlla brook joins on left bank, which rises in a pool 2 m. S.W. of **Llangynllo**, and is 3 m. long. Craig runs to Lugg 2 m. Lugg runs 6 m. to **Presteign**, where Boullibrook, 3 m. long, joins on left bank. 2 m. down Lugg, Summerrill brook joins on right bank. Summerrill rises by Llanfangel-nant Melan, 4 m. above **New Radnor**. At **New Radnor** it is joined on left bank by Black brook, 3 m. long. Summerrill runs 4 m. to Knill, 3 m. to **Presteign** (1 m. off on N. bank), and 2 m. down joins Lugg. Lugg runs to Kinsham 2 m., Mortimer's Cross 5 m. (trout, grayling; preserved by Shobdon Court Club of 30 members; s.t., 3l. 3s.; sec., W. Laver, Esq. Shobdon, Hereford); **Kingland** 2 m., and **Leominster** 4 m. Here Pinsley brook joins on right bank, Ridgemore brook and Stretford brook on left bank. Pinsley rises above the Lady pools in Shobdon marshes (Lord Bateman), 1 m. from **Pembridge**, runs 3 m. to **Kingsland**, and Lugg 4 m. Ridgemore rises in a series of ponds by Croft Castle, runs to **Wye** 3 m., and **Leominster** 4 m. Stretford brook rises by Cornford 5 m. N.E. from **Leominster**, runs 3 m., and is joined on left bank by Padleston brook, which drains the lake at Padleston 2 m. up. Stretford runs 4 m. to **Leominster**, where Cogwell brook, which rises above Kimbolton, and is 3 m. long, joins on right bank. 2 m. down Lugg, Arrow joins on right bank. Arrow rises in Mann pools, lying 1½ m. N.E. of the Llyn pools, 6 m. N.E. of **Aberedw**, runs 3 m., where it is joined by a stream 3 m. long on left bank. 3 m. down Arrow, at Newchurch, 4 m. from **Whitney**, Cwm-illa brook, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. Arrow runs 8 m. to **Kington**, where Gilwern brook joins on left bank. Gilwern rises 6 m. above **Dolhiser**, where it is joined by Cynon brook, 3 m. long, on left bank, and **Hales** brook, 2 m. long, on right bank. Gilwern runs to **Stanner** 2 m., and **Kington** 2 m. Arrow runs to **Tittley** 2 m., **Pembridge** 5 m., **Eardisland** 3 m. (there are coarse fish below here), **Monkland** 3 m. (fishing poor, but decent quarters, strictly preserved by Capt. Curtis), and **Broadward Bridge**, 1½ m. from **Leominster**, 2 m. Here Stretford brook joins on right bank. Stretford rises by Weobly (n.s. **Moorhampton**, 3½ m.), and 5 m. down, at Stretford, is joined on left bank by Tippetts brook, which rises 2 m. S. of **Pembridge**, and is 6 m. long. Stretford joins Arrow 5 m. down. Arrow runs in 1 m. to Lugg, which runs to **Ford** 1 m., and 2 m. down, at Hampton Court, is joined on left bank by Humber brook, which rises 4 m. above Steens Bridge, 3 m. from **Leominster**, runs 4 m. to the lake in Hampton Park, and 1 m. to Lugg. 1 m. down Lugg, Marston brook, which rises by Marston Chapel, 4 m. from **Ford**, and is 4 m. long, joins on left bank. Lugg runs to Bodenham 1 m., **Dinmore** 1 m., **Malden** 3 m. Here Derndole brook, which rises by Kings Pion and is 6 m. long, joins on right bank. Lugg runs to **Moreton-on-Lug** 1 m., and 4 m. down at Lugg Bridge, 2 m. from **Hereford**, is joined on left bank by Sutton brook, which rises by Ullingswick, runs 5 m. to Sutton St. Nicholas (n.s. **Moreton-on-Lug**, 2½ m.), and Lugg 3 m. 4 m. down Lugg, at Hampton Bishop, (n.s. **Holme Lacy**, 2 m.), Frome joins on left bank. Frome rises 8 m. above **Bromyard**, where it is joined on right bank by Inkstone brook, 5 m. long. Frome runs 3 m., and is joined on left bank by Linton brook, 2 m. long. Frome runs to Bishops Frome 3 m. and Stretton Grandison 4 m. (n.s. **Ashperton**, 2½ m.). Here Laddon joins on right bank. Laddon rises by Grendon Bishop 4 m. W. from **Bromyard**, runs to Stoke Lacy 5 m. (n.s. **Bromyard**, 4 m.), and Frome 6 m. Frome runs to Yarkhill (n.s. **Stoke Edith**, 1 m.), and Lugg 5 m. Lugg runs to Mordiford 1 m. (n.s. **Holme Lacy**, 2 m.), and here Pentelaw brook joins on left bank, rising in three lakes in Devereux Park (n.s. **Ashperton**, 4 m.), and is 4 m. long. Just below Mordiford Lugg joins Wye. (The best flies for Lugg and tributaries are March brown, duns of various shades, grannam, and willow fly.) Wye runs to Fownhope 3 m., **Fawley** (H.R. & G.R.), to the N., 5 m., and 2 m. down, Wriggle brook, 4 m. long, joins on right bank. Wye runs to Sellock Ferry 2 m., and **Fawley** to the S. 2 m. 1 m. down, Sollers brook, 4 m. long, joins on left bank. Wye runs to **Boss** (H.R. & G.R.) 6 m. Here Rudhall brook joins on left bank. Rudhall rises by **Mitcheldean Road Station** (H. & G.R.), and is 8 m. long. Wye runs to **Kerne Bridge** (B. & M.R.) 5 m., where Castle brook, rising in some ponds at Weston-under-Penyard, 2 m. from **Mitcheldean Road Station**, and is 5 m. long, joins on left bank. Wye runs to **Simmonds Gate** (B. & M.R.). Here the river makes a large horseshoe, and at the head of the curve, 2 m. down (n.s. **Kerne Bridge**, 2 m.), Garron joins on right bank. Garron rises by Orop (n.s. **Pontrilas** (N.H. & H.R., 6 m.), and 6 m. down is joined on left bank by Llanwarne brook, which rises by Llanwarne (n.s. **Fawley**, H.R. & G.R., 5 m.). 3 m. down, the outflow of Trewarthen pool, ½ m. up, joins on left

bank (n.s. **Ross**, 7 m.). 4 m. down is **Garron**. 1 m. down, at **Llangarron**, **Lammerch** brook, 2 m. long, joins on right bank (n.s. **Ross** or **Kerne Bridge**, 5 m.). 5 m. down **Garron**, **Luke** brook, which rises by **Everston**, 4 m. from **Ross**, and is 4 m. long, joins on left bank (n.s. **Kerne Bridge**, 2 m.). **Garron** runs to **Wye** 1 m. **Wye** runs back again 2 m. to **Simmonds Gate**, and reaches **Monmouth** in 6 m. **Monnow** and **Trothy** here joins **Wye**. **Monnow** rises by **Craswall Chapel**, 6 m. S.E. from **Hay**, runs to **Longtown** (n.s. **Pandy**, N.A. & H.B., 5 m.), and here **Eseley** brook joins on left bank. **Eseley** rises on **Cusop Hill**, 5 m. S.E. from **Hay**, runs 4 m. to **Michaelchurch** **Eseley**, and **Longtown** 4 m. 1 m. down **Monnow**, at **Clodock**, 4 m. from **Pandy**, **Olchon** brook joins on right bank. **Olchon** rises on the N.E. slopes of the **Black Mountains**, 8 m. from **Hay**, runs 3 m. to **Llanveyne** and 3 m. to **Clodock**. **Monnow** runs to **Pandy** 4 m. Here **Honddu** joins on right bank. **Honddu** rises on the W. slope of the **Black Mountains** (n.s. **Glasbury**, 7 m.), runs 3 m. to **Capel-y-fn**, **Llanthony** 4 m. (here tickets can be had for a length of water from the **Llanthony Abbey Inn**, which has two tickets attached), **Llanfihangel** (W.A. & H.B.), 6 m., and **Pandy** 2 m. **Monnow** runs 4 m. to **Langua**, 1 m. from **Pontrilas** (N.A. & H.B.), and here **Rowlston** brook, 2 m. long, joins on left bank. 1 m. down **Monnow**, at **Pontrilas**, **Dore** joins on left bank. **Dore** rises 2 m. above **Dorston**, 5 m. E. from **Hay**, runs to **Peterchurch** 3 m., and **Pontrilas** 8 m. Here **Worm** brook joins on left bank, and **Dulas** brook on right bank. **Worm** brook rises in the ponds at **Allenmore House**, 1 m. N. from the **Tram Inn Station** (N.A. & H.B.), runs to **Devereux** (N.A. & H.B.) 4 m.; here a stream joins on right bank, draining a pond 2 m. up. 4 m. down is **Pontrilas** and **Dore**. **Dulas** brook is 5 m. long. **Dore** joins **Monnow** just below. **Monnow** runs 8 m. to **Skenfrith** (fair fishing, accommodation at the inn), where **Black** brook, which rises in some ponds at **Black-brook House**, 6 m. from **Pontrilas**, and is 3 m. long, joins on right bank. **Monnow** runs to **Rockfield** 6 m. and **Monmouth** 3 m. Here **Trothy** joins **Wye** on right bank. **Trothy** rises 2 m. above **Llanfetherine**, 5 m. N.E. from **Abergavenny**, and is here joined on right bank by **Full** brook, which rises 2 m. S.E. of **Pandy** by **Great Campstone**, and is 3 m. long. 4 m. down **Trothy**, **Mynachdy** brook (trout), which rises by **Llanddewi Skirrid**, 3 m. N.E. of **Abergavenny**, and 4 m. down by **Llanvapley** is joined by a brook on right bank 3 m. long. 1 m. down, **Mynachdy** joins **Trothy**. **Trothy** runs to **Llantillio** 2 m., **Llanfihangel** **Istern** **Llewert** 3 m. (n.s. **Dingestow**, 4 m.). Here **Llumon** (trout), 4 m. long, joins on left bank. **Trothy** runs 1 m., and is joined on right bank by **Nant-y-fuchan**, 3 m. long (n.s. **Dingestow**). **Trothy** runs to **Dingestow** 2 m., and **Monmouth** and **Wye** 5 m. **Wye** runs to **Redbrook** 2 m., **Bigweir** 5 m., **Tintern** 3 m., and **Chepstow** 8 m. The best flies for trout in **Wye** are **Mayfly**, **Carshalton** cocktail, **March** brown, **coch-y-bonddhu**, and duns of various shades; orle, orange palmer, spider, and rough red palmer. The **Wye** salmon flies are chiefly made with **bittern** hackle wing, with a greenish yellow (blue dun dyed yellow) hackle from head to tail, and a pretty full body of orange floss silk, one golden pheasant topping over the bittern's wing; tail, sprigs of bright red parrot or ibis, mixed with a like amount of wood-duck. The same fly with a lemon-yellow body or blue dun hackle and silver tinsel is good. Then salmon-coloured bodies with the same wings and hackle varied. The **Welsh** fly, made with brown turkey or bittern wing, is the best general fly that can be used. Sometimes the body and hackle are varied from the real blue cock's hackle and tawny body to bright yellow or red with claret body; but the yellow brown wing remains the same. The **Butcher**, **Priest**, and **Blue Doctor** are now commonly used. *Hotel: Bearfort Arms.*

Chequerbent (Lancs.).—L. & N.W.R. *Croal. Lakes: Hulton Park lake*, 1 m. S.E. (See *Runcorn*.)

Cherry Tree (Lancs.).—(L. & Y.R.; L. & N.W.R. *Darwen*. (See *Preston*.)

Chertsey (Surrey).—L. & S.W.R. (See *London, L.T.*) *Thames: pike, perch, chub, roach, trout. Hotels: Crown, Chertsey Bridge, Cricketers, Railway, and Swan. Fishermen: L. Hackett and Vickery. Good fishing also in Abbey River, a branch which runs out of Thames at Saleham, and runs in at Chertsey.*

Cheshunt (Herts).—G.E.R. (See *Stratford*.) On **Lea** and **New River**. The **King's Weir** Fishery on the old river **Lea** from the end of the **Government Powder Mill** stream, **Waltham**, to the **Broxbourne** Fishery, is preserved. It is very good. (See *London, Waltham, and Broxbourne*.)

Chester.—L. & N.W.R.; G.W.B.; M.B. *Dee. Dee*, under the name of **Lliw**, rises in the **Merioneth hills**, 8 m. above **Llanwchllyn**, and 4 m. from its source (4 m. above **Llanwchllyn**) is joined on left bank by **Afon-yr-Wynt**, 3 m. long. At **Llanwchllyn**, **Dwfrdwy**, 5 m. long, joins **Lliw** on right bank. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. below **Twrch**, 6 m. long, joins **Lliw** on right bank. 3 m. up **Twrch**, above the railway, a stream joins on left bank, draining **Llyn Uiwbran** 3 m. S. of **Llanwchllyn**. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down, **Lliw** runs into **Bala lake**. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down the lake, 2 m. from **Llanwchllyn**, **Llalar**, 5 m. long, joins on left bank, and on the opposite side of the lake, 2 m. from **Llanwchllyn**, **Rhydwen**, 4 m. long, runs in. **Bala lake** is 3 m. long, and at the lower end lies **Bala**, and here the river takes its proper name. At **Bala** **Tryweryn** joins **Dee** on left bank. **Tryweryn** rises in **Llyn Tryweryn**, 3 m. above **Arenig**, and 1 m. below **Arenig** is joined on right bank by a brook draining **Llyn Arenig** 1 m. up. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. below, at **Pont-a-Gelyn**, **Gelyn**, which rises in **Llyn Arenig-bach**, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. N. of **Arenig** station, and is 3 m. long, joins on right bank (see *Arenig*). **Tryweryn** runs 3 m., when **Hescyn**, which rises in **Llyn**

Hescyn, and is 3 m. long, joins on left bank. Tryweryn runs to **Frongoch** 1 m., and here two streams, each 3 m. long, joins, one on left bank and one on right bank. Tryweryn runs to **Bala** and **Dee** 3 m. 1 m. down **Dee**, 1 m. N.E. of **Bala**, at **Llanfer**, **Cornant**, 2 m. long, joins on left bank, and 1 m. further on, on same side, is **Meloch**, 4 m. long. On the opposite side of **Dee**, 2 m. from **Bala**, **Hirnant**, 5 m. long, joins the main stream. 2 m. up from the junction of **Hirnant** and **Dee**, **Cymmerig**, 2 m. long, joins **Hirnant** on left bank. **Dee** runs 2 m., when **Calettwr**, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. **Dee** runs 1 m. to **Llandderfel**, and **Llandicillo** 3 m. Here **Cendlog**, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down **Dee** a stream joins on left bank, 2 m. long, draining **Llyn Mynydd**, 3 m. N. of **Llandicillo**. At the same spot, but on right bank of **Dee**, 1 m. N.E. of **Llandicillo**, **Llynor**, 4 m. long, runs in. **Dee** runs 2 m. to **Cynwyd**, where begins the water preserved by **Corwen** Fishing Association, and here **Trystion**, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. 1 m. down **Dee**, at **Llangar**, **Alwen** joins on left bank. **Alwen** rises in **Llyn Alwen** 9 m. E. of **Bettws-y-Coed**. 5 m. down it is joined on right bank by outflow of **Llyn-dau-Ychen** $\frac{1}{2}$ m. up, 3 m. N. of **Cerrig-y-Druidion**, and 2 m. further down is joined on left bank by **Brenig**, which rises in **Llyn Llynbrân** 9 m. S.W. from **Denbigh**, and is 6 m. long. **Alwen** runs to **Llanfangel Glyn Myr**, 6 m. W. of **Derwen**. Here **Derwydd**, 3 m. long, joins on left bank. **Alwen** runs to **Bettws Gwerful Goch**, 3 m. W. of **Gwyddelwern**. 2 m. down **Alwen**, at **Maerdy**, 5 m. W. of **Corwen**, **Geirw** joins on right bank. **Geirw** rises 5 m. W. of **Cerrig-y-Druidion**, 10 m. N.W. of **Corwen**, runs to 1 m. S. of the place, and 3 m. down is joined on the right bank by a brook 5 m. long, which runs down by **Llangwin**, 8 m. N.W. from **Corwen**. 2 m. down **Geirw**, **Merddwr**, which rises in **Llyn Gwynl**, 3 m. N. from **Llandderfel** and is 4 m. long, joins on right bank. 1 m. down, **Geirw** joins **Alwen** at **Maerdy**. **Alwen** runs 3 m., when **Efranan**, 4 m. long, joins on right bank 1 m. below the **Druid Inn**, and 1 m. down, **Alwen** joins **Dee** at **Llangar**. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down **Dee**, **Dwr**, which rises above **Gwyddelwern** and is 4 m. long, joins on left bank. **Dee** runs to **Corwen** 1 m. Here **Trewyn**, 2 m. long, joins on left bank, and **Camladd**, 2 m. long, on right bank. **Dee** runs 1 m. to **Llansantffraid**, and here **Llechog**, 2 m. long, joins on right bank. **Dee** runs to **Carrog** 1 m., where the C.F. Association ends and the **Glyndwr Society** begins, and here **Morwynion**, 7 m. long, joins on left bank. **Dee** runs to **Glyndyfrdwy** 3 m., **Berwyn** and **Llantistilio** 6 m. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. below, **Berwyn**, 4 m. long, joins on left bank. **Dee** runs to **Llangollen** 1 m. (and 2 m. above the town the G. Society's fishing ends, and the **Llangollen Trout** and **Grayling Preservation Society** begins), **Trevor** 4 m., **Cefn** 2 m. (here ends the L.T. and G.P. Association's fishing), and 2 m. down is joined on left bank by a stream draining the lake at **Wynnstay Park** by **Eusbon** 1 m. up. $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. down **Dee**, 2 m. from **Cefn** station, **Ceirlog** joins on right bank. **Ceirlog** rises in the hills 4 m. S. of **Carrog** (a bridle path leads to it), runs to **Llanarmon** 3 m., **Llansantffraid Glyn Ceirlog**, 3 m. S. of **Llangollen**, 5 m., and 5 m. down, at **Castle Mill**, is joined on left bank by the outflow, 1 m. long, of the lake in **Chirk Park**. **Ceirlog** runs to **Chirk** 2 m., and 2 m. down is joined on right bank by **Morlas**, which rises by **Selattyn**, 2 m. S.W. of **Frysgrwaen**, runs by **Frysgrwaen**, and joins **Ceirlog** 3 m. below. 1 m. down, **Ceirlog** joins **Dee**. 3 m. down **Dee**, **Shell brook**, which rises 2 m. N.W. of **Ellesmere** and is 3 m. long, joins on right bank. **Dee** runs to **Overton** 2 m. (n.s. **Eusbon** or **Ellesmere**, each 5 m.), runs to **Bangor** 5 m. (n.s. **Wrexham**, 5 m.). 1 m. down **Dee**, **Mill brook**, 3 m. long, joins on right bank, and 1 m. below, at **Pickhill Hall**, 5 m. E. of **Wrexham**, **Clywedog** joins on left bank. **Clywedog** rises in **Llyn Maur-y-Mynydd**, 5 m. S.W. of **Brymbo**, or 7 m. W. of **Wrexham**, runs 3 m. to **Minera**, and 5 m. down, 1 m. S. of **Wrexham**, is joined on right bank by **Saddle brook**, 5 m. long. 1 m. down **Clywedog**, 1 m. S.E. of **Wrexham**, **Wrexham brook**, 5 m. long, joins on left bank. **Clywedog** runs to **Dee** 6 m. **Dee** runs 1 m., when **Worthenbury brook** joins on right bank. **Worthenbury** rises in **Llyn Bedydd**, 2 m. N.E. of **Bettisfield**. 1 m. below, the outflow of **Hanmer Hall lake**, 3 m. N. of **Bettisfield**, joins on left bank. 2 m. down **Worthenbury** the outflow of **Hanmer mere**, $2\frac{1}{2}$ m. N. of **Bettisfield**, joins on left bank. 1 m. down **Worthenbury** a stream joins on left bank, draining the lakes at **Bettisfield Park**, $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. N. of **Bettisfield**. **Worthenbury** runs 3 m. to **Haughton Mill** and ponds, 6 m. N.W. from **Fenn's Bank**. Here **Haughton brook**, which rises 2 m. above **Penley**, 4 m. N. of **Ellesmere**, and is 5 m. long, joins on left bank. 2 m. down **Worthenbury**, at **Worthenbury**, **Sarn** joins on right bank. **Sarn** rises in **Wolvesacre Mill pond**, 2 m. N.W. of **Whitchurch**, runs 1 m. to **Dirtwich Mill pond**, 3 m. N.W. of **Whitchurch**, and joins **Worthenbury** 7 m. down. **Worthenbury** runs 1 m. to **Dee**. **Dee** runs 7 m. to **Holt** (n.s. **Rossett**, 2 m.), and 2 m. down **Alyn** joins on left bank. **Alyn** rises above **Llandegla** (n.s. **Crown**), 7 m. N. of **Llangollen**, or 6 m. E. of **Eyearth**. Here **Rhys**, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. 3 m. down, at **Llanarmon**, 5 m. E. of **Eyearth**, or 5 m. S.E. of **Euthin**, a brook 2 m. long joins on right bank, which drains **Llyn Cyffynny**, 7 m. S.E. of **Euthin**, or 7 m. E. of **Eyearth**. **Alyn** runs 3 m. to **Llanferres**, 6 m. E. of **Euthin**, and **Rhyd-y-Mwyn** 6 m. Here **Fechlas brook**, 3 m. long, joins on left bank. **Alyn** runs to **Mold** 3 m., **Llong** 3 m. Here **Terrig** joins on right bank. **Terrig** rises in **Llyn-y-Mynydd-du**, and **Llyn Neyn**, $\frac{1}{2}$ N. of it, runs 3 m. to **Nerquis**, and **Llong** and **Alyn** 2 m. **Alyn** runs to **Hope** 5 m., and 2 m. below, at **Gwastead Bridge**, is joined on right bank by **Gady**, which brook runs down in two branches, each 3 m. long, to within 1 m. N.W. of **Brymbo**, and 3 m. down joins **Alyn**. **Alyn** runs to **Gresford**, 4 m.,

- Rossett**, 2 m., and **Dee**, 2 m. **Dee** runs to **Radley**, 3 m., and here **Pulford** brook, which rises 4 m. above **Pulford**, 1 m. N.E. of **Rossett**, and is 7 m. long, joins on left bank. **Dee** now waters **Eaton Hall Park** for 3 m., receiving the drainings of the lakes there. Midway through the park **Holywell** brook joins on right bank. **Holywell** rises in **Edge Mill** ponds, 2 m. N. of **Malpas**, runs 3 m. to 1 m. W. of **Broxton**, and 4 m. down is joined on right bank by **Keys** brook, which rises above **Tattenhall** and is 4 m. long. **Holywell** runs to **Aldford**, 2 m., and **Dee**, 1 m. After leaving **Eaton Hall Park**, **Dee** runs 4 m. to **Chester**. (c.s.) *Hotels*: Grosvenor, Queen's.
- Chesterfield** (Derby).—M.R.; G.C.R. **Rother**. **Monster** brook. **Hipper**. **Linnacre** brook, 1 m. W. **Hockley** brook, 4 m. S.W. **Doe Lea**, 5 m. W. *Lakes*: All Pits pond by **Oldfield**, 2 m. N.E. **Great dam**, 4 m. S.W. **Wingerworth Hall** lakes, 4 m. S.W. **Sutton Scarsdale Park** lake, 4 m. S.E. **Birley** pond, 6 m. N.W. (See *Goole*.)
- Chichester** (Sussex).—L.B. & S.C.R. The canal; pike, perch, bream, roach; the "basin," a large pond at the end of the canal by the city, is a good spot; fishing free. There are a few small brooks in the neighbourhood holding trout, but strictly preserved. At **Aldingbourne Mill** pond good roach, carp, bream, and perch fishing can be had at 1s. a day. *Hotel*: Dolphin.
- Chigwell-lane** (Essex).—G.E. and G.N.J.R. On **Roding**. Fishing very poor. (See *Barking*.)
- Chilcompton** (Somerset).—G.W.R.; L. & S.W.R. (See *Bristol*.)
- Childwall** (Lancs.).—S. & C.L.R. **Childwall** brook. (See *Runcorn*.)
- Chilham** (Kent).—S.E.R. On **Stour**. Fishing preserved by **Col. Hardy**. (See *Sandwich*.) *Inns*: **Alma** and **Woolpack**. (c.s.)
- Chippenham** (Wilts).—G.W.R. (See *Bristol*.) On **Avon** and **Marden**; coarse fish. Above the mill there is good pike, perch, and chub fishing in the deep water; and below the mill are a few trout, and plenty of dace and roach; preserved by land and mill owners, who often give leave. (c.s.)
- Chipping Norton** (Oxon).—G.W.R. On a tributary of **Evenlode**. (See *London, U.T.*)
- Chipping Norton Junction** (Oxon).—G.W.R. On **Evenlode**. (See *London, U.T.*)
- Chipping Ongar** (Essex).—G.E.R. (See *Maldon* and *Barking*.) On **Roding** and **Cripsey** brook; poor fishing.
- Chirnside Bridge**, n.s. **Chirnside**—N.B.R. **Tweed** and **Whiteadder**; trout and salmon. (See *Berwick*.)
- Chiswick** (Middx.).—L. & S.W.R. **Thames**. (See *London, L.T.*) In the lake in **Lord Morley's** park is good pike fishing, strictly preserved.
- Chorley** (Lancs.).—L. & Y.R.; L. & N.W.R. **Black** brook. **Yarrow**, 1 m. S. **Roddlesworth**, 2 m. E. **Liverpool Waterworks** reservoir, 2 m. E. *Lakes*: **Rivington** reservoir, 2 m. E. (See *Liverpool*, *Preston*, and *Hesketh Bank*.)
- Christchurch** (Hants).—L. & S.W.R. **Avon** and **Stour**. **Salmon**, pike, perch, chub, roach, tench, dace. Very strictly preserved. *Hotel*: **King's Arms**. Fishing free to visitors at the hotel, except for salmon and perch. **Avon** rises in **Wilts**, at **Bishops Gannings**, 4 m. from **Devizes**, runs 5 m. to **Beachingstoke** (n.s. **Woodborough**, 1 m.). Here a stream joins on left bank which works two mills, 1 m. up. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down **Avon** a stream joins on right bank, working two mills 1 m. up. 4 m. down **Avon** is **Upavon**; **Enford**, 4 m.; **Nether Avon**, 3 m. (good trouting, preserved by the farmers); **Amesbury** (n.s. **Porton**), 7 m. (trout and grayling strictly preserved by **Sir E. Antrobus**); **Wilsford**, 2 m.; **Great Durnford**, $1\frac{1}{2}$ m.; **Stratford**, 6 m.; **Salisbury**, 2 m. Here the **Wylfe** and **Winterbourne** join, one on the left bank, the other on the right bank. **Wylfe** rises by **Hill Deverill Mill**, 4 m. s. of **Warminster**, and in 2 m. is joined on left bank by the outflow of the **Shire Water** lake 1 m. up. 2 m. on **Wylfe** touches **Warminster**, 1 m. off; runs 3 m. to **Heytesbury**; **Godford**, $3\frac{1}{2}$ m. Here a stream joins on the left bank, which rises beyond **Chiltern St. Mary**, and is 4 m. long. **Wylfe** runs in 4 m. to **Wylfe**. ($1\frac{1}{2}$ m. above begins the **Wilton** Flyfishing Club water.) 4 m. below, **Winterbourne**, 5 m. long, joins on left bank. **Wylfe** runs to **Wishford**, 1 m.; **Wilton**, 3 m. (Here ends the **W.F.C.** water.) **Nadder** here joins **Wylfe**. **Nadder** rises at **Nadder Head Lake**, by **Shaftesbury**, and in 5 m. is joined on right bank by the outflow of five large ponds in **Wardour Park**. 1 m. on, a small stream, 3 m. long, joins on left bank. **Nadder** runs in $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. to **Tisbury**. Here the outfall from the large lake at **Fonthill Giffard**, 1 m. up, joins on right bank. **Nadder** runs to **Dinton**, 6 m., **Wilton**, 7 m., and **Wylfe**, 1 m. **Wylfe** joins the **Avon** at **Salisbury** in 4 m. **Winterbourne** rises beyond **Cholerton** (n.s. **Grately**), 3 m., runs through **Wilbury Park** to **Newton Toney**, 2 m., **Porton**, 4 m., **Winterbourne**, 1 m., **Salisbury**, 6 m. **Avon** now runs to **Nunton**, 4 m., where the **Chalk Stream** joins on right bank. **Chalk Stream** rises near **Alvediston** (n.s. **Tisbury**, 5 m.), runs to **Broad Chalk**, 5 m., **Toney** **Stratford**, 4 m., **Avon**, 5 m. **Avon** runs to **Downton**, 5 m., **Braemore**, 4 m., **Fordingbridge**, 4 m. Here a stream (trout, grayling; leave from the owner of **West Park**) runs down from **Demerham**, 4 m. long, working two mills, joins **Avon** on right bank. **Avon** runs to **Ibbesley**, 4 m., **Ellingham**, 1 m. Here **Black Water**, 5 m. long, joins on right bank. **Avon** runs to **Ringwood**, 5 m. Here two streams join on left bank, rising in the **New Forest**, and are 8 m. long and 6 m. long. **Christchurch** is 10 m. on. Here the landlord of the **King's Arms** preserves a good stretch of water, including the junction of the **Stour**. The roach run very large. Boat and man can be had. Above and adjoining the hotel water some good coarse fishing can be had at 10s. per day, including boat and man. (See *c.t. Avon*.) The local flies on the **Avon** are the **March brown**, **grannam**, **sand-fly**, **alder**, **green** and **grey** drakes, **orange** flies; an artificial grasshopper for grayling. (c.s.)

STOUR rises in Stour Head ponds (n.s. **Witham**), runs 6 m. to **Gillingham**. Here Shreen water joins on left bank. Shreen rises at Mere, 4 m. from **Gillingham**, and works 2 mills. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. below, at Accliff Mill, Lidden joins Stour. Lidden rises 5 m. E. of **Gillingham**, and 3 m. down is joined on left bank by Fern brook, which rises in Lashmere pond, 1 m. N.W. of **Shaftesbury**, and is 4 m. long. Lidden now runs in 1 m. to Stour. Stour runs to Fifthead Magdalen 4 m., 3 m. below Cale river joins on right bank. Cale rises by **Wincanton**, runs 6 m. to **Temple Combe**, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. off, and 3 m. down is joined on left bank by Bow brook, which rises 2 m. N. of **Temple Combe**, and is 6 m. long, working some mills. Stour runs in 2 m. to **Stalbridge**, 1 m. off, where a short stream working a mill 3 m. up, joins on right bank. 1 m. down Stour Lidden river joins on right bank. Lidden rises some 8 m. S.W. of **Sturminster Newton**, in Stoke Mill, and 2 m. down is joined by a stream on left bank 3 m. long. 5 m. down Lidden a stream 6 m. long joins on left bank, which works a mill or two. 3 m. down, Lidden reaches Stour. 1 m. down Stour, Divellah river joins on right bank. Divellah rises at Fifthead Neville, $\frac{3}{4}$ m. from **Sturminster**, and is 5 m. long. 1 m. down Stour is **Sturminster**. 3 m. down Stour, at Manston, a stream joins on left bank, which rises at Melbury Abbas, 2 m. S. from **Shaftesbury**, runs 6 m. to West Orchard, where a short stream joins on right bank. Hence to Stour is $\frac{1}{2}$ m. 1 m. down Stour a stream, which rises by Fontmell Magna, 5 m. up, working some mills, joins on left bank. Stour runs in 3 m. to **Shillingston**. 5 m. down, at Stowerpaine, Iwerne river joins Stour on left bank. Iwerne rises by Iwerne Minster, and is some 5 m. long, turning a mill or two. Stour runs in 4 m. to **Blandford**, 5 m. to **Spettisbury**. Here Tarrant river joins on left bank. Tarrant rises by Tarrant Gunville, runs 4 m. to Tarrant Monkton, and Stour 5 m. Stour runs to **Bailey Gate**, 3 m., **Wimborne Minster**, 8 m. Here Allen river joins on left bank. Allen rises in St. Giles's Park, 2 m. from Cranborne (n.s. **Verwood**), and 3 m. down, after working four mills, is joined on right bank by the outflow of the large lake at More Critchell. Hence to **Wimborne** is 7 m. Three m. down Stour, Blackwater, 4 m. long, joins on right bank. Stour runs in 7 m. to Holdenhurst (n.s. **Hern Bridge**, 2 m.). Here Moors river joins on left bank. Moors rises by Cranborne, runs 10 m., and is joined on right bank by a stream which rises in a lake by Queen's Wood (n.s. **Verwood**, $\frac{3}{4}$ m.) and is 7 m. long. Moors runs to **Hern Bridge**, 4 m., and Stour 1 m. 5 m. on, Stour joins Avon at **Christchurch** (preserved by Mr. Newlyn, Royal and Imperial Exeter Hotel, Bournemouth, *see Bournemouth*.) (*See c.s. Avon*.) The sea fishing at Christchurch is good. The time to fish for mackerel with lines in the Bay is July and August, on the first of the ebb tide running over the Christchurch Reef east and west, where pollack may also be taken earlier in the season. Bass in the harbour's mouth. The Stour is now most rigidly preserved.

Church (Lancs.).—Lanc. & York R. Church brook. Hynilburn brook, 1 m. N. (*See Preston*.)

Church Fenton (York).—G.N.R.; N.E.R.; S. & K.R. Cook beck, 2 m. W., at Saxton. (*See York*.)

Churchill (Worcester).—G.W.R. Churchill brook, feeding numerous mill ponds. Hoo brook (1 m. S.) (*See Gloucester*.)

Church Road (Monmouth).—P.C. & N.B. Rumney; trout, salmon; preserved. (*c.s.*) (*See Cardiff, Wales*.)

Church Stretton (Salop).—S. & H.R. Connd's brook; trout; private. Quenny brook (2 m. S.). Heath brook ($\frac{1}{4}$ m. E.) (*See Gloucester*.)

Cirencester (Gloucester).—G.W.R.; M. & S.W.J.R. *Hotel*: King's Head. On Churn; few trout below, above more plentiful. There are many trout streams near, mostly private. At Cricklade is pike fishing. (*See London, U.T.*) In Lord Bathurst's park is a large lake; pike, perch, &c.

Clacton (Essex).—G.E.R. (*See Thorpe*.) *Hotels*: Royal, Osborne, Towers.

Clapham (York).—M.R. *Hotel*: Flying Horsehoe, close by the station; accommodation good. The Wenning and several other streams are in the immediate neighbourhood, to fish which the landlord can obtain leave. (*c.s. Luna*.)

Clare (Suffolk).—G.E.R. Stour. (*c.s. N. and S.*) (*See Manningtree*.)

Claycross (Derby).—M.R. Rother. *Lakes*: Williamthorpe ponds, 2 m. N.E. Wingerworth Hall lakes (2), $\frac{3}{4}$ m. N.W. Great dam, $\frac{3}{4}$ m. N.W. (*See Goole*.)

Claydon (Bucks).—L. & N.W.R. Claydon brook. *Lakes*: Claydon Farm and Middle Claydon ponds (2 m. S.). (*See King's Lynn*.)

Claydon (Suffolk).—G.E.R. Gipping; roach, perch, pike, tench; preserved from above at Blakenham to Boss Hall, 5 m. down, by Gipping Angling Society. (*See Ipswich*.)

Claypole (Lincoln).—G.N.R. Witham. Sand beck, 3 m. E. (*See Boston*.)

Clayton Bridge (Lancs.).—L. & Y.R. Medlock. (*See Runcorn*.)

Cleeve (Gloucester).—M.R. Swilgare. (*See Gloucester*.)

Cleobury Mortimer (Salop).—G.W.R. Bea; trout, grayling; private. (*See Gloucester*.) (*c.s. Severn*.)

Clevedon (Somerset).—G.W.R. Kenn, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. off. Kenn rises in a mill pond on Bakewell Common, near **Bourton** Station (G.W.R.), runs 2 m. to **Nailsea** (G.W.R.), Kenn 6 m., and the sea 2 m. By staying at the Battle Axes Inn, Wraxall, fair trout and coarse fishing can be had. The drainings of Nailsea Moor here join the sea. This water course rises by **Flax Bourton** (G.W.R.), and runs 3 m. to Jacklands Bridge, where the two main drains commence, called Middle Yeo and Land Yeo, which run to **Clevedon** in 6 m. *Hotel*: Walton Park.

- Clifton** (Derby).—M.R. Dove; trout, grayling. (*c.s. Trent.*) Henmoor; trout, grayling. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Clifton** (Lancs.).—L. & Y.R. Irwell. (*See Runcorn.*)
- Clifton Mill** (Warwick).—L. & N.W.R. Avon; chub, dace, roach, pike, perch, bream. Swift (2 m. W.). (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s. Severn.*)
- Clitheroe** (Lancs.).—Lanc. & York R. Ribble; trout, salmon, grayling, above; chub below; preserved by the Clitheroe Angling Association; hon. sec., J. Bulcock, Esq., King-street, Clitheroe. Bashall brook. Clitheroe beck. Waddington beck, 1 m. N. Bradford beck, 2 m. N. Hodder, 3 m. W.; trout, salmon; fishing can be had by staying at the Red Pump Inn, Clitheroe; Three Fishes Inn, Mitton; and Aspinall's Arms, Mitton. *Lakes*: Bashall Moor pond, 5 m. N.W. *Hotel*: Red Pump. (*See Newton, Whitwell, Preston.*) (*c.s. Ribble.*) *Tackleist*, T. Robinson, 3, Wesleyan-road.
- Clun** (Salop).—(N.s. **Broome**, 8 m.) Clun; trout, grayling; private, but leave may often be had. Lower Redlake brook ($3\frac{1}{2}$ m. S.); trout. *Lakes*: Acton Pool (4 m. W.). (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s. Severn.*)
- Clutton** (Somerset).—G.W.R. (*See Bristol.*)
- Coalport** (Salop).—G.W.R.; L. & N.W.R. Severn; pike, roach, chub, dace, salmon. *Lakes*: Willey Park lakes ($3\frac{1}{2}$ m. S.W.). (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s. Severn.*)
- Coalville** (Leicester).—M.R. Dishley brook, 2 m. N. at Whitwick. Sence, 2 m. S. at Hugglescote. *Lakes*: Old reservoir, 4 m. N.E. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Cockfield** (Suffolk).—G.E.R. Lavenham brook. (*See Manningtree.*)
- Codford** (Wilts).—G.W.R. On Wylje; trout, grayling; preserved by the owner of Ashton Gifford. (*c.s. Avon.*)
- Codnor Park** (Derby).—M.R.; G.N.R. Erewash. *Lakes*: Golden Valley reservoir. Buttery reservoir, 3 m. W. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Codsall** (Stafford).—G.W.R. Penk, 1 m. N. *Lakes*: The pool, Chillington Park, 2 m. N.W.; good fishing. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Colchester** (Essex).—G.E.K. Colne. Crockle, 1 m. E. Roman River, 3 m. S. Colne rises 5 m. above **Yeldham**, runs 4 m. to **Hedingham**, **Halstead** 3 m. 2 m. down, Gosfield brook, 6 m. long, which drains the lake at Gosfield Hall, 3 m. S.W. of **Halstead**, joins on right bank. 1 m. down Colne, at **Colne**, Pebmarsh brook, 4 m. long, joins on left bank. Colne runs to **Chapple** 3 m., and **Colchester** 10 m. 1 m. below, Crockle brook, 4 m. long, joins on left bank. (*See Nayland.*) *Hotels*: George. Old Red Lion Cups.
- Cole** (Somerset).—L. & S.W.R.; M.R. Brue; trout; preserved. Shepton brook. (*See Highbridge.*) (*c.s. Avon.*)
- Coleshill** (Warwick).—L. & N.W.R. Blyth; bream, roach. (*c.s. Trent.*) Cole. Ulverley brook, 2 m. S.W. Tame, 2 m. N. (*c.s. Trent.*) Ailey brook, 3 m. N.E. *Lakes*: Maxtoke Park lakes, 2 m. W. Coleshill pool, 2 m. S. Chelmsley Wood ponds, 2 m. S.W. Packington Park lakes, 4 m. S.E. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Collingham** (Notts).—M.R. Trent, 2 m. W.; pike, roach, dace, chub, grayling. (*c.s.*) *Lakes*: Collingham ponds, Cowarth pool, Mons pool, and Black pool, 1 m. N.W. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Collingham** (York).—M.R. Wharfe. (*c.s. York.*) Collingham beck. (*See York.*)
- Collins Green** (Lancs.).—L. & N.W.R. Sankey brook. (*See Runcorn.*)
- Colne** (Essex).—G.E.R. Colne. Pebmarsh brook. (*See Colchester.*)
- Colne** (Lancs.).—M.R. Laneshaw. Trawden brook, 1 m. E. Roughlee water, 2 m. W., at Laverwood. Wycoiler water, 3 m. E. Catlow brook, 3 m. S. (*See Preston, Rawcliffe.*)
- Coltishall** (Norfolk).—G.E.R.—Bure; roach, bream, perch, pike; leave freely given. Sprixworth beck, 3 m. S. (*See Yarmouth.*)
- Colwall** (Worcester).—G.W.R. Leigh brook (or Cradley). Good trouting; leave from Mr. Cook, of Leigh Court. (*See Gloucester.*)
- Colwich** (Stafford).—L. & N.W.R. Trent; roach, chub, pike, trout; fishing very good; preserved by Mr. L. Morgan. (*c.s.*) Sherbrook brook, 3 m. W. Colton brook, 3 m. N.E. Sow, 4 m. W.; roach, pike, chub. Blyth, 5 m. E. (*c.s. Trent.*) *Lakes*: Oakedge Park lakes (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Colwick** (Notts).—M.R. Trent; pike, perch, roach, chub, salmon. (*c.s.*) (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Colyford** (Somerset).—L. & S.W.R. (*See Seaton.*) Axe and Coly; trout, salmon. (*c.s.*)
- Colyton** (Somerset).—L. & S.W.R. (*See Seaton.*) Axe; trout, salmon; preserved by Sir W. E. Pole, Bart., and others. (*c.s.*) Coly; trout; good, but reserved. Shute brook; trout; preserved by Sir W. E. Pole. *Hotel*: Colcombe Castle, where fishing can be had in Sir W. Pole's water for a limited number of rods.
- Combe Bow** (Somerset).—G.W.R. (*See Watchet.*)
- Condover** (Salop).—L. & N.W.R., G.W.R. Cound brook; trout; private. *Lakes*: Bomer pool; pike, perch, rudd, roach, bream; preserved, but leave may sometimes be had. (*See Gloucester.*)
- Congleton** (Cheshire).—L. & N.W.R. Dane; trout, dace, roach, chub; private. Biddulph brook. Dairy brook, 1 m. W. Wheelock, 2 m. S.W. Midge brook, 3 m. N. at Marton. *Lakes*: Moreton Hall, 2 m. S.W. Bag mere, 4 m. W. (*See Frodsham.*)
- Congleton** (Warwick).—L. & N.W.R. and G.W.R. Arrow; pike, perch, chub, roach, dace, bream, and a few trout. (*See Gloucester.*)
- Congresbury** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Yeo. Yeo rises by Blagdon (n.s. **Sandford**, G.W.R., 6 m.), runs to Wrimington 4 m. (good trouting; preserved by C. L. F. Edwards, Esq. of The Court, Axbridge, to Iwood), and **Congresbury** $2\frac{1}{2}$ m. The tide flows to this point. The sea is 6 m. down. The fishing (trout, eels, and flat fish) is preserved by Rev. J. C.

- Bathurst Norman, Iwood Manor. Congressbury, from Iwood down, who sometimes gives leave on application. (*c.s. Avon.*) *Lakes*: Congressbury pond; rudd, carp, perch; leave from the stationmaster, G.W.B.
- Conisborough** (York).—G.C.B.; M.R. Don. (*c.s. Yorkshire.*) Dearne, 1 m. W. (*See Goolle.*) Warmworth beck or St. Catharine's Well stream, 1 m. S.W. *Lakes*: Crookhill Hall, 1 m. S.W. (*See Althorpe.*)
- Coniston**.—On Furness line. A mile off is Coniston Lake. Close by the village runs Church Beck, rising in Levers Water, 2 m. off; $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down from this tarn a small stream joins close by Coniston Copper Works. This stream runs out of Low Water Tarn 1 m. in the hills on the right; $\frac{1}{2}$ m. on from this stream a decent burn joins on the left bank. At Coniston a small burn joins on the right bank, running out of a small hill loch $\frac{1}{2}$ m. off. Church Beck runs into Coniston lake about 1 m. from the village. Close to Church Beck, Yew Dale Beck joins the lake. This stream rises in the Silberthwaite High Fells, and flows in about 2 m. to High Yew Dale, where a small stream joins on the left, running out of Low Tarn and two small nameless lochs N.W. of Low Tarn. After leaving High Yew Dale a course of 3 m. takes the beck to Coniston lake, which it enters at the boat house $\frac{1}{2}$ m. north of the outfall of Church Beck. We now start from the head or north end of the lake, where there is an inn, and go down the lake or southwards. Coniston lake is about 7 m. long. At the very head of the lake a small burn runs in, which runs out of a tarn 2 m. off on Hill Fell. 5 m. down, Torver Beck joins on the right hand. (*See Torver.*) (*c.s. Kent.*)
- Canonley** (Yorks).—M.R. Aire; trout, grayling, perch, chub, roach; preserved by Aire Fishing Club from Gargrave above to Eastburne brook below. (*c.s. York.*) (*See Gargrave, Rawcliffe.*)
- Constable Burton** (York).—N.E.R. Broomber beck. Betterby beck. Bedale, 2 m. N. (*See York.*)
- Constantine** (Cornwall).—(n.s. **Penryn**, 6 m.) Constantine brook; trout. This brook rises some 3 m. above Constantine, where it is joined by a brook 3 m. long. 2 m. down Constantine joins the estuary of Helford river (*c.s. Fowey*). $2\frac{1}{2}$ m. W. runs Helford river. HELFORD rises by Polgrean, runs $2\frac{1}{2}$ m. to Penglaes Mill (the nearest point to **Constantine**), and $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. down is joined on left bank by Trecoos brook, which rises by Trecoos $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. W. of **Constantine**, and is 2 m. long. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down Helford, Gweek water joins on right bank. Gweek rises 3 m. N.E. of **Helston**, and is 5 m. long. 1 m. down is the estuary. Trout in Helford above Gweek.
- Cookham** (Berks).—G.W.R. Thames. (*See London, M.T.*) Lord Boston preserves one of the back waters below the bridge; leave may sometimes be obtained from Mr. Hepworth, Hedsor. *Hotels*: Ferry and King's Arms. *Fishermen*: Godden, H. Wilder, and B. Jones. Wye; polluted.
- Cooper Bridge** (York).—L. & Y.R. Calder. (*c.s. York.*) Colne; polluted. (*See Rawcliffe.*)
- Copgrove** (York).—N.E.R. Robert beck. Tutt or Minship beck. Ure, 3 m. N. (*c.s. York.*) *Lake*: Bishop Monkton pond, 3 m. N. (*See York.*)
- Copmanthorpe** (York).—N.E.R.; G.N.R.; S. & K. Joint R. Ouse, 2 m. W. (*c.s. York.*) *Lakes*: Angram dam, 5 m. N.W. (*See York.*)
- Coppull** (Lancs.).—L. & N.W.R. Yarrow. *Lakes*: Birkane ponds, 1 m. N. (*See Heath Bank.*)
- Corby** (Lincoln).—G.N.E. Glen. Edenham brook, 3 m. E. *Lakes*: Grimthorpe Park, 2 m. S.E. (*See Spalding.*)
- Corahill** (Northland).—G.N. of S.R. (*See Bervick.*) Tweed and Till; trout and salmon.
- Cornwood** (Devon).—G.W.R. Yealm; trout; preserved. Yealm rises 4 m. above **Cornwood**, runs 1 m. to the station, and 6 m. to Yealmton (n.s. **Plympton**, 5 m.). The tide flows to 1 m. below the town, and 1 m. below, Braxton water, 5 m. long, joins on right bank. 1 m. below on right bank, Ford brook, 2 m. long, joins, and 2 m. down, at Newton Ferrers, Newton brook, 4 m. long, joins on left bank. The sea is 1 m. on. Good bass and pollack fishing in the harbour and outside.
- Corpus** (Norfolk).—G.E.R. and G.N.R. Bure; trout; private. *Lakes*: Thurning Hall, 3 m. S.W. Barrington Park, $4\frac{1}{2}$ m. N.E. (*See Yarmouth.*)
- Corsham** (Wilts).—G.W.R. (*See Bristol.*) *Lakes*: Corsham Park lake; pike, perch; preserved by Lord Methuen.
- Corsyon** (Devon).—G.W.R. Lid; good trouting, but preserved. Lew. Maryston brook, 3 m.; trout. (*See Plymouth.*)
- Cotham** (Notts).—G.N.R. Devon. Car dyke, 1 m. N.W. Smite, 2 m. S. at Shelton. Trent, $2\frac{1}{2}$ m. N.W., at East Stoke (*c.s.*) Witham, 3 m. S.E., at Bennington. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Cottingham** (York).—N.E.R. Hull, 2 m. E. (*See Hull.*) (*c.s. York.*)
- Coughton** (Warwick).—L. & N.W.R. Arrow. (*See Gloucester.*)
- Counter Drain** (Lincoln).—G.N.E. Glen. Counter Drain. (*See Spalding.*)
- Coventry** (Warwick).—L. & N.W.R. Sherburne. Low (3 m. N.E.). Withybrook (3 m. N.E.). *Lakes*: Coombe Abbey Lake (4 m. E.); roach, pike, perch, bream (private); Lord Craven. (*See Gloucester.*) *Hotels*: King's Head, Queen's, Craven Arms.
- Cover Bridge** (York), n.s. **Spennithorne**, 2 m.—Yore; trout, grayling; preserved by landlord of Cover Bridge Inn for 3 m. Cover; trout, grayling; preserved as Ure for 2 m. (*See Leyburn, York.*)
- Cowbit** (Lincoln).—G.N.E. Welland; pike, perch, dace; free. (*See Spalding.*)

- Cowton** (York).—G.N.R. Wiske; grayling, trout, chub, pike; preserved; leave sometimes. (*c.s. York.*)
- Coxbench** (Derby).—M.R. Holbrook brook. *Lakes*: Smalley Mill pond, 2 m. E. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Coxwold** (York).—N.E.B. Hole beck. (*See York.*) *Lakes*: Moor Farm reservoirs (2), 3 m. S.E. (*See York.*)
- Cradley** (Worcester).—G.W.R. and L. & N.W.B. New Pool. (*See Gloucester.*)
- Crakenhall** (York).—N.E.B. Bedale beck. (*See York.*)
- Cranley** (Surrey).—L.B. & S.C.R. (*See London, L.T.*) Wey.
- Craven Arms** (Salop).—L. & N.W.R. and G.W.R. Onny; trout, grayling; private. Quenny brook (2 m. N.). Eaton brook (4 m. N.E.). *Lakes*: Whittleton Pool (1 m. E.) (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s. Severn.*)
- Crawley** (Sussex).—L.B. & S.C.R. Mole. (*See London, L.T.*) Near here are the Buchan Hill ponds; trout; leave from Mr. P. Saillard; also Ifield Mill pond, free; Bewbush Mill pond, leave from Mr. Brown; Three Bridges pond, leave from Mrs. Montifiori; Hazelwick Mill pond, leave from Mr. Caffyn. *Hotel*: George.
- Crayford** (Kent).—S.E.R. (*See Dartford.*) Cray; trout; private.
- Credenhill** (Hereford).—G.W.B. Sugwas brook. Wye (2 m.); chub, pike, salmon, dace, perch, trout. (*c.s.*) (*See Chepstow.*)
- Crediton** (Devon).—L. & S.W.R. Creedy; trout; preserved by Sir J. Davis and Sir J. Shelley. Spreyton water; trout. Yeo, 3 m.; trout; leave from the farmers. (*See Exeter.*) *Hotel*: Ship.
- Cressage** (Salop).—G.W.B. Severn; pike, perch, chub, dace, salmon, trout. Langley brook (3 m. S.W.). Leighton brook (3 m. N.E.). *Lakes*: Harnage Grange pond (3 m. S.W.). Acton Burnell Park lakes (5 m. S.W.). (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s.*)
- Creswell** (Derby).—L. & N.W.B. Blythe. (*c.s. Trent.*) Tean brook, 2 m. E., at Upper Tean. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Crewe** (Cheshire).—L. & S.W.R.; G.W.B. Inglesway brook. Wistaston brook, 1 m. S.W. Foul Brook, 1 m. N.E. Swill brook, 2 m. S.W., at Wistaston. Weaver, 3 m. W.; coarse fish. *Lakes*: Crewe Hall, 2 m. S.E. Wintley mill, 2 m. N.E. (*See Frodsham.*)
- Crewkerne** (Somerset).—L. & S.W.R. (*See Seaton.*) *Hotel*: George. Axe (3 m. off); trout. (*c.s.*) Parret (1 m. off); trout (for a few meadows), roach, dace. (*See Bridgwater.*) (*c.s. Avon.*) Leave must be obtained for both streams from the landowners and millers.
- Crick** (Northton).—L. & N.W.R. Streck, 2 m. S. *Lakes*: Middlemore and Dunsland reservoirs (pike, &c.), 3 m. S.W. (*See Wisbeach; Bramston.*)
- Cromer** (Norfolk).—G.E.R. Aldborough beck, 5 m. S.W.; private. *Lake*: Felbrigg Park, 5 m. S.W. Gunton Park lake, 6 m. (*See Yarmouth.*) *Hotels*: Bath, Tucker's, West Cliff.
- Cromford** (Derby).—M.R. Derwent; trout, grayling; preserved by Matlock Bath A.A. (*See Matlock.*) (*c.s. Trent.*) (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Cropredy** (Oxford).—G.W.R. Cherwell. (*See London, M.T.*) Clattercut reservoir lies near.
- Crosby Ravensworth** (Westland).—Lyvennet; trout.
- Cross Keys** (Monmouth).—G.W.B. Ebwy, trout, salmon. Sirhowey; trout. (*c.s. Usk.*) (*See Newport.*)
- Croston** (Lanca).—L. & Y.R. Yarrow. Lostock, 1 m. N. Douglas, 2 m. W. (*c.s. Ribbles.*) (*See Hesketh Bank.*)
- Crowland** (Lincoln). n.a. **Postland**, 3 m.—Welland; pike, perch, dace; free. Nen, 2 m. S.E. at Black Horse Mills. (*See Spalding.*)
- Crowle** (Lincoln).—G.N.R. Idle North Drain. The new Idle river. (*See Althorpe.*) Old Don river. This stream rises above **Crowle**, runs 8 m. to Luddington and Trent estuary at Adlingfleet, 6 m. below.
- Crow Park** (Notts).—M.R.; G.N.R. (*See Sutton.*)
- Croxhall** (Derby).—M.R. Mease. (*c.s. Trent.*) Pessal brook. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Croydon** (Surrey).—L.B. & S.C.R. (*See London, L.T.*) Wandie; trout. *Hotel*: Greyhound. At Beddington, 2 m. off, the owner of the Snuff Mills sometimes gives leave.
- Crudgington** (Salop).—G.W.R. Tern; a few trout and coarse fish. Strine. Beanhill brook (2 m. S.) (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s. Severn.*)
- Crumlin** (Monmouth).—G.W.B. Ebwy; trout, salmon; trout rod licences, 1s., from the post office. (*c.s. Usk.*) *Lakes*: Ponnd-y-Coed Cae (2 m.). (*See Newport.*)
- Cuddington** (Cheshire).—L. & N.W.B. Whitgate brook, 2 m. S. *Lakes*: Cuddington mill ponds. New Church Common ponds, 2 m. S. Petty pool in New Park, 2 m. S.E. (*See Frodsham.*)
- Cudworth** (Yorks).—M.R.; G.C.B. Dearne. (*See Goole.*)
- Culham** (Oxon).—G.W.R. Thames. (*See London, M.T.*)
- Cullingworth** (Yorks).—G.N.B. Harden beck. (*See Rawcliffe.*)
- Cullumpton** (Devon).—G.W.R. Culm; trout. *Hotel*: Railway. The river is preserved down to Kensham Mills by the Culm Fishing Association. Season begins Feb. 15, and ends Aug. 31; s.t. 21s. Strangers living 15 m. off can get m.t., 10s. 6d. No wading. *See*, F. Mathews, Railway Hotel. Above it is private. The Culm is the earliest river in Devon. (*See Exeter.*) (*c.s. Exe.*) Kentisbere brook. Ashford brook. Fulford water.
- Culmstock** (Devon).—G.W.R. (*See Exeter.*) *Hotel*: Railway. Culm; trout; the fishing good, and preserved up to **Hemyock** by the Culm Fishing Club. S.t., 21s.; w.t., 4s.; d.t., 2s. Fishing begins Feb. 1, ends Aug. 31. No trout killable under 6in. No wading. Nodogs. Below the river is private; tickets at the inn. (*c.s. Exe.*)

Gwm (Monmouth).—G.W.R. Ebwy; trout. (*c.s. Usk.*) (*See Newport.*)

Gwm Afon (Monmouth).—G.W.R. Llwyd; trout. (*c.s. Usk.*) (*See Newport.*)

Gwmbran (Monmouth).—G.W.R. Llwyd. (*See Newport.*) (*c.s. Usk.*)

Dacre (York).—N.E.R. Nidd. (*c.s. York.*) (*See York.*)

Dalston (Cumberland).—M. & C.R. On the Caldew. Trout.

Danby Wiske (York).—N.E.R. Stelt, 3 m. W. Wiske; grayling, trout, chub, pike; preserved; leave sometimes. (*c.s. York.*)

Darfield (Yorks).—M.R. Dearne. Dove. Ings dyke, 1 m. E. (*See Goole.*)

Darley (Derby).—M.R. Derwent; trout, grayling; preserved hence down to **Matlock** bridge by the Darley Dale Angling Club, entrance 63s., s.t. 30s., d.t. 2s. for a portion of the water, fly only. (*c.s. Trent.*) Sydnoppe brook. *Lakes*: Mill ponds (3), 1 m. N.E. Flash dam, 3 m. N.E. (*See Gainsborough.*)

Darley (York).—N.E.R. Nidd. (*c.s. York.*) Darley beck. (*See York.*) Washburn, 6 m. S.W., at Blubberhouses. Spinksburn beck, 7 m. S.W. (*See York.*)

Dartford (Kent).—S.E.R. On Darenth; trout, perch, roach, &c. The Darenth rises by Westerham, and in 6 m. runs by **Dunton Green**, **Sevenoaks** station, 1 m. (good trouting, preserved by Lord Stanhope); **Otford**, 2 m.; **Shoreham**, 13 m.; **Eynesford**, 4 m., passing Lullingstone (preserved by Sir W. Hart Dyke, who often gives leave); 1½ m. on is **Farningham**, and **Dartford** is 6 m. A mile below Dartford the Cray joins Darenth. Cray rises near **Orpington**, and in 1 m. runs by **St. Mary's Cray**; **Bexley**, 4 m., passing St. Paul's Cray and Foot's Cray. From Bexley to **Crayford** is 1½ m.; from whence to the junction of Cray and Darenth is 2 m. 2 m. below this junction Darenth joins Thames. Bream are in the lake of the Phoenix Paper Mills at Dartford, close by which is the Dartford Creek, conveying the Darenth water to the Thames. In the creek are large dace, flounders, pike, and occasionally salmon trout. There is a peculiar blue roach to be found in a small pond on the Dartford marshes. There are many large carp in the pond of Messrs. Pigou and Wilkes' powder mills. *Hotel*: Bull.

Dartmouth (Devon).—G.W.R. On Dart; salmon and trout. Dart rises in the centre of Dartmoor, and immediately divides into two parts, the East and West Dart. 5 m. brings the East Dart to Post Bridge, where fisherman's accommodation can be had at the inn, and at some lodgings in the village. 4 m. down, Wallabrook joins Dart. This stream rises in Merripit Hill, 1½ m. from Post Bridge, and has a course of 5 m. There are plenty of trout in this stream. Dart next runs in 2 m. to Dartmeet, where it is joined by the West Dart. This stream, when it leaves the parent brook, runs in a course of 5 m. to Two Bridges, where is a nice fishing inn. Two Bridges is 1½ m. from **Prince Town**, where is the Duchy Hotel, one of the best in the West. At Two Bridges Cowaic brook, 4 m. long, joins Dart. A mile below Two Bridges Black brook joins Dart on the right. This stream rises on Mis Tor, runs by Dartmoor Prison, close to Prince Town, and joins Dart ½ m. on. All these streams are full of small trout. A mile below, Cherry brook joins Dart on the left bank. This stream rises close to West Dart, and passes the Post Bridge Road 2 m. from Two Bridges, and the same distance from Post Bridge. The stream is 6 m. long, and fishes well. 2 m. down Dart, Swincombe brook joins on the right bank. This stream is 3 m. long, and worth fishing. 3 m. from this point the two Darts meet. Good accommodation can be had here by previous arrangement with Mrs. French, Smith Hill, near Princetown, Devon. Fishing can be obtained in the above rivers and their tributaries by payment (*see c.s. Dart*); tickets to be obtained at the above inns. Spring and autumn are the best seasons. The best flies are silver grey, willow bud, grouse, badger, and fernweb. From Dartmeet Bridge to New Bridge, 7 m., the river is preserved on the left bank by Dr. Blackall, of Spitchwick, and on the right by the owner of Holne Chase. A mile down from New Bridge Webbern joins Dart. This stream divides in two parts close to its junction with the Dart. The East Webbern rises near Wilecombe, and has a course of 4 m. The West Webbern is 7 m. long; the fishing is free. The Dart next runs for 2 m. through the properties of Mr. Bastard, of Buckland, on the left bank, and Holne Chase, on the right, until Holne Bridge is reached. Leave is sometimes granted. Holne Bridge is 2 m. from **Ashburton**. Leaving Holne Bridge Dart runs to **Buckfastleigh**, 3 m. Here a stream joins Dart, 5 m. long, which rises 3 m. north of Ashburton, and flows through that town. ½ m. below a brook enters Dart on the right bank, having a course of 6 m. From hence to **Staverton** is 4 m. 3 m. below **Staverton** a brook, 5 m. long, joins on the right bank. ½ m. below, a stream, 8 m. long, joins on the left bank. ½ m. below this again **Totnes** is reached. From hence to Dartmouth the tide flows. 5 m. below **Totnes**, on the right bank, a considerable stream joins Dart on right bank. This stream, 12 m. long, after running for 4 m., passes 1 m. south of the village of Rattery, thence to Harberton 3 m., and thence 5 m. to Ashsprington at the estuary, where all the estuary fish can be taken freely. There is excellent whiting fishing 7 m. from land. In August there is generally very fair whiting fishing just outside Dartmouth Harbour, abreast of Blackpool Beach in ten fathoms water, about 1 m. from shore. Pollack and bass are to be found near the Mewstone and Eastern Blackstone. At neap tides, in this inner ground, says Mr. Wilcocks, the bottom may be kept with leads of 1lb. and 2lb., but towards the springs 2lb., 3lb., and 4lb. must be used with as fine a line as possible. Whiting fishing not good until after midsummer. (*c.s.*) (*See Stoke Flemming and Slapton Ley.*) *Hotel*: Castle.

Darton (Yorks).—L. & Y.E. Dearne. Darton brook, 1 m. S. (*See Goole.*)

Datchet (Bucks).—L. & S.W.R. Thames. (*See London, M.T.*) *Fishermen*: J. Keene and Lumsden. *Hotels*: Manor House and Royal Stag.

- Dauntsey** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Avon; pike, perch, roach; preserved. Thunder brook. (See Bristol.) (c.s.) *Lakes*: Dauntsey reservoir; pike, perch; leave from Col. Heneage, Dauntsey.
- Daventry** (Northampton), n.s. **Weedon**, 5 m. — Streck, 4 m. E. *Lakes*: Dunland reservoir; pike, perch, &c. Middlemore reservoir, 1½ m. W.; pike, perch, &c. (See Wisbeach.)
- Dawlish** (Devon).—G.W.R. Haldon water; trout. *Hotel*: London, and others. The brook rises on the slopes of Haldon, and is 6 m. long. Leave from the farmers and mill-owners. Mr. Hoare, of Luscombe, preserves some portion. Dabs, mackerel, pollack, pout, herrings, and sprats, are caught off here in moderate weather. A sand-eel seine is kept. A line thrown off the breakwater pier at the mouth of the brook, and baited with squid or cuttle, will take large bass in rough weather. The squid must be obtained from the mackerel nets. Pollack towards and close to Parson and Clerk rocks, also ½ m. off shore, half-way W.
- Deal** (Kent).—S.E.R. and L.C. & D.R. A few roach and perch in the Richboro' stream, Sandwich. There is good fishing in the evening off the pier for pollack, mackerel, &c., in autumn. (See Margate.)
- Debenham** (Suffolk), n.s. **Eye**, 9 m. N.—Deben. (See Woodbridge.)
- Deep Car** (York).—G.C.R. Don. (c.s. Yorkshire.) Little Don. Ewdew, 2 m. S. (See Goolle.)
- Deford** (Gloucester).—M.R. Avon; chub, dace, roach, pike, perch, bream; free. Bore brook. *Lakes*: Croome Park lakes (3 m. N.W.). (See Gloucester.) (c.s. Severn.)
- Deighton** (York).—L. & N.W.R. Colne; polluted. Burton beck. (See Rauscliffe.)
- Delamere** (Cheshire).—L. & N.W.R.; G.W.R. Brent brook, 1 m. N.E. Ash brook, 2 m. S.E. Oulton brook, 2 m. S. *Lakes*: Flax mere, 1 m. N. Oak mere, 2 m. S.E. Fish pool, 2 m. S. (See Frodsham.)
- Denby Dale** (York).—L. & Y.R. Dearne. (See Goolle.)
- Denholme** (York).—G.N.R. Harden beck. *Lakes*: Denholme reservoir. (See Rauscliffe.)
- Denston** (Stafford).—L. & N.W.R.; G.N.R.; M.R. Churnet; trout, grayling; fishing spoilt by Leek drainage. (c.s. Trent.) (See Gainsborough.)
- Denton** (Lancs.).—L. & N.W.R. Tame. *Lakes*: Godley reservoir, 2 m. E. (See Runcorn.)
- Derby**.—M.R.; L. & N.W.R. Derwent; pike, coarse fish, grayling, trout; the borough waters free to the mouth of Chaddesden brook, preserved below to **Borrowash** by a club. (c.s. Trent.) Cuttle brook. Chaddesden brook, 2 m. E. *Lakes*: Allestry Hall lake, 3 m. W. Langley Park lakes, 4 m. N.W. Kedleston Park lake, 4 m. N.W. Locko Park lake, 4 m. N.E. Radburn ponds, 4 m. W. (See Gainsborough.) *Hotels*: Midland, St. James.
- Desborough** (Northampton).—M.R. Ise. (See Wisbeach.) *Tacklers*, T. Simpson, 55, Carington-street.
- Desford** (Leicester).—M.R. Rothley brook. *Lakes*: Gabriel pool, 3 m. W. Kirkby Hall lake, 4 m. S.W., at Kirkby Mallory. (See Gainsborough.)
- Devereux** (Hereford).—G.W.B. Worm brook. (See Chepstow.)
- Devizes** (Wilt).—G.W.R. Kennet and Avon Canal; coarse fish; preserved for 4 m. each side of town; s.t. 2s. 6d., m.t. 1s. Avon, 8 m.; trout and grayling; preserved by landowners. (See Christchurch.) Also several brooks and Drew's pond; fishless. (See Bristol.) (c.s.) *Hotel*: Bear.
- Devock Water** (Cumberland).—Trout. The lake is preserved. *Inn*: The King of Prussia, 2½ m. off. There are several lakes near. Burnmore tarn contains large trout and pike.
- Dewsbury** (York).—G.N.R.; L. & N.W.R.; L. & Y.R. Calder. (c.s. York.) (See Rauscliffe.) *Lakes*: The Whitley reservoir (trout),
- Dicoxonson** (Lancs.).—L. & Y.R. Bursden brook. (See Hesketh Bank.)
- Didsbury** (Lancs.).—M.R. Mersey. Poynton brook. (See Runcorn.)
- Dingestow** (Monmouth).—G.W.R. Trothy; trout; preserved. Nant-y-fuchan (3 m.) (c.s. Wye.) (See Chepstow.)
- Dinmore** (Hereford).—L. & N.W.R.; G.W.R. Lugg; trout, grayling, pike, perch, chub, dace, roach; fishing decent; preserved by the Bodenham Club, of 30 members, from Bodenham, through Dinmore to Moreton. (c.s. Wye.) Marston brook (2 m.) (See Chepstow.)
- Dinsdale-on-Tees** (Durham).—N.E.R. Salmon, trout. Tickets, 1l. for salmon fishing on Mr. Surtees' estate can be had by visitors staying at the Sulphur Spa Hotel. (c.s.)
- Dinton** (Wilts.).—L. & S.W.R. Nadder; trout, roach, dace. (See Christchurch.) (c.s. Avon.)
- Diss** (Norfolk).—G.E.R. Waveney. (c.s. N. and S.) *Lakes*: Diss mere. (See Yarmouth.)
- Ditchford** (Northampton).—L. & N.W.R.; M.R. Nen; pike, perch, bream, tench, chub; preserved by Wellborough and Higham Ferrers Angling Association hence to **Higham Ferrers**. (See Wisbeach, Wellborough.)
- Dodworth** (York).—G.C.R. Dove, 1 m. S.E. *Lakes*: Lowe Mill reservoir, 1 m. S. (See Goolle.)
- Dogdyke** (Lincoln).—G.N.R. Witham. Bain. (See Boston.)
- Doncaster** (York).—G.E.R.; G.N.R.; M.R.; N.E.R.; G.C.B.; L. & Y.R. Don. (c.s. Yorkshire.) (See Goolle.)
- Donington** (Lincoln).—G.N.R. Hammond beck, 1 m. W. (See Boston.)
- Dorchester** (Dorset).—G.W.R. and L. & S.W.R. Frome; trout; preserved for 3 m. above and 3 m. below the town by the Dorchester Fishing Club, of 24; Hon. Sec. Capt. Mansel. Entrance, 5l. 5s.; s.t., 5l. 5s. The rest of the stream is strictly preserved by the landowners. (c.s.) Cerne; trout, dace, roach, pike. (See Wareham.) *Hotel*: King's Arms.
- Dorking** (Surrey).—L.B. & S.C.R. and S.E.R. Mole. (See London, L.T.) Leave may be obtained from the millers; trout, coarse fish. Very difficult to obtain trouting, which is very good in parts. *Hotels*: White Horse, Red Lion.

- Dorrington** (Salop).—L. & N.W.R.; G.W.R. Cound brook; trout; preserved by the owner of Underhill Hall. Row brook (2 m. E.) (*See Gloucester.*)
- Doublebois** (Cornwall).—G.W.R. Fowey; trout. St. Neot; trout. (*c.s.*) (*See Fowey.*)
- Dove Cliff** (Yorks).—G.C.R. Dove. *Lakes*: Reservoir, 1 m. W. (*See Goolle.*)
- Dover** (Kent).—L.C. & D.R.; S.E.R. On Dour. The trout in Dour is good, and preserved; leave from the miller at Dovercourt. (*See Kearsney.*) There is good sea fishing from the jetty. Mullet, coal whiting, silver whiting, smelts, dogfish, and rock tench. Lugworm is the best bait. The wind should be southerly or westerly. Whittings can be taken from the end of the Admiralty Pier, with a long rod, running line, and 3 hooks. Large bass and coal whiting may be taken with worms found between the rocks under the cliffs; codlings and coal whiting from the North Jetty. Mullet and flounders in the harbour.
- Downerry** (Cornwall).—Good pollack and other sea fishing.
- Downham Market** (Norfolk).—G.E.R. Onse; coarse fish except barbel. (*c.s. N. and S.*) The tide runs to Denver Sluice, 2 m. up. *Lakes*, Stradset Hall Lake (4 m. N.E.). (*See King's Lynn.*)
- Downton** (Hants).—L. & S.W.R. Avon; trout, grayling, dace, and pike; preserved. The landlord of the Bull Inn gives leave for 3½ m. of fishing, principally pike and roach. (*See Christchurch.*) (*c.s.*)
- Draycot** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Stoke Decoy Lakes. (*See Azbridge.*)
- Draycott** (Derby).—M.R. Derwent; pike, coarse fish, grayling. (*c.s. Trent.*) Trent, 3 m. S.W., at **Sawley**. (*c.s.*) (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Drayton** (Norfolk).—G.E.R. Wensum. (*c.s. N. and S.*) Sprizham beck, 2½ m. N.E. (*See Yarmouth.*)
- Driffield** (York.—N.E.R. Hull. (*c.s. York.*) Very good trout on Hull for 10 m., preserved by a club of 20 members; entrance 10 guineas; at 10 guineas, with six day cards for friends. The riparian owners are Lord Lonsborough, Viscount Downe, Sir Tatton Sykes, and Mr. Reynard, each entitled to silver transferable tickets in proportion to the size of their estate. The season commences on the first Tuesday after the 20th of April, and ends on October 1st. Only artificial fly permitted; limited to ten brace per day, and all fish under 1 lb. to be returned. The best flies are small duns of different shades, and also a light sand fly. Driffield beck. (*See Hull.*)
- Drigg** (Cumberland).—F.S.R. Fair fishing in Wastwater, 7 m. off, and in the rivers Ist and Esk. Trout, salmon, salmon trout. St., 10s. *Hotel*: Drigg Hotel. (*See Raven-glass.*) (*c.s. Cumberland.*)
- Droitwich** (Worcester).—G.W.R. Salwarp; trout above, coarse fish below; leave from the landowners. Body brook. Hampton brook (2 m. N.W.). Dove Dale brook (2 m. W.). Henbrook (4 m. N.E.). Severn (6 m. W.); pike, perch, chub, dace, roach, trout, salmon. Dean brook (6 m. E.). *Lakes*: Westwood Park lakes (2 m. W.). (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s. Severn.*) *Hotels*: Raven. The Worcestershire.
- Dronfield** (Derby).—M.R. Drone. (*See Goolle.*)
- Dudley** (Stafford). G.W.R. *Lakes*: Gades Green reservoir (2 m. S.). Old Park pond (2 m. W.). Pensnet Park lakes (3 m. S.W.). Himley Park lakes, and Common Pool (4 m. W.). (*See Gloucester.*)
- Duffield** (Derby).—M.R. Derwent; pike, coarse fish, grayling, trout; preserved by the Duffield Angling Club; m.t. 7s. 6d., w.t. 5s., d.t. 2s.; hon. sec., E. Barnes, Esq., 1, Railway-terrace, Duffield. (*c.s. Trent.*) Ecclesbourne; preserved as Derwent. Holbrook brook, 1 m. E. Cutler brook; 3 m. S.W. *Lakes*: Allestry Park lake, 2 m. S. Kedleston Park lake, 3 m. S.W. *Hotel*: White Hart. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Dulverton** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Exe, Haddeo (reserved), Barle, Danes brook (preserved), Brushford brook (preserved). Trout, salmon. *Hotels*: Carnarvon Arms (*see Advertisement*), Red Lion, and Lamb. The trout in Exe and Barle is very good, 5 to 1 lb. The fishing is preserved on both sides for 8 m.; season commences Feb. 14. Salmon from June, sometimes later. For trout only—s.t., 10s. 6d.; m.t., 5s.; w.t., 2s. 6d.; d.t., 1s.; 10s. 6d. extra for salmon. Tickets at hotels, and from the secretary, who will supply every information. There are about 8 m. of good free fishing. The landlord of the Carnarvon Arms has the right of fishing Lord Carnarvon's water 5 m. (*See Exeter and Tiverton.*) Exe, above and below Exe bridge, is preserved by landlord of Carnarvon Arms. *Tacklest*: Heath, High-street.
- Dulwich** (Surrey).—There is a pond here, by the roadside, containing great abundance of carp, but it belongs to Dulwich College, and it is very difficult to obtain leave. *Hotel*: Greyhound.
- Dunford Bridge** (Yorks).—G.C.B. Don. (*c.s. Yorkshire.*) Little Don, 2 m. S. *Lakes*: Dunford Bridge reservoir. (*See Goolle.*)
- Dunham** (Norfolk).—G.E.R. (*See Litcham, King's Lynn.*)
- Dunmow** (Essex).—G.E.R. On Chelmer and Roding; a few trout and other fish. (*See Maldon and Barking.*) *Inns*: Saracen's Head, Star, and White Lion. Leave from the landowners.
- Dunstable** (Beds).—G.N.R.; L. & N.W.R. Ousel (4 m. S.W.). (*See King's Lynn.*)
- Dunster** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Dunster brook; trout. Dunster rises in three branches 3 or 4 m. S. of Timberscombe, where the three streams unite, runs to Dunster 4 m., and joins the sea 2 m. down. Preserved above by Mr. Battersby, of Knowle, and below by Mr. Lutterell, of Dunster Castle.
- Dunton Green** (Kent).—S.E.R. (*See Dartford.*) On Darent.
- Dursley** (Gloucester).—M.R. Cam brook. Cam rises by Oldpen in a large mill head,

- and 1 m. down is joined on left bank by the outfall of a lake in Ley Farm. 2 m. down is **Dursley, Cam 2 m., Dursley Junction 2 m.** Here Ham brook, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. 2 m. down Cam is Slimbridge, and 1 m. down, Slimbridge brook joins on right bank. Slimbridge rises by **Procester**, and is 5 m. long. 2 m. below the junction is the estuary. Waterley brook. (*See Berkeley.*)
- Dursley Junction** (Glo'ster).—M.R. Cam brook. Ham brook. (*See Dursley.*)
- Durston** (Somerset).—G.W.R. (*See Bridgwater.*)
- Dymock** (Hereford), n.s. **Ledbury, 5 m.**—Lendon. Preston. (*See Gloucester.*) (c.s. *Severn.*)
- Earby** (York).—M.R.; L. & Y.R. Elslack. (*See Rawcliffe.*)
- Eardisley** (Hereford).—G.W.R. Upcott brook. Holywell brook. Wye (1½ m.); salmon, chub, pike, dace, trout. (c.s.) (*See Chepstow.*)
- Earith** (Hunts).—G.E.R. Ouse; coarse fish, except barbel; good free fishing. (c.s. *N. and S.*) (*See King's Lynn.*)
- Earswick** (York).—N.E.R. Fang Hall beck. Foss, 2 m. W., at Huntington. (*See York.*)
- East Anstey** (Devon).—G.W.R. Yeo. Sturcombe (4 m.). Knowstone water (4 m.). Little Dart (5m.). (c.s. *Taw.*) (*See Barnstaple.*)
- East Cottinghamworth** (York), n.s. **Bubworth, 4 m.**—Derwent; coarse fish; free on the E. Cottinghamworth side. Pocklington Canal; pike, coarse fish; preserved by the York Angling Club, d.t. 2s. 6d., from the secretary. (c.s. *York.*) (*See Wresselt.*)
- East Farleigh** (Kent).—S.E.R. (*See Rochester.*) On Medway; ack fishing very good. At West Farleigh, Mr. Jackson's lake has a high repute. *Hotel: Bull.*
- East Grinstead** (Sussex).—L.B. & S.C.R. On Medway; trout. (*See Rochester.*) *Hotels* Dorset Arms, Railway.
- East Norton** (Leicester).—G.N.R.; M.R.; L. & N.W.R. Eye brook. Chater, 3 m. N.E. *Lakes: Withcote Hall, 4 m. N.* (*See Spalding.*)
- Easton Court** (Hereford).—G.W.R. Teme; trout, grayling, chub, dace, pike. West brook. Cadmore brook (1 m. E.). Ledwych (1½ m. E.); trout, grayling, chub. (*See Gloucester.*) (c.s. *Severn.*)
- Eastwood** (Notts).—G.N.R.; M.R. Erewash. *Lakes: Alder Car Hall lakes, 1 m. N. Loscoe dam, 2 m. N.W.* (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Eastwood** (Yorks).—L. & Y.R. Calder. (c.s. *York.*) (*See Rawcliffe.*)
- Eaton** (Salop).—B.C.R. Onny; trout, chub, grayling; preserved hence down to **Horderly** by Plowden Fishing Club. (c.s. *Severn.*) (*See Plowden, Gloucester.*)
- Ebby Vale** (Monmouth).—G.W.R. Ebwy; trout. (c.s. *Usk.*) (*See Newport.*)
- Eccles** (Lancs.).—L. & N.W.R. Irwell. (*See Runcorn.*)
- Ecclesfield** (Yorks).—G.C.R. Blackburn brook. (*See Goole.*)
- Eccleshall** (Stafford), n.s. **Morton Bridge, 3 m.**—Sow; trout. Offley brook. *Lakes: Oakland pond, 4 m. W. Cop mere, 2 m. W.* (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Eckington** (Derby).—M.R.; G.C.R. Rother. Doe Lea. Moss brook, 2 m. N.W. *Lakes: Quarry dam, 2 m. W.* (*See Goole.*)
- Edenbridge** (Kent).—S.E.R. (*See Rochester.*) On Eden; roach, dace, &c.; d.t. 1s., from landlord of the Star. *Hotels: Star, Station.*
- Edensor** (Derby), n.s. **Bakewell, 2 m.**—M.R. Derwent; trout, grayling; preserved by the Duke of Devonshire from New bridge above to Rowsley bridge below. *Hotel: Chatsworth, where fishing can be had (see Baslow.)* (c.s. *Trent.*) Bar brook, 2 m. N.E. Wye at **Bakewell, 2 m. S.W.** (c.s. *Trent.*) (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Edwalton** (Notts).—M.R. Thurbeck. *Lakes: Roelaveston Manor, 1 m. S.E.* (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Edington** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Brue; roach, carp, perch, pike; free. (*See Highbridge.*) (c.s. *Avon.*)
- Eggesford** (N. Devon).—L. & S.W. R. On Taw; trout fishing good; free to hotel visitors, a limited number of season and day tickets issued to others; s.t. 42s., d.t. 3s. 6d., at the hotel. Hollowcombe water. Little Dart; fishing as in Taw. (c.s.) (*See Barnstaple.*) *Hotel: Fox and Hounds, good accommodation. A good station for troutling.*
- Egginton** (Derby).—G.N.R. Dove; chub, bream, barbel, pike, perch. (c.s. *Trent.*) Longford brook. Trent; 2 m. S.; grayling, pike, chub; d.t. from Mr. Batcliff, Messrs. Bass, Burton-on-Trent. (c.s.) *Lakes: Egginton Hall lake.* (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Egremont** (Cumbland.).—On Ehen. Sea trout, salmon, brown trout; preserved by a society; s.t. 10s. 6d.; the water is much discoloured by mines, so fly fishing is poor. (c.s.)
- Eliland** (York).—L. & Y.R. Calder. (c.s. *York.*) Dean. (*See Rawcliffe.*)
- Ellesmere** (Salop).—C.R. Shell brook, 2 m. N.W. Haighton brook, 4 m. N. (*See Chester.*) Roden, 6 m. S.E. *Lakes: Ellesmere mere; pike, perch, roach, bream, dace; free. Black mere, 1½ m. S.E.; same fish; leave required. White mere, 2 m. S.E.; same fish; leave. Kettle mere, 2 m. S.E.; same fish; leave. Newton mere, 2½ m. S.E.; same fish; leave. Colemere mere, 3 m. S.E.; same fish; leave. Cross mere, 4 m. S.E.; same fish; leave.* (*See Gloucester.*) (c.s. *Severn.*)
- Elslack** (York).—M.R.; L. & Y.R. Elslack. (*See Rawcliffe.*)
- Elstead** (Surrey).—L. & S.W.R. Western Rother. (*See Little Hampton.*)
- Elston** (York), nearest station **Grimstargh**.—On Ribble. Good trout, mort, and spred fishing. Leave must be obtained from J. Fletcher, Esq., Leytham. (c.s.)
- Elstree** (Herts).—M.R. (*See London, M.T.*) Elstree reservoir; pike, perch, roach, carp, tench; s.t. 1l. 1s., with punt 2l. 2s.; d.t. 2s. 6d., with punt 5s., for jack and perch, and 1s. for roach; punts to be had; tickets from W. Hunt, Fishery Inn.

- Elton** (Hunts).—L. & N.W.R. Nen; pike, perch, bream, chub, tench, &c.; preserved by Lord Carysfort, who will sometimes give leave. Willow brook. *Lake*: Elton Park (Lord Carysfort). (*See Wisbeach*.)
- Ely** (Cambridge).—G.E.R. Ouse; coarse fish, except barbel; preserved by the Cambridge and Ely Angling Association (*see Cambridge*) from the junction of Cam 3 m. above, to Littleport, 7 m. below. (*c.s. N. and S.*) (*See Cambridge*). Cam 3 m. S.; same fish; preserved by above society from Cambridge above to its junction with Ouse. Water-bailiff, W. Benton, Littleport. Lark; 3 m. N.E.; same fish. (*See King's Lynn*). *Hotels*: Lamb, Bell.
- Emsworth** (Hants).—L.B. & S.C.R. Ems; trout. Ems rises above Racton, where is good trouting, but preserved; runs 2 m. to West Bourn, where fishing is free, and 2 m. on to Emsworth. Bass at the harbour's mouth.
- Endon** (Derby).—M.R. Endon brook. *Lakes*: Stanley Mill pond, 1 m. N. (*See Gainsborough*.)
- Ensham** (Warwick).—G.W.B. Avon; chub, pike, perch, bream, roach, dace. Isborne; few trout, but much polluted. (*See Gloucester*.) (*c.s. Severn*.)
- Enfield Lock and Ponder's End** (Middx.).—G.E.R. (*See Stratford and London*.) On New River and Lea; roach, dace, chub, barbel, jack, perch, bream. *Hotels*: Anchor and Pike, Swan and Pike, Royal Small Arms Hotel, Enfield Lock. S.t., 10s. 6d.; d.t., 1s. The Ordnance water, containing some good fish, especially chub, comprises the river between the Silent Mill stream and the southernmost boundary of the War Department's property; s.t., 31s.; d.t., 1s.; jacking to s.t. holders only. Above this is the Old King's Head water, which commences at the Tumbling Bay and ends at Chingford Marsh, rented by Mr Coventry. Chub and barbel are plentiful. S.t. 10s. 6d. Trolling begins Sept. 1st. Minnow fishing allowed to season tickets only.
- Entwistle** (Lancs).—L. & Y.R. Bradshaw brook. *Lakes*: Entwistle reservoir. (*See Runcorn*.)
- Epsom** (Surrey). L. & S.W.R. and L.B. & S.C.R. (*See London, L.T.*) There are some ponds on Epsom Common.
- Essex** (York).—G.N.R. Stillingfleet beck. Ouse, 3 m. W. (*c.s. York*.) (*See York*.)
- Esher** (Surrey).—L. & S.W.R. Mole; pike, perch, chub, &c.; fishing free. (*See London, L.T.*) *Hotel*: Bear.
- Eslington** (Yorks).—M.R. Aire. (*c.s. York*.) Yeadon beck, 1 m. E. (*See Ravelston*.)
- Essendine** (Butland).—G.N.R. Glen. Gwash, 1 m. S.W., at *Ryhall*. Edenham brook, 3 m. N.E. (*See Spalding*.)
- Eslingtonham** (Sussex).—S.E.R. (*See Rye*.) On Rother. (*c.s.*)
- Etwell** (Derby).—G.N.R. Etwell brook. Longford brook, 2 m. S.W., at Hilton. Trent, 3 m. S.E., at *Willington*. (*c.s.*) Dove, 4 m. S.W., at *Tutbury*. (*c.s. Trent*.) (*See Gainsborough*.)
- Euxton** (Lancs).—L. & N.W.R.; L. & Y.R. Yarrow, 1 m. S. (*See Hasbath Bank*.)
- Evercreech** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Evercreech; carp, perch, roach, trout, pike. (*See Highbridge*.)
- Evercreech Junction** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Evercreech. (*See Highbridge*.)
- Evershot** (Dorset).—G.W.R. (*See Wareham and Bridgwater*.)
- Evesham** (Worcester).—G.W.R. On Avon; pike, perch, bream, roach, dace, chub; preserved by Evesham Fish Preservation Society for 10 m.; s.t. 1s. d.t. 3d.; with trolling, s.t. 2s. 6d.; licences from Mr. Whitford, Bridge-street, Fish and Anchor Inn, Littleton, Evesham, Boat Inn, Offenham, Evesham, for fishing from Norton brook to notice board above Chadbury Weir, or from Fladbury Weir to Mr. Faulkner's water; s.t., allowing use of boats and fishing in Mr. Faulkner's water, 10s.; season begins June 16, ends March 14; no trailing from boats; hon. sec., A. H. Sharp, Esq., Evesham. *Hotels*: Crown, Northwick Arms, Cross Keys, Rose and Crown. (*c.s. Severn*.)
- Exwell** (Surrey).—L. & S.W.R. Hog's Mill River; trout; leave from landowners. (*See London, L.T.*)
- Exwood Bridge** (Lancs).—L. & Y.R. Irwell. Swinnel brook, 1 m. S.W. (*See Runcorn*.)
- Exeter** (Devon).—G.W.R. and L. & S.W.R. On Exe; salmon, trout, pike, dace, perch. Exe rises on Ashcombe Hill, in the centre of Exmoor, and runs 6 m. to Exford (trouting very good, and free, n.s. *Dulverton*, 12 m. *Hotel*: White Horse, which has some private fishing.) 6 m. down stream is Winsford (n.s. *Dulverton*, 6 m. *Hotel*: Royal Oak, very comfortable; good trouting early in the season free of the hotel.) 2 m. below at Exton, Quarre Water joins Exe on left bank. Quarre rises 2 m. N. of Exford, and is 7 m. long. Exe flows in 6 m. to Hele Bridge, *Dulverton* being 1 m. distant on right bank. 1 m. below, Haddeo joins Exe on left bank. Haddeo rises some 2 m. E. of Exton, and in 4½ m. is joined on left bank by a stream 2 m. long. 1½ m. down, a stream joins Haddeo on left bank, which is some 3 m. long, running in two streams, which meet at Stert Bridge. Haddeo joins Exe 4 m. down. Lord Carnarvon preserves Haddeo. Exe runs in 1½ m. to Exe Bridge and *Dulverton* Station. Here Barle joins Exe on right bank. Barle rises in the centre of Exmoor, and runs in 3 m. to Simonds bath (n.s. *Dulverton*, 14 m.). Trout numerous but small. Leave from Mr. Knight, of Simonds bath; (a good inn, but no beer or spirit licence). 3½ m. down at Landacre Bridge, Sheardown Water, 4 m. long, joins on right bank (fishing very good, and free). Barle flows in 3 m. to Withypool (n.s. *Dulverton*, 8 m. (leave from Landacre Farm). There is a decent little inn here, and the trouting very good, and free. (Exford and River Exe is 3 m. over the hills from here.) A stream 4 m. long joins Barle here on left bank. 6 m. down Barle, Danes brook, 6 m. long, joins on right bank (this brook is preserved by the owner of the property, but leave is often

given). **Dulverton** is 3 m. down Barle. 2 m. on, Barle joins Exe at Exbridge, where the Tiverton Association rights begin. $\frac{1}{4}$ m. below Exe Bridge, Brushford brook, 4 m. long, joins on right bank; preserved. 4 m. down Exe, Belbrook joins on right bank (n.s. **Bampton**, 2 m.) Belbrook is some 7 m. long, and midway is joined on right bank by two short streams. The whole is in private hands. 1 m. down Exe, Bampton brook joins on left bank. Bampton rises above Raddington (n.s. **Venn Cross**, 2 m.), and 5 m. down is joined on right bank by a short stream rising 1 m. E. of **Morebath**. Bampton runs 2 m. to **Bampton**, and $\frac{1}{4}$ m. below joins Exe. This stream is free. There is a decent angling inn at the junction of Bampton with Exe. 6 m. down Exe a short stream joins on right bank, which rises by Culverleigh. **Tiverton** is 1 m. on. Here Loman joins on left bank. Loman is some 9 m. long, and receives a tributary 5 m. long at Uploman. 4 m. down Exe at **Bickleigh** (here the Tiverton fishing ends) there is a nice little inn—Bickleigh Bridge Inn. There are plenty of dace below the weir, but only trout and salmon above. The fishing hence down to **Thorverton** is preserved by the Up. Exe Fishing Association and the Landowners' Salmon Fishery Association. At **Bickleigh**, Dart river joins Exe on right bank. Dart is about 9 m. long, and rises above Coombe Mill, 6 m. W. of **Tiverton**. 2 m. down Exe, Butterleigh brook, 4 m. long, joins on left bank. Exe runs in $\frac{1}{4}$ m. to **Silverton**, **Thorverton** (here the Up. Exe Society ends) 1 m., **Stramford Speke** on right bank, and Stoke Cannon on left bank, 3 m. (Here begins the Lower Exe United Fishing Association, which runs to Cowley bridge.) 1 m. down Exe, Culm river joins on left bank. Culm rises 3 or 4 m. above **Hemyock**, where a stream of the same length joins on left bank. Culm runs $\frac{3}{4}$ m. to **Culmstock**, and 2 m. down Sheldon brook joins on left bank, 5 m. long. **Ufculm** is 1 m. down Culm, **Tiverton Junction** 2 m., and **Cullampton** 2 m. Here **Kentisbere** brook, 4 m. long, joins on left bank. 1 m. down Culm, Ashford brook joins on right bank. Ashford rises 1 m. W. of Sampford Peverell (n.s. **Tiverton Junction**, 3 m.), and 3 m. down is joined on right bank by a stream which rises by Halberton (n.s. **Tiverton Junction**, 2 m.) 1 m. down Ashford, and 1 m. from **Cullampton**, Enford water, 4 m. long, joins on right bank. 1 m. down, Ashford joins Culm. 2 m. down Culm, Langford brook, 3 m. long, joins on left bank. 1 m. down Culm is **Hele**, Stoke Cannon 5 m., and Exe 1 m. 2 m. down Exe is Cowley Bridge. (Here the Lower Exe fishing ends, and another association going to Exeter begins; salmon, pike, dace, and few trout. S.t., 5s.) Creedy joins on right bank. Creedy rises 3 or 4 m. above Woodfardisworthy (n.s. **Crediton**, N.D.R.), and 5 m. down is joined on left bank by Yeo brook, 5 m. long. 1 m. down Creedy at Sandford, Sandford brook, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. **Crediton** is $\frac{3}{4}$ m. down Creedy. Here Spreyton water joins Creedy on right bank. Spreyton rises by Spreyton (n.s. **Bow**, C.R., 2 m.), runs 6 m., when it is joined at Colbrook by two short streams on either bank. Spreyton runs in 3 m. to **Crediton**, where a short stream joins on right bank; and 1 m. down, Spreyton joins Creedy. Creedy runs 2 m. to **St. Cyres** (N.D.R.), where Shobrook brook, 4 m. long, joins on left bank. From hence to the junction of Creedy with Exe is 5 m. **Exeter** is 1 m. down Exe. There are plenty of dace, &c., close to the city.

The **EXETER SHIP CANAL** contains roach, dace, pike, perch, carp, tench, eels, and flounders. The best part is the low half beyond Countess Weir, beginning opposite the limekilns on the broadwater. Large carp and tench have been taken here. The roach are also fine. Between Topsham Lock and the nearest drawbridge is a very good spot; $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. farther is Turf Lock House, a very comfortable inn. C.s. Mar. 1 to June 15.

ALPHINGTON brook joins Exe Estuary on right bank at Alphington, 3 m. S. of Exeter. This brook rises by West Town, and in 3 m. is joined by Adder Water on left bank, which rises by Whitestone, and is 3 m. long. Alphington runs to Ide 1 m. and Alphington 1 m. *Tackleist*, W. Osborne, 251, High-street.

Exhall (Warwick).—L. & N.W.R. Sow. Breach brook. (See Gloucester.)

Exminster (Devon).—G.W.R. Towsington brook; few trout. This brook rises by Shillingford, and is 4 m. long.

Exmouth (Devon).—L. & S.W.R. Bass are caught here in summer by towing a dead sand-eel in a boat under sail. Flounders and eels, with soft crab bait, especially off Lymptone. Outside the bar, dabs may be taken with mussel bait. Pollack with sand or freshwater eel bait, off Straight Point, where pout, bream, and congers are also found. Mackerel fishing is much followed in spring, summer, and autumn under sail. (See *Ottery St. Mary*.) *Hotels*: Imperial (see Advertisement), Royal Beacon. *Tackleist*, Miss Ellis, 13, Danby-terrace.

Eye (Hereford).—L. & N.W.R.; G.W.R. Ridgmore brook. *Lakes*: Croft Castle (3 m.) (See *Chepstow*.)

Eye (Suffolk).—G.E.R. Eye brook. Waveney, 4 m. N. (See *Farmouth*.)

Eye Green (Cambs).—G.E.R. Muscal River. Fen drains. See *Wisbeach*.)

Eynesford (Kent).—S.R. (See *Dartford*.) On Darenth; trout, roach, perch, eels, &c.; fishing good; leave may be had occasionally from Sir W. Hart Dyke, of Lullingstone Park. Some fishing can be had at the Plough Hotel; fly only.

Eynsham (Oxford).—G.W.R. Thames; chub, perch, pike, &c. *Hotels*: Red Lion and Swan. (See *London, U.T.*)

Faot (Lanca).—L. & N.W.R.; G.N.R.; M.B. Dodd. (See *Runcorn*.)

Fairfield (Lanca).—G.N.R.; M.B. *Lakes*: Gorton reservoir. (See *Runcorn*.)

Fairford (Gloster).—G.W.R. On Colne; trout. D.t., 2s. 6d. Good fishing, beginning April 1st. Fly only. Fishing good. *Hotel*: Bull. *Tackleist*, S. Burge. (See *London, U.T., Cirencester, Abury*.)

- Fakenham** (Norfolk).—G.E.R. Wensum. (*c.s. N. and S.*) (*See Yarmouth.*)
- Falmouth** (Cornwall).—G.W.R. (*See St. Mawes, Penryn, Manaccan, and St. Keverne.*)
2 m. S.W. at Budock runs Budock water, 3 m. long. (*c.s. Fowey.*) *Hotels:* Royal, Green Bank.
- Fangloss** (York).—N.E.R. (*See Kexby, Sutton-on-Derwent.*) Foas beck. (*See Wressel.*)
- Fareham** (Hants).—L. & S.W.R. Meon; trout, roach. Meon rises in a mill pond at East Meon (n.s. Petersfield, P.D.R., 5 m.), runs to Droxford, 7 m.; Wickham, 4 m.; Titchfield, 4 m., and 2 m. on joins the sea. From its source to a mile below Wickham the stream is private. Hence to Titchfield (*Hotel, Bugle*) it is preserved by E. Goble, Esq., solicitor, Fareham; s.t., 7l. 7s. Local flies are March brown, hawthorn, and May fly. Close to the shore is Brownich Pond, preserved. A stream runs into Portsmouth Harbour here, which rises in Rudley Mill, and in 2½ m. is joined on left bank by the drainage of Creech Pond ½ m. up. 1 m. on is Southwick, where is a large lake at the Priory. 1 m. below a stream joins on right bank, draining a pond 1 m. up. Fareham is 3 m. on. This stream is small and private.
- Farington** (Lance).—L. & N.W.R.; L. & Y.R. Lostock. (*See Hesketh Bank.*)
- Farnborough** (Hants).—L. & S.W.R. Near here is a large pond, the source of Blackwater. 3½ m. off are the Fleet Ponds. Fishing good, but reserved for the men at Aldershot. *Hotel:* Queen's. (*See London, M.T.*)
- Farnham** (Surrey).—L. & S.W.R. Wey; trout. 4 m. S. on Frencham Common are the Great and Little Ponds; perch, eels. (*See London, L.T.*)
- Farningham** (Kent).—L.C. & D.R. On Darenth; trout. (*See Dartford.*) Fair trouting early in the season, which commences on April 1, by staying at the Lion Hotel, for 1½ m.; fly only. The owner of Franks also preserves a portion of the water.
- Farnsfield** (Notts).—M.E. Bainsworth brook. *Lakes:* Inkersall dam, 3 m. N.W. (*See Althorpe.*)
- Farnworth** (Lancs).—L. & N.W.R.; G.N.R. Irwell. Tange. *Lakes:* Black Leech pond, 2 m. S. Lynshaw dam, 3 m. S. (*See Runcorn.*)
- Fawley** (Hants).—1 m. off, on Fields Heath, are some small ponds, and one large one. 2 m. off runs the Dark Water. This stream rises in Flash Pond on Beaulieu Heath, runs 1 m. to another pond. Here joins on right bank the outflow from four ponds on the heath, ½ m. up. 1½ m. down the outflow of a pond joins on right bank, ½ m. up. 4 m. down is the sea.
- Fawley** (Hereford).—G.W.R. Wye; salmon, pike, chub, dace, trout. (*c.s.*) Sollers brook (1 m.). Wriggle brook (2 m.). Llanwarne brook (5 m.) (*c.s.*) (*See Chepstow.*)
- Felixstow** (Suffolk).—G.E.R. The King's Fleet, a good piece of water, is near here, about 2 m., belonging to Capt. E. G. Pretyma, M.P., but managed by A. T. Cobbold, Esq., Ipswich, who gives leave on payment of a small fee (devoted to charity). (*c.s. S. and E.*)
- Felmingham** (Norfolk).—G.E.R. Gunton beck. (*See Yarmouth.*)
- Felstead** (Essex).—G.E.R. On Chelmer; coarse fish. (*See Maldon.*)
- Feltham** (Middx.).—L. & S.W.R. A branch of Colne. Some fishing can be had, at per day, from one Dawes. (*See London, L.T.*)
- Felton** (Northland.).—On Coquet; trout. *Inn:* Northumberland Arms, comfortable. Fishing preserved by Northumberland Anglers' Federation. Leave to fish the water at Weldon Bridge can be had for a small sum; bull trout in spring and autumn. Nearest station, *Acklington*. *Tacklest.* W. Dobson, West Thurston. (*See Warkworth.*) (*c.s.*)
- Fenniscawles** (Lancs.).—L. & N.W.R.; L. & Y.R. Dorwen. Roddiesworth. (*See Preston.*)
- Fenns Bank** (Salop).—L. & N.W.R. Worthenbury brook, 6 m. N.W. Haighton brook, 6 m. N.W. *Lakes:* Haighton Mill ponds, 6 m. N.W. (*See Chester.*)
- Fenny Compton** (Warwick).—G.W.R. Ham brook (2½ m. N.), Itchen (3 m. N.). *Lakes:* Stoneton House Lake (2½ m. N.E.) (*See London, M.T., and Gloucester, L.S.*)
- Fenny Stratford** (Bucks).—L. & N.W.R. Ousel. (*See King's Lynn.*)
- Fenton** (Stafford).—L. & N.W.R. Trent. (*c.s.*) *Lakes:* Pond by railway, 1 m. E. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Ferry** (Lincoln).—G.N.R. Nen. Fen drains. (*See Wisbeach.*)
- Filleigh** (Devon).—G.W.R. Bray; trout; preserved mostly by Sir T. Acland and Lord Poltimore; elsewhere free, except at Castle Hill Park, Lord Fortescue.
- Fily** (York).—N.E.R. Helford, 3 m. W.; coarse fish. (*See Wressel.*)
- Filton** (Glo'ster).—G.W.R. Frome, 3 m.; coarse fish. Bradley brook, 3 m.; trout, coarse fish; leave from the landowners. (*See Bristol and Lea Mills.*)
- Finedorn** (Northton.).—M.R. Ise. *Lake:* Findorn Hall, 2 m. S.E. (*See Wisbeach.*)
- Finfall** (York).—N.E.R. Bedale, 2 m. N. (*See York.*)
- Finningley** (Notts).—G.N.R. Torne, 2 m. N.E. at Auckley. (*See Althorpe.*)
- Fishponds** (Glo'ster).—M.E. Frome. *Lakes:* Stoke Park. Frenchay pond on Frenchay Common; tench; leave from W. Perry, Esq., Hambrook. Duchess pond; carp, perch, roach, dace; leave on application to Duke of Beaufort or Admiral Close, Stoke Park. Bitterwell pond, 3m.; carp; Coal Pit Heath Co.; leave from Mr. G. C. Hewitt, Serridge House, Coalpit Heath, near Bristol. (*See Bristol.*)
- Fiskerton** (Notts).—M.R. Trent; pike, chub, roach, dace, perch, barbel; preserved below Greet mouth by a club; s.t. 10s.; Sir H. Bromley preserves the opposite side, and is liberal in giving permission. (*c.s.*) Greet. *Hotel:* Bromley Arms, where tickets can be had. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Five Mile House** or Fiskerton (Lincoln).—G.N.R. Witham. Langworth, 2 m. E. (*See Boston.*)

- Flamborough** (York).—N.E.B. *Hotel*: Ship. Lodgings can be had. From June to Sept. there is good fly fishing from off the rocks. Billet, pollack, coalfish, are plentiful.
- Flax Bourton** (Somerset).—G.W.R. (*See Clevedon*.)
- Flixton** (Lancs.).—C. Lines R. Mersey. (*See Runcorn*.)
- Florden** (Norfolk).—G.E.R. Lese; good fishing. (*See Yarmouth*.)
- Foleshill** (Warwick).—L. & N.W.R. Sow. Marches brook. (*See Gloucester*.)
- Ford** (Hereford).—L. & N.W.R.; G.W.B. Lug; trout, grayling, pike, perch, dace; Mr. Arkwright, of Hampton Court, preserves 5 m. from Ford to Bodenham; preserved above Ford by the Leominster Club (*see Leominster*). (c.s. Wye.) Humber brook (3 m.). Marston brook (4 m.). *Lakes*: Hampton Park (2 m.). (*See Chesham*.)
- Ford** (Sussex).—L.B. & S.C.R. Arun. (*See Little Hampton*.)
- Ford Green** (Stafford).—L. & N.W.R. Foxley brook. Trent, 1 m. E. (c.s.) (*See Gainsborough*.)
- Fordham** (Cambs.).—G.E.R. Kent (3 m. E.). (*See King's Lynn*.)
- Fordingbridge** (Hants).—S. & D.R. On the Avon; trout, grayling, perch, &c. *Hotel*: Greyhound. Mr. Coventry's fishing is now let; elsewhere preserved by Marchioness of Anglesea. (*See Christchurch*.)
- Forge Valley** (York).—N.E.B. Derwent; trout, grayling, coarse fish below; preserved by Derwent Angling Club. (*See Haslemere, Wrexham*.)
- Fornett** (Norfolk).—G.E.R. Lese. (*See Yarmouth*.)
- Forrabury** (Cornwall).—Valency, 4 m. long, and Tredawl Water (2 m. off) 3 m. long; trout, peal. *Hotel*: Wellington; tickets at hotel. Sea fishing very good in calm weather; mackerel, pollack, flat fish.
- Foulridge** (Lancs.).—L. & Y.R. *Lakes*: 3 reservoirs. (*See Preston*.)
- Four Ashes** (Stafford).—L. & N.W.R. Saredon brook. Penk, 1 m. W. (*See Gainsborough*.)
- Fowey** (Cornwall).—G.W.R. Fowey river; trout, sea trout, salmon; preserved by B. Fortescue, Esq., and Lord Robartes, who give leave; free below; autumn is the best time. (c.s.) Fowey rises 5 m. N. E. of Temple (n.s. *Bodmin*, 7 m.), runs 15 m. to Doublebois, where it is joined on right bank by St. Neot river (n.s. *Liskeard*, 5 m.). St. Neot rises on Bodmin Moor, 4 m. from Temple, and 1 m. down is joined on left bank by the outflow of Desmare pool $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. up. St. Neot runs 6 m. to St. Neot (n.s. *Liskeard*, 6 m.), and Fowey, 3 m. Fowey runs 3 m., and is joined on right bank by Temple brook. Temple rises by Temple runs 5 m. to Warleggon (n.s. *Bodmin Road*, 6 m.), and Fowey, 5 m. Fowey runs 4 m. to *Bodmin Road* station, where Milton brook, 7 m. long, joins on right bank. Fowey runs 4 m. to *Lostwithiel*, and 1 m. down is joined on right bank by Red brook, which rises in some ponds on Red Moor and Creek, and is 4 m. long. 4 m. down Fowey on left bank is the Leign, which rises 2 m. above Boconnock (n.s. *Lostwithiel*, 3 m.), and is 7 m. long, holding trout. 1 m. down Fowey on left bank is Penpele Creek, into which runs Trebant water, which rises 2 m. E. of Boconnock, and is 7 m. long, holding trout, fishing free. Fowey runs to Fowey, and the sea in 2 m. Into the left side of the harbour opposite the town flows Pont brook, 4 m. long, holding trout, fishing free. There is capital sea fishing of all kinds. *Hotels*: Fowey, St. Catharine's.
- Framlingham** (Suffolk).—G.E.R. Ore. Deben, 4 m. S.W. *Lake*: Framlingham pond. (*See Orford; Woodbridge*.)
- French Drove** (Cambs.).—G.E.R. Muscal river. Fen drains. (*See Wisbeach*.)
- Freshford** (Somerset).—G.W.R. (*See Bristol*.) Avon; roach, perch, trout, &c. Preserved by the Avon and Tributaries Angling Association (hon. sec., J. Justice, Esq., Carlton Chambers, Baldwin-street, Bristol), s.t. 2l.; obtainable at the New Inn. (c.s.) Frome; roach, trout; reserved.
- Frisby** (Leicester).—M.R. Wreak; roach, bream. (c.s. Trent.) (*See Gainsborough*.)
- Frodingham**.—G.C.R. Bottesford beck; roach, dace.
- Frodsham** (Cheshire).—L. & N.W.R. and G.W.R. Weaver. Weaver rises in Moss mere in Cholmondeley Park, 3 m. N.E. of *Malpas*, runs thence to Capel mere, also in the park, and 3 m. down is joined on right bank by the drainage of Cholmondeley mere $\frac{1}{2}$ m. up, 4 m. N.W. of *Wrenbury*. 3 m. down at *Wrenbury*, Marbury brook joins on right bank. Marbury rises in Bret's mere, 4 m. W. of *Malpas*, runs 1 m. to Bickley Mill pond, and just below waters Bar mere, 3 m. S.E. of *Malpas*. 1 m. down, Marbury joins the Ellesmere and Chester canal. 2 m. down, Oss brook joins on right bank, which rises in Oss mere, 2 m. N.E. of *Whitechurch*, and 1 m. down is joined on left bank by the outflow of Marbury mere and Marbury Mill pond, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. up, 3 m. N.E. of *Whitechurch*. 2 m. down is Marbury, which runs 1 m. to Weaver. Weaver runs to *Wrenbury* 1 m., and 3 m. down is joined on right bank by Salesbrook, which rises in Combermere mere at Combermere Abbey, 2 m. S. from *Wrenbury*, and is 2 m. long. Weaver runs 3 m. to *Audlem*. Here Adderley brook joins on right bank. Adderley rises in New pool at Shavington, 1 m. S.W. of *Adderley*, and 1 m. down is joined on right bank by the outflow of Adderley Hall lake, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. up, and close to *Adderley* station. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down Adderley is the outflow of another pond in the park, and 2 m. down, a stream, 1 m. long, joins on right bank, draining "the mere" close by the railway station to the N. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down, Adderley joins Weaver. 4 m. below *Audlem* Birch Hall brook, which rises in Woodfall pool, 2 m. N.E. of *Audlem*, and is 2 m. long, joins on right bank. 1 m. down Weaver, Artle brook joins on right bank. Artle rises in two lakes in Madeley Manor Park, 1 m. W. of *Keel*, and 1 m. down waters Bowsey Mill pond, 1 m.

N. of **Madeley**. 1 m. down Artle, Madeley brook, which rises in Madeley Mill pond by **Madeley**, and is 2 m. long, joins on left bank. Close to the junction is **Winehill** Mill pond, 2 m. N.W. of **Madeley**. Artle runs 2 m. to Howbeck bridge, 2 m. S.E. of **Wentwich**, and here joins Howbeck, which drains the lakes in **Doddington Park**, 2 m. up, 4 m. S.E. of **Wentwich** or 3 m. S.W. of **Basford**. Weaver runs 2 m. to **Shrew** bridge, where **Baddiley** brook, which rises in **Baddiley mere**, 2 m. N. of **Wrenbury**, and is 4 m. long, joins on left bank. Weaver runs to **Wentwich**, 1 m., and 2 m. down is joined on right bank by **Cheer** brook, 3 m. long, 1 m. E. of **Wentwich**. Weaver runs to **Worleston**, 2 m., and here **Pool** brook joins on left bank and **Wistaston** brook on right bank. **Pool** brook rises in a lake by **Hurleston**, 3 m. N.W. of **Wentwich**, and is 5 m. long. **Wistaston** rises in **Betley mere**, 3 m. N.W. of **Madeley**, runs to **Little mere** close by, and 1 m. down is joined on right bank by the outflow of **Betley Hall lake**, 3 m. S.E. of **Basford**. **Wistaston** runs 1 m. to **Basford**, **Wistaston Old Hall**, 1 m. S.W. of **Crewe**, 3 m., and 1 m. down is joined on left bank by **Swill brook**, which rises W. of **Basford**, and is 5 m. long. 1 m. down **Wistaston**, **Inglesway** brook joins on right bank. **Inglesway** rises in **Balterley mere**, 1 m. E. of **Basford**, runs 2 m. to **Monneley mere**, 1 m. to **Crewe House lakes**, **Crewe** 1 m., and joins **Wistaston** 2 m. down. **Wistaston** joins **Weaver** 1 m. down. Weaver runs to **Church Minshull**, 2 m. S.W. of **Minshull Vernon** station (1 m. off on E. bank), 4 m., and is here joined on left bank by **Ash** brook. **Ash** rises in **Oak mere** in **Delamere Forest**, 2 m. S.E. of **Delamere** station, and 4 m. down is joined on right bank by **Oulton brook**, which rises in **Fish pool** in **Delamere Forest**, 2 m. S. of **Delamere**, runs $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. to **Oulton Mill**, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. to **Oulton Hall lake**, 4 m. N.E. of **Beeston**, and 2 m. down joins **Ash**. At the junction a stream joins on left bank, working a large mill and pond 1 m. up at **Little Budsworth**, 5 m. W. of **Winsford**. 2 m. down **Ash**, **Wettenhall brook**, which rises in **Tilston Hall lake**, 1 m. N.E. of **Beeston**, and is 5 m. long, joins on right bank. **Ash** joins **Weaver** 2 m. down. 2 m. down, **Weaver** waters a lake at **Stocks Hill**, 1 m. S. of **Winsford** and 3 m. W. of **Middlewich**, runs to **Winsford**, 1 m., and 2 m. below is joined on left bank by **Whitgate brook**, which rises in some ponds on **Newchurch Common**, 2 m. S. of **Cuddington**, runs 2 m. to **Pettypool** in **New Park**, 2 m. S.E. of **Cuddington**, and joins **Weaver** 2 m. down. Weaver runs 4 m. to **Northwich**. Here **Dane** joins on right bank. **Dane** rises on the west slope of **Axe Edge**, 4 m. S.W. of **Buxton**, and 5 m. down is joined on right bank by **Folly brook**, 4 m. long, 5 m. N.E. of **Bosley**. **Dane** runs 3 m., when it receives the outflow of **Bosley** reservoir by **Bosley**. **Dane** runs in 1 m., 1 m. N. of **Rushton**, 2 m. to **Bosley**, and 2 m. down at **Colley Mill** is joined on right bank by **Cow brook**, which rises in **Great Oak** reservoir, 2 m. N. of **Rode** or 3 m. S. of **Macclesfield**, runs 2 m. to **Rode** reservoir by **Rode**, and joins **Dane** 1 m. down. **Dane** runs 3 m. to **Congleton**, and here **Biddulph brook**, 5 m. long, joins on left bank. 4 m. down **Dane**, **Dairy brook** joins on left bank, which runs 1 m. W. of **Congleton**, where it waters a mill pond, and joins **Dane** 2 m. below. **Dane** runs 2 m. to within 3 m. E. of **Holmes Chapel**, when two streams join on either bank; the left waters **Bag mere**, 4 m. W. of **Congleton** or 3 m. S.E. of **Holmes Chapel**, and the other **Midge brook**, on right bank, rises by **Marton**, 3 m. N. of **Congleton**, and is 5 m. long. **Dane** runs 2 m. to **Holmes Chapel**, and **Middlewich**, 5 m. Here **Wheelock** joins on left bank. **Wheelock** rises in **Moreton Hall lake**, 2 m. S.W. of **Congleton**, running to **Sandbach**, 5 m. 1 m. below, at **Wheelock**, **Betchton brook**, 6 m. long, and **Hassall brook** join on left bank. **Hassall** rises in **Alsager** pond by **Alsager**, and 2 m. down is joined on right bank by **Lawton brook**, which rises in **Lawton Hall lake**, 2 m. E. of **Alsager**, and 1 m. below is joined by the outflow of **Lawton mere** and **Rode Hall lake**, the one on the right bank and the other on the left bank. 2 m. down, **Lawton** joins **Hassall**, which joins **Wheelock** 2 m. down. **Wheelock** runs 2 m., when **Foul brook**, which rises in **Winterley Mill pond**, 2 m. N.E. of **Crewe** or $2\frac{1}{2}$ m. S. of **Sandbach**, and is 4 m. long, joins on left bank. **Wheelock** runs to **Forge Mill**, 1 m. E. of **Minshull Vernon**, and **Middlewich**, 4 m. Here **Croco** joins **Wheelock** on right bank. **Croco** rises 6 m. above **Holmes Chapel**, and joins **Wheelock** 4 m. below. At the junction **Sanderson's brook**, 6 m. long, joins **Croco** on left bank. **Dane** runs to **Northwich** and **Weaver**, 6 m. Here at the salt works, **Noroot brook**, **Budworth brook**, and **Kincham brook** join on right bank. **Noroot** is 7 m. long, watering the lake at **Cogshall**, 2 m. up. **Budworth** rises in **Pickmere mere**, 2 m. N.E. of **Northwich**, runs 1 m. to **Budworth mere**, 2 m. N. of **Northwich**, and joins **Weaver** 1 m. down. **Kincham** rises in the lake at **Toft Hall**, 3 m. E. of **Plumley**, and 2 m. down is joined on right bank by the outflow of **Nether Tabley lake**, 1 m. N. of **Plumley**. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down, **Waterless brook** joins on right bank. **Waterless** rises above **Arley**, 5 m. N.E. of **Northwich**, and here **Birch brook**, 4 m. long, joins on right bank. This brook waters the long lake in **Arley Hall Park**, close to the junction with **Waterless**. **Waterless** runs 4 m. to **Kincham**. 1 m. down **Kincham**, **Peover brook** joins on right bank. **Peover** rises in a mill pond by **Gawsworth**, 3 m. S.W. of **Macclesfield**, and 1 m. down, at **Siddington**, is joined on right bank by the drainage of the lakes at **Thornycroft Hall**, 3 m. S.W. of **Macclesfield**. 1 m. down **Peover** is the draining of a small mere on the right bank, 3 m. S.E. of **Chelford**. 2 m. down **Peover**, a brook, 1 m. long, joins, which drains **Reeds mere** and **Capesthorpe Hall lake**, 4 m. W. of **Macclesfield** or 2 m. S.E. of **Chelford**. **Peover** runs 1 m. to **Chelford** and **Astle Hall lake**, and here **Bug brook** joins on right bank. **Bug** rises in **Henbury Hall lake**, 3 m. W. of **Macclesfield**, and 1 m. down receives the drainage of the lake at **Old**

Hall, 3 m. W. of **Macclesfield**. Bug runs to **Chalford** in 3 m. Peover runs 6 m. to Nether Peover, and here a brook, 2 m. long, joins on right bank, draining the lake at Over Peover Hall, 3 m. S.W. of **Chalford**. Peover runs 2 m. to **Plumley** and **Kincham** 1 m. 1 m. down **Kincham**, at **Lostock Chapel**, Crow brook, which rises above **Goostrey**, 3 m. N.E. of **Holmes Chapel**, and is 10 m. long, joins on left bank. **Kincham** runs 2 m. to **Northwich**. Weaver runs 5 m. to Acton Bridge by **Acton**, 2 m. to Dutton railway bridge, and here Bent brook joins on left bank. Bent rises in **Flax mere**, and another lake, 1 m. W. of **Delamere** station, and 4 m. down, is joined on right bank by **Cuddington** brook, which rises in some mill ponds at **Cuddington**, and is 8 m. long. Weaver runs 4 m. to **Frodsham**.

Froghall (Stafford).—L. & N.W.R. and G.N.R. Churnet; trout, grayling, coarse fish; fishing spoilt by Leek drainage. (c.s. *Trent*.) Lakes: Dark Mill, 1 m. N. **Consall Hall** lake, 3 m. N.W. **Ipstone** lake, 3 m. N. (See *Gainsborough*.)

Frocester (Gloucester).—M.R. Slimbridge brook. (See *Dursley*.)

Frome (Somerset).—G.W.R. (See *Bristol*.) On Frome; fair trouting, leave not to be had. (c.s. *Avon*.) Lakes at Berkley House, Orchardleigh; pike, tench, perch; preserved by W. Duckworth, Esq.; leave difficult. **Murston Park** lake; perch, carp, roach; Lord Cork; leave from the steward.

Fulbourn (Cambs).—G.E.R. **Bottesham** Load; perch, roach, &c. (See *King's Lynn*.)

Fulbridge (Essex), n.s. **Maldon**.—Langford water; preserved by a society; sec., F. Keen, 36, Spital-road, Maldon; s.t. 5s. Hotel: White Lion.

Fullerton Bridge (Hants).—L. & S.W.R. On Test; trout; preserved by the owners of **Wherwell Priory**. (See *Southampton*.)

Fulwood (Lancs.).—L. & N.W.R.; Lanc. & York R. Ribble. Tun brook. Mellor brook, 3 m. E. (See *Preston*.)

Fyling Hall (York).—N.E.R. Jugger Howe beck; trout; free. (See *Wressell*.)

Gainsborough (Lincoln).—G.N.R. Trent; pike, perch, roach, chub. (c.s.) Trent rises in a reservoir by the railway, 1 m. N. from **Black Bull** station, runs 1 m. to a large reservoir 1 m. E. from **Black Bull**. 4 m. down, at **Milton**, Foxley brook joins on right bank. Foxley rises 1 m. above **Black Bull**, runs 3 m. to **Ford Green**, and Trent and **Milton**, 1 m. Trent runs to **Bucknall**, 2 m., where a short stream, running out of a large mill head, 1 m. up, joins on left bank, and **Stoke**, 2 m. Here Fowler brook joins on right bank. Fowler rises in Bath pool, 7 m. above **Tunstall**, runs thence to **Burslem**, 1 m., **Hanley**, 2 m., and **Stoke**, 2 m. 1 m. down Trent, at **Penton**, is the drainings on left bank of a large pond by the railway, 1 m. up. Trent runs 2 m. to **Hanford**, 2 m. N.W. from **Trentham**, and here **Lyme** joins on right bank. **Lyme** rises in a couple of ponds on the racecourse, 2 m. N.W. from **Newcastle**, and runs through that place and joins Trent 3 m. down. Trent runs 1 m. to **Trentham Park**, **Trentham** station being 1 m. off on left bank; here **Northwood** brook joins on right bank. **Northwood** rises in **Keel Hall Park** lakes, 2 m. S.W. from **Newcastle**, and 3 m. down waters a lake in **Trentham Park**; just below this lake a stream joins the outflow on the right bank, draining some ponds at **Hanchurch farm**, 1 m. up. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down, **Northwood** joins Trent. Just here **Longton** brook joins Trent on left bank. **Longton** rises in **Park Hall** lake, 1 m. above **Longton**, and 2 m. down is joined on left bank by a brook 2 m. long, working several mills. **Longton** runs to **Trentham** station, 2 m., and Trent, 1 m. Trent now waters the large lake, 1 m. long, in **Trentham Park**. 1 m. down Trent, **Barlaston** being 1 m. off on left bank, a brook joins on left bank draining **Barlaston Park** lakes, 1 m. up. Trent runs to **Stone**, 4 m. Here **Filly** brook, 4 m. long, joins on right bank, and **Moddershall** brook, which rises in **Moddershall** Mill ponds, 2 m. S.E. from **Stone**, and is 3 m. long, working some mills, joins on right bank. Trent runs 7 m. to **Weston**, and here **Gayton** brook, 4 m. long, joins on left bank. 5 m. down, at **Great Haywood**, 1 m. N.W. from **Colwich** (fishing very good; roach, pike, chub, trout; preserved below by Mr. L. Morgan), Sow joins Trent on right bank. Sow rises 6 m. above **Wooleshall**, n.s. **Norton Bridge**, 3 m. (trout), and is here joined by **Offley** brook on right bank. **Offley** rises in **Blore Park**, runs thence to the lake at **Oatland**, and 1 m. below waters **Cop Mere**, running thence to **Wooleshall**, 2 m. 4 m. down, **Meese** brook joins on left bank. **Meese** rises in the lake in **Whitmore** park by **Whitmore**, runs 3 m. to **Hatton** Mill pond, $\frac{1}{4}$ m. N. from **Standon**, runs to **Standon** 2 m., and 1 m. down is joined on right bank by **Bromley** brook, 3 m. long, which rises in the two large mill ponds at **Bromley** and in **Podmore** pool, 3 m. W. from **Standon**. **Meese** runs 2 m., when a stream joins on left bank, draining the lakes at **Meese House**, 2 m. S.W. from **Standon**, on the banks of **Meese**, and also the lakes at **Swinerton** park, 3 m. W. from **Stone**. **Meese** runs 3 m. to **Norton Bridge**, and 1 m. down joins **Sow**. Sow runs 1 m. to **Great Bridgeford**, and 3 m. down is joined on right bank by **Clanford** brook, 6 m. long. Sow runs to **Stafford**, 1 m. 1 m. down Sow, **Penk** joins on right bank. **Penk** rises in **The Pool** in **Chillington Park**, 2 m. N.W. from **Codsall**, runs in 2 m., 1 m. N. from that place, and 4 m. down is joined on right bank by a brook, 3 m. long, rising in the large **Moseley** mill pond, 1 m. N.E. from **Bushbury**. 1 m. down **Penk**, **Four Ashes** being 1 m. off on right bank, **Saredon** brook joins on right bank. **Saredon** rises in **Upper Brindley** pool, $\frac{1}{4}$ m. N. from **Hednesford**, runs thence to **Lower Brindley** pool, and thence to **Furnace** pool, and $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down waters **Hednesford** pool. **Saredon** runs 2 m. to **Cannock**, and 2 m. down is joined on right bank by the outflow of the lake in **Hatherton Hall**, 1 m. W. of

Cannock. Saredon runs 4 m. to **Four Ashes** and Penk, 1 m. Penk runs to **Brewood** (n.s. **Four Ashes**, 2 m.), 1 m., and **Penkridge**, 5 m. Here Whiston brook joins on left bank. Whiston rises 3 m. above Wheaton Aston, and 4 m. down is joined on left bank by Eaton water, which rises by **Gnosall**, and is 7 m. long. 2 m. down, Whiston reaches **Penkridge**. Here also Galey brook, which rises in the reservoir 1 m. E. of **Galey**, and is 4 m. long, joins on right bank. Pillaton brook here joins Penk on right bank. Pillaton rises in Pottal reservoir 3 m. N. from **Cannock** or 3 m. W. from **Penkridge**, and 1 m. down receives on left bank the outflow of Pottal pools ½ m. up. Pillaton runs to Pillaton 2 m., where the outflow of 3 ponds in **Manstey Wood** joins on left bank, 2 m. from **Penkridge**. 2 m. down, Pillaton joins Penk. 1 m. down Penk, a stream, 2 m. long, joins on right bank, rising in a pond by **Bangley**, and working two mills. ½ m. down Penk, the outflow, 1 m. long, of the **Keepers' pools** and **Park pool** in **Teddesley Park** (2 m. N.E. from **Penkridge**) joins on right bank. Penk runs to Sow, 6 m. **Kingston brook** joins Sow on left bank just below. **Kingston** rises in **Ingestre Park** pool 2 m. S.W. from **Ingestre** or **Weston-on-Trent** waters 3 other pools just below, and runs 2 m. to **Kingston pool**, 1 m. E. of **Stafford**, just on the banks of Sow. 1 m. down Sow on left bank is the outflow of 4 ponds lying close on the banks. 3 m. down Sow on left bank is the outflow of **Tixall Park pool**, 2 m. up, 4 m. E. of **Stafford**. ½ m. down, **Sherbrook brook**, which rises in the upper, middle, and lower **Sherbrook pools**, 3½ m. W. of **Eugeley**, and is 4 m. long, joins on right bank. Sow runs to **Trent** 1 m. **Trent runs to Colwich** 2 m., where the outflow of 3 ponds in **Oakedge Park**, ½ m. up, joins on right bank. **Trent runs to Eugeley**, 4 m. Here **Colton brook**, 6 m. long, joins on left bank, and **Rising brook**, which rises in **Balands pool**, 2 m. N.E. from **Hednesford**, runs 1 m. to **New Coppice pool**, 2 m. S.W. from **Eugeley**, joins **Trent** 2 m. below on right bank. **Trent runs to Armitage**, 3 m., and here **How brook** runs in, which rises in the lake at **Beaudesert**, 4 m. S.W. from **Armitage**, and joins **Trent** 4 m. down. 2 m. down **Trent**, **Blythe** joins on left bank. **Blythe** rises 3 m. above **Blithe**, runs 2 m. to **Creswell**, **Leigh**, 4 m. and 2 m. below, is joined on right bank by a stream which drains the lake in **Birchwood Park**, 2 m. S.W. across country from **Leigh**. **Blythe** runs 4 m. to **Grindley**, and 5 m. down, **Abbotts Bromley** (n.s. **Eugeley**, 4 m.) being 1 m. off on left bank, **Tad brook**, 5 m. long, joins on left bank. 3 m. down **Blythe**, **Bromley brook**, which rises in the lakes in **Bagots Park**, runs 2 m. to **Abbotts Bromley**, and **Blythe**, 3 m., joins on left bank. 1 m. down **Blythe**, at **Hamstall Ridware**, 3 m. N.E. from **Armitage**, **Part brook**, 7 m. long, joins on left bank. 1 m. down, **Blythe** joins **Trent**. 3 m. down **Trent**, at **Orgreave**, **Bourne brook** joins on right bank. **Bourne**, under the name of **Bilston brook**, rises in **Coney mill pond**, 3 m. N.W. from **Hammerwich**, and 5 m. down is joined on right bank by **Ashmore brook**, 3 m. long, and which runs 2 m. N.W. from **Lichfield**. 1 m. below, at **Seedy mill**, 2 m. S.E. from **Armitage**, **Ben brook**, 2 m. long, joins on left bank. **Bourne** runs to **Trent** in 4 m. 1 m. down **Trent**, 2 m. N.W. from **Alrewas**, **Swarbourne brook** joins on left bank. **Swarbourne** rises in a lake by **Newborough**, 4 m. N.E. from **Abbotts Bromley**, and 4 m. down is joined on left bank by **Lin brook**, which rises in the lake in the deer park at **Byrkley Lodge**, 5 m. west from **Burton**, and is 3 m. long. 1 m. down **Swarbourne**, the drainage of **Luce pool**, 1 m. up, and 4 m. N.W. from **Walton**, joins on right bank. 3 m. down, **Swarbourne** joins **Trent**, which runs to **Alrewas**, 1 m. Here **Alrewas brook**, which rises in some mill ponds by **Lichfield**, and is 7 m. long, joins on right bank. **Trent** runs 2 m. to **Wichnor**, and here **Tame** joins on right bank. **Tame** rises in **Titford reservoir** at **Langley Green**, and 2 m. down waters the pond at **Oldbury**. **Tame** runs 4 m. to **Wednesbury**, and 1 m. down receives on right bank the outflow of the pond by the foundry. 1 m. up. 1 m. down **Tame** at **Bescott Junction** is a lake on the left bank, and here **Sneyd brook** and **Ford brook** join on left bank. **Sneyd** rises in **Sneyd pool** 1 m. N.W. of **Bloxwich**, runs, in 3 m., 1 m. W. of **Walsall**, and joins **Tame** 3 m. down. **Ford brook** rises above **Pelsall**, runs to **Walsall** 3 m., and **Tame** 2 m. **Tame** runs 3 m. to **Newton Road**, and here the outflow of the pond at **Bed House Hall**, 1 m. up, joins on left bank; there is also a considerable lake (**Forge pond**) on the right bank. **Tame** runs to **Perry Barr** 4 m., and here a stream joins on left bank which rises in the lakes at **Barr Park**, 2 m. E. of **Newton Road**. **Tame** runs to **Aston**, near **Birmingham**, 2 m., where the outflow of the lake in **Aston Park** joins on the right bank. Here also joins on left bank the brook which rises in **Lodge pool** 3 m. N. from **Perry Barr** station, runs 1 m. to **Upper Witton pool**, 2 m. N. from **Aston**, and thence in 1 m. to **Lower Witton pool**, 1 m. N. from **Aston**. 1 m. down **Tame**, **Rea** joins on right bank. **Rea** rises above **Lifford**, where it waters two mill dams, and 3 m. down is joined on left bank by **Bourne brook**, which rises in a pond by **Frankley**, 3 m. S.E. from **Halesowen**, and 3 m. down waters the large mill pond at **Harborne mill**, 2 m. N. from **Lifford**. 2 m. down, **Bourne** joins **Rea**. 2 m. down, **Rea** waters the lake at **Cannon Hill**, and the reservoir at **Edgbaston** on the outskirts of **Birmingham**, and running through that town joins **Tame** at **Aston**. Before doing so, however, it is joined by the outflow of **Thimble mill pond**, **Smethwick reservoir**, **Rotten Park reservoir**, and some other ponds, all lying on the W. side of **Birmingham**. **Tame** runs 3 m. to **Castle Bromwich**, and here **East brook** joins on left bank. **East brook** rises in **Bracebridge pool** 2 m. N.W. from **Sutton Coldfield**, runs 1 m. to **Blackroot pool** and 1 m. to **Sutton Coldfield**. Here the outflow of **Long Moor mill pond**, **Powell's pool**, and **Windley pool**, all

within a mile of the town, joins on right bank. East brook runs to Plantsbrook forge, where it waters a lake, and 1 m. below reaches **Castle Bromwich**. Tame runs 6 m. to **Whitacre** junction, and here Blythe joins on right bank. Blythe rises in Earlswood reservoir 6 m. W. from **Knowle** station, or 6 m. S.W. of **Solihull**, runs 5 m. to **Solihull**, 3 m. to **Knowle** (1 m. off on right bank), **Hampton** 6 m., and 2 m. down it receives the outfall of the lakes in Packington Park on right bank. 1 m. down Blythe on left bank is the outflow of Coleshill pool 1 m. up (2 m. S. of **Coleshill**), and **Coleshill** is 3 m. down Blythe. 1 m. below, Cole joins on left bank. Cole rises some 2 m. E. of **Lilford**, and at Titterford mill pond, 4 m. W. of **Solihull**, is joined on right bank by Inkford brook 5 m. long. Cole runs 6 m. to **Stichford**, and 4 m. down, 2 m. S.W. of **Coleshill**, is joined on right bank by Ulverley brook, which rises in Kineton reservoir, 2 m. N.W. of **Solihull**, runs 3 m. to **Marston Green**, and Cole 2 m., receiving just above the junction the outflow of the ponds in Chelmsley Wood, 2 m. S.W. from **Coleshill**. Cole runs to **Coleshill**, 2 m., and 1 m. down joins Blythe, which joins Tame 1 m. on at **Whitacre Junction**. Here Arley brook, which rises above **Arley**, runs 2 m. to **Shustoke**, and **Whitacre** 1 m., joins Tame on right bank. Tame runs 3 m. to **Kingsbury**, and 3 m. down is joined on left bank by Langley brook, which, rising in the ponds at Langley Hall and mill, 2 m. E. of **Sutton Coldfield**, runs 3 m. to Middleton Hall and lake, and 1 m. down joins Tame. 1 m. down Tame, Gallows brook, which rises in a pond by Canwell Hall, 4 m. N.E. of **Sutton Coldfield**, and is 3 m. long, joins on left bank. Tame runs 2 m. to **Wilnescott**, where Bourne brook joins on left bank. Bourne rises in Bourne pool, 4 m. N.W. of **S. Coldfield**, runs 4 m. to Shenstone, where Crane brook, which rises in Biddulphs pool, 2 m. E. of **Cannock**, runs 1 m. to the large reservoir, 1 m. N. of **Brownhills**, and 5 m. down joins Bourne, which runs to Weeford, 3 m., and 3 m. below waters the lakes at Drayton Manor, 1 m. below which it joins Tame, which runs 2 m. to **Tamworth**, and here Anker joins on right bank. Anker rises by Wolvey, 5 m. above **Muneston**, and here Griff brook joins on left bank. Griff rises by **Bedworth**, and 3 m. down is joined on left bank by a brook 2 m. long, which rises in Seda Wood pool, and other ponds in Arbury park, 1 m. S. of **Stockinford**, Griff runs 2 m. to **Muneston**. Anker runs 6 m. to **Atherstone**, and 1 m. down is joined on right bank by Sence. Sence rises above **Egglescott**, and 2 m. below, at **Heather** is joined on right bank by Blower's brook, 3 m. long. Sence runs 3 m. to **Shakerstone**, and 2 m. down is joined on left bank by Bosworth brook, which runs 1 m. N. of **Market Bosworth**, and is 4 m. long. 5 m. down Sence, Tweed joins on left bank. Tweed rises above **Shenton**, where the outflow from the duckery in Bosworth Park, 2 m. up, joins on right bank. Tweed joins Sence 5 m. down. Sence joins Anker 1 m. below. Anker runs to **Polesworth** 5 m., **Tamworth** and Tame, 6 m. 7 m. down Tame Freeford brook, which rises in the lakes at Swinfin and Freeford Halls, 2 m. S.E. of **Lichfield**, and is 4 m. long, joins on left bank. 4 m. down, Tame joins Trent. Here also Mease joins on right bank. Mease rises by **Ashby-de-la-Zouch**, runs 6 m. to **Snarston**, **Measham** 2 m., and 1 m. below is joined on right bank by a brook 3 m. long draining the large lake in Willealey Park, 1 m. S.W. from **Ashby**. 1 m. below at Nether Seal, Seal brook joins on right bank, which rises in the large reservoir by **Overseal**, runs 1 m. to Barrat pool, and Mease 3 m. Mease runs 6 m. to **Harleston**, **Croxhall** 3 m., and Trent 1 m. Trent runs 3 m. to **Walton**, and 2 m. down, the outflow, 2 m. long, of Tatenhill lake, 3 m. S.W. of **Burton**, joins on left bank. Trent runs to **Burton** 4 m., and 3 m. down, Dove joins on left bank. Dove rises 6 m. above **Longnor**, runs 4 m. to **Hartington** (n.s. **Parsley Hay**, 3 m.), **Alstonfield**, 1 m. off, on right bank, 4 m., **Thorp**, 5 m. Here Mannyfold joins on right bank. Mannyfold rises 4 m. above **Longnor**, and 3 m. down is joined on right bank by Blackbrook, 3 m. long. Mannyfold runs 5 m. to Ecton bridge, where Elkstone brook, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. Mannyfold runs to Wetton (1 m. off on left bank), 2 m., and 1 m. below is joined on right bank by Hamps. Hamps rises 4 m. above **Onecote**, 5 m. E. of **Leek**, and is there joined by a brook, 2 m. long, draining two ponds at its head at Lower Acre 5 m. E. of **Leek**. Hamps runs 8 m. to **Calton**, and joins Mannyfold 4 m. below. Mannyfold runs to **Ilam** (n.s. **Ashbourne**, 5 m.), 4 m., and 1 m. down joins Dove. Dove runs 2 m. to Mappleton (good trout), and 2 m. to Birdsgrove, **Ashbourne** being 1 m. off on left bank (preserved for 4 m. by the Birdsgrove Fishing Club of 30 members; s.t. 4l. 4s.; sec., G. M. Bond, Esq., Alrewas House, Ashbourne), and here Bradbourne brook, 7 m. long, joins on left bank. 1 m. below, at **Clifton**, Henmoor brook joins Dove on left bank. Henmoor rises in the lake at Hopton Hall, 2 m. S.W. of **Wirksworth**, runs 7 m. to **Ashbourne**, and Dove 2 m. Dove runs 4 m. to **Norbury**, where Colwick brook, 6 m. long, joins on right bank. Dove runs 2 m. to **Rocester**, and 2 m. below is joined by Churnet on right bank. Churnet rises 4 m. above **Leek**, and 1 m. down is joined on right bank by the outflow of Rudyerd reservoir, 3 m. N.W. of **Leek**, **Horton** station, being close on the banks. 4 m. down Churnet, Endon brook joins on right bank. Endon rises in Stanley Mill pond, 1 m. above **Endon**, and 3 m. below is joined on right bank by a brook 4 m. long, which drains a pond W. of **Wetley**, 3 m. S. from **Cheddleton**. Endon joins Churnet 1 m. down, which runs 1 m. to **Cheddleton**. 2 m. below, West brook, 7 m. long, joins on left bank. 1 m. down Churnet is the outflow on right bank of the lake at **Consell Hall**, 3 m. N. W. from **Frogghall** station. 1 m. down Churnet the outflow of the lake W. of **Ipstone**, 3 m. N. from **Frogghall**, joins

on left bank. Churnet runs to **Frogghall**, 2 m., and here a brook joins on left bank, which rises in Dark Mill head, 1 m. N. of **Frogghall**. Churnet runs to **Oakamoor**, 4 m., **Alton**, 2 m., and 2 m. down is joined on left bank by Hulford brook, 3 m. long, which feeds the lake at Woolton Grange, half-way down, 2 m. N.W. from **Worbury**. Churnet runs 1 m. to **Denston**, **Roccester**, 2 m., and 2 m. down joins Dove. 3 m. down Dove Tean brook joins on right bank. Tean rises above **Chesdale**, runs 10 m. to **Uttoxeter** (1 m. off on right bank), and joins Dove 1 m. below. Dove runs to Dove-bridge, **Uttoxeter** being 1 m. off on right bank, and 2 m. below is joined on right bank by Stonyford brook, which rises 5 m. above **Uttoxeter**, and joins Dove 2 m. below. 3 m. down Dove by **Marchington** station Somershall brook, 6 m. long, joins on left bank, and Marchington brook, 5 m. long, on right bank. Dove runs to **Sudbury**, 2 m., (preserved by Burton-on-Trent Angling Society), and here Sudbury brook, which rises in a large pond 3 m. above **Sudbury**, joins on left bank. 3 m. down Dove, at Scropton, Cubley brook, 9 m. long, joins on left bank. Dove runs to **Tutbury**, 2 m., and 3 m. down by Rolleston is joined on right bank by Fleam or Little Dove, an offshoot of the main stream, which runs by **Tutbury** to Rolleston, where it is joined by Rolleston brook, 4 m. long, which feeds the lake at Rolleston Hall, 2 m. S.E. from **Tutbury**. Dove runs to **Egginton**, 2 m., and here Longford brook joins on left bank. Longford rises in Yeldersley pond, 3 m. S.E. from **Ashbourne**, and 1 m. down waters the lakes in Shirley Park. Longford runs to Longford, 5 m., and here Bradley brook joins on right bank. Bradley rises in two lakes by Bradley, 3 m. E. from **Ashbourne**, and joins Longford 5 m. down. Longford runs to Sutton, 3 m., where it waters a pond, and 1 m. below is joined on right bank by Limbersitch brook, 5 m. long, 3 m. N. from **Tutbury**. Longford runs to Hilton, 2 m., and Dove, 2 m., watering the lake at Eggington Hall, close to the junction. Dove joins Trent 2 m. down. Trent runs 2 m. to **Willington**, where Etwall brook joins on left bank, and Repton brook on right bank. Etwall rises in a pond by Radburn, 3 m. N.W. from **Mickleover**, and 1 m. down waters another large pond. Etwall runs 2 m. to **Etwall**, **Egginton** 2 m., and 3 m. down joins Trent at **Willington**. Repton rises in two ponds by Hartshorn, 3 m. N.E. of **Swadlincote**, runs 1 m. to Screw Mill pond, 1 m. to Glovers Mill, 2 m. N.E. **Swadlincote**, and 1 m. down at Repton mill, is joined on left bank by the outflow of the six ponds in Brethby Park, 3 m. N. from **Swadlincote**; 1 m. down, Repton waters the lake in Repton Park, 2 m. S.E. of **Willington**, runs 1 m. to Repton, and Trent 1 m. 2 m. down Trent by Twyford, Foremark brook joins on right bank, which rises in a pond by Repton rocks, 4 m. N.E. from **Swadlincote**, and 2 m. down, waters four ponds by Foremark, 3 m. S.E. from **Willington**, 1 m. down, Foremark joins Trent. (Trent is preserved hence to Swarkestone; s.t. 21s., from Mr. Newbold, of King's Newton.) 1 m. down Trent on right bank is the overflow of Foremark Hall pond, 6 m. S.E. from **Willington**. Trent runs to Swarkestone (n.s. **Chellaston**, 1 m.), where begins the King's Mill fishery (see *Weston*), and 1 m. down is joined on right bank by a brook draining four ponds on the moor, by Stanton, 3 m. S.W. from **Chellaston**. 1 m. down Trent, by Weston Ferry, Breodon brook joins on right bank. Breodon rises in three ponds, by Coleorton, 3 m. E. from **Ashby-de-la-Zouch**, runs to **Worthington**, 4 m., **Tong** 3 m., **Melbourne** 3 m., and here Carr brook joins on left bank. Carr rises in Dog Kennel pool, and two ponds a mile above it, 2 m. W. of **Worthington**, runs to Staunton Hall ponds, and 1 m. down is joined on left bank by the outflow from seven ponds in Calke Park, 3 m. N.W. from **Worthington**. Carr runs to **Melbourne** and Breodon, 3 m. Breodon joins Trent 1 m. down. Trent runs to King's Mills, 1 m., **Weston** being 1 m. off on left bank, and here on right bank is the lake in Donnington Park. 1 m. down, where the railway crosses, the King's Mill fishery ends, and the Shardlow fishing begins. Trent runs 3 m. to Cavendish bridge and Shardlow (n.s. **Castle Donnington**, 1 m.; salmon, pike, barbel, dace, roach, perch; fishing good; preserved; s.t. 42s., from Castle Hotel, O.D.; Mr. Wood, Chapel Bar, Nottingham, lessee of the river from Outtle brook including Weston-on-Trent, Kings Mills, and Shardlow; salmon begins Feb. 1. Trent runs 1 m., where Derwent joins on left bank. Derwent rises in the hills some 12 m. above **Ashopton**, and 6 m. from its source is joined on left bank by Little Howden brook, 2 m. long, and on right bank by the river Westend. 5 m. down Derwent, Abbey brook, 3 m. long, joins on left bank. Derwent runs to Derwent Chapel, 3 m., and here Mill brook, 2 m. long, joins on left bank. Derwent runs 2 m. to **Ashopton** (n.s. **Sheffield**, 12 m.); here Ashop joins on right bank. Ashop rises on the N. edge of The Peak, and 2 m. down is joined on left bank by Lady Clough brook, 2 m. long, which rises on Alport moor, 5 m. S.E. of **Glossop**. 1 m. down Ashop, Fair brook, 2 m. long, joins on right bank. Ashop runs to Alport bridge 2 m., and here Alport joins on left bank. Alport rises on Alport Moor, 6 m. E. of **Glossop**, and is 7 m. long. Ashop runs 5 m. to **Ashopton**. The high road between **Glossop**, **Ashopton**, and **Sheffield** runs up the Ashop Valley. At **Ashopton**, Ladybrook brook, 2 m. long, joins on left bank. 1 m. down Derwent is Yorkshire bridge, where the Derwent Fly-fishing Club water begins, thence to Mytham bridge 3 m., and here Now joins on right bank. Now rises in the Peak, 4 m. E. of **Hayfield**, runs 2 m. to Barber Booth, 4 m. N.E. from **Chapel-en-le-Frith**, and 7 m. down at Hope, 2 m. E. of **Castleton** (n.s. **Chapel-en-le-Frith**, 6 m.) (preserved by the Peak Forest Angling Club), is joined on right bank by Peaks Hole Water, which

runs through **Castleton**, and is 3 m. long. Now runs 1 m., and is joined on right bank by **Bradwell** brook, 2 m. long, 1 m. down. Now joins **Derwent**. 2 m. down **Derwent**, by **Hathersage** (n.s. **Dronfield**, 9 m.), **Hood** brook, 2 m. long, joins on left bank, 1 m. down **Derwent** at **Lead** mill, **Highlow** brook, 2 m. long, joins on right bank. **Derwent** runs 2 m., where **Burbage** brook, 5 m. long, and running 6 m. W. of **Dronfield**, joins on left bank. **Derwent** runs to **New** bridge, 2 m. (here ends the **Derwent F.F. Club** water, and the **Duke of Devonshire's** and **Subscription** water begins), thence 3 m. to **Baslow** (n.s. **Bakewell**, 3 m.) 1 m. below. **Bar** brook, 6 m. long, joins **Derwent** on left bank; near this junction **Black Leach** brook, 4 m. long, joins **Bar** on left bank. **Derwent** runs 1 m. to **Edensor** (n.s. **Bakewell**, 2 m.), and **Bowaley**, 4 m. Here ends the **Duke's** subscription water, and **Wye** joins **Derwent**. **Wye** rises above **Buxton**, from whence it is preserved for four miles down by the **Buxton Angling Association**; from hence **Wye** runs 4 m. to **Miller's Dale** (private), **Monsal Dale**, 3 m. (Duke of Devonshire), **Ashford** (n.s. **Longstone**, 1 m.) (Duke of Devonshire) 3 m., **Bakewell** 2 m. (here begins the **Rutland Arms** water), **Fillyford** bridge 6 m. (here ends the **Rutland Arms** water), and 1 m. down **Wye** reaches **Bowaley** and **Derwent**. **Derwent** runs to **Darley**, 3 m. (here begins the **Darley Dale Club** water), and here **Sydnope** brook, which rises in **Flash** dam, 3 m. up, joins on left bank; there are also two large mill ponds up **Hall Dale**, 1 m. up from the station. **Derwent** runs to **Matlock Bath**, 3 m. (here the **D.D. Club** water ends and the **Matlock Angling Association** begins), and here **Bentley** Brook, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. **Derwent** runs to **Cromford**, 2 m. (preserved by **M.A.A.**). **Wharfedale** **Bridge**, 3 m. (here the **M.A.A.** water ends), and 2 m. down is joined on right bank by a brook, 1 m. long, draining **Alderwasley** ponds, 2 m. S.W. from **Wharfedale**. **Derwent** runs 1 m. to **Ambergate**. Here **Amber** joins on left bank. **Amber** rises 4 m. N.E. of **Matlock**, above **Ashover**, and 5 m. down at **Ogston** Bridge, 1 m. S. of **Stretton**, is joined on left bank by **Stretton** brook, which rises 5 m. above **Stretton Station**, and joins **Amber** 1 m. down. **Amber** runs to **Wingfield**, 3 m., and here **Normanton** brook and **Birches** brook join on left bank and right bank. **Normanton** rises 5 m. above **Alfreton**, and 1 m. above that town is joined on right bank by **Westwood** brook, which rises 3 m. above **Westhouse**, and joins **Normanton** 1 m. down. **Normanton** joins **Amber** 2 m. below **Alfreton**. **Birches** brook is 4 m. long. **Amber** runs 4 m., when a brook joins on left bank, draining **Batterley** reservoir, 2 m. up, 1 m. N. of **Ripley**. **Amber** runs 2 m. to **Ambergate** and **Derwent**. **Derwent** runs to **Belper**, 3 m., and here **Black** brook, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. **Derwent** runs 3 m. to **Duffield**, and here **Ecclesbourne** joins on right bank. **Ecclesbourne** rises at **Wirksworth**, runs 4 m. to **Idridgehay**, **Hazlewood**, 4 m., and **Duffield**, and **Derwent**, 2 m. 2 m. down **Derwent** is **Little Eaton**, and here **Holbrook** brook joins on left bank. **Holbrook** rises above **Kilburn**, runs to **Corbench**, 2 m., and here a brook joins on left bank, draining **Smalley** mill pond, 2 m. up. **Holbrook** runs to **Derwent**, 2 m. Here also the drainage, 1 m. long, of **Allastry Hall** Park pond, joins on right bank. 2 m. down **Derwent**, at **Darley Abbey**, **Ferryby** brook joins on left bank, which rises above **Breadsall**, and joins **Derwent** 2 m. down. **Derwent** reaches **Derby** in 2 m. Here **Cutler** brook, which rises 5 m. above **Kedleston** Park, where it waters the large lake (n.s. **Duffield**, 3 m.), runs 2 m., when it receives on right bank a brook draining two ponds by **Kirk Langley**, 3 m. up, and 2 m. down joins **Derwent** on right bank. 1 m. down **Derwent**, where the angling club water begins, **Chaddesden** brook, which rises in the lake at **Locko** Park, 2 m. N. from **Spondon**, and is 3 m. long, joins on left bank. **Derwent** runs to **Spondon**, 3 m., **Borrowash**, 2 m. (here the club water ends), **Draycott**, 3 m., and here the drainings of **Elvaston** Park lake, 1 m. S. of **Draycott**, joins on right bank, and 3 m. below, **Derwent** joins **Trent**. Flies for the **Upper Derwent**, i.e., from **Frogatt** bridge, are ash dun, straw dun, dotterel dun, and their spinners, February red, little chap, red clock, furnace, corn crane, April black, wren tail, claret and orange bumbles. **Trent** runs to **Sawley**, 1 m., **Trent**, 1 m. Here **Soar** joins on right bank. **Soar** rises in the lake in **Leicester** Grange, 2 m. S. of **Hinckley**. 4 m. down, at **Sharnford**, a brook, 2 m. long, joins on right bank, which rises in **Claybrook** Mill pond, 1 m. N. from **Ullathorpe**. **Soar** runs 5 m., when **Normanton** brook, which rises in **Kirkby Hall** lake, by **Kirkby Mallory**, 4 m. S.W. from **Denford**, waters the lake in **Normanton** Hall, 4 m. N.W. from **Harborough**, joins **Soar** 4 m. down on right bank. **Soar** runs 2 m. to **Harborough**. Here **Whetstone** brook, 4 m. long, joins on right bank. 1 m. down **Soar**, **Billesdon** brook joins on right bank. **Billesdon** rises 8 m. above **Glen Magna**, 1 m. below is the outflow of the lake in **Wistow** Hall, on the banks of the river. **Billesdon** runs to **Blaby**, 6 m., and 1 m. down joins **Soar**, which runs to **Leicester**, 6 m. Here the outflow of **Braunstone** Hall lake, 2 m. S.W. of **Leicester**, joins on left bank. Just below the town **Willow** brook, 4 m. long, joins on right bank, 2 m. down **Soar**, at **Belgrave**, **Ingersby** brook, 7 m. long, joins on right bank, and 5 m. down at **Bothley Paper Mill**, **Wreak** joins on right bank. **Wreak**, called also **Eye**, in its upper parts, rises above **Wissendine**, where it is joined on the left bank by the outflow of **Edmundthorpe** Hall pond 2 m. up, and on the right bank by a stream 3 m. long, draining a pond at **Leesthorpe**; **Wreak**, next waters the lake at **Stapleford** Park, 1 m. S. of **Saxby**, to which place **Wreak** runs, and here **Saxby** brook, 7 m. long, joins on right bank. **Wreak** runs 6 m. to **Melton Mowbray**, here **Melton** Brook, which rises in the lake at **Goadby** Marwood

2 m. above **Scalford**, runs thence to **Melton**, 4 m., joins on right bank. Wreak runs 4 m. to **Ashfordby**, and here a stream joins on right bank draining a pond by **Welby** 2 m. up. Wreak runs to **Frisby**, 2 m., and 1 m. below, a stream joins on right bank, draining a pond 1 m. above **Saxelby** (n.s. **Grimston**, 1 m.). Wreak runs to **Brooksby**, 2 m. (preserved by the owner of Brooksby Hall), and 1 m. below at **Beasby** station (preserved by H. C. Woodcock, Esq.), is joined on right bank by **Ox brook**, which rises in **Bagdale Hall** pond and is 4 m. long. 3 m. down Wreak, **Queeniborough brook**, 9 m. long, joins on left bank. 1 m. up from its junction with Wreak, **Ashby brook**, 7 m. long, joins **Queeniborough** on left bank. Wreak runs to **Synton** 1 m., and here **Barkby brook**, which rises in a pond by **Hungerton** and is 8 m. long, joins on left bank. 1 m. down, Wreak joins **Soar**. 1 m. below, **Rothley brook** joins **Soar** on left bank. **Rothley** rises in two branches above **Desford**, where it is joined on right bank by the drainage of **Gabriel pool** 2 m. up, runs to **Eatby** 2 m., **Glenfield** 2 m., 1 m. below, the outflow of a large mill pool 2 m. N.W. of **Glenfield**, joins on left bank; **Rothley** runs to **Soar** 7 m. **Soar** runs to **Mount Sorrel** 3 m., and **Barrow-on-Soar** 3 m.; and here **Quorndon brook** (trout; strictly preserved by the owner of **Bradgate Park**), which rises above **Newtown Linford**, 3 m. N.W. of **Glenfield**, and is 9 m. long, joins on right bank. **Soar** runs to **Loughborough**, 3 m. Here **Walters brook**, 5 m. long, joins on right bank. 1 m. down **Soar**, at **Stanford**, a brook joins on right bank, which drains the lake at **Stanford Hall** 2 m. up, 3 m. N.E. of **Loughborough**. 2 m. down **Soar**, where the navigation joins, **Dishley brook** joins on left bank. **Dishley** rises above **Whitwick** 2 m. N. of **Coalville**, and 6 m. down is joined on right bank by **Carr brook**, which rises in the **Old Reservoir** 4 m. N.E. of **Swannington**, and is 3 m. long. **Dishley** runs 1 m., when the outflow of the lake in **Garendon Park**, 2 m. W. of **Loughborough**, 1 m. up, joins on right bank. **Dishley** runs to **Soar** 2 m. **Soar** runs 2 m. to **Zouch Bridge** and **Hathern**. Here **Osgathorpe brook** joins on left bank. This brook rises in three lakes by **Coleorton**, 2 m. E. of **Ashby-de-la-Zouch**, and 7 m. down is joined on left bank by **Diseworth brook**, which rises in **Langley Priory** pond 1 m. E. of **Tong**, and is 4 m. long. **Osgathorpe** joins **Soar**, 3 m. below. **Soar** runs to **Kegworth**, 3 m., and here **Kingston brook**, 9 m. long, joins on right bank. **Soar** runs 3 m. to **Trent**. **Trent** runs 2 m. to **Maton Junction**, and here **Erwash** joins on left bank. **Erwash** rises some 3 m. above **Pinxton**, where is the outflow of the lake at **Brookhill Hall** 2 m. N. **Erwash** runs to **Pye Bridge**, 2 m., **Codnor Park**, 2 m., where is the outflow of the reservoir in the **Golden Valley** 1 m. up. **Erwash** runs to **Eastwood**, 3 m., and here join the drainings of the lakes at **Aldercar Hall**, 1 m. N., and **o Loscoe dam**, 2 m. N.W. **Erwash** runs to **Newthorp**, 3 m., 2 m. W. of which are the three reservoirs at **Shipley Hall**, and 1 m. further W., **Mapperton** reservoir. 1 m. down **Erwash**, **Gilt brook**, 3 m. long, joins on left bank, and 1 m. below is **Ilkeston**, and **Stanton**, 3 m. Here **Nut brook**, which rises above **West Kallam**, 2 m. N. of which is **Mapperton** reservoir, and is 6 m. long, joins on right bank. **Erwash** runs to **Sandiacre**, 2 m., and **Trent**, 4 m. **Trent** runs to **Attenborough**, 1 m., and **Beeston**, 2 m. (here begins the free water on the left bank, but the right bank is preserved). Here **Tottle brook**, which drains **Bilborough Cut**, 2 m. W. of **Radford**, and is 4 m. long, joins on left bank. 2 m. down **Trent**, **Fairham Brook**, which rises by **Widmerpool**, and is 12 m. long, joins on right bank. **Trent** runs to **Trent-bridge** (where the free water ends) at **Nottingham**, 2 m. Here **Leen** joins on left bank. **Leen** rises in the upper and lower lakes at **Newstead Abbey**, 2 m. N. of **Linby**, and 2 m. down waters the mill pool at **Popplewick**, 1 m. E. of **Linby**. **Leen** runs 3 m. to **Forge Mill dam**, **Bulwell**, 2 m., **Basford**, 2 m. Here a brook joins on right bank draining a lake by **Nuthall** 3 m. up, 1 m. N.E. from **Kimberley Station**. **Day brook**, 3 m. long, here joins **Leen** on left bank. **Leen** runs to **Radford**, 2 m., and **Nottingham**, 3 m. **Trent** runs to **Colwick**, on left bank, 2 m., and **Radcliffe**, on right bank, 5 m., and here **Thurbeck river**, which rises by **Flumtree**, waters the lake at **Roclaveston Manor**, 1 m. S.E. of **Edwalton**, and runs 5 m. to **Trent**, joins on right bank. **Trent** runs to **Burton Joyce**, 3 m., and here **Cocker Beck** joins on left bank. **Cocker** rises 2 m. above **Lowdham**, and joins **Trent** 4 m. below. Two miles down **Trent**, **Dover beck**, which rises 7 m. above **Lowdham**, and joins **Trent** 2 m. below joins on left bank. **Trent** runs to **Bleasby** on left bank, 4 m., and **Fiskerton**, 3 m. Here **Greet** joins on left bank. **Greet** rises in two ponds on **Kirklington Moor**, 4 m. N.W. of **Southwell**. 1 m. down it is joined on right bank by the outflow of **Edingley Cotton Mill** pond by **Farnsfield**, 2 m. up, and on left bank by the outflow of the lake in **Kirklington Hall**, 3 m. N.W. of **Southwell**. 1 m. down, **Halam Beck**, 3 m. long, joins **Greet** on right bank. **Greet** runs to **Southwell**, 2 m., **Bolleston**, 3 m., and **Trent**, at **Fiskerton Mill**, 1 m. **Trent** runs 5 m., when it divides into two parts. The right hand stream runs through **Newark** in 2 m., and joins the larger stream 2 m. below. The larger stream runs to **Kelham** and **Muckham bridge**, each 2 m. from **Newark**, and joins the right branch, 1 m. below. Just where the waters separate, **Pingley Dyke**, 8 m. long, joins on left bank, and at **Newark**, **Devon river** joins on right bank. **Devon** rises in **Knipton** reservoir, by **Knipton**, 4 m. S.E. of **Redmile**, where a brook joins on right bank, draining the lakes in **Croxton Park**, 2 m. up, 5 m. N.E. of **Scalford**. **Devon** in 1 m. waters the lake at **Woolsthorpe**, 3 m. S.E. of **Redmile**. **Devon** runs 5 m. to **Bottesford**, and 5 m. down by **Shelton** is joined on left bank by **Smite**. **Smite** rises by **Nether Broughton** (n.s. **Upper Broughton**, 1 m.), and 6 m. down is joined on left bank by **Dalbybrook**, which rises by **Upper Broughton**, and is 5 m. long. **Smite** runs to **Barnston** (1 m. off on right bank), 4 m., **Aslahton**, 4 m.

Here Whipling river, which rises by **Marnston**, and is 3 m. long, joins on right bank. Smite joins Devon 5 m. down. Devon runs to **Cotham**, 2 m., and 3 m. below, at **Hawton**, is joined on left bank by **Car Dyke**. **Car Dyke** rises by **Bingham**, runs to **Sibthorpe** (n.s. **Cotham**, 3 m.), and joins Devon, 5 m. down. Devon runs to **Newark** and Trent, 2 m. Two miles below **Newark** the two branches of Trent reunite, and run to **Carlton**, on left bank, 7 m. Here **Crosby Dyke**, 9 m. long, joins on left bank. Just below, the outflow of **Cowarth pool** and **Mons pool**, and a pond by **Collingham** joins on right bank. Trent runs to **Sutton** (n.s. **Crow Park**, 2 m), and here **Girton brook** joins on right bank. **Girton** rises in **Skelmire's pond** on **Thurlby Moor**, 2 m. S.E. of **Swinderby**, and is 7 m. long. Where **Girton** joins Trent is the outflow of the **Fleet** and **Black Pool**, 1 m. up. 1 m. down Trent, **Grassthorpe brook**, 6 m. long, and which runs just N. of **Crow Park Station**, joins on left bank. Trent runs 8 m. to **Torksey** (where **Foss Dyke Navigation**, joining Trent and **Witham**, joins on right bank), **Marton**, 2 m., **Gainsborough**, 7 m. There are a few fish to 3 m. below **Gainsborough**.

Galey (Stafford).—L. & N.W.R. Penk, 1 m. W. Lakes: **Galey reservoir**, 1 m. E. (See **Gainsborough**.)

Gamlingay (Cambs.) L. & N.W.R. Lakes: **Gamlingay Old Park**. (See **King's Lynn**.)

Ganton (York).—N.E.R. Derwent; chub, pike, grayling, trout. **Helford**; same fish. **Ruston beck**, 2 m. W. (c.s. York.) (See **Wressel**.)

Garforth (York).—N.E.E. Cock beck. Lake: **Parlington Hollings lake**, 1 m. N. (See **Aberford, York**.)

Gargrave (York).—M.R. Aire; trout, grayling; preserved hence down to **Eastburn brook** by **Aire Fishing Club** of 20 members; entrance 5l. 5s., s.t. 6l. 6s.; season for trout from March 16 to Oct. 1, grayling from June 16 to March 14. In addition to the above 20 members, a further additional number of 40 can fish from **Carlton stone bridge** to **Eastburn brook**, s.t. 20s.; hon. sec., **T. H. Dewhurst, Esq.**, **Skipton**. (c.s. York.) **Eshton beck**. **Mill beck**, 2 m. N.E. (See **Raicheliffe**.)

Gathurst (Lancs.)—L. & Y.B. Douglas. (c.s. **Ribble**.) Lakes: **Roby Mill pond**, 1 m. W. **Standish Mill pond**, 2 m. N. (See **Hesketh Bank**.)

Geddington (Northton).—M.R. Ise. (See **Wisbeach**.)

Geldiston (Norfolk).—G.E.R. Waveney. (c.s. N. and S.) (See **Yarmouth**.)

George Lane (Essex).—G.E.R. On **Roding**. Fishing very poor. (See **Barking**.)

Giggleswick (York).—M.R. Ribble; trout, salmon, pike, chub, roach. (See **Preston**.)

Gilling (York).—N.E.R. Hole beck (See York.)

Gillingham (Dorset).—L. & S.W.R. Stour. **Shreen. Ledden**. (See **Christchurch**.) **Trouting good**. (c.s. Avon.)

Gisburn (York).—Lanc. & York B. Ribble; trout, salmon. **Stoek beck**. **Cuddy beck**, 4 m. W. at **Boiton** by **Bowland**. (See **Preston**.)

Glasbury (Hereford).—G.W.R. **Honddu** (7 m.); trout. (See **Chepstow**.)

Glastonbury (Somerset).—G.W.R. **Brue**; roach, dace, trout; preserved above by **B. N. Grenville**, **Butleigh Court**; preserved below to **Shapwick**. **Wootton brook**. (See **Highbridge**.) (c.s. Avon.)

Glenfield (Leicester).—M.R. **Rothley Brook**. **Quornden brook**, 3 m. N.W.; trout; preserved by owners of **Bradgate Park**. Lakes: **The pool**, **Grooby**, 2 m. N.W. (See **Gainsborough**.)

Glen Magna (Leicester).—M.R. **Billesdon brook**. Lake: **Wiston Hall lake**. (See **Gainsborough**.)

Glossop (Derby).—G.N.R. and M.R. **Shelf brook**. **Lady Clough brook**, 5 m. E. **Alport**, 6 m. E. **Ashop**, 7 m. S.E. (See **Runcorn**; **Gainsborough**.)

Gloucester.—G.W.R. **Severn**. **Severn** rises 12 m. above **Llanidloes**, and just above the town **Brochan** joins on right bank. **Brochan** rises 1 m. N. from **Llangurig**, and 4 m. down is joined on right bank by **Dulas brook**, which rises 1½ m. E. of **Llangurig**, and 3 m. down is joined on right bank by **Tylweh**, which rises 5 m. above **Tylweh**, and joins **Dulas** 2½ m. below. **Dulas** runs 2 m. to **Brochan**, which joins **Severn** ¼ m. on. At **Llanidloes**, **Clywedog** joins **Severn** on left bank. **Clywedog**, which is 14 m. long, and is poisoned from its source, is joined 6 m. from its source, on right bank, by **Llwyd**, 4 m. long (n.s. **Llanidloes**, 8 m.). 1 m. down, **Biga**, 4 m. long, joins on right bank (n.s. **Llanidloes**, 7 m.). 1 m. down **Clywedog**, at **Heblid**, a stream joins on left bank, which drains **Llyn Derw-llywdion** 1 m. up (n.s. **Llanidloes**, 6 m.). **Clywedog** runs 8 m. to **Llanidloes** and **Severn**. **Severn** runs to **Dolwen** 4 m., and here **Ebyr**, which rises in **Llyn Ebyr** 3 m. up, joins on left bank. 1 m. down **Severn**, at **Aber Berthin**, **Berthin**, 4 m. long, joins on right bank. **Severn** runs to **Llandinam**, 3 m., and **Caersws**, 3 m. Here **Tarannon** and **Garno** join on left bank. **Tarannon** rises in **Llyn Gloyw** (4 m. W. from **Carno**), runs 8 m. to **Trefeglwys**, 3 m. below which, **Relaf**, 4 m. long, joins on left bank (n.s. **Caersws**, 2 m.). ½ m. down **Tarannon**, **Ceryst** joins on right bank. **Ceryst** rises 2 m. N. from **Llanidloes**, and is 7 m. long. It is poisoned. 1 m. down **Tarannon** is **Caersws** and **Severn**. **Garno** rises 4 m. above **Carno**, under the name of **Llwyd**; at **Carno** it is joined on right bank by **Pwll-Llydan**, 3 m. long. **Oledun**, 3 m. long, also joins at this place. 1 m. down **Garno**, **Cerniog**, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. **Garno** runs 3 m., when a stream joins 2 m. long, which drains **Llyn Du** (n.s. **Pont-y-ddolgoch**, 3 m.). **Garno** runs 1 m. to **Pont-y-ddolgoch**, and **Severn** 2 m. **Severn** runs 3 m., when **Tarw** joins on left bank. **Tarw** rises in **Llyn Tarw**, which lies 4 m. N. from **Pont-y-ddolgoch**, and 1 m. E. from **Llyn Mawr** and **Llyn Du**, and runs

6 m. to Severn. 2 m. down Severn, at Aberhavesp (n.s. **Scafell**, 1 m.), a stream joins on left bank, which drains Fachwen pool 2 m. up. Severn runs 2 m., when **Hafron**, 5 m. long, joins on right bank. Severn runs to **Newtown**, 2 m. 3 m. down Severn a stream 10 m. long joins on left bank, and 2 m. down Severn, at **Abermule**, Mule, which rises 4 m. above **Kerry**, and runs thence 6 m. to Severn, joins on right bank. Severn runs 4 m. to **Montgomery** station, and 1 m. down is joined on left bank by a stream which rises in two or three small ponds 5 m. up. 1 m. down Severn, at **Glan Severn** (n.s. **Montgomery**, 2 m.), **Rhiw** joins on left bank. **Rhiw** rises in **Llyn-y-bugall** 7 m. N. from **Carno**, runs 8 m. to **Tre-ganol**, and here **Mawr** joins on right bank. **Mawr** rises in **Llyn Mawr** $\frac{1}{2}$ m. N. from **Pont-y-ddolgoch**, and close to **Llynnen Du** and **Tarw**, runs 6 m. to **Llanluggan**, and **Rhiw** 2 m. **Rhiw** runs to **Manafon** 2 m., **Berriew** 6 m., and **Severn** 1 m. Severn runs 1 m. to **Forden**, where **Camlad** joins on right bank. **Camlad** rises in a pond at **Lower Bent** $\frac{1}{2}$ m. N. from **Lyddham**, waters a pond at **Lyddham**, runs to **Snead** 1 m., **Church Stoke** 4 m. Here **Caerbitra** joins on left bank. **Caerbitra** rises 3 m. E. from **Kerry**, and is 8 m. long. Close to its junction with **Camlad**, **Lacks brook**, 4 m. long, joins on left bank. **Camlad** runs to **Chirbury** 4 m. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. below, **Hallesford brook**, which rises in **Marton pool** (n.s. **Forden**, 5 m. W.), and is 3 m. long, joins on right bank. **Camlad** runs to **Forden** and **Severn** in 6 m. Severn runs to **Welshpool** 7 m. Here **Sylvan brook**, 5 m. long, joins on left bank. Severn runs to **Buttington**, 2 m., and 3 m. down, below where the railway crosses the river (**Pool Quay** being 1 m. off on left bank), **Trewern** joins on right bank. **Trewern** rises by **Middleton**, and is 4 m. long. 5 m. down Severn, **Origion** being 1 m. off on right bank, **Bete brook** joins on left bank. **Bete** rises in a lake 3 m. above **Gullesfield** (n.s. **Pool Quay**, 3 m.), and 1 m. down is joined on right bank by a stream which crosses the turnpike-road from **Welshpool** to **Gullesfield**, 2 m. from the former place, and is 5 m. long. **Bete** runs to **Pool Quay**, 2 m., and **Severn**, 3 m. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down Severn, **Maerdy brook**, 7 m. long, joins on left bank, passing **Arleen en route**. Severn runs to **Llandrinio**, 2 m., **Ferry**, 4 m. Here **Vyrnwy** joins on left bank. **Vyrnwy** rises on the slopes of **Cefn Coch**, 8 m. S.E. from **Bala**, runs 3 m. to **Lake Vyrnwy**. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down the lake, **Ennant** (trouting preserved by landlord of **Lake Vyrnwy Hotel**), 4 m. long, joins on right bank, and 1 m. on, **Hirddu** (preserved as above), 4 m. long, joins on right bank. 2 m. down the lake, **Cedg**, 5 m. long, joins on left bank (preserved as above in the lower part, and by **Sir W. W. Wynne** in the upper). $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down the lake, **Gwnion**, 3 m. long, joins on left bank. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. below is the dam and **Lake Vyrnwy Hotel**. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. below the dam, **Marchnant**, 3 m. long, joins **Vyrnwy** river on left bank. 2 m. down **Vyrnwy**, **Cowny**, 5 m. long, joins on right bank; and 1 m. down **Vyrnwy**, **Dyfnant**, 3 m. long, joins on left bank. 3 m. down **Vyrnwy**, **Llwydiarth** joins on left bank. This brook rises 2 m. N.E. above **Llanfihangel** (n.s. **Llantyllin**, 6 m.), and 3 m. down is joined on left bank by a brook 1 m. long, draining a pond by **Llwydiarth**. The brook runs to **Vyrnwy** in $\frac{1}{2}$ m. **Vyrnwy** runs 2 m., when **Oringae**, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. 8 m. down **Vyrnwy**, **Einion** joins on right bank. **Einion** rises in **Llyn-hir** 9 m. N.E. from **Carno**. 1 m. down, the outflow of **Llyn Grahwyddan** $\frac{1}{2}$ m. up joins on left bank (n.s. **Carno**, 10 m.) 3 m. down **Einion**, a brook 4 m. long joins on right bank. 3 m. down **Einion**, **Banw** joins on left bank. **Banw** rises on the slopes of **Moel-y-Llyn** 8 m. from **Dinas Mawddwy**, and 2 m. down is joined on right bank by **Yoguthan**, 2 m. long. 3 m. down **Banw**, at **Garthbibio** (n.s. **Dinas M.**, 12 m.), **Twrch** joins on left bank. **Twrch** (good trouting, but preserved for the most part by **Sir W. Wynne** and **Mr. Price**) rises on the slopes of **Careg-y-fran**, 2 m. E. from **Llan-y-Mowddwy** (n.s. **Dinas M.**, 4 m.), 4 m. down, **Llechog**, 2 m. long, joins on right bank. 1 m. down **Twrch**, **Cathan**, which rises in **Llyn-y-bugall** (trout; preserved, but leave may sometimes be had) 2 m. up, joins on right bank (n.s. **Dinas M.**, 9 m., or can be fished from **Cann-Office**, 7 m.). **Twrch** runs 4 m. to **Garthbibio** and **Banw**. **Banw** runs 2 m. to **Llangadfan** and **Cann-Office** (n.s. **Dinas M.**, 12 m.). Here **Eira** joins on right bank. **Eira** rises 3 m. N.E. from **Llanbrynmair**, 7 m. down, **Cannon**, which rises in **Llyn Gwyddior** (perch, trout), 3 m. up joins on left bank (n.s. **Llynbrynmair**). **Eira** runs 3 m., when **Cledan** joins on right bank. **Cledan** rises 5 m. N. from **Carno**, and is 5 m. long. **Eira** runs 2 m., when **Nydydd**, 2 m. long, joins on left bank. 1 m. down **Eira** is **Cann-Office** and **Llangadfan**. **Banw** runs 2 m. to **Llanerfyl**. 1 m. down, **Gwylfryn**, 3 m. long, which drains **Llyn Gwylfryn** 2 m. from **Cann-Office**, joins on left bank. **Banw** runs 4 m., when **Einion** joins on right bank. **Einion** rises in **Llyn-her** (trouting preserved, but leave may be had sometimes) 4 m. S. from **Cann-Office**, and 1 m. down is joined on left bank by the outflow of **Llyn Granwyddan** (good trouting, but preserved; leave sometimes), $\frac{1}{2}$ m. up. **Einion** runs 3 m. and is joined on right bank by a brook 4 m. long. 3 m. down **Einion** is **Banw**. **Banw** runs 2 m. to **Llanfair** (n.s. **Welshpool**, 8 m.), and 5 m. down, at **Mathynafal Park**, is joined on right bank by a stream 3 m. long, draining a pond at **Maesmawr**, 5 m. N.W. from **Welshpool**. **Banw** joins **Vyrnwy** 1 m. down. 1 m. down **Vyrnwy**, at **Melfod**, a brook joins on right bank, draining **Llyndu** $\frac{1}{2}$ m. up (n.s. **Llansantffraid**, 6 m., or **Welshpool**, 6 m.). From **Melfod** down to **Llanymynech** the river is preserved by the landowners; leave freely given. (See *Llanymynech*.) **Vyrnwy** runs 10 m. to **Llansantffraid**, where **Cain** joins on left bank. **Cain** rises 6 m. above **Llantyllin**, 1 m. above which place **Llechwedd**, 5 m. long, joins on right bank. **Cain** runs to **Llanfechan**, 5 m., and 1 m. down is joined on right bank by **Brogan**, 8 m. long. **Cain** runs to **Llansantffraid** and **Vyrnwy**, 2 m. 1 m. down **Vyrnwy**, **Tanat** joins on

left bank. Tanat rises 5 m. above **Llangynnog** (n.s. **Llanderfel**, 9 m.), and 4 m. from its source is joined on right bank by Goch, which stream is joined on right bank 3 m. above the junction by a brook draining Llyn Pennan 1 m. up. At **Llangynnog**, Eiarth, 5 m. long, joins Tannat on left bank; it runs by the side of the high road to **Llanderfel**. 3 m. down Tannat, Hirnant, 4 m. long, joins on right bank. 4 m. down Tannat, **Llanrhaider-yn-Mochnant** being 1 m. off on left bank, Moch (good trouting, free) joins on left bank. Moch rises in Llyn Llynecaws 6 m. N.W. from **Llanrhaider-yn-M.**, and 2 m. down is joined on right bank by Disgynfa, 3 m. long. Moch runs 6 m. to **Llanrhaider-yn-M.**, and 1 m. down joins Tanat. Tanat runs 1 m., when Twrch joins on left bank. Twrch is 9 m. long, and runs 1 m. E. of **Llanrhaider-yn-M.** 1 m. down Tannat again a brook joins on left bank 5 m. long, and running 3 m. E. from **Llanrhaider**. (Good flies for all these streams are light duns, sandfly, red dipper, alder, willow, grannom, iron blue and stone fly. Also the following: *body*, hare's ear and yellow wool mixed; *legs*, freckled dun, with reddish tips. *Body*, mole's fur; *wing*, two small feathers, tipped reddish, taken from the outside of a cock sparrow's wing. *Body*, hare's ear; *legs*, feather from a partridge's back.) Tannat runs to Llandegwyn 3 m. (n.s. **Llan-y-blodwel** or **Llanfechan** 4 m.). *Imm.*: Green; comfortable; 3 m. of river preserved by the landlord, all the rest retained by Sir W. Wynne: salmon, trout, pike, grayling.) 3 m. down Tannat, Cynllaith joins. Cynllaith rises 4 m. W. from **Oswestry**, and after running 5 m. is joined at New Mill by a brook on right bank 4 m. long. 1 m. down, near Llansilin, a stream joins on left bank, draining Llyn Rhyddwyn 1 m. up (n.s. **Oswestry**, 5 m. E.). 2 m. down Cynllaith a stream joins, on right bank, the outflow of Llyn Moelin 3 m. up. Moelin lies 4 m. N. from **Llandegwyn**. 3 m. down, Cynllaith joins Tannat, which runs to **Llan-y-blodwel**, 2 m., and joins Vyrnwy 3 m. down. Vyrnwy runs 3 m. to **Llanymynech**, and 3 m. down is joined on left bank by Morda, which, after a course of 3 m., runs 3 m. W. from **Oswestry**, runs 5 m., when it passes again 1 m. S. of that town, and 5 m. down is joined on left bank by the stream 3 m. long which drains the lake at Aston 3 m. S.E. from **Oswestry**. Morda runs 6 m. to Vyrnwy, which joins Severn 5 m. down. 2 m. down Severn, Wear brook joins on left bank. Wear rises in Sandford Hall pond 3 m. above **Kinnerley**, and joins Severn 3 m. down. Severn runs to Shrawardine 5 m., where is a large lake at Shrawardine Castle (n.s. **Shrewsbury**). and 5 m. down at Mountford Bridge a stream joins on right bank, draining a lake by Onslow Hall 2 m. up (n.s. **Hanwood**, 3 m.). 1 m. down Severn, Perry joins on left bank. Perry rises by **Gobowen**, and 3 m. down, near **Whittington**, the outflow of the lakes at Halston Hall joins on left bank. Perry runs 3 m. to Rednall Mill, **Rednall** being 2 m. off on right bank. 4 m. down, at Wykey, a stream joins on right bank, draining a lake at Shelyocke (n.s. **Rednall**, 3 m. N.W.). Perry runs 5 m. to **Baschurch**, and 1 m. down is joined on left bank by War brook, which rises in Berth pool $\frac{1}{2}$ m. N. from **Baschurch** Station, runs thence in $\frac{1}{2}$ m. to Buch Grove pool, in $\frac{1}{2}$ m. to Marton pool on left bank, and, running through Fennymere pool, joins Perry 3 m. down. Perry joins Severn 3 m. below. Severn runs 4 m. to **Leaton** Station (1 m. off on left bank), and in 7 m. reaches **Shrewsbury**. Here Raddle brook, which rises in Onslow Hall lake 3 m. N. from **Hanwood**, and is 4 m. long, joins on left bank. Just below Raddle, and on same side, Rea joins. Rea rises 7 m. above **Minsterley**, where it is joined on left bank by Minsterley brook, 5 m. long. Rea flows 3 m. to **Pontesbury** (1 m. off on right bank), and here Habberley brook, 6 m. long, joins on right bank. 3 m. down Rea, at **Hanwood**, Yockleton brook joins, which rises 3 m. above **Westbury**, runs 4 m. to **Yockleton**, and Rea 2 m. 2 m. down Rea, at Hooka Gate, Longden brook, 4 m. long, joins on right bank. 2 m. down Rea, at Meole Brace, Meole brook, which rises in Bomer pool 2 m. N. from **Condover**, and is 2 m. long, joins on right bank. Rea runs to **Shrewsbury** 2 m. Close by the station runs a stream draining Almond pool, Black pool, and Hencott pool, 3 m. N. from **Shrewsbury**.

LOWER SEVERN.—3 m. down Severn, Sundorn brook joins on left bank. Sundorn rises in a pond by **Yarton**, runs 4 m. to **Hadnall**, and 3 m. down waters the lakes at Sundorn Castle, joining Severn $\frac{1}{2}$ m. below. Severn runs 6 m. to Atcham, where a stream joins on right bank, watering two lakes near **Berrington**, and is 2 m. long. 1 m. down Severn, Tern joins on left bank. Tern rises in Maer Hall lake 2 m. S. from **Whitmore**, runs 6 m. to **Norton**, and 3 m. down is joined on left bank by Hemp Mill brook, 3 m. long, and which waters, half-way down, Daisy lake, near Audley Cross 3 m. N.E. from **Market Drayton**. Tern runs to **Market Drayton** 2 m., where Coal brook, 6 m. long, joins on left bank, after watering some lakes by Peats Wood close to the junction. 3 m. down Tern is the outflow of the Buntingsdale Hall lake, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. up. 2 m. down, Baile brook joins Tern on right bank. Baile rises in a pool at Sandford Hall 2 m. E. of **Prees**, and 5 m. down is joined on left bank by a brook which rises in Big pool, 3 m. S.W. from **Adderley**. 1 m. down, the outflow of Old pool at Titley Park, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. up, joins on left bank. 2 m. down, **Market Drayton** being 2 m. off on left bank, is the outflow of a pond at Stych Farm, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. up. A little lower down, on the same side, a stream joins, which rises in Cloverley pond 5 m. from **Market Drayton**, runs 2 m. to Mordon Mill pond, and 2 m. down joins the main stream, which joins Baile 2 m. down. Baile joins Tern 1 m. down. Tern runs to Stoke-upon-Tern 4 m. (n.s. **Hodnet**, 1 m.). Here Saltern brook, which rises in two ponds by Wardale 4 m. S. from **Market Drayton**, runs 2 m. to the mill-pond at Rose Hill, thence 2 m. to Salter's Mill, and Stoke

1 m., joins on left bank. Tern runs to **Peplow** 3 m., just above which is the outflow of a pond on the right bank. 2 m. below **Peplow**, **Alford** brook, 5 m. long, joins on left bank. Tern runs 2 m. to **Great Bolas**, where **Polford** brook, 6 m. long, and which runs 2 m. S.W. of **Peplow**, joins on right bank, and Meess on left bank. Meess rises in the **White Stitch** lake 5 m. N.E. from **Shiffnal**, and 8 m. down runs through **Aquadale Meer** 2 m. from **Newport**. 2 m. down, Meess receives the outflow of **Chetwynd** Park pond, close to **Newport**, on left bank, and $\frac{1}{2}$ m. on, **Lomeo** brook, 7 m. long, joins on right bank. 3 m. down Meess, **Ellerton** brook joins on right bank. **Ellerton** rises in **Heywood** ponds 4 m. S.E. from **Market Drayton**, runs 3 m. to **Ellerton** Mill pond, and 1 m. below is joined on left bank by a brook 4 m. long running out of the canal reservoir at **Great Soundley**, 7 m. S.E. from **Market Drayton**. **Ellerton** passes through **Showed** Mill pond, and joins Meess 1 m. down. Meess runs 5 m. to **Tibberton**, and Tern 4 m. Tern runs 3 m. to **Crudgington**, where **Strine** joins on left bank. **Strine** rises 3 m. W. of **Newport**, and 4 m. down is joined on left bank by **Brockton** brook, which rises in **Wildmoor** pool, runs to **Minton's** pool in $\frac{1}{2}$ m., $\frac{1}{2}$ m. below which the outflow of **Limekiln** pool joins on left bank. These lakes are close together 3 m. S. of **Newport**. **Brockton** joins **Strine** 6 m. down. **Strine** runs 2 m. to **Broad** lake, where **Preston** brook joins on left bank. **Preston** rises in a lake by **Hadley**, and is 6 m. long. 1 m. down, **Strine** joins Tern at **Crudgington**. 1 m. down Tern, **Beanhill** brook, 5 m. long, joins on left bank. Tern runs to **Walcott** 5 m., and here **Roden** joins on right bank. **Roden** rises in **White Meer** 2 m. from **Ellesmere**, runs $\frac{1}{2}$ m. to **Blackmere**, and 1 m. on to **Colemere**, and 1 m. below is joined on right bank by a brook 3 m. long, draining **Croise Mere** 4 m. S.E. from **Ellesmere**. **Roden** runs 8 m. to **Wem**, and 3 m. down is joined on left bank by **Pres** brook, which rises in **Pres** mill-pond, and is 4 m. long. 1 m. down **Roden** a brook joins on left bank, draining the large lake in **Hawstone Park** 5 m. E. from **Wem**. **Roden** runs 6 m. to **Stanton**, 3 m. to **Shawsbury** (n.s. **Hadnall**, 4 m.) (good trouting, especially in Mayfy season; preserved by Sir V. Corbet and Sir T. Meyrick), and 8 m. down joins Tern at **Walcott**. Tern runs to **Severn** 5 m. **Severn** runs 1 m. to **Wroxeter** (n.s. **Berrington**, $2\frac{1}{2}$ m.), a short distance above which **Bell** brook, 4 m. long, joins on left bank. 2 m. down **Severn**, **Cound** brook joins on right hand. **Cound** rises above **Church Stretton**, runs 5 m. to **Le Botwood**, **Dorrington**, 4 m., watering the pond at **Longnor Forge** midway, **Condover** 4 m., **Berrington** (1 m. off on left bank) 3 m., and 3 m. down is joined on right bank by **Row** brook 7 m. long. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. on **Acton** brook joins on right bank. **Acton** rises in a pond at **Hobsley Coppice** 1 m. E. of **Frodesley** (n.s. **Le Botwood**, 4 m.), and is 4 m. long. 1 m. down **Cound**, **Langley** brook joins on right bank. **Langley** rises in **Langley** pond by **Langley** (n.s. **Le Botwood**, 5 m.). 2 m. down the outflow of the lakes in **Acton Burnell Park** (n.s. **Cressage**, 5 m.) joins on left bank. 2 m. down the outflow of **Harnage Grange Pond** (n.s. **Cressage**, 3 m.) joins on right bank. 1 m. down, **Langley** joins **Cound**, which runs 1 m. to **Severn**. **Severn** runs 4 m. to **Cressage**, and 1 m. down is joined on right bank by **Hughley** brook, which rises 5 m. above **Hughley** (n.s. **Presthorne**, 2 m.), runs 4 m. to **Much Wenlock** ($1\frac{1}{2}$ m. off on right bank), and joins **Severn** 4 m. down. **Severn** runs to **Leighton** 1 m., where **Leighton** brook, working two or three miles, joins on left bank. **Severn** runs 3 m. to **Buldlwas**, where **Farley** brook joins on right bank. **Farley** rises in two ponds in the **Marsh** 1 m. E. of **Much Wenlock**, and is 5 m. long, working four mills. **Severn** runs to **Iron Bridge**, 3 m., **Coalport**, 2 m., **Linley**, 3 m. Here **Linley** brook joins on right bank. **Linley** rises in the large lakes in **Willey Park** 3 m. W. from **Linley**, and is 4 m. long. 4 m. down **Severn**, **Worf** joins on left bank. **Worf** rises in a pond in the marsh 3 m. N. from **Shiffnal**, runs $\frac{1}{2}$ m. to **Burlington Pool**, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. to **New pool**, $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. to **Forge** pool; and 3 m. down at the **Pavilion** is joined on left bank by **Norning** brook, which rises in the **Moat** and two other ponds at **Weston Park**; and 4 m. down is joined on right bank by **Tong** brook, which, rising in **Cowley Wood** pond and **Weston Mill** pond, waters **Norton Meer** (n.s. **Shiffnal**, $3\frac{1}{2}$ m.), and joins **Norning** 2 m. down. **Worf** runs 3 m. to **Byton**, where a brook, which rises by **Shiffnal** 5 m. up, and works several mills, joins on right bank. **Worf** runs to **Stableford** 4 m., where **Badger** brook, 3 m. long, joins on left bank. **Badger** rises in **Snowdon** pool $3\frac{1}{2}$ S.W. from **Albrighton**. **Worf** runs 4 m. to **Worfield** (n.s. **Bridgnorth**, 4 m.), and here **Stratford** brook joins, which rises in the large lake at **Patshull** (n.s. **Albrighton**, 3 m.), and running 4 m., is joined on left bank by **Claverley** brook, 6 m. long. **Stratford** runs 1 m. to **Worf**, which joins **Severn** 4 m. down. **Severn** runs to **Bridgnorth** 1 m., and 5 m. down at **Sternford** is joined on right bank by **Mor** brook. **Mor** rises 4 m. above **Acton Round**, $3\frac{1}{2}$ m. S.E. of **Much Wenlock**, where it is joined on left bank by **Beggarhill** brook, 3 m. long. **Mor** runs to **Morville** 3 m., where the outflow of three ponds, 1 to 2 m. to the N., joins on left bank (n.s. **Bridgnorth**, $3\frac{1}{2}$ m.). **Mor** (trout) joins **Severn** 8 m. down. **Severn** runs 2 m. to **Hampton**, 3 m. to **Alverley**, 1 m. below which **Borle** brook joins on right bank. **Borle** rises by **Upton Cressett**, 5 m. W. from **Bridgnorth**, and is 11 m. long. **Severn** runs to **Upper Harley** 2 m., **Bewdley** 4 m. Just above, at **Dowles**, **Dowles** brook joins on right bank. **Dowles** rises in a series of ponds at **Kinlet**, 3 m. S.W. from **Alveley**, runs 9 m. to **Wyre**, and **Severn** 3 m. Just below **Bewdley** the outflow of a large lake close to **Bewdley** on the W. joins on left bank. **Severn** runs to **Stourport** 3 m., where **Gladder** brook, 4 m. long, joins on right bank, and **Stour** on left bank. **Stour** rises by **Malesowen** in **Grange** Mill pond. 2 m. down, the outflow from **Lutley** Mill pond joins on left bank. 2 m. down, at **Cradley**, a brook joins on right bank, running out of

Gades Green Reservoir, 2 m. S. of Dudley, and feeding the New pool close to **Cradley** on the W. Stour runs to **Stourbridge** 3 m., where a brook joins on left bank, draining **Gig Mill** pond and another pond close to **Stourbridge** on the S. 1 m. down Stour a stream, 2 m. long, joins on right bank, draining the reservoir in **Pensnett Chase** by **Brierley Hill**. 3 m. down Stour, at **Devil's Den**, **Smestow** joins on right bank. **Smestow** rises by **Tettenhall**, 2 m. N.W. from **Wolverhampton** runs 7 m. to **Trysull**, 2 m. below which **Wombourne** brook joins on left bank, 5 m. long, working several mills. 2 m. down **Smestow**, at **Hollow Mill**, a stream, 5 m. long, joins on left bank, which rises in the ponds in the **Old Park**, 2 m. W. of **Dudley**, and works several mills. Here also joins at the same place the stream, 3 m. long, draining the ponds in **Himley Park**, and the common pool by **Himley**. 2 m. down **Smestow**, **Phillye** brook, 5 m. long, and feeding some mills, joins on right bank. **Smestow** joins **Stour** 2 m. on. **Stour** runs to **Kidderminster**, 10 m. Here a brook, which rises by **Churchill**, and feeds numerous large mill ponds, joins on left bank; it is 6 m. long. 2 m. down **Stour**, **Hoo** brook joins on left bank. **Hoo** rises in a large pond, 2 m. above **Bell Broughton** (n.s. **Churchill**, 3 m.), and is 8 m. long. **Stour** runs to **Stourport** and **Severn** in 3 m. 4 m. down **Severn**, **Dick** brook, rising above **Heightington**, 3 m. W. from **Stourport**, and 9 m. long, joins on right bank; 1 m. above the junction, the outflow of **Sharpley Pool**, 4 m. S. of **Stourport**, joins **Dick** on right bank. Just below **Weir Ferry**, 1 m. down **Severn**, the outflow of **Frog pool**, and another pond 1 m. up, joins on right bank. 1 m. down **Severn**, **Shrawley** brook, 4 m. long, and which drains the lakes at **Witley Court** (**Lord Dudley**), 7 m. from **Stourport**, joins on right bank. 5 m. down **Severn**, at **Hawford**, 4 m. N. from **Worcester**, **Salwarp** joins on left bank. **Salwarp** rises in **Fockbury mill pond**, 2 m. N. from **Bromsgrove**, where **Spadabourne** brook, 4 m. long, working some mills, joins on left bank. 5 m. down **Salwarp**, at **Upper Warren**, **Hen** brook, 4 m. long, joins on left bank. **Salwarp** runs to **Droitwich**, 4 m., where **Body** brook, 3 m. long, joins on left bank. 2 m. down **Salwarp**, **Hampton** brook, 10 m. long, joins on right bank. 1 m. down **Salwarp**, **Doverdale** joins on right bank. **Doverdale** runs 2 m. E. of **Thurtlebury**, and is 14 m. long. **Salwarp** joins **Severn** 4 m. down. **Severn** runs 5 m. to **Worcester**. 2 m. below, **Teme** joins on right bank. **Teme** rises some 15 m. above **Knuckles**, runs 3 m. to **Knighton**, **Bucknall**, 6 m., **Leintwardine** (n.s. **Hoptonheath**, 3 m.). Here **Clun** joins on left bank. **Clun** rises 11 m. above **Clun** (n.s. **Broome**, 8 m.). Here **Lower**, 10 m. long, joins on left bank. **Clun** runs to **Clunbury**, 3 m., and **Broome**, 2 m. Here **Kempton** brook, which rises in **Acton pool**, 4 m. N. from **Clun**, and is 8 m. long, joins on left bank. **Clun** runs 2 m. to **Clungunford**, **Hoptonheath**, 2 m. 2 m. down, **Red Lake** brook joins on right bank. **Redlake** rises 10 m. above **Bucknall**, and joins **Clun** 3 m. below. **Clun** runs to **Leintwardine** and **Teme**, 1 m. **Teme** runs 3 m., when **Allox** brook, 5 m. long, joins on right bank. 1 m. down **Teme** at **Burrington** the outflow of **Burrington pool**, 1 m. up, joins on right bank. **Teme** flows to **Bromfield**, 6 m. Here **Onny** joins on left bank. **Onny** rises in **Marsh pool**, 8 m. up from **Lydham**, and 4 m. down is joined on left bank by a brook draining **Shelve pool**, 2 m. N. (n.s. **Lydham**, 7 m.). 1 m. down **Onny**, **Black** brook, 3 m. long, joins on left bank. **Onny** runs to **Lydham**, 4 m., and **Eaton**, 2 m. Here **Eaton** brook, which rises by **Robin Hood's baths**, 4 m. S.W. from **Le Botwood**, and is 10 m. long, joins on left bank. **Onny** runs to **Flowden**, 2 m., and 6 m. down, by **Strefford** bridge, **Quenny** brook joins on left bank. **Quenny** rises 4 m. above **Marsh Brook** station, and 4 m. down is joined on left bank by **Eaton** brook, which rises by **Cardington**, 8 m. N.W. from **Longville**, runs 9 m. to **Marton Road**, and 4 m. down joins **Quenny**, which joins **Onny** 1 m. below. **Onny** runs to **Craven Arms**, 1 m., **Onibury**, 4 m., **Bromfield** and **Teme**, 4 m. Here the outflow of the **Decoy** pools, lying 2 m. to the S.W. of **Bromfield**, joins on right bank. **Teme** runs 3 m. to **Ludlow**, and here **Corve** joins on left bank. **Corve** rises 1 m. S. of **Burton**, m. from **Presthorne**, and 2 m. down is joined on right bank by a stream rising in **Letwiche mill pond** 2 m. up (n.s. **Longville**, 2 m.). **Corve** runs 5 m., when **Thonglands** brook, 5 m. long, joins on left bank. **Corve** runs 2 m., when **Tugford** brook, 5 m. long, joins on left bank. 5 m. down **Corve**, at **Culmington**, **Pye** brook, 7 m. long, joins on left bank. **Corve** joins **Teme** at **Ludlow**, 8 m. down (**Corve** is preserved by private owners throughout its length). 2 m. down **Teme** the drainage of the lakes in **Ludford Park**, 1 m. S. from **Ludlow**, joins on right bank. **Teme** runs to **Woolferton**, 4 m., and 1 m. down, **Brimfield** brook, rising in two ponds, and running by **Woolferton** Station, and 6 m. long, joins on right bank. 1 m. down **Teme**, at **Easton Court**, **West** brook, 4 m. long, joins on right bank. 1 m. down **Teme**, **Cadmore** brook, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. 1 m. down **Teme**, **Ledwych** joins on left bank. **Ledwych** rises 4 m. above **Middleton**, 3 m. N.E. from **Ludlow**, and is joined on right bank at that place by the outflow of the lakes at **Downton Hall**, 1 m. up. **Dogditch** brook, 5 m. long, joins also on the left bank. 3 m. down **Ledwych**, 2 m. S.E. of **Ludlow**, **Oay** brook, 3 m. long, joins on left bank. 1 m. down **Ledwych** the outflow of **Wooton pool**, 2 m. up, joins on left bank (n.s. **Ludlow** or **Tenbury**, 5 m.). 7 m. down, **Ledwych** joins **Teme**, which runs to **Tenbury**, 1 m. Here **Kyre** brook joins on right bank. **Kyre** rises 2 m. above **Kyre Magna**, runs through **Kyre Park** just below, receiving the outflow of **Kyre pool** 4 m. up. Thence to **Tenbury** is 5 m. 2 m. down **Teme**, **Corn** brook, 6 m. long, joins on left bank. 1 m. down **Teme**, by **Newnham Bridge**, **Rea** joins on left bank. **Rea** rises 15 m. above **Oleobury Mortimer**, and 5 m. down is joined on right bank by **Oleobury** brook,

3 m. long. Thence to **Cleobury** is 10 m., **Neen Sollers** 6 m., just above which **Banhall** brook, 3 m. long, joins on left bank. 1 m. below, **Hopton** brook joins on right bank. **Hopton** runs 3 m., when **Hopper** brook, 2 m. long, joins on right bank. Thence to **Rea** is 4 m.; **Rea** runs to **Newnham Bridge**, 2 m., where the outflow of **Bickley** pools, 2 m. up, join on right bank; thence to **Teme** is 1 m. **Teme** runs to **Eastham**, 3 m., where **Pipers** brook (trout) joins on right bank. 6 m. down **Teme**, at **Stanford Bridge**, the outflow of **Stanford Park** lake, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. up, joins on right bank. **Teme** runs 12 m. to **Knightstord Bridge**, **Knightswick** being 1 m. off on right bank (the landlord of the **Talbot** has 2 m. of good fishing); and here **Sapey** brook, 7 m. long, joins on right bank. **Teme** runs 3 m. to **Broadwas** and **Leigh Court**, 4 m. Here **Leigh** Brook joins on right bank. **Leigh**, under the name of **Cradley**, rises by **Colwall**, runs 4 m. to **Mathon**, 4 m. W. from **Great Malvern**, and joins **Teme** 10 m. down. **Teme** runs 2 m. to **Bransford**, and 3 m. down, at **Powick Bridge**, is joined on left bank by **Laughern** brook, which is 14 m. long, and passes close on the W. side of **Worcester**, and 2 m. down joins **Teme**, which joins **Severn** 2 m. down. **Severn** runs to **Kempsey**, 4 m.; **Upton-on-Severn**, 8 m.; **Ripple**, 4 m.; **Tewkesbury**, 4 m. Here **Ripple** brook, which drains the lakes in **Croome Park**, 3 m. N.W. from **Defford**, joins on left bank. Here also **Avon** joins on left bank. **Avon** rises in the reservoir by **Naseby** (n.s. **Kilworth**, 5 m.), and 3 m. down at **Welford**, 2 m. from **Kilworth**, is joined on right bank by the outflow from another reservoir 1 m. up. **Avon** runs 3 m. to **Kilworth**; **Stanford**, 4 m.; **Lilbourne**, 2 m. Here **Yelvertoft** brook, 6 m. long, joins on left bank. **Avon** runs to **Clifton**, 3 m.; **Rugby**, 3 m. Here **Swift** joins on right bank. **Swift** rises by **Kimcote**, 4 m. N.W. from **W. Kilworth**, runs 4 m. to **Lutterworth** (n.s. **Ullesthorpe**, 4 m.), and **Rugby** 8 m. **Avon** runs 10 m. to **Brandon**, and 9 m. below, at **Stoneleigh** (n.s. **Kenilworth**, 3 m.), is joined on right bank by **Sow**. **Sow** rises 3 m. above **Bedworth**, runs 2 m. to **Exhall**, where **Breach** brook, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. **Sow** runs 3 m. to **Foleshill**, where **Marches** Brook, 2 m. long, joins on left bank. **Sow** runs 3 m. to **Sow**, 3 m. from **Coventry**, where **Withy** brook, 6 m. long, joins on left bank. 1 m. down **Sow**, **Coomb** brook joins, which rises in **Burden** pool 5 m. above **Brinklow**, runs thence in 3 m. to the lake in **Coomb Park**, and join **Sow** $\frac{1}{2}$ m. on. 5 m. down **Sow**, **Sherburne** joins on right bank. **Sherburne** rises 5 m. above **Coventry**, and joins **Sow** 3 m. below. 2 m. down **Sow**, a stream joins on right bank 6 m. long, rising in some ponds on **Westwood Heath** (n.s. **Tile Hill**, 2 m., or **Kenilworth**, 3 m.). 1 m. down, **Sow** joins **Avon**, which runs 8 m. to **Loamington**. Here **Leam** joins on left bank. **Leam** rises 6 m. above **Braunston** (n.s. **Crick**, 5 m.), and 4 m. down is joined on right bank by **Rains** brook, 7 m. long, which runs 3 m. S. of **Rugby**. **Leam** runs to **Birdingbury** 5 m., and 3 m. down, at **Martin's**, is joined on left bank by **Ichene**. **Ichene** rises in a lake at **Stoneton House**, by **Wormleighton** (n.s. **Fenny Compton**, 2 m.), and 7 m. down is joined on left bank by **Ham** brook, which runs 1 m. N. from **Fenny Compton Station**, and is 4 m. long. **Ichene** runs 3 m. to **Harbury** and 3 m. to **Southam**, and 8 m. down joins **Leam**, which joins **Avon** 12 m. down. **Avon** runs 1 m. to **Warwick**, and 1 m. down is joined by a brook on left bank, which rises in a mill pond at **Chersterton**, 3 m. W. from **Harbury**, and 7 m. down waters the large lake in **Warwick Park** on the **Avon's** bank. **Avon** runs 3 m. to **Barford** and **Hampton Lacey** 5 m. (n.s. **Stratford-on-Avon**, 5 m.). Here **Theltesford** brook, 7 m. long, joins on left bank. A little below, running through **Charlote Park**, **Dene** joins on left bank. **Dene** rises by **Kington**, and 3 m. down is joined on right bank by a brook which rises in 3 ponds on **Pool Fields**, 2 m. N. from **Kington**, and waters the large lakes by **Coombrooke**, 2 m. N.W. from **Kington**, and joins **Dene** 1 m. down. **Dene** runs 8 m. to **Avon**, which runs to **Stratford**, 7 m. 1 m. below, **Stour** joins on left bank. **Stour** rises 12 m. above **Shipston** (n.s. **Campden**, 7 m.), and 7 m. down, at **Mitford Bridge**, is joined on left bank by **Compton** brook, 8 m. long. 1 m. down, at **Burmington**, **Knee** brook, which rises by **Campden**, runs 5 m. to **Blockley** and 8 m. to **Stour**, joins on left bank. **Stour** runs 3 m. to **Shipston**, **Halford** 5 m., 2 m. below which the outflow of **Ealington Park** lake, 1 m. up, joins on right bank. 9 m. down, **Stour** joins **Avon**. **Avon** runs to **Millicote** 2 m., **Bidford** 9 m. (fms: **Pleasure Boat** and **White Lion**; fishing very good), **Salford Priors** 2 m. Here **Arrow** joins on right bank. **Arrow** rises by **Alvechurch**, runs 5 m. to **Redditch**, just above which place a stream joins on right bank, draining the lake at **Hewell Grange** $2\frac{1}{2}$ m. N.W. from **Redditch**. 1 m. down **Arrow** a brook joins on right bank, draining the pond at **Ipsley Lodge**, 1 m. S.E. of **Redditch**. **Arrow** runs to **Studley**, 3 m.; **Congleton**, 3 m.; **Alcester**, 3 m. Here **Alne** joins on left bank. **Alne** rises above **Lapworth Bridge**, 4 m. N. from **Henley-in-Arden** (n.s. **Beasley Cross**, 5 m.), runs 20 m. to **Wootton Waven**, 2 m. S. of **Henley**, and 2 m. from **Beasley Cross**. Here **Alne** waters a large lake, and is joined also on right bank by a brook running down from **Henley**. 2 m. down **Alne**, at **Gray Mill**, **Edstone** brook, which rises by **Matton**, runs 6 m. to **Beasley Cross** and 2 m. to **Alne**, joins on left bank. **Alne** runs to **Alcester** 7 m. 2 m. down **Arrow** the outflow of the lake in **Bagley Park**, 1 m. N.W. of **Wixford**, joins on right bank. **Arrow** runs to **Wixford** 1 m., and **Salford Priors** and **Avon** 3 m. Here **Ban** brook, 5 m. long, joins on right bank. **Avon** runs 3 m. to **Harvington**, and 2 m. down, by **Offenham**, **Wickham** brook joins on left bank. **Wickham** rises 2 m. above **Child's** **Wickham** (n.s. **Hinton**, 5 m.), runs to **Badsey** 4 m., and **Offenham** 3 m. **Avon** runs to **Evesham** 2 m.

and here Isborne joins on left bank. Isborne rises by **Winchcombe** (n.s. **Cheltenham**, 8 m., S.W.), runs 12 m. to **Hinton**, and **Evesham** 3 m. Avon runs 7 m. to **Orophthorn**, **Pershore** 5 m. Here Wyre joins 1 m. above the town on right bank. Wyre rises by **Inkberrow** (n.s. **Alcester**, 6 m.), runs 6 m. to **Flyford Flavell**, and 5 m. down is joined on left bank by **Whitsun** brook, which rises above **Bishampton** (n.s. **Pershore**, 5 m.), and is 6 m. long. Wyre runs to **Pershore** and Avon 3 m. 8 m. down Avon, by **Defford**, Bow brook joins on right bank. Bow rises 7 m. N.W. of **Alcester**, above **Fickenham**, and 5 m. down is joined on right bank by **Dean** brook, 3 m. long. Bow runs to **Himbleton** 1 m., 5 m. to **White Ladies' Ashton**, 2 m. from **Spetchley**, **Pershore** station 4 m., and 2 m. down is joined on right bank by **Stoulton** brook, which drains the lake in **Spetchley Park**, 6 m. up by **Spetchley**. Bow joins Avon 4 m. down at **Defford**. Avon runs 4 m. to **Bredon**, and **Severn**, at **Tewkesbury**, 4 m. Here **Carant** brook, 7 m. long, joins on left bank. 1 m. down **Severn** **Swilgare** joins on left bank. **Swilgare** rises at **Prestbury**, 2 m. N.E. from **Cheltenham**, runs 4 m. to **Cleve** station, and 5 m. down close by **Tewkesbury**, is joined on right bank by **Tirle** brook, 5 m. long. 1 m. down, **Swilgare** joins **Severn**. 5 m. down **Severn** by **Norton**, 5 m. from **Gloucester** **Chelt** joins on left bank. **Chelt** rises 4 m. above **Cheltenham**, and runs to **Norton** 7 m., and **Severn** 2 m. **Severn** runs 8 m. to **Gloucester**, just above which **Longford** brook, 8 m. long, joins on left bank. Close to the junction with **Severn**, **Broadboard** brook, 7 m. long, joins **Longford** on right bank. At **Gloucester**, **Leadon** joins **Severn** on right bank. **Leadon** rises 7 m. above **Ledbury**, a mile above which place a stream joins on left bank, 2 m. long, draining the **Dogberry** pools. 2 m. down **Leadon** the drainings of the canal reservoir $\frac{1}{2}$ m. up join on left bank. 1 m. down **Leadon** is **Dormington**, and 2 m. **Dymock** (n.s. **Ledbury**, 5 m.), where **Preston** river joins, 9 m. long, on right bank. **Leadon** runs to **Pauntley**, 6 m., and 3 m. down at **Upleadon** (n.s. **Gloucester**, 9 m.) is joined on left bank by **Clynch** brook, which rises in **Eastnor Castle** lake, 2 m. E. from **Ledbury**, and is 11 m. long. **Leadon** runs to **Hartbury**, 3 m., where **Newent** brook which rises above **Newent** (n.s. **Gloucester**, 10 m.), and is 6 m. long, joins on right bank. **Leadon** runs 5 m. to **Gloucester**. Here also **Twilver** 6 m. long, joins **Severn** on left bank. (See **Upleadon**, **Newent**.) (c.s.) Close to the town are some pits holding perch, tench, and pike; fishing free. Hotels: **Wellington**, **Bell**, and **Spread Eagle**.

Glynde (Sussex).—L.B. & S.C.R. (See **Newhaven**.)

Gnosall (Stafford).—L. & N.W.R.; G.N.R. **Eaton** water. (See **Gainsborough**.)

Gobowen (Salop).—G.W.R. **Perrv**. (See **Gloucester**.) (c.s. **Severn**.)

Godalming (Surrey).—L. & S.W.R. **Wey**; preserved by a society. (See **London**, L.T.)

Hotels: **King's Arms**, **Angel**.

Goldsborough (York).—N.E.R. **Nidd**; preserved by the **Knaresborough Angling Club** hence up to **Ripley**, d.t. hence to **Knaresborough High Bridge**, 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ m., i.e., from the secretaries; hon. sec., J. G. Brown, Esq. (c.s. **York**.) (See **York**.)

Gomshall (Surrey).—S.E.R. (See **London**, L.T.) On **Tillingbourne**; trout. There are some lakes at **Albury Park**.

Goodworth Clatford (Hants).—L. & S.W.R. On **Test**; trout, grayling. (See **Southampton and Andover**.) The owner of **Clatford Mills** has extensive rights.

Goole (Yorks).—N.E.R.; G.C.E.; L. & Y.R. **Don** or **Dun**. (c.s. **Yorkshire**.) **Don** rises in **Dunford Bridge** reservoir at **Dunford Bridge**, runs to **Hazelhead Bridge** 3 m., **Penistone** 4 m.; here **Scout** dyke, 4 m. long, joins on left bank. **Don** runs to **Deep Car** 7 m. Here **Little Don**, which rises in **Cloudberry Moor**, 2 m. S. across the hills from **Dunford Bridge**, runs 4 m. to the post road 2 m. S. of **Hazelhead Bridge**, joins **Don** 7 m. down on right bank. 2 m. down **Don** from **Deep Car**, **Ewden** river, 8 m. long, joins on right bank. **Don** runs 1 m., where **Tinkers** brook (running 1 m. N.W. of **Oughtibridge**), 3 m. long, joins on right bank. **Don** reaches **Oughtibridge**, and here joins on right bank a brook draining a pond 1 m. up. **Don** runs to **Wadesley Bridge** 2 m. 2 m. below **Wadesley Bridge** **Bowel** joins on right bank. **Bowel** rises in a large reservoir in the hills, and 1 m. down is joined on the left bank by a short stream draining **Agden** reservoir. 2 m. down **Bowel**, **Uphill** brook, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. 2 m. down **Bowel**, **Storr** brook, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. 2 m. down **Bowel**, **Rivelin** joins on right bank. **Rivelin** rises on the **Hallam Moors**, and 3 m. down forms a large reservoir 7 m. W. of **Sheffield**. Here a stream joins on right bank, draining another reservoir 1 m. up, 7 m. W. of **Sheffield**. **Rivelin** runs 5 m. to **Bowel**, which joins **Don** 1 m. below. **Don** runs 2 m. to **Sheffield**. Here **Porter** brook, 6 m. long, joins on right bank, and at the same point of junction **Sheaf** also joins **Don**. **Sheaf** rises 5 m. above **Beauchief** Station, a mile above which place **Fenny** brook, 4 m. long, joins on left bank. **Sheaf** runs 1 m. to **Mill Houses**, where a stream joins on right bank, draining the lake at **Norton Hall**, 2 m. up. **Sheaf** runs 1 m. to **Hesley**, where **Moors** brook, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. Hence to **Sheffield** and **Don** is 2 m. **Don** runs to **Brightside**, 3 m., and **Blackburn Junction** 1 m. Here **Car** brook, 4 m. long, joins on right bank, and **Blackburn** brook on left bank. **Blackburn** rises 4 m. above **Chapelton**, runs 2 m. to **Noddenfield**, **Grange Lane** 1 m., and joins **Don** 2 m. below. **Don** runs to **Botherham** 2 m. Here **Rother** joins on right bank. **Rother** rises 2 m. above **Claycross**, and 1 m. below is joined on left bank by **Hockley** brook, which rises in **Great dam** 4 m. S.W. of **Chesterfield**, or $3\frac{1}{2}$ m. N.W. of **Claycross**, runs thence to **Hockley** 1 m., where are two lakes

at Wingerworth Hall, $2\frac{1}{2}$ m. N.W. of **Claycross**; thence to Rother is 1 m. Rother runs to **Chesterfield** 4 m. Here Hipper joins on left bank. Hipper rises in two ponds by the Swiss Cottage on the borders of East Moor, 3 m. N.E. of **Howley**, runs 9 m., where Linacre brook, which rises in a pond by Birley, 6 m. N.W. of **Chesterfield**, and is 6 m. long, joins on left bank. From this junction to **Chesterfield** is 1 m. Muster brook, which rises in some ponds at Williamthorpe, 2 m. N.E. of **Claycross**, and is 5 m. long, also joins on right bank. Rother runs to **Whittington** 2 m. Here Drone joins on left bank. Drone rises above **Dronfield**, runs 2 m. to **Unston**, and **Sheepbridge** 2 m. Here Millthorpe brook, 6 m. long, joins on right bank. Drone runs 2 m. to Rother. Rother runs 3 m. to **Staveley**. Here a brook joins on right bank, draining All Pits pond by Oldfields, 2 m. N.E. of **Chesterfield**, and another pond close to its junction with Rother. Rother runs to **Eckington** 4 m. Here Doe Lea river joins on right bank. Doe Lea rises in two ponds, Great pond and Miller's pond, 3 m. N.W. of **Tiversall**, and half a mile below the last named receives the outfall of Stainsby pond $\frac{1}{2}$ m. up, 4 m. N.W. of **Tiversall**. Doe Lea runs 2 m., where Stockley brook, 2 m. long, rising in a pond, joins on right bank. 3 m. down Doe Lea a stream, 2 m. long, which drains the lake in the Deer Park at Sutton Scarsdale, 4 m. S.E. of **Chesterfield**, joins on left bank. 2 m. down Doe Lea a brook joins on right bank, draining Woodthorpe Mill dam 1 m. up, 2 m. S.W. of **Staveley**. Hence to Rother is 3 m. At **Eckington** a brook joins Rother on right bank, draining Quarry dam 1 m. up, and 2 m. W. of the station. Rother runs 2 m., where Moss brook, 4 m. long, joins on left bank, and 1 m. down Rother is **Killamarsh**. Here Short brook, 3 m. long, joins on left bank, and 1 m. down Rother, Pebley brook joins on right bank. Pebley rises in Barlborough Hall lake, 3 m. S.E. of **Killamarsh**, runs $\frac{1}{2}$ m. to Pebley dam, and $\frac{1}{2}$ m. below is joined on right bank by the outflow of Harthill reservoir and Woodhall pond immediately below. 2 m. down is the outflow of Woodhall Moor dams, close to the brook on the right bank, and 2 m. below again is Rother. Rother runs 2 m., where Pigeon Bridge brook, which rises in a pond in Sicker Wood, 3 m. E. of **Woodhouse Mill**, and is 2 m. long, joins on right bank. Half a mile down Rother, Shire brook, 4 m. long, joins on left bank. Rother runs 1 m. to **Woodhouse**, **Treeton** 2 m., **Rotherham** and **Don** 4 m. Don runs to **Park Gate** 3 m. Here Dalton brook, 3 m. long, joins on right bank, and Morley brook on left bank. Morley rises 2 or 3 m. above Wentworth Park, where it waters the Morley ponds, and joins Don 2 m. below. Don runs to **Kilnhurst** 2 m., **Swinton** 2 m., **Mexborough** 1 m. 3 m. below, Dearne joins on left bank. Dearne rises above **Denby Dale**, and runs thence 2 m. to **West Clayton**, and 2 m. below waters Bretton Park lake, 1 m. W. of **Haigh**; the lake is 1 m. long, and the outflow runs 1 m. to **Haigh**. Dearne now runs to **Darton** 2 m. 1 m. down, Darton brook, which rises in a pond by Gamthwaite Mill, 2 m. N. of **Penistone**, and is 6 m. long, joins on right bank. Dearne runs to **Barnsley** 4 m., **Outworth** 4 m., **Darfield** 4 m. Here Dove joins on right bank. Dove rises in Lowe Mill reservoir, 1 m. S.E. of **Dodworth**. 1 m. down, Dove waters another large reservoir 1 m. W. of **Dove Cliff**. This latter lake receives in an arm on right bank the outflow, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. long, of Rockley dam, 1 m. N.W. of **Birdwell**. Dove runs 2 m. to **Dove Cliff**, **Wombwell** 3 m., and Dearne 1 m. Dearne runs 2 m., where New beck, which rises in a large reservoir lying 2 m. N.E. of **Chapelton** and is 5 m. long, joins on right bank. 1 m. down Dearne, Ings dyke, which runs 1 m. E. of **Darfield** and is 5 m. long, joins on left bank. Dearne runs 1 m. to **Bolton-on-Dearne**, and joins Don 6 m. below. Don runs 1 m. to **Conisborough**, **Doncaster** 5 m., **Barnby** 6 m., **Stainforth** 6 m., **Thorne** 2 m. 4 m. down, Went joins on left bank. Went rises in the mill pond at **Charlston**, and 3 m. down is joined on right bank by a stream 2 m. long, draining the upper and lower lakes at Nostell Priory by **Nostell**. Went runs to **Ackworth** 2 m., **Kirk Smeaton** 6 m., **Worton** 2 m. 3 m. down, Lake Drain joins on left bank, which rises in the lake in Stapleton Park 1 m. W. of **Womersley**, and is 5 m. long. Went runs 1 m. to **Balne**, and Don 6 m. Don runs 6 m. to **Goole**.

Goring (Oxford).—G.W.R. Thames. *Hotels*: Sloane, Miller of Mansfield. *Fisherman*: G. Bartholomew. **Strealey**—*Hotels*: Swan and Bull. *Fisherman*: J. Saunders. (See London, M.T.) Chub fishing good, other fishing uncertain.

Goring (Sussex).—L.B. & S.C.R. (See Little Hampton.)

Govilon (Monmouth).—L. & N.W.R. Usk; trout, salmon. (c.s.) Wenarth. *Lakes*: Forge Pond 2 m. (See Newport.)

Orange Court (Gloucester).—G.W.R. Hope brook ($\frac{1}{2}$ m.) (See Westbury.)

Orange Lane (Yorks).—G.C.E. Blackburn brook. (See Goole.)

Grampond (Cornwall).—G.W.R. Fal. Fal rises on the E. side of Castle Down (n.s. St. Columb, 3 m.), runs 3 m., and is joined on right bank by the outflow of a large lake on Tregoss Moor, close to the river. 1 m. down Fal a stream joins on left bank, which is 2 m. long, and a branch of which drains another pond on Tregoss Moor. Fal runs 5 m. to St. Stephen's, and 2 m. down (n.s. **Grampond Road**, G.W.R., $\frac{1}{2}$ m.) is joined on left bank by Gwenda Water, 5 m. long, passing St. Stephen's midway. Fal runs 2 m. to **Grampond**, Tregony 2 m., and 6 m. down runs into Falmouth Harbour. (c.s. **Powey**.)

Grampond Road (Cornwall).—G.W.R. Tresillian water; trout, grilse. Treslissick brook. (See Truro, New Quay, Tregony, Veryan.)

Grantham (Lincoln).—G.N.R. Witham; good trouting, but strictly preserved. Old beck, 4 m. W., at **Sedgebrook**. Devon, 6 m. W., at **Mottesford**. *Lakes*: Belton

- Park lakes, 3 m. N. Denton reservoir, 3 m. S.W.; pike, perch, bream. Syston Park lakes, 4 m. W., by **Markston**. Denton House lakes, 4 m. S.W. Belvoir Castle lake, 7 m. S.W. Knipston reservoir, 8 m. S.W. Croxton Park lakes, 8 m. S.W. (*See Boston*.) The Grantham and Bottisford Angling Associations have some 8 or 10 m. of water on the canal (pike, perch, roach, bream); tickets for the Bottisford stretch from Mr. Sherwin, Rutland Arms, Bottisford. *Hotels*: George, Angel, and Royal.
- Grant's House Station** (Northland).—(*See Berwick*.) Whiteadder; trout.
- Grasmere**.—(*See Ambleside*.)
- Grassington** (York), n.s. **Bolton Abbey**, 9 m.—Wharfe; trout, grayling; preserved by the Grassington Angling club; sec., W. Harker, Grassington, Skipton; s.t. 10s., d.t. 2s. 6d. (*c.s. York*.) Eller beck. Hebden beck, 2 m. E. *Lakes*: Priest tarn, 5 m. N., at Black Edge. Blea beck dams, 4 m. N.E. *Boarding House*: Grassington House. (*See York*.)
- Grateley** (Hants).—L. & S.W.R. Winterbourne; trout and coarse fish. (*See Christchurch*.) (*c.s. Avon*.)
- Great Bridgford** (Stafford).—L. & N.W.R. Sow. Chamford brook, 3 m. S.W. (*See Gainsborough*.)
- Great Chesterford** (Essex).—G.E.R. Cam; pike, roach, &c.; preserved. (*See King's Lynn*.)
- Great Haywood** (Stafford), n.s. **Colwich**, 1 m.—Trent; roach, pike, chub, trout; fishing very good; preserved below by Mr. L. Morgan, above by landlord, Clifford Arms. (*c.s.*) Sow; roach, pike, chub. Sherbrook brook, 1 m. S.W. Colton brook, 3 m. E. Blythe, 5 m. W. *Lakes*: Tixall Park pool, 2 m. N.W. Oakedge Park lakes, 2 m. S.E. (*See Gainsborough*.)
- Great Marlow** (Bucks).—G.W.R. Thames; perch, roach, trout, pike, chub. *Hotels*: Anglers. Crown, Railway, Greyhound, George and Dragon. *Fishermen*: H. Rookell, W. and G. Coster, A. Cox, and G. Grove. (*See London, M.T.*)
- Great Ponton** (Lincoln).—G.N.R. Witham. Stoke brook. Cringle brook, 2 m. S. *Lakes*: Stoke Mill pond, 1 m. S. Wyvill ponds, 3 m. W. (*See Boston*.)
- Greenfield** (Yorks).—L. & N.W.B. Tame. Greenfield brook. Chew brook, 2 m. E. (*See Runcorn*.)
- Green Road**.—F.R. Black Beck runs 1 m. off. This stream rises on Thwaites Fell, and in 4½ m. reaches Broadgate. From Broadgate Bridge to Hallthwaites Bridge is 1 m. From Hallthwaites to its junction with the Duddon Estuary is 2 m.
- Grimoldby** (Lincoln).—G.N.R. Grayfleet. (*See Saltfleet*.)
- Grimsthorpe** (Lincs).—L. & N.W.R.; L. & Y.R. Tun brook. Ribble, 2 m. E. (*See Preston*.)
- Grimsby** (Lincoln).—G.N.R.; G.C.R. 1 m. N.W. runs Laceby beck. 6 m. long.
- Grimston** (Leicester).—M.R. *Lake*: Saxelby pond, 1 m. E. (*See Gainsborough*.)
- Grimstone** (Dorset).—G.W.R. Frome. Piddle. Salmon, trout. (*See Wareham*.) (*c.s.*)
- Grindley** (Stafford).—L. & N.W.R.; G.N.R. Blythe. (*c.s. Trent*.) Tad brook, 2 m. S.E. (*See Gainsborough*.)
- Grinstead, West** (Sussex).—L.B. & S.C.R. On Adur. (*See New Shoreham*.)
- Gristhorpe** (York).—N.E.R. Helford; coarse fish. (*See Wressel*.)
- Groombridge** (Kent).—L.B. & S.C.R. (*See Rochester*.) On Medway.
- Grove Ferry** (Kent).—S.E.R. On Stour; trout, perch, bream, roach, tench, jack; preserved by Fordwich and Grove Ferry Angling Club to Plucks Gutter; hon. sec., Mr. F. C. Nash, Parade, Canterbury; s.t. 21s.; d.t. coarse fish, 1s. (*c.s.*) Good accommodation at Ship Inn, Up-street, Grove Ferry. (*See Sandwich*; *Canterbury*.)
- Guernsey**.—Pollack (here called whiting), mackerel, turbot, &c., are taken. Best season from April to end of October. *Fishermen*: F. Rich or R. Ferguson. *Tamps*: 10s. per diem. Sea-fishing can be had from the pier at St. Peter's Port, and at St. Sampson's, with rod and ledger lines, for pollack and sand smelts. *Hotels*: Gardner's, Royal, Channel Islands, Old Government House.
- Guildford** (Surrey).—L. & S.W.R.; L.B. & S.C.R., and S.E.R. *Hotels*: White Lion, Angel. (*See London, L.T.*) Wey; pike, roach, bream; fishing free and decent, but preserved above in parts. At Clandon Park are some lakes, also on Broad Street and Whitmore Commons.
- Guisley** (York).—M.B.; N.E.R. Mire beck. Yeadon beck, 1 m. S. Alra, 2 m. S. (*c.s. York*.) *Lakes*: Yeadon Moor pond, 2 m. E. (*See Rawcliffe*.)
- Gunton** (Norfolk).—G.E.E. Gunton beck. *Lakes*: 3 in Gunton Park (Lord Suffield); pike, &c. (*See Yarmouth*.)
- Gwyhirne** (Camba).—G.N.R.; G.E.R. Nen; pike, perch, bream, chub, &c. (*See Wisbeach*.)
- Gwinear** (Cornwall).—G.W.R. Hayle; trout. Gwinear water. (*See Hayle*.) (*c.s. Camel*.)
- Gwinear Road** (Cornwall). G.W.R. Gwinear water. (*See Cambourne*.) (*c.s. Camel*.)
- Hackness** (York), n.s. **Scarboro'**, 6 m.—Derwent; trout and grayling; preserved from Hilla Green Bridge, 2 m. above, to Hertford Dale Bridge, 7 m. below, by the Derwent Angling Club of 40 members; entrance, 63s.; s.t., 50s.; strangers s.t., 84s.; d.t., 5s.; upper water, lower water, 2s. 6d. Trouting begins April 15, ends Sept. 30; grayling June 16 and March 14. Fly only in the upper part (no d.t. in May and June, no dogs, no wading), below **Ayton** all lures. Tickets from Mr. W. J. Clarke, Huntres-row, Scarboro'. Capt. Hon. F. Johnstone preserves from Barnes Cliff above to Hilla Green Bridge; s.t. 5s., for artificial fly only, from May 1 to Aug. 1, from Mr. Little, Hackness. Lowdale beck. Troutdale beck, 1½ m. W.; trout. Black beck, 2 m. N.W.; preserved by Mr. Bland. Deepdale beck, 3 m. N.W. Hipper beck, 4 m. N.W.; very few trout. Stockland beck,

- 5 m. N.W. Yugger How beck, 5 m. N. *Hotel*: Everley Arms, having a free ticket for the D.A. Club water. (*See Wressell*.)
- Haddiscoe** (Norfolk).—G.E.R. Waveney. New Cut. *Lakes*: Fritton Decoy, 1 m.; leave required; boats at Fritton Hall. (*See Yarmouth*.) (*c.s. Norfolk*.)
- Hadfield** (Derby).—M.R.; G.N.R. Etherow. Hollingworth brook. Armfield brook. Shelf brook, 1 m. S.W. (*See Runcorn*.)
- Hadham** (Essex).—G.E.R. (*See Stratford*.) On Ash; a few trout, pike, &c.
- Hadleigh** (Suffolk).—G.E.R. Brett; pike, perch, roach, carp, tench, dace. Stour, 6 m. S.; pike, perch, roach, carp, dace, tench. (*c.s. S. and E.*) (*See Manningtree*.)
- Hadley** (Salop).—L. & N.W.R. Preston brook (2 m. N.W.), and a lake in which the brook rises. (*See Gloucester*.)
- Hadnall** (Salop).—L. & N.W.R. Sundown brook. Roden (4 m. E.) (*See Gloucester*.) (*c.s. Severn*.)
- Haigh** (Yorks).—L. & Y.R. Dearne. *Lakes*: Bretton Park lake, 1 m. W. (*See Goole*.)
- Hailsham** (Sussex).—L.B. & S.C.R. Cuckware, 2 m. (*See Bexhill*.)
- Halesowen** (Worcester).—G.W.R.; L. & N.W.R. Stour. *Rea*. *Lakes*: Grange Mill pond. Sutley Mill pond (2 m. W.). New pool (3 m. N.W.). Frankley pond, 3 m. S.E. (*See Gloucester*; *Gainsborough*.) (*c.s. Severn*.)
- Halesworth** (Suffolk).—G.E.R. Wissett brook; coarse fish. Blyth, 1 m. S.; coarse fish. (*See Southwold*.)
- Halewood** (Lancs.).—C. Lines R.; S. & C.L.R. Ditton brook. (*See Runcorn*.)
- Halifax** (York).—G.N.R.; L. & Y.R.; L. & N.W.R. Calder, 2 m. S. (*c.s. York*.) (*See Rawcliffe*.)
- Hallatrow** (Somerset).—G.W.R. (*See Bristol*.) *Lakes*: Stone Easton Park lake.
- Hallington** (Lincoln).—G.N.R. Ludd. (*See Louth*.)
- Halstead** (Essex).—G.E.R. Colne; pike, perch, roach; leave freely given by the farmers. Gosfield brook, 2 m. S. Pebmarsh brook, 3 m. E. *Lake*: Gosfield Hall lake. (*See Colchester*.)
- Hammer-smith** (Middx.).—L. & S.W.R. Thames. (*See London, L.T.*)
- Hamerton** (York).—N.E.R. Nidd. (*c.s. York*.) (*See York*.)
- Hammerwich** (Stafford).—L. & N.W.R. Bileston brook, 3 m. N. Ashmore brook, 3 m. N.E. *Lakes*: Coney Mill pond, 3 m. N.W. (*See Gainsborough*.)
- Hamphthwaite** (York).—N.E.R. Nidd. (*c.s. York*.) Bowden beck. Kettlesing beck. (*See York*.)
- Hampton** (Middx.).—L. & S.W.R. Thames. (*See London, L.T.*) *Inns*: Red Lion, Tagg's Island Hotel (where some private fishing can be had), and Bell. *Fishermen*: W. Benn, J. Langshaw and Son, and G. Martin at Tagg's Island.
- Hampton** (Salop).—G.W.B. Severn; pike, perch, chub, dace, trout, salmon. Borle brook (2 m. W.). Mor brook (2½ m. N.). (*See Gloucester*.) (*c.s. Severn*.)
- Hampton** (Warwick).—L. & N.W.R. Blythe; bream, roach. (*c.s. Trent*.) *Lakes*: Packington Park, 2 m. (*See Gainsborough*.)
- Hampton Court** (Middx.).—L. & S.W.R. Thames, Mole, the Island Fishery, Home Park ponds, and Bushy ponds. *Hotels*: Mitre, King's Arms, Greyhound. *E. Moulsey*. Island, Castle, Thames, and Carnarvon Castle. *Fishermen*: W. and T. Milbourne, J. Smith, G. Martin. In the Home Park are some ponds; pike, perch, carp, tench; free. Fishing free in Bushey and Home Park ponds.
- Handbrough** (Oxford).—G.W.R. On Evenlode and Glyme. (*See London, U.T.*) A day's fishing may sometimes be had in the lakes in Blenheim Park from the steward of the Duke of Marlborough.
- Handforth** (Cheshire).—L. & N.W.R. Dean. (*See Runcorn*.)
- Hanley** (Stafford).—L. & N.W.R.; G.N.R. Trent. (*c.s.*) Fowler brook. (*See Gainsborough*.)
- Hanwell** (Middx.).—G.W.R. Brent; fishing poor and free; perch, pike, and chub. (*See London, L.T.*) At Osterley Park are two fine lakes; perch.
- Hanwood** (Salop).—L. & N.W.R.; G.W.R. Rea; roach, dace, chub; fishing free. Yockleton brook. Longden brook (2½ m. S.). *Lakes*: Onslow Hall lake (3 m. N.). (*See Gloucester*.) (*c.s. Severn*.)
- Harbottle** (Northland.).—On Coquet; trout. (*See Warkworth*.) (*c.s.*) Near here is Harbottle Lough; trout.
- Harbury** (Warwick).—G.W.B. Itchene. *Lakes*: Chesterton Mill Pond (3 m. W.). (*See Southam, Gloucester*.)
- Hardingham** (Norfolk).—G.E.R. Yare. (*c.s. N. and S.*) Blackwater river. (*See Yarmouth*.)
- Hardleston** (Norfolk).—G.E.R. Waveney, 1 m. S. (*c.s. Norfolk*.) (*See Yarmouth*.)
- Harling** (Norfolk).—G.E.R. Thet; private. (*See King's Lynn*.) (*c.s. Norfolk*.)
- Harlington** (Beds).—M.R. Tod, 3 m. N.W.; few coarse fish. *Lakes*: Tingrith House Lake (3 m. N.W.); good fishing, strictly private. (*See King's Lynn*.)
- Harlow** (Essex).—G.E.R. (*See Stratford*.) On Stort; fishing on the towing path is free; leave is freely given for the back waters and mill tails; pike, perch, tench, roach, chub, grayling, rudd, carp, bream, barbel, trout. *Hotel*: Railway. (*c.s.*)
- Harmston** (Lincoln).—G.N.R. Witham, 2 m. W. Brant, 2 m. W. (*See Boston*.)
- Harpenden** (Herts).—M.R. & G.N.R. On Lea; fishing can be had from the millers and landowners, who often give permission, and sometimes let the fishing. (*See Stratford and London, M.T.*) *Hotel*: Railway, where all information can be had.
- Harrington** (Northton).—M.R. Welland. (*See Spalding*.)

- Harrogate** (York).—N.E.R.; G.N.R.; L. & N.W.R.; M.B.; L. & Y.R. Crimble, 4 m. S.W.; trout; preserved for 10 m. by the Harrogate Angling Association. The Association preserves also 9 m. of Nidd and 3 m. of Oak beck; entrance 21s., s.t. 21s.; all kinds of fish. The Harrogate Conservative Club preserves a short length of Upper Nidd at Dacre, and also a portion of Crimble and Oak beck; entrance 42s., s.t. 10s. 6d. (See York.)
- Harrold** (Beds).—N.A. **Sharnbrook**. 4 m.—Ouse; coarse fish except barbel; fishing private. (c.s. N. and S.) (See King's Lynn.)
- Harston** (Cambs).—G.N.R. Rhee; coarse fish. Cam, 3 m.; coarse fish. (See King's Lynn.)
- Hartfield** (Kent).—L.B. & S.C.R. On Medway. (See Rochester.)
- Hartington**, n.s. **Parsley Hay**, 3 m. (Derby).—M.R. Dove; trout, grayling. (c.s. Trent.) Hotel: Charles Cotton (very comfortable), where free fishing can be had by guests in Dove and Mainfold. Mannyfold, 1 m. W.; trout, grayling; preserved as Dove. Elkstone brook, 4 m. S.W., beyond Mannyfold. Hamps, 7 m. S.W., at Oneocote. (See Gainsborough.)
- Hartland** (Devon).—(N.s. **Bideford**, G.W.R., 15 m.) Hartland Abbey stream. Spoke's Mill (2 m.). Welcombe (4 m.). Torridge (5 m.). Marshland (6 m.). All hold trout, Marshland especially. Hotels: New Inn and King's Arms. Hartland Abbey stream rises 4 m. E. of Hartland, and joins the sea 3 m. down. Spoke's Mill stream rises 2 m. S. of Hartland, and is 4 m. long. Welcombe rises 4 m. S. of Hartland, runs 4 m., and is joined on right bank by a stream 3 m. long. Marshland rises 5 m. S. of Hartland, and is 4 m. long, joining the sea close to Welcombe stream. Fish of all kinds may be killed off the coast and in the fissures of the rocks at low tide. Capital bass fishing with indiarubber sand-eel at times from a boat.
- Harton Road** (Salop).—G.W.R. Eaton brook. Quenny brook (3 m. W.). Lakes: Lutwiche mill pond (2 m. N.E.). (See Gloucester.)
- Harvington** (Warwick).—G.W.B. Avon; chub, pike, perch, roach, dace, bream; preserved by Evasham Fish Preservation Society. The two stretches of the Avon known as Honey and Pike are rented by the owner of the Mill water rights. (See Evasham.) Wickham brook (3 m. S.). (See Gloucester.) (c.s. Severn.)
- Harwich** (Essex).—G.E.R. At Dovercourt runs Ramsey brook, 7 m. long.
- Harwood Dale** (Yorks).—9 m. from **Scarborough**. Jagger Howe Beck and Derwent Trout and grayling; free. (See Hackness.)
- Hastlemere** (Surrey).—L. & S.W.R. (See London, L.T.; Little Hampton.) Hotel: White Horse.
- Hastlingden** (Lanca).—L. & N.W.R. Swinnel brook. Irwell, 2 m. E. at Rawtenstall. (See Runcorn.)
- Hassocks Gate** (Sussex).—L.B. & S.C.R. (See New Shoreham.)
- Hatch** (Somerset).—G.W.R. (See Bridgwater.)
- Hatfield** (Herts).—G.N.R. On Lea. The river belongs to the Marquis of Salisbury, who sometimes gives permission. In Hatfield Park is a large lake; pike and coarse fish. (See Stratford.)
- Hathern** (Leicester).—M.R. Soar; pike, perch, bream, roach, carp, tench. (c.s. Trent.) Osgathorpe brook. Dishley brook, 1 m. S. Kingston brook, 2 m. N.E. Lakes: Garendon Park lake 2 m. S. (See Gainsborough.)
- Hathersage** (Derby), n.s. **Bakewell**.—M.R. Derwent; trout, grayling; preserved by the Derwent Fly-fishing Club from Yorkshire bridge above to New bridge below, where the Duke of Devonshire's water begins (see *Baslow, Ashopton*). (c.s. Trent.) Hood brook; trout. Highlow brook, 1 m. S. Now, 2 m. N.W. Barbage brook, 3 m. S.E. (See Gainsborough.)
- Hatton** (Warwick).—G.W.R. Edstone brook. (See Gloucester.)
- Haughley** (Suffolk).—G.E.R. Gipping. Lake: Wetherden. (See Ipswich.)
- Haverhill** (Suffolk).—G.E.R. Albery brook. Stour, 2 m. E. Birdbrook, 3 m. S.E. (c.s. S. and E.) (See Manningtree.)
- Hawes** (York).—N.E.R.; M.B. Upper Yore; trout, grayling; preserved, with all its tributaries, from the Moor Cock Inn, 6 m. above, to Yore Bridge, 5 m. below (1 m. above **Askrigg**), by the Hawes and High Abbotsford Angling Association. Non-residents, s.t. 10s., w.t. 5s., d.t. 2s.; residents, s.t., 5s.; fishing begins March 16 and ends Oct. 1; hon. sec., Mr. J. Fawcett, Crown Hotel, Hawes. (c.s. York.) Hearne beck. Duerley beck. Mossdale beck. Widdale beck, 1 m. W. Cotterdale beck, 2 m. N.W. Snaizholme beck, 3 m. S.W. Lakes: Big and Little Widdale tarns, 5 m. S.W.; fishless. Hotels: Crown, where all tickets can be had, and White Hart. (See York.)
- Hawes' Water** (Westland).—Trout and char.
- Haxby** (York).—N.E.R. Foss. (See York.)
- Hayfield** (Derby).—M.R. Sett brook. Now, 4 m. E. (See Runcorn Gainsborough.)
- Hayle** (Cornwall).—G.W.R. Hayle; trout. Hayle rises in Clowance Park (n.s. **Gwinear Road**, G.W.R., 3 m.) runs 4 m., and is joined on left bank by Germoe brook, 3 m. long. Hayle runs to **St. Erth** (G.W.R.), 3 m., and Hayle 2 m. Here Gwinear water, which rises by **Gwinear** (G.W.R.), and is 5 m. long, joins on right bank. The tide flows to this point. (c.s. Camel.)
- Hayling Island**.—There is very good fishing from boats in the harbour, all sorts of fish especially bass. A lady keeps a boarding establishment, and there is a good hotel.
- Hazelhead Bridge** (Yorks).—G.C.B. Don. (c.s. Yorkshire.) Little Don, 1 m. S. (See Goolse.)
- Hazlewood** (Derby).—M.R. Ecclesbourne. Derwent, 2 m. S.E., at **Dunfield**. (c.s. Trent.) (See Gainsborough.) Hotel: Star and Garter.

- Heather** (Leicester).—M.R.; L. & N.W.R. Sence. Blower's brook. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Headcorn** (Kent).—S.E.R. (*See Rochester.*) On Bault; trout.
- Heapy** (Lanca).—L. & N.W.B.; L. & Y.R. Black brook. (*See Hesketh Bank.*)
- Heatherstett** (Norfolk).—G.E.R. Yare, 2 m. N.E. *Lakes*: Ketteringham Hall, 1 m. S. Carlton Lodge lake, 3 m. S.E. Bracon Hall lake, 4 m. S.E. (*See Yarmouth.*)
- Heatley** (Cheshire).—C. Lines. Bollin; trout, roach, dace, pike. Arden brook, 1 m. S.E. Mersey, 1 m. N. (*See Runcorn.*)
- Heston Mersey** (Lanca).—M.R. Mersey. (*See Runcorn.*)
- Hebden** (York).—L. & Y.R. Calder. (*c.s. York.*) Hebden. Calderclough beck. Horse-bridge brook, 2 m. N. Wadsworth brook, 4 m. N. Gorpse water, 5 m. N.W. Widdop water, 6 m. N.W. *Lakes*: Nodale dam, 4 m. N.W. (*See Rawcliffe.*)
- Hedingham** (Essex).—G.E.R. Colne; pike, perch, roach; permission freely given by the farmers. (*See Colchester.*)
- Hednesford** (Stafford).—L. & N.W.B. Saredon brook. *Lakes*: Hednesford pool. Lower Brindley pool, 1 m. N. Furnace pool, 1 m. N. Upper Brindley pool, 2 m. N. Balands pool, 3 m. N.E. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Healey** (Yorks).—G.C.R. Sheaf. Moors brook. (*See Goole.*)
- Hele** (Devon).—G.W.R. Exe (3 m. off), salmon, trout, dace, roach; preserved by the Up Exe Fishing Association. Culm and Langford brook; trout. The Culm from here up to Cullompton is preserved by the Culm Fishing Association. (*See Exeter and Topham.*)
- Hellesdon** (Norfolk).—G.E.R. Wensum. (*c.s. N. and S.*) Costessey brook. (*See Yarmouth.*)
- Hellfield** (Yorks).—L. & Y.R. Hellfield beck. Ribble, 1 m. S.; trout, salmon. *Hotel*: Hellfield. (*See Preston.*)
- Helmedon** (Northton).—L. & N.W.B. Tove. (*See King's Lynn.*)
- Helm Shore** (Lanca).—G.N.R.; M.R.; L. & N.W.B. Swinnel brook. Irwell, 1 m. E. (*See Runcorn.*)
- Helmsley** (York).—N.E.R. Bye; trout, grayling; preserved above by Lord Feversham, below by the Ryedale Angling Club. Lord Feversham issues a ticket for the water above Bivaulx Bridge and through Bilsdale; fly and minnow only; s.t. 12s., 3 m.t. 7s., 4 w.t. 3s., w.t. 1s.; apply to Mr. McLaughlin, Duncombe Park Estate Office, Helmsley. (*See Kirby Moorside.*) Bical, 1 m. E.; trout, grayling; preserved as Bye. Seph, 6 m. N.W. Ladhill beck, 7 m. N.W. Blowgill beck, 10 m. N.W. Lodge beck, 10 m. N.W. Frodale beck, 13 m. N.W. Wheat beck, 13 m. N.W. *Hotels*: Black Swan, Feversham Arms. (*See Wressell.*)
- Helston** (Cornwall).—G.W.R. Loe river and Pool; trout. Loe rises 4 m. S. of **Carn Brea Station** runs 4 m., and is joined on left bank by a brook, 2 m. long. Loe runs 1 m. to Wendron and **Helston**, 3 m. 1 m. down, Loe forms a large lake, 2 m. long, separated from the sea by a sand bar. (*c.s. Fowey.*) (*See Constantine.*) *Hotel*: Angel.
- Hemel Hempstead** (Herts).—L. & N.W.R. Gade; trout; preserved by Sir A. Cooper, Mr. Halsey, Earl Brownlow; there is some free water. (*See London, M.T.*) *Inn*: King's Arms.
- Hemyock** (Devon).—G.W.R. Culm; trout; above here the river is preserved by the Upper Culm Association for 5 m.; s.t. 20s., w.t. 4s., d.t. 2s. Below it is preserved to **Culmstock** by the Culm Fishing Association. s.t. 21s.; w.t. 4s.; d.t. 2s. Tickets and licences at the Culm Valley Inn. (*c.s. Exe.*) (*See Exeter.*)
- Hendon** (Middx.).—M.R. Brent and Welsh Harp Reservoir. *Hotel*: Old Welsh Harp. (*See London, L.T.*) Leave for the Decoy and Tenderden lake by introduction to the proprietors; chub, roach, pike, perch, carp, tench, eels.
- Henfield** (Sussex).—L.B. & S.C.R. On Adur; dace, &c.; some free fishing. (*See New Shoreham.*)
- Hengoed** (Monmouth).—L. & N.W.R. Rumney; trout, salmon; preserved. (*c.s.*) (*See Cardiff, Wales.*)
- Henley-in-Arden** (Warwick).—(n.s. **Bearley Cross**, 5 m.) Aine (1½ m. E.) *Lakes*: a large lake at Wootton Warwen (1½ m. S.) (*See Gloucester.*)
- Henley** (Oxford).—G.W.R. Thames. (*See London, M.T.*) *Hotels*: Red Lion, Catherine Wheel, Royal. *Fishermen*: T. Potter, E. James, and G. Ariett, G. and W. Vaughan. Leave to fish the two mill tails at Marsh Lock must be obtained.
- Hereford**.—G.W.R.; L. & N.W.B., and M.R. Wye; salmon, pike, chub, dace, trout, perch, grayling; preserved by the Wye Fisheries Association; hon. sec., Evan Owen, Bulth. Salmon fishing begins Feb. 2, and ends Nov. 1; trout begins March 1, ends Oct. 1, both inclusive. No night line or night lobworm fishing allowed; no spinning or worm fishing for trout on the salmon catches; no gaff before April 1; no boat fishing except in the Palace pool and the Ingstone water; no Sunday fishing; no person can fish without having previously obtained ticket and licences; no dogs. The following are the prices of tickets for the various waters: Belmont Fishery extends from above Wye Bridge, Hereford, to about 200 yards above the landing-place in Off pool, in the parish of Eaton. Salmon: s.t. to one person renting the whole fishing, 6l.; 2 persons, 3l. each. The renter of the whole water may issue 1 transferable ticket; if rented by 2 people, 2 transferable tickets. In case the water is not taken up by s.t., the committee will issue m. and d.t.; salmon m.t. 10s. 6d., d.t. 5s. S. and d. tickets for fish other than salmon are issued—s.t. 10s. 6d., d.t. 1s. The Palace pool, extending from lower side of Wye Bridge to opposite the end of the Castle Green on the south side of the Wye—salmon d.t. 5s. To approved anglers for trout and coarse fish the committee grant free tickets for that portion of the Wye situate between

Wye Bridge and Elgn Railway Bridge. Hampton waters, extending from the Infirmary to Lugg Mouth, north side of river—salmon, s.t. to 1 person renting the whole of the fishery, 65*l.*; 2 persons, 32*l.* each; 3 persons, 21*l.* each; 4 persons, 15*l.* each. The renter of the whole fishery may issue 3 transferable tickets; if rented by 2 persons, 2 transferable tickets; if 3 people, 1 transferable ticket. In case the water is not taken up by s.t., the committee will issue m. and d. tickets—salmon m.t. 4*l.* 4*s.*, d.t. 7*s.* 6*d.* S., m., and d. tickets for fish other than salmon are issued; s.t. 1*l.* 1*s.*, m.t. 10*s.*, d.t. 2*s.* 6*d.* Botherwas waters, extending from Hereford to Dinedor brook, south side of the Wye—salmon, s.t. to 1 person renting the whole fishery, 25*l.*; 2 persons, 12*l.* each; 3, 7*l.* each; and 4, 5*l.* each. The renter of the whole water may issue 3 transferable tickets; if rented by 2 people, 2 transferable tickets; 3 people, one transferable ticket. In case the water is not taken up by s.t., the committee will issue m. and d.t.—salmon m.t. 1*l.* 10*s.*, d.t. 3*s.* S., m., w., and d.t. tickets for fish other than salmon are issued—s.t. 1*l.* 1*s.*, m.t. 7*s.* 6*d.*, w.t. 5*s.*, d.t. 2*s.* 6*d.* Ingstone waters, extending from Rock at Strangford to Backney Bridge—salmon, s.t. to one person renting the whole fishery, 15*l.*; if rented by 2 persons, 7*l.* 10*s.* each; if 3, 5*l.* each. The renter of the whole fishery may issue 2 transferable tickets; if rented by 2 people, 1 transferable ticket. In case the water is not taken up by s.t., the committee issue m. and d. tickets—salmon m.t. 1*l.* 1*s.*, d.t. 5*s.* S., m., and d.t. are issued for fish other than salmon—s.t. 1*l.* 1*s.*, m.t. 5*s.*, d.t. 2*s.* 6*d.* (c.s.) Withy brook. Sugwas brook. Red brook (2 m.). Lug (2 m.); pike, perch, a few trout and grayling, and coarse fish. Sutton brook (2 m.). Cagebrook (3 m.). (c.s.) Salmon and trout licences from Mr. W. Wigley, 5, St. Peter's-street, Hereford. (See *Chepstow*.) *Hotels*: Green Dragon, City Arms. *Tackleist*, T. Cooke, 21*½*, Maylord-street.

Hernbridge (Dorset).—L. & S.W.R. Stour. Moors; both hold pike, perch, chub, roach. Fishing reserved. (See *Christchurch*.) (c.s. *Avon*.)

Herne Bay (Kent).—S.E.R. Fine rudd may be taken in the dykes near here. *Hotels*: Dolphin, Pier.

Hertford (Herts).—G.E.R.; G.N.R. (See *Stratford and London*). On Lea, Mimram, Beane, Rib, and New River. *Hotels*: Salisbury Arms, Dimsdale Arms, White Hart, Station. Trout, jack, perch, chub. Above Hertford, W. R. Baker, Esq., preserves some 3 m. of good trout water. The fishing in Mimram is preserved. From Luton down there is good trouting—fish running 21*b.* or 31*b.* Mr. Brown owns some portion of the stream; if properly introduced, leave may be obtained for a day. Below Mr. Brown, Earl Cowper has the right to the junction of Mimram with Lea; this fishing is jealously guarded. The fishing on Beane is good—trout especially; but leave is difficult to obtain. $\frac{1}{4}$ m. of water below Waterford Mills is preserved by R. Smith, Esq. The old river Lea is preserved by Hertford Angling Society, s.t. 20*s.*, from the town mill tail to the engine-house in the King's Mead; trout, jack, perch, chub. The Corporation waters are also preserved by the H.A.S.; hon. sec., Mr. W. Claydon, G.E. Station Hotel, who issues s.t. 5*s.*, d.t. 1*s.* *Tackleist*, Simson and Co., Market-place.

Hesketh Bank (Lanca).—L. & Y.R. Douglas. Douglas rises 3 m. above Blackrod, where Horwich brook, which rises in some ponds at Wallsuches, 3 m. up, joins on right bank. Here also are two ponds on right bank. Douglas runs to Adlington 3 m., and 2 m. below is joined on left bank by Barsden brook. Barsden rises by Hindley, runs 2 m. to Dicoonson, Hilton 2 m., and joins Douglas 8 m. down by Standish. $\frac{1}{4}$ m. down Douglas, Idlington bank. 6 m. long, joins on right bank, 1 m. N.E. from Standish. Douglas runs 1 m. to Standish, Bear's Head 1 m., Wigan 3 m. Here Clarendon brook, 3 m. long, joins on left bank. Douglas runs 3 m. to Crook, where a stream joins on right bank, draining Standish Mill pond 2 m. up, 2 m. N. of Gathurst. Douglas runs to Gathurst 1 m. Here a stream joins on left bank, draining Roby Mill pond and another pond 1 m. up. Douglas runs 1 m. to Apply Bridge. Here the outflow of the lake at Wrightington Hall, 1 m. N.E., joins on right bank. Douglas runs to Farbold 2 m., and 2 m. down is joined on left bank by Tawd river, 1 m. N.E. from Hoscarr Moss. Tawd rises by Fimbo Lane, runs to Skelmersdale 3 m. Hoscarr Moss 5 m., and joins Douglas 1 m. down. 1 m. down Douglas, Henley brook, 4 m. long, joins on right bank. Douglas runs to Eufford 2 m. Here Eller brook joins on left bank. Eller rises 2 m. E. of Ormskirk, runs 5 m. to Burscough, and Eufford 3 m. 3 m. down Douglas, Yarrow river joins on right bank. Yarrow rises on Anglexark Moor, 4 m. E. of Chorley, near which place it waters the Liverpool Waterworks reservoirs. On leaving the reservoirs, which it does on the right bank, opposite Rimington, Yarrow runs 3 m. to 1 m. S. of Chorley, where Black brook joins on right bank. Black brook rises some 2 m. above Heapy, waters a pond at that place, runs 1 m. to Chorley, and joins Yarrow 1 m. below. Yarrow runs 2 m. to Coppul, waters the mill ponds at the Print Works, runs 4 m. to 1 m. S. of Buxton, Croston 6 m. 1 m. below, Lostock river joins Yarrow on right bank. Lostock rises at Whittle-le-Woods, 2 m. E. of Leyland, where also is a small lake, runs 4 m. to Bamber Bridge, where there is also a lake, Lostock Hall 1 m., Farrington 1 m., Dunkirk Hall 1 m. E. of Midge Hall 3 m., Croston 5 m. Here Wymott brook, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. Lost ck joins Yarrow 1 m. down. Yarrow runs 1 m. to Douglas. Douglas runs to Hesketh Bank 5 m.

Hesketh Newmarket (Cumlund).—On Caldey; trout. Overwater (8 m.); pike strictly reserved.

Hexham (Northland).—M.R.; G.N.R. On Tyne; salmon and trout; the owner of Beaufort Castle preserves some 3 m. of water. (c.s.)

- Keyford** (Oxford).—G.W.R. Cherwell. (*See London, M.T.*)
- Keytesbury** (Wilts).—G.W.R. Willy; trout; preserved. (*See Christchurch.*) (*c.s. Avon.*)
- Keywood** (Lancs.).—L. & N.W.B.; G.N.B. Roch. Naden Water, 1 m. N.W. (*See Runcorn.*)
- Higham Ferrers** (Northton).—L. & N.W.B. Nen; pike, perch, bream, tench, chub; preserved by Wellingsborough and Higham Ferrers Angling Association from hence to Wellingsborough; there is $\frac{1}{2}$ m. free water. (*See Wellingsborough, Wisbeach.*)
- Highbridge** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Brue; carp, perch, roach, trout, jack. (*See c.s. Avon.*) Brue rises E. of **Bruton**, where Cambe river, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. Brue runs in 1 m. to **Cole**, where Shepton brook, 4 m. long, joins on left bank. Brue runs to **Castle Carey** 2 m., and 2 m. below is joined on right bank by Evercreech brook. Evercreech rises in a mill pond some 2 m. N. of **Evercreech**, and $\frac{1}{4}$ m. down at **Evercreech Junction** is joined on left bank by a stream rising in a mill pond at Milton Cleveland 1 m. from **Evercreech**. Evercreech joins Brue 4 m. down. Brue runs in 6 m. to Baltonbury on right bank, and **Glastonbury** 5 m. Here Wootton brook joins on right bank. Wootton rises by North Wootton (n.s. **Pennard**, S.D.B., $2\frac{1}{2}$ m.), and 4 m. down is joined on left bank by a stream rising W. of **Fennard Station**, and is 4 m. long. Wootton runs in 4 m. to **Glastonbury**. Brue runs in diverse channels through the moors for 4 m. to **Meare**, where Godney brook joins on right bank. Godney rises at Crocombe (n.s. **Shepton Mallet**, 2 m.), runs to **Wells** 3 m., **Polsham** 2 m., and Brue 6 m. Brue runs in $\frac{1}{2}$ m. to Weathay Bridge (n.s. **Shapwick**, 1 m.); 3 m. down on left bank is **Edington Station**, $\frac{1}{4}$ m. off the river. Brue runs in 4 m. to **Woolavington** and **Cossington Station** and **Highbridge** $\frac{1}{4}$ m. Brue joins Parret estuary $\frac{1}{4}$ m. below. *Hotel: Coopers' Arms.*
- Hightown** (Lancs.).—L. & Y.R.; L. & N.W.B. Alt. (*See Alcar.*)
- High Wycombe** (Bucks).—G.W.R. Wick; trout. *Hotels: Lion and White Hart.* A portion of the river below the town is preserved by the High Wycombe Angling Association; entrance 84s., s.t. 63s. Hon. secretaries, Messrs. J. Thurlow and J. C. Parker. There is some free water close to the town, which is, however, very much fished. A branch runs through the lake in Lord Carington's grounds; pike, perch, roach. Leave is sometimes given. (*See London, M.T.*)
- Milgay** (Norfolk).—G.E.R. Ouse; coarse fish except barbel. (*c.s. N. and S.*) Wissey or Stoke River (*c.s. N. and S.*); Sams Cut Drain; pike, perch, &c. (*See King's Lynn.*)
- Milton House** (Lancs.).—L. & Y.R. Barden brook. (*See Hesketh Bank.*)
- Minckley** (Leicester).—M.R.; L. & N.W.B. Soar, 3 m. S.E. (*c.s. Trent.*) Anker, 4 m. S.W., at **Nuneaton** (*c.s. Trent.*) *Lakes: Leicester Grange lake, 2 m. S. (See Gainsborough.)*
- Mindley** (Lancs.).—L. & Y.R.; W.J.R. Barden brook. (*See Hesketh Bank.*)
- Mindolvestone** (Norfolk).—G.E.R. Bure; trout; private. *Lake: Melton Park, 1 m. N. (See Yarmouth.) (c.s. N. and S.)*
- Mingham** (Norfolk).—N.s. **Kimberley**, 3 m. Hackford brook. Blackwater, 3 m. N. Yare, 3 m. N. *Lakes: Sea mere, 1 m. S.E. Heath mere, 2 m. W. (See King's Lynn.)* Wirklewood mere, 3 m. E. **Kimberley Park lake**, 4 m. N.E. by **Kimberley**. (*See Yarmouth.*)
- Minton** (Warwick).—G.W.R. Isborne; few trout, but the stream is much polluted. (*See Gloucester.*)
- Mitchin** (Herts).—G.N.B. Hir. (*See King's Lynn.*) *Hotels: Cock, Railway.*
- Moddendon** (Herts).—G.E.R. (*See Stratford and London.*) On Lea, Stort, and New River. The Lea here is preserved. *Inn: Fish and Eels.* The proprietor of the Fish and Eels preserve the Dobbs Weir Fishery; s.t. 21s. and 10s. 6d., d.t. 1s. 6d. and 1s. Above is the Rye House fishery. Fishing free from towing path only from Broxbourne fishery to Ware.
- Modnet** (Salop).—G.W.B. Tern (1 m. E.); a few trout and coarse fish. Salten brook (2 m. E.) *Lakes: Rose Hill ponds (4 m. N.E.) (See Gloucester.) (c.s. Severn.)*
- Moghton** (Lancs.).—L. & Y.R. Darwen, 1 m. E. (*See Preston.*)
- Molbeach** (Lincoln).—G.N.B. Whaplode river, 2 m. W. This watercourse rises above **Whaplode**, and is 8 m. long.
- Molly Bush** (Monmouth).—L. & N.W.B. Sirhowey; trout. (*See Newport.*)
- Holme** (Hunts).—G.N.B. Holme brook. *Lakes: Holme Cuttings, 1 m. S.; jack, tench; preserved. Caldecot pond, 4 m. W. (See Wisbeach.)*
- Holme** (York).—L. & Y.B. Calder. (*c.s. York.*) (*See Rawcliffe.*)
- Holme** (Norfolk).—G.E.R. Erneford brook. (*See King's Lynn.*)
- Holme Hall** (Hereford).—G.W.B. Wye; plenty of coarse fish, and a few trout, grayling, and salmon. Lug (1 m.); pike and coarse fish. Frome (2 m.). Pentelow brook (2 m.) (*c.s.*) *Inns: Green Dragon and Mitre. (See Chepstow; Hereford.)*
- Holmes Chapel** (Cheshire).—L. & N.W.B. Dane; coarse fish, few trout; preserved by landowners. Croco. Crow brook, 3 m. N.E. *Lakes: Bag mere, 3 m. S.E. (See Frodsham.)*
- Holmewood** (Surrey).—L.B. & S.C.R. (*See London, L.T.*) Ewood Pond is $\frac{1}{4}$ m. off.
- Holmfirth** (York).—L. & Y.R. Holme. *Lakes: Holmesley reservoir, 2 m. S. Bilbury reservoir, 3 m. S.W. (See Rawcliffe.) Holmstyes reservoir, 8 $\frac{1}{2}$ m.; trout; preserved by Huddersfield Angling Association; hon. sec., P. O. Brier, Esq. Blackiske reservoir, 8 m.; trout; preserved as above. Bawshaw reservoir, 9 $\frac{1}{2}$ m.; trout; preserved as above. (See Huddersfield)*
- Holmsley** (Hants).—L & S.W.R. On Warburn; dace, trout, salmon peel; preserved. Warburn rises near the station, and is about 10 m. long, joining the sea at Key Haven, 6 or 7 m. S.W. of **Lymington**. Another stream rises by the "Rising Sun," by Wootton.

- 2½ m. from **Holmsley** station, runs 5 m. to Milford, and joins the sea 1 m. down; fishing fair. (*See Lymington.*)
- Holsworthy** (Cornwall).—G.W.R. Holsworthy water. Deer, trout; free. Tamer, 4 m.; trout. (c.s.) Olaw, 4 m. S.E. Fox water, 4 m. *Lakes*: Bude reservoir, 8 m. (*See Plymouth.*)
- Holt** (Wilts).—G.W.R. (*See Bristol.*) Avon; roach, perch, pike; leave from owners (c.s.)
- Holt** (Norfolk).—G.E.R. Glaven. Glaven rises in Selbrigg pond 3 m. E. of **Holt**, runs 1 m. to **Holt** Mill pond, 1 m. S.E. of **Holt**, and 1 m. down is joined on left bank by a stream draining a pond at Pond hills, 3 m. S.E. of **Holt**. Glaven runs 3 m., 2 m. S. of **Holt**, when Thornage brook, which rises in the pond at Gunthorpe Hall, 2 m. N.E. of **Thursford** and is 4 m. long, joins on left bank. Glaven runs to **Holt** 2 m., and joins the sea at Cley, 6 m. down.
- Holton Holgate** (Lincoln).—G.N.R. Steeping river. (*See Wainfleet.*)
- Holton-le-Clay** (Lincoln).—G.N.R. Tetney drain. Tetney rises above Kirmond-le-mire, 6 m. N.E. of **Market Rasen**, runs 5 m. to Thorganby, and 2 m. down is joined on left bank by the outflow of Croxby pond, ¼ m. up, 9 m. E. of **Moortown** Station. Tetney runs 5 m. to Brigaley, and Waith, 1 m. S. of **Holton-le-Clay**, 3 m. 4 m. below, Tetney joins the Louth navigation.
- Holton Moor** (Lincoln).—G.C.B. Owersby drain. (*See Brigg.*)
- Holy Stone** (Northland).—Coquet; trout. Accommodation can be had. (c.s.)
- Homersfield** (Suffolk).—G.E.R. Waveney. (*See Yarmouth.*) (c.s. N. and S.)
- Honiton** (Devon).—L. & S.W.R. Otter; trout; preserved. (c.s.) *Blanscombe* brook. *Awlecombe* brook. (*See Ottery St. Mary and Seaton.*)
- Honley** (York).—L. & Y.R. Holme. (*See Rauciffe.*)
- Hopton Heath** (Salop).—L. & N.W.R. Clun; trout, grayling; private, but leave may often be had. Redlake brook (2 m. S.); trout. (*See Leintwardine, Gloucester.*) (c.s. Severn.)
- Horbury** (York).—L. & Y.R. Calder. (c.s. York.) (*See Rauciffe.*)
- Horderly** (Salop).—L. & N.W.R. Onny; trout, chub, grayling; preserved by Plowden Fishing Club up to **Eaton**. (c.s. Severn.) (*See Plowden, Gloucester.*)
- Horley** (Surrey).—L.B. & S.C.R. Mole; few small trout above; below, pike, perch, carp, tench, bream, roach. Leave from the millers. By Horley Church is some deep water holding good fish. 2 m. below Horley Mill is a similar stretch of water. (*See London, L.T.*)
- Horncastle** (Lincoln).—G.N.R. Bain; trout, roach; preserved. Witham, 7 m. by rail, at **Kirkstead**. Tapholme brook, 7 m. N.W. *Lakes*: Stourton Hall, 5 m. N.W. Gaunby Hall, 5 m. N.W. Beninworth pools, 8 m. N. (*See Boston.*)
- Horning** (Norfolk).—G.E.R. Bure; pike, perch, bream, roach. Ant. *Lake*: Dilham lake (trustees, W. H. Windham, Esq.). Salhouse Broad. *Hotel*: Horning Ferry. (*See Yarmouth.*)
- Hornsea** (York).—N.E.R. Hornsea mere; pike, perch, roach.
- Hornsey** (Middx).—G.N.R. On New River. (*See London.*)
- Horrabridge** (Devon).—G.W.R. Walcombe; trout. Tavy, 3 m.; trout. (c.s. Tamer.) (*See Plymouth.*)
- Horsham** (Sussex).—L.B. & S.C.R. Arun; perch, roach, jack. Channel brook; trout. (*See Little Hampton.*) *Hotels*: Bedford, King's Head.
- Horton** (Northton).—G.N.E. *Lakes*: Rudyerd reservoir. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Horton** (York).—M.B. Ribble; trout; preserved from its source to Helwith Bridge, including all tributaries, by the Manchester Anglers' Association of 80 members; entrance 21s., at 42s.; season begins March 6, ends Sept. 30; no Sunday fishing; no dogs; hon. sec., E. H. Austin, Esq., 286, Great Clowes-street, Higher Broughton, Manchester. Horton beck. *Lakes*: The Tarn, 2 m. N.; trout; preserved as Ribble. (*See Preston.*)
- Hoscar Moss** (Lancs.).—L. & Y.R. Tawd. Douglas, 1 m. N.E. (c.s. Ribble.) Henley brook, 1 m. W. (*See Hesket Bank.*)
- Hougham** (Lincoln).—G.N.R. Witham. Foster beck, 1 m. W. (*See Boston.*)
- Hovingham** (York).—N.E.R. Marro beck. Hole beck, 1 m. N. Wath Beck, 1 m. E. at **Slingsby**. Rye, at **Helmsley**; trout, grayling; preserved for 4 m. by Ryedale Angling Club of 20. There is some free water below **Hovingham**. Bulmer beck, 4 m. S. *Lakes*: Otton Mill pond, 2 m. S.W. Park lake, 3 m. S. There are several streams round **Helmsley** which can be fished by ticket from Dancombe Park Estate Office. Good hotel accommodation. *Hotel*: Worsley Arms. (*See Wressel.*)
- Howsham** (Lincoln).—G.C.B. North Kelsey beck. (*See Brigg.*)
- Huddersfield** (York).—L. & N.W.R.; L. & Y.R.; G.N.R.; G.C.B. Colne; polluted. Holme. (*See Rauciffe.*) *Lakes*: Woodside reservoir, 2 m.; trout; private. Longwood Compensation reservoir, 3 m.; perch, roach, &c.; preserved by the Huddersfield Angling Association of 55; hon. sec., G. R. Munroe, Esq.; season, June 16 to March 16. Longwood Top reservoir, 3½ m.; pike, perch; preserved as above; season, June 16 to March 16. Longwood Bottom reservoir, 3½ m.; pike, perch; preserved as above; season, June 16 to March 16. Blackmoorfoot reservoir, 4 m.; pike, perch; preserved as above; season, June 16 to March 16. Deerhill reservoir, 6 m.; roach; preserved as above; season, June 16 to March 16. Blackslake reservoir, 8 m.; trout; preserved as above; season, April 1 to Sept. 30. Holmstyes reservoir, 8½ m.; trout; preserved as above; season, April 1 to Sept. 30. Bawhah reservoir, 9½ m.; trout; preserved as above; season, April 1 to Sept. 30. *Hotel*: Imperial.
- Hugglescote** (Leicester).—M.R.; L. & N.W.R. Sence. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Hull** (York).—N.E.R.; G.C.B.; H.B. & W.R.J.R.; G.N.R.; L. & N.W.R.; M.R.; L. & Y.R.

- Hull (*c.s. York*). Hull rises above **Southburn**, runs to **Driffeld** 3 m. Here Driffeld beck, 3 m. long, joins on left bank. Hull runs to Wansford 3 m., 1 m. S. of **Hafferton**, on left bank. 2 m. down Hull, Skerne beck, which rises by **Hutton Granswick**, and is 3 m. long, joins on right bank. 2 m. down Hull, Frodingham beck joins on left bank. Frodingham, under the name of Kelk beck, rises at Killam 4 m. above **Lowthorpe**, runs 5 m. to Frodingham, and joins Hull 2 m. below. m. down Hull, Walton beck, which rises by Walton, 3 m. N. of **Lookington**, and is 5 m. long, joins on left bank. Hull runs 2 m., where Pike beck joins on left bank. Pike rises above **Lookington**, and 2 m. below, by the station, is joined on right bank by Scarborough beck, 4 m. long. 2 m. down, Pike joins Hull. Hull runs 1 m. to **Arram**, **Beverley** 3 m., **Cottingham** (2 m. off on right bank) 6 m., **Sutton-on-Hull** (1 m. off on left bank) 1 m. and Hull 3 m. **Tackleist**, H. Booth, 21, Paragon-street.
- Hungerford** (Berks).—G.W.R. Kennet; trout, grayling; fished by ticket. *Hotels*: Bear, Swan. (*See London, M.T.*) The river is preserved by the Hungerford Fishery, the commoners; s.t. 10l. 10s., m.t. 3l. 3s., w.t. 1l. 1s., d.t. 5s., from F. N. Church, Three Swans, Hungerford. There is fair perch, roach, dace, and pike, with an occasional trout, in the canal, by permission. *Tackleists*, Freeman Brothers, Bridge-street.
- Hunslet** (York).—M.B.; L. & T.B. Aire. (*c.s. York*). Killing beck, 2 m. E. (*See Rawcliffe*.)
- Huntingdon**.—G.N.R. Ouse; coarse fish except barbel. (*c.s. N. and S.*) Alconbury brook. Wyton brook, 3½ m. N.E. *Hotel*: George. (*See King's Lynn; Wisbeach*.)
- Huthwaite** (York).—N.E.R. Hole beck. (*See York*.)
- Hutton Granswick** (York).—N.E.R. Skerne beck. Hull, 2 m. E. (*See Hull*.) (*c.s. York*.)
- Huttons Ambo** (York).—N.E.R. Derwent; preserved. Menethorpe beck. Howl beck, 1 m. S. Mill beck, 1 m. S. (*c.s. York*.) (*See Wressell*.)
- Warton Quarry** (Lancs).—L. & N.W.R. Ditton brook. *Lakes*: Logwood Mill, 1 m. S. (*See Runcorn*.)
- Hykeham** (Lincoln).—G.N.E. Witham. (*See Boston*.)
- Hythe** (Kent).—S.E.R. In the military canal are bream, roach, perch, and a few pike. Fishing fair; m.t., 1s. *Hotel*: Swan. In summer, whitening pont are caught amongst the rocks a quarter of a mile from the toll bar on the lower Sandgate road. The fishing at sea from a boat is good. Good jack fishing at **Wye**.
- Ibridgehay** (Derby).—M.R. Ecclesbourne. (*See Gainsborough*.)
- Iham**, n.s. **Ashbourne**, 5 m. (Derby).—Mannfold; trout, grayling; tickets for 1 m.; w.t. 2s. 6d., d.t. 1s., at Isaak Walton Hotel. Dove, 1 m. E.; trout, grayling. At the Isaak Walton Hotel fishing for 3 m. can be had in Mannyfold and Dove; w.t. 7s. 6d., d.t. 2s. A portion is free to hotel visitors. (*c.s. Trent*.) Hamps, 4 m. W.; private. (*See Gainsborough*.)
- Ilford** (Essex).—G.E.R. On Roding. (*See Barking*.)
- Ilfracombe** (Devon).—L. & S.W.R.; G.W.B. (*See Lynton*.) 3 m. off runs Braddy water, which rises by Horedown Gate, 4 m. from Ilfracombe, runs 3 m. to Berrynarbor, and the sea 2 m.; leave from Sir A. Chichester and Major Harding. *Hotels*: Ilfracombe and Royal Clarence. Excellent sea fishing from pier or boat; cod, conger, bass, bream.
- Ilkestone** (Derby).—M.R.; G.N.R. Erwasch. Gilt brook, 2 m. N. Nut brook, 2 m. S. *Lakes*: Shipley Hall reservoir, 2 m. N.W. Mapperley reservoir, 3 m. N.W. (*See Gainsborough*.)
- Ilkley** (York).—M.B.; N.E.R. Wharfe; trout, grayling; preserved from Addingham to Ben Rhydding for 6 m. by the Ilkley Angling Club of 45 resident members; w.t. 20s., d.t. 5s., from Mr. J. T. Critchley, Brook-street, Ilkley; hon. sec., A. Lupton, Esq.; season—trout, from March 15 to Oct. 2; grayling June 15 to Feb. 15; coarse fish, Oct. 2 to March 15, no dogs. *Hotels*: Crescent, Middleton, and New Inn. (*c.s. York*.) (*See York*.)
- Ilminster** (Somerset).—L. & S.W.R. Yarty. (*c.s. Axey*.) (*See Seaton*.) Isle; trout, pike, and coarse fish; leave may be obtained. (*See Bridgwater*.) (*c.s. Avon*.)
- Ingatestone** (Essex).—G.E.R. On Cann. (*See Maldon*.) About 2½ m. from here is the large lake of Fitzwater.
- Ingestre** (Stafford).—G.N.R. Trent (*c.s.*) Gayton brook. Sow at **Stafford**, 5 m. S.W. Pank at Baswich, 6 m. S.W. *Lakes*: Ingestre Park pool and Hopton pools, 2 m. S.W. Tixall Park pool, 4 m. S. (*See Gainsborough*.)
- Ingham** (Suffolk).—G.E.R. Lark, 3 m. W.; dace, &c. (*c.s. Norfolk*.) *Lakes*: Iwermere Park and Ampton Park (1 m. E.). Culford Park (2 m. W.). (*See King's Lynn*.)
- Ingletton** (York).—M.B. Greta; trout; preserved by Ingletton Angling Association for 6 m.; sec., Mr. S. Worthington, Wheatsheaf Hotel; s.t. 5s., f.t. 2s. 6d., d.t. 1s.; season, March 1 to Oct. 1; no dogs. Doe; trout; preserved as above. *Hotel*: Wheatsheaf, and Punch Bowl Hotel, Burton-in-Lonsdale, where tickets can be had.
- Ingrrow** (York).—G.N.E.; M.R. Worth. (*See Rawcliffe*.)
- Inkberrow** (Warwick).—(n.s. **Alcester**, 6 m.) Wyre. (*See Gloucester*.)
- Instow** (Devon).—L. & S.W.R. Good sea fishing, and salmon in Torridge; preserved by a society. Tickets are to be obtained. (*See Bideford*.) (*c.s. Taw*.)
- Ipswich** (Suffolk).—G.E.R. Gipping; roach, pike, tench, perch, carp. Flowton brook, 1 m. S. *Lakes*: Bixley Decoy ponds, 2½ m. S.E.; strictly private. Gipping rises in a lake at Wetherden, 1 m. N.W. of **Haughley**, runs to **Haughley** 2 m., **Stowmarket** 3 m. Here Battleden brook, 7 m. long, joins on right bank. Gipping runs to **Needham Market**

4 m. 1 m. down, the drainage of Bosmere close to the river's bank joins on left bank. Gipping runs 4 m. to **Claydon**, **Bramford** 3 m., and **Ipswich** 4 m. Fishing is free from **Ipswich** up to Boss Hall, 2 m.; thence to Blakenham (close to **Claydon**) the river is preserved by the Gipping Angling Society; family tickets 21s., d.t. 1s., pike 2s. 6d., of sec., Mr. A. T. Cobbold; of Mr. F. A. Bales, Ipswich; at the Chequers Inn and Post-office, Claydon; and P. O. Bramford, Sproughton. Flowton brook joins Orwell 1 m. below the town. This brook rises 5 m. above Burstall Bridge, 4 m. W. of **Ipswich**, and runs thence to Orwell 5 m. Good codling, whiting, and flounder fishing below Ipswich. *Hotels:* White Horse, Golden Lion, Crown and Anchor.

Ireby (Cumland.).—On the Ellen; trout.

Irlam (Lanca.).—C. Lines R. Mersey. Irwell. (*See Runcorn.*)

Iron Acton (Gloucester).—M.R. Freme; roach, dace, perch, trout; preserved below to Frampton Cotterell by the Clifton Angling Association of 50 members at 21s. a year. (*See Bristol.*)

Iron Bridge (Salop.).—G.W.R. Severn; pike, perch, chub, dace, trout, salmon, &c. *Lakes:* Willey Park Ponds (3 m. S.). (*See Gloucester.*) (c.s. *Severn.*)

Isfield (Sussex).—L.B. & S.C.R. On Ouse; trout, pike, perch. (*See Newhaven.*) (c.s.)

Isle of Man.—The sea fishing is excellent for pollack, there called "blockin," mackerel, cod, and codling, whiting and plaice. The chief bait for ground fish is herring; but lugs, sand-eels, small fresh-water eels, and shellfish are also found there. Whiffing with white and coloured flies and indiarubber sand-eel for pollack and mackerel is followed with success. There is also good fishing in and off Ramsey Bay. Double and treble gut foot links and casting lines are requisite. At sea and along the rocky coast, "bollans" (wrasse) and congers may be taken; good pollack fishing from the Queen's Pier. The small White and Black Water rivers unite their streams and fall into the sea at Douglas. *Hotels:* Mona, Grand. There is trout fishing in this and other streams of the island. There is trouting at Drindale, 10 m. from Douglas. For white trout the season begins on February 9th, and ends in May, to come on again in September. The rivers are nearly all free, and leave is seldom refused. Ramsey is the best head-quarters. *Hotels:* Mitre, Albert, Prince of Wales. At Milntown, 1 m. from Ramsey, there is a good stream; the river Sulby (trout, small; eels, and a few salmon). The river is practically free, only a small portion of it being preserved. March and April are the best months, as sea trout are then to be had, but the ordinary brown trout fishing continues up to the end of October. Small flies and very fine gut casts are requisite. Licence, 2s. 6d. per week, 5s. per month, or 10s. 6d. for the season, to be had from Mr. W. Cubbon, tobacconist, Parliament-street. The Glen Aldyn, and Rhenabb, with those running through Ghenmoor, Ballaugh, Little London, Dhoon, Glen, and Kirk Michael, are all good. 3 m. from Ramsey are the Ballaglass and Cornice rivers, also good. The Peel and Santon rivers are poisoned. Licences for river fishing—s.t. 7s., m.t. 5s., w.t. 2s. 6d.; salmon, 20s.

Isle of Wight:

ALVERSTONE.—I. of W.R. (*See Brading.*)

BLACKWATER.—I. of W.R. (*See Cowes.*)

BRADING.—I. of W.R. On Yar; roach, dace, trout; s.t. 10s. 6d., d.t. 1s., at the Anglers' Inn, for 1 m. below Yarbridge. Yar rises in Ford Mill (n.s. **Wroxhall**, 3 m.). 5 m. down a stream joins on right bank, which rises in French Mill 2½ m. up. Yar runs in ½ m. to **Horringsford**, 1 m. to **Newchurch**, **Alverstone** 1 m., 1 m. to **Sandown**, and Yarbridge 2 m., joining the sea 4 m. below. Here two streams join, each working a mill at its source. The united streams run in 1 m. to the sea.

COWES.—I. of W.R. On Medina. Medina rises 3 m. above Gatcombe Mill and Park, 1 m. from **Blackwater Bridge**, runs 1 m. to **Shide**, 1 m. to **Newport**, to which the tide flows and joins the sea at Cowes 6 m. below. Mullet may be caught with a small fly on the ebb tide. *Hotels:* Marine, Glo'ster, and Fountain.

HORRINGSFORD (I. of W.R.).—(*See Brading.*)

NEWCHURCH (I. of W.R.).—(*See Brading.*)

NEWPORT (I. of W.R.).—(*See Cowes.*)—There are some large ponds near Carisbrook holding very fine trout; leave may sometimes be had.

NEWTOWN.—On Newtown River, which rises in Cambourne Mill, runs to Green Mill, and is 4 m. long.

RYDE (I. of W. R.).—There is very good pout and whiting fishing here. Very fair fishing from the jetty; the largest fish are under the timbers.

SANDOWN (I. of W.R.).—(*See Brading.*) Brading (1 m. N.); trout, roach; preserved by Lady Oglander. There is some free fishing below the bridge dace, roach. There is a reservoir here holding roach, fishing free.

SHIDE (I. of W.R.).—(*See Cowes.*)

VENTNOB (I. of W.R.). Fair fishing from the pier when the tide is up; there are plenty of rock tench and flounders.

WOOTON.—Wooton Brook here joins the sea; it is 5 m. long.

WROXHALL (I. of W.R.).—(*See Brading.*)

YARMOUTH.—On Yare, which rises in the large lake at Freshwater, 3 m. off. At sea is good pout and whiting fishing.

Isleworth (Middx.).—L. & S.W.R. Thames and Yedding Brook. (*See London, L.T., and Richmond, Surrey.*) *Fisherman:* W. Clarke.

Islip (Oxford).—L. & N.W.R. Cherwell and Ray. Good chub, roach, perch, and pike

- fishing may be had in the Cherwell, which is preserved from Kenham Corner to the Stock Ditch by the Islip Angling Society; hon. sec., H. Thorp; s.t. 5s., w.t. 2s. 6d., d.t. 1s. Punt may be hired for 1s. per day. Good accommodation at either of the inns or in the village. *Hotels*: The Fox and Grapes, Red Lion. (*See London, M.T.*)
- Itchen Abbas** (Hants).—L. & S.W.R. Itchen; trout. (*See Southampton.*)
- Itchinfield** (Sussex).—L.B. & S.C.R. Arun; good pike fishing. (*See Little Hampton.*)
- Ivy Bridge** (Devon).—G.W.R. Erme; trout numerous, but small. Erme rises on Dartmoor (preserved hence to the sea by the Avon and Erme Board and Fishery Association; s.t. 20s., m.t. 10s., w.t. 7s. 6d., d.t. 2s. 6d., at the hotel at **Ivybridge**, or the Plymouth tackle-shops); runs 8 m. to **Ivybridge**, Ermington 3 m. Here Ugborough brook joins on left bank. Ugborough rises by Ugborough (n.s. **Wranington**, G.W.R., 2 m.), and 2 m. down is joined on right bank by Wood brook, 2 m. long. 2 m. down is the Erme. Erme runs 1 m., and is joined on left bank by Shilstone brook, 5 m. long. 2 m. down Erme the tide flows, and here Modbury brook joins on left bank. Modbury rises 1 m. E. of Modbury (n.s. **Ivybridge**, 5 m.), and is 4 m. long. 2 m. down Erme is the sea. (*c.s. Avon.*) *Hotel*: London.
- Ixworth** (Suffolk).—n.s. **Thurston**, 4 m. Ixworth River. *Lakes*: Stowlangtoft Hall (2 m.) (*c.s. Norfolk.*) (*See King's Lynn.*)
- Jersey**.—General Information.—There is no fresh water fishing except in a few ponds for carp, tench, eels, &c. The sea fishing is very good. The rock upon which Elizabeth Castle stands in St. Aubin's Bay is a very good spot; bass, mullet, and conger. There is shore fishing for pout, pollack, &c. The rocks about Bouley Bay, Rozel Bay, St. Brelade's, and St. Aubin's are good spots, and red mullet, soles, plaice, &c., can be taken in a trammel net. Fine freshwater eels can be also caught in St. Heller's harbour by ground-lines or a trot, baited with bits of sand-eel or soft crab found under stones. Close to all the insulated rocky shoals which environ St. Aubin's Bay, pollack may be caught, here called whiting. Les Pignonnets and Grune du Port rocks near Nolmourt Port are favourite spots. Apply to J. de la Mare, or P. Le Ray.
- Kearsney** (Kent).—L.C. & D.R. On Dour; trout. In Kearsney Abbey lake there are some trout; leave from the occupier. (*See Dover.*)
- Keele** (Cheshire).—L. & N.W.R. Artle, 1 m. W. *Lakes*: Madeley Manor, 1 m. W. (*See Frodsham.*)
- Kegworth** (Leicester).—M.R. Soar; chub, roach, pike, perch, bream, carp, tench. (*c.s. Trent.*) Kingston brook. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Keighley** (York).—G.N.B.; M.R. Aire; trout, grayling, perch, chub, roach; polluted below, but preserved from hence up to Eastbourne brook by the Keighley Club; hon. sec., E. Town, North Adelaide-street; s.t. 10s., d.t. for both Aire and Pouden reservoir (35 acres) 1s., within a mile of the town. There is some fair free roach fishing, with an occasional trout, in the Leeds and Liverpool Canal. (*See Kildwick.*) (*c.s. York.*) Worth. (*See Rawcliffe.*)
- Keld** (York), n.s. **Kirkby Stephen**, 12 m.—M.B. and N.E.B. Swale; trout, grayling. (*c.s. York.*) Stonesdale beck; trout, after a flood. Whitsundale beck, 1 m. W.; trout. Great Steddale beck, 2 m. W.; trout; free. Little Steddale beck, 4 m. W.; trout; free. *Lake*: Birkdale tarn, 3 m. W. *Inn*: Cat Hole. (*See York.*)
- Kelston** (Somerset).—M.R. (*See Bristol.*) On Avon; roach, dace, pike, perch, trout; free; *Boyd.* (*c.s.*)
- Kelvedon** (Essex).—G.E.R. Blackwater; pike, roach. (*See Maldon.*) There is a fine sheet of water in Braxted Park. *Hotels*: Star and Fleece and Railway Tavern. 4 m. off is Oldfield Grange pond, belonging to Mr. Felton, of Oldfield Grange, Coggeshall, who will often give permission; pike, perch, carp, tench, and roach.
- Kendal**.—Kent. Trout, mott, sprod, salmon. The Kent has two tributaries—the Mint and Sprint; and these, with the Kent, are under the protection of the Kent Angling Society (voluntary subscriptions). *Hotels*: Railway and County, King's Arms, Commercial. Good fishing can be had in the canal and in Whinfell and Skelmorgh tarns. Whinfell holds trout, rudd, roach, pike, eels, and perch. A ticket is required to fish the canal. The Kent below Hawes bridge is more or less private, excepting from Sedgwick Suspension Bridge to Force Bridge. Below the latter on the E. side is the Waste, for which leave is willingly given, and this is a good spot for salmon and trout in the autumn. The fishing next below is Levens Park, strictly preserved. Just below on the W. side is the Watering Place: fishing free. Below is the Low Levens fishery; private and good, but tidal. 6 m. from Kendal is Killington reservoir; trout, perch. Hutton beck runs out of the reservoir; trout; Lord Bective's agent will give leave. 4 m. off is Potter Fell tarn; full of trout; preserved, but leave sometimes given. Stanton beck 3 m.; trout.
- Kenilworth** (Warwick).—L. & N.W.R. (*See Stoneleigh.*) *Lakes*: Ponds on Westwood Heath (3 m. N.) (*See Gloucester.*)
- Kennet** (Cambs).—G.E.R. Kent. (*See King's Lynn.*)
- Kerne Bridge** (Hereford).—G.W.R. Wye; chub, dace, pike, perch, salmon, trout. (*c.s.*) Castle brook. Garran (2 m.); trout. Luke brook (2 m.). Lammerch brook (5 m.). (*See Chapatow.*)
- Keswick** (Cumberland).—L. & N.W.B. and M.R. Greta; trout, salmon (late in autumn); preserved by Derwent Fishery District Board; sec., T. C. Burn, Esq., solicitor, Cockermouth. Licence for Keswick portion lakes and rivers above Ouse Bridge: salmon; s.t. 10s., m.t. 5s., w.t. 2s. 6d.; trout; s.t. 5s., m.t. 2s. 6d., d.t. 1s.; to be obtained of Mr. H. Mayson, photographer, Keswick. Licence for Cockermouth portion below Ouse Bridge: salmon s.t., 20s.;

- m.t., 10s. w.t. 5s.; trout s.t., 5s.; m.t., 2s. 6d., or shorter period. *Permits below Marron*; s.t. 30s., m.t. 10s., w.t. 5s.; *above Marron*; s.t. 10s., m.t. 5s., w.t. 2s. 6d. Cocker; s.t. 5s., m.t. 2s. 6d., or shorter period; to be obtained from Mr. G. P. Graham, fishing tackle maker, Cockermouth. Lodore (*see Advt.*) and Borrowdale Hotel (*see Advt.*) (trout fishing in river and lake free to visitors) and Swan Hotel, Thornthwaite (*see Advt.*); coarse fishing free; licences at both hotels. Derwent; trout, salmon; preserved as above. St. John's; trout; preserved as above. Newlands beck; trout. Borrowdale beck; trout. *Lakes*: Thirlmere; perch, pike; trout; preserved by the Manchester Corporation, who issue tickets. Derwentwater; pike, perch, trout, salmon, vendace; good fishing in May when the Mayfly is in season. Crummock, 9 m.; trout, char; good fly fishing; boats and men can be had at Buttermere and Scale Hill. Ennerdale; trout. Wastwater; trout. Bassenthwaite, 5 m.; pike, perch, trout, salmon; boats and men at the Swan, Thornthwaite, and the Pheasant, Peel Wyke. Overwater; pike; leave from J. S. Williamson, Esq., Whitefield House, or at the Swan. Sty Head tarn; trout. Sprinkling tarn; trout. Tarn-at-Leaves; trout. The above tarns are in Borrowdale. Sour Milk tarn; trout; in Buttermere. Red tarn; trout; Helvellyn. Blea tarn; trout; Wythburn. Spring and autumn are the best times. For lake fishing a good fly is hook No. 3 (Kendal); *body*, red worsted or mohair; *wings*, dark blue; *legs*, of a lighter shade. For sea trout a good fly is, *hook*, various sizes; *body*, moderately dark blue with or without gold or silver tag, and ribbed or not; *hackles*, brown or black-red; *wings*, strips of green parrot, tied on as long legs underneath the shoulder, the rest mostly peacock, with a few strips of brown mallard, golden pheasant tippet, and brown turkey. Another good fly has a *body* light blue; *hackles*, brown or black red, with or without gold and silver tag and ribbing; *wings*, mallard and light turkey mixed.
- Kettering** (Northton).—M.R. Ise; trout; private. (*See Wisbeach*.) *Hotel*: Royal. (*See Adm.*)
- Kettlewell** (York), n.s. **Bolton Abbey**, 14 m.—M.R. Wharfe. (c.s. York.) Skirfare, 2 m. W. Cover, 4 m. N.; trout. Cowside beck, 2 m. W. (*See York*.)
- Ketton** (Rutland).—G.N.R.; M.R.; L. & N.W.R. Welland. Chater. (*See Spalding*.)
- Kew** (Surrey).—S.W.R. Thames. (*See London, L.T.*)
- Kerby** (York), n.s. **Fangfoss**, 3 m.—N.E.R. Derwent; pike, chub, &c., free. (c.s. York.) (*See Wresselt*.)
- Keynsham** (Somerset).—G.W.R. (*See Bristol*.) On Avon; chub, pike, perch, carp; free. Chew; perch, roach; leave from owners and in parts (d.t. 1s.) can be had. Siston brook; 1000 yds. all-round fishing. (c.s.)
- Kibworth** (Leicester).—M.R. Saddington brook, 1 m. S. Hardwick brook, 3 m. W. *Lakes*: Saddington reservoir, 3 m. S. Gumley pond and Gumley Hall ponds, 3 m. S. (*See Spalding*.)
- Kidderminster** (Worcester).—G.W.R. Stour; coarse fish and trout above, polluted below; private. Churchill brook, feeding numerous mill ponds. Severn, 3 m. W.; pike, perch, chub, trout; free. (*See Gloucester*.) (c.s. Severn.) *Hotel*: Lion.
- Kilburn** (Derby).—M.R. Holbrook brook. (*See Gainsborough*.)
- Kildwick** (York).—M.R. Aire; trout, grayling, perch, chub, roach; preserved by Aire Fishing Club from *Gargrave* above to the junction of Eastbourne brook at this place. (*See Gargrave*.) From Eastbourne brook down, the river is preserved by the Stockbridge and Eastbourne Angling Club as far as Keighley; at 10s., d.t. 1s.; hon. sec. E. Town, Esq., Keighley. (c.s. York.) Eastbourne. *Lakes*: Cowlington dam; 7 m. S.W. (*See Rawcliffe*.)
- Killamarsh** (Derby).—M.R.; G.C.R. Bother. Short brook. *Lakes*: Woodhall Moor dams, 2 m. E. Barlborough Hall lake, 3 m. S.E. Pebley dam, 3 m. S.E. Harthill reservoir, 3 m. E. Woodhall pond, 3 m. E. (*See Goolle*.)
- Kilnhurst** (Yorks).—G.C.R.; M.R. Don. (*See Goolle*.)
- Kilnsey** (York), n.s. **Bolton Abbey**, 12 m.—M.R. Wharfe; trout; preserved by Kilnsey Angling Club of 35 members, from Starbottom above to 1 m. below Kilnsey; sec., Capt. Henderson, 19, Lansdowne-place, Cheltenham; entrance, 52s. 6d.; s.t. 94s. 6d., d.t. 5s., from the keepers. (c.s. York.) Skirfare, 1 m. N.; trout; preserved as Wharfe up to Hawkswick. *Hotel*: Tennants Arms. (*See York*.)
- Kilworth** (Warwick).—L. & N.W.R. Avon; dace, roach, perch. (*See Naseby and Welford*.) Swift (4 m. W.). (*See Gloucester*.) (c.s. Severn.)
- Kimberley** (Notts).—G.N.R. *Lakes*: Nuthall lake. (*See Gainsborough*.)
- Kimberley** (Norfolk).—G.E.R. Hackford brook. Bass, 1 m. E. Dyke beck, 2 m. S.E. Yare, 2 m. N.W. *Lake*: Kimberley Park, 1 m. Wicklowood mere, 2 m. S. Sea mere, 3 m. S.W. by Hingham. (*See Farnmouth*.)
- Kimbolton** (Hunts).—M.R. Kym. *Lakes*: Warren fishpond. (*See King's Lynn*.)
- Kingsbridge** (Devon).—G.W.R. Kingsbridge brook; fishless. This brook is 3 m. long, and forms in addition a long estuary, up which the tide flows to Kingsbridge. 2 m. below Kingsbridge, at Charlton, Buckland brook, 6 m. long, joins on left bank; trout; private. 1 m. down, Chillington water, which rises 3 m. N.W. of Torcross, and is 6 m. long, joins on right bank; trout. Capital sea fishing in the estuary. Good bass fishing at Salstone Rock, halfway between Kingsbridge and Salcombe. Avon, 3 m. N.; trout, salmon. (*See Loddiswell*.) *Hotel*: King's Arms. *Tackleist*, S. Perrott, 109, Fore-street.
- Kingsbury** (Stafford).—M.R. Tame. (c.s. Trent.) Langley brook, 3 m. N.W. *Lakes*: Widdleton Hall lake, 3 m. N.W. (*See Gainsborough*.)
- King's Cliffe** (Northton).—G.N.R. Willow brook. Welland, 3 m. N.W., at Duddington. *Lake*: Blatherwyck Park (Stafford O'Brian, Esq.), 2 m. W.; pike, carp, bream, &c.; strictly preserved. (*See Wisbeach*.)

Kingland (Hereford).—G.W.R. Lug and Pinsley brook; trout, grayling. (*c.s. Wye*.) The fishing is preserved by the landowners; then comes the stretch preserved by landlord, Royal Oak. **Leominster**, and then $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. of free water to **Leominster**. There are two small inns; lodgings can be had. (*See Choptore.*) **Tockleist**, R. T. Williams, **Lugg Cottage** (*see Advertisement*).

King's Lynn (Norfolk).—G.E.R. Ouse; coarse fish of all kinds except barbel. Ouse rises in the Biddleston Park lakes 4 m. N.W. from **Brackley**, runs to **Brackley** 4 m., Water Stratford 6 m. 2 m. below, a stream joins on the left bank, draining the lakes at Stowe 3 m. up, 4 m. N.W. from **Buckingham**. Ouse runs to **Buckingham** 3 m. 3 m. down Ouse, near Mald's Morton Mill, Claydon river joins on right bank, rising in Cottisford pond, 5 m. S. from **Brackley**, runs 12 m. to **Claydon**, where a stream joins on right bank, draining the ponds at Claydon Farm and Middle Claydon, 2 m. S. from **Claydon**. The stream joins Ouse 7 m. down. 4 m. down Ouse, at Beachampton, a stream joins on right bank, draining a lake at Whaddon, 3 m. N. from **Swanbourn**. Ouse runs 4 m. to **Stony Stratford** (n.s. **Wolverton**, 2 m.). Here a stream joins on left bank, draining the lakes in Whittlewood Forest, 4 m. N.W. from **Stony Stratford**. 2 m. down Ouse, at **Wolverton**, Tove joins on left bank. Tove rises by **Helmedon**, runs 4 m. to **Wappenham**, and 4 m. down is joined by Blakesley brook on left bank, which rises above **Blakesley**, and is 7 m. long. Tove runs to **Towcester** 2 m., Stoke lock 2 m. S. of **Roads**, 7 m., and Ouse 8 m. Ouse runs to **Newport Pagnel** 9 m., and here Ousel joins on right bank. Ousel rises by Eddlesborough 4 m. S.W. from **Dunstable**, runs 9 m. to **Leighton Buzzard**, where Battlesden brook joins on right bank. Battlesden rises in the lakes in Woburn Abbey Park, 3 m. S.E. from **Woburn Station**, runs 5 m. to Battlesden Park and lakes, 4 m. N.E. from **Leighton Buzzard**, and joins Ousel 4 m. down. 3 m. down Ousel the outflow, 1 m. long, of Bushmore pond, 2 m. N. from **Leighton**, joins on right bank. Ousel runs 7 m. to **Fenny Stratford**, and 6 m. down is joined on right bank by Crawley brook, which runs 3 m. N. of **Woburn Station**, and is 6 m. long. Ousel runs 3 m. to **Newport Pagnel** and Ouse. Ouse runs to **Olney** 8 m., **Turvey** 5 m., **Harrold** (n.s. **Sharnbrook**, 4 m.), 3 m., **Sharnbrook** 5 m. (tickets), **Oakley** 5 m. Here Ouse makes a bend of 4 m., returning to **Oakley**, runs to Clapham 2 m. (preserved by Hon. Miss Trevor, of Bromham Hall), **Bedford** 6 m.; Burford Bridge, 1 m. W. of **Blunham**, 7 m. (Mr. King, of Roxton, owns the N. side, and Mr. Elliot, of Blunham, the S.), and 3 m. down at **Tempsford** is joined on right bank by Ivel. Ivel rises by **Baldock**, runs 5 m. to **Arlesey**, where Hir joins on left bank. Hir rises by **Hitchin**, and is 9 m. long. 3 m. down Ivel, at Langford, Tod joins on left bank. Tod rises in the lakes at Tingrith House, 3 m. N.W. from **Harlington**, runs 2 m. to Flitwick Park and lakes, 3 m. S. from **Amphill**, runs 9 m. to **Shefford**, where Gull brook, 4 m. long, joins on left bank, and Compton brook, 6 m. long, which rises in the lakes of Wrest Park, 5 m. S.E. from **Amphill**, on right bank. Tod joins Ivel 3 m. down. Ivel runs to **Biggleswade** 3 m. 2 m. down, Sutton brook, which rises in the lake in Gamlingay Old Park, close to **Gamlingay**, runs 2 m. to Potton, and Ivel, 4 m., joins on right bank. Ivel runs to **Sandy** 2 m.; and here is Southill brook, which rises in the lake in Southill Park, near **Southill**, receives the drainings of Old Warden Park lake 2 m. down, and 3 m. further joins Ivel on left bank. Ivel runs to **Blunham** 2 m., and Ouse 3 m. Ouse runs to **St. Neots** 5 m., and 1 m. down is joined on right bank by Kym. Kym rises above **Kimbolton**, where it is joined by the outflow from the fishpond at the Warren, and 9 m. down joins Ouse. 1 m. down Ouse, Gallow brook, 5 m. long, joins on right bank. Ouse runs 4 m. to **Oxford** and 4 m. to **Huntingdon** (the fishing mostly in private hands). Here Alconbury brook, 14 m. long, joins on left bank. Ouse runs 5 m. to **St. Ives**, **Swavesey**, 3 m., **Earith**, 4 m. (and here the Bedford level or Bedford river leaves the main stream, joining again by Downham Market; **Manes** is the only station half-way down) **Stretham**, 10 m., and **Thetford** (n.s. **Stretham**, 2 m.) 2 m. Here Cam joins on right bank. Cam rises in the lakes at Debden, 2 m. E. of **Newport**, passes **Newport**, and runs 4 m. to **Saffron Walden**, where it runs through Audley End Park, **Great Chesterford**, 4 m., **Whittlesford**, 4 m., **Shelford**, 3 m. Here Bourn joins on right bank. Bourn rises 3 m. above Bartlow, runs 2 m. to **Linton**, **Pampisford**, 3 m., and **Shelford**, 4 m. 3 m. down Cam, at Trumpington, Rhee joins on left bank. Rhee rises at **Ashwell**, runs 10 m. to **Meldreth** (1 m. off on right bank). Here a stream joins on left bank, draining a lake in Wimpole Park 4 m. up, 2 m. S. from **Old North Road Station**. Rhee runs 4 m. to **Harston**, and Cam 3 m. 1 m. down Cam at Trumpington Bourn brook joins on left bank. This stream rises by Bourn, runs 8 m. to **Lords Bridge**, and Cam 3 m. Cam runs to **Cambridge** 3 m. (preserved by Cambridge and Ely Angling Association, hence to below Ely), **Waterbeach** 6 m., and here Bottisham Load, which runs down from **Fulbourn** 9 m., joins on right bank. 1 m. down Cam **Swaffham Load**, 6 m. long, joins on right bank. Cam runs to Upware, 2 m. (good fishing. *Im:* Five Miles from Anywhere), and 4 m. down joins Ouse. Ouse runs to **Ely** 8 m., 4 m. below, Lark joins on right bank. Lark rises above **Bury St. Edmunds**, and is here joined by Linnet, which rises in the lake in Ickworth Park, 3 m. S. from **Saxham**, and is 5 m. long, and 5 m. down at West Stow is joined on right bank by a brook rising in the lake in Livermere Park, runs thence in 1 m. to the lake in Ampton Park, 1 m. W. of **Ingham**, and 3 m. down waters the lakes in Culford Park 2 m. W. of **Ingham**, and joins Lark 1 m. down. Lark runs 3 m. to Icklingham where Cavenham brook, which rises by **Saxham**, and is 7 m. long, joins on left bank. Lark runs 4 m. to **Mildenhall**, and 4 m. below is

joined on left bank by Kent, which, rising 8 m. above Kennet, runs thence 4 m. to Freckenham (n.s. Fordham, 3 m.), and 2 m. down joins Lark near Ialeham (n.s. Fordham, 3 m.). Lark joins Ouse 7 m. down, **Mildenhall** Station being 2 m. off on right bank. Ouse runs 3 m. to **Littleport**. Here Mildenhall drain enters on right bank, and Old Croft river, 14 m. long, joins on left bank. 3 m. down Ouse, at Brandon Creek bridge, Brandon or Little Ouse joins on right bank. Little Ouse rises in the lake in Redgrave Park by **Botesdale** (n.s. Mellis, 4 m.), runs to Hopton, 5 m., Rushford, 5 m., and 2 m. down **Ixworth** river joins on left bank. Ixworth rises in the lake in Drinkstone Park, 4 m. S.E. from **Thurston**, runs 3 m. to the railway 1 m. W. of Elmswell; 3 m. down at Stowlangtoft the outflow from the lake in Stowlangtoft Hall, 1 m. up joins on right bank. 2 m. on is **Ixworth** (n.s. Thurston, 4 m.). The stream now runs to Pakenham, 7 m., and, just below, it waters the lake in Euston Park, and 3 m. down joins Ouse. Ouse runs 4 m. to **Thetford**. Here Thet joins on right bank. Thet rises 6 m. above **Hailing**, and runs in 10 m. to **Thetford**. Little Ouse runs 9 m. to **Brandon**, **Lakenheath**, 3 m., and Great Ouse, 9 m. Ouse runs to **Milgay** 5 m., and here Sam's Cut Drain, holding pike and perch, and Wissey or Stoke river joins on right bank. Wissey rises in Heath Mere, 5 m. E. from **Walton**, runs 6 m. to **Walton**, where the outflow of Saham Mere, 1 m. N., joins on right bank. Wissey runs to Hilborough, 7 m., where Erneford Brook, which rises above **Holm-Hall**, and is 10 m. long, joins on right bank. 4 m. down Wissey, at Ickborough, the drainings of the lakes in Buckenham House Park joins on the left bank, being 6 m. N.E. from **Brandon**. 2 m. down Wissey, at Mundford, a stream joins on left bank, draining **Toff's Mere**, 3 m. up, and 5 m. N.E. from **Brandon**. 2 m. down, Wissey receives the drainings of the lake in Didlington Hall, which lies almost on the bank of the river, 5 m. S.E. from **Stoke Ferry**. Wissey runs 4 m. to **Stoke Ferry**, where Barton brook, draining the lake in Stradset Hall, 7 m. up, joins on right bank. This lake is 4 m. N.E. from **Downham Market**. Wissey runs to **Milgay**, and Ouse in 8 m. Ouse runs 1 m. to Denver sluice. Here the Hundred Foot river joins the Ouse immediately below the sluice, and contains all kinds of coarse fish except barbel. Smelts are caught in large quantities. The part of the Ouse between Wissey and the Denver sluice is good. Ouse runs 2 m. to **Downham Market**, Stow 3 m., **Magdalen**, 3 m., and **King's Lynn**, 8 m. Here Nar or Setchey joins on right bank. Nar (a good trout stream in its upper reaches, but with pike and coarse fish below) rises by **Litcham** (n.s. Dunham, 3 m.), runs 6 m. to **Castle Acre**, 4 m. N. from **Swaffham**, **Warborough**, 5 m., and **King's Lynn**, 13 m. 4 m. of Nar is preserved by King's Lynn Association; trouting begins April 1 and ends Sept. 15; grayling fishing begins Aug. 1, ends Nov. 30; pike fishing begins Aug. 1, ends last day of Feb., except in Nar and Gaywood, where there is no close time. Gaywood river (trout), 7 m. long, also joins Ouse on right bank; preserved by the King's Lynn Angling Association; hon. sec., W. J. King, Esq., 54, High-street; s.t. 10s. 6d. This association also preserves 7 m. of the Middle Level Main Drain. The Walks rivulet, Long pond, and Loke are free, though under the charge of the association. *Hotels*: Globe, East Anglian, Duke's Head. (c.s. N. and S.)

King Sombourne (Hants).—L. & S.W.R. The Test; large trout. (See Southampton.)

Kings Langley (Herts).—L. & N.W.R. (See London, M.T.) Gade.

Kingston (Surrey).—L. & S.W.R. Thames and Hog's Mill River. (See London, L.T.) *Lakes*: Bushey Park, Home Park lakes. *Hotels*: Sun, Griffin. *Fishermen*: J. Johnson, B. Pope, E. Stephens, J. Wilks, and Knight. *Tacklest*: J. R. Richardson, 67, High-street.

Kington (Hereford).—G.W.B. Arrow; trout; preserved by a club below to Titley, above by the landowners. (c.s. Wye.) Gilwern brook. (See Chepstow.)

Kington (Warwick).—G.W.B. Dene. *Lakes*: Coombroke lake (3 m. N.W.). Ponds in Pool Fields (2 m. N.). (See Gloucester.)

Kinnerley (Salop).—L. & N.W.R. Wear brook. Morda (3 m. W.) Severn (3 m. S.); chub, dace, trout, pike, salmon. Vyrnwy (4 m. S.W.); trout, salmon, chub, &c. *Lakes*: Sandford Hall lake (3 m. N.). (See Gloucester.) (c.s. Severn.)

Kinnerley (Hereford).—G.W.B. Letton lake brook. (See Chepstow.)

Kintbury (Berks).—G.W.R. Kennett; pike, perch, roach, dace. (See London, M.T.)

Kirkby Moorside (York).—N.E.B. Dove, in Farndale, 1 m. E.; trout, grayling; preserved by Lord Feversham; s.t. 12s., 3 months 7s., 4 weeks 3s., 1 week 1s.; fly and minnow only; apply to Mr. McLaughlin, Duncombe Park Estate Office, Helmsley. Hodge beck, in Sleightholme Dale, 1 m. W.; trout, grayling; preserved as Dove (see Helmsley). Rudland beck, 2 m. E., Riccal below Harome. *Hotels*: White Horse, King's Head. (See Wressell.)

Kirkburton (Yorks).—L. & N.W.R. Burton brook. (See Rawcliffe.)

Kirkby (Lancs.).—L. & Y.R. Simonswood brook. Alt, 1 m. S. Flukers brook, 1 m. S. (See Althar.)

Kirkby.—(See Woodland.)

Kirkby Lonsdale (Westland).—On Lune; trout; leave can be had by ticket for 2 m.; apply at Royal Hotel. *Hotels*: Royal and Green Dragon. (See c.s.)

Kirkby Malzeard (York), n.s. Tanfield, 4 m.—Kep beck. Laver, 1 m. S. Stock beck. (See York.)

Kirkby Stephen (York).—M.R.; N.E.B. Swale, 5 m. S.E.; trout. (c.s. York.) Little Steddale beck, 5 m. S.E.; trout; free. Great Steddale beck, 7 m. S.E.; trout; free. *Lake*: Birkdale tarn, 7 m. S.E. (See York.)

Kirkby Stephen (Westland).—Eden and Angill Beck; trout. Leave to fish from the landowners. Angill Beck can be fished with leave from the occupiers of Angill Castle. (c.s.)

- Kirk Smeaton** (Yorks).—G.C.B. Went. Lake Drain, 3 m. N.E., at Womersley. *Lakes*: Stapleton Park lake, 2 m. N. (*See Gool.*)
- Kirkstead** (Lincoln).—G.N.R. Witham. (*See Boston.*)
- Kirknewton** (Northland.).—The College and Bowmont here join, and form Glen. (*See Berwick-on-Tweed.*)
- Kirtlington** (Oxford).—G.W.R. Cherwell. (*See London, M.T.*)
- Kiveton Park** (Notts).—G.N.R. Oldcoates, 6 m. N.E. *Lakes*: Laughton pond, 6 m. N.E. at Roche Abbey. (*See Althorpe.*)
- Knaresborough** (Yorks).—N.E.R. Nidd; trout, grayling, chub, barbel; preserved by the Knaresborough Angling Club of 40 members, from Ripley to Ribston 5 m. below Knaresborough; entrance 2l.; s.t. 30s.; a club ticket for friends of members; season begins March 16, ends September 15; secs., J. G. Brown and F. Wolstenholme. (*c.s. York.*) Crimble, 3 m. S. (*See York.*)
- Knightwick** (Worcester).—G.W.R. Teme; trout, grayling, chub, perch, pike. Sapey brook. (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s. Severn.*) *Hotel*: Talbot, which has 3 m. of fishing free to visitors.
- Knottingley** (Yorks).—G.N.R.; L. & Y.R.; H.B. & W.R.J.R. Aire. (*c.s. York.*) (*See Rawcliffe.*)
- Knowle** (Warwick).—G.W.R. Blyth, 2 m. E. (*c.s. Trent.*) *Lakes*: Earlswood reservoir, 6 m. W. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Knutsford** (Cheshire).—L. & N.W.R. Birkin, 1 m. N. *Lakes*: Tatton Park lake. Mere Hall lake, 3 m. N.W. (*See Runcorn.*)
- Lakenheath** (Suffolk).—G.E.R. Little Ouse; pike and coarse fish; fishing easily obtained (*See King's Lynn.*) (*c.s. Norfolk.*)
- Lamport** (Northton).—L. & N.W.R. Nen. *Lakes*: Lamport Hall, Maidwell Dale and Maidwell Hall, 1 m. W. Faxton Hall, 3 m. E. (*See Wisbeach.*)
- Lancaster**.—On Lune; salmon and trout. Fishing to be had by favour of the riparian landowners. The river flows through Halton, Hornby, Kirkby Lonsdale, Middleton, and Sedborough, near which it rises. (*c.s.*)
- Langford** (Essex).—G.E.R. On Chelmer. (*See Maldon.*)
- Langley** (Bucks).—G.W.R. In Black Park (Duke of Somerset), and Langley Park (Sir R. Harvey) are some large lakes; pike, perch, and chub. (*See London, M.T.*)
- Langley** (Cheshire).—Trout and perch fishing can be had in the Macclesfield Corporation Waterworks reservoirs; 60 tickets are issued at 21s., and 26 at 10s. 6d., d.t. 2s., half day 1s. Fishing commences on April 1st, and ends Oct. 8th. Apply to water-bailiff, Langley.
- Langley Green** (Stafford).—G.W.R.; L. & N.W.R. Tame. (*c.s. Trent.*) *Lake*: Titford reservoir. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Langport** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Parret and Yeo. (*See Bridgewater.*) (*c.s. Avon.*)
- Langrick** (Lincoln).—G.N.R. Witham. (*See Boston.*)
- Langwith** (Notts).—M.R. Poulter. *Lakes*: Langwith Lodge. Whaley Mill, 2 m. N. (*See Althorpe.*)
- Langworth** (Lincoln).—G.N.R. Langworth. Clay brook. Snelland brook, 1 m. N. *Lake*: Hackthorn Hall, 7 m. N.W. (*See Boston.*)
- Lanternian** (Monmouth).—G.W.R. Dowlas brook 2 m. (*See Newport.*)
- Lapford** (Devon).—L. & S.W.R.—Taw. Lapford water. Washford brook. (*c.s.*) (*See Barnstaple.*)
- Launceston** (Cornwall).—G.W.R. Tamer; trout; preserved by Mr. Coode, Polapit Tamar, Launceston; Mr. Bradshaw, Liltton Park, Launceston; Mr. Kelly Kelly, Tavistock; these gentlemen will often give leave if properly approached. Yeolm; trout. Attery; trout; river very bushy. Cowdery water, 5 m. Laudno water, 3 m. Inny, 4 m.; trout; preserved by C. Archer, Esq., Treasake, Launceston, who will give a few days after April 1st. Penpont water, 4 m.; trout. (*c.s. Tamer.*) (*See Plymouth and St. Germans.*) *Hotels*: White Hart and King's Arms.
- Lavenham** (Suffolk).—G.E.R. Lavenham brook. Bret, 3 m. E.; pike, perch, roach, carp, tench, dace. *Lakes*: Lavenham Park pond, 4 m. N.E. (*See Manningtree.*)
- Lea** (Lincoln).—G.N.R. Trent, 1 m. S.; chub, pike, perch, barbel. (*c.s.*) (*See Gainsborough.*) Tilt, 3 m. S.E. *Lakes*: Fillingham lake, 8 m. W. (*See Boston.*)
- Lea Bridge** (Essex).—G.E.R. (*See Stratford.*) On Lea; pike, barbel, roach, bream, carp, chub, tench; s.t. 15s., d.t. 1s. Only annual subscribers can fish for jack.
- Leadenham** (Lincoln).—G.N.R. Brant, 3 m. W. Sand beck, 3 m. W. *Lakes*: Leadenham Hall. (*See Boston.*)
- Lea Holme Bridge** (Yorks).—N.E.R. Near Whitby. Decent trouting, and a good country inn close to the river.
- Leamington** (Warwick).—L. & N.W.R.; G.W.R. Avon; bream, chub, dace, roach, pike, perch; leave required. Leam; roach, dace, perch. (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s. Severn.*) By staying at the Royal Oak Hotel fishing can be had. *Tackleist*, J. Hobson.
- Leatherhead** (Surrey).—L. & S.W.R. (*See London, L.T.*) Mole; trout, dace, and perch; retained by the landowners.
- Leaton** (Salop).—G.W.R. Severn (1 m. W.); chub, dace, pike, trout, salmon. *Lakes*: Almond Pool, Black Pool, and Hencot Pool (2 m. S.). (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s. Severn.*)
- Le Botwood** (Salop).—L. & N.W.R.; G.W.R. Cound brook; trout; private. Row brook (3 m. N.E.). Acton brook (4 m. E.). Eaton brook (4 m. S.W.). (*See Gloucester.*)
- Lechlade** (Oxon).—G.W.R. On Thames, Colne, and Leach; chub, trout, dace, pike,

- perch, and roach. Troutling on Leach very good; strictly preserved by the landowners. (*See London, U.T.*)
- Ladbury** (Hereford).—G.W.B. Leaden. *Lakes*: Eastnor Castle lake (2 m. E.). Dogberry pools (3 m.). Canal reservoir (3 m.). (*See Dymock, Gloucester.*) (*c.s. Severn.*)
- Lee** (Kent).—S.E.R. On Ravensbourne. (*See Lewisham.*)
- Leeds** (Yorks).—G.N.R.; M.R.; N.E.E.; L. & Y.R.; G.C.B. Aire. (*c.s. York.*) Farnley brook. Addle beck. Killing beck, 2 m. E. *Lakes*: Boundhay Park lake, 4 m. N.E. (*See Rawcliffe.*) (*See Clapham.*) *Tackleists*, Linsley Brothers, 10, Commercial-street.
- Leek** (Stafford).—M.R.; L. & N.W.R.; G.N.R. Churnet; trout, grayling, coarse fish; preserved by landowners. (*c.s. Trent.*) Hamps, 5 m. E., at Onecote. *Lakes*: Rudyerd reservoir, 3 m. N.W. Lower Acre ponds, 5 m. E. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Leeming** (York).—N.E.R. Bedale beck. Swale, 2 m. N.E. (*c.s. York.*) (*See York.*)
- Leicester**.—M.R.; L. & N.W.R.; G.N.R. Soar; roach, pike, perch, chub, carp, tench; much polluted immediately below; preserved by the Leicester Angling Society; sec., Mr. Hardy. (*c.s. Trent.*) Willow brook. Aylestone brook, 2 m. S.; trout: preserved as Soar. Ingersby brook, 2 m. N.E. Rothley brook, 3 m. N.W., at **Glenfield**. Billiesden brook, 5 m. S. Barkby brook, 5 m. N.E. Quornden brook, 6 m. N.W., at Bradgate Park: trout; preserved by owner. *Lakes*: Braunston Hall lake, 2 m. S.W. The Pool, 5 m. N.W., at Grooby. Queenby Hall lake, 7 m. E., at Hungerton. (*See Gainsborough.*) Thornton reservoir. *Hotels*: Bell, Royal, George, Stag and Pheasant, and Wellington. *Tackleist*, B. Flude, 5, West Bridge.
- Leigh** (Lancs.).—L. & N.W.B. Glase brook. *Lakes*: Atherton Hall lake, 1 m. N. (*See Buncorn.*)
- Leigh** (Stafford).—L. & N.W.B. Blythe (*c.s. Trent.*) Tean brook, 2 m. N.E. *Lakes*: Birchwood Park, 2 m. S.W. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Leigh Court** (Worcester).—G.W.B. Teme; trout, chub, dace, grayling, pike, perch, salmon; preserved by the Malvern A.S., below to Powick fies by favour of riparian owners; from Powick to mouth by Worcester A.S. Leigh brook; trout; preserved by private owners. (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s. Severn.*)
- Leighton Buzzard** (Beds.).—L. & N.W.R. Ousel. Battlesdon Brook. *Lakes*: Rushmore Pond (2 m. N.), Battlesdon Park Lakes (4 m. N.E.) (*See King's Lynn.*)
- Leintwardine** (Hereford).—(n.s.) **Hopton Heath**, 3 m. Teme; grayling, trout; preserved by the Leintwardine Angling Club of 15 members (hon. sec., A. R. Boughton Knight, Esq.), elsewhere by the landowners; fishing first-class; there is 100 yards of free water below the bridge. Clun; trout, grayling; preserved as the Teme. (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s. Severn.*)
- Lenwade** (Norfolk).—G.E.R. Wensum. (*c.s. N. and S.*) Blackwater brook. (*See Farnmouth.*)
- Leominster** (Hereford).—L. & N.W.R.; G.W.B. *Hotel*: Royal Oak. Lug; trout, grayling, pike, perch, dace. Above the town the river is preserved by the landowners. The Eaton Fishing Club of limited numbers (sec., Mr. V. W. Holmes, National and Provincial Bank) preserve $3\frac{1}{2}$ m. below the town. (*c.s. Wye.*) Pinsley brook; trout, grayling; preserved by landowners. Ridgemoor brook. Cogwell brook. Arrow ($1\frac{1}{2}$ m.); trout, grayling, dace, perch; preserved by Eaton Club, above by landowners. (*c.s. Wye.*) Stretford brook ($1\frac{1}{2}$ m.). Hamber brook (3 m.). Puddleston brook (4 m.). (*See Chepstow.*)
- Lewisham** (York).—N.E.R. Pickering beck. Lewisham beck. Thornton beck. (*See Wressel.*)
- Lewes** (Sussex).—L.B. & S.C.R. (*See Newhaven.*) On Onse; pike, perch, bream, roach, dace, chub, and a few trout; preserved by a society; hon. sec., C. H. Morris, Lewes; tickets: Family 21s.; annual, 10s. 6d.; monthly, 5s.; weekly, 2s. 6d.; daily, 1s. *Hotels*: White Hart, Crown.
- Lewisham** (Kent).—S.E.R.; G.N.R. On Ravensbourne. This stream rises by Hayes, runs by Bromley 3 m., $3\frac{1}{2}$ m. to **Catford Bridge**, Lewisham 1 m. 1 m. below, at **Lee**, a stream joins Ravensbourne, having a course of 6 m. Ravensbourne joins Thames 2 m. on at Greenwich.
- Leyburn** (York).—N.E.E. Ure; grayling, trout; leave at Cover Bridge Inn. (*c.s. York.*) Broomer beck, 1 m. N.W. Betterby beck, 2 m. N. Cover, 3 m. S.E.; trout, grayling; preserved as Ure. Gill beck, 3 m. N.; trout; preserved; leave sometimes. Sowdenbeck, 4 m. S.E. Stainton Moor beck, 6 m. N. Swale, 7 m. N.; grayling, coarse fish. *Hotel*, Bolton Arms. (*c.s. York.*) (*See Middleham, York.*) *Tackleist*, J. F. Lyon, Post Office.
- Leyland** (Lancs.).—L. & N.W.R.; L. & Y.R. Lostock, 2 m. E. (*See Hesketh Bank.*)
- Leytonstone** (Essex).—G.E.R.; M.R. On Roding. (*See Barking.*)
- Lichfield** (Stafford).—L. & N.W.B. Alrewas brook. Blackbrook at Shentone. Ashmore brook, 2 m. N.W. Bilston brook, 3 m. N.W. Tame, 3 m. E. Ben brook, 4 m. N.W. *Lakes*: Mill ponds at Lichfield. Swinfen Hall and Freeford Hall, 2 m. S.E. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Lidford** (Devon).—G.W.B. Lid; trout; preserved below. Law, 3 m. Tavy, 3 m.; trout; preserved by the Tamar and Plym Fishery Board, who issue tickets. (*c.s. Tamar.*) (*See Plymouth.*)
- Lidlington** (Beds.).—L. & N.W.B. Thame; coarse fish. (*See London, M.T.*)
- Lidford** (Warwick).—M.R. Rea. Bourne brook, 2 m. N. Cole, 2 m. E. *Lakes*: Harborne Mill, 2 m. N. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Lifton** (Devon).—G.W.B. Lid. Thistle brook; trout. (*See Plymouth.*)

- Lilbourne** (Northton).—L. & N.W.R. Avon; chub, dace, roach, pike, perch, bream. Yel-
vertoft brook. (See Gloucester.) (c.s. Severn.)
- Limley Stoke** (Wilts).—G.W.R. (See Bristol.) On Avon; good all-round fishing; trout,
perch, roach, pike; preserved by Avon and Trib. Ang. Assoc. from hence to Avoncliff;
sec., J. J. Justice, Esq., Carlton Chambers, Baldwin-street, Bristol. (c.s.) Midford brook;
trout, perch, roach, dace.
- Linby** (Notts).—M.R.; G.N.R. Leen. Lakes: Papplewick Mill ponds, 1 m. E. Newstead
Abbey lakes, 2 m. N. (See Gainsborough.)
- Lincoln**.—G.N.R.; G.E.R.; M.R.; G.C.R. Witham. Foss Dyke Navigation. (See
Boston.) Ancholme, 8 m. N. Lakes: Ancholme Head lake, 8 m. N. (See Brigg.) Tackleists,
Andrews and Parkinson, 36, Melville-street.
- Linley** (Salop).—G.W.R. Severn; pike, perch, chub, dace, salmon. Linley brook. Lakes
Willey Park ponds (3 m. W.). (See Gloucester.) (c.s. Severn.)
- Linton** (Cambs.).—G.E.R. Bourn; trout; preserved by Pembroke College; good fishing.
(See King's Lynn.)
- Liphook** (Hants).—L. & S.W.R. Lakes: Ripley Pond 2 m. Packet and Worlmer ponds 2½ m.
There is a small trout stream at Fernhurst, 3 m. away. (See London. L.T.)
- Liskeard** (Cornwall).—G.W.R. St. Germans river. Seaton river. Looe river, 1 m. Looe
rises 2 m. above Liskeard, runs to that town, and 3 m. on runs by Menheniot Station,
3 m. off, on left bank. 2 m. down, a short stream joins on left bank, and 5 m. down is Looe.
Here a stream, 8 m. long, joins on right bank. There are trout in the river above the tide-
way. Good sea fishing. Immediately outside the harbour pollack are caught whiffing.
Larger pollack towards the island, dabs at the anchorage, and whiting, &c., in the offing.
(See Fowey, St. Germans, and Menheniot.) Hotel: Webb's.
- Liss** (Sussex).—L. & S.W.R. Western Rother; trout. (See Little Hampton.)
- Litcham** (Norfolk).—(n.s. Dunham, 3 m.). Nar. (See King's Lynn.) (c.s. N and S.)
- Littleborough** (Lancs.).—L. & N.W.R.; G.N.R.; M.R. Boch. Lakes: Hollingworth
reservoir, 1 m. S. Spoddlie Hill and another reservoir, 2 m. N. Blackstone reservoir,
3 m. N.E. Lower White Holme reservoir, 4 m. N.E. (See Runcorn.)
- Little Bytham** (Lincoln).—G.N.R. Glen. (See Spalding.)
- Little Eaton** (Derby).—M.R. Derwent; pike, coarse fish, grayling, trout (c.s. Trent).
Holbrook brook. Ecclesbourne, 2 m. N.W. Cutler brook, 4 m. W. Lakes: Allastrey Hall
lake, 2 m. S.W. Smalley Mill pond, 3 m. N.E. Kedleston Park lakes, 4 m. W. (See Gains-
borough.)
- Little Hampton** (Sussex).—L.B. & S.C.R. Arun rises in Coolhurst pond in St. Leonard's
Forest (pike, perch, roach; leave from C. Dickens, Esq.). Runs 1 m. to Hammers
pond (pike, perch, roach, dace; leave from P. Salard, Esq., Crawley) and Hawkins'
pond (trout; leave from Col. Aldridge, Horsham). ½ m. on is a pond on the right bank.
1 m. on, at Amy's Mill, a stream joins on right bank 3 m. long, rising in a lake 1½ m.
N. of Hawkins' pond, and watering lakes at New Lodge and Highland Farm, near
Horsham. Arun runs in 1 m. to Horsham, where it waters a private lake in Hill's
Place, just below which Channel brook, 2 m. long, from Warnham Mill Pond, joins on right
bank. Arun runs in 1 m. to Itchenfield, 2 m. to Slinfold, 2½ m. to Rudgwick.
2 m. below a stream joins on right bank, draining the lake at Loxwood, and a mill pond or
two 2½ m. up. ½ m. down Arun on right bank are two lakes by Millham, and 2 m. on is
Billingshurst. 1 m. below, a large stream joins Arun on right bank. This stream rises
in five or six large lakes in Shillinglee Park (Lord Winterton) (n.s. Haslemere,
4 m.), runs 2 m. to Evernoll, where are more lakes on the common, and a large one in
Pheasant Court. At Evernoll a stream 3 m. long joins on left bank, rising in some ponds at
Ash Park and East End Farm, 1 m. W. of Shillinglee Park. (The ponds in the Wealds are
innumerable, and are full of fish—carp, pike, perch, and tench.) The main stream now
runs 2 m. to Kudford where is a lake, and 1 m. below is joined by the outflow of three
ponds on right bank. 1 m. on is Wisborough Green, and Arun 1½ m. 5 m. down Arun is
Pulborough. Here the Western Rother joins on right bank. Rother rises at Hawkey
Mill, by Emphot, runs 3 m. to Liss; here the drainage of a pond ½ m. up joins on right
bank. 2 m. down, at Sheet Mill, a stream joins on right bank, rising in Steep Mill 1 m.
up. 1 m. down Rother is Petersfield. Here is the drainage of the large pond on
Petersfield Heath. 2 m. on is the outfall of a lake at Down Park, 1 m. W. of
Rogate Station. Rother runs 2½ m. to Hilstead, where the effluent of three lakes
lying alongside the road from the station joins on right bank. 1 m. on at Chithurst a
stream joins on left bank draining some lakes in Harting Combe, Cook's Pond on Newick
Common, Milland Millpool, and some other lakes, all within 2 m. of each other (n.s.,
Liphook), runs 2 m. to Hammer Pond, by Chithurst, and ½ m. to Rother. 2 m. down
Rother is the drainage, 3 m. long, on right bank of a lake at Newhouse Farm, ½ m. S.
of Hilstead Station. Rother runs in 2 m. to Midhurst and receives the drainage
of a lake on Midhurst Common. 1 m. on, on right bank, a stream joins, rising in
Bex Mill, 2 m. S. of Midhurst, and turning another mill; and 1 m. on are the drainage
from the lakes in Cowdry Park on left bank, and the lake on Ambersham Common
on right bank. 1½ m. on a stream joins on left bank, rising at Cook's Mill, near Fernhurst
(n.s. Haslemere), runs 3 m. to Lurgershall, and its fine mill pond, ½ m. below which it
is joined on left bank by the drainage from the ponds in Chillinghurst Park, and on the
right bank by the drainage of the large lake at River Park (trout). 1 m. on, at Salmon
Bridge, on the left bank, is the drainage of a pond on River Common (trout) (u.s.)

- for these lakes, **Petworth**, 2 m. on this brook joins Rother. There are trout more or less in all these streams above this point. 1½ m. down Rother a stream joins on right bank, which rises in a pond by Grapham, runs 2 m. to Barrett's Mill and Pond, and ½ m. to Rother. 3 m. on by **Petworth Station** is the drainage of the lakes in **Petworth Park** (Lord Leconfield), and ½ m. on, on right bank, is the drainage of the large lakes in **Burton Park** (pike, perch, carp, and tench). 1 m. on, on left bank, is the drainage, 1 m. long, of a lake by Egdean, 2 m. from **Petworth**, and 3 m. on, Rother reaches **Fulbrough** and the Arun. 1 m. down Arun on left bank a stream joins, 3 m. long, which waters two mills by West Chiltington, and two lakes on Chiltington Common. 3 m. down Arun a stream, 2½ m. long, joins on right bank, rising in Bignor Mill Pool, and feeding another lake half way down. 2 m. down Arun is **Amberley**; Burpham, 2½ m., and **Arundel**, 2 m.; **Ford**, 2 m. Here a stream joins on left bank, rising in Patching Pond (nearest station, **Goring**, 2 m.; **Arundel**, 4 m.); runs to **Angmering**, 3 m., where the drainage of four lakes at New Place, 1 m. up, joins on right bank; and 2½ m. on is Arun. Hence to **Little Hampton** and the sea is 3 m. Good fishing from the pier, also grey mullet and sand smelts. Open sea fishing but moderate. *Hotel*: Beach.
- Littleport** (Cambs.).—G.E.B. *Hotels*: Railway, Black Horse, Granby. Ouse; coarse fish, except barbel; preserved up to **Ely** by Cambridge and Ely Angling Association; tickets from Mr. H. Brialin, Littleport; baits from T. South, Sandhill Bridge. (*See Cambridge*.) (c.s. *N. and S.*) Thomas South, Sandhill Bridge, Littleport, will afford all information and supply all requisites. The Great Ouse below the Creek is preserved by Capt. Taylor. *Hotels*: Granby, Railway Tavern, Black Horse, Globe. Brandon Creek (Capt. Luddington); *Inn*, Ship (a punt and fishing attached). A fine stretch of Ouse, 2 m. long, connecting the C. and E.A.S. fishing with Mr. H. T. Luddington's water, which extends from Capt. Taylor's, Egremont House, to 1 m. towards Littleport, is now being preserved by Ouse and Nen Fishery District Board, who have stopped all netting. Mildenhall Drain; poor fishing. Old Croft River; poor fishing. Lark (3 m. S.); coarse fish; free. Little Ouse or Brandon (3 m. N.); preserved by W. Luddington, Esq. Mr. W. C. Peacock grants a limited number of tickets. *Inn*; Ship, comfortable. (*See King's Lynn*.)
- Little Ribston** (York). n.s. **Wetherby**, 4 m.—Nidd. (c.s. *York*.) Crimble beck. Allerton beck, 1 m. E. (*See York*.)
- Liverpool** (Lancs.).—L. & N.W.B.; M.R.; L. & Y.R.; G.W.B.; C. Lines. Fishing can be had in Rivington lakes, belonging to the Corporation—non-residents' s.t. 2s. 2s., d.t. 3s.; residents—at 1s. 1s., d.t. 1s. 6d., on application to the Water-engineer, Municipal Offices. Fly only, except in Upper and Lower Rivington reservoirs, and the Lower Roddlesworth and Bake brook reservoirs. Lochleven trout season from March 15 to Sept. 15; no wading; no dogs; no Sunday fishing. The Liverpool Angling Association (R. Woolfall, hon. sec., Club House, Bee Hotel, Queen-square) has private fishing in Ruabon reservoir, well stocked with Loch Leven trout, open to members only, friends d.t. 2s. 6d.; a lake at Knowsley (coarse fish and a few trout and grayling), d.t. for friends 1s. 6d.; entrance 5s., life 7l. 7s., s.t. 20s. Fishing (from boats only) in the mere at Newton-le-Willows may be had on application to the agent, Mr. Pardey, d.t. 2s. 6d. The Sefton and Newsham lakes in the public parks are stocked with trout and coarse fish; licences 10s. 6d. per annum for ratepayers or inhabitants of the city, 1l. 1s. for others. There is some good fishing about **St. Helens**, under the St. Helens Angling Association; hon. sec., Mr. H. M. Greer, 7, Haydock-street, St. Helens; d.t. to members' friends 1s., at the Cotham Arms Hotel. The Association also has fishing in two Corporation waters (St. Ann's dam and Leg of Mutton dam). Eccleston mere (Sir D. Gamble, Bt., by permission). Fishing in Garswood New dam, Stanley Mill dam, Eccleston Mill dam, Mr. Swift's dam, at d.t. 1s. Carr Mill dam (trout), near St. Helens, is now closed by Col. Gamble. About **Northwich** is some good general fishing; apply to Mr. G. Scales, Wincham, Northwich; d.t. 2s. 6d. The Bolton Association has some good and extensive fishing; members only; sec., Mr. T. W. Redford, 57, Dorset-street, Bolton. *Tackleist*, W. Ramabottom, 14a, N. John-street.
- Lizard**, The (Cornwall).—Good bass and pollack fishing from the rocks here in summer time, with salmon rod and light artificial baits.
- Llandenny** (Monmouth).—G.W.R. Olway; trout; preserved. Baglan brook. Pill brook. (*See Newport*.)
- Llanfihangel** (Monmouth).—G.W.B. Honddu; trout; preserved by the landowners (*See Chepstow*.)
- Llangurig** (Monmouth).—Wye; trout. (c.s.) Bidno (1 m.). Tavenig (5 m.). *Llyn*, Helygen (6 m.). Gwny (7 m.). (*See Chepstow*.)
- Llan-y-blodwell** (Salop).—Tanat; trout, grayling, chub, &c. Cynllith (3 m. W.). Vyrnwy (2 m. S.); trout, salmon, chub, &c.; preserved by the landowners. (*See Llanymynech*.) Cain; trout, salmon (3 m. S.); preserved as Vyrnwy. (*See Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.)
- Llanymynech** (Salop).—C.R. Vyrnwy; preserved by landowners, leave freely given; trout, salmon, grayling, roach, perch, pike, chub, &c.; there is a good stretch of free water. Tanat (2 m. N.W.); trout, grayling, chub, pike, &c.; a portion free. Morda (1 m. E.); pike, chub, trout; a portion free. Severn (4 m. S.); trout, salmon, chub, pike, perch; free. Cain (4 m. W.); trout, salmon a portion free. (*See Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.) *Hotel*: Cross Keys.
- Lockington** (York).—N.E.B. Pike beck. Scarborough beck. Hull, 2 m. E. (c.s. *York*.) (*See Hull*.)

Loddiswell (Devon).—G.W.B. Avon; trout, salmon. Avon rises on Dartmoor, and 7 m. down is joined on right bank by Red brook, 3 m. long. Avon runs 2 m. to **Brent**, and 2 m. below. Black brook, 2 m. long, joins on left bank. Avon runs 3 m. to **Diptford**, 1 m. to **Bickham Bridge**, Newhouse 2 m., **Loddiswell** 4 m. Here Woodleigh brook, 7 m. long, joins on left bank. 3 m. down Avon is **Aveton Giffard**, to which the tide flows. (c.s.) Avon is preserved by the Avon and Erme Fishing Association hence to beyond **Shipley Bridge**; s.t. (limited to 30) 40s., m.t. 20s., w.t. 10s., d.t. 2s. 6d.; sec., C. E. Turner, Esq., solicitor, **Salcombe**: rod licences—salmon 20s., trout 10s., w.t. 5s., d.t. 2s.; from the Plymouth tackleists. *Hotels*: **Turk's Head**.

Loddon (Norfolk), n.s. **Beeches**, 7 m., G.E.R.—*Thet.* Yare, 3 m. N.E. (*See Yarmouth*.)

Lodge Hill (Somerset).—G.W.R. Ax. (*See Axbridge*.) (c.s. *Avon*.)

London.—On Thames and New River. New River rises by **Hertford**, and flows to

Hoddesdon; **Broxbourne**, 2 m.; **Cheshunt**, 5 m.; **Waltham**, 1½ m.; **Enfield**, 6 m.; **Winchmore Hill**, 2½ m.; **Wood Green**, 6 m.; **Hornsey**, 1½ m.; **Tor-rington Park**, 3½ m. Here at **Stoke Newington** are the New River Company's water-works and reservoirs, where the fishing is very good (pike, perch, &c.), but strictly forbidden.

UPPER THAMES.—Thames rises at **Thames Head**, near **Tetbury-road Station**.

It flows through **Pool Keynes**, **Somerford Keynes** (good preserved trouting depending on the wetness or dryness of the seasons), **Ashton Keynes** (pike, chub, &c.), where it is joined on left bank by **Swill brook**, 5 m. long. 4 m. on, at **Cricklade** (pike fishing is very good and free. *Hotels*: **White Hart** and **White Horse**), **Churn** joins Thames on left bank. **Churn** rises by **Cubberly** (Glo'ster), and in 14 m. runs to **Cirencester**, passing **Colebourne**, **Rendcomb**, and **North Cerney**, where the trouting is good and preserved. The owner of **Rendcomb Park** sometimes gives leave. 12 m. on Thames is reached, passing **South Cerney** midway. ½ m. down Thames, **Dancy brook**, 4 m. long, joins on right bank, and ½ m. on **Ray** joins on right bank. **Ray** rises in a mill head at **Wroughton**, 2½ m. from **Swindon**, and 6 m. on, a brook joins on left bank, running out of a large lake at **Lydiat Tregos**, 2½ m. upstream. 1 m. down **Ray Purton** is reached, 1 m. from the river. **Thames** is 6 m. on. 8 m. down Thames **Byde Mill brook** joins on right bank. This brook runs out of a large lake at **Warnford Place**; nearest station, **Shrivenham**, and is 8 m. long. 1 m. down Thames, **Cole** joins on right bank (coarse fish and a few trout). **Cole** rises in **Cole Reservoir**, 2 m. from **Swindon**, and in 5 m. is joined by a stream on right bank, which has a large mill head 2 m. up. 4½ m. on a stream joins on right bank, which drains a large lake in **Beckett Park**, 1½ m. up (nearest station, **Shrivenham**). From hence to Thames is 8 m., passing **Colehill**. 1½ m. down Thames, at **Lechlade**, **Colne** joins on left bank. The **Glo'ster Colne** rises in a mill pond 1½ m. N. of **Shipton**, runs to **Withington**, 3 m., **Yanworth** 4 m., **Coln St. Dennis** 3 m., **Coln Rogers** 1 m., **Bibury** 3 m., **Coln St. Aldwin's** 1½ m., **Hatheross** 1 m., **Quenington** 1 m., **Fairford** 2½ m., **Lechlade** 6 m. 1 m. below, **Leach** joins Thames on left bank. **Leach** rises at **North Leach**, and runs in 13 m. to **East Leach Turville**, 1½ m. to **Southrop**, and Thames 4 m., passing **Little Farington**, 1 m. from **Lechlade** station. 3 m. down Thames **Kelmscott** is reached, thence to **Tadpole Bridge**, near **Bampton**, 2½ m. off the river, is 7 m. 5 m. down, **Charney brook** joins on left bank. **Charney** rises in a mill pond at **Black Bourton**, 1 m. W. of **Bampton**, and running through that town joins Thames 5 m. down. 3 m. on, at **Newbridge** (some good preserved fishing below), **Windrush** joins Thames on left bank. **Windrush** rises in a mill pond at **Gutting Power** (Glo'ster), and runs in 7 m. to **Bourton-on-the-Water**. 1½ m. below, **Dickler** river joins **Windrush** on the left bank. **Dickler** rises in **Donnington Mill**, 2 m. N.W. of **Stow**, and is 6 m. long. 1½ m. down **Windrush** is **Rissington**, and 2 m. on a stream joins on the right bank, which rises in a mill pond at **Sherborne**, 2 m. up. 1½ m. down **Windrush** is **Windrush** and **Barrington**, **Tainton** 2 m., **Burford** 1½ m., **Witney** 11 m., **Ducklington** 1 m., **Standlake** 4 m. (large trout), and 2 m. on the Thames. 7 m. down Thames is **Wynham**. *Hotels*: **Red Lion** and **Swan**. 1 m. below, **Evenlode** river joins Thames on left bank. **Evenlode** rises in a lake close by **Adlestrop**. ½ m. down, at **Daylesford**, is a large pond. 3 m. down, at **Chipping Norton** junction, a stream joins on left bank, which rises in a mill pond by **Little Rollwright**, runs to **Salford**, 1½ m., **Chipping Norton** (1½ m. off) ½ m., **Church Hill** 3 m., **Evenlode** 2 m. **Evenlode** next runs in 4½ m. to **Shipton**, 1½ m. to **Ascott**. 6 m. on, at **Shorthampton**, a stream joins on left bank, which drains a mill pond 1 m. up. From here to **Charlbury** is 1 m. 1 m. below, the overflow from several large ponds (trout) in **Cornbury Park** joins **Evenlode** on the right bank. 5 m. on is **Stonesfield**, and 6 m. on, at **Manbrough**, **Glyme** River joins on left bank. **Glyme** rises in some lakes in **Heythrop Park**, 2 m. above **Enstone**, where it is joined on right bank by a stream 3 m. long, which works some mills. **Glyme** flows next to **Glympton** 5 m., and **Wootton** 3 m. Here **Darne River** joins on the left bank. **Darne** rises in some pools by **Sandford**, runs 1 m. to **Westcot Barton**, and 7 m. on to **Glyme**. **Woodstock** is 2 m. on down **Glyme**. Here the river waters the large lakes in **Blenheim Park** (pike, strictly preserved), and in 3 m. reaches **Evenlode**, and 5 m. on **Evenlode** joins Thames (Lord Abingdon preserves the left bank of Thames for some distance). From hence to **Oxford** is 5 m.

MIDDLE THAMES.—At **Oxford** **Cherwell** joins Thames on left bank. **Cherwell** rises in **Northampton** 1 m. above **Woodford** (nearest station **Byfield**), and flows in 8½ m. to **Cropledy**. There are eight mills. At **Cropledy** a stream joins on right bank, which rises in two reservoirs by **Cropledy**, 3 m. below which a stream joins on right bank, rising

in Wormleighton reservoir (nearest station **Fenny Compton**); 3 m. down this stream the overflow from Clattercut reservoir, 1 m. off and 1 m. from Claydon village, joins on right bank. 2 m. down, Cropredy is reached. 4 m. down Cherwell, passing four mills, a stream joins on right bank, which rises by Farnborough in a large lake, and is 7 m. long, passing Mollington and Hanwell. 2 m. down Cherwell **Banbury** is reached, and **King Sutton** in 5 m., where a stream $\frac{1}{2}$ m. long joins on left bank, draining a lake at Astrop House. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down Cherwell two streams join on right bank. The first rises in a pool by Cherrington, and working five mills, and passing Shutford half-way, reaches Broughton in 5 m. Here two streams join, one on right bank and one on left bank. The first rises by Horley, in a pool, and flowing by Drayton and Wroxton, 2 m. from Banbury, has a course of 5 m., likewise draining the lake in Wroxton Abbey. The other rises in a pool by Epwell, and is $\frac{5}{8}$ m. long, passing Tadmarton village. From Broughton to the junction at Cherwell is 8 m., passing Adderbury and working 3 mills. The second stream is the Swere, which, rising in Priory mill pool by Great Rollwright, runs in 3 m. to Swerford Park, where it waters a large lake, and 10 m. down joins Cherwell, passing South Newington and Barford, and four mills. 2 m. down Cherwell, **Aynho** is reached (Deddington is $\frac{1}{2}$ m. off), and 2 m. on a stream joins on right bank, which drains some lakes by Great Tew and Lower Warton, and, passing close to Deddington, has a course of 8 m. One m. below the junction of this stream with Cherwell, **Somerton** is reached; $\frac{4}{5}$ m. on is **Heyford**; $\frac{5}{8}$ m., **Kirtlington**; 2 m., **Woodstock Road**, and **Islip**, 4 m. Here Ray joins on left bank. Ray rises by **Bicester**, and is 8 m. long. At Islip a stream joins Ray on right bank, which rises in a large lake in Middleton Park, 3 m. from **Bicester**, and is 8 m. long. The Cherwell now runs in 6 m. to **Oxford**. The Thames next flows in 2 m. to **Isley**. (*Inns*: Isles Tavern.), **Kennington** 1 m., **Sandford** 1 m. (*Inns*: King's Arms), and **Abingdon** $\frac{5}{8}$ m. Ock here joins Thames. Ock rises west of Chartrey Bassot, and 6 m. below that village a stream joins on the right bank 9 m. long, which, rising in a mill pool at Letcombe Regis, and, passing Wantage and East Hanney, feeds three mills. The Ock now flows in 4 m. to **Abingdon**. 2 m. down Thames a stream joins on right bank, which is 9 m. long. It rises in some pools near Ardington and flows to **Steventon** in 4 m., thence 5 m. to Sutton Courtenay-on-Thames, working six mills. **Culham** is on the opposite side of river. Thames now flows to Appleford, 2 m., Long Wittenham, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. (*Inns*, The Vine Cottage); Clifton Hampden, 1 m. (*Inns*: Barley Mow and Plough; good fishing); Little Wittenham, $\frac{2}{3}$ m.; $\frac{1}{2}$ m. below which Thame joins Thames on left bank. Thame (a good pike and roach river) rises some 9 m. above **Aylesbury**. 6 m. down is Coddington, and Chearsley 1 m. 1 m. below, at Notley Abbey, a stream joins on right bank, which rises in a large lake at Wotton. 1 m. down a stream joins on right bank, 1 m. long, which drains the lake in Dorton. 5 m. on Thame river is reached; 3 m. on **Thame** is reached; 5 m., **Liddington**; Wheatley, 5 m.; Addesden, 2 m.; Stadhampton, 4 m. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. below, Baldon brook, 5 m. long, joins on right bank. 2 m. down Thame is Drayton, and Dorchester 2 m. further. (*Fishermen*: Turner, Batten, King, Wheeler, and Palmer. *Hotels*: White Hart, Fleur-de-lis, and Crown.) $\frac{1}{2}$ m. on Thames is reached. Shillingford is 1 m. down Thames, Bensington $\frac{1}{2}$ m. (a few trout, pike, and perch), and **Wallingford** $\frac{1}{2}$ m. Here a stream joins on right bank, which, rising in a mill pool at Blewberry, runs 3 m. to South Moreton, feeding four mills, thence 3 m. to **Wallingford**. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. below Wallingford, and close to Thames on left bank, is a large lake at Mongewell. Thames now runs in 3 m. to **Moulsoford**; Strealey (*Inns*, Swan. *Fisherman*, Saunders), and **Goring** 3 m. (*Hotel*, Miller of Mansfield.) **Pangbourne** 4 m. Here the Pang (a fine trout stream, strictly preserved), some 12 m. long, joins on right bank. Thames next runs in 3 m. to **Mapledurham** and **Parley** (n.s. **Tilghurst**. *Hotel*: Roebuck. *Caversham Inns*: Crown and Caversham Hotel), and **Reading** 4 m. Kennet here joins Thames. Kennet rises a few miles north of East Kennet, runs 1 m. to West Overton, Tyfield 2 m., **Marlborough** 2 m., **Ramsbury** 6 m., **Hungerford** 4 m. Here Dunn joins on right bank, 3 m. long, which flows out of two ponds at Froxfield. Kennet next runs to **Kintbury** 4 m., and 2 m. below the river runs through Hampstead Park (Lord Craven), where the drainings of a series of lakes in the park, holding trout, joins on the right bank (the river, ponds, and canal, good perching, is preserved by Lord Craven); **Newbury** $\frac{2}{3}$ m. 1 m. down Kennet, Lambourne river joins on left bank. Lambourne rises by Lambourne, runs to Eastbury $\frac{1}{2}$ m., East Garston 1 m., Great Shefford $\frac{1}{2}$ m., Boxford 3 m., and Kennet 5 m. Kennet now flows in 3 m. to **Thatcham**, **Midgham** 3 m., **Aldermaston** 3 m. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. below, Emburne river joins Kennet on right bank. Emburne rises in a pond on Holt Common, and in $\frac{1}{2}$ m. is joined by a brook on right bank, which drains some ponds 3 m. up. Emburne runs in 3 m. to Newton (2 m. S. of **Newbury**, and 4 m. on is joined by a stream on right bank, $\frac{3}{4}$ m. long, rising in a mill pool at Kingsclere. Emburne now runs to **Midgham** 4 m., **Aldermaston** 3 m., Kennet $\frac{1}{2}$ m.; Kennet runs in 3 m. to **Thames**, and Thames 6 m. Thames now runs in $\frac{2}{3}$ m. to Sonning. (*Inns*: Bull, White Hart, and French Horn. *Fishermen* must be bespoken from Reading. Good for pike above. The mill tails belong to Mr. Witherington; preserved by the Reading Association from Goring to Shiplake lock; hon. sec. F. Brown, Esq., G.W. Hotel). $\frac{2}{3}$ m. to **Shiplake**, and $\frac{1}{2}$ m. to Wargrave (n.s. **Shiplake** or **Twyford**, 2 m.). Loddon here joins Thames (good trouting, strictly preserved in the upper part, pike, perch, and coarse fishing). Loddon rises in Newram Springs, a series of ponds close to **Basingstoke**, and 7 m. down is joined on left bank by a stream rising in a mill pool 3 m. up by Bramley. 3 m. down Loddon,

Strathfieldsay, the Duke of Wellington's place, is reached (leave must be obtained from the Duke. *Inn*: Wellington Arms. Pike, perch, &c. Nearest station, **Mortimer**, and 4 m. on, at Swallowfield, Blackwater joins Loddon. Blackwater rises in a large pond by **Farnborough**, and runs in 5 m. to **Blackwater**, where a stream joins on right bank, rising in a lake 1 m. up. Blackwater runs in 3 m. to **Sandhurst**. $\frac{5}{4}$ m. down Whitewater joins Blackwater on left bank. Whitewater rises in a lake by Grewell, and 1 m. down waters a large lake at Wanborough Castle, by Odiham town (nearest station **Winchfield**, 2 m. off). 8 m. down, at Heckfield, a stream joins on right bank, which rises in a large lake, Fleet Pond, by the L. & S.R., $\frac{3}{4}$ m. from **Farnborough** station, and is $\frac{7}{4}$ m. long. Whitewater joins Blackwater in 2 m., and hence to Loddon is 2 m. Loddon runs in 9 m. to **Twyford** taking up two branches down to Twyford Mill. First, the main stream out of Hants by Swallowfield, Arborfield, and Early (**Loddon Bridge**) 1 m. falls in. Secondly, a stream from Easthampstead Park and Wokingham, thence 3 m. by Hurst and Whitley to **Twyford** (all private). Thirdly, from Caesar's Camp, Bagshot, by Easthampstead village to **Bracknell** (1 m.) $\frac{1}{4}$ m. receives a small stream from Ascot Place by Warfield, and bending east by north with long curve near St. Lawrence Waltham, through Ruscombe, course about 10 m., to Twyford Mill (all private). Then full river $\frac{3}{4}$ m. to Thames at Wargrave; preserved by Beading and Henley United Associations; good coarse fishing, and some trout and grayling. The Patrick stream runs from Thames about half-way between Shiplake and Sonning into Loddon $\frac{1}{4}$ m. below Twyford on left or west bank, and is preserved by R. and H. Association; s.t. 21s. for Loddon and Patrick stream. Henley and District Angling Association preserves the water from Shiplake to Henley (hon. sec., A. E. Hobbs, Hart-street, Henley-on-Thames); s.t., including Loddon and Patrick streams, 21s. Thames now runs to Wargrave. (*Inns*: St. George and the Dragon, and White Hart. *Fishermen*: W. Wyat, Brown, S. Crampton.) 2 m. to **Henley**, Remenhams, $\frac{1}{4}$ m.; Hambledon, 2 m. (The lock-keeper makes up a bed or two). Medmenham. $\frac{3}{4}$ m. (*Inn*: Ferry Hotel. *Fisherman*: R. Young.) Hurley, $\frac{1}{4}$ m. (Above the lock on left bank is a stream under the woods holding dace. *Fisherman*: Townsend.) Great Marlow, 3 m.; **Bourne End**, 4 m. Here Wye joins on left bank. Wye rises in a large mill pool by **West Wycombe**, runs in $\frac{2}{4}$ m. to **High Wycombe**, $\frac{3}{4}$ m. to **Loudwater**, 2 m. to **Woburn**, and joins Thames $\frac{2}{4}$ m. below. Thames runs to **Cookham** $\frac{1}{4}$ m., **Maidenhead** 4 m., $\frac{1}{4}$ m. to **Bray**; (*Hotel*: George. Bray mill tail is private.) Monkey Island, 2 m. (*Hotel*: Monkey Island. *Fisherman*: Plummer.) Dorney $\frac{1}{4}$ m., and 4 m. to **Clewer**, Eton, and **Windsor**. Here a stream joins on left bank, 4 m. long, draining a large lake in Stoke Park 2 m. from **Slough**. 1 m. below Windsor a stream $\frac{4}{4}$ m. long joins Thames on left bank, which rises in the large lake in Black Park, and in the lake in Langley Park, 1 m. on, nearest station **Langley**, 1 m. off. Thames runs 1 m. to **Datchet**, $\frac{3}{4}$ m. to Old Windsor (nearest station **Windsor**, $\frac{1}{4}$ m. *Hotel*: Belle of Onsey.) $\frac{2}{4}$ m. on the Hertford Colne joins Thames. Colne (under the name of Ver) rises by Redburn (nearest station **Marpenden**, $\frac{2}{4}$ m.), runs to **St. Alban's** 4 m., **Park-street** 2 m., and 2 m. on is joined on left bank by a stream which rises by London Colney, and in 2 m. is joined by a stream on left bank, which rises in Elstree reservoir, **Elstree**, $\frac{1}{4}$ m. off, and runs in 3 m. to **Radlett**, 1 m. below joining the parent brook, which joins Colne 1 m. below. Colne runs to **Watford Junction**, 3 m. Here a stream 2 m. long joins on left bank, running out of some ponds at Hill Field Lodge (pike, perch, carp, roach; good fishing, strictly preserved). 1 m. on is **Watford**, and **Rickmansworth** $\frac{4}{4}$ m. Gade river joins here on right bank. Gade rises in some ponds by Great Gaddesden, runs 3 m. to **Hemel Hempstead**, and 1 m. below, at **Box Moor**, is joined by a brook on right bank, which rises by **Berkhamstead**, and is 4 m. long. Gade runs next to **King's Langley** 4 m., and **Rickmansworth** 6 m. Here Chess joins Colne on right bank. Chess rises by Chessham (good trouting preserved by Lord Chessham) runs 5 m. to Cheneys (good trouting preserved by the Duke of Bedford to Sarratt Mill, and below by different owners. Below Sarratt are some coarse fish, and below Loudwater the stream is polluted). Chess runs to **Rickmansworth** 5 m. 6 m. down Colne, Misbourne stream joins on right bank. Misbourne passes Great Missenden (capital trouting in the lakes at Missenden Abbey), runs 2 m. to Little Missenden, and 1 m. on waters the large lake at Sharnhoe (Mr. Drake, from whom leave must be obtained). Amersham is 1 m. on, Chalfont St. Giles, 3 m., Chalfont St. Peter's $\frac{1}{4}$ m., and Colne 5 m. Colne, in numerous streams, runs to **Uxbridge** 1 m., **West Drayton** 3 m. Here a stream joins on left bank, rising in Ruelslip reservoir (fishing strictly preserved; n.a. **Pinner**, $\frac{3}{4}$ m.), runs to **Rickmansworth**, 4 m., to Ruelslip 1 m., **Uxbridge** 3 m., Hillingdon 1 m., **West Drayton** 2 m., **Colnbrook** $\frac{1}{4}$ m., **Windsor** 2 m., and joins Thames, with several outfalls, 1 m. on.

LOWER THAMES.—**Staines** is 1 m. down Thames, **Laleham** $\frac{2}{4}$ m. (*Inn*: Horsehoe. *Fishermen*: A. W. and G. Harris.) **Chertsey** $\frac{1}{4}$ m., **Weybridge** 2 m. Bourne brook and Wey here join Thames on right bank. Bourne brook divides into two parts close to its effluence, the left stream rises in the lakes at Sunninghill Park and Silwood Park (nearest station **Ascot**, runs $\frac{1}{4}$ m. to Virginia Water and the other ponds in Windsor Park (nearest station, **Virginia Water**, 3 m. to Chertsey, and $\frac{1}{4}$ m. to the junction. The right stream rises by Chobham, runs 3 m., and is joined on left bank by a stream $\frac{2}{4}$ m. long, rising in Glover's, Gracious, and other ponds (good tench fishing), and in $\frac{1}{4}$ m. waters the lake in Ottershaw Park (good tench fishing, nearest station **Woking Common**, and $\frac{1}{4}$ m. on joins Thames. The Wey rises by **Alton**, Hants, and runs 1 m. to Holybourne, Froyle

1½ m., **Farnham** 6½ m. 2 m. down, a stream 4 m. long joins on left bank, running out of a lake by Alder Holt Wood, 3 m. from **Farnham**. 2½ m. down Wey a stream joins on right bank, which rises in Ripley pond, 2 m. W. of **Liphook**. 1 m. on a stream joins on right bank, draining a pond close to the station. 1 m. on **Parkeet** pond is reached. 1 m. down, a stream 1 m. long joins on left bank, draining **Woolmer** pond and two others close by. **Greatham** village is 1 m. off, and **Liphook** 3½ m. 1 m. on a stream joins on right bank, rising by **Maslemere**, in some ponds; runs 4 m. to **Bramshot**, where it is joined by a stream 1½ m. long, draining some ponds on **Greysot Down**. 2½ m. on is the main stream, which runs 2 m., when it is joined on left bank by a stream draining the lake in **Headley Park**. 1 m. on, the drainings of two lakes on **Wishang Down** (one holding trout, the other pike and perch; leave from the owner of **Greysot Hall**) joins on right bank. 1 m. on the outflow of **Frensham Great** pond joins on right bank. 1 m. on is **Frensham** (nearest station **Farnham**, 4 m.), and 1 m. on the outflow of **Frensham Little** Pond joins on right bank. These two ponds are 1 m. apart on **Frensham Common**. 1 m. on **Wey** is reached. 1½ m. down **Wey** the outflow of **Abbot's Pond** and two lakes on **Hankley Common** join on right bank. These ponds are 1 m. from **Frensham Little Pond**. 1½ m. down, at **Elstead**, a stream 2 m. long drains a pond on **Thursley Common**, about 1 m. from **Abbot's Pond**. 1 m. below **Elstead** the drainings of the lakes on **Pottenham Common** join on left bank (nearest station, **Tongham**, 3 m.). 1½ m. down **Wey** a stream 2 m. long joins on right bank draining **Hammer's Pond** on **Witley Common** (nearest station, **Milford**, 2½ m.). 2½ m. down **Wey** is **Godalming**. Here a stream joins on right bank, rising in some ponds by **Witley**, runs 2 m. to **Milford**, where a stream joins on right bank, draining a pond 1 m. up. ½ m. on is the draining of a lake at **Bushbridge**, 1 m. up. 1½ m. on is **Godalming**. 1 m. down **Wey** the drainage of **New and Old Pond** joins on left bank. 1 m. on a stream joins on right bank rising in a large lake 1 m. from **Crawleigh**, runs 4 m. to **Bramley**, where the drainage of some ponds, 1½ m. up, on **Black Heath**, joins on right bank. 1½ m. on is **Wey** which runs to **Shelford** where **Tillingbourne** joins on right bank, rising in a lake on **Ablinger Common**, runs to **Gomshall**, 3 m., **Shiere** 1 m., where it feeds the lakes in **Albury Park** 1 m. on, below which it feeds some lakes, and **Shelford** is 3 m. on. **Wey** runs to **Guildford**, 1 m. At **Stoke**, 1 m. on, the drainage of a lake 1 m. up on left bank joins **Wey**; 3 m. on is **Woking**; and 2 m. on, at **Ripley**, two streams join on right bank and left bank. The one drains the ponds in **Clandon Park**, 3 m. from **Guildford**, and is 4 m. long; the other rises in some ponds close to the railway (**Pirbright**), and 2 m. on is joined on left bank by the drainage of a pond on **Pirbright Common** 1 m. up, and ½ m. on the drainage of two other ponds, 1½ m. up, runs in on right bank, and ½ m. on is the drainage of another pond on right bank. 3 m. down a stream joins on right bank, rising in a pond on **Broad Street Common**, 2 m. from **Guildford**, runs 2 m. to **Whitmore Common**, where it waters a lake, and ½ m. on joins **Whitmore** pond, reaching the main brook 1 m. on. The stream next runs to **Woking**, and 3 m. on reaches **Wey**, which runs to **Witley**, 1 m.; **Byfleet**, 1 m.; and **Weybridge**, 4 m. Here a stream joins on right bank, rising in two ponds on **Horsley Common**; runs 4 m. to **Witley**, where the drainage of **Hut Pond** (carp, pike, roach; d.t. 1s., at the inn next the pond), and several other ponds on **Witley** and **Ockham Common**, join on right bank, and 1½ m. on, on right bank, is the overflow of a pond on **Cobham Common**. 2 m. on is **Weybridge**. Here the outfall of the lake in **Oatlands Park** joins **Wey** on right bank close to the **Thames**. **Thames** flows next to **Shepperton**, ½ m.; **Halliford**, ½ m. (Hotels: **Ship**, **Anchor**, **Red Lion**. Fishermen: **H. Perdue**, **H. and G. and E. and W. S. Rosewell**, **T. Stradwick**, **W. Rogerson**); **Walton-on-Thames**, 1 m. (Hotels: **Duke's Head**, **Swan**. Fishermen: **R. Watford**, **S. Rosewell**, and **C. J. and G. Hone**). ½ m. below a stream joins **Thames** on left bank, draining a lake at **Littleton**, close to **Laleham**. **Thames** runs next to **Sunbury**, ½ m.; **Hampton**, 2 m.; **Moulsey** and **Hampton Court**, 1 m. Mole here joins **Thames**. Mole rises in two large lakes close by the **H.B.R.**, 1 m. W. of **Crawley**, and in 1 m. is joined by the drainings of a lake close to on the right bank. 1 m. on, on right bank, a stream joins 1½ m. long, which rises in a pond in **Tilgate Forest**, and in ½ m. joins another large pond. **Crawley** is 1 m. N. Mole runs in 1 m. to **Three Bridges**; **Horley**, 3 m.; here a stream joins on left bank, which rises by **Charlwood**, and in 3 m. is joined by a stream 2 m. long, draining a lake at **Woolborough** 1 m. N. of **Three Bridges**. 2½ m. below **Horley** a stream joins **Mole** on right bank, which rises in some pools by **Bowfant**, and 1 m. on is joined by the overflow of lakes at **Bashford Castle** on the right bank, and two lakes by **Wakesham's Green** on the left bank. **Bowfant** Station is 1 m. N.E. and N.W. from each of these lakes. This stream now runs to **Horley**, 3 m., and **Mole**, 3 m. 1 m. on, a stream joins **Mole**, rising in the large lake in **Gatton Park**, by **Merstham**, and in a smaller lake ½ m. E. of **Merstham**, runs to **Red Hill**, 3½ m., and **Mole**, 5 m. 2 m. down **Mole** a stream 3 m. long joins on left bank, draining **Ewood Pond**, 1½ m. from **Holmewood** Station. **Mole** runs next to **Betchworth**, 4 m.; **Dorking**, 1½ m. Here **Pip** brook joins on left bank, draining some ponds belonging to **R. Fuller**, Esq., of the **Rookery**, 4 m. on up by **Wootton**. **Mole** runs to **Box Hill**, 1½ m.; **Leatherhead**, 4 m.; **Cobham**, 4 m.; **Esher**, 4½ m.; **Moulsey**, **Thames**, 2½ m. **Thames** runs to **Thames Ditton**, 1 m.; **Kingston**, 2 m. Here **Hogg's Mill** river joins on right bank. The stream rises by **Ewell**, and 1½ m. below is joined on left bank by a stream rising in some ponds on **Epsom Common** (nearest station, **Epsom**, and is 3 m. long. **Hogg's Mill** runs to **Malden**, 1 m.; **Kingston**, **Thames**, 2½ m.

- Thames flows to **Teddington**, 1 m.; here a branch of the Colne running from Harmondsworth joins on left bank. It passes Stanwell, 2 m. (nearest station, **Ashford**, 2 m.), East Bedford, 1 m., **Feltham**, 1 m., and **Teddington**, 4 m. Thames runs to **Twickenham**, 1½ m.; **Richmond**, 1½ m.; **Isleworth**, 1 m. Yedding brook here joins Thames. Yedding rises some miles N. of Cranford (nearest station, **Southall**, 1½ m.), runs 5½ m. to **Twickenham**, where a branch of Colne joins it, and passing several powder and other mills, 2 m. on joins Thames. Thames runs next to **Brentford**, 1 m. Here Brent joins on left bank. Brent rises in a lake on the property of the late Lord Tenterden, runs to the decoy at **Mendon**, runs to **Welsh Harp** reservoir, 1 m. Here a stream joins on right bank 3 m. long, which holds fish—pike, perch, roach—at times. The upper part belongs to — Marshall, Esq., of The Hall, Edgware, the lower to Mr. Warner, of the Welsh Harp. Brent runs in 1 m. to Kingsbury, Twyford (Middlesex), 2½ m. (nearest station **Willesden Junction**, 2 m.); **Perivale**, 1½ m. (pike, bream, and tench in a mill pond; d.t. 1s.) **Greenford**, 1 m.; **Hanwell**, 1½ m.; **Thames**, 3 m. Thames runs to **Kew**, 1 m.; **Mortlake**, 1½ m.; **Barnes**, 1 m.; **Chiswick**, 1 m.; **Hammersmith** 1 m.; **Putney**, 1½ m. Here a stream joins on right bank, rising at Lower Morden, 1 m. E. of **Malden**, runs in 6 m. to **Barnes**, and joins Thames 1½ m. on. Thames runs to **Wandsworth**, 1 m., where Wandle joins on right bank. Wandle rises by **Croydon**, runs to **Beddington**, 1 m. (a little trouting can be had free; also at Hackbridge and the Snuff Mills); **Carshalton**, 1 m.; **Mitcham**, 1½ m.; **Merton**, 1 m.; **Thames**, 4½ m. From Wandsworth to Westminster Bridge is 5½ m.
- Long Ashton** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Ashton Brook; trout; preserved by Sir G. Smyth of Ashton Court. (*See Bristol.*)
- Longhope** (Gloucester).—G.W.R. Hope brook. (*See Westbury.*) Denn (1 m.) (*See Oakle Street.*)
- Longnor**, n.s. **Buxton**, 7 m. (Derby).—Mannyfold; trout, grayling. Dove, 1 m. E.; trout, grayling. (*c.s. Trent.*) Blackbrook, 2 m. S. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Long Preston** (Lancs).—L. & Y.R. Ribble; trout, salmon, pike, chub, grayling, coarse fish. Long Preston beck. Wigglesworth beck. Rathmell beck, 1 m. N. **Lakes**: Tapa Tarn, 3 m. W. **Hotel**: Boar's Head, where fishing can be had in Ribble at d.t. 1s. (*See Preston.*)
- Longridge** (Lancs).—L. & N.W.R.; L. & Y.R. Loud. Chipping beck, 4 m. N.E. Lees beck, 4 m. N.E. Hodder, 5 m. N.E.; trout, salmon. Dean brook, 6 m. N.E. **Lakes**: Moor Game Hall pond, 6 m. N.E. Crowshaw reservoir, 6 m. E. (*See Ribchester, Preston.*)
- Longstone** (Derby).—M.R. (*See Ashford.*)
- Longton** (Stafford).—L. & N.W.R.; M.R.; G.N.R. Longton brook. **Lakes**: Park Hall, 1 m. N.E.; trout. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Longville** (Salop).—G.W.R. Corve (2½ m. S.E.); trout, grayling. Eaton brook (3 m. N.W.). Thonglands brook (3½ m. S.E.) (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s. Severn.*)
- Longwood** (York).—L. & N.W.R.; M.R.; G.N.R. **Lakes**: Longwood Top reservoir; pike, perch; preserved by Huddersfield Angling Association. Longwood Bottom reservoir; pike, perch, &c.; preserved as above. Longwood Compensation reservoir; perch, roach, &c.; preserved as above. (*See Huddersfield.*)
- Longwood** (Yorks).—L. & N.W.R. Colne. **Lakes**: reservoir, 1 m. N.W. (*See Rawcliffe.*)
- Lords Bridge** (Cambs).—L. & N.W.R. Bourn; pike, roach, &c. Cam, 3 m.; chub, pike, dace, &c.; preserved. (*See King's Lynn.*)
- Lostock Hall** (Lancs).—L. & Y.R. Lostock. Coal. (*See Runcorn and Heslith Bank.*)
- Lostock Chapel** (Cheshire).—L. & N.W.R. Kincham brook. Crow brook. (*See Frodsham.*)
- Lostwithiel** (Cornwall).—G.W.B. Fowey; sea trout, salmon, brown trout; Lord Roberts permits fair fishing from Lostwithiel up to Glyn Bridge. July, September, and October are the best months. Minnow fishing best. Red brook. Lynner (3 m.); trout. (*c.s.*) (*See Fowey.*) Tackleist, C. Greach, fancy repository.
- Loudham** (Notts).—M.R. Cocker beck. Dover beck, 1 m. E. Trent, 2 m. S.; pike, chub, roach. (*c.s.*) (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Loudwater** (Bucks).—G.W.R. Wye. (*See London, M.T.*) Here pollutions begin.
- Loughborough** (Leicester).—M.R., G.C.R., and L. & N.W.R. Soar; pike, roach, perch, bream, tench; preserved by Soar Angling Society from 3 m. above to 4 m. below; sec., Mr. W. E. Parkes, Loughborough; s.t. 4s.; including pike, 7s. 6d.; d.t. 1s.; no Sunday fishing; piking begins Aug. 1, ends March 14. (*c.s. Trent.*) Walton brook. Dishley brook, 1 m. N.W. Quorndon brook, 3 m. S.; trout; preserved by owner of Bradgate Park. **Lakes**: Loughborough reservoir; trout, perch, roach, carp, and tench; preserved by L.R.A.S.; s.t. 21s.; d.t. burgesses, 2s.; strangers, 2s. 6d. Garendon Park lake, 2 m. W. Stamford Hall lake, 3 m. N.E. Blackbrook reservoir (in course of construction), 4 m. S.W. **Hotel**: King's Head. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Loughton** (Essex).—G.N.R.; S.E.R. On Roding; fishing very poor. (*See Barking.*)
- Louth** (Lincoln).—G.N.R. Ludd; trout. Ludd rises above **Hallington**, runs 3 m. to **Louth**, Alvington 4 m., and joins the sea 8 m. below. Grayfleet, 1 m. S. (*See Saltfleet.*) Bain, 7 m. W. (*See Boston.*)
- Lower Darwen** (Lancs).—L. & Y.R. Darwen. (*See Preston.*)
- Lowestoft** (Suffolk).—G.E.R. 5 m. S.W., at Rushmere Hall, runs Benacre brook (roach, dace, bream, perch), which rises in the pond in Sotterley Hall Park, 4 m. S.E. from **Beeches**, runs 4 m. to Rushmere Hall, and joins the sea at Benacre sluice 4 m. down. Waveney, 5 m. W.; bream, roach, perch, pike, tench, carp; free. **Lakes**: Oulton Broad, 2 m. N.W.; same fish; leave and boats at Wherry Hotel (*see Mutford*). Flixton Decoy, 3 m. W. Lake at The Villa, 4 m. N.W. Fritton Decoy, 6 m. N.W. **Hotels**: Royal,

- Harbour, and Suffolk. (*See Farnmouth.*) (*c.s. Norfolk.*) Fishing stations within two hours of the town: Beccles, Geldeston, Bungay, Mutford, Somerleyton, Haddiscoe, Beedham Cantier, Buckenham, Brundall, Whittingham, Norwich, Yarmouth.
- Lowthorpe** (York).—N.E.B. Kelk or Frodingham beck; pike, coarse fish. (*See Hull.*)
- Lubenham** (Leicester).—L. & N.W.B. Welland. *Lakes*: Gumley pond. Gumley Hall ponds, 3 m. N.W. (*See Spalding.*)
- Luddenden-foot** (York).—L. & Y.B. Calder. (*c.s. York.*) Luddenden. *Lakes*: Cold Edge dam, 3 m. N. (*See Rascalfs.*)
- Ludlow** (Salop).—L. & N.W.B.; G.W.R. Teme; trout, grayling, chub, dace, roach, perch, pike; leave from the landowners. Lord Windsor gives occasional leave for the Oakley Park water. Corve; same fish; preserved for 3 m. up, from its junction with Teme, by Lord Windsor, who often gives leave, and above by private owners. Fishmore brook. Ledwyche (1½ m. E.); trout, grayling, chub, &c.; leave from the landowners. Cay brook (2 m. E.). Onny (2½ m. N.W.); trout, grayling; preserved. Dogditch brook (3 m.). *Lakes*: Ludford Park Lakes (1 m. S.). Downton Hall Lakes (4 m. N.). Wootton Pool (5 m. E.). Burrington Pool (5½ m. S.W.). *Hotels*: Feathers (which has 1 m. of fishing free to visitors), Angel, Bull, Elephant and Castle, and Rose and Crown. (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s. Severn.*)
- Luffenham** (Rutland).—G.N.B.; L. & N.W.B.; M.B. Chater. Welland, 2 m. S. (*See Spalding.*)
- Lulworth**.—(*See Weymouth.*)
- Lustleigh** (S. Devon).—G.W.R. On Bovey. (*See Teignmouth.*)
- Luton** (Beds.).—M.R.; G.N.R. (*See Stratford.*) On Lea; the river is preserved where it runs through the lakes in Luton Park by the Madame de Falbe. Permission is sometimes granted. The pike fishing is amongst the best in England. *Hotels*: George, Red Lion, Midland.
- Lutterworth** (Leicester).—(*n.s. Ullesthorpe*, 4 m.) Swift. Avon (6 m. S.E.); chub, dace, roach, pike, perch, bream. (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s. Severn.*)
- Lydhall** (Salop).—B.C.R. Onny; trout, grayling, chub, pike; strictly preserved. Camlad; trout, grayling, chub, &c. Black brook (4 m. N.). *Lakes*: Shelve Pool (7 m. N.) Marsh Pool (8 m. N.) (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s. Severn.*)
- Lydiat** (Lancs.).—S. & C.L.E.R. Lydiat brook. Alt, 3 m. S.W. (*See Alcar.*)
- Lydney** (Gloucester).—G.W.B. Lydney brook. Lydney rises in the centre of the Forest of Dean, and is 9 m. long.
- Lyme Regis**.—5 m. from Axminster and from the Axe. The Coly and the Otter are still farther distant; but there is omnibus accommodation to Axminster, whence the Coly and the Otter are easily reached by railway. (*See Seaton and Ottery St. Mary.*) Bass may be caught in rough weather by throwing out a line baited with squid or cuttle from the pier, on the flowing tide. Under the same conditions a rod and floated line might be used, same bait or soft crab. Mackerel by hook and line in the season.
- Lymington** (Hants).—S.W.R. *Hotels*: Londebore, Angel. On Boldre; coarse fish. Boldre rises by Bolderwood Lodge, in the heart of the New Forest, 5 m. N. from **Holmelay**, and in 2 m. waters the large lake in Burley Lodge. 3 m. down, at Queen's Bower, a stream joins on left bank, which rises 2 m. W. of **Lyndhurst**, runs 2 m., when it is joined by a stream on right bank 2 m. long. ½ m. on is the Boldre. 2 m. on is **Brookenhurst Station**. 5 m. down a stream 4 m. long joins on right bank, which drains Lechmore pond, 1½ m. from **Brookenhurst**. 1 m. on is **Lymington**. The river is preserved by E. H. Pember, Esq., Vicars Hill, Lymington, who will often give a day. 3 m. E. of Lymington is Sowley Pond; good pike and perch fishing. Bass and salmon peel sometimes at mouth of Lymington creek; flounders, plaice, and grey mullet up the channel.
- Lymm** (Cheshire).—L. & N.W.B. Mersey. Sow brook. *Lakes*: Lymm lake. (*See Runcom.*)
- Lyndhurst** (Hants).—S.W.R. (*See Southampton; Lymington.*) *Hotel*: Crown.
- Lyneside**.—N.B.R. On Lyne; salmon, trout, salmon trout, whiting; free up to Cliff.
- Lynmouth** (Devon).—(*n.s. Barnstaple or Minehead*, 18 m. off). East and West Lyn; trout, salmon. *Hotel*: Lyndale Hotel (*see Advertisement*). East Lyn rises by Oare Oak, and in 4 m. is joined by a short stream on left bank. 1 m. down Lyn, Oare water joins on right bank. Oare (preserved by Mr. Snow, of Oare) rises on Lucott Hill, 5 m. from Porlock, runs 5 m., and is joined on left bank by Badgworthy Water, 3 m. long. Oare runs in 4 m. to East Lyn, which runs 2 m., when Farley water joins on left bank; Lynmouth is 2 m. on. West Lyn is some 5 m. long, and half-way down is joined on left bank by a short stream. West and East Lyn join close to the sea. S. licence, 10s. 6d.; s.t. 40s.; w.t. 5s.; d.t. 1s.; tickets and licence at hotel. 5 m. off at Paracombe runs Paracombe water, which joins the sea at Trentishoe in 6 m. Leave from the Lyndale Hotel for all these streams.
- Macclesfield** (Cheshire).—L. & N.W.B.; M.R.; G.N.B. Bollin; trout; private. Peover brook, 5 m. S.W., at Siddington. Dean, 3 m. N. *Lakes*: Great Oak reservoir, 3 m. S. Gawsorth Mill pond, 3 m. S.W. Thornycroft Hall, 3 m. S.W. Henbury Hall, 3 m. W. Old Hall, 3 m. W. Reed's mere and Capesthorpe Hall lake, 4 m. N.W. Wickenhall mere, 5 m. S.W., at Siddington. Astle Hall, 6 m. W., at Chalford. (*See Frodsham; Langley; Runcom.*) *Tacklett*, J. H. Fearn, 38, Chester-gate.
- Madeley** (Stafford).—L. & N.W.B. Madeley brook. Artle, 1 m. N. *Lakes*: Madeley Mill, Bowsey Mill, 1 m. N. Wrinehill Mill, 2 m. N.W. Betley mere, 3 m. N.W. Little mere, 3 m. N.W. (*See Frodsham.*)

- Magdalen** (Norfolk).—G.E.R. Ouse; coarse fish except barbel. (*c.s. N. and S.*) (*See King's Lynn.*)
- Magor** (Monmouth).—L. & S.W.R. Penhow brook, 7 m. long.
- Maldenhead** (Berks.).—G.W.R. (*See London, M.T.*) Thames; roach, trout, pike, perch, chub, barbel, dace. *Hotels*: Skindle's, Raymead, Thames. *Fishermen*: E. Andrews, H. Wilder, G. Winn, M. Andrews, C. Andrews.
- Malden Newton** (Dorset).—G.W.R. Frome. (*See Wareham.*) (*c.s.*)
- Maldstone** (Kent).—L.C. & D.R.; S.E.R.—Medway; Chub, pike, perch, roach, bream. *Hotels*: Star (which has some private water, and where every information can be obtained) and Mitra. There is good fishing from 2 m. up the river to Tonbridge, fishing free. Some waters in the neighbourhood are preserved, and permission is difficult to obtain. The ponds at Leeds Castle, 6 m. off, and the "Mote" (Lady Howard de Walden) hold pike. The fish ponds at the paper mills of Messrs. Hollingsworth on the Len are very good; but permission is rarely given. (*See Rochester.*)
- Malden** (Surrey).—L. & S.W.R. Hogg's Mill river. (*See London, L.T.*)
- Maldon** (Essex).—G.E.R. *Inn*: King's Head. On Blackwater; pike, perch, roach, dace, and a few trout. This stream rises 5 m. east of **Saffron Walden**, and, under the name of Pant, in 20 m. runs to **Braintree** within 1 m. of the town, passing the villages of Sampford, Bardfield, Shalford, and Bocking (the river between Weathersfield and Shalford is sometimes to be let; roach, dace, trout, and pike. Apply to Messrs. Beaumont and Son, solicitors, Coggeshall). From **Braintree** the river runs, in 8 m., to Coggeshall; **Kelvedon**, 4 m.; from hence to the junction of Poda brook, on the left bank, with the Blackwater at **Witham** is 6 m. Poda brook rises 6 m. north-west of **Braintree**, and then follows the railway to **Bulford**, 3 m.; from **Bulford** to **Witham** is 8 m.; passing the village of White Notley in its course. This stream is preserved the whole way. Pike, perch, roach, dace, &c. From the junction of Poda brook with the Blackwater to **Wickham** is 2 m., to **Langford** 1 m., and **Maldon** 2 m. From **Maldon** to the junction of the Chelmer, on the right bank with the Blackwater is 3 m. The Chelmer rises close to the Blackwater, and, in 4 m., runs by Thaxted, and thence to **Dunmow** 8 m. Below **Dunmow** there are a few trout, pike, perch, roach, &c.; leave must be obtained from the farmers. 4 m. on, at **Felsted**, a brook joins on the left bank, 8 m. long. From **Felsted** the Chelmer runs, in 14 m., to **Chelmsford**. Here the Cann joins Chelmer. This stream rises 13 m. N.W. from **Chelmsford**, and 2 m. above that town is joined by a brook which rises 5 m. east of **Chipping Ongar**, and, in 8 m., flows to **Ingatestone**, 1 m. from the town, and, flowing by Margaretting and Writtle, in 8 m. joins the Cann. The Chelmer now becomes navigable. 6 m. below **Chelmsford** a brook joins on the right bank, which rises 2 m. north-east of Billericay, and is 14 m. long. The Chelmer now runs 6 m. to **Langford**, then 1 m. to **Maldon**, and thence to its junction with the Blackwater, 2 m. Just outside the entrance of the Blackwater river, whiting, cod, ling, and dabs are caught with hook and line.
- Malpas** (Cheshire).—L. & N.W.R. Holywell brook, 2 m. N.E. Weaver, 3 m. N.E. Marbury brook, 3 m. S.E. *Lakes*: Edge Mill pond, 2 m. N.E. Moss mere, Capel mere (Cholmondeley Park), 3 m. N.E., Bickley Mill pond and Bar mere, 3 m. S.E. Brats mere, 4 m. W. (*See Frodsham, Chester.*)
- Malton** (York).—N.E.R. Derwent. Rye, 2 m. N. Settrington beck, 2 m. E. Costa beck, 3 m. N.E. *Lakes*: Welnam pond, 1 m. S. Settrington lake, 3 m. S.E. Castle Howard Park lake, 5 m. W. (*c.s. York.*) (*See Wressel.*)
- Malvern** (Worcester).—G.W.R. Teme (rail 5 m. to **Bransford**). (*See Bransford.*) Severn (3 m. E.); chub, dace, roach, pike, perch, salmon, trout. Leigh brook (4 m. W.); good trouting; leave from Mr. Cook, of Leigh Court. (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s. Severn.*) *Hotels*: Tudor House, Imperial, and Abbey.
- Manaccan** (Cornwall).—*(n.s. Falmouth)*. Manaccan brook, 4 m. long. (*c.s. Fowey.*)
- Manchester** (Lancs.).—L. & N.W.R.; M.R.; G.N.R.; G.W.R. Irwell. Irk. Medlock. (*See Runcorn.*) *Tackleists*, W. Chambers and Co., 25, Market-place.
- Mangotsfield** (Glouce.).—M.R. (*See Bristol.*) Feltham brook. Siston brook.
- Manningtree** (Essex).—G.E.R. Stour; pike, perch, roach, dace, carp, bream, tench, trout, salmon, &c. Suffolk Stour rises above Great Bradley 6 m. N. from **Haverhill**, runs 6 m. to Kedington (2 m. W. of **Haverhill**), and 2 m. below, at **Sturmer**, is joined on right bank by Albery brook, which rises 4 m. above **Haverhill**, and joins Stour 2 m. below. 1 m. down Stour, Birdbrook, 6 m. long, joins on right bank. Stour runs to **Stoke** 3 m., **Clare** 3 m., **Cavendish** 3 m., and 3 m. down is joined on left bank by Glenford brook, which rises 5 or 6 m. above Glemstord, and joins Stour 2 m. down. Stour runs 2 m. to **Melford**, and here Melford brook, 8 m. long, joins on left bank. 3 m. down Stour, Bardfield brook, 5 m. long, joins on right bank. Stour runs 1 m. to **Sudbury**, **Bures** 6 m., and 1 m. down is joined on left bank by a brook draining Assington Mill pond 3 m. up. Stour runs to Wiston Mill 3 m., **Mayland** 1 m., and 4 m. down is joined on left bank by Boxford river. Boxford rises 5 m. above Boxford (*n.s. Sudbury*, 6 m.), and joins Stour 7 m. down $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down Stour, Brett joins on left bank. Brett rises in the Brettenham Park pond 4 m. N.E. from **Lavenham**, and 5 m. down is joined on right bank by Lavenham brook. Lavenham rises above **Cookfield**, runs 5 m. to **Lavenham**, and Brett 5 m. Brett runs 8 m. to **Madleigh**, and 6 m. to Stour at Higham. Stour runs 7 m. to **Manningtree**, and the estuary; 4 m. N.E. on the other side of Stour runs Capel brook. Capel rises above **Capel**, runs 6 m. to within

- 2 m. of Bentley Station, and 2 m. below waters the large mill pond of Stutton close to its junction with Stour, 4 m. N.E. of Manningtree. Hotel: White Hart. (c.s. Suffolk and Essex.)
- Mansfield** (Notts).—M.R. Mann. Coldwell brook. Rainworth water, 3 m. S.E. at Blidsworth. Meden, 4 m. N.W. at Pleasby. Lakes: King's Mill reservoir, 2 m. S.W. Bath Wood lake, 3 m. S.W. at Sutton. Four ponds by Rainworth, 3 m. S.E. (See *Athorpe*.)
- Mansfield Woodhouse** (Notts).—M.R. Maun, 1 m. E. Meden, 2 m. N. Vicay water, 3 m. E. Lakes: Park Hall, 2 m. N.E. (See *Athorpe*.)
- Manton** (Rutland).—M.R.; G.N.R. Gwash. Chater, 1 m. S. (See *Spalding*.)
- Marazion** (Cornwall).—G.W.R. Marazion water, 6 m. long.
- March** (Cambs.).—G.E.B.; G.N.R. Old river Nen; pike, perch, bream, &c. Innumerable fen drains. (See *Wisbeach*.)
- Marchington** (Stafford). L. & N.W.R.; G.N.R.; M.R. Dove; chub, barbel, bream, pike, trout. (c.s. Trent.) Somershall brook. Marchington brook. (See *Gainsborough*.)
- Margate**.—The deep-line fishing off Margate is good; the whittings run large. The bass—called locally the salmon dace—is taken close in at high water with a spoon bait. They are often taken off the jetty with rod and line, as also whiting and flounders, the hook baited with a piece of oyster. Fish from a boat where the gulls hover; you will take some fine bass with the spoon. Mulletts are abundant, and cod are taken with the long line, which the fisherman shoot at one tide and take up at another, with sometimes more than a hundred hooks thereon, baited with sprats as fresh as it is possible to obtain them. A portion of the skate resembling sweetbread, and of which mulletts are exceedingly fond, is here used as a bait. Fishing off Ramsgate is better than that off Margate, and there is good dab fishing in the Downs off Deal. Bass are found in the entrance of Sandwich Haven, and on the North Foreland ledge.
- Market Bosworth** (Leicester).—M.R.; L. & N.W.R. Bosworth brook, 1 m. N.; trout; preserved by the owner of Bosworth Hall. Sence, 3 m. W. Tweed, 3 m. S.W. Lakes: The Duckery, Bosworth Park, 1 m. S.; pike, &c. Gabriel pool, 3 m. N.E. (See *Gainsborough*.)
- Market Deeping** (Lincoln).—n.s. Deeping St. James, 3 m. Welland; pike, perch, chub, dace, roach; preserved by Market Deeping Angling Society hence down to Kenulphstone, 6 m.; hon. members (one friend's ticket) 10s.; ordinary members, at 5s. (if living within 10 m. of the fishing boundary); for persons outside, at 21s., w.t. 2s. 6d., d.t. 1s.; hon. sec., S. B. Sharpe, Esq.; fishing good, especially fly fishing for dace. Glen, 4 m. N. at Kates Bridge. (See *Boston*.)
- Market Drayton** (Salop).—G.W.R. Tern; a few trout, pike, roach, dace. Coal brook. Hemp Mill brook (3 m. N.E.). Baile brook (4 m. S.W.). Lakes: Feats Wood lake (1 m. S.E.). Buntingdale Hall lake (2 m. S.W.). Daisy lake (3 m. N.E.). New pool, Old pool, and Big pool 3½ m. N.W.). Rose Hill ponds (4 m. S.). Heywood ponds (4 m. S.E.). Mordam Mill pond (4 m. W.). Wardale ponds (4 m. S.). Cloverley pond (5 m. N.W.). Canal reservoir, Great Saundley (7 m. S.E.). (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.)
- Market Harborough** (Leicester).—M.R.; L. & N.W.R. Welland. Saddington brook, 3 m. N. Hardwick brook, 4 m. N.E. at Thorpe Langton. Lakes: Gumley Hall lakes, 4 m. N.W. Saddington reservoir, 5 m. N.W. (See *Spalding*.)
- Market Rasen** (Lincoln).—G.C.B. Rase. Ancholme, 5 m. W. (See *Brigg*.) (See *Holton-le-Clay*.)
- Marks Tey** (Essex).—G.E.R. Roman river. Lakes: Birch Hall lake. (See *Wyvenhoe*.)
- Marlesford** (Suffolk).—G.E.R. Ore. Alde, 3 m. N.E. (See *Orford*.)
- Marlborough** (Wilts).—G.W.R. Kennett; trout. (See *London, M.T.*) Hotels: Allesbury Arms, Castle and Ball.
- Marple** (Cheshire).—M.R. Goyt or Mersey. Etherow, 1 m. N. (See *Runcorn*.)
- Marsden** (York).—L. & N.W.R. Colne; polluted. Lakes: Wissenden reservoir, S. March Hill reservoir, 2 m. W. (See *Raunds*.)
- Marsh Brook** (Salop).—L. & N.W.R. Quenny brook. Eaton brook (3 m. E.). Clun (3 m. S.W.); trout, grayling. (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.)
- Marsh Mills** (Devon).—G.W.R. Plym; trout, sea trout; preserved. Tory brook. (See *Plymouth*.) (c.s. *Tamar*.)
- Marston** (York).—N.E.R. Nidd, 2 m. N.W. (c.s. *York*.) Ouse, 3 m. N., at Nun Monkton. (c.s. *York*.) (See *York*.)
- Marston Green** (Warwick).—L. & N.W.R. Ulverley brook. Cole, 2 m. N. Lakes: Chelmsley Wood ponds, 1 m. N.E. Coleshill pool, 2 m. W. (See *Gainsborough*.)
- Marston Magna** (Somerset).—G.W.R. (See *Bridgewater*.)
- Martham** (Norfolk).—G.E.R. Hundred stream or Thurne. Lakes: Martham Broad (Mr. Thain, Somerton), Horsey mere, 4 m. N. (R. Rising, Esq.) (See *Farmouth*.) Inn: King's Arms. (c.s. *N. and S.*)
- Martock** (Somerset).—G.W.R. (See *Bridgewater*.) (c.s. *Avon*.)
- Marton** (York).—On Leven. Leven rises at the head of Rosedale, receives several small streams, flows past Rosedale Abbey, Cropton, Linnington, Marton, Normanby, and Barugh into the Rye. Leven is a very good trout stream, from Linnington Mill upwards strictly preserved; from there downwards leafe may sometimes be got; below Marton mostly free; grayling, pike, chub, dace, and a few trout. Good inn at Marton.
- Maryport** (Cumberland).—On Ellen; trout.

- Mary Tavy** (Devon).—G.W.R. Tavy; trout; preserved by Tamar and Plym Fishery Board, who issue tickets; s.t. above Mary Tavy, 5s. Burne; trout. Wolmer brook (3 m.). Walcombe (6 m.); trout. (c.s. *Tamar*.) (See *Plymouth*.)
- Masham** (York).—N.E.R. Ure; trout, grayling; by staying at the King's Head 1½ m. of fishing can be had. (c.s. *York*.) Burn. Swinney beck. Sale beck, 2 m. S.W. Grimes Gill beck, 4 m. S.W. Spuce Gill beck, 6 m. W. Beik Gill beck, 7 m. W. *Lakes*: Swinton Park lakes, 2 m. S.W. *Hotel*: King's Head. (See *York*.)
- Matlock Bath** (Derby).—M.R. Derwent; trout, grayling; preserved from Cawdor Bridge above Matlock, to the Saw Mills, Whatstandwell, 6 m., by the Matlock and Cromford Angling Association; hon. sec., Henry Cooper, Esq.; entrance fee 21s.: s.t. 30s., w.t. 7s. 6d., d.t. 2s., to staying visitors only. Trout fishing begins March 25, ends Sept. 30; grayling, June 15 to Jan. 31; bottom fishing allowed from Cawdor Bridge to Masson Weir; from Cawdor Bridge up to above Rowsley, river preserved by the Darley Dale Club. Bentley brook; trout. Amber, 6 m. E., at Ambergate. Lumsdale dams; trout. *Hotels*: New Bath, Royal, and Devonshire at Matlock Bath, and Greyhound at Cromford. (See *Gainsborough*.)
- Meare** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Brue; roach, dace, carp, pike; preserved above, and below to Shapwick. Godney brook. (See *Highbridge*.) (c.s. *Avon*.)
- Measham** (Leicester).—L. & N.W.R. Mease. (c.s. *Trent*.) (See *Gainsborough*.)
- Melbourne** (Derby).—M.R. Breedon. Carr brook. Trent, 2 m. N., at Weston Ferry (see *Weston, Gainsborough*.) (c.s.)
- Meldreth** (Cambs).—G.N.R. Rhee, 1 m.; good coarse fishing. (See *King's Lynn*.)
- Melford** (Suffolk).—G.E.R. Stour; pike, perch, roach, tench, few carp and dace. Melford brook. Glemsford brook; same fish as Stour. (c.s. *N. and E.*) (See *Manningtree*.)
- Melksham** (Wilts).—G.W.R. Avon; trout, perch, pike, chub, roach, dace, tench; preserved by the Avon, Brue, and Parret Fishery District from the town bridge on both banks as far as Monkton (down stream), and then on one side only nearly to Holt station; s.t. 2s. 6d., m.t. 1s., d.t. 6d., including trout. (c.s. *Avon*.) The Wilts and Berks Canal runs through Melksham (d.t. 3d.), and joins the Kennet and Avon Canal at Semington about 3 m. from here (free). There are also numerous ponds and brooks containing good fish. *Hotels*: King's Arms. Lodgings can always be obtained. Above bridge there is plenty of pike and coarse fishing, with leave from the farmers, almost as far as Lacock.
- Mellis** (Suffolk).—G.E.R. (See *Botesdale, King's Lynn*.)
- Meltham** (York).—G.N.B.; L. & N.W.R.; M.R.; L. & Y.R. *Lakes*: Reservoir, 1 m. E. (See *Rawcliffe*.) Deerhill reservoir, 6 m.; roach; preserved by Huddersfield Angling Association. (See *Huddersfield*.)
- Melton** (Suffolk).—G.E.R. Deben. (See *Woodbridge*.)
- Melton Mowbray** (Leicester).—M.R.; G.N.R.; L. & N.W.R. Wreak; roach, bream; polluted near the town (c.s. *Trent*). Melton brook. *Lakes*: Welby pond, 3 m. N.W. Saxelby pond, 4 m. N.W. Stapleford Park pond, 4 m. S.E. Leesthorpe pond, 4 m. S.E. Goadby Marwood lake, 6 m. N. Croxton Park lakes, 6 m. N.E. Knipton reservoir, 8 m. N., at Branston. (See *Gainsborough*.)
- Menheniot** (Cornwall).—G.W.R. St. Germans; trout. (See *St. Germans*.) Seaton river. (See *Liskeard*.) Seaton rises 4 m. N. of Liskeard, runs 1 m. E. of the town, and reaches Menheniot Station in 3 m.; thence to the sea is 6 m. (c.s. *Fowey*.) Looe, 3 m.; trout.
- Menthorpe** (York).—N.E.R. (See *Brighton, Wressell*.)
- Merstham** (Surrey).—S.E.R. (See *London, L.T.*) The lake in Gatton Park belongs to Mr. Coleman. There is a catchwater mill pond near, and a smaller one full of perch to the west of the lake. *Hotel*: The Feathers.
- Merton** (Surrey).—L. & S.W.R. Wandle; trout. Below, the fish are nearly all destroyed. (See *London, L.T.*)
- Messingham**.—Bottesford beck; roach, dace.
- Methley** (Yorks).—G.N.B.; M.R.; L. & Y.R. Aire. (c.s. *York*.) Kollin brook. (See *Rawcliffe*.)
- Mevagissey** (Cornwall).—Excellent sea-fishing, especially in summer. There is, however, hardly any fishing from the shore. Off Chapel Point, and round the Gwineas Rocks, are good places for pollack. Shoals of large bass frequent the Gwineas during May and June. There are two small inns at Mevagissey, and lodgings can also be had. Small trout in the brook. 4 m. off, at St. Ewe, free trout fishing can be had in Ewe; good. (c.s. *Fowey*.)
- Mexborough** (Yorks).—G.O.B.; M.B. Don. (c.s. *Yorkshire*.) Dearne, 2 m. N. (See *Goole*.)
- Mickfield** (York).—N.E.R. (See *Aberford, York*.)
- Mickleover** (Derby).—G.N.R. *Lakes*: Radburn pond, 3 m. N.W. (See *Gainsborough*.)
- Middleham** (Yorks), n.s. *Leyburn*, 2 m.—Ure; trout, grayling. (c.s. *York*.) Cover; trout, grayling; preserved as Ure. *Hotel*: White Swan. (See *Leyburn, York*.) fishing, free for 4 m.; leave obtainable elsewhere. (See *Leyburn*.)
- Middleton** (Lancs).—L. & N.W.B.; M.R.; G.N.R. Irk. *Lakes*: Three Pits Bridge ponds, m. N.E. Heaton lake, 3 m. S.W. (See *Runcorn*.)
- Middlewich** (Cheshire).—L. & N.W.B. Dane; chub, dace, roach, trout; preserved. Wheelock. Croco. Sanderson's brook. Weaver, 3 m. W. *Lakes*: Stocks Hill lake, 3 m. W. (See *Frodsham*.)
- Midford** (Somerset).—M.R. (See *Bristol*.) On Avon. (c.s.)
- Midgate Hall** (Lancs).—L. & Y.R. Lostock, 1 m. (See *Hesketh Bank*.)
- Midgham** (Berks).—G.W.R. Kennett. Embourne. (See *London, M.T.*)

- Midhurst** (Sussex).—L. & S.W.R.; L.B. & S.C.R. Western Rother: pike, bream, trout, carp, roach. Fishing free from hence to Pulborough. (*See Littlehampton.*)
- Midsomer Norton** (Somerset).—M.R. (*See Bristol.*)
- Milborne Port** (Somerset).—L. & S.W.R. (*See Bridgwater.*)
- Mildenhall** (Suffolk).—G.E.R. Lark; dace, roach, rudd, carp, trout; good fishing. Kent, 3 m. S.W., at Freckenham. *Hotels:* White Hart, Bell, and The Bull at Barton Mills. (*See King's Lynn and Bury St. Edmunds.*)
- Milford** (Surrey).—L. & S.W.R. There are some lakes on Puttenham Common. (*See London, L.T.*)
- Milloote** (Warwick).—G.W.R. Avon; chub, dace, roach, pike, perch, bream. (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s. Severn.*)
- Miller's Dale** (Derby).—M.R. Wye; trout, grayling; preserved by a club of limited numbers. (*c.s. Trent.*) (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Mill Hill** (Lancs.).—L. & Y.R.; L. & N.W.R. Darwen. (*See Preston.*)
- Mill Houses** (Yorks).—G.C.B. Sheaf. *Lakes:* Norton Hall, 2 m. S.E. (*See Goolle.*)
- Milnrow** (York).—L. & Y.R. Beal. (*See Runcorn.*)
- Milnthorpe** (Westland).—On Bela; trout. *Inn:* Cross Keys. Preserved by the Milnthorpe Angling Society of 35 members: entrance, one guinea; s.t., 42s.; hon. sec., F. L. O'Dwyer, Esq., Beetham, Milnthorpe. Each member may take a friend staying in his house. Fishing begins Feb. 16 and ends Aug. 31. The fishing is very good in March, April, May, and August. (*c.s., Kent.*)
- Milton** (Stafford).—L. & N.W.R. Trent. (*c.s.*) Foxley brook. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Milverton** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Milverton brook and Norton brook. (*See Bridgwater.*)
- Minehead** (Somerset).—G.W.R. (*See Linton.*)
- Minety** (Wilts).—G.W.R. (*See Bristol.*) On Bredon Pond.
- Minshall Vernon** (Cheshire).—L. & N.W.R. Weaver, 1 m. W. Wheelock, 1 m. E. Ash brook, 3 m. W. (*See Frodsham.*)
- Minster** (Kent).—S.E.R. On Stour; good coarse fishing. Preserved by the Fordwich and Grove Ferry Angling Club; hon. sec., F. C. Nash, Esq., Parade, Canterbury; tickets at the *inn*. *Inn:* New Inn. (*c.s.*) (*See Sandwich.*)
- Minsterley** (Salop).—L. & N.W.R.; G.W.B. Bea; trout, grayling. Minsterley brook. Habberley brook (3 m. S.E.). *Lakes:* Marton pool (7 m. S.W.) (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s. Severn.*)
- Mirfield** (Yorks).—L. & N.W.R.; L. & Y.R. Calder. (*c.s. York.*) (*See Rauchfife.*)
- Misterton** (Notts).—G.N.B. Marther drain. Trent. Idle, 6 m. W. (*c.s. Trent.*) (*See Alkhorpe.*)
- Misterton** (Somerset).—L. & S.W.R. (*See Seaton.*) Axe; trout. (*c.s.*)
- Mistham** (Surrey).—L. & S.W.R. Wandie; trout. Preserved, but much polluted below. (*See London, L.T.*)
- Mitcheldean Road** (Hereford).—G.W.R. Budhall brook. (*See Chepstow.*)
- Milton** (York), n.s. **Walley**, 2 m.—Ribble; trout, salmon, chub, Hodder; trout. *Hotels:* Three Fishes and Aspinall's Arms, where fishing can be had in Ribble and Hodder. (*See Preston.*)
- Mobberley** (Cheshire).—L. & N.W.R. Mobberley brook. Ashley brook, 1 m. N. Birkin, 1 m. W. *Lakes:* Tatton Park lake, 2 m. S.W. (*See Runcorn.*)
- Molland** (Devon).—G.W.B. Yeo; trout; d.t. 1s. Molland water. Knowstone water (3 m.) (*c.s. Taw.*) *Hotel:* Black Cock. (*See Barnstaple.*)
- Monmouth**.—G.W.B. Wye; salmon, chub, dace, perch, few pike, trout, grayling; salmon preserved above, below to tideway; s.t. 80s., from Messrs. Miller, the lessees. (*c.s.*) Monnow; trout, grayling, chub, dace, few perch preserved by landowners from Monmouth to **Pandy**. (*c.s. Wye.*) Trothy; trout; preserved. (*c.s. Wye.*) *Hotel:* Beaufort Arms. (*See Chepstow.*)
- Monsal Dale** (Derby).—M.R. Wye; trout, grayling; leave from the Duke of Devonshire. (*c.s. Trent.*) (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Moorhampton** (Hereford).—G.W.R. Lugwas brook (1 m.) Stretford brook (3½ m.) (*See Chepstow.*)
- Moortown** (Lincoln).—G.C.B. Tetney drain, 9 m. E. *Lakes:* Croxby pond, 9 m. E. (*See Holton-le-Clay.*) Some trouting can be had in the beck running near the station; it is, however, much wooded. The fishing at Riverhead is open all the year; d.t. 1s., at. 5s., of Mr. Scott, Skipworth Arms.
- Morcharad Road** (Devon).—L. & S.W.R. Braddiford brook. (*See Barnstaple.*)
- Moribath** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Bampton brook. (*See Exeter.*)
- Moreton Hampstead** (Devon).—G.W.R. *Hotel:* White Hart. (*See Teignmouth.*) On Teign and Bovey; trout. The river Teign is preserved from Stepsbridge to Lees Teign 12 m. Tickets at the White Hart and at Steps Inn, Steps Bridge. The landlord of the White Hart grants tickets also for the upper part of the Bovey. (*c.s.*)
- Moreton** (Dorset).—L. & S.W.R. Frome, Piddle; trout, salmon. (*See Wareham.*) (*c.s.*)
- Moreton-on-Lug** (Hereford).—L. & N.W.R.; G.W.B. Lug; trout, grayling, pike, perch, roach, dace (*c.s. Wye*); preserved above by the Bodenham Club. (*See Dinmore.*) Derndale brook (1 m.), Sutton brook (2½ m.) (*See Chepstow.*)
- Morpeth** (Northland.).—On Wansbeck; trout. There are 5 m. or 6 m. of open water below the town. Above this water the river belongs to several private persons, who, however, are liberal to stranger gentlemen. There are several feeders of the Wansbeck, where sport is good at times, and leave easily obtained.

- Mortehoe** (Devon).—L. & S.W.R. (*See Braumton*.)
- Mortimer** (Berks).—G.W.R. Strathfieldsay is near. (*See London, M.T.*)
- Mortlake** (Surrey).—L. & S.W.R. Thames. (*See London, L.T.*)
- Mossbank** (Lancs).—L. & N.W.R.; L. & Y.E. Sankey brook. Newton brook, $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. E. *Lakes*: Carr Mill dam, $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. E. (*See Runcorn*.)
- Mossley** (Yorks).—L. & N.W.R. Tame. Car brook. *Lakes*: Knoll Hill, 1 m. S.W. Lurnshaw dam, 2 m. N. (*See Runcorn*.)
- Mottisfont** (Hants).—L. & S.W.R. On Test; plenty of trout, but closely preserved. (*See Southampton*.)
- Moulaford** (Berks).—G.W.R. On Thames. *Inn*: Beetle and Wedge. *Fisherman*: J. Cox. (*See London, M.T.*)
- Much Wenlock** (Salop).—G.W.R. Hughley brook ($1\frac{1}{2}$ m. N.W.). Beggarhill brook (3 m. S.E.), Mor brook ($3\frac{1}{2}$ m. S.E.); trout. Severn (4 m. N.); chub, pike, dace, salmon, trout. *Lakes*: Marsh ponds ($1\frac{1}{2}$ m. E.). Willey Park ponds (3 m. E.). (*See Gloucester*.) (*c.s. Severn*.)
- Muker** (York). n.s. *Askrigg*, 10 m.—Swale; trout, grayling. (*c.s. York*.) Muker beck; trout. Thwaite beck, 1 m. W.; trout; free. Oxnop beck, 1 m. E., Gunnerside beck, 1 m. E.; spoiled by lead mines. Sumner Lodge beck, 5 m. E.; trout; preserved. (*See York*.)
- Mullion** (Cornwall).—(n.s. *Fenny*, 19 m.) Mullion brook. Mullion rises in Hayle Pool near Buan Major, and is 3 m. long. Good pollack, conger, &c., fishing at sea.
- Musgrave** (Westland).—N.E.R. Eden; trout. Angill Beck runs near; trout.
- Mutford Bridge** (Lowestoft) (Suffolk).—G.E.R. Waveney, $2\frac{1}{2}$ m. N.W.; bream, roach, perch, pike; free. *Lakes*: Oulton Broad; same fish; boats at the Wherry Hotel, Mutford Bridge (*see Advertisement*). Flixton Decoy, $2\frac{1}{2}$ m. N. Lake at the Villa, $2\frac{1}{2}$ m. N. (*See Yarmouth*.) (*c.s. Norfolk and Suffolk*.)
- Naburn** (York).—G.N.E. Ouse; roach, dace, chub, bream; preserved on left bank, free on right bank. (*c.s. York*.) (*See York*.)
- Nafferton** (York).—N.E.R. Hull, 1 m. S., at Wansford. Skerne beck, 2 m. S. (*See Hull*.) (*c.s. York*.)
- Nailsea** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Kenn; trout, coarse fish. *Inn*: Battle Axes. *Lakes*: Nailsea ponds; pike, perch, carp, roach, rudd; leave from the station master, G.W.R.
- Nailsworth** (Gloucester).—M.R. Nailsworth brook. (*See Stonehouse*.) *Lakes*: Longthorpe lake; pike, carp; leave from C. Playne, Esq., Thescombe House, or Hon. Mrs. Ricardo. Woodchester Park lake; pike; leave difficult to obtain.
- Nantwich** (Cheshire).—G.W.R.; L. & N.W.R. Weaver; coarse fish, trout. Baddiley brook, 1 m. S. Cheer brook, 1 m. E. Artle brook, 2 m. S.E., at Howbeck Bridge. Howbeck brook, 2 m. S.E. Pool brook, 3 m. N.W. *Lakes*: Harleston Lake, 3 m. N.W. Doddington Park, 4 m. S.E. (*see Frodsham*.)
- Nantyderry** (Monmouth).—G.W.R. Usk; salmon, trout. Llanarth brook 3 m. (*See Newport*.) (*c.s.*)
- Narborough** (Leicester).—L. & N.W.R. Soar (*c.s. Trent*). Whetstone brook. Normanton brook, 2 m. W. Billesdon brook, 2 m. N.E. *Lakes*: Normanton Hall lake, 4 m. N.W. (*See Gainsborough*.)
- Narborough** (Norfolk).—G.E.R. Nar; excellent trouting; strictly preserved. (*See King's Lynn*.) (*c.s. N. and S.*)
- Naseby** (Northampton).—n.s. *Kilworth*, 5 m. Avon rises in the large reservoir W. of the town. (*See Gloucester*.)
- Nassington** (Northton).—L. & N.W.R. Nen; pike, perch, bream, chub, tench, &c. (*See Wisbeach*.)
- Navenby** (Lincoln).—G.N.R. Brant, 2 m. W., at Skinnand. Witham, 4 m. W. at Bas-singham. (*See Boston*.)
- Nayland** (Suffolk). n.s. *Colchester*, 6 m.—Stour; pike, perch, roach, carp, dace, bream, tench. Boxford, 3 m. N.E. (*c.s. S. and E.*) (*See Manningtree*.)
- Needham Market** (Suffolk).—G.E.R. Gipping; roach, perch, pike, tench. *Lake*: Boemere, 1 m. S.E. (*See Ipswich*.)
- Neen Sollers** (Salop).—G.W.R. Bea; trout; private. Ranhall brook. Hopton brook. Hopper brook ($2\frac{1}{2}$ m. N.W.). (*See Gloucester*.) (*c.s. Severn*.)
- Netherton** (York).—L. & N.W.R. *Lakes*: Blackmoorfoot reservoir; pike, perch; preserved by the Huddersfield Angling Association. (*See Huddersfield*.)
- Netherwastdale**.—On Wastwater Lake; trout. The fishing on both lake and river free. Sport is good in May and June. There are also several small tarns in the hills but the fishing is indifferent. There are two small inns at Netherwastdale, both clean and comfortable. The *Drigg Station* (W.R.) is distant 6 m. One of the best flies is a red and orange body, gold twist, and woodcock's wing. The banks of the river are heavily wooded. Brown and dun flies are very killing. The charge for boats, including boatman, 4s. per day. Red and black hackles ribbed are good flies; also one with black silk body, black hackle, and crow's wing. The dotterel hackle and a fly with peacock's tail, body tipped with gold, hackle black or red, wings mallard, are also good and so is the coach-y-bondhu. Sprinkling Tarn holds large trout. Burnmoor Tarn large pike and eels. After heavy floods good sport in the river that runs into Wastwater. (*c.s. Cumberland*.)
- Newark-on-Trent** (Notts).—G.N.R.; L. & N.W.R.; M.R. Trent; roach, dace, perch, pike, chub, barbel, bream; preserved below by Newark and Muskharn Fishery Association; d.t. from D. Slater, fishtackleist, Newark; there is some free water (*c.s.*). Devon; same

fish. Carr dyke, 2 m. S.W. at Hawton. Pingley dyke, 3 m. N.W. at Averham. Witham, 4 m. S.E. at Barnby. Crossby dyke, 5 m. N. (See Gainsborough.) Tackletst, D. Slater, Stodman-street.

Newbridge (Monmouth).—G.W.R. Ebwy; trout, salmon. Usk; salmon, trout, chub, grayling, pike, perch; preserved by the United Usk Fisheries Association; salmon and trout rod licences 20s. and 1s.; salmon d.t. 21s., troutling s.t. 21s., w.t. 10s., d.t. 2s. 6d., together with rod licences, from hotel. (See Usk; Brecknock.) Hotel: Newbridge Hotel. (c.s. Usk.) (See Newport.)

Newbury (Berks).—G.W.R. On Kennet and Lambourne and Embourne (3 m.). Hotels: Swan (on the London-road), Chequers, Jack of Newbury, White Hart. The Newbury District Angling Association preserves the Lambourne, and the Kennet hence to Aldermaston. (See London, M.T.) Good trouting in Lambourne, and good general fishing in Kennet. S.t. for both streams (entrance 21s.) 21s.; d.t. Lambourne 5s., Kennet 2s. 6d.; fly only on Lambourne; Kennet only (entrance 10s.), s.t. 10s.; treasurer and sec., Mr. Wm. Scott Veitch. Jack Hotel.

Newby Wiske (York).—N.E.R. Wiske; grayling, trout, chub, pike; preserved; leave sometimes. Swale, 1 m. S.W. (c.s. York.) (See York.)

Newcastle-on-Tyne.—Coarse fishing free at Newton; trout, roach, dace. At Ryton, salmon, trout, roach, dace. At Prudhoe, Duke of Northumberland sometimes gives leave. At Newton and Ryton permission obtainable.

Newcastle-under-Lyme (Stafford).—L. & N.W.R.; M.R. Lyme. Fowler brook, 1 m. N.E. Trent, 2 m. S.E. (c.s.). Northwood brook, 2 m. S. Foxley brook, 5 m. N.E. Lakes: Ponds on racecourse, 2 m. N.W. Keel Hall Park lakes, 2 m. S.W. Trentham Park lakes, 4 m. S.E. Whitmore Park, 4 m. S.W. (See Gainsborough.)

Newent (Gloucester).—(n.s. Gloucester, 10 m.) Newent brook. (See Gloucester.)

Newhaven (Sussex).—L.B. & S.C.R. On Ouse. Ouse rises in two large ponds close to Bifingham village, and in 6 m. is joined by a stream on left bank, which rises in a large lake at Balcombe, 2 m. down from which a stream joins on left bank, which drains two or three ponds $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. up. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. below this Ouse is reached. 4 m. down Ouse a stream joins on left bank, $4\frac{1}{2}$ m. long, which rises in a lake by Horsted Keynes, 5 m. down Ouse, near Fletching, a stream 3 m. long, which runs out of some large lakes in Sheffield Park, and mill, joins on left bank (preserved by Lord Sheffield). 3 m. down, at Sharp's lock (where the water preserved by the Lewes Angling Society begins), a stream, 3 m. long, joins on left bank, one branch of which flows out of a lake in Maresfield Park and the other from a large pond in the village (n.s. Buxted). Ouse next flows in 2 m. to Isfield. Here a stream joins on left bank, which rises in a lake by High Hurst Wood, 3 m. N. of Buxted. At Buxted a stream joins on left bank, 4 m. long, which drains several ponds and mill dams. Next Uckfield is reached in 2 m. and Isfield in $3\frac{1}{2}$ m., $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. below Isfield, two streams join Ouse, one on the right bank and the other on left bank. The right-hand stream rises in a lake by Chailly, flows 2 m. to Old Park, where it waters a large lake, and then $2\frac{1}{2}$ m. on to the Ouse. The stream on the left bank is 2 m. long, and drains some large lakes near Mole Wood. Ouse next flows in two branches to Barcombe 2 m., thence to Lewes, 6 m. 3 m. below a stream, 5 m. long, joins on left bank. Glynd is in the centre of it. Thence to Newhaven (N.R.) is 6 m., passing Rodmill. Tarring Nivelle, Piddinghoe, South Houghton, and Denton. 1 m. from Newhaven Ouse joins the sea. (c.s.) Fair sea fishing, whiting, &c. Bass at harbour's mouth and round Beachy Head. Good fishing from the pier. (c.s.)

Newlay (Yorks).—M.B. Aire. (c.s. York.) Old Mill beck. (See Rawcliffe.)

Newmill End (Herts).—M.R.; G.N.R. On Lea. (See Stratford.)

New Mills (Cheshire).—M.R.; L. & N.W.R. Goyt or Mersey. Sett brook. Lady Gate brook, 1 m. N. (See Runcom.)

Newnham Bridge (Worcester).—G.W.R. Teme; trout, chub, grayling, dace, roach, perch, pike; preserved above by the Tenbury Angling Association; below, privately. (See Tenbury.) Bea; trout, grayling (below), chub. Piper's brook (2 m. E.). Lakes: Bickley pools (2 m. N.); trout, pike, perch, roach, carp; preserved by Lord Dudley. Stamford Park lake (7 m. S.E.) Inn: Talbot; comfortable. (See Gloucester.) (c.s. Severn.)

New Passage (Gloucester).—G.W.R. Pining brook. Pining rises 5 m. N.E. of Pining (G.W.R.), and runs to New Passage 3 m. 2 m. N. Olveston brook joins the sea; it is 4 m. long.

Newport (Essex).—G.E.R. Cam. Lakes: Dehden Park, 2 m. E. (See King's Lynn.)

Newport (Monmouth).—G.W.R. Usk; salmon, trout. Ebwy; salmon, trout. Usk rises in Brecon 12 m. above Devynock, in a small lake full of trout. 7 m. from the source, Hydfer (trout), 5 m. long, joins on right bank. 2 m. down, at Treacastle (a good inn, and fishing free above, but preserved below by United Usk Fisheries Association; trout rod licences 1s., of the postmaster) (see Brecon), a stream joins on left bank, which, dividing in two parts at Llywel, is 5 m. long. 2 m. down, Clydack (4 m. long) and Cray join Usk (n.s. Devynock, 2 m.), one on left bank and the other on right bank. Cray rises 3 m. above Cray Station, and is 7 m. long. Usk runs 2 m. to Devynock. Here Senni joins on right bank. Senni is 6 m. long, and receives on left bank Trewaren, 4 m. long, close to the town. 2 m. down Usk, Cilleni joins on left bank. Cilleni is 9 m. long, and is joined by Llandeilor brook on right bank midway down. Usk runs 3 m. to Aberbran. Here Bran, 11 m. long, joins on left bank. 1 m. down Usk, at Aberysir, Yacir joins on left bank. 4 m. above the junction Yacir divides

into two parts, Yscir-fechan and Yscir-faur, each some 8 m. long. Usk runs in 3½ m. to **Brecknock** (N. & B.R.); there Honddu joins on left bank, and Tarett on right bank. Honddu rises 4 m. above Capel Dyffryn, runs 4 m. to Llanfihangel-fechan, and **Brecknock** 6 m. Tarett rises on the Beacons, and 6 m. down is joined on right bank by a brook rising in Llyn-cwm-Ilwch, 4 m. up. Tarett runs 2 m. to Usk. 2½ m. down Usk, Cynrig, 5 m. long, joins on right bank, and 2 m. down Usk, at Llanhamlach (n.s. **Taly-lynn Junction**, N. & B.R., 2 m.), Mehascia, 5 m. long, joins on right bank. 3 m. down Usk, at Llanasinfred or **Taly-Bont** (B. & M.T.J.R.) (preserved by the United Usk Fisheries Association; salmon and trout rod licences 20s. and 1s.), Alwynd joins on right bank. This stream rises near **Torpantau** Station, and is 8 m. long. 3 m. down Usk, Dyffryn Cwannon, 4 m. long, joins on right bank, and 2 m. down, Claisvare, 3 m. long, joins on right bank, passing Llangynydr 1 m. up from the junction (preserved by U.U.F.A. *Hotel*, Red Lion, where licences can be had, see *Brecknock*). 2 m. down Usk, Rhiangoll Cwmdu joins on left bank. Rhiangoll rises 4 m. S.W. of **Tolgarth**, runs 5 m. to Llanfihangel Cwmdu, 2 m. to Tretower, and Usk 1 m. Usk runs in 2 m. to Crickhowel (n.s. **Gilwern**, 4 m.) The troutling is very good both above and below the town. The fishing for the most part belongs to private owners and the United Usk Fisheries Association; salmon and trout rod licences 20s. and 1s., from Mr. Harris, chemist. March and April are best for trout; salmon fishing varies with the water. *Hotel*: Bear. 2 m. down, Grwyne (trout) joins Usk on right bank. Grwyne rises 6 m. across country from **Tolgarth**, runs 13 m. to Llanbedr, 2 m. from Crickhowel, where it is joined on right bank by Grwyne-fechan, 7 m. long. 3 m. down is Usk. 1 m. down Usk, Clydach, which rises 4 m. above **Gilwern** Station and is 5 m. long, joins on right bank. Usk runs to **Govilon** 4 m., where Wenarth joins on right bank. Wenarth rises in the Forge Pond 2 m. S. of the station, and is 3 m. long. Usk runs to **Abergavenny** 2 m. Here Gavenny joins on left bank. Gavenny rises near **Llanfihangel**, and is 5 m. long. Usk runs 3 m. to **Penpergwm** 2 m., below which Llanover Brook, which rises in a small lake and is 6 m. long, joins on right bank, and 1 m. down Usk, Llangattock brook, which runs ½ m. E. of **Penpergwm** and is 3 m. long, joins on left bank. ½ m. down Usk, Llanarth brook, 4 m. long, joins on left bank. Usk runs 3 m. to **Nantyderry**, and Usk 5 m. Here Olwy river runs close to the town, and joins Usk on left bank 2 m. down. Olwy rises by Trelech (n.s. **Bigswell**, 2 m. E.), and 5 m. down is joined on right bank by a brook 4 m. long. 1 m. down Olwy, at **Llandenny**, Raglan brook, which rises by **Raglan** and is 4 m. long, joins on right bank. 1 m. down Olwy, Pill brook, 4 m. long, joins on left bank. Olwy runs 3 m. to **Usk**, and Usk river 2 m. Usk runs to Kemeys Inferior 5 m. (preserved by the United Usk Fisheries Association; trout rod licences 1s., from the toll-house, Pont Kemeys), and 3 m. on is joined on right bank by a brook which rises by **Panteg** and is 7 m. long. Usk runs to **Caerleon**, 1 m. Here Llwyd joins on right bank. Llwyd rises 2 m. above **Blau-Afon**, runs to **Cwm Afon** 3 m., **Aber-sydan** 2 m., **Pontypool** 2 m., **Panteg** 2 m., **Pontrhydyran** 1 m., **Pontnewydd** m., **Cwmbran** 1 m., and 3 m. down is joined on right bank by Dowlas brook, which rises 2 m. N. of **Llanternan**, and is 4 m. long. Llwyd joins Usk 3 m. down. Usk runs 4 m. to **Newport**, to which point the tide flows (salmon rod licences 20s., and trout rod licences 1s., and w.t. 10s. and d.t. 2s. 6d. for trout, from Mr. Mullock, stationer.) (*See Usk*.) March and April are the best troutling months, and April to October for salmon. Flies for Usk are March brown, with more yellow in the body; blue and yellow duns; cochy-y-bonddhu; spider fly, *body*, dark slate blue; *hackle*, long, black; *wing*, hen pheasant's; *Haffand's* Fancy and the spinners. At the end of May the "little purple" comes on (*body*, dark mole; *hackle*, dark grizzly blue; *wing*, dark starling). At the same time a large yellow dun comes on, and continues during the season (hook No. 9; *body*, yellow ribbed with gold; *hackle*, smoky, golden tipped; *wing*, light starling). This and the alder dressed buzz are the best general flies. The black gnat, stone fly, the fern fly (dark orange-red body, light blue hackle, and hen pheasant wing), and the large cinnamon, are also useful flies. The larger flies, as the cob, alder, large spinner, and large dun, must be dressed on No. 9 hooks, the others on 10, and the purple and gnats on 11 and 12. Mr. Francis recommends these salmon flies as good general Welsh patterns: 1. Gold tip, pale blue sprigs of Indian jay and flamingo, or ibis, or red macaw fibres for tail, orange wool body, brown hackle, long and full all the way up; gold tinsel sparingly, and brown mottled turkey wings; black head. 2. Tip and tail as before; light orange silk body; yellow hackle long and full, gold twist sparingly, and dirty red hackle at shoulder; mottled turkey wing. 3. Tail and tip as before; dirty yellow wool body; golden olive hackle; gold twist fine, large bunch of peacock's harl for wings. 4. Gold tip, two red macaw fibres, and a gold pheasant's topping for tail; dark brown wool body; golden olive (rather inclining to orange) hackle, with black tints to the fibres, spare gold twist, turkey wing. 5. Gold pheasant tippet tail, dark brown wool body, bronzed olive hackle, with darkish dirty green tips, turkey wing, no tinsel. 6. Gold tip, fancy tail of two sprigs of blue macaw, light yellow tealcan feather and small green parrot feather (this tail is not indispensable), two twists of ostrich harl (black), over yellow silk body, gold tinsel, and light smoky blue hackle with golden tips; wing, two bittern's hackles. All the hackles are dressed very full and long, and most of the bodies are fattish. Hooks, about No. 7 or No. 8, salmon size. Another good Usk fly has a bit of yellow floss silk for tail, a pale yellow or lemon body, pale blue or dun hackle, and wings of either the striped feathers under a hawk's, or snipe's, or woodcock's wing, dyed pale yellow. (c.a.)

EBWY rises 2 or 3 m. above **Beaufort**, and passing there runs to **Ebbw Vale**

- (3 m.), **Victoria** (1 m.), **Owm** (2 m.), **Aberbeeg** (3 m.). Here Ebwy-fach, which rises above **Blaina**, runs thence to **Aberillery** (3 m.) and **Aberbeeg** (2 m.), joins on left bank. 2 m. down Ebwy, by **Crumlin**, a stream joins on right bank $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. long, which drains a pond—**Ponnd-y-Cood-Cae**, 2 m. S.W. from **Aberbeeg**. Ebwy runs to **Newbridge** (1 m.), **Abercarne** (1 m.), **Cross Keys** (1 m.). Here Sirhowey joins on right bank. Sirhowey rises in **Liyn-garn-fawr** 3 m. N.W. from **Treffil**, and 2 m. down is joined on left bank by a stream draining a pond 1 m. up. 1 m. down Sirhowey, **Naut-y-llecha** joins on right bank, draining a pond 3 m. up. Sirhowey runs to **Tredegar** (2 m.), **Holly Bush** (5 m.), **Argeod** (3 m.), **Black Wood** (2 m.), **Tredegar Junction** (2 m.), **Tynysddu** (2 m.), and **Cross Keys** (4 m.). Ebwy runs to **Bisca** (1 m.), **Tydee** (3 m.), **Bassaleg** (2 m. from **Newport**) $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. Ebwy joins **Usk** Estuary 8 m. down. (c.s. *Usk*.) *Hotel*: Westgate.
- Newport Pagnel** (Bucks).—L. & N.W.R. *Ouse*. (c.s. *N. and S.*) *Ousel*. (See *King's Lynn*.)
- Newport** (Salop).—G.W.R.; L. & N.W.R. *Meess* (1 m. N.); *trout*; *private*. *Strine* (3 m. W.); *private*. *Lorne* brook (3 m. N.). *Brockton* brook (3 m. S.). *Ellerton* brook (5 m. N.W.). *Lakes*: *Chetwynd Park* pond (1 m. N.). *Aquadale mere* (2 m. N.E.); *pike*, *bream*; *Sir J. Boughey*, who sometimes gives leave. *Minton's*, *Limekiln* and *Wildmoor* pools (3 m. S.). (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.) *Hotel*: **Victoria**.
- New Quay** (Cornwall).—G.W.R. *Kestle* water. *Kestle* rises 1 m. S.W. from **St. Columb Station**, runs 5 m., and is joined on left bank by *Tredinick* water. *Tredinick* rises 2 m. N. of **St. Michael's** (n.s. **Grampound**, G.W.R., 6 m.) 3 m. down, *Newlyn* water, which rises on *Newlyn Down*, runs by *Newlyn*, and is 3 m. long, joins on left bank. *Tredinick* runs 2 m. to *Kestle*. 1 m. down *Kestle*, *Stringer's* water, which rises a short distance N. of *Newlyn* and is $2\frac{1}{2}$ m. long, joins on left bank. *Kestle* runs to the sea and **New Quay** in 2 m. (c.s. *Camel*.) 2 m. N. from **New Quay** runs *Mellincoose* water, which rises 1 m. N. from **St. Columb Station**, runs 7 m. to **St. Columb Minor**, where it is joined by *Trewince* water, 2 m. long, and runs to the sea in 1 m. 2 m. S.W. from **New Quay**, at **Crantock**, runs *Trevosa* water, 8 m. long. 4 m. W. down the coast from **New Quay** into **Holywell Bay** runs *Holywell* brook, 6 m. long. *Fair sea* fishing.
- Newsholme** (York).—L. & Y.R. *Ribble*; *trout*, *salmon*. *Forest* beck, 4 m. W. *Bond* beck, 5 m. N.W. (See *Preston*.)
- New Shoreham** (Sussex).—L.B. & S.O.R. On *Adur*. *Adur* rises in a lake by the railway 3 m. W. of **Burgess Hill**. In $2\frac{1}{2}$ m. a stream $\frac{1}{2}$ m. long joins on right bank, which drains a large lake. 2 m. on a stream joins on right bank, 1 m. long, which drains two large ponds near *Boiney* village. 2 m. on a stream joins on left bank, which rises by **Hassocks Gate Station**, and is 5 m. long, supplying three mills. 1 m. down *Adur*, at *Shermanbury*, a stream joins on right bank, which rises in some lakes 9 m. off. *Cowfold* village is half-way up this stream. 2 m. down *Adur*, where the railway crosses (n.s. **Henfield**), a stream joins on left bank, which rises in some ponds at *Strude Garden*, 1 m. west of **Hassocks Gate Station**, and in 6 m. is joined by a stream on the left bank, 2 m. long, which rises in a large lake at *Woodmancote* (n.s. **Henfield**, 3 m.) $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. on, this stream joins *Adur*. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down, at **Henfield** a large stream joins on right bank, which rises 1 m. east of **Billinghurst**, and after 7 m. is joined by a stream on right bank, which runs out of a large lake $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. off. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down a stream joins on left bank, which drains *Knepp* pond (n.s. **Grinstead**, $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. off.) $2\frac{1}{2}$ m. down stream, 1 m. south-west of **Partridge Green Station**, a stream joins on the right bank, which drains some ponds near *Ashington*, and is $3\frac{1}{2}$ m. long. $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. down, *Adur* is reached. *Adur* runs to **Steyning**, 5 m., where a stream joins on the right bank, which drains two ponds at *Wiston*, $2\frac{1}{2}$ m. off; *Adur* runs to **Bramber** 1 m., and **Shoreham** 5 m., passing *Botolphs* and *Combes*. *Bass* at harbour's mouth, and a variety of sea fish outside and in the offing.
- Newthorpe** (Notts).—G.N.R. *Erewash*. *Lakes*: *Shipley Hall* reservoir, 2 m. W. *Mapperty* reservoir, 3 m. W. (See *Gainsborough*.)
- Newton** (Cheshire).—G.N.R. *Lakes*: *Godley* reservoir. (See *Runcorn*.)
- Newton** (Lancs.), n.s. **Clitheroes**, 8 m.—*Hodder*; *trout*. *Easington* brook. *Whitendale* river, 3 m. W. *Langden* river, 4 m. W. *Brennand* river, 6 m. N.W. *Hotel*: **Parker's Arms**, where fishing in $2\frac{1}{2}$ m. of *Hodder* for two days can be had. (See *Preston*.)
- Newton Abbot** (S. Devon).—G.W.R. On *Teign*; *trout* and a few *salmon*; preserved by the Lower *Teign* Fishing Association hence up to **Dunsford**. *Hotels*: *Globe*, *Queen's*, and *Commercial*. (See *Teignmouth*.) There are a few trout in the stream which joins *Teign* here. *Fish above the town*. (c.s.)
- Newton Kyme** (York).—N.E.R. *Wharfe*. (c.s. *York*.) (See *York*.)
- Newton-le-Willows** (York).—L. & N.W.R. *Newton Beck* runs near; *trout*. There is good *jack*, *roach*, *bream*, *perch*, and *trout* fishing in *Newton dam*; leave from *Mr. Leigh's* agent at **Newton-le-Willows**.
- Newton Road** (Stafford).—L. & N.W.R. *Tame*. (c.s. *Trent*.) *Lakes*: *Forge Pond*. *Red House Hall*, 1 m. N.E. *Bar Park*, 2 m. E. (See *Gainsborough*.)
- New Walsingham** (Norfolk).—G.E.R. *Blakeney* river. *Blakeney* rises 10 m. above this place, and 5 m. down is joined on right bank by a stream 4 m. long, which rises in a pond on *Langham Common*, 5 m. N.E. from **N. Walsingham**. *Blakeney* joins the sea 3 m. down.
- Norbury** (Derby).—M.B. *Dove*; *trout*, *grayling*. (c.s. *Trent*.) *Calwick* brook. *Lakes*: *Wootton Grange* ponds, 2 m. N.W. (See *Gainsborough*.)
- Norham** (Northland.),—(See *Berwick*.)

- Northallerton** (York).—N.E.B. Wiake; grayling, trout, chub, pike; preserved; leave sometimes. (*c.s. York.*) Brompton beck. (*See York.*)
- Northampton**.—M.R.; L. & N.W.R.—Nen; pike, perch, bream, chub, king carp, &c. preserved by Nen Angling Society hence to Doddington Mills; at 21a. from the paper mills to Whiston Mill; 42a. for whole water; each subscriber of 42a. has 8 day tickets for friends; sons under 16 can fish free, but not troll; no Sunday fishing; 3 days' piking in any one week only allowed; hon. sec., J. B. Hensman, Esq. Wootton brook, 3 m. S. Billing brook, 4 m. N.E. *Lakes*: Abington Park, 1 m. N.E. Dallington Hall, 2 m. N.W. Overstone Park, 4 m. N.E. Althorp Park, 5 m. N.W. *Fishing Stations within reach*: Roade, Wolverton, Aylesbury, Boxmore, Towcester, Wappenham, Helmdon, Banbury, Weedon, Althorp Park, Rugby, Brampton, Brixworth, Lamport, Kelmarsh, Market Harborough, Rockingham, Castle Ashby, Wellingborough, Higham Ferrers, Thrapston, Oundle, Wansford, Peterborough, Olney, Bedford. (*See Wisbeach.*) *Hotels*: Plough, Grand, George. *Tackleist*, G. Timms, 6, The Green.
- North Blinham** (Norfolk).—G.E.R. Wensum. (*c.s. N. and S.*) *Lake*: Elmham Hall Lake. (*See Yarmouth.*)
- Northenden** (Cheshire).—G.N.B. Mersey. (*See Runcorn.*)
- North Tawton** (Devon).—L. & S.W.R. Taw. (*c.s.*) (*See Barnstaple.*)
- North Walsham** (Norfolk).—G.E.R. Ant, 1 m. E. Gunton beck, 4 m. W. *Lakes*: Perch pond, Mill pond, Heath Plantation (2 m. S.). Antinham ponds (Lord Suffield), 2 m. N.W. (*See Yarmouth.*)
- Northwich** (Cheshire).—L. & N.W.R. Weaver. Dane. Norcot brook. Budworth brook. Wincham brook. Birch brook, 4 m. N. Waterless brook, 5 m. N.E. *Lakes*: Pickmere, mere, 2 m. N.E. Budworth mere, 2 m. N. Cogshall lake, 3 m. N.W. Arley Hall, 5 m. N.E. For information apply to Mr. G. Scales, Wincham, Northwich. (*See Frodsham.*)
- North Wootton** (Norfolk).—(*See Castle Rising.*)
- Norton** (Cheshire).—L. & N.W.R.; G.W.R. Kekwick brook. (*See Runcorn.*)
- Norton** (Salop).—G.W.R. Tern; few trout, pike, roach, dace. (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s. Severn.*)
- Norton** (Yorks).—G.N.B.; L. & Y.R. Went. Lake Drain, 2 m. N. (*See Goole.*)
- Norton Bridge** (Stafford).—L. & N.W.R. Meese. (*c.s. Trent.*) Sow, 2 m. W. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Norton Fitzwarren** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Norton brook and Tone; trout. (*See Bridgwater.*) (*c.s. Avon.*)
- Norwich** (Norfolk).—G.E.R. Yare; pike, perch, roach, bream, tench, carp; free. (*c.s. N. and S.*) Tasse; same fish. Wensum; same fish. (*c.s. N. and S.*) All lakes and ponds hold the same fish; leave from the owners. *Hotels*: Royal, Maid's Head, and Bell. *Fishing stations within two hours of the city*: Whittingham, Brundall, Buckenham, Cantley, Beedham, Haddiscoe, St. Olave's, Somerleyton, Mutford, Harleston, Homersfield, Bungay, Galdesdon, Beccles, Dias, Eye, Salhouse, Wroxham, North Walsham, Coltishall, Buxton, Aylsham, Acle. (*See Yarmouth.*) *Tackleist*, A. J. Rudd, 54, London-street.
- Norwood** (Surrey).—L.B. & S.C.R. The South Norwood Park Lake; jack, carp, perch, roach. Subscription 31s. 6d. per annum; d.t., 2s. 6d.; limited to 50 members.
- Nostell** (Yorks).—G.N.B. *Lakes*: Nostell Priory lakes, 1 m. N. Cold Hindley reservoir, 2 m. S.W. (*See Goole.*)
- Nottingham**.—M.R.; G.N.B. Trent; salmon, perch, roach, pike, chub, barbel; free on left bank from Trent Bridge up to Beeston, preserved on the right bank, s. t. 10s. (*c.s.*) Leam. Fairham brook, 3 m. S.W. Tottle brook, 4 m. W. Thurbeck, 4 m. S.E. *Lakes*: Bulborough Cut, 4 m. N.W. (*See Gainsborough.*) *Fishing stations within two hours*: Ambergate, Aslacton, Attenborough, Barrow, Barnston, Bashford, Beaston, Belper, Bleasby, Borrowash, Bottesford, Breadsall, Bulwell, Burton, Burton Joyce, Carlton, Castle Donnington, Chellaston, Codnor Park, Colwick, Cotham, Daybrook, Derby, Draycott, Duffield, East Norton, Eastwood, Eggington, Farnsfield, Flakerton, Grantham, Harby, Harringworth, Hathern, Hykeham, Huckall, Ilkston, Kegworth, Kimberley, Kirklington, Leicester; Limby, Lincoln, Long Eaton, Loughborough, Lowdham, Mansfield, Manton, Market Harborough, Melton Mowbray, Newark, Newthorpe, Pinxton, Pye Bridge, Radcliff, Rolleston, Sandiacre, Sawley, Saxby, Sileby, Southwell, Spondon, Stanton, Sutton, Syston, Trent, Weston, Wissendine. *Tackleist*, S. Dale, 7, St. John-street.
- Nuneaton** (Warwick).—L. & N.W.R.; M.R. Anker (*c.s. Trent.*) Griff Brook. *Lakes*: Sedeswood pool, 3 m. S.W. Arbury Park ponds, 4 m. S.W. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Nunnington** (York).—N.E.R. Bye; trout, grayling; preserved. Riccal, 1 m. N.; trout, grayling. (*See Wressle.*)
- Nun Monkton** (York), n.s. Maiston, 3 m.—(*See York.*)
- Oakham** (Butland).—M.R.; G.N.B. Gwash, 3 m. S. Chater, 4 m. S. *Lakes*: Burley Park, 1 m. E. Exton Park, 8 m. N.E. *Fishing within two hours*: Manton, Harringworth, Geddington, Kettering, Wissendine, Saxby, Melton Mowbray, Upper Broughton, Plumtree, Edwalton, Nottingham. (*See Spalding.*) *Tackleist*, J. E. Whitehouse, gun and cartridge works.
- Oakhampton** (Devon).—L. & S.W.R. On Taw; trout. East and West Okement; trout. (*c.s. Taw.*) Marshford brook, 3 m. (*See Bideford and Barnstaple.*) *Hotel*: White Hart, where tickets can be had.
- Oakamore** (Stafford).—L. & N.W.R.; G.N.B. Churnet; trout, grayling, coarse fish; fishing spoil by Leek drainage. (*c.s. Trent.*) (*See Gainsborough.*)

- Oakley** (Beds).—M.R. Ouse; coarse fish, except barbel; preserved hence to Passenham Bridge by the Duke of Bedford; good jacking. (*c.s. N. and S.*) (*See King's Lynn.*)
- Oaks** (Lancs).—L. & Y.R. Tange. Bradshaw brook. (*See Runcorn.*)
- Oakworth** (York).—M.R. Worth. Oxenhope beck. *Lakes*: Keighley Moor pond, 4 m. N.W. (*See Rauscliffe.*)
- Ockle Street** (Gloucester).—L. & S.W.R. Denn brook, which rises 1 m. E. from Longhope station, and 4 m. down is joined on right bank by a brook 3 m. long. Denn runs to Severn (2 m.).
- Offord** (Hants).—G.N.R. Ouse; coarse fish, except barbel; 1 m. from here is a famous breaching station, called Barnes's Hole. (*See King's Lynn.*)
- Oldbury** (Worcester).—L. & N.W.R.; G.W.R. Tame. (*c.s. Trent.*) *Lakes*: Oldbury pond. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Old North Road Station** (Cambs).—L. & N.W.R. *Lakes*: Wimpole Park lakes; Lord Hardwick; good fishing, strictly preserved. (*See King's Lynn.*)
- Ollerton** (Notts).—N.S. Tuxford, 6 m. Maun. Rainworth brook. Meden, 3 m. N.W. *Lakes*: Rufford dam, 1 m. S. Thoresby Park, 3 m. N.W. (*See Althorpe.*)
- Olney** (Bucks).—M.R. Ouse; coarse fish, except barbel; private. (*c.s. N. and S.*) (*See King's Lynn.*)
- Onibury** (Salop).—L. & N.W.R. Onny; trout, grayling; preserved above. Teme (3 m. S.); trout, grayling, chub, dace. Corve (3 m. E.). *Lakes*: Decey pool (2 m. S.) (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s. Severn.*)
- Orford** (Suffolk).—N.S. Snape, 6 m. Ore or Alde. Alde rises 5 m. above Rendham, 2 m. W. from Saxmundham, and 5 m. down is joined on right bank by Ore. Ore rises in a large pond by Framlingham, runs 4 m. to Parham, Marlesford 3 m., and Alde 3 m. Alde runs 2 m. to Snape. Here Saxmundham brook, which rises 3 m. above Saxmundham, runs thence 5 m. to Snape and Alde, joins on left bank. Alde runs 8 m. to Aldborough, and Orford 5 m. (*c.s. S. and E.*)
- Ormsby** (Norfolk).—G.E.R. *Lakes*: Ormsby (c.s.), Rollesby, and Filby Broad; leave required. (*See Yarmouth.*) *Inn*: Sportsman's Arms, Rollesby Bridge, where fishing can be had.
- Ormskirk** (Lancs).—L. & Y.R.; Eller brook, 2 m. E. (*See Hesketh Bank.*)
- Orpington** (Kent).—S.E.R. On Cray. (*See Dartford.*) *Hotel*: Maxwell Arms.
- Oswestry** (Salop).—G.W.R. Cynllaith. Morda (1 m. S.). Tanat (6 m. S.W., at Llan-y-bloedwell). Vyrnwy (8 m. S., at Llanymynech); good trouting, fish averaging 4 lb. *Hotel*: Lake Vyrnwy. *Lakes*: Aston lake (3 m. S.E.). Rhyddwyn (5 m. W.). Halston Hall (5 m. N.E.). (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s. Severn.*)
- Oxford** (Kent).—S.E.R. Darenth; trout. (*See Dartford.*)
- Otley** (York).—M.R.; N.E.R. Wharfe; trout, grayling, chub, barbel; preserved by a club of limited members for 5 m.; entrance, 3s.; s.t. 3s. 3 m. between Otley and Pool are kept for members; sec., Mr. Pratt, Otley. Season, April 1 to Jan. 31. (*c.s. York.*) (*See Pool.*) Hollin beck, polluted. Mire beck, 2 m. S.W. Washburn, 3 m. N.; trout; preserved. (*See York.*)
- Otterington** (York).—N.E.R. Wiske. (*c.s. York.*) Cod beck, 2 m. E. Broad beck, 2 m. E. Sorrow beck, 4 m. E. (*See York.*)
- Ottery Road** (Devon).—L. & S.W.R. Otter and Tallwater brook. (*See Ottery St. Mary.*) (*c.s.*)
- Ottery St. Mary** (Devon).—L. & S.W.R. Otter and Tallwater brook; trout, salmon. Otter rises at Otterford on the S. slopes of the Black Down Hills (n.s. Taunton, 8 m.); 2½ m. down a stream joins on left bank, working a mill 1 m. up. Otter runs to Uppottery 3 m., and 4½ m. on is joined on right bank by Pennythorn Brook, 4 m. long. Otter runs in 2 m. to Honiton (S.W.R.). Here Blacombe Brook, 3 m. long, joins on left bank. 1 m. down, a Wiscombe brook joins on right bank, 4 m. long and working a mill. 2½ m. down Otter is **Ottery Road Station** (S.W.R.), 1 m. off the river on right bank, and 3 m. down is **Ottery St. Mary**. Here Tallwater Brook joins on right bank. Tallwater rises at Broadhembury (n.s. Ottery Road, 4 m.), runs in ½ m. to that station, working three mills, and Ottery, 3 m. Otter runs in 2½ m. to Tipton (the water above here is private; from hence down to Clamour-bridge it is preserved by Hon. Mark Rolle. A single ticket for visitors can be had at the Imperial Hotel, Exmouth, and Rolle Hotel, Budleigh Salterton, Newton Pophoole 2 m., Otterton 3 m. 1 m. down a small stream joins on right bank, working a mill above Budleigh 1 m. up. The tide flows in this junction, to which fishing is free. (*See c.s.*)
- Oughtibridge** (Yorks).—G.C.B. Don. (*c.s. Yorkshire.*) Tinker brook, 1 m. N.W. Rowel, 3 m. S. Uphill brook, 3 m. S.W. Storr brook 3 m. S. *Lakes*: Reservoir, 5 m. W. Ogden reservoir, 4 m. W. (*See Goole.*)
- Oulton Broad** (Norfolk).—G.E.R. (*See Mutford Bridge.*)
- Oundle** (Northton).—L. & N.W.R. Nen; pike, perch, bream, chub, tench, &c. *Lakes*: Biggin, 1 m. W. Southwick lake, 3 m. N.W. *Inn*: Talbot. (*See Wisbech.*)
- Over Darwen** (Lancs).—L. & Y.R. Darwen. (*See Preston.*)
- Over Seal** (Leicester).—L. & N.W.R. Seal brook. *Lakes*: Ashby Wolds reservoir, 1 m. N. Barrat pool, 1 m. S. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Overton** (Hants).—L. & S.W.R. On Test; trout and grayling; the fishing belongs to Capt. Brydges. (*See Southampton.*) Good accommodation.
- Overton** (Northton).—L. & N.W.R.; G.N.R. Nen; pike, perch, bream, chub, &c.; preserved by Lord Huntley. (*See Wisbech.*)
- Oxenhope** (York).—M.R. Oxenhope beck. (*See Rauscliffe.*)
- Oxford**.—G.W.R.; L. & N.W.R.; M.R. Thames, Cherwell, and Isis. (*See London, M.T.*)

- Hotels:** Clarendon, Wheatsheaf, Roebuck, and Anchor. **Fishermen:** J. Bosson, P. and A. Beasley, D. Talboys. **Tackleist,** J. Innes, 42, Queen-street.
- Padiham** (York.), n.s. **Buraley**, 4 m.—West Calder; polluted. Lodge river. Shaw brook, 1 m. S. (*See Preston*.)
- Padstow** (Cornwall), n.s. **Wades Bridge**, 8 m.—Petherick Water; trout. This stream rises 3 m. N. of **St. Columb** (G.W.R.) and is 7 m. long. (*s.s. Camel*.) In summer there are bass, also pollack by the rocky cliffs and round the shore of Stepper Point, round the Gull, Newland, and Penlike Point.
- Paignton** (Devon).—G.W.R. Pollack at back of pier, mackerel, bass, &c.; sand eel seines kept.
- Pampisford** (Cambs).—G.E.R. Bourn; coarse fish, few trout. (*See King's Lynn*.)
- Pandy** (Monmouth).—G.W.R. **Hotel:** Pandy Inn. Monnow; trout, grayling; private from its sources to Cloddock. From Cloddock for about 6 m. preserved by the Pandy Fishing Club; hon. sec., L. F. Attwood, Esq., Pandy, near Abergavenny. Honddon; trout; preserved from its source by the various landowners to about $\frac{1}{2}$ m. from its junction with the Monnow, whence it is preserved by the Pandy Fishing Club. (*s.s. Wye*.) Full brook, 2 m. Olchon brook, 4 m. Escley, 5 m.
- Pangbourne** (Berks).—G.W.R. (*See London, M.T.*) Thames and Pang. Few trout, perch, pike, &c. **Inns:** George, Elephant and Castle, and Swan. **Fishermen:** G. Ashley, jun., W. Davidson. Over the weir at Whitechurch is the Bridge House, very comfortable. The fishing in the weir is rented by Mr. Hull, of the George; at 21s. The Pang is full of trout, especially near Tidmarsh, but is private, and belongs to R. Hopkins, Esq.
- Pannal** (York).—N.E.R. Crimble. Nor beak. (*See York*.)
- Panteg** (Monmouth).—G.W.R. (*See Newport*.) Liwyd. (*s.s. Usk*.)
- Par** (Cornwall).—G.W.R. Bream rises 2 m. S.W. of Victoria station, close by the line, runs 3 m., and is joined on right bank by Rosemellon brook, 2 m. long. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down Bream, a stream joins on right bank, which drains a pond 1 m. up. 2 m. down Bream Treverbyn Water, 4 m. long, joins on right bank. Bream runs 1 m. to **Bridges**, where Luxullan Brook, 4 m. long, joins on left bank. Bream runs 3 m. to **St. Blaisey**, **Par**, 1 m., and the sea 2 m. (*s.s. Fowey*.) Sand-eels at Par sands, mackerel from the b-y, pollack by Gribben Head and near the harbour, large pollack, conger, &c., in the offing.
- Parbold** (Lancs).—L. & Y.R. Douglas. (*s.s. Ribbles*.) Tawd, 2 m. W. (*See Hesketh Bank*.)
- Parham** (Suffolk).—G.E.R. Ore. (*See Orford*.)
- Park** (Essex).—G.E.R. (*See Stratford*.) On Lea; dace, roach, chub, perch, barbel, bream, jack, carp; Mr. Ford preserves; tickets 21s., with trolling, 10s. 6d. without, and 1s. a day without trolling. The next preserve above is Jackson's, to which the **Angel-road Station** (G.E.R.) is the nearest.
- Parkbridge** (Lancs).—G.C.B.; L. & N.W.R. Medlock. **Lakes:** Knoll Hill lake, 2 m. S.E. (*See Runcorn*.)
- Park Gate** (Yorks).—G.C.B.; M.R. Don. Dalton brook. Morley brook. **Lakes:** Morley ponds, 2 m. N.W. (*See Goole*.)
- Park Street** (Herts).—G.N.R. Colne. (*See London, M.T.*)
- Parsley Hay** (Derby).—(*See Hartington*.)
- Partington** (Cheshire).—C. Lines R. Mersey. Glaze brook, 2 m. W. (*See Runcorn*.)
- Partridge Green** (Sussex).—L.B. & S.C.B. (*See New Shoreham*.) On Adur; trout, &c.
- Pateley Bridge** (York).—N.E.R. Nidd; trout, grayling; preserved by a club. (*s.s. York*.) Greenbrow beck. Ashfordale beck, 1 m. N.W. Far beck, 3 m. S.E. Skell, 3 m. N.E.; trout. Laver, 6 m. N.; trout. **Lakes:** Eavestone Park, 5 m. N.E. **Hotel:** Crown. (*See Ramsgill, York*.)
- Patricroft** (Lancs).—L. & N.W.R. Irwell. Woraley brook, 1 m. W. (*See Runcorn*.)
- Patterdale** (Westland).—There is a capital hotel. Brothers Water can be fished from hence; it contains trout. Also Ullswater. Boats and men can be had. Angle Tarn is 3 m. off; fair trouting in a wind.
- Peak** (York).—N.E.R. Halworth beck; trout; free. Jagger How beck, 3 m. S.W.; trout; free. Bloody beck, 3 m. S.W.; trout; free. (*See Wharfedale*.)
- Peel Wyke**.—On Bassenthwaite; pike and large trout. Good inn on the lake.
- Pelsall** (Stafford).—L. & N.W.R. Ford brook. (*See Gainsborough*.)
- Pembridge** (Hereford).—G.W.R. Arrow; trout, grayling; preserved by landowners. (*s.s. Wye*.) Tinsley brook (3 m.); preserved by landowners. Tippets brook (3 m.). **Lakes** at Shobdon Park (3 m.). (*See Chepstow*.)
- Pengarn** (Monmouth).—L. & N.W.R.; B. & M.R. Bumney; trout, salmon; preserved. (*s.s. See Cardiff, Wales*.)
- Penistone** (Yorks).—G.C.B.; L. & Y.R. Don. (*s.s. Yorkshire*.) Scout dyke. Darton brook, 2 m. W. **Lakes:** Gamthwaite Mill pond, 2 m. N. (*See Goole*.)
- Penkridge** (Stafford).—L. & N.W.R. Penk. Whilton brook. Galey brook. Pillaton brook. Eaton Water, 5 m. W. **Lakes:** Pottal reservoir, 3 m. W. Manstay Wood ponds, 3 m. S.E. Bangley Mill pond, 2 m. W. Keeper's pools and Park pool, Teddesley Park, 2 m. N.E. (*See Gainsborough*.)
- Pennard** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Wootton Brook. (*See Highbridge*.)
- Penpergwm** (Monmouth).—G.W.R. Usk; salmon, trout; preserved by United Usk Fishery Association, trout d.t. 2s. 6d., from station master. Llanover brook, 2 m. Llan-gattock brook, 2 m. (*See Newport, Usk, Brecknock*.) (*s.s.*)
- Penrith** (Cumberland).—**Hotels:** The Crown (*see Adv.*) and the George. Trout, pike, chub, and

- perch fishing to be had in Lake Ullswater; and the rivers Eden, Eamont, and Lowther give salmon, trout, chub. Dacre Beck joins Eamont above Penrith, and contains a fair number of trout. The fishing in above streams preserved by landowners.
- Penryn** (Cornwall).—G.W.R. Penryn River. Penryn river is 6 m. long, and runs into the head of Falmouth Harbour. (*c.s. Fowey.*) (*See Mullion, Ruan Minor, Helston, Constantine.*)
- Pensford** (Somerset).—G.W.R. (*See Bristol.*) On Chew; perch, roach, trout; preserved by Mr. Popham, of Hound-street Park, who often gives leave. (*c.s. Avon.*) *Lakes*: Hound-street Park lake; preserved by Mr. Popham.
- Penshurst** (Kent).—S.E.R. (*See Rochester.*) On Eden.
- Penzance** (Cornwall).—G.W.R. 3 brooks join the sea here. Gulvall brook, which rises 1 m. above New Mill, and 2 m. down is joined by a brook 2 m. long. 1 m. down is the sea. Madron brook rises by Boskedrian, and passing Madron 1 m. from Penzance, is 4 m. long. Newlyn brook runs into Guavas Lake. Newlyn rises above Bosulow, and is 7 m. long. Good pollack fishing off the Scillies. Accommodation at St. Mary's. Good sea-fishing $\frac{1}{2}$ m. within the west headland of Mount's Bay, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. from shore. Dabs taken from boats at anchor in Guavas Lake. All the rocky grounds afford pollack, which can also be caught by pier angling. *Hotels*: Beachfield, Mounts Bay, Union, Queen.
- Peplow** (Salop).—G.W.R. Tern; a few trout, pike, roach, dace. Polford brook (3 m. S.W.), Alford brook (3 N.E.). Mees (4 m. S.); trout. (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s. Severn.*)
- Perran** (Cornwall).—G.W.R. Perran. Trewedfra water. Stithians water. Perran rises by St. Dye (N.A. Scourier Gate, G.W.R. 2 m.), runs 3 m., and is joined on right bank by Gwenna brook, 3 m. long. 2 m. down by Perran, Trewedfra water, 4 m. long, joins on right bank. 1 m. down Perran, Stithians water joins on right bank. Stithians rises in a pond by Caverlock, $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. W. of Stithians, and is 7 m. long. The tideway is now reached. (*c.s. Fowey.*)
- Perranzabuloe** (Cornwall), n.s. Truro, 7 m.—Towan. Towan rises by Chiverton, and 1 m. down waters a lake by Perranzabuloe. 3 m. down, Golla water, 3 m. long, joins on left bank. 1 m. down is the sea. (*c.s. Fowey.*)
- Perry Bar** (Stafford).—L. & N.W.R. Tame (*c.s. Trent.*) *Lakes*: Lodge pool, 3 m. N. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Pershore** (Worcester).—G.W.R. Avon; pike, perch, roach, dace, chub; free. Wyre (1 m. N.). Stourton brook (3 m. N.W.). Whitsun brook (5 m. N.). (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s. Severn.*)
- Peterborough** (Northton).—G.N.R.; G.E.R.; L. & N.W.R.; M.R. Nen; pike, perch, bream, chub, &c.; poor fishing near. Old river Nen. Muscal river or Cats Water. *Lakes*: Milton Park, 3 m. W.; strictly preserved. *Hotels*: Great Northern, Angel, Golden Lion, Grand. (*See Wisbeach.*)
- Petersfield** (Hants).—L. & S.W.R. Western Rother; trout, perch. (*See Fareham, Little Hampton.*)
- Petworth** (Sussex).—L.B. & S.C.R. (*See Little Hampton.*) Pike, perch, roach, carp, and tench in Chingford lake, Burton Park. Rother: pike, perch, roach, carp, trout; preserved. Leave may be obtained. Some of the smaller streams hold trout.
- Pevensay** (Sussex).—L.B. & S.C.R. On Pevensay river; roach, perch, &c. This stream rises in two or three large ponds at Penahurst, and then flows in 1 m. to Ashburton, where there are some large lakes. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down, a stream joins on right bank, $2\frac{1}{2}$ m. long, rising in Bucksteep Mill Pond. 1 m. down, at Boreham Bridge, a stream 5 m. long joins on the right bank. 6 m. down, Pevensay is reached. Here a stream joins on the right bank, which rises in five or six lakes in Herstmonceux Park, and flows in two streams, some 6 m. long each, to Pevensay.
- Pickering** (York).—N.E.R. Pickering beck; trout, grayling; private above, preserved below by a society; sec. J. S. Guffick, Croft House, Pickering. Costa beck, 1 m. W.; trout, grayling; preserved by the Costa Anglers' Club of 30; sec. E. Mitchell, Esq., Granville Lodge, Belmont-road, Scarborough; entrance 5l. 5s., s.t. 84s.; no Sunday fishing. 20 days' fishing in the trout season; no limit for grayling fishing after Oct. 1; fishing opens April 16. Thornton beck, 3 m. E. at Thornton Dale. *Lakes*: Kirkby Misperton Hall lake. *Hotels*: Black Swan, White Swan. (*See Wressell.*)
- Pickhill** (York).—N.E.R. Swale, 1 m. E. (*c.s. York.*) Wiske, 1 m. E.; grayling, trout, chub, pike; preserved. (*c.s. York.*) (*See York.*)
- Piddington** (Northton).—M.R. Wootton brook. (*See Wisbeach.*)
- Pierce Bridge** (York).—Tees; trout and salmon; the owner of Cliffe Hall preserves some 4 m. of the Tees. Clowbeck; Trout.
- Pillmore** (York).—N.E.R. Sun beck. Swale, 2 m. W. (*c.s. York.*) (*See York.*)
- Pilning** (Gloucester).—G.W.R. Pilning Brook. (*See New Passage.*)
- Pimbo Lane** (Lancs).—L. & Y.R. Tawd. (*See Heslath Bank.*)
- Pinner** (Middx.).—L. & N.W.R. Ruislip reservoir is $3\frac{1}{2}$ m. off (*see London, M.T.*) pike, perch, tench; preserved. *Inn*: Queen's Head.
- Pinchbeck** (Lincoln).—G.N.R.; G.E.R. Glen. Welland, 2 m. S.E. (*See Spalding.*)
- Pinxton** (Derby).—M.R. Erewash. *Lakes*: Brookshill Hall lakes, 3 m. N. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Plealey Road** (Salop).—There is some trouting 3 m. off. Leave may sometimes be obtained from the owner of Wrentnall House.
- Plowden** (Salop).—B.C.R. Onny; trout, chub; strictly preserved from Eaton above to Horderly below, by Plowden Fishing Club of 14, with 12 transferable day tickets; season from April 1 to Sept. 1; hon. sec., F. J. Ward, Esq., The Gardens, Sydbury North. (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s. Severn.*)

Flumley (Cheshire).—L. & N.W.R. Peover. Kincham brook, 1 m. N.W. Waterless brook, 1 m. N. *Lakes*: Nether Tabley, 1 m. N. Toft Hall, 3 m. E. (*See Frodsham*.)

Flumtree (Notts).—M.R. Thurbeck. *Lakes*: Roclveston Manor lake, 1 m. N. (*See Gainsborough*.)

Flumpton (Cumland).—On the Petteril; salmon and trout. (*See Eden*.)

Flymouth (Devon).—G.W.R. Plym, Tamar; trout, salmon. *Hotels*: Royal and Duke of Cornwall. Plym rises 8 m. N.E. of **Bickley** (G.W.R.) on Dartmoor, and 6 m. down, Meavy joins on left bank. Meavy rises 5 m. E. of **Horrabridge** (G.W.R.), runs 5 m. to Meavy, and Plym 3 m. Plym runs to **Bickley** 1 m., **Marsh Mills** (G.W.R. 3 m.), and 2 m. down is joined on left bank by Tory Brook, which rises 4 m. E. of **Bickley**, runs 6 m. to **Flympton** (G.W.R.), and Plym 1 m. This brook is poisoned with clay water. Plym runs to **Plymouth** in 2 m. Plym is all private. (*See Tamar*.) The Tavy and Plym Fishery Board grant tickets for Meavy and Cad.

TAMAR rises 4 m. N.E. of Kilkhampton, runs 4 m., when it forms the reservoir for the Bude Canal; good fishing. 2 m. below at Morton Mill, Stratton being 4 m. off on right bank. Foxwater brook, which runs 1 m. E. of Kilkhampton, and is 4 m. long, joins on right bank; 4 m. down Tamar a brook joins on left bank, 5 m. long, Holworthy lying 4 m. off on left bank. 8 m. down Tamar, Holworthy water (fishing free) joins on left bank. Holworthy rises 4 m. N. of Holworthy town. (*Hotel*: Stanhope), at which place Deer, 4 m. long, joins on left bank (trout; free). 6 m. down, Holworthy joins Tamar. 1 m. down Tamar, Claw river joins on left bank. Claw rises on Claw Moor, 4 m. S.E. of Holworthy, runs 4 m. to Clawton and Tamar, 3 m. Tamar runs 2 m. to Luffincot, 3 m. to Boyston, and 3 m. down is joined by Bear Water 6 m. long on right bank. 2 m. down Tamar at New Bridge (n.s. **Launceston**, 3 m.), Yeolm river joins on right bank. Yeolm rises by Otterham, and 2 m. down is joined by Cancer water, 2 m. long, on left bank. 4 m. down Yeolm, Warbstow being 2 m. off on right bank, Wilsey brook, 4 m. long, joins on right bank. 5 m. down Yeolm, near North Petherwin (n.s. **Launceston**, 5 m.) Cowdery water, 7 m. long, joins on left bank. 3 m. down Yeolm, Kingsford water, 5 m. long, joins on left bank. Yeolm runs to Yeolm Bridge, 2 m. (n.s. **Launceston**, 3 m.), where it runs for 2 m. through the park at Werrington House and waters the lake there, and 1 m. down joins Tamar. 1 m. down Tamar, Carey joins on left bank. Carey rises 6 m. S.E. of Holworthy on Hallwill Moor, runs 4 m. to Ashwater, and 2 m. down is joined on right bank by a stream 3 m. long. Carey runs 1 m. to Virginstow and Tamar 6 m. 1 m. down Tamar, Attery river joins on right bank. Attery rises by Tresmeer, runs 4 m. to Egloskerry, 5 m. to **Launceston**, and Tamar 2 m. Tamar runs 3 m., and is joined on left bank by Lyd river. Lyd rises 3 m. N.E. of **Lidford**, runs 5 m. to **Coryton**, where Lew water joins on right bank. Lew rises 2 m. N. of **Bridestow**, and runs from thence in 4 m. to Lew Mill, **Lidford** being 3 m. off, and 3 m. down joins Lyd. 2 m. down Lyd, Mary Stow brook joins on left bank. Mary Stow rises 2 m. S. of **Coryton**, and is 5 m. long. 3 m. down Lyd at **Lifton**, Thistle brook joins on right bank. Thistle rises 2 m. N. of **Bridestow**, runs to Stowford 7 m. (n.s. **Lifton**, 3 m.), 2 m. down, Bradwood water joins Thistle on right bank. Bradwood rises near Germansweek, runs 3 m. to Henwood Mill, where a short stream joins on right bank, runs to Bradwood Wiger 2 m. and Thistle 3 m. 1 m. down, Thistle joins Lyd, which runs in 2 m. to Tamar. 2 m. down Tamar, a small brook 2 m. long, which runs 2 m. S. of **Lifton**, joins on left bank. 2 m. down Tamar, Laudno water, which rises 2 m. S. of **Launceston**, and is 5 m. long, joins on right bank. 1 m. down Tamar, 6 m. from **Launceston**, Inny river joins on right bank. Inny rises by Davidstow, 4 m. N.E. from Camelford (*Hotel*: King's Arms. Fishing free.) Runs 4 m. to St. Clether, and 6 m. down at Two Bridges, 4 m. from **Launceston**, Penpont water, 7 m. long, joins on right bank. Inny runs 10 m. to Tamar. 4 m. down Tamar a brook 2 m. long joins on left bank, and 2 m. on another short stream working a mill joins on right bank. Tamar runs 5 m. to New Bridge, **Tavistock** being 3 m. off on left bank. Calstock 5 m. (*Hotel*: Ashburton). 1 m. down, Cleve water, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. To this point the tide flows. 7 m. down, Tavy joins Tamar. Tavy rises on Dartmoor, 3 m. E. of **Lidford**. 2 m. down, Battle water, 2 m. long, joins on right bank. Tavy runs 5 m. to **Mary Tavy**, and 2 m. down is joined by Burn brook, which rises 2 m. N.W. of **Mary Tavy**, runs by that station, and joins Tavy 2 m. down. Tavy runs to **Tavistock**, 2 m., and 2 m. down is joined on right bank by Lumbern brook, 5 m. long. 2 m. down Tavy, Wallcombe river joins on left bank. Wallcombe rises on Cocks Hill, 5 m. E. of **Mary Tavy**, runs 4 m. to Merriville Bridge, **Tavistock** being 4 m. off on right bank; runs 2 m. to Sampford Spiney, 4 m. to **Horrabridge**, and Tavy, 1 m. To 5 m. down Tavy the tide flows (n.s. **Bickley**, 4 m.), 3 m. down, Tavy joins Plymouth Sound (Tavy holds trout, sea trout, salmon, and is preserved by the Tavy and Plym Fishery Association, who issue tickets). The Tavy and Plym Association issue tickets for all their rivers; agent, Mr. Wm. Hearder. River Dart; trout d.t., 1s., or salmon and trout 2s.; a.t., 20s., including salmon licence, from Hearder and Son (*see Advertisement*). Sea fishing excellent—bass, pollack, mackerel, hake, conger. Bass fishing off Bame Head from the rocks with a rod, and plano-convex minnow, or spinning sand eel, equal to salmon fishing. Fish run from 2lb. to 20lb. in weight. In the Sound, whiffing for pollack or mackerel. Bottom fishing for chad, pouting, whiting, near the Cobler Buoy, Mallard, and inside the east and west ends of Breakwater. Large whiting, cod, conger, and hake in the offing near the Eddystone. Rod fishing for smelt, bass, mullet, and pollack, off the piers and rocks. For information as to tackle, boatmen, and baits, &c., apply to Messrs. Hearder and Son, 195, Union-street, Plymouth.

- Plympton** (Devon).—G.W.R. Tory brook; white with clay water now. (*See Plymouth.*) (*c.s. Tamer.*)
- Polesworth** (Warwick).—L. & N.W.R. Anker. (*c.s. Trent.*) (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Polperro** (Cornwall), n.s. **Looe**, 6 m.—On Polperro brook, 6 m. long. Good sea fishing for pollack, mackerel, whiting, conger, and bream; use pilchard bait.
- Polsham** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Godney brook. (*See Highbridge.*)
- Pontesbury** (Salop).—L. & N.W.R.; G.W.R. Rea (1 m. N.); trout, grayling. Habberley brook (1 m. E.). (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s. Severn.*)
- Pontnewydd** (Monmouth).—G.W.R. Llwyd. (*See Newport.*) (*c.s. Usk.*)
- Pontrhydyran** (Monmouth).—G.W.R. Llwyd. (*See Newport.*) (*c.s. Usk.*)
- Pontrilas** (Hereford).—G.W.R. Monnow; trout, grayling; preserved by tenant of Kentschurch to 3 m. below here, thence by private owners to within 1 m. of Monmouth. (*See Pandy.*) (*c.s. Wye.*) Dora. Worm brook. Dulas brook. Rowliston brook (1 m.). Garron (6 m.); trout. Black brook (6 m.); trout; preserved. **Lakes**: Black brook House (6 m.). (*See Chepstow.*)
- Pontypool** (Monmouth).—G.W.B.; L. & N.W.R. Llwyd; trout rod licences 1s., and w.t. 10s., and d.t. 2s. 6d., trout, from Mr. Fox, hairdresser. **Lakes**: Trosnant Reservoir (2 m.); trout. (*See Newport, Usk.*) (*c.s. Usk.*)
- Pool** (York).—N.E.R. Wharfe; trout, grayling, chub, barbel; preserved up to Otley by the Otley Angling Club (*see Otley*); the landlord of the White Hart issues d.t. for a length; Lord Harewood preserves for 8 m. below; leave may sometimes be had from his agent (*c.s. York.*) (*See York.*)
- Poole** (Dorset).—L. & S.W.R.; M.R. On Rockle. **Hotel**: London. Rockle rises in a mill pool above Morden Park 6 m. N. from **Wareham**, runs in 1 m. to the large lake in Morden Park, and runs into the Lytchett branch of Poole Harbour 6 m. down at Kirkley Point. On the opposite side of the harbour from the town debouches Corfe river; salmon (s.t. 11.), sea trout, trout. Corfe rises 1 m. W. of Corfe Castle (n.s. **Wareham**, 4 m.), and is here joined by Byle brook on right bank. Corfe runs into Poole Harbour 5 m. down. Fishing may sometimes be obtained by application to one or other of the landowners. Good sea fishing between Branksea Castle and mouth of the harbour; pollack, whiting, codling, and conger. Small yacht, tackle, &c., at the London Hotel. (*c.s. Frome.*)
- Pooley Bridge**.—Good trout fishing (free) in Ullswater and the rivers Eamont and Lowther. **Hotel**: Sun.
- Poppleton** (York).—N.E.R. Ouse; chub, roach, pike; free on left bank, preserved on right bank. (*c.s. York.*) (*See York.*)
- Porlock** (Somerset).—*Inn*: The Ship. 1 m. E. runs Aller; trout. Aller rises on the slopes of Lucott Hill, runs 3 m. to Lucott mill, and Porlock 5 m. 1 m. down, a stream joins on right bank, which rises by Luckham, runs to Holincote (Sir T. Ackland), 1 m., and Aller 2 m. This brook holds plenty of trout, leave from Sir T. Ackland's bailiff. Aller joins the sea 1 m. on. A small stream runs through Porlock, with a branch at West Porlock, which holds plenty of small trout. Some 3 m. across the hills runs Oare water, preserved by Mr. Snow, of Oare, who will give leave. (*See Linton.*) There is no sea-fishing here.
- Portishead** (Somerset).—G.W.B. Here the drainings of Clapton moor, 5 m. long, joins the sea.
- Porton** (Wilts.).—L. & S.W.R. Avon and Winterbourne; trout and coarse fish; preserved by landowners. (*See Christchurch.*) (*c.s.*)
- Portland** (Dorset).—G.W.R.; L. & S.W.R. (*See Weymouth.*)
- Portskewet** (Monmouth).—L. & S.W.R. Morenton brook (1 m. N.E.). Morenton rises above Morenton (n.s. **Chepstow**, 2 m.), and 3 m. down at St. Pierre the outflow from the lake in St. Pierre Park (pike, tench, perch, roach, dace; leave from Mr. Lewis, St. Pierre Park) joins on right bank. 1 m. down is the Severn estuary. 1 m. W. of **Portskewet** runs Neddin Brook. Neddin rises in Went Wood under the name of Cas Troggy Brook, runs 5 m. to Llanvair Disceod, Caerwent 2 m., **Portskewet** 4 m.
- Portsmouth** (Lancs.).—L. & Y.B. Calder. (*c.s. York.*) (*See Rawcliffe.*)
- Portsmouth Arms** (Devon).—L. & S.W.R. On Taw; salmon and trout; private. (*c.s.*) Yarncombe brook (14 m.). (*See Barnstaple.*)
- Potter Higham** (Norfolk).—G.E.R. Hundred stream or Thurn, 1 m. S.; good bank fishing. **Lakes**: Hickling, Chapman, and Whitesley Broad. (*See Yarmouth.*) *Inn*: Waterman's Arms; boats at Applegate's, by the bridge. (*c.s. N. and S.*)
- Powburn** (Northland).—(*See Wooler.*)
- Powerstock** (Dorset).—G.W.R. (*See Bridport.*) On Aaker; trout; good fishing, preserved by the farmers. *Inn*: Three Horseshoes.
- Poynton** (Cheshire).—L. & N.W.R. Poynton brook. **Lakes**: Poynton Park, 1 m. N. (*See Runcorn.*)
- Presc** (Salop).—L. & N.W.R. Sandford Hall lake (2 m. E.). (*See Gloucester.*)
- Prescot** (Lancs.).—L. & N.W.R. Dilton brook. Alt, 3 m. W. **Lakes**: Miszy dam. Knowsley Park lake, 2 m. N.W. (*See Runcorn, Alcar.*)
- Prestbury** (Cheshire).—L. & N.W.R. Bollin; trout, roach, dace, pike; private. Dean, 2 m. N.E. (*See Runcorn.*)
- Prestbury** (Worcester).—M.R. Swilgare. (*See Gloucester.*)
- Presthorpe** (Salop).—G.W.R. Hughly brook (1 m. N.W.). Corve (2½ m. S.); trout, grayling, &c. (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s. Severn.*)

Preston (Lancs.).—L. & N.W.R.; L. & Y.R.; W.L.R.; G.W.R.; J.S.R.; N.B.R.; O.E. Ribble. Ribble rises some 3 m. above **Ribbles Head** (preserved by the Manchester Anglers' Association), and is here joined by Gale Water, 3 m. long (preserved as Ribble). 3 m. below, Oam beck, 6 m. long (preserved as Ribble), joins Ribble on left bank. 1 m. down Ribble is a tarn immediately on left bank (trout; preserved as Ribble). Ribble runs to **Horton** 2 m. Here Horton brook, 3 m. long, joins on left bank. Ribble runs to **Helwith Bridge** 3 m. (here ends the M.A. water, private below), 2 m. below, at Great Stainforth, 3 m. above **Settle**, Ribble is joined on left bank by Cowside or Stainforth beck, 3 m. long. Ribble runs to **Settle** 3 m., **Giggleswick** 2 m., and 2 m. down is joined on right bank by **Bathmell beck**, 5 m. long. Ribble runs to **Long Preston** 1 m.; here Long Preston beck joins on left bank, and **Wigglesworth beck** on right bank. Long Preston beck, under the name of **Scaleber beck**, rises above **Scaleber Bridge** 2 m. E. of **Settle**, and joins Ribble 4 m. down. **Wigglesworth beck** is 4 m. long, and drains **Tapa tarn** by **Wigglesworth** 3 m. W. of **Long Preston**. Ribble runs to **Halton Bridge** 3 m., and here **Hellifield beck**, which rises above **Hellifield**, and is 4 m. long, joins on left bank. Ribble runs to **News-holme** 3 m., and **Gisburn** 2 m. Here **Stock beck**, which rises above **Barnoldswick**, and is 5 m. long, joins on left bank. 3 m. down Ribble, at **Bolton Park**, **Emington** being 3 m. off on left bank, **Tosside beck** joins on right bank. **Tosside** is 7 m. long, and 3 m. from its source is joined on right bank by **Bond beck**, 8 m. long. 1 m. down **Tosside**, **Forest beck**, 4 m. long, joins on left bank. 2 m. down **Tosside**, **Cuddy beck**, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. 1 m. below, close to the junction of **Tosside** with Ribble, **Fell brook**, 4 m. long, joins on right bank. Ribble runs 2 m., where **Swanside beck** joins on left bank. **Swanside beck** rises above **Emington**, and 2 m. below is joined on left bank by **Ings beck**, 4 m. long. 1 m. down is Ribble. (Here begins the water of the **Clitheroe Angling Association**.) 1 m. down Ribble, at **Grindleton Mill**, 1 m. N.W. of **Chatburn**, **Grindleton beck**, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. Ribble runs 1 m. to **West Bradford**, 2 m. N. from **Clitheroe**, and here **Bradford beck**, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. 1 m. below, **Waddington beck**, 3 m. long, joins Ribble on right bank. Ribble runs to **Bungerley Bridge** 1 m. (here ends the water of the C.A.A.), and **Clitheroe** 1 m. Here **Bashall brook**, which rises in **Bashall Moor pond** 5 m. N.W. from **Clitheroe**, and is 6 m. long, joins on right bank. Ribble runs 1 m., where **Clitheroe beck**, which rises above **Clitheroe**, and is 5 m. long, joins on left bank. (Here begins the water of the **Red Lion Inn**, **Clitheroe**, **Three Fishes Inn**, and **Aspinall's Arms**, **Mitton**.) Ribble runs 1 m. to **Mitton**. (Here ends the hotel waters.) **Hodder** here joins on right bank. **Hodder** rises on the slopes of **Lamb Fell**, and 4 m. down is joined on left bank by **Hasgill beck**, 4 m. long. 2 m. down, **Bridge House beck**, 5 m. long, joins on left bank. 3 m. down **Hodder**, **Barm Gill**, 3 m. long, joins on left bank. **Hodder** runs 1 m. to **Slaidburn**, n.s. **Chatburn**, 7 m. (private above); here **Dunsop river** joins on right bank. **Dunsop** rises on **Crossdale Fall**, and 5 m. down is joined on right bank by **Crossdale beck**, 4 m. long. Just below, **Eller beck** joins **Dunsop** on right bank. **Dunsop** joins **Hodder** 1 m. down. **Hodder** runs to **Newton** (n.s. **Clitheroe**, 8 m.) 2 m., and here **Easington brook**, 4 m. long, joins **Hodder** on left bank. **Hodder** runs 4 m., where **Whitendale river** joins on right bank. **Whitendale** rises on **Whitendale Fell**, and 4 m. down is joined on right bank by **Brennand river**, 4 m. long. **Whitendale** joins **Hodder** 3 m. below. 1 m. down **Hodder**, **Langden river**, 5 m. long, joins on right bank. **Hodder** runs 2 m. to **Whitewell**, n.s. **Clitheroe**, 7 m. 2 m. below, **Greystoneley beck**, 3 m. long, joins **Hodder** on right bank. 1 m. below, at **Doeford Bridge** (here begins the water of the **Red Lion Inn**, **Clitheroe**), **Loud river** joins on right bank. **Loud** rises 4 m. above **Derby Arms**, which is 2 m. N. of **Longridge**, and 3 m. below is joined on left bank by **Chipping beck**, 4 m. long. **Loud** runs 1 m., where **Lees beck**, 4 m. long, joins on left bank. **Loud** joins **Hodder** 1 m. below. **Hodder** runs 2 m., where **Mill beck**, 2 m. long, joins on left bank. **Hodder** joins Ribble 6 m. below (fished by ticket from hotels at **Clitheroe**). 1 m. down Ribble, **West Calder** (polluted) joins on left bank. **West Calder** rises on **Oliver Moor** by **Holme**, 4 m. S.E. of **Burnley**. One portion (East Calder) runs E., and joins **Aire**; the other portion (West Calder) runs W., and joins Ribble. 1 m. from its source a brook joins **West Calder** on left bank, draining a pond on **Castle Hill** 1 m. up. **Calder** runs to **Burnley** 2 m.; here **Don river** joins on right bank. **Don** rises 7 m. above **Burnley**, and 1 m. above that town is joined on left bank by **Swinden water**, 3 m. long, and **Bran river**, 4 m. long. **Laneshaw river** here joins **Calder** on right bank. **Laneshaw** rises 5 m. above **Colne**, and 2 m. from its source, at **Laneshaw Bridge**, is joined on left bank by **Wycoller water**, 3 m. long. 1 m. below, **Trawden brook**, 3 m. long, joins **Laneshaw** on left bank. **Laneshaw** runs to **Colne** 1 m., and 1 m. below is joined on the right bank by a brook 2 m. long, draining the three reservoirs by **Foulridge**. 1 m. down **Laneshaw**, **Catlow brook**, 4 m. long, joins on left bank. **Laneshaw** runs to **Burnley** in 5 m. **Calder** runs 2 m., where **Roughlee water**, which rises on **Pendle Hill**, runs 8 m. to **Lawerwood**, 2 m. W. of **Colne**, thence to **Calder** 6 m., joins on right bank. **Calder** runs to **Padiham** (n.s. **Burnley**), 4 m., and here **Lodge river** joins on left bank. **Lodge** rises 3 m. above **Rose Grove**, where **Tower brook**, 3 m. long, joins on left bank. 1 m. down **Lodge**, **Shaw brook**, 2 m. long, joins on left bank. **Lodge** runs to **Calder** in 1 m. **Calder** runs to **Altham** 3 m., and 1 m. down is joined on left bank by

- Hynilburn brook; this brook rises 2 m. above **Accrington**, and 2 m. down is joined on left bank by Church brook, 2 m. long. 2 m. below, the outflow (2 m. long) of **Rishton** reservoir by **Rishton** joins on left bank; hence to **Caldar** is 1 m. **Caldar** runs 1 m., where **Sabden** brook, 6 m. long, joins on right bank. **Caldar** runs to **Whalley** 3 m., and joins **Ribble** 2 m. below. 1 m. down, **Ribble** Park brook, which rises by **Wilpshire**, and is 6 m. long, joins on left bank. 1 m. down **Ribble**, **Dean** brook, which rises in a pond at **Moor Game Hall**, and is 3 m. long, joins on right bank. 1 m. above this junction a stream joins **Dean** on right bank, draining **Crowshaw** reservoir 2 m. up, 5 m. N.W. from **Whalley**. **Ribble** runs 1 m., where **Starting** brook, 2 m. long, joins on right bank. **Ribble** runs to **Ribchester** 2 m. Here **Boyce's** brook, 4 m. long, joins on right bank. Close above the junction, **Dutton** brook, 3 m. long, joins **Boyce** on left bank. **Ribble** runs 7 m. to **Fulwood**, 1 m. off on right bank; and here **Tun** brook, which rises above **Grimsargh**, and is 4 m. long, joins on right bank. 1 m. down **Ribble**, **Mellor** brook, 4 m. long, joins on left bank. **Ribble** runs to **Preston** 4 m. Here **Darwen** joins **Ribble** on left bank. **Darwen** rises above **Over Darwen**, runs 3 m. to **Lower Darwen**, **Mill Hill** 1 m. S. of **Blackburn**, 2 m., **Cherry Tree** 1 m., **Fenniscowles** 2 m. Here **Roddlesworth** joins on left bank. **Roddlesworth** rises in the **Rivington** reservoirs of the **Liverpool** Waterworks 2 m. E. of **Chorley**, runs 3 m. to **Brinscall**, and 1 m. down by **Withnell** waters another **Liverpool** reservoir. 3 m. down, **Roddlesworth** joins **Darwen**. **Darwen** runs, in 2 m., 1 m. E. of **Hoghton**, and 7 m. down runs 2 m. N.W. of **Hoghton**, joining **Ribble** 2 m. below at **Preston**.
- Princetown** (Devon).—G.W.R. E. Dart, 6 m. W. Dart, 1½ m. Tributaries—**Blacka** brook, ½ m.; **Cowalc**, 1 m.; **Cherry** brook, 3 m.; **Swincombe**, 3 m.; besides many smaller streams near. Upper parts of **Plym**, ½ m. **Waikham**, 2½ m.; preserved. Licences at the hotel; salmon s.t. 20s., w.t. 7s. 6d., d.t. 2s. 6d.; trout s.t. 10s., d.t. 1s., m.t. from May 1, 5s. Salmon licence covers trout fishing. Hotel: **Duchy** (see *Advt.*). (See *Dartmouth*.)
- Pulborough** (Sussex).—L.B. & S.C.R. **Arun** and **Western** Rother. Fishing free in Rother, from hence to **Midhurst**. Fishing good on **Arun**. Pike, bream, roach, perch, carp, salmon, trout, &c. Hotel: **Arun**. (See *Little Hampton*.)
- Purfleet** (Essex).—L.T. & S.R. On **Mardyke**. This stream rises by **East Horndon**, and in 4 m. is joined on the right bank by a stream which rises by **Little Warley**. From this junction to **Purfleet** is 8 m.
- Purton** (Wilts.).—G.W.R. On **Ray**. (See *London, U.T.*)
- Putney** (Surrey).—L. & S.W.R. **Thames**. (See *London, L.T.*)
- Puxton** (Somerset).—G.W.R. **Lakes**: **Puxton** pond; rudd, tench, carp; d.t. 1s., including boat, from **O'Handlen**, fish-tackleist, **Victoria-street**, **Bristol**.
- Pye Bridge** (Notts).—M.R. **Erewash**. (See *Gainsborough*.)
- Quay Haven**.—(See *Milford*.)
- Radcliffe** (Lancs.).—L. & N.W.R.; G.N.R.; M.R. **Irwell**. **Roch**. **Lakes**: **Reservoir**, 1½ m. N. (See *Runcorn*.)
- Radcliffe** (Notts).—G.N.R. **Trent**; pike, perch, roach, chub, salmon. (c.a.) **Thurbeck**. (See *Gainsborough*.)
- Radford** (Notts).—M.R. **Leen**. **Lakes**: **Billborough** cut, 2 m. W. (See *Gainsborough*.)
- Radlett** (Herts.).—M.R. **Coline**, chub, roach, pike, perch; preserved. (See *London, M.T.*)
- Radstock** (Somerset).—G.W.R.; S. & D.R. (See *Bristol*.)
- Raglan** (Monmouth).—C.M.; P.B. **Raglan** brook; trout rod licences 1s., from the post-office. (See *Newport*.)
- Rainford** (Lancs.).—L. & N.W.B. **Sankey** brook. (See *Runcorn*.)
- Rainham** (Essex).—G.E.R. On **Ingreburn** Brook. This stream rises 4 m. N.W. of **Brentwood**, and in 8 m. reaches **Upminster**. 3 m. on a stream joins, which runs through **Berwick Pond**. 1½ m. down, **Rainham** is reached. 1 m. on the brook joins **Thames**. There are fish throughout its course. 1½ m. from **Rainham** runs **Beam** brook. This stream rises 5 m. north of **Romford**, under the name of **Bourne** brook. 4 m. on is **Beam Bridge**, 1½ m. from **Rainham**, and 1 m. further the brook runs into **Dagenham Reach**; pike, perch, bream, roach; fishing here is very good; day tickets can be had. The outfall of the lake runs into **Thames Estuary**.
- Ramsbottom** (Lancs.).—M.R.; G.N.R. **Irwell**. (See *Runcorn*.)
- Ramsey** (Hunts).—G.N.R. **Old river** **Nen**; pike, perch, bream, &c. **Holme** brook. **Wiston** brook. Lake: **Ramsey mere**, 3 m. N.E. (See *Witcham*.)
- Ramsgate**.—Fair sea fishing for cod and whiting. There is fresh-water fishing at **Minster** in the **Stour**. (See *Margate and Sandwich*.) Good pier fishing. Hotel: **Royal**.
- Ramskill** (York), n.a. **Pateley Bridge**, 5 m.—Nidd; trout, grayling. (c.s. *York*.)
- Ramskill** Beck. **Lat Beck**. **How Stone Beck** 2 m. N.W.; trout; free. **Burn Gill Beck**, 2 m. S.E. Hotel: **Yorke Arms**. (See *York*.)
- Ramskill** (Notts).—G.N.R. **Oldcoates** dyke. **Idle**, 2 m. E. **Byton**, 3 m. W. **Lakes**: **Seriby Park**, 2 m. N.W. (See *Althorpe*.)
- Bath** (Leicester).—M.R. **Rothley** brook. **Lakes**: **The Pool**, **Grosby**, 2 m. N. (See *Gainsborough*.)
- Ravenglass** (Cumberland).—F.R. Hotel: **King's Arms**. On **Ert**, **Bleng**, **Esk**, and **Mite**; trout, salmon trout, salmon. Preserved by a conservancy. Ticket, 10s. a season for all. May and June are best for trout, salmon trout June, July, and August, and salmon September, October, and November. The **Irt** runs out of **Wastwater**, and is the best fishing stream. The best salmon casts are in the first ½ m. above **Munceaster Bridge**. Few salmon

or salmon trout run up Mite, but trouting is good. Small duns, browns, and red palmers are best. Good accommodation can be had at Sharp's Bowerhouse Inn, on Mite, which is also about $\frac{1}{2}$ m. from Irt and Esk. There is a station on the Ekdale Railway close to. The Woolpack Inn, Ekdale, contains quarters for two. This is close to Esk and near four or five tarna. King of Prussia, Ekdale, Smith's, Strands Inn, near the foot of Nether Westwater, are good; boats on the lake. Lutwidge Arms Hotel, Holmrook, is good, and close to Irt; also Fox and Hounds, Westdale Head, and 12 m. from Drigg Station. (c.s. Cumberland.)

Bawcliffe (York).—L. & Y.B. Aire rises in Malham tarn (preserved by W. Morrison, Esq.), 7 m. N.E. of **Settle**, or 8 m. N. of **Bellbusk**. 3 m. below Malham, Gardale beck (trout), 3 m. long, joins on left bank; a portion free. Aire runs to Airton $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. (here begins the water of the Yorkshire Anglers' Club). Aire runs 1 m. to Kirkby Malham (n.s. **Bellbusk**, 4 m.). Here Kirkby Mill beck, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. down Aire, a stream joins on left bank, draining Eshton tarn 1 m. up. Aire runs 1 m. to **Bellbusk**; here Otterburn beck joins on right bank. Otterburn rises on Otterburn Moor, 3 m. across the hills N.E. from **Long Preston**, 2 m. down, Ingle beck, 3 m. long, joins on left bank, hence to **Bellbusk**, is 3 m. Just below **Bellbusk**, the outflow of the lake at Conniston House, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. up, joins on right bank. Aire runs to **Gargrave**, 4 m. (Here begins the water of the Aire Fishing Club). 1 m. below, Eshton beck joins on left bank. Eshton rises on the slopes of Malham Moor, runs 10 m. to Eshton (n.s. **Gargrave**, 2 m.), where it is joined on the left bank by Mill beck, 4 m. long. Eshton runs to **Gargrave**, and Aire, 2 m. 2 m. down Aire, Elslack brook joins on the right bank. Elslack rises above **Barnoldswick Junction**, runs to **Harby**, 1 m. **Thornton**, 2 m. **Elslack**, 1 m. Aire, 3 m. Aire runs 1 m. to **Skipton**, 1 m. off on left bank; here Eller beck, 6 m. long, joins on the left bank. Aire runs 3 m. to **Cononley**, **Kildwick**, 2 m. Here Eastbourne brook joins on right bank. (Here ends the water of A.F.C.). Eastbourne rises in Cowloughton dam, 6 m. E. of **Colne**, or 7 m. S.W. of **Kildwick**, and is 6 m. long. (Here begins the water of the Stockbridge and Eastbourne Angling Club). Aire runs to **Steeeton**, 2 m.; here Siladen beck, 4 m. long, joins on left bank. Aire runs to **Keighley**, 1 m. off on right bank, 4 m. (Here ends the water of S. and E.A. Club). Here Worth river joins Aire on right bank, Worth rises 5 m. above **Oakworth Station**, and there Oxenhope beck, which rises above **Oxenhope**, and is 3 m. long, joins on right bank. Worth runs 2 m. to **Ingrow**, **Keighley**, 1 m. Here a beck, which rises in a pond on Keighley Moor, 5 m. up, joins on left bank. Worth runs to Aire, 1 m. (Here begins the water of the Bingley Angling Club). 2 m. down Aire, Moulton beck, 3 m. long, joins on left bank. Aire runs to **Bingley**, 1 m. (Here ends the water of B.F. Club). Here Harden beck joins on right bank. Harden rises above **Denholme**, just below which it joins the waters of a reservoir, runs 1 m. to **Oullingworth**, and joins Aire, 3 m. down at **Bingley**. (Here begins the water of the Saltaire Club). Aire runs 3 m. to **Shipley**, here Bradford beck joins on right bank. Bradford beck rises 1 m. N. of **Thornton**, and 2 m. down is joined on the right bank by Clayton beck. 1 m. below, a brook joins on left bank, draining a pond 1 m. up by **Denby**. 2 m. down is **Bradford** and **Shipley** and Aire 4 m. below. Aire runs 3 m. to **Baildon**. 1 m. below, Gill beck, which waters a pond 2 m. up, joins Aire on left bank. Aire runs to **Holt**, 1 m. 1 m. below, **Yeadon** beck, which rises in a pond in **Yeadon Moor**, 1 m. E. of **Guiseley**, and is 8 m. long, joins on left bank. Aire runs to **Calverley**, 4 m. **Hewley**, 2 m. Here Old Mill beck, 5 m. long, joins on left bank. Aire runs to **Leeds**, 4 m. Here Farnley beck joins on right bank; here Farnley rises 4 m. above **Bramley**, and runs to **Leeds**, 5 m. Addle beck here joins Aire on left bank. Addle beck rises in a pond at Bush's Farm, $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. S.W. of **Arthington**. Addle runs 1 m. to Black Hill dam, thence to Addle dam, passing the village of Addle immediately below, and joins Aire 6 m. down. Aire runs 2 m. to **Hunslet**, and 2 m. down, on left bank, is joined by Killing beck, which rises in the lake in Roundhay Park, 4 m. N.E. of **Leeds**, and is 5 m. long. Aire runs to **Woodlesford**, 4 m.; 1 m. below, **Bothwell** beck, 5 m. long, joins on right bank. 1 m. down Aire, by **Methley**, **Kollin** beck, 3 m. long, joins on left bank. Aire runs to **Castleford**, 2 m. Here Calder joins on right bank. Calder rises on **Oliver Moor**, 4 m. S.E. of **Burnley**, by **Molme**, runs thence 2 m. to **Portsmouth**. 2 m. down, a brook joins on left bank, 2 m. long, draining **Hedmires** dam, 3 m. W. of **Todmorden**. Calder runs 2 m. to **Todmorden**, 1 m. below, the outlet of some ponds, 1 m. up at **Lee**, joins on right bank. These ponds are 2 m. S.E. of **Todmorden**. Calder runs 2 m. to **Hastwood** and **Hebden**, 2 m. Here two streams join on left bank. The first up-stream, **Caldersclough**, rises in **Nodale** dam, 4 m. N.W. of **Hebden**. The other stream is the river **Hebden**. **Hebden** rises on **Widdop Moor**, 2 m. down it is joined on right bank by **Widdop water**, 3 m. long. 1 m. down **Hebden**, **Gorple water**, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. 1 m. down **Hebden**, **Wadsworth beck**, 3 m. long, joins on left bank. 2 m. down **Hebden**, **Horsebridge beck** 3 m. long, joins on left bank. **Hebden** runs to **Hebden** and **Calder**, 2 m. 3 m. down **Calder**, at **Luddenden Foot**, **Luddenden beck** joins on left bank. **Luddenden** rises in the two Cold Edge dams in **Saltonstall Moor**, 3 m. N. of **Luddenden**, and is 5 m. long. **Calder** runs 2 m. to **Sowerby Bridge**, and here **Ribourne** joins on right bank. **Ribourne** rises in two branches some 4 m. above **Rishworth**, runs 2 m. to **Ripponden** and joins **Calder** at **Sowerby Bridge**, 4 m. down. **Calder** runs to **Elland**, 3 m. **Halifax** being 2 m. off on left bank. Here **Dean**, which rises in a small reservoir, 3 m.

S. of **Rishworth**, runs 5 m. to **Stainland**, and **Elland**, 3 m., joins on right bank. **Caldar** runs 3 m. to **Brighouse** and **Cooper Bridge**, 3 m. Here Colne joins on right bank. Colne rises in Weesenden reservoir, 2 m. above **Marston**, and here a stream joins on left bank, draining the Marsh Hill reservoir, 2 m. up. Colne runs to **Slaithwaite**, 2 m., and here a stream joins on left bank, draining a pond on Slaithwaite Common 2 m. up. Colne runs to **Longwood**, 3 m., where the drainage of a pond and reservoir 1 m. up, joins on left bank. Colne runs to **Huddersfield**, 2 m., and here Holme joins on right bank. Holme rises in Bilbury reservoir, 3 m. above **Holmfurth**, and here a stream joins on right bank, draining Holmesley reservoir 2 m. up. Holme runs to **Honley**, 3 m. Here a stream joins on left bank, draining a reservoir, 1 m. E. of **Meltham**. Holme runs to **Huddersfield** and Colne, 3 m. Colne runs to **Deighton**, 3 m., and here Burton beck, which rises above **Kirkburton**, runs thence 3 m. to **Kirkheaton** and **Deighton**, 2 m., joins on right bank. Colne runs to **Cooper Bridge**, 2 m. **Caldar** runs to **Mirfield**, 3 m., **Dewsbury**, 3 m., **Korbury**, 5 m. 2 m. down, a stream joins on right bank, draining the large lake in Cheval Park, 2 m. up, and 2 m. S.W. of **Sandal**, or 4 m. S. of **Wakefield**. **Caldar** runs 1 m. to **Wakefield**, and, 1 m. below, is joined on right bank by **Walton** beck, which rises in the reservoir at Cold Hindley by **Eyhill**, runs to **Walton**, 2 m. where the outflow of **Walton** Park lake, 2 m. S.E. of **Sandal**, joins on right bank. **Walton** flows to **Sandal**, 2 m., and **Caldar** 1 m. **Caldar** runs to **Stanley**, 4 m., and the Aire at **Castleford**, 7 m. Aire runs to **Knottingley**, 6 m. **Temple Hurst**, 7 m. **Snaith**, 3 m. **Bawcliffe**, 4 m., and joins Ouse 3 m. below.

Bawtensall (Lanca.).—G.N.R.; L. & N.W.R. Irwell. Lamy Water. (See *Runcorn*.)

Beading (Berks.).—G.W.R.; L. & S.W.R.; S.E.R. *Hotels*: Great Western, Queen's, George, White Hart, and Ship. Thames and Kennet. (See *London, M.T.*) Good pike, chub, roach, and trout fishing. A society preserves the Thames from Goring Lock to Shiplake. *Fishermen*: H. Holdway, H. Knight, W. Clark, W. Moss, and J. Keel. *Tackleists*, J. Perry and Co., 6, Minster-parade.

Bearsby (Leicester).—M.R. Wreak; roach, bream, chub; preserved. (c.s. *Trant*.) Ox brook. Quenborough brook, 1 m. S.W. Ashby brook, 1 m. S. (See *Gainsborough*.)

Bedbridge (Hants.).—L. & S.W.R. On the Test; salmon and trout, pike, roach, dace, &c. The Test here falls into Southampton Water; strictly preserved by a society of limited numbers: s.t. 504; salmon fishing very good. (See *Southampton*.)

Bedbrook (Monmouth).—G.W.R. Wye; chub, dace, pike, perch, salmon. (c.s.) (See *Chepstow*.)

Beddish (Lanca.).—L. & N.W.R.; G.N.R.; M.R. Tame. (See *Runcorn*.)

Bedditch (Worcester).—M.R. Arrow; pike, perch, chub, roach, dace, bream, few trout; preserved above by Mr. J. Hemming, of Redditch. *Lakes*: Ipsley Lodge pond (1 m. S.E.) Hewell Grange lake (2½ m. N.W.) (See *Gloucester*.)

Bed Hill (Surrey).—L.B. & S.C.R. (See *London, L.T.*)

Bedmire (Lincoln).—G.N.R. Devon, 3 m. S.E. *Lakes*: Woolthorpe Lake, 3 m. S.E. Knipston reservoir, 4 m. S.E. (See *Gainsborough*.)

Bedmire (York).—N.E.R. Ure; trout, grayling; preserved below by Lord Bolton, who sometimes gives leave through his steward. Belden beck. Apedale beck. (See *York*.)

Bednall (Salop).—G.W.B. Perry (3 m. N.). *Lakes*: Shelyocke lake (3 m. S.E.) (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.)

Bedruth (Cornwall).—G.W.B. Tresillian. This brook rises 2 m. N. of the town, and is 4 m. long. (c.s. *Fowey*.)

Bedham (Norfolk).—G.E.R. Yare; bream (very good), roach, pike, perch. New Cat; same fish. Thet, 3 m. S.W. (See *Yarmouth*.) (c.s. *Norfolk*.)

Beepham (Norfolk).—G.E.R. Blackwater brook; trout. Wensum, 3 m. S. (See *Yarmouth*.)

Beeth (York), n.a. **Richmond**, 12 m.—Swale; trout, grayling. (c.s. *York*.) Ackle beck; trout; leave from tenants. Healaugh beck, 2 m. W.; trout. Marske beck; trout; preserved by Major Morley, G. Brown, Esq., and J. Hutton, Esq., 4 m. N.E. Throstle beck, 4 m. N.E. Straw beck, 5 m. N.W. Moorsdale beck, 5 m. N. Roe beck, 7 m. N.W. *See*: Buck. (See *York*.)

Bedford (Notts).—G.N.R. Idle. (c.s. *Trant*.) Poulter, 4 m. S. Meden, 4 m. S. Mann, 4 m. S. *Lakes*: Babworth Hall, 1 m. W. (See *Althorpe*.)

Bhywderin (Monmouth).—L. & N.W.R. Rumney (2 m.); salmon, trout; preserved. (c.s.) (See *Cardiff, Wales*.)

Bibble Head (York).—M.R. Bibble; trout; preserved by the Manchester Anglers' Association of 80 members, from the source, including all tributaries, to Helwith Bridge; entrance 21s., s.t. 42s.; season from March 6 to Sept. 30; no Sunday fishing; hon. sec. E. R. Austin, Esq., 286, Great Clowes-street, Higher Broughton, Manchester. Gale water; trout; preserved as Ribble. Cam beck, 2 m. S.E.; trout; preserved as Ribble. *Hotel*: Gearstone Inn. (See *Preston*.)

Ribchester (Lanca.), n.a. **Longridge**, 5 m.—Ribble. Boyce brook. Dutton brook. Marting brook, 2 m. N.E. Dean brook, 3 m. N.E. *Lakes*: Crowshaw reservoir, 4 m. N.E. Moor Game Hall pond, 5 m. N.E. The De Tabley Arms, Ribchester Bridge, is a good hotel, and gives leave to fish. Tickets are also granted to visitors at the Whitewell Hotel. (See *Preston*.)

Riccall (York).—G.N.R. ((See *Concord, York*.)

- Richmond** (Surrey).—L. & S.W.R. (*See London, L.T.*) *Hotels*: Star and Garter, Station, Talbot, and Greyhound. *Thames*. *Fishermen*: F. and C. Brown, G. and H. Howard, H. Mansell, Job Brain, H. Wheeler, J. Bushnall, and T. Young. From here to **Isleworth** (S.W.R.) is good fly fishing for dace. In Richmond Park the Penn ponds hold pike, perch, and carp. Leave from the deputy-ranger. The upper pond holds most pike. *Tackleists*, Gaynor and Son, 4, Bridge-street.
- Richmond** (York).—N.E.R. Swale; trout, grayling. Sand beck, 1 m. S. Aske beck, 1 m. N. Colburn beck, 2 m. S. Clopgate beck, 4 m. W. Smeltmill beck, 4 m. N. Marske beck, 5 m. W.; trout, preserved. Eller or Manick beck, 6 m. W.; few trout. *Lakes*: Aske Hall Park Lake. Calf Hole tarn, 4 m., S. (*See York.*) *Tackleist*, C. Spencer, Tinkie-street.
- Rickmansworth** (Herts).—Met. R.; L. & N.W.R. Colne; trout, chub, dace, roach, pike, perch, trout. The True Waltonians preserve 6 m., including the Harefield fishery. Mr. J. Hutchings, the landlord of the Railway Hotel at Rickmansworth, can obtain leave to fish a good stretch of water in the Colne, which has recently been restocked; good bottom fishing. Gade; trout. Chess; trout. (*See London, M.T.*) Ruislip reservoir is $3\frac{1}{2}$ m. off; pike, perch, tench. (*See Harrow.*)
- Riding Mill** (Northland).—N.E.R. On Tyne. At Minsteracres, 4 m. off, is some good fishing in two lakes. (*c.s.*)
- Rilington** (York).—N.E.R. Derwent, 1 m. W.; coarse fish. Seampston beck, 1 m. E. Kye, 2 m. W. Costa beck, 3 m. W. *Lakes*: Scampston Park lake, 1 m. N.E. Newton House lake, 2 m. S.E. (*c.s. York.*) (*See Wressl.*)
- Rimington** (York).—L. & Y.E. Swanside beck. Ings beck, 1 m. S. Ribble, 2 m. W.; trout, salmon. Tosside beck, 3 m. N.W. Fell beck, 3 m. N.W. Grindleton beck, 3 m. S.W. (*See Preston.*)
- Ringstead** (Northton).—L. & N.W.R. Nen; pike, perch, chub, bream, tench. (*See Wisbech.*)
- Ringwood** (Hants).—L. & S.W.R. (*See Christchurch.*) Avon; salmon, pike, roach, grayling, trout, perch, dace. For salmon, best time February 1 to May 15; no salmon ever caught after June. Grilse never run far up in this river. The spring fish, although few and easy, are very heavy fish, averaging 23lb. Flies only from Feb. 1 to May 1, except in Avon Castle Hotel water ($\frac{1}{2}$ m.), where bait can be used all the time; after that prawns or other bait. Flies: yellow and grey eagle, Popham, Jock Scott, rainbow; sizes: 70 for heavy water, & 0 to 40 for low water. By staying at Avon Castle Hotel, water divided by four rods, 7s. 6d. a day, both banks. Same water, only one bank, and rods unlimited, by staying at the White Hart. Coarse fishing in season very good; trout very few; but a few grayling and pike splendid—best time October to March. *Hotel*: White Hart, where tickets can be had, at 7s. 6d. a day, hotel visitors 5s. Crown Hotel has some private water, coarse fish only, d.t. 2s. 6d. (*c.s.*)
- Ripley** (Derby).—M.R. Amber, 3 m. N.W. *Lakes*: Lescoc dam, 2 m. S.E. Butterley reservoir, 2 m. N. Golden Valley reservoir, 3 m. N.E. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Ripley** (York).—M.B. Nidd; trout; preserved by the Knarborough Angling Club hence down to **Knarborough**. (*c.s. York.*) Thornton beck. Oak beck, 2 m. S.E. Saltergate beck, 2 m. S.E. *Lakes*: Ripley Park lake. (*See York.*)
- Ripon** (York).—N.E.R. Ure; trout, grayling, pike, perch, chub; preserved by Ripon Angling Club of 30, entrance 30s., s.t. 25s., w.t. 5s., d.t. 1s. 6d., for 2 m., at Station Hotel. (*c.s. York.*) Laver; preserved as Ure, for members only. Skell; preserved as Laver: hon. sec., A. Wood, Esq., Bellwood, Ripon. *Lakes*: Studley Park, 3 m. S.W.; private. Bhopmonkton pond, 3 m. S.; private. *Hotels*: Station, Unicorn, Crown. (*See York.*)
- Ripple** (Worcester).—M.R. Severn; salmon, pike, perch, chub, dace, roach. Ripple brook. Avon (2 m. E.); chub, dace, roach, pike, perch. (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s. Severn.*)
- Risca** (Monmouth).—G.W.R. Ebwy; trout, salmon; trout rod licences 1s., from the post-office. (*c.s. Usk.*) (*See Newport.*)
- Rishton** (Lancs).—L. & Y.E. Hynllburn brook, 2 m. E. *Lake*: Bishton reservoir. (*See Preston.*)
- Rishworth** (York).—L. & Y.E. Elbourne. *Lakes*: Reservoir, 2 m. S. (*See Rawcliffe.*)
- Roads** (Northton).—L. & N.W.R. Tove, 2 m. S. (*See King's Lynn.*)
- Roadwater** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Washford; trout. (*See Watchet.*)
- Robertbridge** (Sussex).—S.E.R. (*See Rye.*) On Rother. The river is preserved by the Rother Fishery Association; sec., G. J. Ballard, Esq., Mill-street, Benenden, Staplehurst. (*c.s.*) *Inn*: Old George.
- Reicester** (Stafford).—G.N.R.; L. & N.W.R.; M.R. Dove; trout, grayling above the town, grayling, chub, pike, barbel, few trout below; preserved above for 6 m. by the Dove Fishing Club; s.t., 8l.; hon. sec., A. F. Dawson, Esq., Barrow Hill, Uttoxeter. (*c.s. Trent.*) Churnet; trout, grayling, but fishing ruined by pollutions from Leek and Oakmoor. (*c.s. Trent.*) (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Rechdale** (Lancs).—L. & N.W.R.; M.R.; G.N.R. Boch. Dodd. Beal, 1 m. N.E. Saddon brook, 1 m. S. Naden Water, 3 m. N.W. *Lakes*: Bolderstone pond, 1 m. S. Hollingworth reservoir, 3 m. N.E. (*See Runcorn.*)
- Rechester** (Kent).—L.C. & D.R. On Medway. The river rises 2 m. west of **Hart Grinstead**, and flows in 12 m. to **Hartfield**, and then to **Withyham** 1 m. below which a stream joins on the right bank which rises at **Tonbridge Wells** and in 4 m. passes **Groombridge**, and joins Medway $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. below. 2 m. below this junction

- Medway is fed by a stream 6 m. long on the left bank; from hence to the junction of Eden with Medway at **Penshurst** is 4 m. The Medway is preserved from Penshurst Park to **Tonbridge** by Tonbridge Angling Society. A small charge is made for fishing. Good pike, bream, and chub. Accommodation at the Goat's Head, Leigh. Eden rises near Limpsfield, Surrey, and, after passing Oxted and Crowhurst, in 10 m. is joined by a branch which rises 3 m. south of Lingfield (Surrey), and has a length of 7 m. From this junction to **Edenbridge** is 2 m. From Edenbridge to **Chiddingstone** is 8 m., thence to Medway is 4 m. The Medway runs now to **Tonbridge** in 2 m. 6 m. below, a brook joins on the left bank, having a course of 9 m., passing Hadlow in its way; and 3 m. below this again, at **Yalding**, Teise and Beult join Medway. Teise rises near **Tonbridge Wells**, and is 26 m. long, passing Lamberhurst, Goudhurst, and Horsemonden. Beult rises 7 m. east of **Headcorn**, thence runs to **Staplehurst** 3 m., and **Yalding** 10 m. Medway next flows to **Watlington** 3 m., **East Farleigh** 5 m., **Maidstone** 3 m., **Aylesford** 4 m., **Snodland** 4 m., and **Rocheater** 8 m., passing Lower Halling and Cuxton. *Hotels*: King's Head, Royal Victoria.
- Rockingham** (Northton).—L. & N.W.R.; G.N.R. Welland. Eye brook. (*See Spalding*.)
- Rode** (Cheshire).—L. & N.W.R. Cow brook Dane, 1 m. S. *Lakes*: Rode reservoir. Great Oak reservoir, 2 m. N. (*See Frodsham*.)
- Rogate** (Sussex).—L. & S.W.R. Western Rother. (*See Little Hampton*.)
- Romford** (Essex).—G.E.R. (*See Rainham*.)
- Romsey** (Hants).—L. & S.W.R. On the Test; grayling and trout fishing good; salmon fishing good below the town, almost all preserved. Hon. Ralph Dutton, Hon. Evelyn Ashley, Mrs. Vaudrey, and Col. H. C. Bruce own the principal parts of the water. Fishing rights also let to a syndicate of hotel proprietors; for information apply to Robt. Lillington, Red Lion Hotel. Another good hotel is the White Horse. (*See Stockbridge, Southampton*.)
- Rose Grove** (York).—L. & Y.E. Lodge. Tower brook. (*See Preston*.)
- Ross** (Hereford).—G.W.B. Wye; pike, perch, salmon, chub, dace, trout; fishing free but poor. (c.s.) Luke brook (4 m.). Lammerch. brook (5 m.). *Lake*: Trewarthen pool (8 m.). (*See Chepstow*.) *Hotel*: Royal.
- Rossington** (York).—G.N.R. Torne. St. Catharine's Well stream. (*See Althorpe*.)
- Rothebury** (Northland).—Near Coquet; trout. Accommodation can be had here. Fishing very good; free for 2 m. (*See Warkworth*.) (c.s.) *Tackle*, J. Soulsby.
- Rotherham** (Yorks).—M.R.; G.C.B. Don. (c.s. *Yorkshire*.) Rother (*see Goole*). Oldcoates brook, 8 m. E. at Maltby. (*See Runcorn*.)
- Rouffant** (Sussex).—L. & S.W.R. (*See London, L.T.*)
- Rowley** (Derby).—M.B. Derwent; trout, grayling; preserved from Cawder Bridge up to above **Rowley** by the Duke of Devonshire (*see Baslow*), and below by the Darley Dale Club; d.t. 2s. (*see Baslow, Matlock*). Wye; trout, grayling. (*See Bakewell*.) (*See Gainsborough*.) (c.s. *Trent*.) Hipper, 3 m. N.E. *Lakes*: Swiss Cottage ponds, 3 m. N.E. (*See Goole*.) *Hotel*: Peacock, very comfortable, where fishing can be had.
- Royston** (Essex).—G.E.R. *Inns*: New Inn and Temple. (*See Stratford; Rye House*.) On Stort; pike, roach, &c.; preserved from hence to Hunsdon Mill, below that by the Rye House. (*See Rye House*.)
- Royston** (Lancs).—L. & Y.E. Irk. (*See Runcorn*.)
- Ruan Minor** (Cornwall).—(n.s. **Penryn**, 22 m.) Caerleon water joins the sea 1 m. N. Caerleon rises in Croft Pascoe Pool on Goonkilly Down, and 1 m. down is joined on right bank by a stream which drains Leech Pool 1 m. up. Caerleon runs 4 m. to the sea.
- Rudgwick** (Sussex).—L.B. & S.C.B. Arun. (*See Little Hampton*.)
- Rufford** (Lancs).—L. & Y.R. Douglas. (c.s. *Ribble*.) Eller brook. Yarrow, 3 m. N. (*See Heckath Bank*.)
- Rugby** (Warwick).—L. & N.W.R. Avon; chub, dace, roach, pike, perch. Swift. Rain's brook (3 m. S.). (*See Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.) *Hotel*: Royal George.
- Rugeley** (Stafford).—L. & N.W.R. Trent; roach, pike, chub, trout. (c.s.) Colton brook. Rising brook. Blythe, 3 m. N.E. (c.s. *Trent*.) *Lakes*: New Coppice pool, 2 m. S.W. Upper Middle, and Lower Sherbrook pools, $\frac{3}{4}$ m. W. (*See Gainsborough*.)
- Runcorn** (Cheshire).—L. & N.W.R. On Mersey. Mersey, under the name of Goyt, rises some 3 m. above Goyt Bridge, 4 m. N.W. from **Buxton**. Here Moorestone brook, 2 m. long, joins on right bank. Goyt runs 4 m. to **Wale Station**, where a brook joins on right bank, draining Tunstead reservoir 3 m. up, 2 m. N. from **Chapel-en-le-Frith**. There is here also a considerable reservoir on left bank. 1 m. down Goyt, Black brook joins on right bank, which rises by **Chapel-en-le-Frith**, runs 3 m. to **Bugworth**, and joins Goyt 1 m. down. Goyt runs 3 m. to **New Mills**. Here Sett brook joins on right bank. Sett rises some 3 m. above **Hayfield**, and 2 m. below is joined on right bank by Lady Gate brook, 3 m. long. Sett runs to **New Mills** and Goyt, 1 m. Goyt runs to **Strines Station** 2 m., **Marple** 3 m. 1 m. below, Etherow joins on right bank. Etherow rises in Woodhead reservoir, 2 m. long, at **Woodhead**. Half-way down the reservoir, Witherow brook, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. Etherow runs out of Woodhead reservoir into Torside reservoir immediately below. Half a mile down Torside reservoir, Great Crowdon brook joins on right bank. This brook is 4 m. long, and 1 m. up from its junction with the reservoir it is joined on left bank by Little Crowdon brook, 3 m. long. Torside reservoir is 2 m. long, and drains into another reservoir immediately below. This reservoir is 1 m. long. Etherow from this reservoir runs 2 m. to **Hadfield**. Here Hollingworth brook, 4 m. long, joins on right bank.

Hollingworth is joined, 1 m. up from its junction with Etherow, by Armfield brook, 3 m. long. 1 m. down Etherow, Shelf brook, which runs down from **Glossop**, 7 m. long, joins on left bank. Etherow runs to **Broadbottom** 2 m., and joins Mersey 5 m. down at **Marple**. Mersey runs to **Stockport**, 7 m. Here Tame joins on right bank. Tame rises 7 m. above **Saddleworth** Station, and is here joined on left bank by Diggle brook, 4 m. long. Tame runs 2 m. to **Greenfield**, where Greenfield brook, 4 m. long, joins on left bank. Chew brook, 3 m. long, joins Greenfield half-way up. Tame runs 3 m. to **Mossley**, where Car brook, 3 m. long, joins on left bank. 2 m. down Tame, Swinaeshaw brook, 3 m. long, joins on left bank. Tame runs to **Stalybridge** 1 m., **Ashton** 1 m. 2 m. down, a brook joins on right bank, draining the Gorton reservoir by **Fairfield**, 2 m. up. Tame runs to **Deriton** 1 m. Here a brook joins on right bank, draining Godley reservoir by **Newton**, 2 m. up. Tame runs to **Reddish** 5 m., and **Stockport** 2 m. Mersey runs to **Heaton Mersey** 2 m., **Didsbury** 1 m. Here Poynton brook joins on left bank. Poynton rises 4 or 5 m. above **Poynton**, and a mile below waters the lake in Poynton Park; thence to **Cheadle Hulme** is 4 m., **Cheadle** 2 m., and Mersey 1 m. Mersey runs 1 m. to **Northenden**, and **Stretford** 5 m., where Gore brook, 6 m. long, joins on right bank. Mersey runs to **Urmiston** 2 m., **Flixton** 3 m., **Irlam** 3 m. Here Irwell joins on right bank. Irwell rises some 3 m. above **Bacup**, runs to **Stuckstead** 2 m., **Waterfoot** 1 m., **Rawtenstall** 2 m., where Larny Water, 5 m. long, joins on right bank. Irwell runs to **Wood Bridge** 2 m., and 1 m. below is joined on right bank by Swinnel brook, which rises by **Baxenden**, runs to **Haslingden** 2 m., **Helm Shore** 2 m., and Irwell 1 m. Irwell runs to **Stubbings** 2 m. Here a stream joins on left bank, draining a pond by **Hare Hill** 3 m. up, and lying 3 m. S. from **Waterford**. Irwell runs to **Ramsbottom** 1 m., **Summerseat** 2 m., **Bury** 3 m. Here Tottington brook, which works some mills and is 4 m. long, joins on right bank, and just below, on the same side, run in the drainings of some 8 ponds by **Elton**. 1 m. down Irwell, on right bank, on the further side of the canal, is a large reservoir, and Irwell reaches **Radcliffe** 2 m. below. Here Roch joins on left bank. Roch rises 4 m. above **Walsden**, and just below is joined on right by the overflow of a large pond 1 m. up. 2 m. down Roch the outflow of a pond 1 m. up joins on left bank. 1 m. down Roch a stream joins on left bank, which rises in Gadden reservoir 1 m. E. from **Walsden**, runs in 1 m. to Upper White Holme reservoir, thence to Tunnel End reservoir immediately below. At the lower end of this latter lake the Lower White Holme reservoir joins on left bank. The outflow runs 1 m. to Blackstone reservoir, thence 1 m. to Spoddle Hill and another reservoir, and joins Roch just below. Roch runs to **Littleborough** 2 m., where a stream joins on left bank, draining Hollingworth reservoir 1 m. up. 2 m. down Roch, Beal joins on left bank. Beal rises 3 or 4 m. above **Millrood**, and joins Roch 3 m. below. Roch runs to **Rochdale** 1 m. Here Dodd joins on right bank. Dodd rises above **Shawforth**, runs 1 m. to **Facit**, **Whitworth** 1 m., **Shawclough** 2 m., **Rochdale** and Roch 2 m. Roch runs to **Castleton** 2 m., and here Saddon brook, which rises in a pond by Bolderstone, and is 3 m. long, joins on left bank. Marland mere is 1 m. W. from **Castleton**. Roch runs 3 m. to **Keywood**, 1 m. off on left bank, and here Naden Water, 5 m. long, and working some mills, joins on right bank. Roch runs 2 m. to Heap Bridge, 1 m. E. of **Bury**, and 1 m. below is joined on left bank by Black brook, 4 m. long. Roch joins Irwell 1 m. down at **Radcliffe**. Irwell runs 5 m. to **Farnworth**, and here Tange joins on right bank. Tange, under the name of Eagle, rises in Longworth reservoir, 6 m. N.W. of **Bolton-le-Moors**, and 5 m. down, at Walsley, is joined on right bank by the outflow of Springwater reservoir, 4 m. N.E. from **Bolton**. Below this point the river takes the name of Tange, and runs 2 m. to **Oaks Station**, and 1 m. down, at Sharples, is joined on right bank by Dean brook, which rises in two reservoirs on Rivington Moor, 4 m. N.W. of **Bolton**, and is 5 m. long, watering several mill pools in its course. Tange runs 2 m. to **Bolton**, where Croal river, which rises in the lake in Hulton Park, 1 m. N. from **Atherton**, runs to **Chequerbent** 1 m., **Lostock** 3 m., and Tange, 4 m., joins on right bank. 2 m. below **Bolton**, Bradshaw brook joins Tange on left bank. Bradshaw rises in the reservoir by **Entwistle**, runs to **Turton** 2 m., **Bromley Cross** 2 m., and joins Tange 5 m. down. Tange runs 1 m. to Irwell and **Farnworth**. Irwell runs to **Clifton** 4 m., and **Salford** and **Manchester** 6 m. Here Irk and Medlock join on left bank. Irk rises 3 or 4 m. above **Boytan**, runs 3 m. to **Middleton**, where a stream joins on right bank, draining some ponds by Three Pits Bridge, 2 m. up. 3 m. down Irk the drainage of the lake at Heaton, 1 m. up and 3 m. S.W. of **Middleton**, joins on right bank; thence to **Manchester** Irk runs 5 m. Medlock rises 6 m. above **Parkbridge**, and 2 m. below is joined on left bank by a brook 3 m. long, which drains a lake on Knoll Hill 1 m. S.W. from **Mossley**, or 2 m. S.E. of **Parkbridge**. Medlock runs to **Glatton Bridge** 2 m., and **Manchester** 2 m. Irwell runs to **Ecles** 4 m., and 3 m. down, **Patricroft** being 1 m. off on right bank, Worsley brook joins on right bank. Worsley rises in a pond by Black Leech, and 1 m. down is joined on left bank by the outflow of Linnyshaw dam a little way up. Worsley runs to **Worsley** 3 m., and Irwell 8 m. Irwell runs 1 m., where Longford brook, 7 m. long, and, running 1 m. N. of **Urmiston**, joins on left bank. Irwell joins Mersey 3 m. down at **Irlam**. Mersey runs 2 m. to **Parrington** on left bank, and 1 m. down, at Hollinfare, Glaze brook joins on right bank, and Wych brook on left bank. Glaze brook rises above **Leigh**, where it receives the drainage of the

lake at Atherton Hall, and is about 10 m. long. Wych brook rises in three branches above **Timperley**, and runs to Mersey 5 m. Mersey runs 1 m. to **Warburton**, and 1 m. below is joined on left bank by **Bollin**. **Bollin** rises above **Macclesfield**, runs to **Presbury** 3 m., **Wilmslow** 6 m. 1 m. down, **Dean** joins on right bank. **Dean** rises above **Bollington**, runs to **Adlington** 4 m. 1 m. below, a brook joins on right bank, draining the lake at **Stypherson Park**, 2 m. up, 1 m. N. of **Bollington**. **Dean** runs to **Handforth** 4 m., and 2 m. down joins **Bollin**. **Bollin** runs to **Ashley**, 1 m. off on left bank, 7 m. 2 m. below, **Birkin** joins on left bank. **Birkin** rises 1 m. N. of **Chelford**, runs 5 m. to **Knutsford**, 1 m. off on left bank; **Mobberley**, 1 m. off on left bank, 2 m.; **Ashley**, 1 m. off on right bank, 2 m. Here **Mobberley** brook, which rises above **Mobberley** and is 5 m. long, and **Ashley** brook, 5 m. long, joins on right bank; whilst the outflow, 2 m. long, of the lakes in **Tatton Park** by **Knutsford** joins on right bank. 1 m. down **Birkin**, a brook joins on right bank, which rises in **Mere Hall** lake, 3 m. N.W. from **Knutsford**, runs 7 m. to **Bosthern mere**, 2 m. W. of **Ashley**, and joins **Birkin** 1 m. down. **Birkin** runs to **Bollin** 1 m. 3 m. down **Bollin**. **Arden** brook, 4 m. long, joins on left bank. **Bollin** runs 1 m. to **Heatley**, and joins **Mersey** 2 m. down. 1 m. down, **Mersey** by **Lymm**, **Sow** brook, which waters the lake by **Lymm**, joins on left bank. **Mersey** runs to **Thelwall** 3 m., and **Warrington** 4 m. Here **Black** brook, 7 m. long, borders the town on the E., and **Sankey** brook on W. **Sankey** rises above **Rainford**, runs to **Mossbank** 3 m., **St. Helens** 2 m. Here a brook joins on right bank, draining the lake at **Eccleston Hall**, 2 m. S.W. of **St. Helens**. **Sankey** runs to **Collins Green** 2 m., and 2 m. down is joined on left bank by **Newton** brook. **Newton** rises above **Carr Mill** dam, 1½ m. E. of **Mossbank**, runs to **Stanley Mill** pool 1 m., 1½ m. N.E. of **St. Helens**, where it receives the outflow of the lake at **Garswood**, 3 m. N.E. of **St. Helens**, and runs thence to **Sankey** 3 m. **Sankey** runs to **Warrington** 6 m., and joins **Mersey** 2 m. down. 1 m. down **Mersey**. **Kekwick** brook, which rises above **Boston**, and is 5 m. long, joins on left bank. **Mersey** runs to **Runcorn** 6 m.

DITTON BROOK.—This brook joins **Mersey** 11 m. below the town, on right bank. **Ditton**, called **Tarbock** in its upper part, rises in **Mizzy** dam, 1½ m. N.W. of **Prescot**, runs to **Huyton Quarry** 2 m., and 1 m. below waters **Logwood Mill** dam. 2 m. below, **Childwall** brook, which rises above **Childwall** and is 4 m. long, joins on right bank. **Ditton** runs to **Halewood** 2 m., and 3 m. below joins **Mersey** estuary.

Hushton (Northton).—M.R. Isc. (See *Wisbeach*.) **Dane**, 1 m. N.; trout, dace, chub, roach; private. (See *Frodsham*.)

Ryburgh (Norfolk).—G.E.R. **Wensum**. (See *Yarmouth*.) (c.s. N. and S.)

Rye (Kent).—S.E.R. On **Rother**. The stream rises near **Rotherfield**, in **Sussex**. In 5 m. it is joined by a stream on the left bank 4 m. long. 1½ m. down, near **Ticehurst Road**, a stream 6 m. long joins on the left bank. 6 m. on, at **Etchingham**, a stream 8 m. long joins on the right bank; 3 m. on, at **Robertsbridge**, a stream joins on the right bank, having its source in a large pond in **Brightling Park**. 6 m. on, the **Kentish Ditch** joins on the left bank. Some 6 m. down, passing **Newenden**, a trout stream of 8 m. long joins on the left bank rising 3 m. N.E. of **Hawkhurst** (n.s. **Etchingham**). From hence to **Rye** is 9 m., passing **Willersham** and **Playden**. At **Rye** two branches join on the right bank, the first, **Tillingham** water, 8 m. long, rises near **Beckley**, and the second, the **Brede**, rises near **Battle**, and has a course of 15 m., passing **Whittington**, **Sedlescombe**, **Brede**, **Udymere**, and **Winchelsea**. **Rother** and tributaries **Tillingham** and **Brede** are preserved by the **Rother Fishery Association**; s.t. 10s., with 5 day tickets for friends. Each subscriber for every extra 10s. he pays, gets 5 day tickets for friends; d.k. 2s. 6d. Troutling begins April 1st, ends Sept. 1st. The smaller tributaries mostly abound in trout. Sec., G. J. Ballard, Esq., Mill-street, Benenden, Staplehurst. (See c.s.) Bass at harbour's mouth, and flat fish in the bay.

Rye House.—G.E.R. (See *Stratford*.) On **Lea**. **Hotel**: **King's Arms**. This fishery joins on to **Cook's**; the proprietor has thrown open his fishery free of charge. The preserve extends up the **Stort** as far as **Hunsdon Mill**. Trout, perch, barbel, roach, chub, jack. Troutling begins on May 1st. Regulations same as at **Broxbourne**. Puntz can be had.

Ryhall (Rutland).—G.N.R. **Gwash**. **Glen**, 1 m. N.E., at **Hessendine**. **Welland**, 3 m. S., at **Stamford**. (See *Spalding*.)

Ryhill (York).—G.C.R. **Lakes**: **Cold Hindley** reservoir. (See *Ravcliffe*.)

Ryther (York), n.s. **Ullselskelf**, 3 m.—**Wharfe**; coarse fish, mostly free. (c.s. York.)

Osse, 1 m. W. (c.s. York.) (See *York*.)

Saddleworth (Yorks).—L. & N.W.R. **Tame**. **Diggle** brook. (See *Runcorn*.)

Saffron Walden (Essex).—G.E.R. **Cam**; trout; mostly preserved by **Lord Braybrooke**, of **Audley End**. (See *King's Lynn*.) **Hotel**: **Rose and Crown**.

Salford Priors (Warwick).—G.W.R. **Avon**; chub, dace, roach, pike, perch. **Arnew**, same fish. **Ban** brook. (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.)

Salhouse (Norfolk).—G.E.R. **Bure**, 1 m. N.E. **Lakes**: **Salhouse Broad**. 1 m. N.E.; private. **Wroxham Broad**, 1 m. N.; fishing on payment. (c.s. N. and S.) **Woodbastwick Broad**, 2 m. N.E.; preserved by A. Cator, Esq. **Little Ranworth Broad**, 3 m. E. (*Misses Kerrison*). **Ranworth Broad**, 4 m. E.; preserved by A. Cator, Esq. (c.s. N. and S.) **Pedham mill** dam, 4 m. S.E. **South Walsham Broad**, 5 m. E.; preserved by **Major Jury**. (c.s. N. and S.) (See *Yarmouth*.)

- Salisbury** (Wilts).—L. & S.W.R. Avon; trout, grayling, jack, roach. Wylye and Winterbourne; trout, grayling, and coarse fish; preserved. (*See Christchurch*.) At Britford, $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. off, the Avon is preserved for 4 m. by the owner of the Moat; Lord Radnor, of Longford Castle, preserves some part of the river below the city; 1 m. belongs to the Electric Lighting Co., fishing now let. The owner of Stockton House preserves a leaugh of Wylye; good grayling and trout fishing. Hampshire Avon; roach, dace, and trout. Mr. Waite's fishery (Rose and Crown); trout, w.t. 1s., m.t. 2s. 6d.; hotel accommodation excellent. (*c.s.*) *Hotels*: White Hart, Angel, and Red Lion.
- Saltfleet** (Lincoln). n.s. **Saltfleetby**, 3 m. — Withern. Grayfleet. South ditch. Withern rises some 10 m. above **Aby**. 2 m. above **Aby**, Calceby beck, which rises in the lake in Ormsby Park, 5 m. S.W. from **Aby**, joins on right bank. Withern runs to Withern 3 m., **Theddlethorpe** 6 m., and **Saltfleet** 5 m. Here Grayfleet, which rises 1 m. S. of **Louth**, runs to **Grimoldby** 4 m., and **Saltfleet** 7 m. Here also South ditch, 6 m. long, joins on left bank.
- Saltfleet** (Lincoln).—G.N.R. (*See Saltfleet*.)
- Saltford** (Somerset).—G.W.R. (*See Bristol*.) Avon; roach, dace, carp, pike, perch, trout; free. Boyd. (*c.s.*) Good all-round fishing.
- Salton** (Yorks).—N.E.R. 6 m. from Pickering, and 4 m. from the **Barton-le-Street** station. Plenty of excellent fishing can be had both in a stream that runs through the town and in the river Rye, 1 m. distant. Permission to fish is easily obtainable. *Inn*: the Angler's Arms.
- Sandford Courtney** (Devon).—L. & S.W.R. Exbourne water. (*See Bideford*.)
- Sandall** (Yorks).—G.N.R.; M.E.; G.C.R. Walton beck. Calder, 1 m. N. (*c.s. York*.) *Lakes*: Walton Park lake, 2 m. S.E. Chevel Park lake, 2 m. S.W. (*See Rawcliffe*.)
- Sandbach** (Cheshire).—L. & N.W.R. Wheelock. Betchton brook, 1 m. S. Hassall brook, 1 m. S. Foul brook, 3 m. S. *Lakes*: Winterley Mill, $2\frac{1}{2}$ m. S. (*See Frodsham*.)
- Sandford** (Somerset).—G.W.R. (*See Congresbury*.) *Lakes*: Sandford and Banwell ponds; rudd, tench; private.
- Sandhurst** (Surrey).—S.E.R. Blackwater. (*See London, M.T.*)
- Sandiacre** (Derby).—M.R. Erewash. Trent, 4 m. S. (*c.s.*) (*See Gainsborough*.)
- Sandwich** (Kent).—S.E.R.; S.E. & L.C. & D. Joint R. On Stour. The Stour rises 15 m. north-west of **Ashford**. Here a stream 10 m. long joins on the right bank, which rises near **Westonhanger** station, passing the villages of Sellinge, Smeech, and Sevington. At Smeech are roach, few trout, and pike. Mr. Knatchbull-Hugessen owns the water. From Ashford the Stour flows to **Wye**, 6 m., thence to **Chilham**, 6 m., passing Godmersham Park, Lord St. Vincent, who, with Mr. Hanham, claims 5 m. of fishery. 4 m. on **Chartham** is reached (here begins the Stour Fishery Association water (*see Canterbury*)); hence to **Canterbury** is some 3 m. (Here begins the Stour Fishery Protection Association.) The Stour next runs to **Sturry** (here ends the S.F.P.A. water), and Fordwich is 3 m. (here begins the Fordwich and Grove Ferry Angling Club water); thence to **Grove Ferry** is 6 m. 3 m. below **Grove Ferry** is Sarre, where are two good inns. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. below, Little Stour joins the Stour. This stream rises 7 m. south of **Beaksbourne**. 4 m. below, a small stream joins on the right bank. From this point to the junction with the Stour is 6 m. The Stour next runs in 3 m. to **Minster**; thence to **Sandwich** 6 m.; and finally to the sea, 7 m. Day tickets for killing coarse fish—from here to Coal Harbour, 1 m. above Grove Ferry—are 1s. each. (*c.s.*) Bass at the mouth of the haven; flounders, grey mullet, plaice, dabs, codlings, and pout more seaward.
- Sandy** (Beds).—G.N.R.; L. & N.W.R. Ivel; coarse fish, except barbel, trout. Southill brook. (*See King's Lynn*.)
- Sawbridgworth** (Herts).—G.E.R. (*See Stratford*.) On Stort and Pincey brook. Leave may often be obtained by applying at Sawbridgworth Mill, Mr. E. B. Barnard. *Inn*, Bell and Feather.
- Sawdon** (York).—N.E.R. Sawdon beck. Beedale beck, 3 m. S.E. (*See Wressell*.)
- Sawley** (Yorks).—N.E.R. On Ribbles; salmon, trout, mort, sprod, dace, carp, grayling. 2 m. from **Chatburn** station on L. & Y.R. Trout and mort fishing excellent. Leave may sometimes be obtained for a day on application to Hon. H. F. Cowper's agent.
- Sawley** (Derby).—M.R. Trent; roach, dace, perch, pike, chub, bream, barbel; a.t. 10s. for fishing above the weir; a.t. 21s., d.t. 2s. 6d., below the weir on the S. or Lockington side. (*c.s.*) *Hotel*: White Lion, where tickets can be had. Derwent, 1 m. W. (*c.s. Trent*). Soar, 1 m. S.E. (*c.s. Trent*). (*See Gainsborough*.)
- Saxby** (Leicester).—M.R.; G.N.R. Wreak (*c.s. Trent*). Saxby brook. *Lakes*: Stapleford Park lake, 1 m. S. Leesthorpe pond, 5 m. S.W. (*See Gainsborough*.)
- Saxham** (Suffolk).—G.E.R. Cavenham brook. *Lakes*: Ickworth Park lake, 3 m. S. (*See King's Lynn*.)
- Saxilby** (Lincoln).—G.E.R.; G.N.R. Tilt, 2 m. E. (*See Boston*.)
- Saxmundham** (Suffolk).—G.E.R. Saxmundham brook. Alde, 2 m. W.; roach, &c.; fishing free. (*See Orford*.) *Hotel*: White Hart.
- Scalby** (Yorks).—N.E.R. A village 3 m. from **Scarborough**. In Scalby beck a few trout may be found between the village and the sea. A portion of this stream is now preserved.
- Scale Hill**.—Near Crummock Water and river Cocker. Accommodation fair. There are trout in the lake averaging two to the pound, also char. Sober-coloured flies are best. May is the best month. Fish in deep water. Buttermere lies near. Lowes Water, $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. off, contains good trout. Leave at the hotel.

Scalford (Leicester).—L. & N.W.R.; G.N.R. Melton brook. *Lakes*: Goadby Marwood, 2 m. N. Croxton Park ponds, 5 m. N.E. (See *Gainsborough*.)

Scarborough (Yorks).—N.E.R. Scalby beck, 2 m. N.; trout and bull trout in autumn; grayling; preserved by Scalby Beck Angling Club; hon. sec. J. W. Blakey, Esq., *Angler* Office; entrance, 40s.; s.t. 45s.; d.t. (strangers) 5s.; from Mr. Clarke, fishtackleist, Huntress-row, Scarborough. (n.s. *Scalby*.) Burniston beck, 3 m. (n.s. *Scalby*); trout; preserved by a club; hon. sec. Mr. Marsden, Scalby, near Scarborough. Derwent, 6½ m. W.; trout, grayling, coarse fish below: n.s. *Forge Valley*. (See *Hackness, Harwood Dale, Wrassell*.) Several small streams full of little trout enter the sea to the north of Scarborough. Hayburn Wyke (Scarborough and Whitby line, 7 m. from Scarborough) is a good place. The Wyke, Thorney beck, and Stainton Dale can be fished; d.t. 6d., at Hayburn Wyke Hotel; too heavily wooded to permit of fly-fishing. The sea fishing is good from boat or pier most of the year. Autumn whiting and gurnard fishing very good in the bay, and winter codling fishing from First or Second Points to the south of Scarborough, and Colam Hole (n.s. *Cloughton*) or Beast Cliff (n.s. *Stainton Dale*), to the north, very good. Mackerel whiffing in August and September, and occasionally pollack are taken close in shore; good plaice fishing from boat or pier in summer.

Scawby (Lincoln).—G.C.R. Ancholme, 3 m. E. North Kelsey beck, 3 m. E. (See *Brigg*.)

Scholes (York).—N.E.R. Cock beck. Carr beck. (See *York*.)

Scorrier Gate (Cornwall).—G.W.R. Perran. (See *Perran*.) (c.s. *Fowey*.)

Scorton (York).—N.E.R. Scorton beck. Swale, 2 m. S. (c.s. *York*.) Howl beck, Bridgworth beck. (See *York*.)

Soroby (Notts).—G.N.R. Idle. (c.s. *Trent*.) Ryton. (See *Althorpe*.)

Scorton (York).—N.E.R. Swale; preserved. (c.s. *York*.) (See *York*.)

Seamer (York).—N.E.R. Seamer Drain; chub, grayling, trout; free. Derwent runs near; preserved. (See *Scarborough*.)

Sea Mills (Glo'ster).—G.W.R. On Trim. Trim rises 3 m. N.W. of *Filton*, and is 5 m. long.

Seaton (Devon).—L. & S.W.R. Axe; trout, salmon. Axe rises above Picket Mill (n.s. *Misterton* and *Crewkerne*, 3½ m.), runs 4 m. to Clapton Bridge (n.s. *Crewkerne*, 3 m.). Here a stream joins on left bank, which works a mill 2 m. up. Axe runs to Winsham 3 m., where a stream joins on left bank, working a mill 1 m. up. 1 m. down at Ford Abbey a stream joins on right bank, working a mill 2 m. up. (The fishing hereabouts is very good, but preserved by the owners of Ford Abbey.) 2 m. down Axe a stream joins on right bank, which rises by *Chard*, and is 3 m. long, working three mills. 2 m. down Axe, at *Chard Junction*, a stream joins on left bank 3 m. long, working a mill. 1 m. on a stream joins on right bank, which rises at Warnbrook Mill (n.s. *Chard*, 2 m.), runs 2 m., and is joined on left bank by a stream working a mill 1 m. up; it then runs to Chardstock 1 m., and Axe 2 m. Axe runs in 3 m. to *Axminster*, and 2 m. down is joined by the Yarty on right bank. Yarty rises above Keat's Mill (n.s. *Ilminster*, 6 m.), runs 2 m., and is joined by a stream on left bank 2 m. long. Yarty runs to Yacombe (fishing here begins; good accommodation) 2 m., where a small stream joins on left bank, then to Stockland 3 m. (fair accommodation), *Kilmington* 6 m. Here Dalwood brook (trout) joins Yarty on right bank, which rises 1 m. W. of Stockland, runs to Dalwood 3 m. and Yarty 3 m. Yarty joins Axe ½ m. down. Axe runs 3½ m. to *Colyton*, and 2 m. to *Colyford*. Here Coly joins Axe. Coly rises by Cotleigh (n.s. *Honiton*, 4 m.), runs 6 m. to *Seaton Junction*, and 2 m. to *Colyton*. Here a stream joins on right bank, which rises by Offwell (n.s. *Honiton*, 3 m.). 2 m. down a stream joins on right bank, which rises by Northleigh, and is 3 m. long. 2 m. down *Colyton* is reached. Axe is 2 m. on. 1 m. down is *Axmouth* and *Seaton*. The best flies for Axe and tributaries are blue dun, March brown, blue upright, and red palmer. From the east end of Seaton beach a ground line, baited with squid or cuttle bait, may be thrown out in rough weather. By crossing the ferry the pier at Axmouth may be reached, whence, with a heavy floated line, bass may be angled for with soft crab or squid bait, or a large and gaudy artificial fly. Squid to be procured from the mackerel seines, or trawl boats at Beer. Many pollack are at times caught off Beer Head, Pout may also be caught. (See *Beer*.) (c.s.)

Seaton (Butland).—L. & N.W.B.; G.N.R. Welland. (See *Spalding*.)

Seaton Junction (Devon).—L. & S.W.R. (See *Seaton*.) Coly; trout.

Sedberg (Yorks).—N.E.R. Clough; trout; free. In Lily mere near here, is good trouting, belonging to the owners of Ingmire Hall.

Sedgebrook (Lincoln).—G.N.R. Foster Beck. (See *Boston*.)

Seend (Wilts).—G.W.R. (See *Bristol*.)

Sefton (Lancs).—S. & C.L.E.R. Alt. (See *Altcar*.)

Selby (York).—G.E. & G.N.J.R.; N.E.R. (See *Cawood, York*.)

Semley (Dorset).—L. & S.W.R. (See *Shaftesbury*.)

Sessay (York).—N.E.R. Willow beck, 1 m. N. God beck, 2 m. W. Swale, 2 m., S.W. (c.s. *York*.) (See *York*.)

Settle (Yorks).—M.L. Ribble; trout, salmon, and coarse fish below. Cowside beck, 3 m. N. Long Preston beck, 2 m. E. *Lakes*: Malham tarn, 7 m. N.E.; preserved by W. Morrison, Esq. Hotel: Ashfield, where some fishing can be had. (See *Preston*.)

Sevenoaks (Kent).—S.E.R.; L.C. & D.R. On Darenth; trout; preserved by Lord Stanhope. A short reach may be fished for a small fee on application to the miller at Longford Mill. (See *Dartford*.) Hotel: Royal Crowl.

- Shaftesbury** (Dorset), n.s. **Semley**.—Nadder; trout, roach, dace. Fern brook. (*See Christchurch*.) (c.s. *Avon*.) *Lakes*: Lashmere pond.
- Shakerstone** (Leicester).—L. & N.W.R.; M.R. Sence. Bosworth brook, 2 m. S. (*See Gainsborough*.)
- Shapwick** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Brue; roach, dace, carp, perch, pike; preserved above, free below. (*See High Bridge*.) (c.s. *Avon*.)
- Sharlston** (Yorks).—L. & Y.R. Went. *Lakes*: Sharlston Mill pond. Nostell Priory lakes, 3 m. S. (*See Goole*.)
- Sharnbrook** (Beds).—M.R. (*See Harrold*.) Onse; coarse fish, except barbel; preserved by W. Whitworth, Esq.; there is good fishing hence to Milton, 4 m. down, and good bream fishing up to Falmareham, 1 m. above. (c.s. *N. and S.*) (*See King's Lynn*.)
- Shawclough** (Lancs).—L. & Y.R. Dodd. Naden Water, 2 m. W. (*See Runcorn*.)
- Shawforth** (Lancs).—L. & N.W.R.; G.N.R.; M.R. Dodd. (*See Runcorn*.)
- Sheepsbridge** (Derby).—M.R.; G.C.R. Drone. Millthorpe brook. (*See Goole*.)
- Sheffield** (Yorks).—G.C.R.; M.R.; G.N.R.; N.E.R. Don. (c.s. *Yorkshire*.) Porter brook. Sheaf; coarse fish, trout; mostly free. Rowel, 2 m. N.W. Rivelin, 3 m. W. *Lakes*: two reservoirs, 7 m. W. (*See Goole, Ashopton*.)
- Shefford** (Beds).—M.R.; L. & N.W.R. Tod; few coarse fish. Gull brook. Campton brook. Ivel, 3 m. (*See King's Lynn*.)
- Shelford** (Cambs).—G.E.R. Cam; pike, perch, dace, roach chub, &c.; preserved. Bourn; coarse fish. (*See King's Lynn*.)
- Shelford** (Surrey).—S.E.R. Wey and Tillingbourne; trout; preserved above to Ohllworth by Col. Godwin-Austen, Shelford House, Guildford. (*See London, L.T.*) *Inns*: Parrot and Victoria.
- Shenton** (Warwick).—L. & N.W.R. Tweed. (*See Gainsborough*.)
- Shepperton** (Middx.).—L. & S.W.R. Thames (*See London, L.T.*) *Hotel*: Anchor. *Fishermen*: H. Perdue, W. House, G. Rosewell, J. Haslett, and H. Poulter.
- Shepton Mallet** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Godney Brook. (*See High Bridge*.)
- Sherborne** (Dorset).—L. & S.W.R. Yeo. (*See Bridgewater*.) (c.s. *Avon*.)
- Sherburn** (Yorks).—G.W.R.; M.R. Fine trout in the mill dam.
- Shiffhall** (Salop).—G.W.R. Worf (2½ m. E.); trout and coarse fish. *Lakes*: Cramp pools (2 m. N.E.). Long Castle lakes (2½ m. E.). Forge pool (3 m. N.E.). Marsh pool, Burlington pool, New pool, Cowley Wood pool, Weston Mill pool, Norton Meer (4 m. N.E.). White Sitch lake (6 m. N.E.). (*See Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.)
- Shillingston** (Dorset).—S. & D.J.R. Stour. (*See Christchurch*.) (c.s. *Avon*.)
- Shingle Street-on-Sea**.—Good sea fishing. Bass, whiting, &c.
- Shiplake** (Oxon).—G.W.R. Thames. (*See London, M.T.*) *Fisherman*: Compton.
- Shipley** (York).—G.N.R.; M.R.; N.E.R. Aire. (c.s. *York*.) Bradford beck. The river is preserved above to **Bingley** by the Bradford Angling Association; clubhouse, Market Tavern, Goodwin-street, Bradford. (*See Rawcliffe*.)
- Shipston** (Worcester).—(n.s. **Campden**, 7 m.) Stour. Knee brook (2½ m. S.). Compton brook (3 m. S.). *Lakes*: Eaiton Park lake (5½ m. N.). (*See Gloucester*.)
- Shipton** (Oxon).—G.W.R. On Evenlode. (*See London, U.T.*)
- Shirebrook** (Notts).—M.R. Meden, 1 m. S.E. (*See Althorpe*.)
- Shireoaks** (Notts).—G.N.R. Spont. *Lakes*: Moor Mill dam, 2 m. S.W. (*See Althorpe*.)
- Shoreham** (Kent).—L.C. & D.R. On Darent. (*See Dartford*.)
- Shrewsbury**.—G.W.R.; L. & N.W.R. Severn; chub, dace, pike, perch, roach, trout, salmon, grayling; fishing free; some sport in early spring and in autumn. Raddle brook. Bea; roach, dace, chub, pike, trout; fishing free. Meel brook (2 m. S.); roach, dace, chub; fishing free. Sundown brook (3 m. N.E.). Perry (7 m. N.W.); trout, pike, roach, dace. Fishing may sometimes be had also in the Condover, Stapleton, Shirlston, and Onny brooks (trout only), and the Sunderton and Betton pools. *Lakes*: Alkmond pool, Black pool, and Hencot pool (2½ m. N.); pike, perch, roach, rudd, carp, bream, tench. Sundorn Castle lakes (3 m. N.E.); same fish. Onslow Hall lake (4 m. W.); same fish. Bomer pool (4 m. S.); pike, bream; leave sometimes given. Shrawardine Castle lake (8 m. N.W.); same fish. (*See Gloucester*.) (c.s.) *Hotel*: Raven.
- Shrivenham** (Berks).—G.W.R. On Byde Mill brook. There is a large lake at Warnford Place (*See London, U.T.*) and in Beckett Park.
- Shustoke** (Warwick).—M.R. Arley brook; a few trout of fair size. (*See Gainsborough*.)
- Sidmouth** (Devon).—L. & S.W.R. Sid; trout. Sid rises in two streams some 3 m. above Sidbury, and 1½ m. below it is joined on left bank by a short stream. **Sidmouth** is 2 m. down. The river is partly preserved. Mackerel, whiting, &c., are caught in the bay and offing. Pollack and pout on rocky ground towards Salterton. At Chif rock bass may sometimes be taken by throwing out a line with squid bait off the beach during a S.W. breeze. *Hotel*: Knowle.
- Silecroft**.—F.R. Whicham Beck runs near. After a course of 6 m. it runs into Haverigg pool, which joins the Duddon estuary at Haverigg.
- Silverton** (Devon).—G.W.B. Exe; trout, salmon, dace, pike, perch; preserved by the Up Exe Fishing Association. (c.s.) (*See Thorverton, Exeter*.)
- Simmonds Gate** (Gloucester).—G.W.R. Wye; pike, perch, chub, dace, salmon. (c.s.) (*See Chepstow*.)
- Sinnington** (York).—N.E.B. Leven; trout; preserved by R. Lesley, Esq., of Sinnington

- Lodge, who sometimes gives leave. Catter beck, 1 m. W. Sutherland beck, 4 m. N. Harlof beck, 7 m. N. Northdale beck, 8 m. N. (*See Wressell*.)
- Skelmersdale** (Lancs.).—L. & N.W.B.; L. & Y.B. Tawd. (*See Heaketh Bank*.)
- Skipton** (York).—M.R.; L. & Y.B. Aire; trout, grayling, perch, chub, roach; preserved from **Gargrave** above to Eastburn brook below by Aire Fishing Club (*see Gargrave*). (c.s. York.) Eller beck, Elslack, 2 m. W. on other side of Aire. (*See Rawcliffe*.)
- Skipton Bridge** (York), n.s. **Baldersby**, 1 m.—Swale. (c.s. York.) (*See York*.)
- Slaiburn** (York), n.s. **Chatburn**, 7 m.—Hodder; trout; private above. Dunsop river. Eller beck, 1 m. W. Crossdale beck, 1 m. N.W. Barn Gill, 1 m. N. Bridge House beck, 3 m. N. Haagill beck, 5 m. N. (*See Preston*.)
- Slaithwaite** (Yorks).—L. & N.W.B. Colne; polluted. *Lakes*: Slaithwaite Common pond, 2 m. W. (*See Rawcliffe*.)
- Slapton Ley** (Devon), n.s. **Dartmouth**, 7 m.—*Hotel*: Royal Sands, very comfortable, facing sea and Ley, where fishing can be had. First-rate pike, perch, roach, rudd, eels, &c.; fishing from April 1 to Oct. 31. Slapton Ley is a large lake of 400 acres on the seashore, formed by Blackawton brook (trout), which rises above Blackawton, and is 6 m. long, running into the Ley at its N. end. 1 m. down the Ley a brook 4 m. long joins on right bank. Sea fishing very good. (c.s. Dart.)
- Slinfold** (Sussex).—L.B. & S.C.R. On Arun. Good fishing. (*See Little Hampton*.)
- Slingsby** (York).—N.E.B. Wath beck. Rye, 2 m. N.E. (*See Wressell*.)
- Slough** (Bucks).—G.W.R. In Stoke Park is a large lake. (*See London, M.T.*)
- Snailth** (Yorks).—L. & Y.B. Aire. (c.s. York.) (*See Rawcliffe*.)
- Snake** (Suffolk).—G.E.B. Alde; roach, &c.; fishing free. Saxmundham brook. *Lakes*: Iken Decoy, 4 m. S.E. (*See Orford*.)
- Snarston** (Leicester).—L. & N.W.B.; M.R. Mease. (c.s. Trent.) (*See Gainsborough*.)
- Snelland** (Lincoln).—G.N.B. Snelland brook. Langworth, 1 m. S.W. Frithorpe brook, 1 m. N.W. (*See Boston*.)
- Snodland** (Kent).—S.E.R. (*See Rochester*.) On Medway.
- Solihull** (Warwick).—G.W.R. Blyth, 1 m. S.E.; bream, roach, &c. (c.s. Trent.) Cole, 4 m. W. Inkford brook, 4 m. W. *Lakes*: Kineton reservoir, 2 m. N.W. Titterford Mill pond, 4 m. W. Earlswood reservoir, 6 m. S.W. (*See Gainsborough*.)
- Somerleyton** (Suffolk).—G.E.B. Waveney. (*See Yarmouth*.)
- Somerton** (Oxon).—G.W.R. Cherwell. (*See London, M.T.*)
- Southall** (Middlesex).—G.W.R. (*See London, L.T.*)
- Southam** (Warwick), n.s. **Harbury**, 3½ m.—Itchen. (*See Gloucester*.)
- Southampton** (Hants).—L. & S.W.R. Itchen and Test. Itchen rises by Cheriton (belonging to Lord Ebury, trout), runs to Titchbourne 1½ m. **Alresford** (L. & S.W.R.) 2 m. Here is Alresford Pond (Lady Rodney), and a tributary rising by Brown Candover mill pond, runs to Northington 1 m., Swaverton ½ m., where it waters the lake at the Grange (Lord Ashburton, fishing very good), and **Alresford** 3 m. Itchen runs to Avington 1 m. (good fishing, but preserved by Mr. Shelly, Mr. Wall, of Worthy Park, and Capt. Hewson); to **Itchen Abbas** (L. & S.W.R.) 2 m., Easton, Abbots Worthy, and King's Worthy 1 m. (preserved by Capt. Fryer, of Worthy Kennels); and **Winchester** (L. & S.W.R.) 4 m.; Shawford 4 m. (where is fishing in the barge river); Otterbourne 4 m. (where is a small but clean inn; fishing strictly preserved by T. Chamberlayne, Esq. Cranbury Park; Magdalen College, Oxford; Sir T. Fairbairn, Bambridge); 1½ m. below, the outfall of Fisher's Pond, Golding Common (good piking, belonging to P. Sandish, Esq., Marwell Hall, Winchester), joins on left bank, and 1 m. on is **Bishopstoke** (S.W.R.); 4 m. on, at South Stoneham (salmon, preserved by Mrs. Hemming, of Stoneham Park), a stream joins on right bank, holding a few pike and salmon, preserved by C. Standish, Esq., and rising in Marlbrook pond, 2 m. W. of **Bishopstoke**, and in 1½ m. receives the drainage of the ponds in Stoneham Park, 1 m. from the station. Hence to **Southampton** is 4 m. Here on the left bank is the drainage of Miller's Pond (good coarse fishing). In Freemantle pond and the private water in Bannister's Park there are a few tench, carp, perch. Pout, whiting, and eels in Southampton Water; and whiting, bass, grey mullet, and sand smelts from the piers and quays. The best flies for Itchen are Governor, Wickham's fancy, cooh-y-bondhdhn, Hammond's favourite, Mayfly, alder.
- TEST** holds trout, grayling, salmon, pike, perch, roach, and rises in a pond in Ash Park, 2 m. above **Overton**; runs to Freefolk (trout) 2 m.; **Whitchurch** (S.W.R.) 1½ m.; Tufton 1 m. One m. below a branch joins on right bank, which rises by Hurstbournearrant, runs 4 m. to St. Mary Bourne (trout), 3 m. to Hurstbourne Priors, and Test 1 m. The principal owners here are Lord Portsmouth (who sometimes gives leave on a proper introduction), the representatives of the late Col. Hawker, Mr. Coles, Mr. Bright, and Mr. Tremayne. The trouting is first-rate. Four m. down Test a fine trout stream joins on left bank, which rises by Mitcheldever, runs to Bullington 6 m., and Test 2 m. (the best of the fishing belongs to Mr. Henniker Wilson and Mr. Wickham.) Test runs to Chilbolton (where the freeholders have the fishery on one side from Ashbridge to Testcombe Bridge, fish run very large; trout and jack), Wherwell 2 m. (preserved by Mr. Iremonger; first-rate trouting now let.) 1 m. down at **Fullerton Bridge** Anton joins Test on right bank; Anton rises some 3 m. N. of **Andover**, 1 m. below which, at Upper Clatford, Pillhill brook joins on right bank. Pillhill rises at Fifield and Thruxton in Mollins' pond, runs to Anton 5 m. Anton now runs 1½ m. to **Goodworth Clatford**, and Test 3 m. Test runs to Leckford 2 m. (preserved by the Stockbridge club),

Stockbridge 3 m., Houghton Drayton 2 m. (preserved by the Stockbridge club; trout and grayling), and **King Sombourne** 1 m. Here a stream joins on right bank, which rises by **Wallop** and its mill, and joins Test 4 m. down. Test runs to **Mottisfont** 4 m., where a stream, 3 m. long, joins on right bank, which rises by **Lockerley**, feeding two miles. Test runs in 5 m. to **Romsey**, Nutshalling 4½ m. 1 m. on a stream joins on right bank, which rises in a mill pool at Landford, runs 4 m. on to **Wallow Mill**, and 3 m. down is joined on right bank by a stream, 1½ m. long, which drains the lake in **Panton's park**. Three m. down is Test. Test runs to **Bedbridge** 2 m. Half a mile below a stream, 8 m. long, joins on right bank, which rises in a large mill pool 1½ m. N. of **Lyndhurst**. Half a mile below, the outflow of **Shirley pond**, 1 m. up, joins Test on left bank. Southampton is 3 m. on. The flies for the Test are the same as for the **Avon** (see *Christchurch*), but dressed smaller; in addition, the alder, willow fly, yellow Sally, and grannum. *Hotels*: **Radley's**, Royal. *Tackleists*, Cox and Macpherson, 62, High-street.

Southburn (York).—N.E.R. Hull. (See *Hull*.) (c.s. York.)

Southend (Essex).—G.E.R.; L.T. & S.R.; M.R. (See *Burnham*.) Large flounders can be taken from the pier.

Southill (Beds).—G.N.R.; M.R. Southill brook. Ivel, 5 m. *Lakes*: Southill Park. Old Warden Park, 2 m. (See *King's Lynn*.) *Hotel*: Royal.

South Molton (Devon).—G.W.R. Mole; trout. Bray; trout; d.t. 3s. 6d., at hotel. (c.s. *Taw*.) (See *Barnstaple*.) *Hotel*: George, where trout for some miles can be had. The fishing is free for some distance below the town; Lord Poltimore preserves some part of Mole and Bray apply to R. S. Riccard, Esq., solicitor. Flitton water. Yeo. Nadder water. Knowstone water, 3 m. (See *Castle Hill*).

South Molton Road (Devon).—L. & S.W.R. Taw; trout, peel. Yeo; trout. (c.s.) (See *Barnstaple*.) *Hotel*: Fortescue Arms, comfortable, where fishing can be had in 2 m. of Taw.

Southry (Lincoln).—G.N.R. Witham. Topholme brook. (See *Boston*.)

Southwaite (Cumberland).—L. & N.W.R. On Petteril; salmon and trout. (c.s. *Eden*.)

Southwell (Notts).—M.K. Greet; trout; good fishing; preserved by a society of 12 at 10 guineas, with 6 friends' tickets; season begins May 1. Pingley dyke, 1 m. E. Halloughton Dumble, 2 m. S. Halam beck, 2 m. N.W. Trent, 3 m. S.E. at **Fiskerton**. (See *Fiskerton*.) *Lakes*: Kirklington Hall lake, 3 m. N.W. Edingley Mill pond, by Farnsfield, 4 m. N.W. *Hotel*: Saracen's Head. (See *Gainsborough*.)

Southwold (Suffolk).—S.B. Blyth rises in the lakes in **Haveningham Hall Park**, 8 m. S.W. from **Halesworth**, runs 5 m. to **Halesworth**, 1 m. off on left bank, and here **Wisnet brook**, 4 m. long, joins on left bank. Blyth runs to **Wenhaston**, 2 m., and 5 m. down is joined on left bank by **Stoven brook**, 7 m. long. 2 m. down Blyth is **Southwold** and the sea. Smelts can be taken some distance up the river. 2 m. N., at **Potters Bridge**, runs **Wrentham brook**; perch, roach, bream, pike; leave from the farmers. This brook rises in **Benacre Hall Park**, runs 6 m. to **Potters Bridge**, and 1 m. below waters **Easton Broad**; pike, roach, perch, bream; Sir A. Gooch. 5 m. N. of **Southwold** is **Benacre Broad**; pike, roach, tench, perch; Sir A. Gooch. *Hotel*: Swan, Centre Cliff. (c.s. *S. and E.*)

Sowerby Bridge (York).—L. & Y.R. Calder. (c.s. *York*.) *Bourne*. (See *Racliffe*.)

Spalding (Lincoln).—G.N.R.; G.E.R. Welland; pike, perch, chub; free. Welland rises above **Market Harborough**, and 5 m. below is joined on left bank by **Saddington brook**, which rises in the reservoir by **Saddington**, 3 m. S. from **Kibworth**, and 6 m. down, just below **Wide bridge**, 3 m. N. of **Market Harborough**, is joined on right bank by a brook 4 m. long, draining **Gumley pond** and two ponds in **Gumley Hall Park**, 3 m. S. of **Kibworth**, or 3 m. N.W. of **Lutonham**. **Saddington** joins Welland 3 m. down. ¼ m. down Welland, **Hardwick brook**, which rises above **Staunton Wyville**, 4 m. E. of **Kibworth** and is 8 m. long, joins on left bank. Welland runs to **Ashley**, 3 m., and here **Medbourne brook**, 6 m. long, joins on left bank. Welland runs 6 m. to **Beckingham**, where **Eye brook** joins on left bank. **Eye** rises above **East Norton**, and joins Welland 9 m. below. Welland runs 5 m. to **Seaton** on left bank, and **Harringworth** on right bank; thence to **Turtle Bridge** 2 m., **Wakerley** 2 m., **Duddington** 4 m., **Ketton** 3 m., and 1 m. below **Chater** joins on left bank. **Chater** rises in **Witcote Hall lake** 4 m. N. from **East Morton**, runs 8 m. to **Manton**, **Luffenham** 5 m., **Ketton** 3 m., and joins Welland 2 m. down. Welland runs to **Stamford** 2 m., and 1 m. below is joined on left bank by **Gwash**. **Gwash** rises 5 m. above **Manton**, and 5 m. below is joined on left bank by a stream which drains the lake in **Burley Park** by **Oakham** 4 m. up. 2 m. down **Gwash** by **Empingham** a stream joins on left bank draining the lake in **Exton Park**, 8 m. N.W. from **Stainford**, or 8 m. N.E. from **Oakham**. **Gwash** runs 4 m. to **Great Bridge**, 3 m. to **Eyhall**, and 3 m. down joins Welland. Welland runs to **Uffington** 2 m., **Tallington** 2 m. **Market Deeping** (n.s. **St. James Deeping**) 3 m. (here begins the **Market Deeping Angling Society's water**), **St. James Deeping** 2 m. Here we are fairly in the fen, and Welland becomes a "drain," running to **Kenulphstone** 4 m. (here ends the M.D.A.S. water), **Crowland** (n.s. **Postland**, 3 m.) 2 m., **Cowbit** 5 m., **Spalding** 4 m. 5 m. down Welland, at the reservoir 1 m. N.E. of **Surfleet Station**, **Glen** joins on left bank. **Glen** rises above **Corby**, runs thence to **Little Bytham** 6 m., **Essendine** 5 m., and 4 m. down, at **Wilsthorpe**, is joined on left bank by **Edenham brook**. **Edenham** rises 8 m. above **Edenham** (n.s. **Bourn**, 2 m.), and 2 m. below, 2 m. W. of **Bourne**, is joined on right bank by the drainage, 2 m. up, of the large lake in **Grimsby Park**, 2 m. S.E. of **Corby**. **Edenham** runs 6 m. to **Braceborough Spa**, and

- Glen 2 m. Glen runs 1 m. to Kates Bridge, 3 m. S. of Bourn, **Counter Drain** 6 m. Money Bridge 4 m., **Finchbeck** 1 m., **Surfleet** 2 m., and Welland 1 m. Welland joins the Wash 2 m. down at Fosdyke Bridge. Counter Drain; pike, perch, roach, carp. North Drove; same fish. South Drove; same fish. Vernatts Drain; same fish.
- Sparkford** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Camel Brook; trout; mostly preserved by the owner of Cadbury House. (*See Bridgwater.*)
- Speech House** (Gloucester).—M.R. Blackpool brook. (*See Ayr.*)
- Spennithorne** (York).—N.E.R. Ure; trout, grayling. (*c.s. York.*) *Lakes:* Calf Hole dam, 4 m. N. High and Low Ponds, 3 m. N. (*See Cover Bridge, York.*)
- Spetchley** (Gloucester).—M.R. Stoulton brook (1 m. S.). Bow brook (2 m. E.). *Lakes:* Spetchley Park lake. (*See Gloucester.*)
- Spetisbury** (Dorset).—M.R.; L. & S.W.R. (*See Christchurch.*) Stour and Tarrant; pike, perch, &c.; good fishing. (*c.s. Avon.*)
- Spilsby** (Lincoln).—G.N.R. Steeping river, 1 m. N. (*See Wainfleet.*)
- Spofforth** (York), n.s. **Wetherby**, 3 m.—Crimple. Nidd, 3 m. N.E. (*c.s. York.*) Wharfe, 3 m. S.E., at **Wetherby**. (*c.s. York.*) (*See York.*)
- Spondon** (Derby).—M.R. Derwent; pike, coarse fish, grayling, trout; preserved by a society at Derby. (*See Derby.*) (*c.s. Trent.*) Chaddesden brook, 1 m. N.W. *Lake:* Locko Park lake, 2 m. N. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Spratton** (Northton).—L. & N.W.R. Nen. Stowe brook Pitsford brook, 1 m. S. (*See Wisbeach.*)
- Stackstead** (Lanes).—M.R. Irwell. (*See Runcorn.*)
- Stafford**.—L. & N.W.R.; G.N.R. Sow; perch, pike, dace, roach, chub, grayling, trout; preserved by an association; s.t., 10s. 6d.; d.t., 2s. 6d. Clanford brook, 1 m. W. Penk, 1 m. S.E.; preserved as Sow. Kingston brook 1 m. N.E. *Lakes:* Kingston pool, 1½ m. W. Ingestre Park pool and Hopton pools, 4 m. N.E. Tixall Park pool, 4 m. E. *Hotels:* North Western, Swan. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Staines** (Middx.).—L. & S.W.R.; G.W.R. Thames. Colne. *Hotels:* Angel and Crown, Railway Hotel, Packhorse, Swan at Staines Bridge. *Fishermen:* E. and J. Keene, J. Keene, jun., T. Spicer, C. Hone, G. Osman, and J. Clarke. There is capital dace fishing in Colne on Staines Moor, free in parts; elsewhere preserved by a society. The water by side of S.W. Railway belongs to the company, and is let to the S.W. Angling Society; s.t. 5s.
- Stainforth** (Yorks).—G.C.R.; N.E.R. Don. (*c.s. Yorkshire.*) (*See Goole.*)
- Stainland** (Yorks).—L. & Y.R. Dean. (*See Rawcliffe.*)
- St. Alban's** (Herts).—G.N.R.; M.R.; L. & N.W.R. Colne; roach, dace, perch, pike, bream, trout; preserved by landowners and millers. Ver; trout; private, *Hotels:* Peahen and George. (*See London, M.T.*)
- Stalbridge** (Dorset).—M.R.; L. & S.W.R. Stour; pike, perch, roach. Lidden; trout. (*See Christchurch.*) (*c.s. Avon.*)
- Stalham** (Norfolk).—M.R.; G.N.R. Ant; free. *Lakes:* Stalham Broad; free. (*c.s. N. and S.*) Barton Broad, 1 m. S.; free. (*See Yarmouth.*) *Inns:* Swan, Railway, Maid's Head, where information and fishing can be had.
- Stalybridge** (Cheshire).—L. & N.W.R.; M.R.; G.N.R. Tame. Swinaeshaw brook, 1 m. N. (*See Runcorn.*)
- Stamford** (Lincoln).—G.N.R.; L. & N.W.R.; M.R. Welland; chub, dace, roach, pike, perch; fishing free on N. bank between Hudds Mills and Broadeng Bridge, elsewhere preserved by Stamford Angling Association; subscribers living within 10 m. of Stamford, entrance 2s. 6d., s.t. 3s. 6d., on nomination of 2 club members; two days' piking a week only permitted; no dogs; sec. H. N. Fisher, Esq. Gwash, 1 m. E.; trout, grayling; preserved as above; entrance, 10s. 6d.; s.t. for Gwash and Welland, 10s. 6d.; two days a week only allowed in Gwash. Glen, 4 m. N.E., at Langford Bridge. *Lakes:* Burghley Park 1 m. S.E. Easton Heath, 3 m. S. (*see Wisbeach.*) Exton Park, 8 m. N.W. *Hotel:* Stamford. *Fishing within reach:* Essendine, Braceborough Spa, Bourn, Counter Drain, Little Bytham, Corby, Peterborough, Ketton, Luffenham, Seaton, Rockingham, Ashley, Market Harborough, Kilworth, Stamford, Lilbourne, Clifton, Rugby, Lampert, Brixworth, Spratton, Northampton.
- Stamford Bridge** (York).—N.E.R. Derwent; pike, chub, dace, bream; free. Skirpen beck, 2 m. N. *Lakes:* 2, Buttercrambe Moor lakes, 1 m. N. (*c.s. York.*) (*See Wressle.*)
- Standish** (Lanes).—L. & N.W.R. Douglas. (*c.s. Ribbles.*) Baraden brook, 2 m. E. Idlington brook, 2 m. N.E. (*See Heaketh Bank.*)
- Standon** (Herts).—G.E.R. (*See Stratford.*) On Rib; trout. Above here the river is preserved by Col. Tower and Miss Mellish, of Hamel's Park; below Standon trout are scarce; jack, perch, chub, dace, and roach plentiful; leave may sometimes be obtained from the farmers.
- Standon** (Stafford).—L. & N.W.R. Mease (*c.s. Trent.*) Bromley brook, 1 m. S. *Lakes:* Hatton Mill, 2 m. N. Mease House lakes, 2 m. S.W. Bromley Mill ponds, 3 m. W. Podmore pools, 3 m. W. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Stanford** (Northton).—L. & N.W.R. Avon; chub, dace, &c. (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s. Severn.*)
- Stanhope** (Durham).—G.N.R.; M.R. Wear; trout.
- Stanley** (Yorks).—G.N.R.; L. & N.W.R.; C.L.R. Calder. (*c.s. York.*) (*See Rawcliffe.*)
- Stanner** (Hereford).—G.W.R. Gilwern. (*See Chepstow.*)
- Stanstead** (Essex).—G.E.R. (*See Stratford.*) On Stort.
- Stanton Gate** (Notts).—M.R. Erewash. Nut brook. (*See Gainsborough.*)

- Staplehurst** (Kent).—S.E.R. (See *Rocheſter*.) On Beult; trout, coarse fiſh.
- Stapleton Road** (Glouceſter).—G.W.R. Frome; roach, dace, pike; poor fiſhing, moſtly free. (See *Briſtol*.)
- Starbolton** (York), n.s. **Bolton Abbey**, 16 m.—Wharfe. (c.s. *York*.) (See *York*.)
- Starcross** (Devon).—G.W.R. Kenn; trout; moſtly preſerved by Lord Devon. Kenn riſes by Dunchideock, runs 3 m. to Kenn (n.s. **Exmiſter**, G.W.R., $\frac{3}{4}$ m.), Kenton (n.s. **Starcross**, 1 m.), and the Exe eſtuary, 1 m. At Cockwood, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. from **Starcross**, a ſmall ſtream joins the Exe eſtuary, which runs down from Mamhead, and is 3 m. long, working a mill.
- St. Austell** (Cornwall).—G.W.R. St. Austell river. This ſtream riſes 2 m. N. of the town, and 2 m. below, it is joined on right bank by Clasy Brook, which riſes by **Burngullow** (G.W.R.), and is 3 m. long. The ſea is 3 m. below the junction. 4 m. off at Penlewan Baſin is a ſeries of ponds holding trout; tickets by the day.
- Staveley** (Derby).—M.B. Bother. Doe Lea, 1 m. E. Lakes: Pond on brook, 1 m. S. Woodthorpe Mill dam, 2 m. S.W. (See *Goole*.)
- Staverton** (Devon).—G.W.R. (See *Dartmouth*.) On Dart; ſalmon and trout; preſerved by an aſſociation; ſt. 10s. (c.s.) Comfortable hotel and good lodgings.
- St. Blazey** (Cornwall).—G.W.R. Bream. (See *Par*.) (c.s. *Fowey*.)
- St. Columb** (Cornwall).—G.W.R. Mawgan; trout, ſea trout. Kettle. Mellincoe. Porthoethan, 5 m. Mawgan riſes 3 m. N.E. from **St. Columb**, runs through the town, thence 4 m. to Mawgan (Hotel, Gilbert's, fiſhing free and good), hence to the ſea 2 m. Above, preſerved by E. Brydges Williams, Eſq. By the ſea Whitewater joins Mawgan, which riſes $\frac{1}{4}$ m. N. of **St. Columb**, and is 6 m. long. (c.s. *Camel*.) 5 m. N. from **St. Columb**, at St. Ervan, runs Porthoethan brook, 5 m. long. (See *Padſtow, New Quay, Grampound*.)
- St. Cyres** (Devon).—L. & S.W.R. Creedy; trout. Shobrook brook. (See *Exeter*.)
- Stevenage** (Herts).—G.N.R. (See *Stratford; Hertford*.) On Beame; trout; preſerved.
- Steventon** (Berks).—G.W.R. A ſmall affluent of Thames runs here with ſome mills on it. (See *London, M.T.*)
- St. Barth** (Cornwall). G.W.R. Hayle; trout. (See *Hayle*.) (c.s. *Camel*.)
- Steeeton** (York).—M.B. Aire; trout, grayling, perch, chub, roach; preſerved by the Stockbridge and Eaſtbourne Angling Club from Eaſtbourne brook above to **Keighley** below. (c.s. *York*.) (See *Kildwick*.) Silſden beck. (See *Raſcliffe*.)
- St. Ewe** (Cornwall) (n.s. **Burngullow**, 5 m.) On Ewe; trout; fiſhing free. Ewe riſes 2 m. ſouth of **Burngullow**, runs 4 m. to St. Ewe, and the ſea 6 m.
- Steyning** (Sussex).—L.B. & S.C.R. On Adur; dace, &c. (See *New Shoreham*.)
- St. Germans** (Cornwall).—G.W.R. St. Germans river and Cad; trout. St. Germans riſes by St. Ive (n.s. **Liskeard**, 3 m.), runs 3 m. to Hepple Mill (n.s. **Menheniot**, $\frac{2}{4}$ m.) and **St. Germans** 8 m. 1 m. below the town, Cad joins on left bank. Cad riſes 1 m. ſouth of Alternan (n.s. **Launceſton**, 8 m.) $\frac{5}{8}$ m. down Trewartha water, 5 m. long, joins on right bank. Cad runs to North Hill 1 m., Callington ($\frac{1}{4}$ m. off river on left bank; fair accommodation at Golding's Hotel; fiſhing from Tamar and Plym Fiſhery, ſt. 5s.) 9 m., Pillaton 4 m., and **St. Germans** 6 m.
- St. Helens** (Lanca.).—L. & N.W.R. Sankey brook; polluted. Newton brook, 1 m. E. Lakes: Eccleſton Mill dam, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. S.W.; preſerved by St. Helens Angling Aſſociation; d.t. to members' friends, 1s. Stanley Mill dam, $\frac{1}{4}$ m. N.E.; preſerved by St. H.A.A. Garwood lakes, 3 m. N.E.; preſerved by St. H.A.A. Windle Farm dam. St. Ann's dam; preſerved by Corporation; tickets to ratepayers. Leg o' Mutton dam; preſerved as St. Ann's dam. Hotel: Cotham Arms, where all information can be had. For all information apply to Mr. H. M. Greer, 7, Haydock-ſtreet, St. Helens. (See *Runcorn*.)
- Stilton**.—Some fair pike, perch, bream, roach, carp and tench fiſhing can be had in the drainage of what was once Whittleſea mere.
- St. Ives** (Cornwall).—G.W.R. Good ſea fiſhing from pier and boats.
- St. Ives** (Hunts).—G.E.R.; G.N.R. Ouse; coarſe fiſh, except barbel; there is capital fiſhing between this place and Earith. (c.s. *N. and S.*) *Fiſherman*: Phurnall. (See *King's Lynn*.)
- Stirwoud** (Lincoln).—G.N.R. Witham. (See *Boston*.)
- St. James Deeping** (Lincoln). G.N.R. Welland; chub, dace, roach, pike, perch; preſerved by Market Deeping Angling Society. Hotel: Ship. (See *Market Deeping, Spalding*.)
- St. Keverne** (Cornwall).—(N.s. **Falmouth**, 11 m.) Two brooks join the ſea here—one $\frac{1}{4}$ m. N. at Mabai Mill, and the other running through the village and joining the ſea 2 m. down. (c.s. *Fowey*.)
- St. Leonards** (Sussex).—S.E.R.; L.B. & S.C.R. West. A ſmall ſtream by West St. Leonards ſtation. This ſtream riſes 1 m. N.W. of Catſfield in three ſmall ponds; 6 m. on a ſtream joins on the left bank, which riſes in two large lakes in Battle Abbey, **Battle**. $\frac{3}{4}$ m. down is the Peppering Powder Mill Head, where a ſtreamlet joins on the left bank, running out of a ſmall pond 1 m. off, cloſe to the railway. $\frac{1}{4}$ m. down, at Crowhurſt, a ſtream joins on the right bank, riſing out of a pond $\frac{1}{2}$ m. off. 2 m. down, the brook joins the main ſtream; 2 m. on St. Leonards is reached. Hotel: Alexandra.
- St. Margaret's** (Herts).—G.E.R. (See *Stratford*.) On Lea and Stort; trout, jack, perch, chub, &c. Here is the Amwell Magna fiſhery of fifteen members. Tickets, 7 guineas a year. Each member has ſix daily tickets for friends, and the privilege of introducing a companion. There are a good number of large trout.
- St. Mary's Cray** (Kent).—L.C. & D.R. (See *Dartford*.) Cray; trout; private.

- St. Mawes** (Cornwall), n.s. **Falmouth**,—Corymack water. This brook, some 8 m. long, runs into the head of St. Mawes harbour.
- St. Neots** (Hunts).—G.N.R. Ouse; coarse fish, except barbel; free from Eaton Mill to Kym mouth; elsewhere preserved by Lord Esmé Gordon and others; leave not difficult. (c.s. N. and S.) Kym, 1 m. down. Gallow brook, 3 m. down. (See *King's Lynn*.)
- Stockbridge** (Hants.).—L. & S.W.R. The Test; trout; preserved by the Stockbridge Club above and below the town; below most of the freeholders of Stockbridge have the right of fishing in the marsh on one side of the river for $\frac{1}{2}$ m.; leave from one of these. The principal proprietors below the free water are Mr. Whiteley, Mr. Meltnhagen, Sir A. Webster, Mr. Johnson, and Mr. Deverell. (See *Andover, Southampton*.) Hotel: Grosvenor.
- Stockingford** (Warwick).—M.R. Lakes; Sedawood pool and Arbury Park ponds, 1 m. S. (See *Gainsborough*.)
- Stockport** (Cheshire).—L. & N.W.R.; M.R.; G.N.R. Mersey. Tame. (See *Runcorn*.)
- Stogumber** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Williton brook; trout. (See *Williton*.)
- Stoke** (Suffolk).—G.E.R. Stour. Birdsbrook, $2\frac{1}{2}$ m. S.W. Albery brook, 3 m. W. (c.s. S. and E.) (See *Manningtree*.)
- Stoke Edith** (Hereford). G.W.R. Frome (1 m.) (See *Chepstow*.)
- Stoke Ferry** (Norfolk).—G.E.R. Wissey. (c.s. N. and S.) Barton brook. Lakes: Diddington Hall Lake, 5 m. S.E. (See *King's Lynn*.)
- Stoke Fleming** (Devon).—(N.s. **Dartmouth**, 2 m.) Blackpool Water. This stream is some 4 m. long, and divides into two branches a mile above its mouth.
- Stoke-on-Trent** (Stafford).—L. & N.W.R.; M.R. Trent. (c.s.) Fowler brook. (See *Gainsborough*.)
- Stokesley** (York).—N.E.R. Ralsdale beck, 4 m. S. Bilsdale beck, 4 m. S. Leph, 6 m. S.E. (See *Wressell*.)
- Stone** (Stafford).—L. & N.W.R. Trent. (c.s.) Filly brook. Modderahall brook. Lakes: Modderahall Mill. Swinnerton Park, 3 m. W. Trentham Park, 4 m. N. (See *Gainsborough*.)
- Stonehouse** (Gloucester).—G.W.R.; M.R. Frome. Frome rises in Miserden Park (n.s. **Stroud**, 8 m.), runs to Sapperton 6 m., **Brimacombe** 4 m., and **Stroud** 3 m. Hero-Slean brook, Painswick brook, and Nailsworth brook join Frome. Slean brook is 3 m. long, and working 7 mills, joins on right bank. Painswick brook rises by Cranham (n.s. **Worton**, 4 m.) in two branches, each working a mill, runs $1\frac{1}{2}$ m., where a stream, 1 m. long, working a mill, joins on left bank. Painswick is 1 m. down, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. below which a stream, 2 m. long and working 4 mills, joins on right bank. **Stroud** is 3 m. on. Nailsworth brook joins Frome on left bank. This stream rises by Cherrington in a pond, and runs 4 m. to **Nailsworth**. 1 m. down, a short stream joins on left bank, which rises in some large ponds 2 m. up. Nailsworth runs to **Woodchester** 1 m., and Frome 2 m. Frome runs to **Stonehouse** 3 m., and 6 m. down joins the Severn estuary.
- Stonesleigh** (Warwick).—(n.s. **Kenilworth**, 3 m.) Avon; chub, dace, roach, pike, perch, bream. Sow. (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.)
- Stoney Stratford** (Bucks).—N.s. **Wolverton**, 2 m. Ouse; coarse fish, except barbel; mostly private. (c.s. N. and S.) Lakes: Whittlewood Forest ponds, 4 m. N.W. (See *King's Lynn*.)
- Stourbridge** (Stafford).—G.W.B. Stour. (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.)
- Stourport** (Worcester).—G.W.B. Severn; salmon, trout, grayling, chub, dace, pike, perch, &c. Gladder brook. Stour. Dick brook (3 m. S.W.). Shrawley brook (7 m. S.W.). Lakes: Sharpley pool (4 m. S.). Frog pool (5 m. S.). Witley Court ponds (7 m. S.W.); pike, perch, roach, &c.; leave from Lady Dudley's steward sometimes. (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s.)
- Stow** (Gloucester).—G.W.R. 2 m. off is Donnington Mill Pool and Dickler River; trout. (See *London, U.T.*)
- Stowmarket** (Suffolk).—G.E.R. Gipping; roach, perch, pike, tench; preserved by Stowmarket Angling Society; sec., G. Tydeman, Esq.; s.t. 6s., d.t. 6d., from Mr. Dudley, Market-place. Battlesden brook. (See *Ipswich*.)
- Stow Park** (Lincoln).—G.N.E.; G.E.R. Trent, 2 m. W.; chub, pike, perch. (c.s.) (See *Gainsborough*.) Tilt, 3 m. S.E., at Tilt Bridge. (See *Boston*.)
- Stratford** (Essex).—G.E.R. Hotel: White Hart. On Lea. The Lea rises 6 m. N.W. of **Luton** (M.R.; G.N.R.), $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. below which town it flows through Luton Park (Baroness de Falbe), where it waters a large lake containing very large pike. Leave is sometimes given on proper application. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. below the outfall **New Mill End Station** is reached. The Lea runs next to **Harpenden** 3 m.; to **Wheathampstead** 2 m. 3 m. below, Lea runs through Brocket Hall, making a large lake. **Hatfield** is 2 m. on, thence to **Hertford** is 6 m. A little above Hertford the Mimram joins Lea on the left bank. This stream rises 5 m. N.W. of Codicote, passing in its way through a large lake in Kimpton Hoo Park, and then runs 3 m. to **Welwyn**; from thence to its junction with Lea is 6 m. At **Hertford**, Beame river joins Lea on the left bank. This stream rises 3 m. N. of **Stevenage**. 7 m. below, a brook joins on the left bank, which has a course of 10 m., and flows by Walkern and Aston. 1 m. below the junction Watton is reached. Here the Beame runs through Woodhall Park, forming a large lake. From hence to Hertford is 5 m. Just below **Hertford** the Rib river joins Lea. This stream rises by Buckland, flows 4 m. to **Buntingford**. In 2 m. the stream runs to **Westmill**; $2\frac{1}{2}$ m. down, at **Braughing**, Quin river joins Rib on left bank. This stream has a course of 10 m., passing the villages of Great and Little Hornead about the centre of the river. $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. down the united streams **How Street** station is reached. From hence to **Hertford** is 10 m. The Lea now flows in 2 m. to

- Ware**; $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. below, Ash joins on the left bank. This brook rises by Furneaux Pelham, and, in a course of 10 m., flows to **Kadham Cross**, thence in $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. to **Widford**, and then $\frac{1}{2}$ m. to the Lea. From this junction to **St. Margaret's** is 1 m. 2 m. below Stort joins Lea on left bank. This stream rises by Measden, and runs 12 m. to **Stansted**, passing in its way Clavering, Bearden, and Manewden. From Stansted to **Bishop Stortford** (fishing preserved, and very good) is 3 m.; thence to **Sawbridgeworth** is 5 m. $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. below, Pincey brook joins Stort on left bank. This stream is 11 m. long, rising by **Takeley**. 1 m. down from the junction of Pincey with Stort **Harlow** is reached. $2\frac{1}{2}$ m. down we reach **Burnt Mill**. 1 m. above this place a stream joins on the right bank, which feeds a large lake in New Place. From Burnt Mill to **Boydton** is 3 m. Here a stream joins on the right bank, which runs out of a large lake at Hunsdon Grange and two other ponds on the right of the road. From **Boydton** to Hunsdon fishing is private; and from Hunsdon to the junction of Stort and Lea at **Hoddesdon** belongs to Rye House fishery. (See *Rye House*.) From Hoddesdon to **Broxbourne** is $2\frac{1}{2}$ m., **Cheshunt** $3\frac{1}{2}$ m., **Waltham** $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. below, Cobbin's brook, which rises near Epping, and has a course of 7 m., joins Lea on left bank. 4 m. on **Enfield** is reached; **Park Station** 3 m.; **Tottenham**, 2 m.; **Lea Bridge**, $2\frac{1}{2}$ m., and Stratford, 3 m. 4 m. down, Lea joins Thames. The fishing at Stratford is poor; a few bream and roach, barbel and foundlers.
- Stratford-on-Avon** (Warwick).—L. & N.W.R.; G.W.R. On Avon; pike, bream, roach, perch, chub, dace, carp. *Hotel*: Shakespeare. The Avon is preserved by the corporation; s.t. (including pike), 10s.; m.t. 2s. 6d.; w.t. 2s.; d.t. 1s.; excluding pike, s.t. 5s.; m.t. 2s. 6d.; w.t. 1s.; d.t. 6d. Tickets at the hotels. Stour (1 m.). Dene (5 m. N.E.). Theleford brook (7 m. N.E.). (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.)
- Strensall** (York).—N.E.R. Foss. Foss Navigation cut, 1 m. N.E. Whitecar beck, 1 m. N.E. (See *York*.)
- Stretford** (Lancs).—L. & N.W.R.; G.N.R. Mersey. Gore brook. (See *Runcorn*.)
- Stretham** (Cambs).—G.E.R. Ouse; coarse fish, except barbel. (c.s. *N. and S.*) (See *Thetford, King's Lynn*.)
- Stretton** (Derby).—M.R. Stretton brook. Amber, 1 m. Westwood brook, 2 m. S.E. at Morton. (See *Gainsborough*.)
- Strines** (Derby).—M.R.; G.C.R. Goyt or Mersey. (See *Runcorn*.)
- Stroud** (Gloucester).—G.W.R. Frome; a few trout and coarse fish. Slean brook. Painswick brook. Nailsworth brook. (See *Stonehouse*.) Pike and coarse fishing in the canal.
- Stubbins** (Lancs).—L. & Y.R. Irwell. (See *Runcorn*.)
- Studley** (Warwick).—L. & N.W.R. Arrow; pike, perch, chub, dace, bream, few trout. (See *Gloucester*.)
- Sturmer** (Essex).—G.E.R. Stour. Albery brook. Birdbrook, 1 m. S. (c.s. *S. and E.*) (See *Manningtree*.)
- Sturminster Newton** (Dorset).—S. & D.J.R. Stour; chub, dace, pike, perch; free, good fishing. (c.s.) Divilsh. (c.s. *Avon*.) Lidden; trout. (c.s. *Avon*.) (See *Christchurch*.) *Hotel*: River Arms; comfortable.
- Sturry** (Kent).—S.E. & L.C. & D. Joint R. On Stour. (See *Sandwich*.) 2 m. of the river belong to Mr. W. Cannon (preserved also by Stour Fishery Protection Association). (See *Canterbury*.) (c.s.)
- Stutton** (York).—N.E.R. Cock beck. Wharfe, 1 m. N. (c.s. *York*.) (See *York*.)
- Sudbury** (Derby).—G.N.R.; N.S.R. Dove; coarse fish, trout, grayling; preserved by Burton-on-Trent Angling Association; hon. sec., R. Clarke, Esq., Burton-on-Trent; s.t. 40s.; salmon and trout rod licences from J. C. Perfect, Esq. (c.s. *Trent*.) Cubley brook, 2 m. E. *Lakes*: pond at Aldermoor, 3 m. N.; Foston Hall lake, 3 m. E. (See *Gainsborough*.)
- Sudbury** (Suffolk).—G.E.R. Stour; pike, perch, roach, carp, dace, bream, tench (c.s. *Suffolk and Essex*.) Bardfield brook, 1 m. N.W. Melford brook, 4 m. N.W. Glemsford brook, 4 m. N.; same fish as Stour. Boxford, 6 m. N.E. (See *Manningtree*.)
- Summerseat** (Lancs).—L. & Y.R. Irwell. (See *Runcorn*.)
- Sunbury** (Middx).—L. & S.W.R. Thames. (See *London, L.T.*) *Hotels*: Magpie, Flower-pot, and Weir. *Fishermen*: T. A., and J. Stroud, E. Clarke and Sons.
- Surfleet** (Lincoln).—G.N.R. Welland. Glen. (See *Spalding*.)
- Sutton** (Notts).—M.R. Maun. *Lakes*: Bath Wood. King's Mill reservoir, 1 m. N.E. (See *Althorpe*.)
- Sutton Bingham** (Somerset).—L. & S.W.R. (See *Bridgwater*.)
- Sutton Coldfield** (Warwick).—L. & N.W.R.; M.R. East brook. Langley brook, 3 m. E. *Lakes*: Bracebridge pool, 2 m. N.W. Doves pool; tench, perch; fishing very good; preserved by a club of limited numbers. Blackroot pool, 1 m. N.W. Long Moor Mill pond. Powells pool. Windley pool, 1 m. S.W. Langley Hall ponds, 2 m. E. Canwell Hall pond, 4 m. N.E. Bourne pool, 4 m. N.W. (See *Gainsborough*.)
- Sutton-on-Derwent** (York), n.s. **Fangfoss**, 5 m.—Derwent; pike, chub, &c.; free. Foss beck, 3 m. S. (See *Wresley*.)
- Sutton-on-Hull** (York).—N.E.R. Hull, 1 m. S.W. (See *Hull*.) (c.s. *York*.)
- Sutton-on-Trent** (Notts), n.s. **Crow Park**, 2 m.—M.R.; G.N.R. Trent; pike, roach, dace, chub, grayling. (c.s.) Gilton brook. Grassthorpe brook, 2 m. N. *Lakes*: The Fleet, 2 m. E. Blackpool, Nuns pool, and Cowarth pool, 3 m. S.E. Collingham ponds, 4 m. S.E. (See *Gainsborough*.)

- Swadlincote** (Stafford).—M.R. Repton brook, 2 m. N.E. *Lakes*: Glover mill, 2 m. N.E. Hartshorn ponds and Serew Mill pond, 3 m. N.E. Breby Park ponds, 3 m. N. Repton rocks pond, 4 m. N.E. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Swaffham** (Norfolk).—G.E.B. Nar, 4 m. N., at Castle Acre; good trouting; strictly preserved. (*See King's Lynn.*)
- Swainthorpe** (Northolk).—G.E.R. Tese. Yare, 3 m. N. *Lakes*: Bracon Hall and Carlton Lodge, 2 m. W. (*See Yarmouth.*)
- Swanage** (Dorset).—L. & S.W.R. Round Peveril Ledge and Darlestone Head is good pollack fishing to St. Alban's Head; also bass. Eels for bait procurable in the brook.
- Swanbourn** (Bucks).—L. & N.W.R. *Lakes*: Whaddon, 3 m. N. (*See King's Lynn.*)
- Swannington** (Leicester).—M.R. Dishley brook, 2 m. N.E. Seuce, 2 m. S. *Lakes*: Coleorton pools, 2 m. N.W. Old reservoir, 4 m. N.E. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Swavesey** (Cambs).—G.E.R. Onse; coarse fish, except barbel; good fishing; preserved by Cambridge and Ely Angling Society (*see Cambridge.*) (c.s. N. and S.) Inn, Boat, New Staunth, Over. (*See King's Lynn.*)
- Swimbridge** (Devon).—G.W.R. Swimbridge water. (*See Barnstaple.*)
- Swinderby** (Lincoln).—M.R. Gilton brook. *Lakes*: Skelmires pond, 2 m. S.E. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Swindon** (Wilts).—G.W.R. On Ray and Coate; coarse fish and a few trout. (*See London, U.T.*) In Coate Reservoir, (pike, roach, tench), the source of Coate, 2 m. off, good fishing from May 1 to Feb. 28. S.t., 2d. 2s. d.t., 1s. 6d. *Hotel*: Goddard Arms.
- Swinehead** (Lincoln).—G.N.R. Hammond Beck. (*See Boston.*)
- Swinton** (Yorks).—G.C.B.; M.B. Don. (c.s. Yorkshire.) (*See Goole.*)
- Syston** (Leicester).—M.R. Wreak; roach, bream, pike, perch, chub; preserved by Leicester Angling Society. (*See Leicester.*) (c.s. Trent.) Barkby brook. Soar, 1 m. W.; preserved by L.A.S. (*See Leicester.*) (c.s. Trent.) (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Tadcaster** (York).—N.E.R. Wharfe; salmon, coarse fish; mostly free, except for salmon the tide flows to Tadcaster Bridge. (c.s. York.) Cock beck, 1 m. S. Foss, 3 m. N., at Wighill. Catterstone beck, 2 m. N.E. (*See York.*)
- Takeley** (Essex).—G.E.R. (*See Barking and Stratford.*) On Roding and Pincey brook.
- Tallington** (Lincoln).—G.N.R. Welland; pike, perch, dace; private. (*See Spalding.*)
- Tamworth** (Stafford).—L. & N.W.R. Tame; few chub, dace, &c.; much polluted. (c.s. Trent.) Anker. (c.s. Trent.) Bourne brook; trout, grayling; preserved by landowners. *Lakes*: Drayton Park, 2 m. S. Middleton Park, 4 m. S. Canwell Hall, 4 m. S.W. Swinfen Hall, 5 m. N.W. Freeford Hall, 6 m. N.W. (*See Gainsborough.*) *Hotel*: Castle.
- Tanfield** (York).—N.E.R. Yore; trout, grayling, pike, perch; preserved for 6 m. on N. bank by Tanfield Angling Club of 30 at 4l. 4s., and 3l. 3s. entrance fee; the S. side of river is private, leave sometimes given. 2 m. down the river, and adjoining the club water, Sir Reginald Graham preserves and grants leave sometimes. (c.s. York.) *Hotel*: Bruce Arms; good fishing attached. (*See York.*)
- Taplow** (Bucks).—G.W.R. Thames. (*See London, M.T., Maidenhead.*)
- Tarset** (Northland.).—On North Tyne; trout; the river is, we believe, preserved by a society who will give leave. The fishing is first-rate. (c.s.)
- Tattenhall** (Cheshire).—L. & N.W.R. Keys brook. (*See Chester.*)
- Tattershall** (Lincoln).—G.N.R. Bain. Witham, 1 m. W. (*See Boston.*)
- Taunton** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Tone; trout, dace, roach, perch, tench, and pike. Kingston brook; trout. Black brook; trout. (*See Bridgwater.*) Tone is preserved above the town by an association; trouting poor. The best is at Bradford, 4 m. up, where the association water ends. Below the town are many weirs where very large trout are constantly taken, also many coarse fish. The pike fishing is good below the town. Leave from the millers and the land owners. Small perch, roach, tench, and eels, in the Bridgwater canal. (c.s. Avon.) Otter rises 8 m. off. (c.s.) (*See Ottery St. Mary.*) *Tackleist*, G. Hinton, Fore-street.
- Tavistock** (Devon).—G.W.R.; L. & S.W.R. Tavy; trout, salmon peel, salmon; preserved by Tavy, Walkham, and Plym Fishing Association; s.t. 20s., d.t. 1s. Lumburn brook (2 m.); trout, peel; preserved as above. Tamar (3 m.); trout, salmon, peel. Walcombe (3 m.); trout, peel, salmon; preserved as above. Plym, 5 m.; trout, peel, salmon; preserved as above. Meavy, 5 m.; trout, peel, salmon; preserved as above. (c.s. Tamar.) (*See Plymouth.*) *Hotel*: Bedford.
- Tebay** (Westland.).—L. & N.W.R. (*See Borrowbridge.*) Lane; trout, salmon; trouting, free. Borrow Beck and Howgill are good streams.
- Tedingham Bridge** (Yorks).—By rail to West Hesterton Station. On Derwent; pike, roach, grayling, and chub. Free.
- Teddington** (Middx.).—L. & S.W.R. Thames, and a branch of Colne. (*See London, L.T.*) *Inns*: Anglers, The Cottage, and Royal Oak. *Fishermen*: R. Harmour, J. Stephens, W. and S. and P. McBride, G. Holland. Above the lock and at the weir is some good pike and perch fishing.
- Teigngrace** (Devon).—G.W.R. On Teign. (c.s.) (*See Teignmouth.*)
- Teignmouth** (Devon).—G.W.R. On Teign. Teign rises in the heart of Dartmoor. In 5 m. it is joined by a small stream, and 4 m. on is joined by the South Teign on the right bank, which has a course of 5 m. 1 m. down, a stream, 7 m. long, joins on the left hand. This stream rises in Rayburrow pool, and passes the villages of Throwleigh and Gidleigh, the latter 1 m. from the junction with Teign. 1 m. on Chagford is reached. *Hotels*:

Moor Park, Three Crowns, Globe, Monte Rosa Boarding House. Trout are plentiful from the source down. The Upper Teign Association preserves the water from Chagford Bridge to Steps Bridge, 12 m.; fishing begins March 3, ends Sept. 30.; s.t. 21s.; d.t. 2s. 6d., from Mr. C. G. Hayter Hames and Mr. Perrott, Chagford; d.t. to be also had from Mr. Prickman, 12, North-street, Exeter; White Hart and White Horse Hotels, Moretonhampstead; Moor Park Hotel, Chagford; Royal Oak, Dunsford; Sandy Park Inn and Druid Arms, Drewsteignton. No dogs. No wading except between Clifford and Stepsbridge, and no Sunday fishing. The nearest railway is **Moretonhampstead**, 5 m. for the upper part of the water, and **Ashton**, 4 m. from Stepsbridge, for the lower portion. 3 m. down, by the village of Drewsteignton, a stream, 4 m. long, joins on the left bank; 2 m. on, Wood brook joins on the left bank. $\frac{3}{4}$ m. down—at the village of Dunsford, 4 m. from Moreton—a brook, 4 m. long, joins on the right bank, and 1 m. on another 4 m. long. 2 m. on, Cherry brook, 4 m. long, joins on the left, 2 m. on a stream joins on the right bank. This stream rises 2 m. east of **Moreton**, and is 6 m. long. **Lustleigh** is $\frac{1}{2}$ m. west of the middle part of this stream. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down Teign a small stream runs close by the village of **Trusham**, 1 m. from the junction. 2 m. down a stream joins on the left bank, which passes by **Chudleigh** (Hotel: Clifford Arms), and joins Teign 1 m. from the town. All these streams contain more or less trout. $2\frac{1}{4}$ m. down Teign, Bovey joins. This stream rises 5 m. west of **Moreton**, close to the Prince Town road, and 7 m. down is joined by Hele Brook on the right bank. This stream rises on the slopes of Hamldown, and is 3 m. long. (The fishing, which is very good, is reserved by the farmers, but leave may often be obtained.) Bovey next flows past North Bovey (where lodgings can be had, and here is also a good boarding house close to the water; the fishing is preserved by W. F. D. Smith, Esq., M.P.) $2\frac{1}{2}$ m. on is Lustleigh Cleave. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. below, Beckey joins on the right bank. This stream, with a course of 4 m., rises 2 m. east of Widcombe on the moor. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down Bovey, Wrey joins on the left bank, which rises near Moreton, runs 4 m. to **Lustleigh**, and joins Bovey 1 m. on. The river now runs in 2 m. to **Bovey Tracey**, and 4 m. down it joins Teign. 1 m. down Teign, at **Teigngrace**, a stream 4 m. long joins on the right bank; and $\frac{1}{2}$ m. further on a stream, 3 m. long, joins on the left bank. 1 m. on is **Newton Abbot**; the tide flows to this point. The Lower Teign Fishing Association preserves the rivers from Steps Bridge and Bovey to **Newton**. Trout, peel, salmon. S.t. 15s. 6d., to permanent residents within 2 m. of the Teign and Bovey; for others the price is 2l. 2s.; for *bond fide* resident friends of members, m.t. 10s.; w.t. 5s.; fishing begins March 3, and ends (trout) Sept. 30, (salmon) Oct. 31; no Sunday fishing or dogs; sec., H. G. Michellmore, Esq., Devon, Newton Abbott. No wading, and nothing but fly allowed before June; no wading in Bovey at any time, and the artificial minnow allowed only from June 1; no gaff can be used before May 1. At Newton, Leman, 8 m. long, which holds a few trout, joins on the right bank. Tickets for both associations from the secretaries and all hotels and inns near the river, and the tackle shops at Exeter, Newton, and Teignmouth. At Teignmouth bass may be taken about the bar, at the harbour entrance. Dabs outside on sandy ground; also mackerel, pollack, and whiting, the latter in the autumn near the coast, but in early summer far in the offing. Yachts can be hired here. Bass fishing best at spring tides; Ferry Point is the best position. Sand-eel seines kept here. *Hotels*: Royal, Queen's, London.

Temple Combe (Somerset).—L. & S.W.R. On Cale and Bow brook; rudd and perch, where ponds have been made; leave from the owners. (*See Christchurch*.)

Temple Hurst (York).—G.N.B. Aire. (c.s. York.) (*See Rawcliffe*.)

Temple Sowerby.—N.E.R. On Eden; salmon and trout; preserved by an association. (*See Carlisle*.) (c.s.)

Tempsford (Beds).—G.N.B. Ouse; coarse fish, except barbel. (c.s. N. and S.) Ivel; same fish. (*See King's Lynn*.)

Tenbury (Worcester).—G.W.R. Hotel: Swan. Teme; trout, grayling, chub, perch, pike, roach, dace; preserved by the Tenbury Angling Association from Tenbury Bridge to Rochford Ford; tickets by month or week at the Swan; sec., W. Norris. Below Newnham the river is strictly private. Ledwyeh; trout, grayling; the best fishing is at Burford, a portion of which is preserved by Lady Northwick. Kyre; trout; preserved by landowners. Cadmore brook (2 m. W.). Corn brook (2 m. E.). Bea ($2\frac{1}{2}$ m. E.); trout, grayling, chub. *Lakes*: Kyre pool (4 m. S.E.). Wootton pool (5 m. N.). (*See Gloucester*.) (c.s. Severn.)

Teversall (Notts).—M.R. Meden. Doe Lea, 3 m. N.W. *Lates*: Car ponds, 3 m. N.W. Great pond, 3 m. N.W. Millers pond, 3 m. N.W. Stainsby pond, 4 m. N.W. (*See Althorpe, Golea*.)

Tewkesbury (Gloucester).—M.R. Severn; chub, dace, roach, pike, perch, salmon. Avon; chub, dace, roach, pike, perch, bream; preserved by a society; tickets at the Record Office. Ripple brook. Carant brook. Tirle brook. Swilgate (1 m.). *Hotels*: Swan, Bell, and Black Bear. (*See Gloucester*.) (c.s.)

Thame (Oxon).—G.W.R. Thame. (*See London, M.T.*) Hotel: Spread Eagle.

Thames Ditton (Surrey).—L. & S.W.R. Thames. (*See London, L.T.*) Hotel: Swan. *Fishermen*: C., W., E., and A. Tagg. H. Hammerton.

Thatcham (Berks.).—G.W.R. Kennett; pike, perch, chub, dace, trout; preserved by the Newbury Angling Society. (*See London, M.T.*; *Newbury*.)

Theale (Berks.).—G.W.R. Kennett. (*See London, M.T.*)

Theddlethorpe (Lincoln).—G.N.B. Withern. (*See Saltfleet*.)

- Thelwall** (Cheshire).—L. & N.W.B. Mersey. (*See Runcorn*.)
- Thetford** (Cambs).—N.s. **Stretham**, 2 m. Ouse; coarse fish, except barbel. (*c.s. N. and S.*) Cam: same fish. (*See King's Lynn*.)
- Thetford** (Norfolk).—G.E.R. Little Ouse; pike and coarse fish; private above; permission frequently given; free below. Thet; pike, coarse fish; private. *Fms*: Bell, Anchor (boats free). Temperance. (*See King's Lynn*.)
- Thirsk** (York).—N.E.R. Cod beck; trout, grayling; preserved by Major Mott, of Kilvington Hall, from Braywith Bridge to Spittal beck; from Spittal beck to Swale preserved by the Thirsk Angling Club of limited numbers. *Ellers* beck, 2 m. N. Fisher beck, 2 m. S.E. Wiske, 4 m. N.W.; grayling, trout, dace, chub, pike; preserved. (*c.s. York*.) Willow beck, 4 m. S.E. Swale, 4 m. W. at Skipton. (*c.s. York*.) Hood beck, 4 m. S.E. (*See York*.)
- Thorington** (Essex).—G.E.R. 1 m. S.W. from the station is a large mill head at Thorington Mill.
- Thornbury** (Gloucester).—M.B. Bradley brook. 1 m. N. runs Moreton brook, 5 m. long. (*See Bristol*.)
- Thorne** (Yorks).—G.C.R.; N.E.R. Don. (*c.s. Yorkshire*.) Went, 4 m. N. (*See Goole*.)
- Thornton** (Yorks).—M.B.; L. & Y.R. Elslack. Bradford beck. Clayton beck. (*See Rauccliffe*.) Ulceby beck. (*See Ulceby*.)
- Thornton Dale** (York).—N.E.R. Thornton beck; trout; preserved by Rev. J. E. Hill. Pickering beck, 3 m. W. Derwent, 3 m. S. (*See Wressle*.)
- Thorpe** (Essex).—G.W.R. Holland brook. This brook rises 7 m. above Thorpe, and joins the sea 6 m. down, 2 m. E. of Clacton.
- Thorpe** (Northton).—L. & N.W.B. Nen: pike, perch, bream, chub, tench. (*See Wisbeach*.) Steeping river. (*See Wainfleet*.)
- Thorpe Arch** (York).—N.E.R. Wharfe. (*c.s. York*.) (*See York*.)
- Thorverton** (Devon).—G.W.R. Exe; trout, salmon, dace; preserved hence up to within a mile of Bickleigh by the Up Exe Fishing Association; sec. Mr. W. C. James, Thorverton; s.t. 31s. 6d.; half season, from May 2, 21s.; m.t. 15s.; w.t., 7s. 6d.; worm fishing between June 15 and Aug. 31, minnow between May 2 and Aug. 31; season from Feb. 15 to Aug. 31; no wading until May 2, except on property of H. A. Troyle, Esq., where only fly is allowed. Trout licence, 2s. 6d., from Exe Conservators necessary. Salmon fishing may be practised by ticket holders if licensed; licence 1l. (*c.s.*) (*See Exeter*.) The Lower Exe United Fishing Association preserves the water down to Cowley Bridge; troutling poor, perch, dace, pike; s.t. 21s.; d.t. to May 1, 5s.; for rest of season, 2s. 6d.; no restrictions on rod and line fishing, which begins Feb. 15, ends Aug. 31.
- Thrapston** (Northton).—L. & N.W.R.; M.B. Nen: pike, perch, chub, tench. Harper's brook, 1 m. N. (*See Wisbeach*.) Tackleist, A. Bargh, Bridge-street.
- Three Bridges** (Sussex).—L.B. & S.C.R. Mole. (*See London, L.T.*)
- Thursford** (Norfolk).—G.E.R. *Lakes*: Gunthorpe Hall, 2 m. N.E.
- Thurston** (Suffolk).—G.E.R. (*See Ipsworth*.) *Lakes*: Drinkstone Park, 4 m. S.E. (*See King's Lynn*.)
- Thurtlebury** (Worcester).—G.W.R. Dovedale brook (2 m. E). Severn (3 m. W.); chub, dace, roach, pike, perch, trout, salmon. (*See Gloucester*.) (*c.s. Severn*.)
- Ticehurst** (Sussex).—S.E.R. (*See Rye*.) On Rother. (*c.s.*)
- Tickhill** (York), n.s. **Bawtry**, 4 m.—Torne, 1 m. S. *Lakes*: Sandbeck Park, 2 m. S. (*See Althorpe*.)
- Tiddington** (Oxon).—G.W.R. Thame. (*See London, M.T.*)
- Timperley** (Cheshire).—L. & N.W.B.; G.N.R.; M.B. Wych brook. (*See Runcorn*.)
- Tintern** (Monmouth).—G.W.R. Wye; chub, dace, pike, salmon. (*c.s.*) (*See Chepstow*.) Hotel: Beaufort Arms.
- Tipton** (Devon).—L. & S.W.R. Otter; trout. (*See Ottery St. Mary*.)
- Tisbury** (Wilts).—L. & S.W.R. Nadder; trout, roach, dace. Chalk Stream. (*See Christchurch*.) (*c.s. Avon*.)
- Titley** (Hereford).—G.W.R. Arrow; trout, grayling, dace; preserved by a club of limited numbers above. (*c.s. Wye*.) (*See Chepstow*.)
- Tiverton** (Devon).—G.W.R. Exe, Loman, and Dart; trout, salmon. Preserved from Bickleigh Bridge, 4 m. below Tiverton, to Duvalle Bridge, by the Tiverton Angling Association. S.t. only, 30s. Fishing very good. There are some 4 m. of fishing in and close to the town, limited to residents at a nominal price. Wading is necessary. The Exe is a very early river. (*See Exeter*.) Hotels: Angel and Palmerston.
- Tiverton Junction** (Devon).—G.W.R. Culm; trout; s.t., 21s.; w.t., 4s.; d.t., 2s. Ashford brook. Inn: Railway; good fisherman's accommodation. (*See Exeter*.)
- Todmorden** (Lancs).—L. & Y.R. Calder. (*c.s. York*.) *Lakes*: Lee ponds, 2 m. S.E. at Lee. Redmires dam, 3 m. W. (*See Rauccliffe*.)
- Toller** (Dorset).—G.W.R. On Frome. (*See Wareham and Bridport*.) (*c.s.*)
- Tollerton** (York).—N.E.R. Kyle. Ouse at **Aldwicks**, 4 m. W., and Linton lock, 3 m. S., and 7 m. N.E. at Stillington. (*c.s. York*.) (*See York*.)
- Tonbridge** (Kent).—S.E.R. On Medway; roach, bream, chub, perch, pike, carp, tench, eels. A. and F.P. Society preserve the Medway and tributary streams from Ensfield Bridge, near Penshurst, to East Lock, near East Peckham. Here the Maidstone Club water begins.

- Sport good. Hon. sec., Mr. A. Barnes, 5, Summerhill-terrace, Tonbridge. *Hotels:* Rose and Crown, Bull, Castle.
- Tong** (Leicester).—M.R. Breedon. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Tongham** (Surrey).—L. & S.W.R. (*See London, L.T.*)
- Topcliffe** (York), n.s. **Sessay**.—Swale. (c.s. York.) Cod beck. (*See York.*)
- Topsham** (Devon).—L. & S.W.R. Clist. Greendale brook. Clist rises some 2 m. N. of Clist Hydon (n.s. **Mele**, 3 m.), runs to **Broad Clist**, 6 m. 2 m. down, close to the **Broad Clist** Station, South brook joins on left bank. South brook rises by **Whimble**, and 1½ m. down is joined by a small stream on left bank. 1½ m. down, a stream running by **Rockbere** joins South brook on left bank. **Broad Clist** Station is 1½ m. on. 1 m. down Clist, at **Honiton Clist**, **Halbrook** brook joins on left bank. **Halbrook** rises above **Faringdon Mill**, by **Aylsbere**, and is 3 m. long. Clist runs in 3 m. to **St. Mary's Clist** (plenty of dace below the mill and in its vicinity, very few trout so low down), where **Greendale** brook (4 m. long) joins on left bank. Clist now runs to **Topsham**, 2 m., and just beyond joins **Exe** Estuary. (*See c.s. Exe.*)
- Torcross** (Devon).—(n.s. **Kingsbridge**, **Dartmouth**, thence by coach.) *Hotel:* Torcross *Hotel* (*see Advertisement*). Good fishing, pike, perch, rudd in a large lake belonging to the hotel; bosta. The sea fishing is very good.
- Torksey** (Lincoln).—M.R. Trent; pike, roach, chub. (c.s.) **Foss Dyke** navigation. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Torquay**.—G.W.R. Angling from the pier for pollack, small mackerel, dabs, pont, sand smelts, and by throw-out lines for conger after sunset. The offing fishing for whiting has of late been poor until much after midsummer. Dabs and mackerel in the bay; the latter very uncertain. Pollack fishing by trawling or whipping; often good from **Arbriek Rock**, past **Corbyan**, and by **Livermead Head**; also at the back of **Paignton** old pier to middle of July; also from back of **Torquay** pier, past **London Bridge** to **Shag**, **Thatcher**, **Orestone**, and **Flat Rocks**. In **Thatcher Gut**, good drift-line fishing for pollack, with some bass and large mackerel. Sand eels for bait often obtainable at **Paignton**, where seine nets are kept for their capture. Worms from the peat at **Tor Abbey** sands; pilchards and squid from seine-boats at **Brixham**. At **Thatcher Gut**, moor: twenty yards inside the rock, at two hours flood of spring tide until one hour ebb; at neaps (not so good) from three hours flood to high water. Capital trouting can be had in **Tottiford** and **Kennick** reservoirs, near **Lustleigh**; for particulars apply to **F. S. Hex, Esq.**, town clerk, **Torquay**. Yachts and boats, **Brown Brothers**. (*See Babacombe, Teignmouth, Paignton, Brixham, Dartmouth, and Bovey.*) Indian rubber spinning baits useful.
- Torrington** (Devon).—L. & S.W.R. On **Torrridge**; salmon peel, trout, and dace. **Langtree** brook. Woolly v brook; trout. *Hotel:* The **Globe**. Lodgings can be had. Apply, with stamped envelope, to **J. D. Bastard**, fishing-tackle maker (*see Advertisement*). The **Taw** is 8 m. distant. The time for salmon is either late or early. Plenty of peel after summer flood. Visitors to the **Globe** can fish in 8 m. of preserved water. There are 2 m. of free fishing. The landlord of the **Globe** preserves 1 m. of fishing. (*See c.s. Taw.*) (*See Bideford.*) Free fishing at the **Half Moon Hotel**, **Sheepwash**. Permission also from **Hon. Mark Rolle** and **Lord Clinton**, but application must be made before the end of April.
- Torrington Park** (Herts).—G.N.R. **New River**. (*See London.*)
- Torver**.—F.R. (*see Coniston*). On **Coniston** lake and **Torver** beck. This stream rises in **Goat's Water**, 4 m. in the hills, and after running 2½ m. is joined on the right bank by **Ash Gill Beck**, 1½ m. from **Torver**. From **Torver** to the beck's junction with **Coniston** at **Oxen House** is 2 m. The river **Crake** drains **Coniston** at **High Nibthwaite**. At **Arklid Bridge**, 1 m. down, a burn joins the **Crake**, one branch of which runs out of **Beacon Tarn**, 3 m. off, and the other branch out of a small tarn, about the same distance. From **Arklid Bridge** to **Lowick Green**, where the next burn enters on the right hand, is 3 m., passing on our way **Birk Row Bridge**, and **Lowick Bridge**. This burn rises in two hill lochs, some 2 m. off. 1 m. on from this burn **Spark Bridge** is reached. From thence to the junction of the **Crake** with the **Duddon**, at **Greenould**, is 3 m., passing **Penny Bridge**. (c.s. **Kent**.)
- Totnes** (Devon).—G.W.R. (*See Dartmouth.*) *Hotels:* **Seymour**, **Seven Stars**, **Commercial**, and **Castle**. On **Dart**; trout and salmon; fishing from the **Conservators** from here up stream to **Dartmoor**. Apply to landlord. Licences at the **Seymour**. Fishing with **Association** ticket up to **Buckfastleigh**, except a small portion at **Buckfastleigh**, for which tickets must be had from **A. Michelmores**, of **Berry Pomeroy**; and on the **Dartington** estate, preserved by **A. Champenowne, Esq.**, **Dartington Hall**. *Tacklet, J. Selwood.*
- Tottenham** (Middx.).—G.E.R. (*See Stratford*). On **Lea**; dace, roach, chub, barbel jack, &c. Tickets: Yearly, 21s., including trolling, or 10s. 6d. for bottom fishing only, or 1s. a day. *Inn:* **Ferry Boat House**. At **Edmonton** (**Park** station, G.E.R.) is another preserve with some good jacking; terms as above.
- Towcester** (Northton).—L. & N.W.R. **Yore**. **Blakesley** brook (2 m.). (*See King's Lynn.*)
- Tram Inn** (Hereford).—G.W.R. **Worm** brook (1 m.). **Gage** brook (3 m.). *Lakes:* **Allenmore** House ponds (1 m.). (*See Chepstow.*)
- Tredegar** (Monmouth).—G.W.R.; L. & N.W.R. **Sirhowey**; trout. **Nant-y-llecha** (2 m.). (*See Newport.*)
- Tredegar Junction** (Monmouth).—S.R. **Sirhowey**; trout. (*See Newport.*)
- Treeton** (Derby).—M.R. **Bother**. (*See Goole.*)
- Trevil** (Monmouth).—L. & N.W.R. **Sirhowey** (3 m.). *Lakes:* **Llyn-garn-fawr** (3 m.). (*See Newport.*)

- Tregony** (Cornwall).—(n.s. **Grampound Road**, 5 m.) On Fal; trout. (*See Grampound*.) 2 m. off runs Polglaze brook, 4 m. long; trout. (*c.s. Fowey*.)
- Trent** (Leicester).—M.B. Trent; roach, dace, perch, pike, chub, bream. (*c.s.*) Soar; same fish. (*c.s. Trent*.) Deiwent, 3 m. N.W.; same fish. (*c.s. Trent*.) Erewash, 3 m. N.E. (*See Gainsborough*.)
- Trentham** (Stafford).—L. & N.W.B. Trent. (*c.s.*) Northwood brook. Longton brook. Lyme, 2 m. N. *Lakes*: Trentham Park. Handchurch Farm, 1 m. W. (*See Gainsborough*.)
- Trowbridge** (Wilts).—G.W.R. (*See Bristol*.) Biss; coarse fish, few trout; polluted below the town; leave freely given. Avon (1½ m. N.); pike, perch, roach, dace, chub, carp, tench, trout at the weirs; preserved by the Bradford and Avon Angling Association; s.t. 20s.; m.t., 2s. 6d.; w.t., 1s. 6d.; d.t., 6d. (*c.s.*) Whaddon brook, 2½ m.; trout, coarse fish. Frome (3 m. W.); trout; mostly preserved by W. H. Laverton, Esq., Westbury, but portions are open. In the canal, 1 m. off, are jack and perch. *Lakes*: Edington ponds; roach, tench. *Hotels*: George, Woolpack.
- Truro** (Cornwall).—G.W.R. St. Allen river; trouting good. Tregarthen water. St. Allen rises by St. Allen, and 5 m. down is joined by Boswallock water, 3 m. long, on right bank. 2 m. down, St. Allen reaches **Truro**. Here Tregarthen water, 4 m. long, joins on right bank (the brook holds good fish, but is much wooded.) 1 m. down St. Allen, Sevecock water joins on right bank. Sevecock rises 1 m. N. from **Chancewater Station**, runs 5 m. to **Truro**, and 2 m. down joins St. Allen. 1 m. down, Tresillian water, holding trout and grilse, joins on left bank; fishing very good. Tresillian rises by St. Enoder (n.s. **Grampound Road**, 6 m.), and 5 m. down, at Ladock (n.s. **Grampound Road**, 1½ m.), is joined by Trelassick Brook, 3 m. long, on right bank. Tresillian runs 3 m. to Probus (n.s. **Grampound Road**, 3 m.), and 1 m. down is joined on right bank by Kestle water, which rises 2 m. S. of St. Michael's (n.s. **Grampound Road**, 5 m.); in 3 m. passes 1 m. W. of Ladock, and 3 m. down joins Tresillian. 2 m. down Tresillian, Woodland Brook (plenty of small trout), which rises by St. Erme (n.s. **Truro**, 4 m.), and is 5 m. long, joins on right bank. 3 m. down, Tresillian joins St. Allen and the estuary. The fishing in Tresillian is mostly free. In these brooks trout run 6 to the pound. The best flies—hare's ear, March brown, red palmer, black gnat, and coachman. The natural fernweb in May and June is most killing. The sea fishing is very good. (*See Perranzabuloe*.)
- Tunbridge Wells** (Kent).—L.B. & S.C.R. (*See Rochester*.) There is a mill-pond at Broomhill, 2 m. from here, where, by paying a shilling, angling may be had. There are some ponds at the High Rocks, where trout fishing can be had at the rate of 6d. per day. Good fishing at **Ashurst**, 3 m., and **Tonbridge**, 4 m. off; apply to landlord, Railway Hotel, Ashurst. *Hotels*: Royal Mount Ephraim, Castle.
- Tunstall** (Stafford).—L. & N.W.B.; M.B. Fowler brook. *Lakes*: Bath pool, 2 m. N.W. (*See Gainsborough*.) Good trouting in Tunstall and Waskerley reservoirs; preserved by a society; d.t., 5s.
- Turton** (Lancs.).—L. & Y.B. Bradshaw brook. (*See Runcorn*.)
- Turvey** (Beds).—M.B. Ouse; coarse fish, except barbel; fishing private. (*c.s. N. and S.*) (*See King's Lynn*.)
- Tutbury** (Stafford).—L. & N.W.B.; G.N.B.; M.R. Dove; chub, bream, barbel, pike, trout. (*c.s. Trent*.) Cubley brook, 2 m. W. Longford brook, 2 m. E. Rolleston brook, 2 m. S.E. Limberatch brook, 3 m. N. *Lakes*: Rolleston Hall lake, 2 m. S.E. Foston Hall lake, 3 m. N.W. (*See Gainsborough*.)
- Tuxford** (Notts).—G.N.B. Maun, 3 m. N.W. Bevercotes beck, 3 m. N.W. Idle, 4 m. N.W. (*c.s. Trent*.) Poulter, 4 m. N.W. Meden, 4 m. N.W. *Lakes*: Haughton Decoy and the lower ponds, 3 m. N.W. (*See Althorpe*.)
- Twickenham** (Middx.). L. & S.W.R. Thames and Yeddling Brook. (*See London, L.T.*) *Inns*: Queen's Head, Two Sawyers, Island, and White Swan. *Fishermen*: G. R. and J. Coxon, J. and R. Spong, J. Dunn, F. Hammerton, R. Moffat, S. Cole, G. Chamberlain, H. Spiers, D. Frost.
- Twiverton** (Somerset).—G.W.R. (*See Bristol*.) On Avon; roach, chub, dace, pike, perch, carp; fishing free. (*c.s.*) Newton brook, 1 m.; trout; preserved by W. Gore Langton, Esq., Newton St. Lo.
- Twyford** (Berks).—G.W.R. (*See London, M.T.*) Loddon; preserved by Reading and District and Henley Fisheries Preservation Associations; privilege tickets. 10s. 6d., to members only. Trout, pike, &c. Sec. F. Brown, Esq., 20, Blagrave-street, Reading, and A. E. Hobbs, Esq., Hart-street, Henley.
- Tydd St. Mary's** (Lincoln).—G.N.B. Nen. Muscal river. Fen drains. (*See Wisbeach*.)
- Tydu** (Monmouth).—G.W.B. Ebwy; trout, salmon. (*c.s. Usk*) (*See Newport*.)
- Tytherington** (Gloucester).—M.B. Laden. (*See Bristol*.)
- Uckfield** (Sussex).—L.B. & S.C.R. Ouse; trout, perch, jack. (*See Newhaven*.) (*c.s.*) *Hotel*: Bridge.
- Uffculme** (Devon).—G.W.R. Culm; trout. Sheldon brook. There is a bit of open water here. The rest, up to **Culmstock**, and down to **Cullompton**, is private. (*See Exeter*.)
- Uffington** (Lincoln).—G.N.B. Welland; pike, perch, dace; private. (*See Spalding*.)
- Uleby** (Lincoln).—G.C.B. Uleby beck. Uleby rises in the lakes at Newsham Abbey by **Brooklesby**, runs to **Uleby** 1 m., **Thornton** 3 m., and joins Humber 4 m. below.
- Ulseself** (York).—G.N.B.; S. & K.J.R.; N.E.B. (*See Cawood, York*.) Wharfe. (*c.s. York*.) Foss, 1 m. N. Cock beck, 3 m. W. (*See York*.)

- Ullesthorne** (Leicester).—L. & N.W.B.; M.B. Swift, 3 m. S.E. at **Lutterworth**. Soar, 5 m. N.W. at Sharnford. (*c.s. Trent.*) *Lakes*: Claybrook Mill, 1 m. N. (*See Gainsborough, Gloucester, Lutterworth.*)
- Umberleigh** (Devon).—L. & S.W.B. Taw. (*c.s.*) Hon. Mark Rolle issues 25 tickets for his water; preserved by private owners elsewhere. (*See Barnstaple.*)
- Unston** (Derby).—M.B. Drone. (*See Gool.*)
- Upleadon** (Gloucester).—(n.s. **Gloucester**, 9 m.) Leadon. Clynnh brook. (*See Gloucester. (c.s. Severn.)*)
- Upper Arley** (Stafford).—G.W.R.; L. & N.W.R. Severn; salmon, trout, grayling, chub, dace, pike, &c. Dowlas brook (3 m. S.) (*See Gloucester. (c.s. Severn.)*)
- Upper Broughton** (Leicester).—M.B. Dalby brook. Smita, 1 m. E. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Uppingham** (Rutland).—N.s. **Seaton**, 3 m. Eye brook, 2 m. W. Welland, 3 m. S.E., at **Seaton**. Chater, 3 m. N. Gwash, 4 m. N., at **Manton**. (*See Spalding.*) *Tackleist*, J. L. Andrews, High-street.
- Upton-on-Severn** (Worcester).—M.B. Severn; chub, dace, roach, pike, perch, salmon. (*See Gloucester. (c.s.)*)
- Urmiston** (Lancs.).—C. Lines. Mersey. Longford brook, 1 m. N. (*See Runcorn.*)
- Usk** (Monmouth).—G.W.R. *Hotel*: Three Salmons. Usk; salmon, trout; preserved by the United Usk Fishery Association, sec., H. S. Lyne, Esq., Westgate Chambers. Newport, Mon. Olway; trout; preserved. (*See Newport. (c.s.)*) Salmon and trout rod licences from Mrs. Creese, Post-office, Usk, and postmistress, Llanfihangel-Gobion. The water is divided into the Upper and Lower Fisheries. The Upper Fishery consists of the Association Waters between Pantygoitre Rookery and Pont Kemeys. The Lower Fishery consists of the Association Waters between Pont Kemeys and Redland pool. The fishing from off Trostre Weir is exclusively reserved for Classes A, B, and C. All applications for season tickets must be made to the hon. secretary; trout, w.t. 10s., and d.t. 2s. 6d., may be obtained of Mrs. Creese, Post-office, Usk; of Mr. Mullock, stationer, Newport; of Newbridge Hotel, Newbridge; of Mr. Fricker, stationer, Abergavenny; and of Mr. Fox, hairdresser, Pontypool. Day tickets may also be obtained at the Bridge Inn, Chain Bridge, and at the Post-office, Llanfihangel Gobion, and station master, Penpergwm. S.t., trout, 21s. for the Upper Fishery, and 21s. for the Lower Fishery. Transferable season trout tickets, to be called house tickets, and available on both fisheries, 3l. each, to persons residing in the district, to be used only by friends visiting at the house of the holder, such friends not being residents in the county. Fifteen non-transferable season salmon tickets at 35l. each for the Lower Fishery and twelve for the Upper at 22l. 10s. will be issued to members of the association. Three non-transferable salmon day tickets, available on beats upper, middle, and lower respectively on the Lower Fishery (Class C), at 20s. a day, will be placed with Mrs. Creese, Post-office, and one salmon day ticket at 20s. for the Upper Fishery will be placed with Mr. Fricker, Abergavenny. Any person may engage one of such tickets for any day or days not already fully occupied, on payment of the price of the ticket. Provided that no person can engage tickets for more than three consecutive days before five o'clock in the evening of the last of such days; and no person can engage a ticket for more than twenty-one days before the date for which it is required. Season tickets (Class D) may be granted to angle for salmon between the stable of the Old Mill at Trostre and the County Bridge at Usk (the field belonging to Col. M'Donnell, and any private gardens excepted), at 20s. for the season to permanent residents in the Usk and Ebbw Fishery District, within the county of Monmouth; and for trout, between the stable of the Old Mill at Trostre and Pont Sampit (with the same exceptions) at 5s. for the season. Such tickets can be obtained of Mrs. Creese, Post-office, Usk, and of Mr. Fox, hairdresser, Pontypool. All salmon tickets include the right of angling for other fish during the trout season. If any gentleman who has hitherto held a salmon s.t., or to whom one has been offered, neglects to apply for a fresh one before Jan. 1st in each season, and to pay for it before March 1, it cannot be reserved for him. No night line or night lobworm fishing allowed; no fishing for salmon except with artificial fly, and no spinning or worm fishing for trout on salmon catches. No gaff before May 1. Trout angling commences on Feb. 15, and ends on Sept. 30, inclusive. Artificial fly only till June 1. Trout tickets not available to holders of more than one trout licence. Salmon angling commences on March 2, and ends on Nov. 1, inclusive. No dogs or Sunday fishing.
- Uttoxeter** (Stafford).—L. & N.W.R.; G.N.B.; M.B. Stonyford brook. Dove; chub, barbel, bream, pike, trout, grayling; d.t. can be had. (*c.s. Trent.*) Tean brook, 1 m. N. Blythe, 4 m. S.W. (*c.s. Trent.*) (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Uxbridge** (Middx.).—G.W.R. *Inn*: Queen's Head. (*See London, M.T.*) Colne; trout, pike, perch, roach. On Uxbridge Moor the fishing is free and fair, many trout being caught in the season. In the Grand Junction Canal are many coarse fish, especially tench. 3 m. is preserved by the Anglers' Association, from whom tickets can be obtained.
- Venn Cross** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Bampton brook. (*See Exeter.*)
- Verwood** (Wilts).—S. & D.R. Allen and Moors. (*See Christchurch. (c.s. Avon.)*)
- Veryan** (Cornwall).—(N.s. **Grampound Road**, 9 m.) 1 m. W. runs Crugallack water, 3 m. long. (*c.s. Fowey.*)
- Victoria** (Cornwall).—G.W.B. Withiel water. (*See Wade Bridge. (c.s. Camel.)*) Bream. (*See Parr. (c.s. Fowey.)*)
- Victoria** (Monmouth).—G.W.R. Ebwy; trout. (*c.s. Usk.*) (*See Newport.*)
- Virginia Water** (Berks).—L. & S.W.R. (*See London, L.T.*)

- Wade Bridge** (Cornwall). G.W.B. Camel; trout, sea trout, salmon. Kestle water. Manscove brook. Combe water. Camel rises 4 m. above Camelford (*Hotel, King's Arms*; fishing good; begins March 1; use small flies, and the fernweb in the beginning of June), and 3 m. below that town is joined on left bank by Gaspard brook. Gaspard rises in Gaspard Pool in Crowdy Marsh, 3 m. E. of Camelford, runs 4 m., and is joined on left bank by a brook 2 m. long; 2 m. down, Gaspard joins Camel. 6 m. down Camel. De Lauk river joins on left bank. De Lauk rises 4 m. S.E. of Camelford, and is 10 m. long. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down Camel, Bisland water, 3 m. long, joins on left bank. Camel runs in 6 m. to **Bodmin**, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. off the river. Here a stream 2 m. long joins on left bank. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down Camel, Kirland water, 2 m. long, joins on left bank. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down Camel, Lanivet water, 4 m. long, joins on left bank. 1 m. down, Withiel water joins, which rises by **Victoria**, runs 3 m. to Withiel, and is joined on left bank by a small stream, 2 m. long, working a mill. $2\frac{1}{2}$ m. down, Tremore water, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. Camel is 1 m. on. 3 m. down Camel, near **Wade Bridge**, Kestle water joins on right bank. Kestle rises by the famous Delabole Slate Quarries, 3 m. W. of Camelford, runs 3 m. to St. Teath, and Camel, and Egloshayley, 8 m.: Camel runs to **Wade Bridge** 1 m. Here Manscove brook, 3 m. long, joins on left bank. The tide flows to **Wade Bridge**. Two miles down Camel, Combe water joins on right bank. Combe rises 3 m. above St. Kew, and is 8 m. long. (c.s.) (*See Padstow*.) Good bass and pollack fishing. The best flies for salmon and peal are blue doctor, goldfinch, and Dromore. The best trout fishing is above Helland Bridge.
- Wadesley Bridge** (Yorks).—G.C.B. Don. (c.s. *Yorkshire*.) Rowel, 1 m. S. (*See Goole*.)
- Wadhurst** (Sussex).—S.E.R. Trout.
- Wainfleet** (Lincoln).—G.N.R. Steeping river. Steeping rises 5 m. above **Spilsby** (1 m. off on left bank), runs thence to **Halton Holegate** 4 m., **Thorpe** 4 m., **Wainfleet** 2 m., and joins the sea 4 m. below.
- Wakefield** (Yorks).—G.N.R.; M.B.; L. & Y.R.; L. & N.W.R.; G.C.R. Calder. (c.s. *York*.) Walton beck, 1 m. E. *Lakes*: Chevel Park lake, 4 m. S. (*See Rawcliffe*.)
- Wakerley** (Northton).—L. & N.W.R. Welland. (*See Spalding*.)
- Walcott** (Salop).—L. & N.W.R.; G.W.R. Tern; a few trout, pike, roach, dace. Boden; a few trout and coarse fish. Bell brook (3 m. S.) (*See Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.)
- Wallingford** (Berks).—G.W.R. Thames. (*See London, M.T.*) *Hotels*: the Lamb, Town Arms, George, Feathers. *Fishermen*: J. Whiteman, W. Moody.
- Wallingford Road** (Berks). G.W.R. (*See London, M.T.*)
- Wallington** (Surrey).—L.B. & S.C.R. On Wandle. (*See London, L.T.*)
- Walsall** (Stafford).—L. & N.W.R.; M.B. Ford brook. Sneyd brook, 1 m. N.W. *Lake*: Hatherton lake; pike. (*See Gainsborough*.)
- Walsden** (Lancs).—G.N.R.; M.B. Roch. *Lakes*: Gadden reservoir, 1 m. E. Upper White Holme reservoir, 2 m. S.E. Tunnel End reservoir, 3 m. S.E. Lower White Holme reservoir, 4 m. S.E. Blackstone reservoir, 5 m. S.E. Spoddie Hill and another reservoir, 4 m. S. (*See Runcorn*.)
- Waltham** (Essex).—G.E.R. (*See Stratford and London*.) *Inns*: King's Arms and Britannia. On Lea, Cobbin's Brook, and New River; roach, chub, perch, pike. The Abbey stream (chub and roach) is preserved. Jack fishing ends Feb. 28. Fishing is good, especially in the mill stream above the town and the back stream below it. The King's Arms fishery comes next. In the barge cut is good tench fishing, free; also good fishing in the smaller Lea by the Britannia Hotel, free. Next comes Capt. Saunders's water; subs. 2l. 2s.; very good fishing. The Fisheries Society have taken the water recently rented by the Gresham Anglers, and it is now open to all holders of a privilege ticket either from the Central Committee of London Anglers, the West Central, or Central Associates.
- Walton-on-Trent** (Stafford).—L. & N.W.R.; M.B. Trent; pike, perch, roach, dace, chub, barbel, trout. (c.s.) *Lake*: Luca pool, 4 m. N.W. (*See Gainsborough*.)
- Wandsworth** (Surrey).—L. & S.W.R. (*See London, L.T.*) Thames and Wandle.
- Wansford** (Northton).—L. & N.W.R. Nen; pike, perch, chub, bream, &c.; good fishing, preserved by Lord Westmorland and J. M. Vipian, Esq., who sometimes give a day. Wittering brook, 1 m. E. (*See Wisbeach*.)
- Wanstead** (Essex).—G.E.R. *Lakes*: Long pond; preserved. Perch pond; pike, perch, tench, eels; free. Leg of Minton Pond; same fish; free. Basin; tench, carp, roach, pike, eels; preserved by the Wanstead Golf Club.
- Wappenham** (Northton).—L. & N.W. R. Tove. Blakesley brook (4 m.). (*See King's Lynn*.)
- Warburton** (Cheshire).—L. & N.W.R. Mersey. Bollin, 1 m. S.; trout, roach, dace, pike. (*See Runcorn*.)
- Ware** (Herts).—G.E.R. (*See Stratford*.) On Lea. The Amwell Magna fishing begins here. (*See St. Margaret's*.) At the Red House, half way to Hertford, the proprietor of this fishery has thrown open a portion of the water above Ware to the public. The fishing is, however, very uncertain. A good spot for tench is the Old Basin Lock, near the gasworks. The New River rises near here. The pool at its source, and some portion of the stream belongs to the Amwell Magna Fishery. (*See London*.)
- Wareham** (Dorset).—L. & S.W.R. Frome and Piddle; salmon, sea trout, trout. Frome rises in a pond on Rampisham Down, 4 m. N.W. from **Toller**, runs to **Toller**, thence in 2 m. to **Malden Newton**. Here a stream joins on left bank, which rises by Rampisham (n.s. **Evershot**, $\frac{1}{2}$ m.), runs to Wraxhall $\frac{1}{2}$ m., below which a short stream joins on left

- bank, draining a pond 1 m. up; hence to **Maiden Newton** is 2 m. Frome runs in 4 m. to **Grimston**, and **Dorchester** 5 m. Here Crane river (trout) joins on left bank. Crane rises by Minferne Magna (n.s. **Evershot**, 5 m.), and 1 m. down receives the drainings of a pond on the left bank. 1 m. down, at Cerne Abbas, the outflow from a pond $\frac{1}{2}$ m. up joins on right bank. Godmanstone is 3 m. down, and **Dorchester** 4 m. Frome runs in various streams to **Moreton** 7 m. 1 m. down, a stream 5 m. long, working three mills, joins on right bank. Frome runs to **Wool** 3 m. 3 m. down, a stream joins on right bank, which drains two ponds on Povington Heath 3 m. up, and 1 m. down Frome, a stream joins on right bank, which drains a pond on Grange Heath 2 m. up, and also works a mill. **Wareham** is 2 m. down Frome, and 2 m. down the river runs into Pool Harbour. (c.s.)
- PIDDLE** rises in a mill pond 1 m. N. of Piddletrenthide (n.s. **Grimston**, 7 m.), runs 6 m. to Piddletown (n.s. **Moreton**, 6 m.). Here a stream joins on left bank 6 m. long, working some mills. Piddle runs in 2 m. to Affpiddle (n.s. **Moreton**, 4 m.). 4 m. down at Upper Hyde (n.s. **Wool**, 3 m.) a stream joins on left bank, which rises in the lakes in Milton Abbey Park (n.s. **Blandford**, 7 m.), runs $\frac{1}{2}$ m. to Milborne St. Andrews, Ben Regis (n.s. **Wareham**, 6 m.) 4 m., and Piddle 2 m. Piddle runs to **Wareham** 4 m. Here a stream 3 m. long joins on left bank, which drains the decoy pond on Decoy Heath. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. on the estuary is reached. For leave to fish in the Frome and Piddle apply to the clerk to the conservators, Wareham. (See c.s. *Frome*.) *Hotel*: Red Lion.
- Warwick**.—G.W.R. Avon; chub, dace, roach, pike, perch; fishing fair, but leave must be had. *Lakes*: Warwick Park lake (1 m. S.) (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severa*.) *Hotel*: Woolpack.
- Warkworth** (Northland.).—N.E.R. On Coquet; trout, sea and bull trout. *Hotel*: Sun. Felton is another point to fish Coquet from. The accommodation is good. At Weldon Bridge is a comfortable inn and good fishing. The Brinkburn Priory water is preserved, but leave can be obtained. At Rothbury there are several inns; lodgings may be had in the village. At Thropton ($\frac{1}{2}$ m. from Rothbury) Wrig joins Coquet. Wrig is preserved in parts. The quarters are bad. At Allerdene, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. from Thropton, lodgings can be had. At Holystone, 7 m. from Rothbury, there is an inn. At Harbottle, 9 m. from Rothbury, lodgings and furnished houses can be had. At Alwinton, 2 m. from Harbottle, there is an inn, and beyond this nothing but sheep farmers. There are two or three nice burns here. Trout fishing begins on March 4th, and ends Oct. 1st; bull trout from Feb. 1 to Oct. 31. No fishing is allowed after the first hour after sunset, or before the first hour before sunrise. No gaffs are allowed. (See *Wooler*.) (See c.s.)
- Warminster** (Wilts).—G.W.R. On Willy; trout; preserved. (See *Christchurch*.) (c.s. *Avon*.)
- Warmley** (Gloucs.).—M.R. (See *Bristol*.) Boyd; trout; preserved by landowners. Siston brook; trout; leave from landowners. *Lakes*: Wick Court. Warmley tower; perch, carp, pike; preserved.
- Warrington** (Lancs.).—L. & N.W.R.; M.R.; G.N.R. Mersey. Blackbrook. Sankey brook. (See *Runcorn*.)
- Washford** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Washford; trout. (See *Watchet*.)
- Washingbrough** (Lincoln).—G.N.R. Witham. Washingbrough brook, 1 m. S. (See *Boston*.)
- Wastwater**.—Trout, salmon, and char. Burnmore Tarn is not far off; trout and pike. There are two inns, one 1 m. below the lake and one $\frac{1}{2}$ m. above. The river, running out of the lake, contains salmon and sea trout in autumn. The inn nearest the river is at Santonbridge. At Strands, 7 m. from **Drigg** railway station, some sport may be had. Sty Head, Sprinkling, and High and Low Tarns, are within easy reach; the trouting is good. (c.s. *Cumland*.)
- Watchet** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Washford stream; trout; preserved by a society. Season tickets only, from March 1 to Sept. 1. Washford rises by Luxborough, runs 5 m. to **Roadwater**, when a stream joins on the right bank, running down from **Combe Bow** 3 m. up. Washford runs to **Washford** 3 m., and **Watchet** 3 m.
- Waterbeach** (Cambs).—G.E.R. Cam; pike, perch, chub, roach, &c.; preserved by Cambridge and Ely Angling Association. Bottisham Load; pike, perch, roach. Swaffham Load. (See *Cambridge*.) *Inn*, House of Lords. (See *King's Lynn*.)
- Waterfoot** (Lancs.).—L. & Y.R. Irwell. *Lakes*: Hare Hill, 3 m. S. (See *Runcorn*.)
- Wateringbury** (Kent).—S.E.R. (See *Rochester*.) On Medway; good fishing; pike, perch, chub, bream; preserved by the Maidstone Club; d., w., and m.t. *Inns*: King's Head and Railway Hotel. There are some fine mill ponds here belonging to Mr. Fremlin, the miller, and some large lakes belonging to Lord Falmouth; both give occasional leave. Good fishing.
- Watford** (Herts).—L. & N.W.R. (See *London, M.T.*) Colne; chub, dace, roach, pike, perch, trout. Colne is preserved, except a small piece at the back of the High-street. The canal and part of Colne is preserved by the Watford Piscators; sec., Mr. F. W. Parkes, 25, Vicarage-road, Watford. *Hotels*: Malden, Clarendon, Rose and Crown.
- Watford Junction** (Herts).—L. & N.W.R. Colne. (See *London, M.T.*)
- Watton** (Norfolk).—G.E.R. Wissey. (c.s. *N. and S.*) *Lakes*: Saham Mere, 1 m. N. Heath Mere, 5 m. E. (See *King's Lynn*.)
- Wednesbury** (Stafford).—G.W.R.; L. & N.W.R.; M.R. Tame. (c.s. *Trent*.) *Lakes*: Wound Green pools; pike, roach. Foundry pond, 2 m. S.E. (See *Gainsborough*.)
- Weedon** (Northants.).—L. & N.W.R. Nen; pike, perch, bream, &c.; fishing poor. Streck. Fawley brook, 1 m. W. Horsestone brook, 4 m. S.E. *Lakes*: Fawley Park. (See *Daventry*; *Wisbeach*.)

- Weeton** (York.).—N.E.B. (See York.) Wharfe. (c.s. York.)
- Weldon** (Northton.).—M.R. Harper's brook, 2 m. S. *Lakes:* Dene Park, 2 m. N.E. (See Wisbeach.)
- Weldon Bridge** (Northland.).—Coquet; trout, sea trout. *Hotel:* Anglers, which has nearly 4 m. of good fishing attached. (c.s.) (See Warkworth.)
- Welford** (Northton.).—(n.s. **Kilworth**, 2 m.) Avon and large reservoir. At Naseby Wooleys, 4 m. off, there is good trouting in the lakes and streams; strictly private. (See Gloucester.)
- Wellingborough** (Northton.).—M.R.; L. & N.W.R. Nen; pike, perch, bream, tench, chub, roach, dace; $\frac{1}{2}$ m. in and about the town is free, but preserved by Wellingborough and Higham Ferrers Angling Association to **Higham Ferrers**; hon. sec., G. W. Prattley, Wellingborough. *Ise. Lakes:* Dickens' Mill pond. (See Wisbeach.)
- Wellington** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Tone; trout, dace. Fishing preserved to Bradford by Mr. Sandford, of Ninehead Court; above Mr. Sandford's water by the various landowners. (c.s. Avon.) (See Bridgwater.)
- Wellow** (Somerset).—M.R.; L. & S.W.R. (See Bristol.)
- Wells** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Godney brook. (See Highbridge and Axbridge.) *Hotel:* Swan.
- Wells-next-the-Sea** (Norfolk).—G.E.B. Blakeney, 3 m. S.W. at Wighton. *Lakes:* Holkham lake, 3 m. W.
- Welsh Harp** (Middx.).—M.R. (See London, L.T.) Brent and Reservoir. 5 m. from Marble Arch. *Hotel:* Warner's Welsh Harp. Boats, bait, &c. Pike, perch, roach, bream, carp, tench; d.t., pike, 2s. 6d.; bottom fishing, 1s.; punts, 2s. 6d.; s.t., 1l. 1s.
- Welwyn** (Herts.).—G.N.R. (See Stratford and Hertford.) On Mimram; trout, coarse fish; preserved.
- Wem** (Salop).—L. & N.W.R. Roden; coarse fish above, good trouting and coarse fishing below; preserved by Lord Hill. Frees brook (3 m. N.E.). *Lakes:* Hawkstone Park lake (5 m. E.). (See Gloucester.) (c.s. Severn.)
- Wenhamston** (Suffolk).—G.E.R. Blyth. (See Southwold.)
- Wensley** (York.).—N.E.B. Broomer beck, 2 m. N. (See York.) Ure. (c.s. York.) (See York.)
- Westbury** (Salop).—L. & N.W.R.; G.W.R. Yockleton brook. (See Gloucester.)
- Westbury-on-Severn** (Gloucester).—(n.s. **Grange Court**, $1\frac{1}{2}$ m.) Hope brook, which rises 2 m. above **Longhope**, runs thence 5 m. to Westbury and Severn Estuary 1 m.
- Westbury** (Wilts.).—G.W.R. (See Bristol.)
- West Claydon** (Yorks.).—L. & Y.B. Dearne. (See Goole.)
- West Derby** (Lancs.).—S. & C.L.E.R. Alt, 1 m. N.E. (See Alcar.)
- West Drayton** (Middx.).—G.W.R. (See London, M.T.) Colne; trout, pike, perch, bream, dace, roach, tench, chub. Club-house, Thorney Weir. The proprietor preserves 2 m. of the Colne; s.t., 3l. 3s., limited to 75 members; no day tickets. Subscriptions commence in March. Trouting begins April 1st, ends September 30. Pike fishing begins August 1st, ends Feb. 28. Perch fishing begins June 16, ends Feb. 28; hon. sec., C. J. Plucknett, Esq. Below and above the Thorney Weir water the river is private. The Iwer river is preserved.
- West Hallam** (Derby).—G.N.R.; Nut brook. *Lakes:* Mapperley reservoir, 2 m. N. Shipley Hall reservoir, 3 m. N. Locko Park lake, 3 m. S.W. Smalley Mill Pond, 3 m. N.W. (See Gainsborough.)
- Westhouses** (Derby).—M.R. Westwood brook. Normanton brook, 1 m. S. Amber, 3 m. S.W. (See Gainsborough.)
- West Hesterton** (York.).—N.E.B. (See Yedingham Bridge.)
- Westmill** (Herts.).—G.E.R. (See Stratford.) On Rib; trout; preserved.
- Westenhanger** (Kent).—S.E.R. On Stour. (See Sandwich.) (c.s.)
- Weston** (Somerset).—M.R. (See Bristol.) Avon; roach, chub, pike, perch, carp; free. (c.s.) Newton brook, 1 m. trout; preserved by W. Gore-Langton, Esq.
- Weston Junction** (Somerset).—G.W.B. (See Axbridge.)
- Weston-on-Trent** (Derby).—M.R. Trent; chub, dace, roach, pike, perch, barbel, salmon; preserved up to Swarkstone and down to Shardlow by Mr. T. Wood, 9, Chapel Bar, Nottingham; s.t., from Swarkstone to the iron bridge below Kings Mills, including salmon, 3l. 3s., including the Shardlow portion of the river below the iron bridge, 2l. 2s. extra, or 5l. 5s. in all; salmon fishing begins Feb. 1st; tickets from Mr. Wood. Accommodation can be had in the village. (c.s.) Gayton brook. Sow at **Stafford**, 5 m. S.W. Penk at Baswich, 5 m. S.W. *Lakes:* Ingestre Park pool and Hopton pools, 2 m. S.W. (See Gainsborough.)
- West Pennard** (Somerset).—S. & D.B. Good roach fishing in a large pond by station; leave from the station master.
- West Rounton** (York.).—N.E.B. Wiske; grayling, trout, chub, pike; preserved, leave sometimes. (c.s. York.) (See York.)
- West Wycombe** (Bucks.).—G.W.R. Wye; trout. (See London, M.T.)
- Wetherby** (York.).—N.E.B. Wharfe. (c.s. York.) Crimble, 2 m. N.W., at Spofforth, Midd, 4 m. N., at **Little Ribston**. (c.s. York.) (See York.)
- Weybridge** (Surrey).—L. & S.W.B. (See London, L.T.) Thames, Wey, and; Bourne brook; pike, trout, bream, perch, and barbel. *Inns:* Lincoln Arms, Ship, Old Crown, and King's Arms. *Fishermen:* H. Curr and A. Poulter. Wey contains pike, perch, carp, tench, bream. There is good fishing in the lake in Oatlands Park; carp, roach, bream; private.

- Weymouth.**—G.W.B.; L. & S.W.B.; S. & D.B.; L. & N.W.B. There is good sea fishing under the Breakwater at Portland for pollack, whiting, mackerel, and rockfish. The best time to fish is when the flood-tide is making. Bass may also be taken with a fly. Lulworth is also a good place. Pollack, bream, and mackerel may be angled for from the pier at the opening of the breakwater with ragworm or soft crab. Myriads of sand smelts are found here on the ebb tide; bait, half an inch of ragworm on No. 9 hooks. Bass are also met with at the Flete Bridge. Mackerel fishing best from a small yacht, several for hire. Ground fishing for pout or whiting from open boats. Pollack by trawling at the Mixon shoal by the beacon buoy, bass in harbour's mouth and back of Weymouth jetty. Pollack also on north shore. Sand eels sometimes procurable on the beach; ragworms from the backwater; mackerel under sail. *Hotels:* Imperial, Burdon.
- Whale** (Cheshire).—L. & N.W.B. Goyt or Mersey. Black brook, 1 m. N. *Lakes:* Whale reservoir. (*See Runcorn.*)
- Whalley** (Lancs.).—L. & Y.B. W. Calder; polluted. (*c.s. Ribble.*) Bibble, 2 m. W.; trout, salmon. (*c.s.*) Hodder, 2 m. W.; trout, salmon. (*c.s. Ribble.*) Sabden brook, 2 m. E. Park brook, 3 m. S.W. Dean brook, 4 m. W. *Lakes:* Crowshaw reservoir, 5 m. N.W. (*See Preston.*)
- Whaplode** (Lincoln).—G.N.B. Whaplode river. (*See Holbeach.*)
- Wharrah** (York).—N.E.B. Menethorpe beck. *Lakes:* Birdsall pond, 1 m. W. (*See Wressell.*)
- Whatstandwell Bridge** (Derby).—M.B. Derwent; grayling, trout, pike; preserved above by the Matlock Bath A.A. (*See Matlock.*) (*c.s. Trent.*) *Hotel:* Derwent, good; tickets at hotel. Amber; grayling, trout, coarse fish. (*See Ambergate.*) *Lakes:* Alderwasley ponds, 2 m. S.W.; preserved by Mr. Hurt. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Wheatthamstead** (Herts).—G.N.B. (*See Stratford.*) On Lea.
- Whimple** (Devon).—L. & S.W.B. South brook. (*See Topham.*)
- Whissendine** (Rutland).—M.B. Wreak or Eye. (*c.s. Trent.*) *Lakes:* Stapleford Park lake, 2 m. N.W. Edmonthorpe Hall lake, 2 m. E. Leesthorpe pond, 3 m. S.W. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Whitacre Junction** (Warwick).—M.B. Tame. (*c.s. Trent.*) Blythe. (*c.s. Trent.*) Arley brook. Cole, 2 m. S.W. at **Colleshill**. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Whitby** (York).—N.E.B. On Esk; salmon, sea trout, bull and brown trout. Good brook, and capital sea fishing. Trailing or whiffing for pollack through the Sledway and over the rough ground off Whitby Beck, on which is a beacon buoy; also at Uppang Rock, bearing N.W. $\frac{1}{4}$ W., a mile distant, on which are only 4ft. or 5ft. water, this ledge stretching out from the shore. Whiting, cod, flat fish, in the bay and offing, and angling from the pier for small pollack (called leets), and for young coalfish, known as billet. The Esk rises at "Esklets," on the Westerdale Moor. Baysdale Beck, which receives two smaller streams at Baysdale Abbey, joins the Esk a little above Dibble Bridge. Sleddale Beck and Comondale Beck join a little above Castleton Bridge from the north. Danby Beck falls in from the south, about $\frac{1}{2}$ m. lower down. Ewecross Beck comes in from the north, a little above Ainthorp Bridge. Clither Beck enters from the north, near Danby Lodge. Great Fryup Beck rises at Fryup Head, 5 m. south-west, and enters $\frac{1}{2}$ m. east of Dick Bride, near Houslyke. The Esk, after winding through Danby Lawn and Crunkley Gill, and the village of Lealholm to Bake Bridge, is joined by Stonegate Beck from the north. This stream receives the waters of Hardhill Beck and Tranmire Beck, at Beggar's Bridge. Glaisdale Beck enters from the south. The Butter Beck enters from the south, a little above Egton Bridge. The Esk joins the Mirk Esk, which is formed by two streams uniting 2 m. southward, near the foot of the incline on the Whitby and Pickering branch of the North-Eastern Railway Company, one named the Eller Beck, the other Wheeldale Beck; the former flowing from the south-east, the latter from the south-west. Lythe Beck enters the Mirk Esk on east side at Sneath Holme Wood, a short distance above Grosmont. Little Beck enters from the south, a little below Sleight's Bridge. At Buswarp there is a weir about 700ft. long, to which the tide flows; from this weir it is about 2 m. to the harbour at Whitby. There are very many smaller streams running into the Esk and its tributaries. Esk Fishery Association grants m. t., 42s., up to Sept. 30. For tickets and licences, apply to Mr. W. Brown, The Saw Mills, Whitby. (*See Scarborough; Lealholme Bridge.*) (*c.s.*)
- Whitchurch** (Hants).—L. & S.W.B. (*See Stockbridge.*) The Test; trout; strictly preserved. The principal proprietors of the fishing are Mr. Melville Portal, Lord Portsmouth, and Mr. P. Hawker. Above the town a club of limited non-resident members preserves the river between Laverstock and Hurstbourne, 3 m.; no tickets are granted. The fish are here very numerous, but not so large as farther down. There is a nice hotel, the White Hart, here, where every information may be obtained.
- Whitchurch** (Salop).—L. & N.W.B. Oss brook, 2 m. N.E. Sarn, 2 m. N.W. *Lakes:* Blake mere, 1 m. N.E. Brown Moss Lakes, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. S.E. Oss mere, 2 m. N.E. Wolversacre Mill pond, 2 m. N.W. Quoilsley Big and Little meres, 3 m. N. Combermere mere, 3 m. N.E. Marbury mere and Marbury Mill pond, 3 m. N.E. Ditwiltch Mill pond, 3 m. N.W. (*See Frodsham, Chester.*)
- Whitehaven** (Cumland).—L. & N.W.B.; F.R.; M.B.; N.E.B. *Hotel:* Black Lion. Ennerdale Lake is 7 m. off; trout. There is an inn on its banks.
- Whitmore** (Stafford).—L. & N.W.B. Meese. (*c.s. Trent.*) Tern, $2\frac{1}{2}$ m. S.W.; pike, roach,

- dace, trout. (*c.s. Severn*.) *Lakes*: Whitmore Park lake. Maer Hall lake, 2 m. S. (*See Gainsborough; Gloucester*.)
- Whitby** (Hereford).—M. & N. & B.R. Wye; pike, perch, dace, chub, salmon. (*c.s.*) Arrow (4 m.); trout, grayling, dace. Cwm Illa brook (4 m.) (*c.s.*) (*See Chepstow*.)
- Whitstable** (Kent).—S.E.R.; L.C. & D.B. Fine rudd can be caught in the dykes here. Good sea fishing. *Hotel*: Bear and Key.
- Whittington** (Derby).—M.R. Rother. Drone. (*See Gooles*.)
- Whittington** (Salop).—G.W.R. Perry. *Lakes*: Halston Hall lake (2 m. E.). (*See Gloucester*.) (*c.s. Severn*.)
- Whittlesford** (Cambs).—G.E.R. Cam; pike, roach, perch, dace, &c.; some fishing can be had up to Duxford Mill, on left bank, from the hotel; otherwise preserved. *Hotel*, Red Lion. (*See King's Lynn*.)
- Whitwell** (Derby).—M.R. Poulter. *Lakes*: Welbeck Park, 3 m. S.E. (*See Althorpe*.)
- Whitwell** (Lancs.). n.s. **Clitheroe**, 7 m.—Hodder; trout, salmon, sea trout. (*c.s. Ribble*.) Langden river, 2 m. N. Mill beck, 2 m. S.E. Greystonley beck, 2 m. S.W. Whittendale river, 3 m. N. Loud river, 3 m. S. Brennand river, 6 m. N. *Hotel*: Whitwell, where fishing can be had in a long stretch of water, from Feb. 3 to Oct. 31. (*See Preston*.)
- Whitworth** (Lancs.).—L. & N.W.R. Dodd. (*See Runcorn*.)
- Wickham** (Essex).—G.E.R. On Blackwater. (*See Maldon*.)
- Wickham Market** (Suffolk). G.E.R. Deben. Pottford brook, 1 m. N.W. *Lake*: Ash Abbey Decoy, 2 m. S.E. (*See Woodbridge*.)
- Wickwar** (Gloucester).—M.B. Little Avon; trout and coarse fish. Laden. Tortworth brook. (*See Berkeley and Bristol*.) (*c.s. Severn*.)
- Widford** (Herts.).—G.E.R. (*See Stratford*.) On Ash.
- Widmerpool** (Notts).—M.R. Fairham brook. (*See Gainsborough*.)
- Wigan** (Lancs.).—L. & N.W.R.; C.L.R.; L. & Y.B.; W.J.R. Douglas. (*c.s. Ribble*.) Clarendon brook. (*See Hesketh Bank*.)
- Willington** (Derby).—L. & N.W.R.; M.R. Trent; chub, roach, pike, perch, trout, salmon; preserved; at. (except salmon), 10s. 6d., from Mr. W. K. Newbold, of King's Newton; fishing fair. (*c.s.*) Etwall brook. Foremark brook (preserved by Trout Fish-culture Co.), 3 m. S.E. *Lakes*: Foremark Mill pond, 3 m. S.E.; preserved by T.F.C.C. Repton Park lake, 3 m. S.E. Foremark Hall pond, 3 m. S.E. (*See Gainsborough*.)
- Willowden Junction** (Middx).—L. & N.W.R. Brent. (*See London, L.T.*)
- Williton** (Somerset).—G.W.R. A stream joins the sea 2 m. below here, which rises 2 or 3 m. S. of Stogumber, runs 4 m. to Williton; it holds trout; leave from the landowners.
- Wilmslow** (Cheshire).—L. & N.W.R. Bollin; trout, roach, dace, pike. Dean, 1 m. W. (*See Runcorn*.)
- Wilnescote** (Warwick).—M.R. Tame; chub, dace, &c.; rather polluted. (*c.s. Trent*.) Bourne brook; trout, grayling; preserved by landowners. *Lakes*: Drayton park, 2 m. W. (*See Gainsborough*.)
- Wilpshire** (York).—L. & Y. B. Park brook. (*See Preston*.)
- Willstrop** (York).—N.E.B. Nidd. (*c.s. York*.) (*See York*.)
- Wilton** (Wilts).—G.W.R.; L. & S.W.R. Wylye; trout, grayling, coarse fish; private below, and preserved from hence up to 1½ m. above **Wylye** by Wilton Fly-fishing Club of 25 members, entrance 20l., s.t. 30l.; season—trout, May 1 to Aug. 31; grayling, July 30 to Nov. 30; artificial fly only; no wading. Nadder; trout, roach, dace. (*See Christchurch*.) (*c.s. Avon*.)
- Wilton** (York).—N.E.B. Thornton beck, 1 m. S.E. (*See Wresselt*.)
- Wimbledon** (Surrey).—L. & S.W.R. In Wimbledon Park (Miss Beaumont) is a lake containing pike, carp, &c.; s.t. 21s.
- Wimborne** (Dorset).—S. & D.R. Stour; pike, perch, trout. Allen; trout. Blackwater; trout. (*See Christchurch*.) (*c.s. Avon*.)
- Wincanton** (Somerset).—S. & D.R. On Cale. (*See Christchurch*.)
- Winchelsea** (Sussex).—S.E.R. On Brede. (*See Rye*.) (*c.s. Rother*.) At Pickham Mill, near Guestling, 4 m. off, is a large waterhead.
- Winchester** (Hants.).—L. & S.W.R. (*See Southampton*.) Itchen; trout above the town, and below, trout, grayling, dace, roach, pike. The fishing above the town is strictly preserved. The reach between the city mills, known as the Weirs, free; below the town it is also strictly preserved, but, on the Old Barge, tickets may be obtained of Chalkley, fish-tackleist. Between St. Cross and Brainbridge the river is let by the various proprietors, with exclusive rights. From Brainbridge onwards to Bishopstoke is the Itchen Valley club water (Mr. Chamberlayne's); in these lower reaches there are plenty of grayling as well as trout. *Hotels*: George, Royal, and Black Swan.
- Winchfield** (Hants.).—L. & S.W.R. On Whitewater; trout. (*See London, M.T.*) The Fleet ponds are near, but are reserved for the use of the men quartered at Aldershot.
- Winchmore Hill** (Middx).—G.N.R. On New River. (*See London*.)
- Windsor** (Berks).—G.W.R.; L. & S.W.R. (*See London, M.T.*) Thames; chub, dace, roach, pike, perch, bream, barbel. *Hotels*: Castle, White Hart, Bridge House, Crown and Cushion, Three Tuns, Swan. *Fishermen*: Pace, J. Bunce, R. and J. Grey, Lumsden and Keene at Datchet. In the Virginia Water, Windsor Park, fishing is good; leave difficult to obtain. Apply to the Deputy Ranger.
- Wingfield** (Derby).—M.R. Amber. Normanton brook. Birches brook. (*See Gainsborough*.)
- Wirksworth** (Derby).—M.B. Ecclesbourne, Derwent, 2 m. N. at **Cromford**. (*c.s. Trent*.)

Dove, 9 m. S.W. at **Ashbourne**. (c.s. Trent.) **Lakes**: Hopton Hall lake, 2 m. S.W. (See *Gainsborough*.)

Winscombe (Somerset).—G.W.R. Loxton Brook. (See *Asbridge*.)

Winsford (Cheshire).—L. & N.W.R. Weaver. Ash, 3 m. S.W. Whitgate brook, 3 m. N.W. **Lakes**: Stocks Hill, 1 m. S. Little Budsworth, 5 m. W. (See *Frodsham*.) Hotel, Royal Oak.

Wisbeach (Cams).—G.E.R. and G.N.R. Nen; pike, perch, bream, roach. Nen rises above **Weedon**, and at Dodford Mill, 1 m. above that place, is joined on right bank by Fawley brook, 4 m. long, draining the lake in Fawley Park, 4 m. S.W. from **Weedon**. Here Streck joins on left bank. This stream rises in Duneland reservoir (pike) by **Daventry** (n.s. **Weedon**, 5 m.), and 1 m. down is joined on right bank by a brook draining Middlemore reservoir 1 m. up, 1½ m. N. from **Daventry**. Streck runs 2 m. S. from **Crick**, and joins Nen 7 m. down. 3 m. down Nen, at Nether Heyford, Horsestone brook, 6 m. long, joins on right bank, and 5 m. down, at Upton Mill, Wootton brook, which rises by **Piddington**, runs 4 m. to Wootton, 3 m. S. from **Northampton**, and thence to Nen 4 m., joins on right bank. Nen runs to **Northampton** 3 m. Here a branch of Nen joins on left bank; it rises in the lakes at Maidwell Dale and Maidwell Hall, 1 m. N. from **Lampport**. There the outfall from the lakes at Lampport Hall join on left bank. Nen runs to **Brixworth** 3 m.; here Calendar brook, 6 m. long, joins on right bank. 2 m. down, at **Spratton**, Stowe brook, 8 m. long, joins on right bank, and 1 m. down, Pitsford brook joins on left bank. Pitsford rises in Faxton Hall ponds 2 m. E. from **Lampport**, and is 8 m. long. Nen runs 2 m. to **Brampton**, and here Moulton brook, 3 m. long, joins on left bank. 2 m. down, Althorp brook, which rises in the lakes in Althorp Park, by **Althorp Park Station**, and is 5 m. long, joins on right bank. The two Nens meet 4 m. down at **Northampton**. Just above the junction the outfall from Dallington Hall lake, 2 m. N.W. from the town, joins on right bank. (Nen is preserved by Nen Angling Society to Doddington Mill.) Nen runs 3 m. to Weston Mill, where the drainage of Abington Park lake (1 m. N.E. from **Northampton**), 1 m. up, joins on left bank. 1 m. down Nen, at Houghton Mill, Billing brook, which rises in the lake at Overstone Park, 4 m. N.E. from **Northampton**, and is 4 m. long, joins on left bank. 1 m. down Nen, by **Billing Station**, the outflow of another lake in Overstone Park joins on left bank. 2 m. down Nen, at Whiston Mill (the guinea subscription water ends here), Sywell brook joins on left bank, which rises in Sywell Park pond 5 m. W. from **Wellingborough**, runs 2 m. to Sywell Mill pond, and joins Nen 3 m. down. Nen runs to **Castle Ashby** 1 m., and 2 m. down, at Doddington Mill (here ends the Nen Angling Club fishery), Ashby brook joins on right bank, which rises in the lakes in Castle Ashby Park, 2 m. S. from **Castle Ashby Station**, and runs 3 m. to Nen. Nen runs to **Wellingborough** 2 m., and here Ise joins on left bank. Ise rises above **Kilmarsh**, where it waters a lake, runs 2 m. to Arthingworth, near **Kilmarsh Station**, 4 m. to **Desborough**, **Rushton** 3 m., **Geddington** 3 m., **Kettering** 4 m., **Burton** 3 m., **Pinedorn** 1 m. 1 m. down, at Harrowden Mill, the outflow of the lake at Finedorn Hall, 1 m. up, joins on left bank. 1 m. down, a stream, 2 m. long, joins on right bank, rising in **Dickins' Mill** pond 1 m. N. from **Wellingborough**. Ise runs 2 m. to **Wellingborough** and Nen. Nen runs to **Ditchford** 2 m. (here the water of the Wellingborough and Higham Ferrers Angling Association begins), **Higham Ferrers** 3 m., **Stanwick** 1 m. (here the fishing of W. and H.F.A.A. ends), **Ringstead** 3 m., **Shrapton** 4 m. 1 m. down, Harper's brook, which rises above Stanion 2 m. S. from **Weldon** and is 9 m. long, joins on left bank. Nen runs to **Thorpe** 2 m., **Oundle** 6 m. Nen here makes a loop of 2½ m. (Baron Rothschild) to the other side of the town, and runs to Perio Mill 3 m. Here the drainings of the pond at Southwick, 3 m. N.W. from **Oundle**, joins on left bank. Nen runs 4 m. to **Elton**, where is the lake in Elton Park (Lord Carysfort). Here Willow brook joins on left bank. Willow rises in the lakes in Dene Park, 2 m. N.E. from **Weldon**, runs 3 m. to Blatherwycke Park and lake (Stafford O'Brian, Esq.), 2 m. W. from **King's Cliff**, runs to **King's Cliff** 2 m., and Nen 5 m. Nen runs to **Hassingham** 3 m., **Wansford** 2 m., (Lord Westmoreland and Mr. J. M. Vivian). 1 m. below, Wittering brook, which rises in the lake at Easton, 3 m. S. from **Stamford**, and is 5 m. long, joins on left bank. Nen runs to **Castor** 2 m. (Lords Huntley and Fitzwilliam), and here Billing brook, 5 m. long, joins on right bank. Nen runs to **Overton** 4 m. (Lord Huntley), and 1 m. down the outflow of the lakes in Milton Park, 3 m. W. from **Peterborough**, joins on left bank. Nen runs 2 m. to **Peterborough**. From hence the river runs in various branches and cuts. The main stream runs in a straight line through the fens to **Gaythorne**, 12 m., and thence to **Wisbeach** 7 m. The right branch, called the Old River Nen, runs round by **Ramsey**, where Holme brook joins it. Holme rises in a pond by Caldecot, 4 m. W. from **Holme**, and is 7 m. long. Here also Wiston brook, which rises above **King's Ripton**, 4 m. N.E. from **Huntingdon** and is 10 m. long joins on right bank. 2 m. below **Ramsey**, on the right bank, is Ramsey mere, thence to **March** is 10 m. 6 m. down, Old Welney river, 8 m. long, joins on right bank. 3 m. down, at Outwell, Nen joins the Wisbeach Canal, which runs to **Wisbeach**, 6 m. A third branch, from **Peterborough**, is the Muscal river or Cats Water, anciently a branch of Nen. This runs 7 m. to 1 m. E. of **Eye Green**, thence 9 m. to **French Drove**, and 2 m. below joins North Level Main Drain, which joins Nen 10 m. down at **Tydd St. Mary's**. From **Wisbeach** Nen flows to **Ferry Station** 3 m., **Tydd St. Mary's** 3 m., **Sutton Bridge** 2 m., 1 m. below which Nen joins the Wash. The fen district is so cut up and intersected by water-

courses of all kinds and sizes that it would be impossible to describe them in detail. They all contain fish more or less, and are mostly free. It is very difficult to approach many of the best.

- Wishford** (Wilts).—G.W.R. Wylve; trout, grayling; preserved by Wilton Fly-fishing Club (see *Wilton*). (See *Christchurch*.) (c.s. *Avon*.)
- Witham** (Somerset).—G.W.R. On Stour, Frome, and lakes in New Hitchlings and Witham Park. Stour Head lakes (three); pike, tench, rudd, trout, perch; leave from the owner of Stour Head House (Sir H. H. A. Hoare). (See *Christchurch*; *Bristol*.) (c.s. *Avon*.)
- Witham** (Essex).—G.E.R. (See *Maldon*.) On Blackwater and Pods brook; pike (good), perch, roach, dace, eels, carp, tench, and a few trout. Almost the whole of the fishing is preserved. *Inns*: White Hart, Spread Eagle, Albert, and Railway Tavern. 3 m. from the station is Rivenhall Place Pond, belonging to Sir H. Ewart, of Felix Hall, Kelvedon, from whom leave must be obtained; pike, perch, roach, dace. 4 m. off is Terling River, belonging to Lord Rayleigh; pike and dace. 3½ m. from the station is Braxted Park lake, N. T. Lawrence, Esq.; pike, perch, carp, dace, roach.
- Withingham** (Norfolk).—G.E.R. Yare. (See *Farmouth*.) (c.s. *N. and S.*)
- Withnell** (Lancs.).—L. & Y.R.; L. & N.W.R. Roddlesworth. *Lakes*: Liverpool Waterworks Lake. (See *Liverpool*, *Preston*.)
- Withyham** (Sussex).—L.B. & S.C.R. On Medway. (See *Rochester*.)
- Witley** (Surrey). L. & S.W.R. (See *London*, *L.T.*)
- Witney** (Oxon).—G.W.R. On Windrush; large trout; leave must be obtained from the proprietors; there is a good rise of May-fly. (See *London*, *U.T.*)
- Wiveliscombe** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Tone. Milverton Brook. Norton brook; trout. (See *Bridgwater*.) (c.s. *Avon*.)
- Wixford** (Warwick).—G.W.R.; M.R. Arrow; pike, perch, roach, dace, bream, chub, few trout; good fishing from the Fish Hotel for 4 m.; d.t., 1s. *Lakes*: Bagley Park lake (1 m. N.W.). (See *Gloucester*.)
- Woburn** (Beds).—L. & N.W.R. Crawley brook, 3 m. N. *Lakes*: Woburn Abbey lake (3 m. S.E.); good fishing, preserved by the Duke of Bedford. (See *King's Lynn*.)
- Woburn** (Bucks).—G.W.R. Wye; polluted. (See *London*, *M.T.*)
- Woking** (Surrey).—L. & S.W.R. (See *London*, *L.T.*) Basingstoke canal; roach, perch, pike, mostly free.
- Wollaton**.—On Nottingham and Grantham canal; fishing good; pike, perch, roach, bream, and tench.
- Wolsingham** (Durham).—G.N.R. Wear; trout.
- Wolverhampton** (Stafford).—L. & N.W.R. Smestow (2 m. W.). (See *Gloucester*.) *Hotel*: Star and Garier. *Tackletst*, T. Shakespeare, 9, Market-place.
- Wolverton** (Bucks).—L. & N.W.R. (See *Stoney Stratford*.) Ouse; coarse fish; mostly private. (c.s. *N. and S.*) Tove. (See *King's Lynn*.)
- Wombwell** (Yorks).—G.O.R. Dove. New beck, 1 m. S.E. Dearne, 2 m. E. (See *Goole*.)
- Womersley** (Yorks).—G.N.B.; L. & Y.R. Lake drain. Went, 2 m. S. *Lakes*: Stapleton Park lake, 1 m. W. (See *Goole*.)
- Woodborough** (Wilts).—G.W.R. Avon; trout, grayling, chub, roach, pike; preserved by landowners. (See *Christchurch*.) (c.s.)
- Woodbridge** (Suffolk).—G.E.R. Deben; roach, pike, tench, perch; preserved by landowners. Deben rises above **Debenham**, runs 9 m. to Kettleburgh, 4 m. S.E. from **Framlingham**, and 5 m. down is joined on right bank by Potford brook, 4 m. long. Deben runs 2 m. to **Wickham Market**, and 2 m. down waters the decoy at Ash Abbey close by the railway. Deben runs to **Melton** 4 m., and **Woodbridge** 1 m. 1 m. down, Fyn joins on right bank. Fyn rises 4 m. above **Bealings**, where it waters Playford mere, and 1 m. below is joined on left bank by Otley brook, 7 m. long. 2 m. down, Fyn joins Deben estuary. *Hotels*: Bull, Crown.
- KIRTON brook runs 4 m. S. from **Woodbridge** at Brightwell-cum-Foxhall. Kirton rises in Bixley decoy ponds on Black Heath, 2½ m. S.E. from **Ipswich**, runs 3 m. to Brightwell, and 4 m. below joins Deben estuary.
- Woodbury Road** (Devon).—L. & S.W.R. Woodbury brook. This brook rises E. of Woodbury, and runs 3 m. to the Exe Estuary, close to the station.
- Woodchester** (Gloucester).—M.R. Nailsworth brook. Frome (2 m.) (See *Stonehouse*.)
- Woodford** (Essex).—G.E. & N.L.B. (See *Barking*.) On Roding; few dace and perch.
- Wood Green** (Middlx.).—G.N.R. On New River. (See *London*.)
- Woodhall Spa** (Lincoln).—G.N.R. Witham, 1 m. S.W., at **Kirkstead**. Bain, 3 m. E. Haltham Beck, 3 m. E. (See *Boston*.)
- Woodhead** (Derby).—G.O.R. Etherow. Witherow brook. Great and Little Crowdon brooks, 1 m. W. *Lakes*: Woodhead reservoir. Torside reservoir. (See *Runcorn*.)
- Woodhouse** (Derby).—G.C.R. Shire brook, 1 m. S. Bother, 1 m. E. (See *Goole*.)
- Woodhouse Mill** (Derby).—M.R. Bother. Pigeon Bridge brook, 2 m. S.E. Shire brook, 2 m. S.W. *Lakes*: Sickers Wood pond, 3 m. E. (See *Goole*.)
- Woodland**.—F.S.R. Steerspool rises on Broughton Moor, and runs by the railway for 4 m., passing **Woodland** station. The stream runs some 6 m. to Kirkby, where it joins the Duddon estuary. The Sickle can be fished from here. (See *Broughton*.)
- Woodlesford** (Yorks).—M.R.; L. & Y.R. Aire. (c.s. *York*.) Rothwell beck, 1 m. S. (See *Rawcliffe*.)
- Woodstock Road** (Oxford).—G.W.R. Cherwell. (See *London*, *M.T.*)

Woolkerton (Salop).—G.W.R. Teme; trout, grayling, chub, dace, roach, pike, perch; strictly preserved above, but open below to the members of the Tenbury Angling Club. (*See Tenbury*.) Brimfield brook; trout. *Inn*: Solway Arms. (*See Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.)

Wookey (Somerset).—G.W.B. Ax. (*See Azbridge*.) (c.s. *Avon*.)

Wool (Dorset).—S. & D.B. Frome. Piddle; trout, salmon. (*See Wareham*.) (c.s.)

Woolaston (Gloucester).—L. & S.W.R. Cone brook. Cone rises by Hewelsfield, and is 5 m. long.

Woolavington (Somerset).—G.W.R. Brue; roach, perch, carp, pike; free. (*See High-bridge*.) (c.s. *Avon*.)

Wooler (Northland).—N.E.R. The fishing is good. Till and Glen join below Wooler, running through Millfield Plain into Tweed, and is under the Scotch or Tweed Act, and is open for sea trout angling from February to December. If there is a flood to bring the fish over the cauls and dams, whiting, &c., will be met with early in the summer; in the latter end of the season large fish are numerous. There are plenty of good pike in the deep waters, and some few perch about Etal. There are plenty of trout in the Wooler, Bowmont, and Bremish streams, in the neighbourhood. The Till is free in all but a few places. At the mouth of Till and about Etal the fishing is good, but leave must be obtained from the landed proprietors. Bowmont is preserved. There is some good trout fishing about Canna Mill, and up to Yetholm. No pike or perch in it. College is now preserved, except on the Heathpool ground. Wooler waters may be fished up to Langlee Ford. A small portion is preserved, but leave may be obtained. In summer the water is very low, and there are few pools. From its junction with the Till, upwards of $1\frac{1}{2}$ m., the lower part of the Glen is preserved by Sir H. St. Paul, who kindly grants leave. Mr. Culley preserves the Coupland Castle water, the best part of the Glen, for about $\frac{3}{4}$ m., and Hon. F. W. Lambton owns the Lanton water, and gives leave for a day or two. Above and up to Langlee Ford, and foot of Cheviots, it is better fishing. At Chaton, 5 m. off, there is some good open water on Till, on the Duke of Northumberland's ground. Nearest part of Coquet is at Weldon Bridge. By driving to Powburn (or, better, Branton), some part of the Bremish can be fished. Begin at Ingram, and fish up. Some miles below, Bremish becomes Till. The wading in Till is dangerous. The Bowmont and College may also be fished from Wooler. Red Lion Hotel and Tankerville Arms are very good inns. For fishing the lower part of Till accommodation can be had at the Blue Bell, Crookham. The water is very heavy, except a few short streams about Ford Islands belonging to the Dowager Marchioness of Waterford, who kindly grants leave to any gentleman leaving his card. Below Millfield (belonging to A. Grey, Esq., who gives leave also) there are some nice streams. Sir H. St. Paul is the owner on one side, and sometimes give leave, and Hon. F. W. Lambton the owner of the other. Here Lord Tankerville's water commences, and he has kindly opened it for the benefit of the inhabitants of Wooler from March 1 to September 30.

Wooton (Gloucester).—(*See Stonehouse*.)

Wootton Bassett (Wilts).—G.W.B. (*See Bristol*.) On Thunder Brook.

Worcester.—G.W.B. Severn; pike, twaite, chub, dace, roach, salmon, trout, &c. Laughern brook. Teme (2 m. S.); chub, dace, roach, pike, grayling, trout, salmon; preserved on left bank from Powick Old Bridge to Severn by Mr. Willis Bund, and let to a club; a club also fishes the right bank; above the bridge Mr. Bund preserves privately, but for a portion of the water d.t., 1s., can be had of the water-bailiff Little, at Powick Mill. Above the mills the water is private. Salwarp (4 m. N.); trout and coarse fish. (*See Gloucester*.) (c.s.) There is fair fishing in Leigh brook, which can be reached from the n.s. **Bransford-road** Station; let to a club. The brook is private elsewhere, but the farmers will generally give leave. *Hotels*: Star, Unicorn, Great Western, Holt Fleet Hotel at Holt Weir.

Workshop (Notts).—G.N.R. Ryton. Spont, 2 m. N.W. Poulter, 5 m. S. *Lakes*: Manor Park, 2 m. S.W. Carlton lake, 3 m. N.W. Carburton, 5 m. S. Clumber Park, 5 m. S.E. Welbeck Park, 5 m. S.W. Langold lake, 5 m. N. (*See Aldhorpe*.)

Worle (Somerset).—G.W.R. *Lakes*: Worle pond; rudd, tench, carp; d.t. 1s., including boat from Mr. Barrett, mineral water merchant, Worle.

Worleston (Cheshire).—L. & N.W.R. Weaver. Pool brook. Wistaston brook. (*See Frodsham*.)

Wormald Green (York.) N.E.R. Robert beck. *Lakes*: Bishop Monkton pond, 3 m. N.E. (*See York*.)

Worstead (Norfolk).—G.E.R. Ant, 1 m. N.E. Stake beck, 2 m. W. *Lakes*: Worstead Hall lake. Westwick Park lake, 1 m. W. Scottow pond, 2 m. W. Dilham lake, 2 m. E. Dilham Broad, 2 m. S.E. (*See Yarmouth*.)

Worthington (Leicester).—M.R. Breedon. Carr brook, 2 m. W. *Lakes*: Dog Kennel pool and two other ponds, 2 m. W. Stanton Hall ponds, 2 m. N.W. Calke Park ponds, 3 m. N.W. (*See Gainsborough*.)

Wranagton (Devon).—G.W.B. (*See Ivy Bridge*.)

Wraybury (Bucks).—L. & S.W.R. (*See London, M.T. and L.T.*) Thames, Colne, and Fleet. Few trout, jack, barbel, chub, roach, and perch. *Inn*: George. *Fishermen*: W. and H. Haines. The Colne is preserved by the Piscatorial Society. Fishing good. Chub, dace, roach, pike. The Fleet holds roach, dace, chub, and barbel; fishing free.

Wrenbury (Cheshire).—L. & N.W.R. Weaver. Marbury brook. Sales brook, 2 m. S.

Baddiley brook, 2 m. N. *Lakes*: Combermere mere, 2 m. S.; pike, perch, roach; leave sometimes from the Steward. Baddiley mere, 2 m. N. Cholmondeley mere, 4 m. N.W. (See *Frodsham*.)

Wressle (York).—N.E.R. Derwent. Derwent rises on Wykeham High Moor, 8 m. above **Hackness**, and 3 m. down is joined on the left bank by Jugger Howe beck. This brook rises by Biller Howe, 3 m. S.W. of **Fyling Hall**. 3 m. down, Helwath beck, 3 m. long, joins on left bank (this stream rises 1 m. S.W. of **Peak**), and Bloody beck, 2 m. long on right bank. 4 m. down, Jugger Howe beck joins Derwent. 8 m. down Derwent, 2 m. from **Hackness**, Black beck joins on right bank. This stream, under the name of Grain beck, rises on Alleston Moor, and 6 m. down is joined on left bank by Stockland beck, 3 m. long. 1 m. down, Hipper beck, 3 m. long, joins Black beck on left bank. 1 m. down Black beck, Deepdale beck, 2 m. long, joins on right bank. 1 m. down, Black beck joins Derwent, 1 m. down at Hilla Green Bridge (preserved above for some distance by Capt. Johnstone, but free above and below to Preston Ings by the Derwent Angling Club). Troutdale beck, 4 m. long, joins Derwent on right bank. Derwent runs to **Hackness**, 1 m., and here Lowdales beck, 3 m. long, joins on left bank. Derwent runs to **Ayt n** and **Forge Valley**, 5 m., 3 m. to Preston Ings, where the water of the Derwent Angling Club ends, and **Ganton**, 3 m. 1 m. above this station, Helford river joins on left bank. Helford rises by **Grithorpe**, 1 station from **Filey**, runs 3 m. to **Causton** (1 m. off on right bank), and joins Derwent 4 m. below. 2 m. below **Ganton**, Ruston beck joins on right bank. Ruston, under the name of Beedale beck, rises 3 m. above **Wykeham**, at which village it is joined on the right bank by Sawdon beck, which rises by **Sawdon**, and is 3 m. long. Ruston runs to Derwent in 3 m. Derwent runs 1 m., where Brompton beck, which rises above Brompton, 2 m. S.W. of **Wykeham**, and is 4 m. long, joins on right bank. Derwent runs to **Yedingham**, (n.s. **Hesterton**, 1 m.), and 1 m. down by Newstead Grange is joined on left bank by Scampston beck. This brook rises in a pond by Winttringham, 2 m. E. of **Billington**, runs to Scampton Park, where it waters the lake (n.s. **Billington**, 1 m.), and joins Derwent 2 m. down. 1 m. down Derwent, Thornton beck joins on right bank. Thornton rises on Allerston Moor, 2 m. E. of **Levisham**, runs 5 m. to **Wilton** (1 m. off on left bank), 2 m. to **Thornton Dale**, and joins Derwent 4 m. down. Derwent runs to Rye-mouth, 3 m., **Billington** Station being 1 m. off on left bank. Here Rye joins on right bank. Rye rises on the slopes of the Cleveland Hills, 14 m. above **Helmsley**, and 3 m. down is joined on left bank by Prodale beck, 3 m. long. 1½ m. down, Wheat beck, 3 m. long, joins Rye on right bank. 2 m. down, Blow Gill beck, 3 m. long, joins on left bank. 3 m. down Rye at Hawtly, Ladhill beck, 4 m. long, joins on left bank. 1 m. down Rye, Seph joins on left bank. Seph is formed by the junction of Raisdale and Bilsdale becks, each some 3 m. long, both rising some 6 m. S.E. of **Stokesley**. 3 m. down Seph, Ledge beck, 4 m. long, joins on left bank. Seph runs to Rye, 6 m. Rye runs to Rievaulx, 3 m., **Helmsley**, 5 m. (preserved above by Lord Feversham, below to Nunnington Bridge by the Rydale Angling Club), **Nunnington**, 4 m. 3 m. below, Rical joins on left bank. Rical rises on Helmsley Moor, 6 m. N. of **Helmsley**, and joins Rye 7 m. below. Half a mile below the junction of Rye and Rical, Dove joins on left bank. Dove rises on Farndale Moor, 12 m. above **Kirkby Moorside**, and 2 m. below that place is joined on right bank by Hodge Beck, which rises in two branches on Bunsdale Moor, 10 m. above **Kirkby Moorside**, and joins Dove 2 m. below. Dove joins Rye 4 m. down by Salton. 1 m. down Rye, Hole beck joins on right bank. Hole rises above **Gilling**, runs 1 m. N. of **Hovingham** at Stonegrave, and 2 m. below is joined on right bank by Marro beck, which rises above Cotton Mill Pond, 2 m. above **Hovingham**, through which village it runs and joins Hole 2 m. below. Hole runs 2 m. to Rye. Just above the junction, Wath beck joins Hole on right bank. Wath rises in the lakes in the park, 3 m. S. of **Hovingham**, runs to **Hovingham**, 1 m. off on left bank, 2 m., **Slingsby**, 2 m., and joins Rye 2 m. below. 2 m. down Rye, Severn joins on left bank. Severn rises on Rosedale Common, 12 m. above **Swinington**. 4 m. down at Rosedale Abbey, Northdale beck, 3 m. long, joins on left bank. 3 m. down, Harloff beck, 4 m. long, joins on left bank. 3 m. down, Sutherland beck, 3 m. long, joins on left bank. Severn runs to **Swinington**, 4 m. 1 m., below, Catter beck joins on right bank. Catter, named Rudland in its upper course, rises on Spaunton Moor, 5 m. N. of **Kirkby Moorside**, and runs in 5 m. within a mile of that town the other side of Dove, and joins Severn 2 m. below. Severn runs to Normanby, 2 m., and joins Rye 4 m. down at Brawby. 6 m. down Rye at Howe Bridge, 3 m. N.E. of **Malton**, Costa beck joins on left bank. Costa rises above Middleton, 1 m. N.W. of **Pickering** (preserved by Costa Angling Club), and 5 m. down waters the fish pond at **Krkby Misperton**, 3 m. S. of **Pickering**. Just below, **Pickering** beck joins on left bank. **Pickering** rises 3 m. above **Levisham** Station, and 2 m. below that place is joined on left bank by **Levisham** beck, which runs through **Levisham**, and is 4 m. long. **Pickering** runs to **Pickering**, 5 m., and joins Costa at **Kirkby Misperton**, 3 m. down. Costa joins Rye 4 m. below. Rye joins Derwent 1 m. down. 1 m. down Derwent, Settrington beck, which rises in Settrington Lake, 3 m. S.E. of **Malton**, and is 4 m. long, joins on left bank. Derwent runs to **Malton**, 2 m. 2 m. down is the outflow of Welham pond, ½ m. up on left bank. Derwent runs 2 m. to **Hutton Ambro**. Here Menethorpe beck, which rises in a pond at Birdsall Ings, 1 m. W. of **Wharram**, and is 5 m. long, joins on left bank. 1 m. down Derwent, Howl beck and Mile beck, each 3 m. long,

joins on left bank, both streams uniting just above their junction with Derwent. Derwent runs 3 m. to **Castle Howard**. Here Cram beck, which rises in the great lake in Castle Howard Park, 3 m. up, joins on right bank. Derwent runs to Howsham Bridge 3 m. Here Spittle beck joins on right bank. Spittle, under the name of Bulmer beck, rises above Dalby 4 m. S. of **Hovingham**, runs 4 m. to Bulmer, **Barton Mill** 3 m., and joins Derwent 3 m. down. 1 m. down, White Carr beck and Loppington beck, each 3 m. long, joins Derwent on left bank at the same spot. Derwent runs 1 m. to Scrayingham, where Swallowpits beck, 3 m. long, joins on left bank. Derwent runs 2 m., where Skirpen beck, 6 m. long, joins on left bank. Derwent runs to **Stamford Bridge** 2 m. Here the outfall of two ponds on Buttercrambe Moor, 1 m. up, joins on right bank. Derwent runs to **Kexby** 3 m. (n.s. **Fangfoss**, 3 m.), **Sutton-on-Derwent** (n.s. **Fangfoss**, 5 m.), and 2 m. down, at Ings Bridge, Foss beck, which rises in three different branches joining 2 m. above **Fangfoss**, and is 7 m. long, joins on left bank. Derwent runs to **East Cottingham** (n.s. **Bubwith**, 4 m.), and 4 m. down reaches **Bubwith**. Derwent runs 2 m. to **Brighton** (n.s. **Menthorpe**, 1 m.), and **Wrestel** 2 m. Derwent joins Ouse 2 m. down.

Wroxham (Norfolk).—G.E.R. Bure; roach, bream, pike, perch; fishing from boats only generally permitted. Sprixworth beck, 3 m. S.W. Ant. 6 m. E. **Lakes**: Brickfield Broad, right bank. Belaugh Broad, left bank; private. Little Belaugh pond, right bank. Bridge Broad, right bank; preserved. Knapes water, left bank. Wroxham Broad, right bank (E. W. Trafford, Esq.); fishing at per day. (c.s. *N. and S.*) Hoveton Hall lake, 1 m. N. Hoveton Great Broad, left bank, 2 m. S.E. (J. O. Blowfield, Esq.); private. (c.s. *N. and S.*) Salhouse Broad, right bank, 2 m. S.E. (Sir E. Stracey, of Backheath); private. Little Hoveton Broad, 2 m. N.E. Burnt Fen Broad, 3 m. E. King's water, 3 m. E. Beeston Hall lake, 4 m. N.E. Oliver Broad, 6 m. N.E. (J. C. Webb, Esq.). (See *Yarmouth*.) *Hotels*: King's Head, Wroxham Castle.

Wye (Kent).—S.E.B. On Stour; jack, roach, &c.; the fishing free, but, owing to the weeds, not good until late in the season. 3 m. below Wye the river belongs to J. S. W. Erle Drax, Esq., of Olantigh Towers, Wye. The lake in Eastwell Park holds good pike. (c.s.) (See *Sandwich*.) *Inns*: Victoria, King's Head.

Wykeham (York).—N.E.R. Reedale beck. Sawdon beck. Brompton beck, 2 m. S.W. at Brompton. Derwent, 3 m. S. (See *Wressel*.)

Wylve (Wilts).—G.W.B. Wylve; trout, grayling; preserved by Wilton Fly-fishing Club (see *Wilton*). (See *Christchurch*.) (c.s. *Avon*)

Wymondham (Norfolk).—G.E.B. Bass. Tiffey. Dyke beck, 2 m. Hackford brook, 2½ m. N.W., at Crownthorpe. Yare, 6 m. N., at Marlingford. **Lakes**: Kimberley Park lake, 3 m. N.W. Wicklewode mere, 4 m. W. Ketteringham Hall lakes, 4 m. E. Sea mere, 5 m. W., by Hingham. (See *Yarmouth*.)

Wyre (Worcester).—G.W.B. Dowles brook; trout, Severn (3 m. E.); salmon, trout, grayling, chub, dace, pike, perch, &c. (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.)

Wyvenhoe (Essex).—G.E.R. Roman river. This stream joins Colne estuary on right bank opposite Wyvenhoe. It rises by **Marks**, and 3 m. down is joined on right bank by a short stream draining the lake at Birch Hall, 4 m. S.E. of **Marks**. 4 m. down, Roman river is joined on right bank by Laver brook, 9 m. long. The main stream runs 4 m. to **Wyvenhoe**. 1 m. E. are 3 ponds at Villa Farm.

Yalding (Kent).—S.E.B. (See *Rochester*.) On Medway; pike, perch, roach, bream, &c.; preserved by the Maldstone Club; d., w., and m.t.; sec., A. H. Emary, Maldstone. Telse; coarse fish. Beult; coarse fish, trout; mostly private. *Hotel*: George.

Yarmouth (Norfolk).—G.E.R. Waveney; pike, perch, bream, roach, chub. Yare; same fish. Bure; same fish. **Lakes**: Fritton Decoy, 6 m. S.W. Waveney rises above **Diss**, where is Diss mere, and 4 m. down is joined on right bank by Eye brook, which rises 8 m. above **Eye**, and joins Waveney 6 m. down by Oakley Park. Waveney runs 7 m. to **Harleston**, 1 m. off on left bank, **Homersfield** 5 m., **Bungay** 6 m. Here the river makes a loop of 3 m., running again through the town, and 2 m. down is joined on left bank by a brook draining the lakes at Ditchingham Hall, 2½ m. N. of **Bungay**. Waveney runs 2 m. to **Geldeston**, **Beccles** 2 m. 3 m. down, 2½ m. N.W. from **Mutford**, a cutting on right bank joins the river with Oulton Broad, which runs to **Lowestoft** through Lake Lothing. **Mutford** being at the junction of Oulton with Lothing. ¼ m. down Waveney the outflow, 1 m. long, of Flixton Decoy, and the lake at the Villa, 2½ m. N. from **Mutford**, joins on right bank. Waveney runs to **Somerleyton** 2 m., **Haddiscoe** 2 m., just below which place the outflow of Fritton Decoy, 1 m. up, joins on right bank. Here also is the New Cut, 3 m. long, joining Yare with Waveney. Waveney runs to **Belton** 3 m. (1 m. off on right bank), and 2 m. down joins Breydon water. Here Yare joins on left bank.

YARE rises above **Hardingham**, and here Blackwater river, 6 m. long, joins on right bank. 7 m. down Yare, by Barford, Bass river joins on right bank. Bass rises 4 m. above **Wymondham**, where it is joined by Tiffey river, 4 m. long; 2 m. down, Dyke beck, 3 m. long, joins on left bank. 1 m. down, Bass waters the lake in Kimberley Park (n.s. **Kimberley**, 1 m.), and here Hackford brook joins on left bank. Hackford rises in Sea mere, 1 m. S.E. from **Hingham** (n.s. **Kimberley**, 3 m.), and 2 m. down, at Hackford, waters Wicklewode mere, 2 m. S. from **Kimberley**, and 3 m. down joins Kimberley Park pond. Bass runs 4 m. to Yare. 10 m. down Yare, ¼ m. below Cringleford, 3 m. S.W. from **Norwich**, a brook, 3 m. long, joins on right bank.

draining the lakes at Ketteringham Hall 1 m. S. from **Hethersett**, and the lakes at Bracon Hall and Carlton Lodge, 2 m. W. of **Swaithorpe**. Yare runs 3 m. to **Norwich**, and here Taes joins on right bank. Taes rises above **Fornett**, runs 3 m. to **Flordon**, **Swaithorpe** 4 m., and Yare and **Norwich** 5 m. Yare runs 2 m. to the other side of the city, and here Wensum joins on left bank. Wensum rises above **Fakenham**, runs 3 m. to **Eyburgh**, **North Elmham** 7 m., **Lenwade** 10 m., and here Blackwater brook joins, which rises in Black lake, 1½ m. N. from **Cawston**, runs thence to **Reepham** 2 m., and **Lenwade** and Wensum 3 m. 1 m. down Wensum a brook joins on left bank, 5 m. long, draining the lake at Haverlingland 2 m. S. from **Cawston**. Wensum runs 1 m. to **Attlebridge**, 8 m. to **Drayton**, and **Helleston** 2 m., and here Costessey brook joins on right bank. This brook rises by **Yaxham**, runs 7 m. to **Honingham**, where is a large pond at the Hop Grounds 4 m. S. from **Attlebridge**, and runs 5 m. to Wensum, which runs to **Norwich** and Yare 5 m. Yare runs to **Withlingham** 3 m., **Brundall** 4 m. (here is Surlingham Broad on right bank). 1 m. down a brook joins on left bank, draining the lakes in Plumpstead Hall 2 m. N. of **Brundall**. ½ m. down Yare on left bank is Strumpshaw Broad, and just below, Rockland Broad on right bank. ½ m. down Yare is **Buckenham**, and 1 m. down the outflow of **Buckenham** Broad and **Hasingham** Broad join on left bank. Yare runs 2 m. to **Cantley**, and 2 m. below is joined on right bank by Chat, which rises in the lake at Brook Hall, 8 m. S.E. of **Norwich**, runs to **Loddon** (n.s. **Beccles**, 7 m.) 5 m., and Yare 4 m. Yare runs to **Reedham** 2 m., where the New Cut, joining Yare and Waveney, enters Yare, and 4 m. down runs into Breydon water at **Berney Arms** Station. Breydon water is salt, and is 4 m. long, **Yarmouth** being at the lower end.

BURE joins the sea at **Yarmouth**. Bure rises in Melton Park lake, 1 m. N. from **Hindolvestone**, runs 4 m. to Thurning, where it waters the lake in Thurning Hall, thence 3 m. to **Corpusty**, and 4 m. below at Blicking Mill a stream joins on left bank, watering two ponds by Apple Tree Plantation ½ m. up, 4 m. N.W. from **Aylsham**. 1 m. down Bure, **Aldbrough** beck joins on left bank. **Aldbrough** rises in the lake in Felbrig Park, 5 m. S.W. from **Cromer**, runs 4 m. to **Aldbrough** and its mill pond, 5 m. N. from **Aylsham**, and 1 m. down is joined on right bank by a brook, 3 m. long, draining the lake in **Barningham** Park by Town **Barningham**, 4½ m. N.E. from **Corpusty**. **Aldbrough** joins Bure 2 m. below. ½ m. down Bure is the outflow, on right bank, of the lake at Blicking, ½ m. up, 2 m. N.W. from **Aylsham**, and 3 m. down, Bure reaches **Aylsham**. 5 m. down Bure, just above **Burton**, **Guntun** beck and **Stake** beck joins on left bank. **Guntun** beck rises in the lakes and ponds in **Guntun** Park (Lord Suffield) by **Guntun**, runs 2 m. to **Felmingham**, and 4 m. down joins Bure. **Stake** beck rises in the **Perch** pond and mill pond in Heath Plantation, 2 m. S. of **North Walsham**, runs 2 m. to **Scotow** pond, 2 m. W. of **Worstead**, and Bure at **Buxton** 1 m. Bure runs 3 m. to **Coltishall**, and 3 m. down, 2 m. S.W. from **Wroxham**, **Spiwroth** beck, which rises by **Horsham** St. Faith, 2½ m. N.E. from **Drayton** and is 6 m. long, joins on right bank. 1 m. down Bure is **Brickfield**. Broad on right bank, and on left bank **Belauigh** Broad; a little further down, is **Little Belauigh** Broad on right bank. ½ m. down on right bank is **Bridge** Broad, then on left bank two backwaters from the river and **Knapes** water. These broads are all close to **Wroxham**. Opposite **Knapes** water on right bank is the top of **Wroxham** Broad, 1 m. long, and **Hoveton** Great Broad on left bank. Next to **Wroxham** is **Salhouse** Broad, 1 m. N.E. of **Salhouse**. ½ m. down Bure is **Decoy** or **Woodbastwick** Broad on right bank, 2 m. N.E. of **Salhouse**. On the opposite or left bank is **Little Hoveton** Broad, 2 m. E. of **Wroxham**. Here **Hoveton** brook, which rises in the **Hoveton** Hall lake 1 m. N. of **Wroxham**, runs 2 m. to **Burnt Fen** Broad and **King's** water, 3 m. E. of **Wroxham**, and waters **Hoveton** Broad, joins on left bank; accommodation can be had at **New Inn** and **Horning** Ferry, close by these broads. Bure runs 2 m., when the outflow of **Little** Broad, ½ m. up, 3 m. E. of **Salhouse**, joins on right bank. ½ m. down Bure on right bank is **Ransworth** Broad, 1 m. long, 4 m. E. of **Salhouse**. 2 m. down Bure, at **Horning** Hall, Ant joins on left bank. Ant rises in the **Antingham** ponds, 2 m. N.W. from **North Walsham**, and 4 m. down runs 1 m. E. of that town, and 4 m. below, at **Horning**, waters **Dilham** lake. 2 m. down, an arm, **Dilham** Broad, runs up on the right bank to **Dilham**, and this is watered by a brook which drains **Worstead** House lake by **Worstead** 3 m. up. Ant runs to **Stalham** Broad by **Stalham** 2 m., and 1 m. below waters **Barton** Broad, 1 m. long, 1 m. W. of **Catfield**. The drainings, 1 m. long, of **Beeston** Hall lake, 4 m. N.E. of **Wroxham**, join the right arm of **Barton** Broad. 1½ m. down Ant is a broad on left bank 1 m. S.W. from **Catfield**, and here also the drainings of **Oliver** Broad, 1 m. up, joins on right bank. **Oliver** is 5 m. N.E. from **Wroxham**. ½ m. below on left bank of Ant is a pond, and 3 m. down Ant joins Bure. ½ m. down Bure, **Fleet** dyke joins on right bank. This rises in **Pedham** Mill dam, 4 m. S.E. from **Salhouse**, runs 2 m. to **Walsham** Broad, 5 m. E. of **Salhouse**, and 1 m. down joins Bure. 2 m. down Bure, the **Hundred** stream or **Thurne** joins on left bank. This runs down from above **Martham** Broad by **Martham**, and here the drainings of **Horsley** mere, 1 m. up, joins on right bank. **Horsley** is 4 m. N. from **Martham**. 1 m. below, **Hundred** stream joins on right bank **Hickling**, **Chapman**, and **Whitesley** Broad, and these are practically one large lake, 3 m. long, **Potter Higham** lying half-way down it. 3 m. down **Hundred** stream, on right bank, is **Womack** Broad by **Ludham**, 2 m. S. of **Catfield**. 1 m. down, at **Thurne** (nm, Red Lion), is the Bure, which runs to **Acle**

4 m. Here Muck Fleet joins on the left bank. This waterway is 4 m. long, and runs out of Ormsby, Rollesby, and Filby Broad, one large lake, 4 m. long, near **Ormsby**. 1 m. down Bure, Tunstall dyke joins on right bank, draining Acle Decoy, 1 m. S. of **Acle**. Bure runs 9 m. to **Yarmouth**. Leave to fish in most of the broads must be obtained, but the rivers are free. The broads and rivers hold pike, perch, tench, bream, roach, rudd, and carp. Good sea fishing from the pier and from the beach with throw-out lines; whiting fishing good from September to November. *Hotels:* Angel, Bath House, Bridge, Crown and Anchor, Norfolk, Royal, Queen's, Victoria. (*c.s. Norfolk*.) *Fishing stations within two hours of the town:* St. Olave's, Beccles, Geldeston, Bungay, Reedham, Cantley, Buckenham, Brundall, Acle, Ormesby, Martham, Potter Higham, Stalham, North Walsham.

Yarnton (Oxford).—G. W.B. (*See London, U.T.*)

Yarton (Salop).—L. & N.W.B. Sundown brook. *Lakes:* Yarton pool. (*See Gloucester*.)

Yate (Gloucester).—M.B. (*See Bristol; Frome*.) On Boyd, 7 m. *Lakes:* Doddington Park lake, 6 m.; carp, perch; leave from Sir G. Oodrington. Badminton Park lake, 8 m.; carp; Duke of Beaufort; leave from Mr. Thompson, the steward, at Badminton. There is good roach and perch fishing at Nibley Mills on Frome. (*See Bristol; Iron Acton*.)

Yaxham (Norfolk).—G.E.B. Costessey brook. (*See Yarmouth*.)

Yedingham (York), n.s. **Hesterton**, 1 m. Derwent; grayling, chub, pike, coarse fish; free. (*See Wressell*.)

Yeldham (Essex).—G.E.B. Colne; pike, perch, roach; permission freely given by the farmers. (*See Colchester*.)

Yeovil (Somerset).—G.W.B. Yeo; coarse fish and a few trout. *Hotel:* Mermaid. (*See Bridgwater*.) (*c.s. Avon*.)

Yeovil Junction (Somerset).—L. & S.W.B. Yeo. (*See Bridgwater*.) (*c.s. Avon*.)

Yetminster (Somerset).—G.W.B. (*See Bridgwater*.)

Ynyddu (Monmouth).—S.B. Sirhowey; trout. (*See Newport*.)

Yockleton (Salop).—L. & N.W.B.; G.W.B. Yockleton brook. Rea (2½ m. S.); trout, grayling. (*See Gloucester*.) (*c.s. Severn*.)

York.—G.E. & G.N. Joint R.; G.N.B.; N.E.B.; L. & N.W.B.; G.E.B.; S. & K. Joint R.; M.B.; G.C.B.; L. & Y.B.; N.B.B. Ouse. (*c.s. York*.) Foss. Tang Hall beck. Osbaldding beck. Ouse is formed by the junction of Swale and Ure 2 m. below **Burroughbridge**. Swale rises on Birkdale Common, 5 m. S.E. of **Kirkby Stephen**. 2 m. down, Little Steddale beck (trout; free), 3 m. long, joins on right bank. 1 m. below, 7 m. S.E. of **Kirkby Stephen**, the outfall of Birkdale tarn, ½ m. up, joins on left bank. 1 m. down Swale, Great Steddale beck (trout; free), 2 m. long, joins on right bank. 1 m. down Swale, Whitsundale beck (trout), 5 m. long, joins on left bank. 1 m. down Swale, at **Keld**, Stonesdale beck, 3 m. long, joins on left bank. Swale runs 3 m. to **Muker**. Here Muker beck (trout) joins on right bank. Muker rises in Stockdale, and 2 m. down is joined at Thwaite on right bank by Thwaite beck (trout), 2 m. long. Hence to **Muker** is 1 m. 1 m. down Swale, Oxnop beck, 2 m. long, joins on right bank. Swale runs 1 m. to Gunnerside (n. King George IV.). 1 m. down Swale, here Gunnerside beck (spoilt by lead mines), 4 m. long, joins on left bank. 2 m. down Swale, Summerlodge or Crackpot beck (trout), which rises in Summerlodge tarn, 3 m. N. of **Askrigg**, and is 3 m. long, joins on right bank. 3 m. down Swale, Healaugh beck, 5 m. long, joins on left bank. Swale runs 2 m. to **Beeth**. Here Arkle beck joins on left bank. Arkle beck (injured by lead mines) rises in Arkengarthdale Moor, and 5 m. down is joined on right bank by Roe beck, 2 m. long. 2 m. down Arkle, Straw beck, 3 m. long, joins on left bank. Arkle runs to Swale 5 m. Swale runs 4 m., when Gill beck (trout) joins on right bank. Gill rises in Preston Moor, 4 m. N.W. of **Leyburn**. 6 m. down, Stainton Moor beck, 3 m. long, joins on left bank. 1 m. below is Swale. 1 m. down Swale, by Marske, Marske beck (trout) joins on left bank. Marske, under the name of Arndale, rises on Hexwith Moor, 6 m. N. across the hills from **Beeth**. 3 m. down, Moresdale beck, 2 m. long, joins on right bank, 5 m. N. from **Beeth**. 3 m. down, Throstle beck, 3 m. long, joins on left bank. Marske runs 3 m. to Swale. 1 m. down Swale, Clapgate beck, 2 m. long, joins on left bank. Swale runs to **Richmond**, 5 m. 1 m. down, Sand beck, 4 m. long, joins on right bank. 2 m. down Swale, Colburn beck, 6 m. long, joins on right bank. Swale runs 1 m. to Brompton-on-Swale and **Catterick** Bridge, close to the Catterick station. Here Skeeby beck joins on left bank. Skeeby, under the name of Dalton beck, rises on Hornbriggs, runs to Ravensworth 4 m., 3 m. to Hartforth, where Smelt Mill beck, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. Skeeby beck runs to Gilling 1 m., 3 m. N. of **Richmond**. 1 m. below, Aske beck joins on right bank. Aske rises in Richmond Moor, runs 3 m. to Aske Hall, where it waters Aske Hall lake, 1 m. N. of **Richmond**, and joins Skeeby 1 m. below. Skeeby runs 4 m. to Swale. Swale runs 3 m. to **Catterick**. Here Brough beck joins on right bank. Brough beck, under the name of Scotton beck, rises in Calffhole tarn on Barden Moor, 4 m. N. of **Spennithorne**, or 4 m. S.W. of **Richmond**, and 8 m. down, 1 m. above **Catterick**, is joined on the right bank by Tunstall beck, 4 m. long. 1 m. below the junction is **Catterick** and Swale. Swale runs to Langton 5 m. Here Scotton beck joins on the left bank. Scotton, called Fivehill beck, in its upper course rises above Middleton Tyas, runs thence to **Scorton** Station 3 m. Here Howl beck, 4 m. long, joins on the left bank, and Bridgeworth beck, which rises above Moulton and is 3 m. long, joins on right bank. Scorton runs to **Scorton** 1 m., and joins Swale 5 m. below. A little below Langton

the Stoll, 5 m. long, joins on left bank. Swale runs to **Scruton** on right bank, and **Ainderby** on left bank. 2 m. down, **Bedale** beck joins on right bank. **Bedale**, under the name of **Garriston**, rises in the high and low ponds on **Barden Moor**, 3 m. N. of **Spennithorne**, runs to **Garriston** 2 m. N. of **Constable Burton**, and thence 2 m. to **Hunton**, 2 m. N. of **Fingall**, and 3 m. below is joined on right bank by **Newton** beck. **Newton**, under the name of **Broomber** beck, rises in **Broomber Higg**, 2 m. N. of **Wensley**, runs 4 m. to within 1 m. N. of **Leyburn**, and 3 m. below, at **Constable Purton**, is joined on left bank by **Bellerby** beck, which rises above **Bellerby** 2 m. N. of **Leyburn**, and is 4 m. long. **Newton** runs 1 m. to **Fingall**, and joins **Bedale** 2 m. down. **Bedale** runs to **Crakehall** 1 m., **Bedale** 2 m., **Leewing** 3 m., and joins **Swale** 2 m. below. **Swale** runs to **Maunby** (n.s. **Newby Wiske**) 1 m., and 2 m. below, by **Scarborough House**, **Pickhill** being 1 m. off on right bank, **Wiske** river joins **Swale** on left bank. **Wiske** rises on **Whorlton Moor** 6 m. above **West Eounton**, runs 6 m. to **Cowton**. **Danby Wiske** 4 m., **Northallerton** 4 m., and here **Brompton** beck joins on left bank. **Brompton** rises some 4 m. above **Brompton**, and at that place is joined on left bank by **Winton** beck, 4 m. long. **Brompton** runs to **Northallerton** 2 m., and joins **Wiske** 1 m. below. **Wiske** runs 3 m. to **Newby Wiske**, and **Swale** 4 m. **Swale** runs 3 m. to **Skipton Bridge** (n.s. **Baddersby**, being 1 m. off on left bank, 4 m.), **Topcliffe** (n.s. **Sessay**) 3 m. Here **Cod** beck joins on left bank. **Cod**beck rises above **Toxton** 3 m. E. of **Brompton**. Here **Howl** beck, 3 m. long, joins on left bank. 6 m. down **Cod** near **Braywith Hall**, 2 m. E. of **Otterington**, **Broad** beck joins on left bank. **Broad** beck rises above **Over Silton**, and 5 m. down is joined on left bank by **Sorrow** beck, 4 m. long. 2 m. below **Broad** beck joins **Cod**. **Cod** runs 2 m. to **N. Kilvington**. Here **Spittlebeck**, 4 m. long, joins on left bank. **Cod** runs to **Thirsk**, 3 m. 4 m. down by **Dalton**, 1 m. W. of **Sessay** station, **Fisher** beck, 3 m. long, joins on left bank, and **Willow** beck, also on the same side. **Willow** beck, under the name of **Lunshaw** beck, rises 2 m. above **Bolby**, 5 m. N.E. of **Thirsk**, and 5 m. down at **Balk**, 4 m. S.E. of **Thirsk**, **Hood** beck, 4 m. long, joins on left bank. 5 m. below, **Willow** beck joins **Cod**. **Cod** now runs 2 m. to **Swale**. **Swale** runs to **Brasserton** 5 m. Here **Sun** beck joins on left bank. **Sun** beck, under the name of **Hole** beck, rises above **Gilling**, runs 2 m. to **Ampleforth**, where the outflow of the lake in **Gilling** park joins on left bank. 2 m. down **Sun** is the outflow of the lakes of **Park House**, 2 m. up on the left bank. **Sun** runs to **Coxwold** 3 m., **Husthwaite** 2 m. **Hole**, now taking the name of **Sun** beck, runs 5 m. to **Pillmoor** and 3 m. to **Brasserton** and **Swale**. **Swale** runs 4 m. to **Myton-on-Swale**, and here **Ure** joins on right bank. **Ure** rises on **Abbotside Common**, and runs 4 m. to **Moorecock Inn**. (Here begins the water of the **Hawes** Angling Club.) 4 m. down **Ure**, **Cotterdale** beck, 5 m. long, joins on right bank, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down **Widdale** beck joins on right bank. **Widdale** rises at **Old Widdale Head**, 4 m. N. of **Bibble Head**. 2 m. below, **Tarn** beck, which rises in the two **Widdale** tarns (**Little** and **Big**), and is 2 m. long, joins on left bank. These tarns are 5 m. S.W. across the hills from **Hawes**. 2 m. down **Widdale**, **Snaitzholme** beck, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. **Widdale** runs to **Ure** 2 m. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down **Ure** close to **Hawes**, **Hearne** beck, 5 m. long, joins on left bank. **Ure** runs to **Hawes**, 1 m. Here **Duerley** beck, 5 m. long, joins on right bank. **Ure** runs to **Askrigg** 1 m., **Bainbridge** Bridge 5 m. (here ends the water of the **Hawes** Club). Here **Bain** river joins on right bank. **Bain**, under the name of **Cragdale** water, rises in **Middletongue** tarn 10 m. across the hills from **Askrigg**. 1 m. below a stream joins on right bank, draining **Cray** tarn 10 m. S. of **Askrigg**. 3 m. down **Bain**, **Raydale** beck, which rises in **Outershaw** tarn, and is 4 m. long, joins **Bain** on left bank. Just below, **Bardale** beck, 4 m. long, joins on left bank. **Bain** runs $\frac{1}{2}$ m. to **Semmer** water (preserved by the **Wensleydale Angling Association**). The outflow from this lake, taking the name of **Bain** (here begins the water of the **Wensleydale Angling Association**), runs 3 m. to **Ure**. Just opposite the junction of **Bain** with **Ure**, **Sargill** beck, 5 m. long, joins on left bank. 1 m. down **Ure** by **Askrigg**, **Cogill** beck, 4 m. long, joins on left bank. **Ure** runs to **Aysgarth**, 4 m. (here ends the water of the **Wensleydale Angling Association**; the river is private below). 2 m. down, **Bishopdale** beck, 8 m. long, joins on the right bank. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. up **Bishopdale** from its junction with the **Ure**, **Walden** beck, 7 m. long, joins **Bishopdale** on right bank. 1 m. down **Ure** at **Bedmire**, **Beldon** beck joins on left bank. **Beldon** rises on **Carperby Moor**, and 3 m. below is joined on right bank by the outflow of **Locker** tarn, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. up. This lake is 1 m. N. of **Carperby**. **Beldon** runs 2 m. to **Ure**. A little way below, **Apedale** beck, 4 m. long, joins on left bank. **Ure** runs 3 m. to **Wensley**, **Leyburn**, 1 m., **Middleham**, 2 m. 1 m. below **Middleham** the **Cover** joins the **Ure** just below **Ellshaw Bridge** on right bank. **Cover** rises on **Cover Head Moor**, 4 m. N. of **Kettlewell**, and is 16 m. long. 2 m. down **Ure**, **Sowden** beck, 4 m. long, joins on right bank. **Ure** runs 9 m. to **Masham**, where **Burn** joins on right bank. **Burn** rises in **Thorny Grane Moor**, and 3 m. below is joined on left bank by **Birkgull** beck, 3 m. long. 1 m. down **Burn**, **Sprucegill** beck, 4 m. long, joins on right bank. 2 m. down **Burn**, **Grimesgill** beck, 5 m. long, joins on right bank. 2 m. down **Burn**, **Sale** beck, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. 1 m. below, the outflow of the lakes in **Swinton Park**, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. up, joins on right bank. **Burn** runs 2 m. to **Masham**, and here receives on the left bank **Swinney** beck, 5 m. long. **Burn** joins **Ure** just below. **Ure** runs to **Mickley**, 3 m., where the **Tanfield Club** water begins, **W. Stanfield**, 3 m., **Hutton Mill**, 5 m., where the **Ripon Angling Club** water begins, **Ripon**, 2 m. Here **Laver** joins

on the right bank. Laver rises on Dallowgill Moor, 6 m. N. of **Fateley Bridge**. 5 m. down, Stock beck, 3 m. long, joins on left bank. Laver runs 2 m. to Laverton, **Kirby Malseard** being 1 m. off on the left bank. 6 m. below, Kexbeck, which rises 3 m. above **Kirby Malseard**, joins Laver 4 m. below, joins on left bank. Laver runs 3 m. to **Ripon**. Here Skell joins on right bank. Skell rises in Dallow Moor 3 m. N.E. of **Fateley Bridge**. 6 m. down, by Grantley Hall, the outflow of Eavestone lake, 5 m. N.E. of **Fateley Bridge**, joins on the right bank. 3 m. down, Skell waters the lakes in Studley Park and Hill House, and joins Laver at **Ripon** 3 m. below. Ure runs to Hewick bridge (here ends the water of the E.A.U.). 3 m. down Ure the outflow of a pond by Bishop Monkham, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. up, joins on right bank. $\frac{1}{4}$ m. down Robert beck joins on right bank. This stream rises 6 m. above **Wormold Green**, runs to **Copgrove** 4 m., and 3 m. down joins Ure. Ure runs 4 m. to **Boroughbridge**. Here Tutt or Minskip beck, which rises above **Copgrove**, and is 6 m. long, joins on right bank, and 2 m. below Ure joins Swale, forming Ouse. (The fishing on Ouse—all coarse fishing—is mostly free.) Ouse runs 3 m. to **Aldwark** (n.s. **Tollerton**, 4 m.), Linton Lock, 4 m. (n.s. **Tollerton**, 3 m.). Here Kyle joins on right bank. Kyle rises 7 m. above **Aine** station, and there is joined on left bank by Hawkhill beck, 5 m. long; 1 m. below this junction, just above **Aine**, Derings beck, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. Kyle runs to **Aine**, 1 m. **Tollerton**, 1 m., and joins Ouse 4 m. below. Ouse runs 2 m. to **Munmonkton**, and here Nidd joins on right bank. Nidd rises on the slopes of Great Whernside 9 m. above **Ramskill**, 7 m. down How Stone beck, 5 m. long, joins on right bank. Nidd runs 3 m. to **Ramskill**. Ramskill beck, 4 m. long, here joins on right bank, and Lat beck, 3 m. long, on left bank. Nidd runs 3 m. where Burn Gill, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. 2 m. down Nidd, Ashfordside beck, 5 m. long, joins on right bank. Nidd runs to **Fateley Bridge** 1 m. Just below here Greenhow beck, 5 m. long, joins on right bank. Nidd runs 2 m., where Ear beck, 3 m. long, joins on left bank. Nidd runs 2 m. to **Daore**, and **Darley** 2 m. Here Darley beck, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. Nidd runs to **Hampthwaite** 4 m. Here Kettlesing beck, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. 1 m. down Nidd, Rowden beck, which runs through **Hampthwaite** and is 8 m. long, joins on right bank. Nidd runs to **Ripley** 1 m. (here begins the waters of the Knarsborough Club). Here Thornton beck joins on left bank. Thornton is 7 m. long, and at **Ripley** waters the lakes in Ripley Park. 2 m. down Nidd, Oak beck joins on the right bank. Oak rises in the forest of Knarsborough by John of Gaunt's Castle, 2 m. E. of Fewston, which is 7 m. S. of **Darley**. 8 m. down, at Knox Mill, Saltergate beck, 3 m. long, joins on left bank. 1 m. down, Oak joins Nidd. Nidd runs 4 m. to **Knarsborough**, 5 m. to **Goldsbrough** (here ends the water of the Knarsborough Club), and 5 m. below, by **Little Ribston**, is joined on right bank by Crimble beck. Crimble rises at Crimble Head 4 m. S.W. of **Harrogate**, runs 4 m. to **Pannal**, where Nor beck, 4 m. long, joins on right bank. Crimble runs to **Spofoth** 6 m., 3 m. N.W. of **Wetherby**, thence to Nidd is 4 m. 1 m. below, Allerton beck, which rises in the lakes in Allerton Park 2 m. N. of **Allerton**, and is 5 m. long, joins on left bank. Nidd runs 3 m. to **Cattal**, 3 m. to **Hammerton** and **Wilstrop**, and 4 m. down joins Ouse at **Mun Monkton**. Ouse runs 3 m. to Nether Poppleton, 1 m. N. of **Poppleton**, and **York** 4 m. Here Foss river joins on left bank. Foss rises in two reservoirs at Moss Farm, 3 m. S.E. of **Coxwold**, runs 5 m. to Stillington (n.s. **Tollerton**, 7 m.), and 4 m. down, where the Foss Navigation Cut joins, is joined on right bank by White Car beck, 4 m. long. Foss runs to **Strensall** 2 m., **Haxby** 3 m., and **York** 5 m. Here Tang Hall beck joins Foss on left bank. Tang Hall rises above **Harswick** Station, and runs thence to Foss in 4 m. Just above the junction, Osbalwick beck, 4 m. long, joins Tang Hall. Ouse runs to **Naburn** 4 m., and 5 m. down is joined on left bank by Stillingleet beck. This brook rises some 4 m. above **Escrick**, runs to Stillingleet 2 m., and joins Ouse 1 m. below. 1 m. below, just above **Cawood**, Wharfe joins Ouse on right bank. Wharfe is formed by the junction of Outershaw beck and Green Field beck, both some 3 m. long, which both rise on the slopes of Cam Fell, 8 m. across the hills E. from **Ribble Head**. Wharfe runs 6 m. to **Buckden**, **Starbolton** 2 m., **Kettlewell** 2 m., and 2 m. below is joined on right bank by Skirfare. Skirfare rises on Ber Gill, 5 m. N.E. across the hills from **Horton**, and 2 m. down, at Halton Gill, is joined on right bank by Foxup beck, 2 m. long. 2 m. down, Hesleden beck, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. The head of this beck is 4 m. N.E. of **Horton**. Skirfare runs 1 m. to Litton, and Arncliffe 4 m. Here Cowside beck, 5 m. long, joins on right bank. Skirfare runs 5 m. to Wharfe. 1 m. down Wharfe is Kilnsey and **Grassington**, 5 m. (n.s. **Bolton Abbey**, 12 m.). (Here begins the water of the Burnsall Angling Club.) Here Eller beck, 5 m. long, joins on right bank. Wharfe runs 2 m. to Hebden, where Hebden beck, 5 m. long, joins on left bank. Wharfe runs to **Burnsall** 1 m., and 1 m. down Dibb river joins on left bank. Dibb, under the name of Blea beck, rises on Conistone Moor, and 2 m. down waters Priest tarn, 5 m. N. of **Grassington**, at Black Edge. 2 m. down it waters Blea beck dams, 4 m. N.E. of **Grassington**. 1 m. down, Gate Up Gill, 3 m. long, joins on left bank. 1 m. down, Guinath beck, 2 m. long, joins on left bank. Hence to Wharfe is 4 m. Wharfe runs 2 m. to Appletreewick. Here Skyreholm beck, which rises in New dam 3 m. N. of Appletreewick, and is 4 m. long, joins on left bank. 1 m. down Wharfe, Gill beck, 2 m. long, joins on right bank. $\frac{1}{4}$ m. below is Barden Bridge, where ends the water of the Burnsall Angling Club. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. below,

Barden beck, 4 m. long, joins Wharfe on left bank. Wharfe runs 3 m. to **Bolton Abbey**, and 1 m. below is joined on left bank by Kex beck, 3 m. long. Wharfe runs 2 m. to **Addingham**, **Ilkley** 3 m., **Ben Rhydding** 1 m., **Burley** 4 m., **Otley** 2 m. (Here begins the water of the Otley Club.) Hollin beck here joins on right bank. Hollin rises on Ilkley Moor, and 3 m. down is joined on right bank by Mire beck, which rises by **Guisalee**, runs 2 m. to Menston, and joins Hollin 1 m. below. Hollin joins Wharfe 1 m. down. Wharfe runs 2 m., where Washburn river joins on left bank. Washburn rises in Tarn Gill 6 m. N.E. of Burnshall, and 3 m. down is joined on right bank by Harden beck, 2 m. long. 2 m. down Washburn, Akeds beck, 2 m. long, joins on right bank, which rises in Akeds dam, 6 m. N.E. of **Bolton Abbey**. Washburn runs 3 m. to Blubberhouses, 6 m. S.W. from **Darley**, and 1 m. down is joined on right bank by Gill beck, 3 m. long. 1 m. down Washburn, Spinksburn beck, 2 m. long, joins on left bank. Washburn runs 7 m. to Wharfe, which runs to **Poole** 1 m. 1 m. below, Biffa beck, 4 m. long, joins on left bank. Wharfe runs to **Arthington** 1 m. (here ends the Otley Club water), **Weeton** 3 m., **Harewood Bridge** 3 m., and 1 m. down is joined on right bank by Harewood beck. Harewood, under the name of Sturdy, rises on Wike Ridge 4 m. W. of **Bardsey**, and 2 m. down is joined on left bank by Eccup beck, which rises in the reservoir at Alwordley, runs 3 m. to Harewood Park, where it waters the lakes, and joins Wharfe 3 m. down. Wharfe runs 5 m. to **Collingham**. Here Collingham beck joins on right bank. Collingham rises 3 m. above **Bardsey**, and joins Wharfe 3 m. down. Wharfe runs to **Wetherby** 2 m., **Thorpe Arch** 3 m., **Newton Kyme** 3 m., **Tadcaster** 2 m. 1 m. below, Cock beck joins on right bank. Cock beck rises above **Scholes**, and 4 m. down is joined on left bank by Carr beck, which rises by **Scholes** and is 3 m. long. 1 m. down, Cock waters the lake in Parlington Hollins, 1 m. N. of **Garforth**, runs to Aberford, 3 m. N. of **Garforth**, 3 m., **Stutton** 7 m., and joins Wharfe 2 m. down. Wharfe runs 3 m. to **Ullskelf**, and 2 m. below is joined on left bank by the Foss. This stream rises 1 m. N. of Wighill, which is 3 m. N. of **Tadcaster**, and 3 m. down, at Wood House. **Tadcaster** being 2 m. S.W., is joined on left bank by Catterton beck, which rises in the dam by Angram, 5 m. N.W. of **Copmanthorpe**, and is 3 m. long. Foss runs to **Bolton Percy** 4 m., and joins Wharfe 1 m. below. Wharfe runs to **Ryther** (n.s. **Ullskelf**) 2 m., and 1 m. down joins Ouse 1 m. above **Cawood** (n.s. **Ullskelf**, 4 m.). **Tackelst**, H. T. Lloyd, Sportsman's Depot, Davy Gate.

IRELAND.

General Information.—There is a heavy penalty for fishing with rod for salmon without a licence, and a licence can be obtained in the towns of any fishing tackle maker, and in remote parts the postmaster, or some other person, is appointed to sell licences, which are now available for the whole island. Sea fishing generally good; many places most excellent.

Abbey Feale.—W.L. & W.B. On Feale; salmon, sea trout, and trout. Good accommodation at Mr. Leahy's and Mr. Elligott's, **Listowel**.

Achill, Island of.—There is fishing for small trout in the lakes; the sea fishing is not bad. The lakes are 1 m. from the hotel (see *Advertisement*.)

Annstown (near Waterford).—Good pike fishing. Leave may be obtained from Mr. Power, of Tramore.

Antrim.—G.N.E. On Lough Neagh; trout. Boat and man, 5s. per diem. Toom Bridge, at the west end of the lake, is the favourite angling station. Inn: the O'Neill Arms. With regard to the feeders of the lake, the Blackwater and Ballindery are now nearly ruined by flax water. Mainewater is a good stream. This river runs through **Randallstown** (C.R.)

Ardara (Donegal).—A village on the Owenea and Owendeskar. The Owendeskar belongs to Gen. J. B. Tredennick, Ardara, from whom permission may often be obtained. Salmon, sea trout, and brown trout are plentiful. The flies are—an orange tip, mallard tail, fiery brown merging into light green body, red and black hackle, mallard wing, and macaw feelers; also small fiery brown bodies, with a sprig of mallard for tail with a turn of tinsel, wing mallard, with dark red, black, or coch-y-bondhu hackle; a black fly with orange, silk tip, a turn or two of silver twist, no tail, black hackle, and mallard wing, twist or not, a little fiery brown at the shoulder may be added; another, a hare's ear and fiery brown mixed body, gold tinsel at tail, dark hackle (black or brown), a mallard's wing. When the river is in spate the flies may be dressed on No. 8 hook: when the river is low, on No. 9. In low water little can be done. 2 m. off there are several small lochs full of large brown trout. The fishing is open. The "Midge" loch contains some very large trout, which may be taken trolling, but not with a fly. The nearest loch is Loch Ar-y-Neil, which is full of nice trout. The flies for these lochs are the same as for the river, only smaller. Hare's ear and fiery brown with red hackle and mallard or any dark feather for wing is a good fly. Accommodation may be

- obtained at the Nesbitt Arms. (*See Glenties.*) The Owenaa flows 2 m. off. The town of Donegal is 14 m. distant, and Glenties 5 m.
- Ardee** (n.s. *Dunleer*, 6 m.).—Dee; salmon, trout; fishing good and free for some miles above the town, and for 6 m. below to White Mills, where is the Half-crown Salmon Fishery; d.t., 2s. 6d.
- Armagh**.—G.N.R. Callan; free. Blackwater; free; good fishing. Season, March 16 to Oct. 19.
- Athboy** (Meath).—M.G.W.R.; G.S. & W.R. Good fishing here.
- Athlone**.—M.G.W.R. Shannon and Lough Rea; good trout and salmon fishing. (*See Carrick.*) Hotel: Prince of Wales. Boats, &c., can be obtained from Brown, Strand, Athlone, who is also a good fisherman. Steamers daily for Carrick and Killaloe.
- Ballina** (Mayo).—M.G.W.R. Salmon fishing on the Moy opens on Feb. 1. Hotels: Imperial, Moy (*see Advertisement*), Royal. Boat and men 7s. 6d. per day, refreshments extra. There are two large lakes, Loughs Conn and Cullen, containing salmon, sea and brown trout, pike, and perch, distant 4 m. from Ballina; free fishing. Good salmon and trout fishing on loughs, April to midsummer. Trout fishing improves and continues good to the end of October. Thomas Clarke supplies boats and men, terms as above stated. The Moy is a beautiful river, and salmon fishing on it very good; all fish taken on it must be given up, or paid for at market price. On the loughs all fish taken may be retained free by the angler. The Ardarae fishing (on the Moy) extends 2½ m. On one side above the weirs at Ballina it belongs to Mr. J. C. Wilson; the other side is free. Fishermen: Frank and Jem Hearn (*see Advertisement*). There are upwards of 20 m. of angling water, besides several lakes. Ballina is a centre from which many *raditi* run. There are Lough Talt, Lough Easky, Higgin's Lake, Lough Oh, Carrakeribly Lake, Cara Lake and two or three others, all open. Fishing in a reserved portion of Moy free to anglers staying at the Imperial Hotel. The manager of the Imperial and Royal Hotels has also procured for visitors a mile on the non-tidal portion of the Moy.
- Ballinahinch** (Galway).—Ballinahinch river, 3 m.; lakes from 50 to 100; salmon, sea-trout, brown trout. The principal lakes are Loch Inagh, Derryclare, Ballinahinch, Glendalongh, in all of which there are first-rate salmon stands and very good sea-trout fishing. Tickets: monthly, 12s.; fortnightly, 6s. 15s.; weekly, 3s. 15s.; day, 15s.; sea-trout fishing only 7s. 6d. per day. The spring salmon fishing is excellent, and fish run very early. The season opens the 1st of February, ends 31st October. The sea-trout fishing is probably the best in Ireland. Boats supplied gratis; boatmen 3s. per diem. The stands are told off by Mr. Blackadder (the manager) in absolutely fair rotation every third day. No netting for years. Good accommodation. Good sea fishing near Toombeola. Apply to Mr. W. Blackadder, Angler's Hotel, Toombeola, co. Galway. Superior accommodation at the Angler's Hotel, Ballinahinch Fishery, Galway. There are several other fishings in Connemara, but at present they are all in private hands and of limited extent; but fishing may be had at Doochulla on payment by the day, though salmon are but rarely got there. The Erriff is now advertised for sale as a whole, but it is very much dependent upon high water; sometimes very good. *Salmon*—Flies tied on hooks No. 6–7; Jock Scott, blue doctor, silver grey, Popham, grey monkey, black jay, claret, &c. *Sea Trout*—Any small size flies of ordinary patterns. Best months, April and May for spring salmon; June and July, grilse; and for salmon and sea trout, August and September. Boat on each beat gratis. Hotels: Recess, on Glendalongh lake; Anglers' Hotel, at mouth of Ballinahinch river; and Zetland Arms, Cashel.
- Ballinacollig** (Cork).—M.R. On South Bride; trout; free. (*See Cork.*)
- Ballinderry** (Tyne).—n.s. Cookstown. Trout, salmon; free. Season, March 1 to Oct. 31.
- Ballineen** (Cork).—C.B. & S.C.R. On Bandon; salmon and trout, the latter free.
- Ballinrobe**.—M.G.W.R. On river Robe. From town to L. Mask are trout 1lb. to 3½lb.; not much use to fish for them except with a dry fly. Above town, about Robeen, Hollymount and up to Crossboyne trout are much more numerous, but are much smaller. Pike are abundant everywhere along the Robe; perch are small. L. Mask, 2 m.; trout, perch, pike, char (scarcely ever caught). Trout up to 3½lb. take fly; larger up to 14lb. only to be got by trolling. Flies, on No. 6 Pennell sneck scale—Zulu, Pennell's lake flies, black and claret hackles and red hackle, green drake from May to end of season, black hackle with orange body (black and yellow caterpillar), best on wet days. In trolling, gilt Devon or gilt and brown phantom; sometimes blue and silver phantom is good; natural bait is good. L. Carra, 2 m.; trout, pike, and perch. Trout will not rise freely; best for pike. The Cut at Carna Gower, 3 m., gives good trout, but is difficult to fish except early in season, when water is high. The small river at Cross, 3 m., holds small trout, which come into condition early in the season. Hotels: Valkenburg's and others.
- Ballisadare**.—M.G.W.R. Mr. Cooper gives leave to fish Lough Arrow; salmon, sea-trout, and brown trout. The Ballisadare salmon fishing is very good, but generally let.
- Ballycastle** (Antrim).—Tolerable lodgings may be had here. Trout and salmon. Cots and boatmen can be had.
- Ballymena**.—B. & N.C.R. Good fishing can be had here, with good hotel accommodation. Season, March 16 to Oct. 19.
- Ballyronney**.—G.N.R. Bann; free fishing. Season, March 1 to Oct. 31.
- Ballyshannon**.—G.N.R. On Erne; salmon and trout. Salmon rods 4l. per week,

anglers permitted to keep two fish; trout fishing 20s. Apply to the fishery office, Ballyshannon. The parson is a good Erne fly. F. Francis recommends the following: Hook No. 7; tail two twists gold, small topping and two or three sprigs gold pheasant tippets, black harl, three twists; body, golden olive silk, changing into pigs' down of the same shade, then into orange and fiery brown towards the shoulder; golden olive hackle three parts down the body, with full claret hackle over; wing, two golden pheasant saddle feathers, over this three or four toppings with sprigs of green parrot, gold pheasant tippet, pintail, turkey, and wood duck, with a kingfisher's or blue chatterer's feather at each jowl, and blue macaw's feeler head, black harl, gold tinsel according. Other parsons are dressed larger, with six, seven, or eight toppings in the wing, with cock of the rock *ad lib.*, and with jay's hackle and purple cock instead of pintail, and even small toppings on the breast. This last one is good in heavy water. Another fly: Hook No. 5; silver twist and puce silk tag, golden pheasant topping and tippet sprigs for tail; ostrich harl over; apple-green silk body tipped with black twist and silver greenish yellow hackle all the way down; gold pheasant tippet feather, tied hackle fashion, and jay's hackle over; black harl head, and mixed wing of gold pheasant saddle feather, ditto tail and tippet, gallina and bustard and red and blue macaw, two or three sprigs of each. Another: Hook No. 5; blue silk and silver tag, golden pheasant topping and tippet sprigs for tail; black harl over; body about a third of an inch of velvet silk, the rest orange; golden olive hackle all the way down; jay's hackle over silver tinsel; wing mixed of gold pheasant tail and tippet, gallina, and one topping and red macaw feeler, black harl head. Another of a smaller size: silver and puce silk tag, topping and tippet tail; black head; orange silk body, with claret hackle all down, silver tinsel wing as before with blue feelers. A yellow body and hackle may also be fitted to the same fly. Add to these for bright weather and low water later in the season a fly with dark orange body (spare), fine silver; a cock of the rock feather for tail; two cock of the rock for inner wing; gold pheasant tail and dark Argus over that; dark mallard over all, and blue chatterer on each side of the cheek; golden olive hackle with claret hackle at shoulder; and blue macaw feeler. Also three, bodies of dark blue, and a red tail joint; yellow and claret joint, or claret and yellow joint respectively; silver tinsel tips; ostrich head; blue, claret, and golden olive hackles respectively; jay at shoulder of each, finnish silver twist; wing same for each, two toppings, pintail, green parrot, and gold pheasant tail; blue macaw's feelers. The brown trout fishing is good; the white trout are not plentiful, but the grilse fishing is fair. The fish commence running up in May. The trout fishing in Lough Erne is first-rate. There are very large pike in it, and salmon, besides perch and bream. (*See Ardara and Bundoran.*) (*See c.s.*)

Baltimore.—On the Ilan; salmon, sea trout, &c. The river runs into the sea here. The sea fishing is good; pollack abundant. The river fishing is better at Skibbereen.

Banbridge.—G.N.R. Bann; fair fishing. *Season*, March 1 to Oct. 31.

Bandon.—C.B. & S.C.R. On Bandon; salmon, brown and white trout; preserved by a club. Comfortable quarters can be had either here or at Ballyneen or Dunmanway.

Bangor (Mayo).—On the Owenmore, which is much fished. Good rough lodging can be obtained at the inn. Post each way daily. Bangor is 6 m. from Corick Bridge. (*See Corick Bridge.*) The Owenmore is, we believe, let in its upper portion. The generous proprietor reserves a small tract of the lower water for himself. A day, however, may sometimes be obtained. The Owenduff is about 6 m. off. We believe the upper portion may be fished by taking a monthly ticket at about 25s. The fishing is very good.

Bannagher (more correctly spelt Banagher).—By train G.S. & W.R., and steamers from here up and down the Shannon daily from May till October. Trout and salmon fishing May, June, and July; perch and pike very good in August and September. Small but good inns and boats in Banagher. (*See Meelick.*)

Bantry.—C.B. & S.C.R. Salmon, white and brown trout, and sea fishing. Vickery's hotel comfortable. The sea fishing for bass, hake, bream, mullet, pollack, conger, and mackerel is excellent. There is fair salmon and white trout fishing to be had in the rivers that fall into the sea between this and Glengarriffe; but care should be taken to ask permission personally, when it would generally be granted. There are a number of brown trout lakes within driving distance, in some of which the fishing is very good, but the fish do not run large.

Belderg.—On the coast. The mountain streams are full of small trout, and the sea fishing is excellent. There is a fair inn here, with a post-car attached. (*See Glencamoy.*)

Belfast.—Messrs. Braddell and Son, fish-tackleists (*see Advertisement*), of Belfast, will give every information as to fishing in the north of Ireland. Sometimes they have some good fishing to let; apply to them. Good trouting can be had on the waters protected by the Belfast Anglers' Association, s.t. 15s. Good trouting in the Water Commissioners' lakes, tickets at the W.O. office. Good sea fishing in Belfast Lough. *Fishing stations within two hours:* Antrim, Armagh, Ballinderry, Ballymena, Ballynahinch, Co. Down, Ballyrone, Banbridge, Castledawson, Coleraine, Comber, Crossgar, Crumlin, Cullybackey, Downpatrick, Dromore, Dunadry, Glarryford, Glenarm, Glenavy, Glenwherry, Kellswater, Kilkeel, Lagan, Moy, Newcastle, Bandalstown, Toomebridge.

Belleek (Fermanagh).—G.N.R. On Erne; salmon and trout; fishing to be had by ticket. There is capital pike fishing in Lough Erne and river. Johnstone's Hotel, Belleek, is good, and preserved trout and pike fishing can be had free by those staying in the house. The May-fly season is a grand time.

Bird Hill.—(*See Nenagh.*)

Blackwater Bridge.—(See Waterville.)

Blarney (Cork).—G.S. & W.B. On Blarney; fair brown trout fishing free.

Boyle (Roscommon).—M.G.W.B. A capital trout stream runs through the place. It is preserved, but leave can be obtained. There is capital trout fishing to be had in Lough Arrow and the Sligo lakes. There are many other good lakes in the neighbourhood—all free.

Buncrana.—Rail from Derry, 1 hour. On Crana and Mill river; salmon, white and brown trout: d.t. for salmon on Crana river, 6s.; Mill river free. 9 m. by mail car is Clonmeny; first-rate white trout fishing, a few salmon; good accommodation. Mintageah and Mindoran lakes hold trout and char.

Bundoran (Donegal).—G.N.B. The river Bundrowes runs close by here (salmon and trout), rising in Lake Melvin, 2½ m. off, celebrated for its salmon, large lake trout, gillaroo, and brown trout. Angling on lake and river opens Feb. 1; closes—river, Sept. 18; lake, Oct. 3, fishing mostly free. The proprietor of the Marine and Family Hotel, Bundoran, keeps boats on the lake in connection with the hotel, also post-cars, and can procure free tickets for the reserved portion of both rivers Bundrowes and Bunduff. Accommodation for fishing the lake can be had either at Scott's (Garrison), Murphy's (Bossinver), or Moor's, near Kinlough, or Coulter's, Derryherk House, on the shores of the lough. Lord Ely, Mr. Stubbs, and Mrs. Johnstone charge 3s. 6d. per day or 18s. per week for fishing, and 15s. a day for Lough Na-Vagh. Bunduff river distant from Bundoran on the Sligo mail road about 3½ m. Angling for salmon can be had from May until September. (c.s. *Ballyshannon*.)

Bunmahon.—8 m. from Waterford. Trout and pike. Permission required.

Bushmills (Antrim).—On Bush; salmon and trout. From here to the sea, 2 m., the fishing is reserved by the owner, though it is sometimes let, as is the case this season; apply to E. M. Douglas, Esq., Portballintrae, Bushmills.

Buttevant.—G.S. & W.B. There is a capital inn here. Good pike fishing near.

Cahir (Tipperary).—W.L. & W.B. The Glengall Arms is comfortable. Salmon and trout on the Suir; strictly preserved by the proprietors.

Cahirciveen (Co. Kerry).—(See Waterville.) The lakes and river of Cara to the east of the village are good after a fresh. (See *Valencia*.) The Feartagh, Ksaran, and Einegh run near. Salmon, sea trout, and brown trout. These are late rivers, and useless before July. August is the best month. The Royal Mail Hotel is good. The fishery is free. The following are good flies: No. 1. Tip, fine gold tinsel. Tail, mallard and ruff. Tag, golden yellow pig's wool. Body, fiery brown mohair ribbed with silver. Legs, blue and scarlet hackle rolled up together. Shoulder, golden yellow pig's wool. Wing, rich mixed, with crimson horns. No. 2. Tip and tag as above. Tail topping and kingfisher. Body, purple silk, ribbed with silver. Hackle, black. Shoulder, claret hackle. Wing, mallard. Horns, blue macaw, long. Either of these, if tied on a small grilse hook, will rarely be found to fail. There are three small lakes, one at Baheal, and the others at Kells, both full of brown trout. A boat is absolutely necessary. Lough Curraine lies near. Salmon are early with troll, and rise freely in May.

Caragh Lake (Co. Kerry).—This picturesque lake, within half a mile of G.S. & W. Railway Station of same name, is about 4 m. long, and affords excellent salmon and trout fishing (free). The Southern Hotel, one of the series of newly established houses already so favourably known to sportsmen, is situated on the shore of the lake. The Lower Caragh river is carefully preserved by the Hotel Company for the use of their guests at a moderate charge. A hatchery for Leven trout is also working successfully in hotel grounds. Numerous mountain lakes in the vicinity are well stocked with fish. For further details refer to "Southern Hotels Limited" advertisement.

Carrick-on-Suir (Waterford).—W.L. & W.B. 12 m. above Waterford. On Suir; pike, trout, salmon. Fish above the town. The fishing on Suir is free on the north bank for 12 m. and on the south bank for 7 m. Within a short drive are several loughs, and the trout streams, Cloda, Glen, and Coolnamuck, all free. 8 m. off, on the Comeragh mountains, are several lakes giving good trouting, such as Lough Coumshingaun, Croly's Lough, Lough Coumduala, Lough Mor, and the Stilllogues. The Stilllogues give good fishing by day, trout running herring size. The best fishing is in Coumshingaun at night, fish running up to 5 lb. and 6 lb. Coumshingaun is 2 m. from the Stilllogues; July, August, and September are the best months, and a clear, cloudless day with wind is necessary.

Carrick.—M.G.W.B. On Shannon; salmon, trout, and pike. The Shannon rises on the slope of Kulleagh Mountain, and the stream then flows into Lough Allen, a basin 8 m. long by 3 m. broad. Several small streams join the lake. At Battle Bridge streams from two loughs (Lough Key and another) join the main river. 2 m. from here is the town of Carrick. Fishing of all kinds may be had here. 2 m. below Carrick the river widens out into Corry Lough, and a short distance below lies Jamestown. Fishing, free. Below Jamestown the river widens out into Loughs Tap, Boedarrig, Boefin, and Seonnell. In these loughs the trout run from 1 lb. to 7 lb. Boedarrig is the best. Below the town of Buskey, 2½ m., the river enters Lough Forbes. Below this Richmond is reached, and 7 m. on Lanesborough below which is Lough Ree. The trouting in the May-fly season here is first-rate. The town of Athlone lies 2 m. from its southern point. At Shannon Bridge, 12 m. below Athlone, the Suck joins Shannon. The fishing is good. This river runs down from beyond Ballinasloe. At Shannon Harbour the Bruna joins Shannon, and then Lough Derg is reached. The fishing in the May-fly season is here

- first-rate. Killaloe is the best station for this lake. Castle Connell is the next station on the Shannon, and the fishing is here preserved. Limerick is the next station and is distant 12 m. from Lough Derg.
- Carrick (Donegal).**—Teelin; salmon, white and brown trout. *Hotel*: Glencolumbkille (see *Advertisement*), where fishing can be had free on two rivers and several lakes.
- Carriokfergus.**—B. & N.C.B. 8 m. from Belfast. The reservoirs of the Belfast Waterworks Company, 4 m. off, hold fine brown trout, averaging three-quarters of a pound. They may be taken on a bright day with small flies, red spinner and coachman being very good, and on dull windy days with a bright orange red fly or hare's ear. Leave seldom given.
- Castlebar.**—M.G.W.B. Loughs Conn and Cullen; pike, trout. Lough Beltra, 6 m.; good fishing.
- Castle Bellingham (Louth).**—G.N.B. On Glyde; salmon and trout.
- Castle Blaney.**—G.N.B. On Castle Blaney Lake; pike, perch, &c.; strictly preserved.
- Castle Cauldwell (Fermanagh).**—G.N.B. On Erne; salmon and trout.
- Castle Connell (Limerick).**—W.L. & W.B. On Shannon; salmon, trout, pike, perch, &c. *Hotel*: The Shannon; good. Preserved rods are sometimes to let for a time. Apply to J. Enright and Son, fishing rod and tackle makers, Castle Connell (see *Advertisement*). (See *Carrick and Limerick*.)
- Castle Dawson.**—B. & N.C.B. On the Moyola, which enters Lough Neagh about 3 m. down; good trout fishing in spring, especially after a flood; heavy lake trout in autumn. *Hotel*: Garvin's; fairly good for Ireland. Trouting free, except through castle grounds.
- Castle Island.**—G.S. & W.B. On the Maine, Feale, and Smerleagh; first-rate trouting, salmon, and sea trout.
- Castle Martyr (Cork).**—On Dour; trout.
- Castle Pollard.**—M.G.W.B. 2 m. off is Lough Dereveragh; large brown trout. The drake season is the best time. The Imry is a good stream; also lakes Glove Sheelan and Lane. *Hotel*: Pollard Arms; comfortable. Visitors at this hotel have plenty of free fishing. (See *Mullingar*.)
- Castle Townsend.**—(See *Skibbereen*.)
- Clifden (Galway).**—There is a nice little river here, but the salmon can get no higher than the falls close by the town. About 2 m. from Clifden is Lake Ballinaboy. Salmon and sea trout, but they rise very badly. A good fly for brown trout is hare's ear and yellow or fiery brown, with red or black hackle, and starling's wing. For white trout, orange tip, black and blue mohair mixed, black hackle, fine silver twist, and mixed wing of gold pheasant breast, plover, green parrot, mallard, gallina, and pintail, with a sprig or two of gold pheasant tippet, and blue macaw feelers. Another: Body, blue mohair, orange tip, red hackle, tails, wing, &c., as above. Another: Body, black and red, or orange tip, tails, wings, &c., as above. (See *Roundstone*.) The Doochulla white trout fishery is near here. The Doochulla fishery is 7 m. from Clifden and 5 m. from Roundstone. The fishery comprises a river and many lakes well stocked with white, brown trout, and salmon. *Hotel*: Railway (see *Advertisement*).
- Glonbur, 8 m. from Ballinrobe Station.**—On L. Marsk, 3 m. from Cong. L. Marsk; good trouting, free. (See *Ballinrobe*.) L. Nafcooy, 6 m.; trout and abundance of pike. *Hotel*: Mount Gable (see *Advertisement*).
- Glonmel (Waterford).**—W.L. & W.B. Suir; capital piking can be had on Anner.
- Coleraine (co. Derry).**—B. & N.C.B. On Bann; salmon and trout. *Hotels*: Clothworkers Arms and Corporation Arms. The fishing up to the salmon leap is free. Above it is preserved. Tickets may be had at a moderate cost. The Bann below the salmon leap is very broad, and can only be fished from a boat. The Bann is a late river, little can be done before July; August is better; and September best.
- Comber.**—B. & C.D.B. Fair, free trouting after rain.
- Cong (Galway).**—On Lough Corrib; salmon and trout. *Hotel*, Carlisle Arms. A very good station. Trolling with natural bait is best. Lough Mask can also be fished from here.
- Connemara.**—The Gowlia fishery is preserved. Apply to G. Robinson, Esq., Roundstone, *via* Galway.
- Cookstown (Tyrona).**—B. & N.C.B. (See *Ballinderry*.)
- Coomclogherane Lake (co. Kerry).**—About 2 m. north of Keenkeen Lake, and about 1½ m. from the road. The ground round it is very boggy, and the trout very plentiful.
- Corkik Bridge.**—There is a tolerable inn here. The white trout fishing in August and September is first-rate. You must depend on Ballina for your supplies; distant 12 m.
- Cork.**—On Lee. (See *Macroom*.) The Lee, from Gougane Barra Lake (its source, where there is excellent trout fishing) flows through Inchageelah Lakes. Capital accommodation at Brophy's Hotel, Inchageelah; also at Dennehy's, Railway Hotel, *Macroom*, where the Laney, Fooherish, and Sullane, &c., join the Lee. Railway to Macroom, where cars can be had to any district. The Lee is considered the earliest salmon river in Ireland. The following are some of the tributaries: South Bride (the Macroom rail runs nearly parallel with it), the Blarney, Shournach, Glashagorry, Dripsey, Glanmire, Carrigaline, or Yellow River, Middleton, &c., &c. Those flowing into the tidal water hold white or sea trout, and in the fresh water portions brown trout. Trout fishing is entirely free. The Lough of Cork contains millions of roach, perch, and tench. Within easy reach of Cork, *via* rail 17 m., is the Bandon river, which flows into Kinsale harbour; salmon, white and brown trout. Also further west, the Arrigadean, which flows into

- Courtmarsherry Bay.** The North Bride, a tributary of the Blackwater, is about 9 m. from Cork, and is a fine brown trout river; so is the Clyda. Stations, Glenville and Rathcormac, with an excellent inn at Rathcormac and Conna. There is good trouting in the Fenisk, which joins Blackwater above Villiers Town. March, April, and May are the best months for salmon. Full particulars may be obtained from W. Haynes and Son, 63, Patrick-street (*see Advertisement*). Most of the fishing is within easy distance of Cork, either by rail or car. Sea-fishing very good. (*See c.s. Cork.*)
- Crookstown (Cork).**—On South Bride; free trouting.
- Crookstown Road (Cork).**—C. & M.B. On South Bride; trout; free. (*See Cork.*)
- Crossgar.**—B. & C.D.R. Ballynahinch river; trout, salmon; free. *Season*, March 16 to Oct. 19.
- Crosshaven (Cork).**—There are two good hotels here. The Minane at Ringabella and the Carrigaline can be reached from here. Good sea fishing close at hand, especially pollack.
- Crumlin.**—G.N.R. Some trouting in the brook here; free.
- Cullybackey.**—B. & N.C.R. Maine; good fishing; free. *Season*, March 1 to Oct. 31.
- Curragh, The.**—In the canal there is fair perch and pike fishing.
- Cushendall.**—N.S. Larne. Fair brook fishing; free.
- Dervock.**—B. & N.C.R. Bush; trout, salmon; preserved. *Season*, March 16 to Oct. 19.
- Dingle.**—The Connor Hill lakes lie near here. Lough-a-doan, the Pedlar's Lake, the White Lake, Mount Eagle Lake, &c., and several trout streams. *Hotel*: Benner's; accommodation good.
- Donass.**—On Shannon; salmon and trout; leave to fish here is difficult to obtain. The stands are always let at a high figure.
- Donegal.**—Lough Eske is 3 m. off. In August char may be caught. The trout run from 4lb. to 8lb. The fishing of the river belongs to the proprietor, but leave for the lake must be obtained from the resident gentry, of whom the Earl of Arran, Gen. White, and Mr. Wallace are the principal. The flies are small fiery browns and blacks, ribbed with silver and hare's ear, &c., with mallard or teal wing. We believe a boat may be had on the loch. A few salmon, and plenty of white trout may be taken about July. The river is small and shallow, and holds a few salmon and white trout. *Hotel*: Arran Arms, very comfortable.
- Donemanagh, n.s. Strabane, 6 m.**—On Dinnet; excellent brown trout fishing in spring; white trout and an occasional salmon in autumn. Comfortable lodgings. There are some lakes near in which large trout may be caught, and which can be fished from the shore.
- Dooniskry (Cork).**—C. & M.R. On Lee; salmon and trout. (*See Cork.*)
- Downpatrick.**—B. & C.D.R. Annacloy; fair fishing. *Season*, March 16 to Oct. 19.
- Dromore.**—(*See Kenmare.*) On the Blackwater. The river is let to a club. The best flies are fiery browns, orange silk, and black hackles, and a crimson silk body, with a blue and fiery brown hackle brought up to shoulder with jay at throat, mixed wings.
- Dublin.**—There is fairly good trouting in Dodder, Tolka, Liffey, Bye, Ward, Sword, Delvir, Manny, Rockerstown, Bathe reservoir, Shankill, and Crooked river, all within easy reach, and mostly free, or by leave from the landowners, which is very freely given. *Tackleists*, C. Weekes and Co., 26, Essex Quay.
- Dunadry.**—B. & N.C.R. Clady; trout. *Season*, March 16 to Oct. 19.
- Dungiven.**—B. & N.C.R. On Roe; salmon, white and brown trout. April and May for brown trout, August and September for white trout, September and October for salmon. (*See Limavady.*)
- Dungloe (Donegal).**—On Rosses fishery (*see Advertisement*), situated between the Gweedore and Gweebarra rivers, and is 10 m. from Fintown Station (D.C.R.). There are over 100 lakes holding white and brown trout. Loughs Meenmore, Tully, and Dungloe, all within $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. of the hotels, give good white trouting; April 1 to June 30—m.t. 30s., w.t. 12s. 6d., d.t. 2s. 6d.; July 1 to Oct. 31—m.t. 40s., w.t. 16s., d.t. 3s. 6d.; boat and man 5s.; there are 15 boats on the different loughs. Anglers can also fish Loughanure and Crollyriver; salmon and white trout. *Private Hotel*: Hanlan's. *Hotels*: Sweeney's (*see Advertisement*). Boyle's. In all these lochs olive duns hare's ears mixed with claret or fiery brown, with small red and black hackles, starling or mallard wings, will kill. Licences of Mr. S. Hanlan, who will give every information. (*See Gweedore.*)
- Dunkettle (Cork).**—G.S. & W.R. 3 m. from Cork. (*See Cork.*) On Glanmire; trout.
- Dunmanway.**—C.B. & S.C.B. Bandon; trout fishing free. (*See Bandon.*) Good accommodation.
- Dunmore.**—Near Waterford. Excellent sea fishing. Car from Waterford. Boats and lines at Dunmore. All information to be obtained from E. Wardell, Fishing Tackle Maker, 117, Quay, Waterford.
- Enfield.**—M.G.W.B. Blackwater; trout, pike; trouting good and free. Enfield is 24 m. from Dublin.
- Farranfore.**—G.S. & W.R. About 8 m. from Killarney. First-rate trout fishing.
- Fermoy.**—G.S. & W.R. On Blackwater. Leave may possibly be obtained on application to the proprietors. The water between Lismore, Fermoy, and Killavullin affords probably the best spring salmon angling in the kingdom. There is good free trout fishing on the Funcheon, North Bride, Anbeg, and Araglin, which flow into the Blackwater; trouting free. *Hotel*: Royal.

Foxford (Mayo).—M.G.W.R. On Moy; salmon and trout. *Hotel:* Foxford Hotel. Lough Conn and Callow lie near. The landlord of the hotel has a considerable fishery.

Galway.—M.G.W.R. *Hotels:* Mack's Royal Hotel (*see Advertisement*) and Railway Hotel (*see Advertisement*). The river is full of salmon and sea-trout, but it is very short; the fishing is almost in the town. The rod fishing opens Feb. 1, but the best time for spring fishing is from March 15 to May 15. The month of June is the best for peel fishing, as many as twenty peel being killed by one rod in a day. July, August, and September are good also, but not quite so good as June, "provided there is water in the river." The white trout begin to run about July 18; August and September are the two best months for white trout fishing. For lough trout the month of May is the best for fly fishing on Lough Corrib, which lies near; June, July, and August are the best for trolling. The principal flies for the Galway river are—black and yellow goldfinch, black and orange body, olive hackle, jay shoulder; crimson and orange body, claret hackle, jay shoulder; green and orange body, jay shoulder, or orange hackle; blue and orange body, blue hackle breasted with jay. Flies for sea trout fishing are—blue body, blue hackle, jay's wing; claret body, claret hackle breasted with jay; blue and claret mixed rough body, claret hackle; black body, yellow tip black hackle. The best quarters for fishing the lakes from is Oughterard. Some rods are constantly to be let on the Galway river. Apply to E. Townsend, Esq., hon. sec., Galway Angling Club. The pollack fishing is excellent. Take plenty of indiarubber baits, white flies, double and treble gut collars. On shallow ground use 15-fathom lines without lead.

Garrison (n.s. Belleek).—On Lough Melvin. The best time to fish the lake for gillaroo with artificial fly is February, March, and early April. In the Bundrowes good sport can be had with natural fly during May and June, using cowdung or cricket on the finest tackle. They also then take boiled shrimp well. In August use the natural daddy long-legs in the lake. In September there are great numbers in the Drowes, belonging to Lord Massey, between the lake and Mullinabeck. (*See Bundoran*.) 10 m. south is Lough Glencar. Good salmon, white and brown trout, pike; closely preserved. Fishing on Melvin is, w.t. 18s., d.t. 3s. 6d.; apply to landlord of the hotel. A good trout fly for the lough is hen pheasant wing, light red ginger hackle, with a pale yellow silk body and silver twist. The best part of the lough is where the two rivers run into it. Leave required. The following are good salmon flies: One lap of gold at tail, tag of orange-silk; tail, small topping, two turns of ostrich harl, about a third of an inch of greenish-yellow pig's wool merging into dark fiery brown, then into black and fiery brown at the shoulder; claret hackle running two-thirds down the body with jay over it, gold twist; wing, golden pheasant tippet, covered by mallard; feelers, blue macaw, and a black ostrich head. Another is, one lap of silver twist, orange silk tag, small topping for tail; mulberry pig's wool body, dressed medium; mulberry hackle, jay over all; same wing and head as the first fly. Again: Two laps of silver twist, dark orange tag, tail of mallard, and three or four fibres of gold pheasant tippet; body, black pig's wool, rather spare, with a dark fiery brown ring half-way up it, and then black again, a small bit of fiery brown at shoulder to stick out for legs; jay's hackle, gold-pheasant tippet, and mallard's wing; black head. Lough Melvin is good in spring. The Garrison Hotel (Mr. A. Scott) is comfortable. 5 m. from here is Lough-na-Bagh. The trout average 2½ lb. Leave from Mr. Maude, at 15s. per day. Next come Loughs Dernacorbet and MacNean. The trout are herring size, but very numerous. Loughs Meeny-mean and Glen Crawan are full of fish averaging ½ lb. Lough Anany contains very large perch and small trout.

Glendore.—(*See Skibbereen*.) There are in the immediate neighbourhood fourteen trout lakes, two pike lakes, and three salmon and white trout rivers. First-rate sea fishing. The accommodation is limited, but at the inn the quarters are cheap and comfortable; there is also a boarding house. There is good trout fishing in the Shepperton lakes, half way to Skibbereen. White trout may be caught in streams near, after a flood.

Glaeryford.—B. & N.C.B. Maine; salmon, trout; free. *Season,* March 1 to Oct. 31.

Glenamoy.—7 m. from Belderg. A bed or two may be had here; accommodation very bad. This is one of the best white-trout fishings in Ireland. (*See Belderg*.)

Glenarm.—B. & N.C.B. Fair trouting; partly reserved.

Glenavy.—G.N.R. Good trouting in the brook after rain.

Glenbeg.—(*See Killorglin*.)

Glencar.—There is good spring salmon fishing in the beginning of the year on the upper Cara river. The river flows into Cara lake, on which there is also very fair salmon fishing early and late in the year, free. Trout are numerous, but very small as a rule. There are several brown trout lakes in the mountains accessible from the hotel. Coose and Olvin lakes are close to the hotel; good trouting.

Glengariffe.—O.B. & S.C.R. On Glengariffe; salmon. Visitors at Roche's Hotel can fish here. (*See Cork*.) Near here are Loughs Bue and Bordlin. Bue is on the top of "Priest-leap Mountain." It is easy of access from the hotel. Brown trout running herring size. The river that runs out of it is also good. Bordlin Lake, on the top of Bordlin Mountain, is within two or three hundred yards of the road leading from Bantry to Killgarran. There are plenty of trout. Several trout streams and an immense number of mountain lakes in the vicinity. Brown trout very plentiful. Comhola river 3 m. (one of the best late salmon and white trout rivers in the South. Mr. Roche preserves 2 m. for his visitors), Ballylicky 6 m. (salmon and white trout; leave freely given); both by good.

- carriage road. Salmon, white trout, and brown trout. Sea-fishing is very good, especially in September.
- Genties.**—On the Owenae. (*See Adara.*) The accommodation here is better than at Adara. (*See Dungleoe.*)
- Goresbridge** (Carlow).—G.S. & W.R. On Barrow; salmon, trout, and coarse fish.
- Gortin** (n.s. Newtown Stewart).—G.N.S.R. 5 m. On Owenkillea; salmon and white trout. Fishing good late in the season; rain absolutely necessary. 4 m. off is Glenelly river; good brown trout fishing in spring, salmon and white trout in autumn. Good accommodation.
- Gweedore** (Donegal).—There is a capital hotel here, and fishing for salmon, sea, and brown trout. Gentlemen staying at the Gweedore Hotel may fish in the rivers and lakes belonging to Capt. Hill, as follows: The lakes, and that part of Olady river which is in the landlord's hands may be fished without any charge by gentlemen staying at the hotel, provided they take out their salmon licence from Mr. Robertson, manager, or pay 1*l.* towards the preservation of the waters. Boats are kept. Gentlemen fishing the river Olady between the hotel and Bunbeg, and in the Gweedore river, must attend to the rules made by the lessees of the fishery. There are numerous good lakes full of small trout open to the public in the Rossees district, which can be fished with ease either from the Gweedore Hotel or Mr. Sweeney's hotel at Dungleoe. The Gweedore river, better known by the gillies as Crolly river, is about 1½ m. from Gweedore hotel; salmon and sea trout. Loughanure lake is strictly preserved. (*See Dungleoe.*)
- Headford** (Galway).—(n.s. Galway, 10 m.) Lough Corrib; salmon, pike, trout.
- Headfort.**—G.S. & W.R. The Quagmire river runs under the line. Good for brown trout.
- Inchagoolah.**—There are some good lakes here, and a fair hotel. Boats can be had. (*See Macroom.*) By staying at Brophy's Hotel capital white trout fishing can be had in the Owvane. The Owvane rises on the Kerry side of Gougane Barra, and flows into Bally Licky Bay, Bantry. Shehy Lake and Cool Mountain river may also be fished from here.
- Inchilea.**—Gougane and Inchigeela lakes, &c., also the rivers, the Foarish, the Glassha Gorrav, the Toon, the Laney, the Lullane, the Douglas, the Bride, the Bunyea, may be fished from here.
- Innishannon** (Cork).—O.B. & S.C.R. Bandon; salmon, trout; preserved by a club.
- Jamestown.**—On Shannon. (*See Carrick.*)
- Kells.**—B. & N.C.R. Good trouting and some salmon; free. Season, March 16 to Oct. 19.
- Keenkeen Lake** (co. Kerry).—The trout are a good size and plentiful. The river that runs from it into the Slabhenny is full of trout. The lake is 1½ m. from the main road.
- Kenmare.**—The lesser Blackwater runs 5 m. from here, also Sheen; salmon and trout. Preserved by private persons. Good accommodation at the Southern Hotel (*see Advertisement*). The river rises in Loch Brinn (full of trout), owned by Mr. Mahoney, of Dromore Castle. About 2 m. off runs the Boughty, rising in Glen Fleesk. The salmon and trout fishing in it is free. All the pools and streams can be fished from the bank. Good free trouting in the Clonee Lakes, Glenmore, and Gleninchiquin. On the top of Little Mangerton mountain is Red Trout Lake, containing fine fish. Good in May. Also Humphrey's Lake and Coolnood Lake. The owner of the Falls preserves 7 m. of the Sheen. Camenbrick and Dromorthy Lakes are good in July and August. Salmon, sea trout, trout, and sea fishing good, especially pollack.
- Kilgarvan.**—(*See Kenmare.*)
- Kilkeel** (Down).—Good trouting.
- Killaloe** (Clare).—W.L. & W.R. On the Shannon; salmon and trout; trouting free. Loch Derg lies above the town; trout, pike, perch, salmon; fishing very good, and free, especially in the Mayfly time; boat and two men 10*s.* The best trout flies are an orange body, a little tinsel, a rail's wing, partridge hackle. A green body, red hackle, and starling's wing. A grouse hackle, with orange body. A yellow body, ribbed with gold, and rail's wing. **Limerick** is distant 12 m. The Gillaro trout is found in Derg. There are plenty of pike and perch. By staying at the Royal Hotel (*see Advertisement*) good fishing may be had. (*See Carrick.*) Peal fishing in the river is very good about June, but reserved. The trouting very good. In the rapids below the weir is some of the best public trouting in Ireland. Mostly fished from a boat. (*See Nenagh.*) There is ¼ m. of water free for salmon, on which a fish may be killed in high water. The following is recommended as a good fly in hot weather: Tail dressed small, a golden pheasant topknot; body, green peacock herl ribbed with gold; legs, jay's blue speckled feather; wings, half-a-dozen small golden pheasants' topknot. This fly may be varied with an apple-green floss silk body.
- Killarney.**—G.S. & W.R. Salmon and trout. The salmon fishing is very indifferent on the open water. The trout run small. The usual charge for a two-oared boat is 7*s.* 6*d.* per day. The river Fleesk runs near; the fishing is occasionally very good, and open. There is very good brown trout fishing in Loch Guttane, 5 m. off, preserved by Lord Castleross and Mr. Herbert. The Lauue joins the lakes with the sea. The fishing commences on January 1, and ends August 31. During the first three months the lakes are well worked with nets and cross lines. About March the fishing improves, and by the end of May netting ceases. The best part for salmon is on the shore beyond Ross Castle, close to a shingly beach, with some ugly stumps or piles reaching some way out. The fishing must be from a boat. There is another good spot near Bircheen bridge, and another near "Prince of Wales's Island," but the first-named is the best ground. The

trout fishing on the lower, upper, and middle lakes is worthless; but on the Long Beach and thereabouts, and at the meeting of the waters at the back of Dinis Island, you may get a tolerable number of small ones. There are eels, perch, and flounders in the lake. (*See Cahirciveen; Farranfore; Killorglin.*) The Laune is now let to Mr. White Popham. Midway between this and Kenmare is Lough Loosacannagh, holding great numbers of trout. There are some trout in Lacka Lake 4 m. N.E. of Killarney. *Tackleist, T. McCarthy, Main-street.*

Killeagh (Cork).—G.S. & W.B. 18 m. from Cork. On Killeagh; trout.

Killibegs.—D.R. There is good boat fishing in the harbour, and one or two nice little trout streams near, on which leave may be obtained. The hotel is good.

Killorglin.—*Hotel*: Railway. On Laune. Salmon fishing is very good in August and September after netting has ceased. White trout commence running about the middle of May, from 1½ lb. to 3 lb. weight. The proprietor of the Railway Hotel gives permission to visitors to fish the salmon pools on the Laune, also the Upper and Lower Caragh rivers, and Lakes Caragh, Accose, Yganavan, and Cloone. (*See Glencar.*) Trains run every day from Killarney. The River Maine, on which there is very fair autumn salmon fishing, and good trout fishing earlier in the year, is within an hour and a quarter's drive. 7½ m. off is the Wales Inn at Glenbeagh, where leave can be obtained to fish two capital burns near the house, one for white trout and the other for brown.

Killumney (Cork).—C. & M.D.R. On South Bride; trout; free. (*See Cork.*)

Killurin.—G.S. & W.B. On Slaney.

Kilmurry (Mayo).—On Owenmore and Mannion; salmon and trout.

Kilrea (Derry).—B. & N.C.B. On Bann; salmon, trout; preserved by a club; salmon, trout, perch, bream. Fishing from the bank free. Trout or salmon fishing from a boat 2½ s. a week; but two or more may use a boat. Man and boat 5s. a day. The trouting is good, and run from 1 lb. to 7 lb. each. Dan O'Fee sells the best flies. The club waters at Carronroe, between Kilrea and Coleraine, are strictly preserved, and leave cannot now be obtained. *Hotel*: Mercer's (*see Advertisement*); salmon fishing attached, and visitors can fish in the club waters between Movanager and Kilrea. A new hatchery has just been erected.

Kilshelan.—W.L. & W.R. Suir; salmon and trout. Count de la Poer grants leave for the asking. Fishing very good.

Kinsale.—C.B. & S.C.E. Sea fishing very good. Mackerel can be taken with hook and line in great numbers in summer, and all this coast abounds in pollack.

Laneborough.—On Shannon. (*See Carrick.*)

Larne.—B. & N.C.B. (*See Cushendalk.*)

Laytown.—G.N.B. 27 m. from Dublin. Nanny; sea trout, pike, B. trout. Nanny rises by Navan. The sea trout fishing is very good. Between the railway bridge and the sea are three or four pools full of fish on the ebb tide. They will only take worm or imitation sand eel. From Julianstown to Duleek are plenty of pike.

Leenane (Connemara).—Erriff; salmon, sea and brown trout. Bundorragha, 2 m.; salmon, sea trout. *Loughs*: Dhulough, 3 m. (watered by Bundarra); salmon, sea trout. Fee, 4 m. Muck, 4 m. Tawnyard (head of Erriff fishery), 5 m.; salmon, sea trout; at 2s. 6d., with boat. Kylemore, 5 m.; salmon, sea trout; leave from Mr. Mitchell Henry and Lord Ardelau. Nafuoey, 6 m.; gillaroo, brown trout, pike. Very good sea fishing; mackerel, whiting, sole, pollack, plaice, &c. July, August, and September are the best months for salmon and trout. *Hotel*: Leenane, where tickets can be had, and free fishing in Loch Nafuoey, Rivers Maane and Leenane, and two lakes on the road to Kylemore. Fishing opens in May.

Letterfrack (Connemara).—Dawross river. *Loughs*: Pollacapul. Kylemore; salmon, sea and brown trout; preserved by M. Henry, Esq.; leave may be obtained. Best months, July, August, and September. Two fair hotels and lodgings.

Limavady.—B. & N.C.B. On Roe; excellent salmon and white trout fishing both above and below the town. Late in the season the salmon fishing near **Dungiven** is better than here.

Limerick.—(*See Killalee*). On Shannon; good salmon and trout fishing. At Castle Connell there is splendid salmon fishing, though all let on lease. Cruiser Royal Hotel, in Limerick, is one of the best, and can always provide its visitors with good free fishing; apply to proprietor, James Flynn. (*See Carrick.*) From the Lax Weir upward some 5 m. or 6 m. is free. There is good salmon fishing in the Maigne 4 m. off. Good fishing can also be had at Castle Connell by month or season. Apply to landlord. *Tackleist, A. Nestor, George-street.*

Lismore.—G.S. & W.B. On the Blackwater. Leave from the lessees, but all fish must be given up. March and April, and again in June and July, are the best months.

Listowel.—W.L. & W.B. (*See Abbeyfeale.*)

Londonderry.—Two miles off is the Faughan; salmon, white, and brown trout. For brown trout, go six miles up the river to Clady, and fish up.

Longford.—M.G.W.B. Stokestown can be reached from here: Kilglass lakes can be fished; pike, perch, and trout. Midway between here and Stokestown is a weir on the Shannon, at Tormandary. Capital trouting. Rough accommodation in the village.

Louisburgh (Lough na Nattora).—N.S. Westport. Louisburgh river; trout, salmon,

sea trout; leave must be obtained from Marquis of Sligo. Fishing from June 1 to Nov. 1. Carrownisky (5 m.); salmon, sea trout, brown trout. Fishing begins July 1, ends Nov. 1. There are two good lakes 6 m. off—one especially, Nahaltora, but there are no boats.

Macroom (Cork).—C. & M.R. 2 m. off is the Lee; salmon, trout, &c. (*See Cork.*) The Mountain View Railway Hotel, Macroom, is close to the fishery. Within $\frac{1}{4}$ m. of the hotel are three tributaries of the Lee, the Salane (good salmon and trout), the Foarish and Laney (trout). The Toon, the Glashagorror, and lakes Inchaleagh 8 m. off, Gougane Barra, the source of Lee, 14 m. off, well stocked with trout. The upper waters near Inchigeela are well stocked. The Macroom Railway runs parallel with the river Bride, a large trout stream tributary to the Lee, and holding the very finest brown trout in county Cork. Macroom is $24\frac{1}{2}$ m. from Cork. Cars may be had at the Hotel.

Maam.—Lough Corrib; pike, trout, &c.; fishing free. *Inn* very comfortable.

Mallow.—On Blackwater; salmon and trout. Leave may sometimes be obtained on application to the proprietors. In some of the streams of the Upper Blackwater, from Banteer and beyond Millstreet, fishing is free. There is good trouting on the Clyda Leer and other small streams in the neighbourhood. Mr. Harold, fishing tackle maker, Mallow, has often fishing to let; he will give all information.

Meelick.—A few miles below Bannagher. There is fair sport about June with the peal. Above Bannagher is Shannon Bridge, but there is no trout fishing, and very little salmon fishing; boats are necessary. There is a clean little inn here. (*See Carrick.*)

Millford.—Near Derry. Close by is Lough Fern and Kindrum Lake; the fishing in Fern is very good both for salmon and trout, and free. The best season from March 20 to end of May. The best flies for Lough Fern are fiery browns, clarets, and olives, and the following: tip, silver tinsel; tag, golden yellow pigs' wool, ribbed with silver; red hackle, jay at the shoulder; wing, jungle cock, two toppings, and fibres of bustard; long crimson horns; head, yellow pigs' wool. *Hotel*: Melford. (*See Rathmelton.*)

Mount Shannon.—A few miles above Killaloe; reached by steamer from Killaloe. Best place for Mayfly (May and June) in Lough Derg.

Moy (Tyrone).—Blackwater; good fishing. *Season*, March 16 to Oct. 19.

Moy Valley (Kildare).—On M.G.W.R. Blackwater; trout, pike; trouting good and free.

Mullinavat.—W. & S.C.I. & K.J.R. 5 m. from Waterford. A good trout stream runs from here to Kilmacow, the fishing of which is free. Trout small, but tolerably plentiful.

Mullingar.—M.G.W.R. The station for Belvidere and Lough Owel, the famous Westmeath lakes. Lake Deravaragh lies near. The trout run large, and during the May-fly season great numbers may be caught with the natural fly. Good sport can be had in Belvidere Lake, $2\frac{1}{2}$ m. on the Castletown-station road. The river Inny and Brosna are good streams. *Hotel*: Greville Arms, where boats can be had.

Naas (Kildare).—G.S. & W.R. On Liffey; trout.

Nenagh (Tipperary).—G.S. & W.R. 5 m. off is the Shannon and Lough Derg, at Dromineer, where are two small hotels. This is a good point for the first of the May fly fishing. There are several fishermen here. At Mount Shannon, 7 m. off by water, is a capital country hotel, recently enlarged and improved. Mount Shannon can be reached also from Bird Hill, 15 m. off. Artificial fly has not been much tried on the lake, unless with cross-line. Derg holds, besides plenty of large trout, pike, perch, and rudd; the last can be caught in large quantities with artificial fly in the shallows. The best places for pike are in Coos, Rosmore, and Scaup bays, which can be best fished from Mount Shannon, where good fishermen and boats can be had.

Newcastle.—B. & C.D.R. Good trouting; good sea fishing. Good hotel.

Newport (Mayo).—M.G.W.R. On Newport, Burrishole, and Owengarve; salmon and sea trout; salmon fishing worthless; white trout fishing very fair. There are two or three lakes near, where the trout fishing is fair. At the head of the river is Lough Beltra. There are two pools by the town. Small black or dark blue silk bodies, with red or orange tips, silver twist, black hackles, and starling wing, are good for white trout; lemon and hare's ear, silver twist, red hackle, and mallard wing for salmon. There are salmon and sea trout on the lake, but only one boat, belonging to a private person. The fishing on Furnace Lake, about 2 m. from Newport, is good: the landlady can give permission. Lough Fyough is above Lough Furnace, but is, we believe, private property.

Newtown Stewart.—G.N.R. On Strule; good salmon fishing, and an excellent hotel (*see Advertisement*). This is, perhaps, the very best and cheapest station in Ireland for a salmon fisher, and he has his choice of four rivers, all within easy reach, and which are being greatly improved by new hatchery just erected.

Oughterard.—(*See Galway.*)

Pettigo (Donegal).—On Erne; good trout and pike fishing free 1 m. towards the lough. Hotel accommodation good at Arthur McHugh Middlebrook's, who finds boats.

Port Rush.—B. & N.C.R. Sea fishing excellent.

Port Stewart.—B. & N.C.R. Excellent sea fishing.

Portumna (Galway).—At the head of Lough Derg; salmon, trout, perch, pike; reached by steamer from Banagher or Athlone. Excellent salmon fishing by boat in late autumn; very good perch and pike in early autumn; phantoms and spoons for baits; flies, small Shannon pattern.

Queenstown (Cork).—At Rostellian Castle, Ringabella, there is a good trout lake, and

also ponds and streams at Inch, near Aghada. Excellent sea fishing both inside and outside this harbour. Pollack at the Harbour Rock, and Turbis Bank, and along the line of the rocky cliffs of both sides of the entrance, and at the Cow, Calf, or Stag Rocks, a little without the point on the east side. Round and at the points of Haulbowline and Spike Island bass and pollack are met with; and in the offing plenty of hake, whiting, and ground fish. (*See Cork and Crosshaven.*)

Mandalstown (Antrim).—B. & N.O.B. On Maine; salmon and trout preserved. Lough Neagh is 2 m. off. April, September, and October are best for salmon in Maine (*See Antrim.*)

Bathmeltown (Donegal).—On the Lennon; salmon, trout. The salmon fishing in both the lower or reserved part of the river is capital in early spring, and in July, August, and September both on the lower and upper river. Lough Fern is entirely dependent on the rainfall. If the freshes come at suitable times, the salmon fishing in the lake is good in April, May, June, July, and August. June is generally the worst month. The *two best spring flies* for salmon here by far are (1) *grey body*; *hackle* claret, with a little jay; *mallard's wing*. (2) *Body* orange, with blue tip; *claret* and little jay *hackle*; *wing*, *mallard's wing*, with dash of golden pheasant. Trout fishing in river not very good, but good in lake April to end of August. Best *general fly*, orange body, black or red *hackle*. Good accommodation at the Stewart Arms Hotel. There are many open lakes near; the two best are Loughs Fern (3 m.) and Garten. (*See Milford.*) Garten Lough is 9 m. distant, and holds trout. The old boatman on Lough Fern says the best spring fly for salmon is the ordinary grey-bodied fly, made of donkey's hair. A good summer trout fly for the Lennon and Lough Fern is a small-sized fly, with a rough fluffy body of dirty yellow and a brown wing; also the brown Palmer. The Lennon is a narrow, sluggish river.

Rosnakill (Donegal).—On Mulroy Bay. Sea trout may be caught here in the bay; Bowcross Ferry, near the village of Carrigart, and Morris Ferry, near Rosnakill, are the best spots. The following are good flies: Hook, No. 4 or 5; green peacock tag; tail, 3 fibres guinea-fowl; body, pale silk ribbed with fine silver; *hackle*, claret; wing, land-rail. Hook, No. 4 or 5; body, dark blue silk ribbed with gold; tail, 3 fibres mallard; *hackle*, claret; wing, duck underwing and brown turkey mixed. Hook, No. 4; body, half black wool and half green peacock ribbed with gold; *hackle*, black; wing, starling or jay. Lake Kindrum (trout) lies near here. Tawney is the nearest post-town. There is a nice inn on the lake, but it is as well to bring provisions. The fishing is very good. Good flies are grouse hackles over orange silk; golden olive mohair bodies, and dark olive, with the *hackle* lapped half way up the body. The cowdung, hare's ear, and red *hackle* and black *hackle* over claret. Lord Leitrim preserves one side of the lake, and Major Barton the other.

Rossbeigh (Kerry).—Hotel: Headley Arms, very comfortable. On Cara and Cara Lake; salmon, white and brown trout. The landlady rents the lower part of Cara for her guests. The best places for white trout are below, and on two hundred yards above the bridge. The salmon flies are all small. Blue, orange, and grey are the usual bodies, a bunch of mallard and a pair of blue macaw horns for wings, blue, orange, and fiery brown *hackles*, bodies very spare and *hackles* short. The "Claverhouse" is a good fly. *Tag*, silver tinsel; *tail*, one topping; *body*, lower half golden olive silk, upper bright blue with silver twist; *hackle*, blue on body, being brown at shoulder; *wing*, bunch of mallard with one topping; *head*, peacock's herl; *hook*, No. 11. Sea-trout fly, "Quin's Fancy," *Tail*, two fibres mallard; *butt*, bright green peacock; *body*, orange silk with fine silver twist; *hackle*, bright brown on body, darker at shoulder; *wing*, mallard; *head*, green peacock; dressed very small. This is a good fly all over the South of Ireland. In lake Coomasahara, out of which runs the river Beigh, are small brown trout, white trout and salmon, and char. The best side of the lake is the west. There is no boat. In Lough Coomeeneragh or "Eragh," the brown trout run large, but are bad risers. There are several other good lakes near. The salmon fishing in Lough Cara is poor, but the trouting, five or six to the pound, is good. All these waters are free except the Beigh, which is let. The proprietor of the hotel rents a portion of the Laune, on which there is good salmon fishing in August and September. (*See Killorglin.*) There are two free boats belonging to the hotel on Cara Lake. Boatman 2s. 6d. a day, and whiskey and bread 1s. a head. The hotel is 1½ m. from the sea; good fishing.

Ruskey.—On Shannon. (*See Carrick.*)

Shannon Bridge.—(*See Meelick.*) At the fords above Derryholmes there are a few good trout. There is fair salmon fishing. Up Shannon, towards the Seven Churches, good pike and perch fishing can be had. (*See Carrick.*)

Skibbereen (Cork).—C.B. & S.C.B. On Ilan; salmon, sea-trout, and trout. Free from the weir (1 m. north of Skibbereen) to a mile below the town, the tide flowing as far as the weir. Hotels: Beecher Arms and others, and private lodgings can also be obtained. The river near the town affords the best sport. A peculiar fish called Coolhahan abounds in the tideway. Purples, fiery browns with gold; in spring, olive, and gold, are the best flies, tied on Parkin's five, six, and seven round bend. The numerous lakes round Skibbereen—viz., Ballyally, 4 m., Loughine, 2½ m. (sea-trout), and splendid sea fishing close adjoining. Drimminidhy, 10 m., Shepperton, 4 m., and Lissard (all free)—afford good trout fishing in April and May. After dark in June, July, and August, the lakes afford rare sport; and also in the river after dark to midnight at Poulmarab, the Swim-

ming Hole, Soldier's Hole, Downing's Reach, Burnt Mill, &c., fair white trout fishing prevails. The best salmon months are July, August, September, and October, when the fishing closes. Sea-fishing can be had at Glandore (8 m.) and Castle Townsend. A boat, with four men, is about 6s. per day, and there are plenty of public cars to be had at reasonable cost. (*See Baltimore.*) Half-way to Glandore are the Shepperton lakes (brown trout, running herring size). Lough Ballyally, 4 m., contains large fish. Just beyond this lake is Toe Bay, where sea-fishing can be had from the rocks or boat. There are two streams to the west which after a flood hold salmon and white trout, and for which leave might be obtained.

Sligo.—M.G.W.R. The fishing in the lake is very good; permission, we believe, can be obtained.

Stranorlar.—D.R. On the River Finn, in which there is very good salmon and trout fishing. This river joins the Mourne at Strabane, from which point the two combined form the Foyle. The fishing of the Finn is open to the public in the neighbourhood of Stranorlar, where there is comfortable hotel accommodation. There are several good-sized lakes convenient to the town, where excellent trout fishing can be had.

Tawney.—(*See Rosnall.*)

Thomastown (Kilkenny).—W. & C.I. & K.J.R. Nore; trout, salmon. The owner of Brown's Barn preserves some 4 m.

Toombeola (Galway).—Good sea fishing and comfortable accommodation at the Anglers' Hotel (*see Advertisement*), the proprietor of which, Mr. Blackadder, will give every information. (*See Ballinahinch.*)

Toome Bridge.—Bann; trout good from May. There is also some good pike and perch fishing, large numbers having been taken recently with live bait and spoon. *Hotel:* O'Neill Arms; comfortable. Boat and boatmen 8s. a day. The best flies are coachman, pheasant and orange, partridge and orange, wren and olive, and the Fenian. Very good natural fly fishing under the fall. P. and J. McKinless and W. J. McIlroy are all good boatmen. Post town and telegraph office, Toome. Toome Bridge is 30 m. from Belfast (B. & N.C.R.)

Tramore.—There is a capital lake here for large trout, Ballyscanlon, belonging to Mr. Power, who freely gives leave. Sea fishing in the bay; bass at the mouth of Blinshack harbour.

Tullamore.—In Pallas lake, belonging to his Honour Judge O'Connor Morris, of Gartnamona, is good fishing—perch, tench, &c.; the tench are very large, and the perch often reach 5 lb.

Valencia, Island of.—About 2½ m. from Cahirciveen. There is capital sea fishing here, and fresh-water fishing in the autumn in the Inny, after a fresh. There is a nice little hotel, and lodgings are to be had on moderate terms. Pollack and gurnet are numerous; near the Skelligs Rocks the largest fish lie. Boats can be hired.

Waterford.—(*See Carrick.*)

Waterville (Co. Kerry).—10 m. from Cahirciveen, on the G.S. & W. Railway. Salmon fishing commences on Feb. 1, and white trout are plentiful during June, July, August, and September. Waterville is beautifully situated between Ballinskelligs Bay on the west and Lough Currane on the east. The lake is about 4 m. long by 2 m. broad, and is a veritable angler's paradise. The fishing is free, the hotel accommodation good, and the requirements of sportsmen well attended to. The Southern Hotel is on the lake shore, the Bay View (*see Advertisement*) and Butler Arms (*see Advertisement*) in the village. The Cummeragh river, together with the following lakes, Nabrackdarrig, Cloonaghlin, Ellaineane, and Loughnahiska, are open only to Bay View Hotel visitors, and are all well preserved, but Derriana and Namona open to all visitors for a small payment. Both the Bay View and the Butler Arms have free fishing in the River Inny, and the Butler Arms has also free fishing in Derriana lake. The best flies for Lough Currane are dark claret or brown-red mohair, dark red hackle, dark woodcock or mallard wings, and a turn of gold twist. Ballinskelligs Bay affords good sea fishing. For further information refer to hotel advertisements.

Westport (Mayo).—M.G.W.R. There are small brown trout in the neighbouring lakes and rivers for which leave is freely given, except the river and lake in Lord Sligo's demesne. 8 m. off is Erriff; salmon, sea trout; tickets can be had.

Wexford.—G.S. & W.R. On the Slaney; salmon and sea-trout.

Wicklow.—D.W. & W.R. There are some salmon, and plenty of white trout in Vartrey; fishing free. There are a quantity of wide and deep drains, called "sconces," where there is capital roach fishing, with some trout.

SCOTLAND.

Aberdeen.—(*See Alford Bridge, Newburgh, and Aboyne.*) Dee and Don; salmon, trout. 11. 10s. per rod is charged for liberty to fish in the tidal waters. At Heathcot, salmon, sea and brown trout fishing can be had in Dee for over 2 m., by staying at the Deeside Hydropathic Establishment, w.t. 10s., September and October 20s. (*see Advertisement*). The Grandholm water on Don, 4 m. long, is let at 30l. per rod per season; all rods let for this season. Inschgarth fishing on Dee let for season. Tickets may be had on

- the Ellon Castle and Feshel water at 2s. and 1s. 6d. per day respectively; apply to Mr. Edward Reid, New Inn, Ellon. By staying at the Grand Hotel, Aberdeen, two rods can be hired on the Grandholm water on Don and 5 m. of the Dee (salmon and trout), by week, month, or season. *Tackleist*, W. Binn, 64, George-street.
- Aberfeldy.**—(See *Weem*.) By staying at the Bredalbane Arms, 5 m. of the Tay can be fished free; salmon, trout. Loch-na-Craig; trouting is very good. The accommodation is good. (See *Kinloch Rannoch*.)
- Aberfoyle** (Stirling).—N.B.E. Forth; salmon, trout, grayling. *Lochs*: Ard and Chon; trout and pike; boat and man, 7s. per diem. *Hotel*: the Ballie Nicol Jarvie (see *Advertisement*).
- Aberlour** (n.s. Craigellachie, 3 m.).—Spey; salmon, sea trout, trout. *Hotel*: Aberlour, where fishing can be had by week; number limited, 7 rods.
- Abington.**—O.E. On Clyde; trout and grayling.
- Aboyne.**—On Dee. Rods are occasionally to be let on this length.
- Alford Bridge.**—30 m. from Aberdeen. On Don; salmon and trout. *Hotels*: Forbes Arms and Haughton Arms; permission at the hotels. Fishing begins on April 1st. 2 m. north, in the parish of Tullynessle, are some good trout burns, one especially, which divides the lands of Knockespoth from those of Lord Forbes.
- Amulree.**—There is a good inn here. Loch Freuchie lies near. (See *Dunkeld*; *Corrie-muchloch*.)
- Ardentiny.**—On Loch Long. The Finnart runs into Loch Long here; sea trout, trout. The fishing is preserved by Mr. T. Douglas.
- Ardeonaig.**—On Loch Tay. (See *Kenmore*.)
- Ardgay** (Ross).—By staying at the Balnagown Arms some salmon fishing can be had in the Carron at 5s. per day, and you are allowed to retain the fish. The fishing is good when there is plenty of water, and the quarters are very comfortable.
- Ardrossan.**—(See *Brodick*, *Corrie*, and *Lamlash*.)
- Aultnacealgach Hotel.** By Lairg (Sutherland).—20 m. from Lairg. This inn makes up five beds; capital trouting. Loch Boralan, at the hotel door; trout (three to the pound) and char; boat. Loch Urigill, 2 m. on the other side of Boralan; trout, char. Loch Cama, 4 m.; trout (three to the pound), ferox. Loch Veyatie, 4½ m.; trout, char, ferox; good sport in a breeze. Loch Awe, 4 m.; trout, salmon, grilse; capital sport in a breeze. There are some good trouting streams in the neighbourhood, such as the Aultnacealgach and Ledbeg; fish well with water in August and September. The land-rod of the hotel has boats on the lochs. Fishing free.
- Altnaharra Hotel** (Sutherland).—Loch Naver; tolerably good trout, three to the pound (fly); good salmon fishing in February, March, and April, and half of May, and occasionally in June and July; two boats at the hotel, two rods to a boat. Mudale Water runs into the head of Loch Naver. Trout plenty, and fine. Loch Meadie (boats) is the source of Mudale Water, 6 m. from Altnaharra. Lots of free rising trout of four to the pound; larger ones by trolling. A small loch, lying to the east of the road, through Strath Bugastie, about 4 m. from the inn, gives very good fishing on a rough day. Loch Coulside (boats), 5 m. from Altnaharra, on the road to Tongue, is very good, fish average two and a half to the pound. Wading is bad. Loch Halam (boat), 2 m. or 3 m. N.E. of the southern end of Loch Coulside, is swarming with trout of about two to the pound. There are plenty of fish nearly a pound weight. Loch Brach Bule (boat), a very small loch, with a tiny island in it, about 2 m. E. by S. of shepherd's house, at the north end of Loch Coulside. Trout average nearly a pound. Loch Tarvie, 2 m.; large trout (boats). Loch Stauk, 3 m. (boats). Very large ferox can be caught in Loch Loyal (boats), 6 m. off.
- Aylort Inn.**—The inn is 27½ m. from Fort William. On Loch Eilt and river Aylort; salmon and trout. The fishing is now in the hands of the proprietor, A. W. Nicholson, Esq., who lets the fishing of Arisaig.
- Ayr.**—(See *Loch Doon*.)
- Ballantrae** (Ayr).—(N.s. *Girvan*, 13 m.) Stinchar: trout, sea-trout, salmon; Lord Stair lets the first mile up from the sea, above it is preserved by different owners, who will give leave. Mr. Hunter, of Glenagass Castle, preserves a good loch, and gives occasional leave. There are many good lochs 12 to 18 m. inland. Sea fishing good.
- Ballater.**—On Dee; salmon and trout. The innkeeper of the Invercauld Arms lets the fishing; the water is let by the rod.
- Balmacarra.**—Some sea fishing may be got here. There is trouting in two lochs near the inn, which is a very comfortable one.
- Banavie.**—N.B.E. *Hotel*: Banavie Hotel. On Caledonian Canal and river Lochy. July is the best month. This river is, with the exception of one small beat, taken up. The Spean runs 5 m. off. Spean rises in two lochs, full of trout, and, after a course of 8 m., falls into Loch Laggan. (See *Loch Laggan*.) At Roy Bridge river Roy joins Spean. Salmon and trout. Roy rises in a good loch 12 m. off. There are no feeders of any consequence. The fishing is now taken up. At Spean Bridge, 3 m. from Roy Bridge (quarters: Spean Bridge Inn), there is a good burn, holding occasionally salmon and sea trout. The Spean is all taken up from the falls (2 m. above Roy Bridge) to the Lochy, which it joins some 4 m. on. Trouting free in Loch Lochy to visitors at the hotel.
- Banff.**—Capital pollack fishing just outside the harbour with indiarubber bait whiffing.
- Beattock Station.**—2 m. off is the village of Moffat. (See *Moffat*.) *Hotel*: Beattock Station.

- Beaully.**—On Beaully; salmon, sea trout, trout; preserved by Lord Lovat. *Hotel*: Lovat Arms. Spring and autumn fishing good.
- Ben Wyvis Hotel.**—Salmon fishing in the Blackwater.
- Birnham (Dunkeld).**—By staying at the Birnham Hotel some salmon fishing can be had in Tay, and trout fishing in Braan.
- Blairgowrie.**—On Ericht. There are several lochs near. The Ericht, Ardlie, Shee, and Blackwater are all accessible from here, and afford good trouting. There are some good pike in Marlu Loch.
- Bowland Bridge.**—N.B.R. On Gala and Caddow; trout.
- Braemar.**—On Dee; trout and salmon. By staying at the Fife Arms free salmon fishing can be had in over seven miles of water.
- Brawl Castle.**—On Thurso; salmon, sea trout, brown trout. Rods from 15*l.* to 60*l.* per month. Apply to Mrs. Janet, Dunbar, Brawl Castle. Fishing very good. (c.s.)
- Brechin, N.B.**—C.R. Trout fishing (free) within convenient distance of Glenesk. *Hotel*: Crown.
- Bridge of Turk.**—Lochs Ard, Chon, and Dronkie lie near. Dronkie is full of trout, and can be fished easily from the side.
- Broderick (Isle of Arran).**—There is a very fine hotel where the steamer touches. The river fishing is worthless. (See *Lamlash*.)
- Bute, Island of.**—About 2 *m.* from Rothesay is Loch Greenan, containing large trout and braise. Opposite Rothesay on the mainland is the Ardine—sea trout and brown trout; and the Buel, further on towards the Kyles of Bute, contains the same fish. We believe the fishing is free. Pollack, lythe, cod, and other sea fish.
- Cairndow.**—10 *m.* from Inverary, near the head of Loch Fyne. *Hotel*: Cairndow, where fishing can be obtained in river Kinglass and Loch Restal. Close at hand a stream runs into the loch; in June sea trout and salmon enter this stream. There is capital herring, mackerel, lythe, and cod fishing in the loch. The fishing is free.
- Callander.**—*Hotel*: Dreadnought. In Loch Achray the trout run large, but are somewhat shy. Trolling is best. Pike are to be had, often of large size. In Loch Vennachar (2 *m.*) the trout fishing is very good; from 1*l.* to 2*l.*; it can be fished from the bank, but the best sport is from the boat, on the south side especially. The best fly to use is—wings, grouse feather; body, ginger hackle over dubbing of hare's leg: yellow tip, touched off with a single turn of gold tinsel; another taking fly is green (drake) wings, and reddish-brown dubbing for body. Lubnaig and Vennachar are free. The stream, which flows from Loch Vennachar into the Teith, is good but private. There is also very good trout in the burn which dashes down Glenfingas. Loch Lubnaig also fishes well in May and June. This loch and Loch Vennachar give poor salmon fishing. (See *Trossachs Hotel*.)
- Campbeltown (Argyll).**—There is trouting in several small lochs near the town, and sea fishing (whiting, haddock, &c.) in the harbour and Firth of Clyde.
- Canonbie (Dumfries).**—Visitors at the Cross Keys Inn (very good) can have salmon, sea and brown trout fishing on the Esk and its tributaries by paying 5*s.* per diem for salmon and 2*s.* 6*d.* for trout. The salmon fishing is not good till October, and sea trout till July.
- Carrphairn, Dalry (Galloway).**—Good fishing in the river Dench when there is water enough, but always sport to be had in the "Lane" hard by. *Hotel*: Salutation, which is very comfortable.
- Castle Douglas (Kirkcudbright).**—Urr, trout; free. Dee, 5 *m.*; pike, salmon, trout; poor fishing.
- Clovenford.**—Below Peebles. On Tweed; salmon and trout. The fishing is good.
- Colonsay Island.**—*Hotel*: Scalasaig. Visitors to the hotel have good trouting free in three of the lochs. Sea fishing good.
- Corrie (Isle of Arran).**—(See *Lamlash*.)
- Corriemuckloch.**—Loch Freuchie lies near. (See *Dunkeld*.) There is a nice inn at Amulree, 2 *m.* off. Close to the old inn of Corriemuckloch is a small loch holding large trout; they will not rise except in early morning and late evening.
- Craigellachie.**—G.N.S.E. Spey; salmon, sea trout, trout; salmon preserved, but trouting can be obtained on application to owners or lessees (see *Aberlour*). *Hotel*: Craigellachie.
- Creetown (Kirkcudbright).**—*Hotel*: Barholm Arms. On Cree, Beg, Fleet, Minnich, Moneypool, and Feery. Tickets for Fleet from Mr. Murray Stewart, of Cally, Gatehouse. Trout, salmon, sea trout. *Lochs*: Skerrow, let with shooting.
- Crianlarich.**—Coaches pass daily during the season, going to all parts of the country. On Loch Dochart; trout, perch, and sometimes salmon. The fishing in Loch Dochart is not very good, but sometimes very heavy baskets are made during the floods; late in the season salmon find their way into the lake and up the river running into it. The fishing in the river Dochart is sometimes good. (See *Luth*.) There are two good burns joining Loch Dochart, both full of fish; the angler cannot mistake them by walking down the road. There are two lochs, Marrigan and Essent, belonging to — Place, Esq., some 3 *m.* over the hills on the other side of the river, both very full of fish. A day may sometimes be obtained. About 6 *m.* behind the village, to the south-west, is a mountain tarn, holding some large fish, and another on a mountain range close to the village, to the westward. The one on the west of the village is a little pool containing some splendid trout. By taking the road to Inverarnan, at the head of Loch Lomond, the river Falloch

- is soon reached, where fair fishing can be enjoyed. (*See Inverarnan.*) The Dochart is really the head waters of the Tay. *Hotel: Orianlarich.*
- Crief** (Perth).—On Earn; salmon and trout. At St. Fillans, 12 m. off, fair trouting can be had. *Hotels: Drummond Arms and Stewart Arms*, where fishing can be had; Sept. 31. 10s. per week; good salmon fishing in October at 4l. per week; rods limited. The Drummond Castle lengths can be fished at 5s. a day for September, and 10s. in October. Good trouting in Allmond, 6 m. off.
- Dalglish**.—On Tay; salmon and trout; all strictly preserved.
- Dalmally**.—On Loch Awe. Salmon, trout, ferox, pike, perch. *Hotels: Dalmally (see Advertisement) and Loch Awe Hotels*, very good. Boats can be had. In the bay, on the south side of Kilchurn Castle, there is good pike fishing. Orchy joins Awe 2 m. from the hotel; good salmon fishing preserved by the hotel. The fishing is very fair early in the season. There are several small rivers and burns near, all full of trout, though small. There are two or three lakes some short distance in the hills full of trout. About two hours and a half walk from the inn are two lochs, the largest of which (Loch Anceulich) contains large trout. (*See Inveroran; Loch Awe.*)
- Dalmellington**.—Loch Doon lies near; plenty of small brown trout; fishing free. The Cross Keys Inn is good, and the proprietor has boats on the loch, which is 4 m. off.
- Dalwhinnie** (Perth).—*Hotel: Dalwhinnie*; good. On Loch Erich; fair trouting. June, July, or August and September, are the best months. Large ferox are constantly taken. The best part of the loch for trolling is from the Forester's Lodge, near the middle of the loch, to the west end, and as near the shore as can be done with safety to the tackle. The best flies are red, yellow or orange, green and black bodies. The red, yellow and orange should have a red hackle and the green a black; the red is the best. The wings are woodcock, jay, or teal; the body should be ribbed with gold. Boats at the hotel free of charge. About 6 m. down the loch on the north side is the shooting lodge, and 9 m. further down on the same side is a keeper's house, where a bed may be got; the house is called Benalder. Remember to take your provisions with you. Good sport can be had in the river Erich, which runs out of the loch into Loch Rannoch. It is about 8 m. long; the fish are neither so large nor so good as in the loch. (*See Tigh-na-Inn.*) Trilum runs close by the hotel; trout and grilse in autumn. Culach burn is good fishing, and Loch Culach is open to visitors.
- Dinnet**, Dee Side (Aberdeen).—Dee; salmon, trout, pike, perch. *Hotels: Ritchie's Commercial.*
- Dromore** (Kirkcudbright).—C.B. Fleet; salmon, and trout. The owner of Busko owns a portion of the water.
- Drumbeg Inn** (Sutherland).—About 16 m. from Loch Inver, or it can be reached from Scourie by taking a boat (fare 10s.) from Badcall Bay. Loch Drumbeg, in front of house, is very good; fish average over 4lb. Most other lochs near (there are hundreds) hold small fish. A stream which runs through Glen Leraig, out of Loch Leod into Nedd Bay, gives sea trout and grilse after rain. Another burn, running out of Loch Poule, about 3 m. west of the inn, also gives sea trout when there is water enough. Fishing free. Large *dart* flies best. Good sea fishing and bathing; boats. Telegraph office. Daily mail car from Lochinver.
- Dumfries**.—G. & S.W.R.; C.B. Nith, Cairn, and Cargen; trout, grayling, pike, &c.; preserved by Dumfries and Maxwelltown Angling Association; s.t. 1s., boys 6d.; treasurer, D. McMillan, tackle manufacturer, 29, Friars' Vennel, Dumfries, who will give every information.
- Dunkeld**.—On Tay. By staying at the Birnam Hotel the angler can fish for salmon in a small portion of the river; all the rest is strictly preserved. The river Bran joins Tay at this place. It runs out of Loch Freuchie nearly 12 m. south-west of Dunkeld. There are plenty of fish. May and June are the best months. (*See Amulree and Corriemuckloch*)
- Dunoon** (Argyll).—Fair fishing in Meikle and Little Echaig, and in Loch Loskin.
- Dunphail** (Moray).—H.R. On Findhorn and Divie; salmon, trout.
- Dunrossness** (Shetland).—*See Lerwick.*
- Duns** (Berwick).—N.B.R. Whitadder; trout; preserved for 8 m. by Mr. Turnbull, of Abbey St. Bathans, who will give leave for a portion of his water; apply, with stamped envelope, to Mr. J. Shiel, gamekeeper, Abbey St. Bathans, Grant's House, N.B.; season from April 1 to Sept. 30. There is some free water. Good accommodation at Mrs. Fenton's, Ellem Cottage, Duns. The following streams are within easy reach: Fasney, Bothwell, Dye, Blackmill, Watchburn, and Monynut.
- Durine Inn, Durness** (Sutherland).—The river Dionard or Grudie is reserved; the salmon and sea-trout fishing on it is good with plenty of water. There is not much trout fishing to be had near. (*See Rhiconich Inn.*) The Kyle of Durness, also in the landlord's hands, during the greatest drought, affords excellent sea-trout fishing. The deep-sea fishing towards Cape Wrath is particularly good; very large lythe.
- Durness** (Sutherland).—(*See Rhiconich Inn; Durine Inn.*) *Hotel: Durness Hotel.* On Grudie; salmon, sea trout, trout. By staying at the hotel fishing can be had. There are two lochs having boats, and the Kyle of Durness always affords sea-trout fishing.
- Earlstone** (Roxburgh).—N.B.R. On Leader; trout.
- Ecclefechan** (Dumfries).—C.B. On the Annan; salmon and trout; the river is closely preserved from here to the sea, and it is not easy to obtain permission. At a short distance is the Kirtle water; trout.

- Edinburgh.**—In the immediate neighbourhood there are many natural ponds, almost all of which contain trout; but some are preserved. 8 m off is Compensation Pond, in the Pentland Hills; the fishing is poor, but the trout run large; very small flies should be used. The top of the pond is best. (*See Kinross.*) The Esk (Midlothian) Angling Improvement Association of 30 members preserves 3 m. of the Esk next the sea; sec., J. Sutherland St. Clair, Esq., Musselburgh; s.t. 21s., and short period tickets, 2s. 6d., are issued for the tidal water only; excellent sea troutling in spring or autumn. The Association having put 10,000 two-year-olds into their water, yellow troutling with natural minnow affords very good sport. The river near Musselburgh is polluted.
- Edzell** (Forfar.), n.s. **Brechin.**—By staying at the Panmure Arms salmon and trout fishing can be had free.
- Ellon** (Aberdeen).—G.N.S.R. On Ythan; salmon and trout. 4 m. are here preserved by the owner of Ellon Castle.
- Etal.**—On Till; salmon, trout, perch, and pike; the mill-pool is a good spot. About Etal is deep water, good for pike and perch. The same flies as for Tweed kill in Till, only dressed smaller. In the lower 6 m. of Till in early spring and autumn use two full-sized trout flies as droppers and a tall fly; wing, grey drake; tail, American wood duck, brown mallard, or silver pheasant; body, black or blue mohair, amber or golden-coloured mohair below; tipping for tail, legs either blue jay wing or black or red hackles. The local flies are Tweed white tip, Doctor (blue and silver and black), Virgin, &c. Accommodation can be had at the Blue Bell, Crookham, or at Black Bull, Etal. Sir H. St. Paul Ewart gives liberty to anyone by card, as does Mr. G. Grey, Millfield; Marchioness of Waterford, a limited number of days per week; Capt. W. Heatherslaw, a limited number of days per month. George Laing, Esq., The Grange, New Etal, will give information.
- Fetlar Island** (Shetland).—(*See Lerwick.*)
- Findhorn.**—Several miles of excellent fishing can be obtained, free to visitors at the hotel. The trout run large.
- Fochabers.**—On the Spey. The Duke of Richmond reserves the right of salmon fishing; permission for a few days may, however sometimes be obtained by application to his grace or his commissioner. The best pools are close to the mouth of the river. There are also some good casts above the bridge. The Gordon Arms is very comfortable, and near the river.
- Forfar** (Forfar).—3 m. off is Bescobie; pike and perch.
- Forgandenny** (Perth).—C.R. May and Earn; salmon, trout.
- Forsinard** (Sutherland).—H.B. On Halladale; salmon, trout. *Hotel:* Forsinard, where fishing can be had. March, April, and May are the best months. There are many lochs near, mostly free. *Lochs:* Baden, Na-Sealg, and Coorach, abounding in trout. Loch an Ruar, 3 m. S.; troutling good; free to hotel visitors; boats; June, July, August, and September are best. Loch Araich-lin; small trout, char; preserved by shooting tenant; good fishing. Loch Jubilee, 2 m. N.W.; Loch Leven trout. Loch Coolie, 2½ m. S.W.; large trout; preserved by shooting tenant. Loch Leven, 2 m.; small trout; free. Loch Leir, 3 m. E.; large trout; free. Loch Slettil, near Loch Leir; preserved. Lochan Dubh, 3 m.; trout; free. Loch Clachengeal, 4 m.; trout; free. Loch Tallechirl, 4½ m. Loch Leam-na-Claven, 5½ m.; good troutling, char; preserved by the Baddan-loch shooting tenant. Loch Coire-nam-Meann, 6 m., near Loch Claven; trout, char; good fishing.
- Fort Augustus** (Inverness).—*Hotels:* Lovat Arms and Ohisholm's Temperance Hotel. Oich; salmon, trout; private. Also in Loch Ness; salmon, trout, pike, perch; free.
- Forteviot** (Perth).—C.R. May and Earn; salmon and trout.
- Fortingall.**—On the Lyon. (*See Kenmore.*)
- Fort William.**—There is fair troutling in the Nevis, with an occasional sea-trout; free. Loch Ondavra, 6 m. in the hills south west of the town, contains lots of trout, five to the pound; free. (*See Loch Laggan; Aylort Inn.*)
- Foyers Hotel** (Inverness).—On Foyers; salmon and trout. Anglers staying at the hotel can obtain salmon and trout fishing in the river, and in Loch Ness, free. Also troutling in Lochs Farraline, Garth, and Brau, now joined in one, and known as Loch Mhor. The fishing last year was excellent. Address Foyer's Hotel, Loch Ness, by Inverness (*see Advertisement.*)
- Gair Loch** (Ross).—*Hotel:* Gairloch. There are two streams in the immediate neighbourhood: the one close by the inn runs through three lochs; the one down the road on the left-hand side runs through six lochs, being joined by two streams on the right, both running out of lochs. The Ewe river runs some 4 m. off. This stream rises on Ben Lair in a chain of five lochs, all close to the road, of which Loch Clair is the largest. At the further end of the loch a stream joins Clair, running out of a hill loch. Nearest station, **Kinlochewe Inn.** Close to the inn a considerable burn joins Ewe, which runs into and forms Loch Muree 1 m. below the inn. This loch runs within 4 m. of Shieldag Inn, and most of the large burns joining the loch run out of hill lochs. The course of the river from Loch Muree to the sea is about 6 m., and Poolewe river and Poolewe Hotel is close to its mouth. There is one burn joining Ewe in this part of its course on the left hand, running out of a hill loch. Steamers from Glasgow stop at stated intervals.
- Gathouse.**—n.s. **Kirkcudbright**, 8 m. *Hotel:* Murray Arms. Trout fishing can be had by permission in Lochs Whinyeon (boats belonging to hotel) and Grannoch (private).

Loch Skerrow is in private hands. Salmon, grilse, and sea trout in the river Fleet; s.t. 10s., w.t. 5s., d.t. 2s.; as far as Stroquhain pool; the fishing above the pool is reserved; to be obtained from Mr. Murray Stewart, at the Cally Estate Office, Gatehouse. Visitors at the hotel have free fishing in Fleet and Loch Whineyeon.

Girvan (Ayr).—G. & S.W.R. Girvan water; salmon, sea and brown trout: fishing for 2 m. at 7s. 6d. a month or 1s. 6d. a day from Mr. Buchanan. Fishing begins Feb. 24, ends Oct. 31; March, April, May, September, and October are best, October for salmon. Girvan rises in Loch Girvan, Ayrshire, and is 25 m. long. Leave may sometimes be had on the upper waters; 3 m. from Girvan is a small reservoir holding large trout, leave may sometimes be obtained; fishing poor. Good sea-fishing for Lythe, &c. *Hotel, King's Arms* (comfortable), where all information can be had. (*See Ballantrae*.)

Glasgow.—(*See Brodrick, Corrie, and Lamlash*.)

Glenelg (Inverness).—N.s. **Strome Ferry**, 12 m.) By staying at the Glenelg Hotel, trout and salmon fishing can be obtained in the neighbourhood free. Good fishing in Lochs Duich and Ourn.

Grantully (Perth) by **Tullipourie**.—On Tay; salmon (strictly preserved by Lady Stewart, of Grantully Castle). Loch Derculich has good trouting, leave from Derculich House. *Hotel: Grantully*.

Guardbridge (Fife).—N.B.R. On Eden and Moultrie; sea trout and trout.

Hebrides.—Sea fishing generally good all round these islands.

BENBECULA.—Between N. and S. Uist. There are numerous lochs, giving good sea and brown trout fishing. June to September is the best time. *Hotel, Creagorry*, very comfortable, where leave to fish all the streams and lochs can be had.

COLONSAY.—*Hotel: Scalasaig*. Good trouting to visitors at hotel. Boat on the lochs.

HARRIS.—At Tarbert there is a good hotel. Capital sea fishing for lythe and saythe. Lochs Lacidale (3), 2 m. off, hold salmon, sea and brown trout; fishing free of the hotel. 10 m. off is Loch Scourst; leave must be obtained. July is best for sea trout, and September for salmon. All plain, large loch flies kill. On Scourst a good fly is: *wing*, brown mallard; *body*, dark red; *hackle*, black; *tail*, golden pheasant's crest. The same fly may be varied with a green body and silver tinsel, or dark mottled turkey hen or grouse wing with the same bodies. *Hook*, small grilse size, if there is wind. There is capital sea and brown trout fishing in other lochs, but they are mostly let with the shooting. Right of fishing (brown trout) and shooting, however, on a loch in the island of Scalpay, 5 m. distant, free to visitors at the hotel.

LEWIS.—At Loch Tarbert, in the S., there is good fishing attached to the hotel, which is good. Leave may sometimes be obtained from Lady Matheson's factor for the preserved water. Good salmon, white and brown trout fishing in River and Loch Creed, preserved by Lady Matheson; fishing in Blackwater is preserved; d.t. 15s., m.t. 15s., for the river, and d.t. 10s., m.t. 10s., for the lochs; salmon fishing very good; apply to the landlord, Prince Arthur Hotel, Garrynahine, Stornoway. There are numberless lochs holding brown trout. Very good flies for brown trout on the river Creed are silver dun, crowding, and red spinner.

NORTH UIST.—Salmon, sea trout, brown trout; fishing mostly free to hotel visitors. Salmon run from March 15 to May 15, and from July 15 to end of September. Good sea trouting in autumn. *Hotel: Lochmaddy*, where good sea and brown trout fishing can be had.

SOUTH UIST.—To the S. of the island is Loch Boisdale; salmon, sea and brown trout, *Hotel: Loch Boisdale*; the fishing in several lochs is attached. There is little sea-fishing. In the island are a great number of lochs and streams well stocked with brown trout; many of them also abound in sea trout. Howmore river is famous for sea trout, but reserved. Hotel and telegraph office at Loch Boisdale Pier, reached by steamer from Oban. Fishing in south end of island is attached to hotel. Loch Bee, in the north of the island, is an excellent trout loch, the right to fish which is accorded to guests at Creagorry Hotel.

Helmsdale (Sutherland).—On Helmsdale; salmon and trout; a limited number of rods are let by the month; trouting very poor.

Huntley.—On Deveron and Bogle; salmon and trout. A great part of the fishing here is open. *Hotel: the Gordon Arms*. The fishing is fair. In the Kirkney, 4 m. from Huntley, and an affluent of the Bogle, there is good fishing, but the trout run small.

Inch-na-Damh (Sutherland).—Loch Assynt. Salmon fishing (fair) in autumn on the upper end of Loch Assynt and in the Loannan water, which runs into it out of Loch Awe. Very good trouting sometimes in the Loannan and the Tralligill. Loch Awe gives capital trouting. Loch Assynt holds numbers of small trout, and a fair stock of *Salmo ferax*. Near here is the celebrated Gillaroo loch and others. The inn is first-rate. Fishing free.

Innerleithen (Peebles).—The fishing is free in the Tweed and its tributaries, except in Gala Water, which is preserved by a club. Yarrow and tributaries yield the best trout.

Inveraray.—(Argyll). (*See Cairnrow*.) Rivers Aray and Douglas and hill lochs; salmon, sea and brown trout. Dhuloch, a tidal water. *Hotel: Argyll Arms* (*see Advertisement*); fishing free of the hotel. Good sea fishing.

Invergarry (Inverness).—On Caledonian Canal and Loch Oich and River Garry. *Hotel: Invergarry*. The Garry rises in a loch S.W. of Loch Quoich, and runs into that loch at its west end. Capital trouting. The river leaves Loch Quoich at its east end, and in 2 m. is joined by a considerable burn on its right bank; 1 m. on, the river expands into

- a loch, and in 2½ m. from this loch it passes **Forndown Inn**. The Garry next joins Loch Garry, 2 m. on. 3 m. from Loch Garry a burn joins on the right bank, running out of a small hill loch 5 m. in the hills, and 1½ m. on is another, running out of a loch on the left-hand side 3 m. off. 2 m. on, Garry falls into Olch. A road runs on the left bank of Garry as far as Loch Quoich.
- Invergordon (H.R.).**—The Alness, 4 m. W., yields good fishing in the early part of the season; salmon, white and brown trout. Yellow-bodied flies, such as the "full stone," are very good. Preserved principally by Sir G. Smith.
- Invermoriston Hotel (Inverness).**—Visitors can fish in Loch Ness salmon, trout, pike, perch.
- Inverness.**—On the Ness. Some portion of the fishing here is free to anglers every 8th day. From July to the end of the season is the best time. Trout fishing in Loch Ness is also good. *Hotels:* Union and Caledonian.
- Inveroran.**—On Loch Tulla, and 2 m. from the river Orchy; salmon, trout. The salmon fishing in the Orchy is good in the autumn. There are few trout in the river, and those large. The fishing extends to the lower fall, below which the Dalnally fishing begins. (*See Dalnally.*) There are salmon and trout in Loch Tulla; a boat can be had. A fair stream runs into Tulla by the keeper's house, running out of Loch Dochart, full of trout. Another stream falls into Loch Tulla at the opposite end; both this stream and the loch out of which it runs contain great quantities of small trout. Close by the inn is a good burn, running out of a small pond containing some large trout. A little way below Orchy Bridge the Auch Burn, full of fish, joins Orchy. Loch na Baw, 6 m. from Inveroran, on the Moor of Rannoch, contains any quantity of trout five to the pound. There are numberless other lochs and streams about. *Hotel:* Inveroran (*see Advertisement*); very good, and the fishing in lake and 7 m. of Orchy free to any visitor from April 1 to Oct. 31.
- Inverurie.**—On Don and Ury; salmon and trout. By staying at the Kintore Arms Hotel the visitor can fish in these two rivers.
- Invershin (Sutherland).**—H.R. Plenty of loch fishing in the neighbourhood; sea trout and sea fish in the Kyles of Sutherland. Boats free of charge. *Hotel:* Invershin.
- Inversnaid.**—Loch Lomond; salmon, trout, perch, pike; fishing free. *Hotel:* Inversnaid.
- Isla, Island of.**—Loch Guram, 9 m. from Bridgend, the principal town, is famous for its trouting.
- Kelso.**—On Tweed; salmon and trout; the river is all taken. The best salmon and trout fishing belongs to Mr. Scott, of Markerton House; Duke of Roxburgh, Floors Castle; Sir R. W. Griffith, Bart., Hendersyde Park; Earl of Home, The Hirsell; Miss Hodgson Huntly, Carham Hall. These fisheries are all either in the proprietors' hands or let to tenants, and consequently private, except part of the Hendersyde water, including Sprouston Dub, tickets for which, by week or month, can be had from Mr J. Wright, Sprouston, Kelso, N.B.
- Kenmore.**—On Loch Tay; salmon and trout. The river Lyon and Loch Lyon are within reach by taking a conveyance; the loch is preserved, and the salmon fishing on the river. The fishing is excellent. The best flies are woodcock or jay's wing, with orange, bright red, and green bodies; hackle, red for orange and red bodies, and black for green; the hook dubbed with a little gold tinsel. Large trout may be caught trolling. Another good fly is black body and hackle, with light jay or teal drake wing. There are no inns nearer than Kenmore or Fortingall. The river Tay flows out of Loch Tay here. Trout, salmon, and perch. The first 3 m. of the loch next Kenmore are strictly preserved for salmon by Lord Breadalbane, but visitors may fish for trout. Fishing may be obtained on Loch Tay by staying at the Kenmore and Killin Hotels, and the Bridge of Lochay Inn, Ben Lawers Inn, and Ardeonaig Inn. The number of boats is limited, as follows: Killin Hotel, 6 boats; Kenmore Hotel, 6 boats; the inns of Ardeonaig, 2; Ben Lawers, 2; and Bridge of Lochay, 3. Anglers residing in the hotels pay 5*l.* per week, or 1*l.* 5*s.* per day. Resident in the country, 1*l.* 10*s.* per day. When the applications for boats exceed the number available, two anglers may occupy the same boat, using one rod each, at 15*s.* each. Anglers retain all fish. Boatmen 3*s.* 8*d.* per day each, lunch being optional. Anglers will be entitled to the boats according to priority of application for them; but no angler can retain a boat for more than one week or six fishing days at a time if there are other applicants. If a boat is disengaged, it may be again secured for another week. No more than two rods are allowed in each boat. Visitors are only entitled to use the boat or boats attached to the inn or hotel where they are residing. Gentlemen visitors only are allowed to fish. The best flies for trout fishing on Loch Tay are, corncrake wing, orange body, and gold tinsel; grey wing, with red or orange bodies; a black fly, commonly called the Zulu, with red tip on the hook; also red hackle, with silver tinsel. Trout fishing free of charge, boatman's wages excepted. Trolling allowed for trout.
- Kilkerran (Ayr).**—G. & S.W.R. Girvan; trout, salmon; preserved for 5 m. by the lessee of Kilkerran Lodge.
- Killin (Perth).**—C.B. Dochart or Tay; salmon, trout; salmon fishing reserved, but leave for 3 m. on the S. side can be had from the landlord of the Royal. Lyon; salmon, trout; salmon reserved, but trouting can be had on application. *Loch, Tay;* salmon, trout; free to visitors at the Royal Hotel, which has four boats on the lake; two rods are allowed to each boat at—w.t., 5*l.*; d.t. 25*s.*; two anglers in one boat, 30*s.*; fish

- retained; boatmen, 4s. a day and lunch. Larigeele; trout; free of the Royal. *Hotel: Royal.* (See *Kemmore; Luth.*)
- Kilmelford** (Argyll).—Near Oban. *Hotel: Cullfail, Pass of Melfort* (see *Advertisement*). Capital trouting on eight different lochs. Boats on all the lochs. Good sea fishing close at hand on Loch Melfort. Season April 1 till end of September.
- Kilmun**.—On Holy Loch and Frith of Clyde. The Eochail, running out of Loch Eck, falls into the sea here; salmon, sea trout, and, in the loch, lake trout, powan, and goldie.
- Kingussie** (Inverness).—There is very poor trout fishing in the district, and but little salmon fishing. 4 m. off is Spey, which can be fished by persons staying in the hotel. Fishing poor. (See *Loch Laggan*.)
- Kinloch Rannoch** (Perth), n.s. **Struan**, 13 m.).—*Hotels: Dunalastair*, and *Bun Rannoch*, where good trout fishing can be had in Tummel and Loch Rannoch free. During June and July trout rise freely to the same flies as in Loch Erich. (See *Dalwhinnie*.) Visitors at the hotel at Kinloch Rannoch can have boats and fish the whole loch, but anglers are not allowed to land on the Menzies and Robertson's estates. There are dozens of lochs in the neighbourhood. Of these, Loch Lydoch is the best. The river Gaur runs out of this loch, and joins Rannoch after a course of 8 m.; it is a good fishing stream. Midway between Lydoch and Rannoch the river expands into a loch, called Aich, full of fish; a boat is necessary on account of the weeds; in spring and autumn heavy fish lie in the river. Loch Lydoch is full of fish. There is no road whatever over the Moor of Rannoch, where these small lochs are. Visitors to the hotel can fish 3 m. of the left bank of the Tummel. It is well to take a guide on the moor. Certain lochs and streams can only be fished by permission from Sir R. Menzies. There are ferox in Rannoch; the west end is best for trout; between the old tower and Sir R. Menzies', 9 m. from the inn, is the best end. Boatman 4s. per diem; lunch, &c., 1s. 6d. to 2s. The best flies are mallard wings, red, green, and yellow bodies. The red and yellow should have a red hackle, and the green a black. The cooh-a-bonndhu is also a good fly. Visitors to the hotel can fish 3 m. of the Tummel. Half-way between Rannoch and Pitlochry is Loch Tummel; large trout and pike.
- Kinross**.—Loch Leven is 17 m. from Perth; trout, pike, perch; preserved by a company. *Hotels: Harris's*, Bridgend, Kirklands. There are also two small streams, the North and South Quoich. Charge for a boat, 2s. 6d. per hour. The best months for fishing are May, June, and August. *Manager, Mr. G. W. Hall.*
- Kirkcudbright**.—Dee; good salmon fishing, but permission must be got from lessee of fishing. Above the mills at Tongland the water is in private hands. Leave some times given.
- Kirkwall** (Orkney).—Loch Ham lies 5 m. S.E. from here; the fish are small, but plentiful. Loch Kirbister, 6 m. S.W., holds plenty of small brown trout. At the Stroms burn, 2½ m. from Kirkwall, there is excellent free brown trout fishing; there are also the Lake of St. Mary's Holm and Græmshall, both 6 m. south-east from here. Scapa Bay and Burn, 2 m. Lakes of Wasdale, Stennis (10 m. W.), and Harray, 10 m., and about 3 m. from Stromness. All free. Yellow, sea, and brown trout. In Hay and Roway there is very good sea-trout and lake fishing, but preserved. In Birsay parish are Lakes Boardhouse, Swonay, and Norton, all containing good trout. Lythe and saithe plentiful. The best fishing is to be had in Lakes Stennis and Harray, joined by Bridge of Brogar. Comfortable hotel at head of Lake Harray. Lakes Birsay (20 m. from Kirkwall and 14 from Stromness), Hunland, and Swanney provide good sport (brown trout). On the shores of Lake Birsay is also a comfortable hotel.
- Kylesku Ferry Inn**.—Very small clean house 12 m. from Scourie, on the road to Loch Inver. Can be reached either from Scourie or Inch-na-Damf. From here can be fished the Duartmore river (fairly good for salmon, grilse, and sea trout), the Maltie burn and two burns running into Glens Dhu and Conf respectively. These last all give grilse and sea trout after rain. Very good trout fishing can be had on Loch Brach More, at the head of Stack Corrie. The sea fishing in the Kyle itself is first-rate for lithe, saithe, mackerel, &c. The landlord will provide a boat. Fishing free.
- Lairg** (Sutherland).—*Hotel: the Sutherland*, comfortable and moderate. On Loch Shin; good trouting, three to the pound, at the Lairg end of the lake, and two to the pound by Overskeck. (See *Overskeck*.) *Salmo ferox* abound. Boat and man, 5s. 6d. per day. In Loch Beannoch, 4 m. from Lairg, the trout average from 1½ lb. to 1½ lb. Lochs Oraggie and Doochulla are preserved by Lady Matheson, who gives an occasional day. The upper part of the river Shin is let with the shooting, but on payment of 10s. per day leave may be obtained, during July, from the landlord of the hotel. (See *Rhiconich Inn*.) There is very good ferox fishing in Loch Greasmb, at the head of Loch Shin, 3 m. from Overskeck; we believe a boat must be taken from Lairg.
- Lamington**.—On Clyde; trout and grayling.
- Lamlash** (Isle of Arran).—Steamboats start from Glasgow three times a day, and once a day from Ardrossan. There are several small hotels here. There is scarcely any river fishing, but very fair sea fishing; large lythe are frequently taken at the back of the island. From nine to ten in the evening sport can be had with the coal-fish, angling with a white moth. Indiarubber red and grey spinning eels recommended. The burns contain a few small trout; the Duke of Hamilton preserves the best streams. (See *Brodict and Corrie*.)
- Lander**.—On Leven. Trout. There is a comfortable inn here, and fishing free.

Langholm (Dumfries).—N.B.R. The Esk, Liddle, and their tributaries are preserved by the Esk and Liddle Fisheries Association, who issue various tickets for different parts of the rivers. Nos. 1 and 2 give fishing rights in parts of Esk, Liddle, and Hermitage, and all other of the Association waters; s.t. 4l. 4s., w.t. 20s., d.t. 5s. No. 3 takes the Esk lower waters (a) from Feb. 15, 3l. 3s.; (b) from Aug. 1, 2l. 2s. No. 4 takes Esk upper waters, Garwald water, and portions of Liddle; s.t. 1l. 10s., d.t. 2s. 6d. No. 5 is the Liddle side ticket, s.t. 20s., d.t. 2s. No. 6 is the Canonbie ticket for portions of Esk and Liddle; s.t. 25s., d.t. 2s. 6d. No. 7, Langholm ticket, for parts of Esk, Ewes, Wauchope, and Tarras waters; s.t. 20s., d.t. 2s. No. 8, the Westerkirk ticket, for parts of Esk, Meggat, Shielburn, and Stennish waters; s.t. 10s., d.t. 1s. No. 9, Eskdalemuir ticket, Esk and Garwald water; s.t. 10s.; d.t. 1s. No. 10, Newcastleton ticket, for parts of Liddle and Hermitage; s.t. 10s., d.t. 1s. Nos. 1, 2, and 3a will be granted on and after Feb. 15, but for fly only. The remaining tickets (excepting No. 3 (b) on and after March 15, and then only for fly till June 1, excepting in Esk and Liddle, when the limit is May 1. No fishing allowed after 10 p.m., except in the months of June, July, and August, when the hour is 11 p.m. until 5 a.m. No hook of the Stewart tackle or any compound tackle of a size larger than No. 5 of Adlington and Hutchinson's make. No bait or minnow fishing before May 1 in Esk and Liddle, or before June 1 or after Sept. 1 in the other waters of the Association. No gaff until after April 1; fly-fishing the whole season; fly only after Oct. 1. The Association's waters—excepting the Esk and Liddle and the Hermitage below Gorrenburny Burnfoot—shall be closed for rod fishing on Oct. 1. Fishing opens on a portion of Esk on Feb. 15, the whole on March 15. Salmon fishing best in autumn; June and July for sea trout. Comfortable accommodation at any of the hotels at Langholm, or at the hotel at Crosskeys, Canonbie; sec., R. McGeorge, Esq., Langholm. Any of the tickets may be had from the secretary, or at Bentpath, Westerkirk, and Nos. 1, 2, and 3 from Messrs. Beatty, drapers, Longtown; and Mr. Robert Raine, tackle maker, 26, Botchergate, Carlisle; or the water bailiffs at Canonbie and Newcastleton. Sea trout and brown trout are numerous. Apply to the sec., R. McGeorge, writer, Langholm. All the Upper Esk tributaries are well stocked with trout, viz., Garwald water, Moodlan, and the Rae burns.

Lawes.—On Loch Tay. (See *Kenmore*.)

Lerwick (Shetland).—*Hotels:* Queen's (see *Advertisement*), Royal, Grand. Black Loch and Sandy Loch, 2 m. W. from Lerwick, past village of Sound; trout plentiful, but small. Loch Tingwall, 6 m. from Lerwick, 2 m. from Scalloway; fish plentiful, from 1lb. to 1lb; preserved by Mr. Weber, Queen's Hotel. Adjoining is Loch Asta; fish plentiful, fully larger than above; preserved as Tingwall. Loch of Strand, 6 m. from Lerwick; excellent sea trout, running to 15lb.; plenty of brown trout in burn running into it; preserved as above. Mr. Weber, of "Queen's," Lerwick, keeps a private hotel here for anglers. Girlsta Loch, 2½ m. from this hotel. Loch Broo and Loch Ustaness, and other five small lochs about 3½ m. from it, where good fishing is to be had. At Dale's Voe, 3 m. N. of Lerwick, sea trout and brown trout may be taken. A boat frequently sails from Lerwick to Ollaberry on the east coast of the north mainland. Good fishing in Eala Water, North Mavin, near Ollaberry, and in many other lochs in the neighbourhood. Lodgings may be had at Mr. Sinclair's, at Ollaberry. In Pundswater, beyond Eala Water, the fish run larger. There are many other lochs in Shetland where excellent fishing is to be had, but accommodation is very limited. It is always necessary to take plenty of provisions with you. Loch Spiggey, 20 m. S. from Lerwick; fish plentiful and large. Very good fishing in Fetlar. Vidlin Loch and burn, good sea and yellow trout, but are let. Kirkhouse Loch and North Loch have brown trout. In the island of Unst, to which there is communication by steamer three times a week in summer and twice in winter, there is splendid fishing and shooting, and the accommodation for tourists is now good, especially at Baltasound, where Mr. Weber, of the "Queen's," Lerwick, has opened a first-class hotel, which is within 1 m. of Loch Cliff, the best fishing loch in the island.

Loch Awe (Argyllshire).—Salmon, sea trout, brown trout, perch, pike, ferret; fishing free. *Hotel:* Loch Awe (see *Advertisement*). Orchy river runs in at **Dalmally**; salmon, trout; fishing at hotel (see *Dalmally*). Awe river flows out of the loch; salmon; private, except 2 m. at the lower end on the left bank, fishable by staying at the Taynult Hotel, **Taynult** (see *Taynult*). Some of the best trouting is in Oladich bay, and thence to **Port Sonachan** Hotel (see *Advertisement*), 6 m., the fishing is very good. Hence to **Portinisherrach** (where is an inn) is 8 m., and after passing Crow Island the fishing is good. From **Portinisherrach** to Ford the S.W. end of the loch is 8 m., all good fishing ground. At Ford is a comfortable inn. The other side of the loch is also good in parts. Opposite Port Sonachan is **Taycreggan** Hotel, where boats can be had; boat and man 6s. a day. The fishing round the islands is generally good, especially round Inishail. The best salmon flies are: 1, the black dragon—wings, feather from raven; body, black mohair, black hackle; tip, golden pheasant crest feather. 2, the black dog—wings, blue heron feather mixed with red turkey; body, lead-coloured mohair trimmed with gold twist, and large black hackle; shoulder, dark green mohair. It would be well to divide the wings with gold twist, and let it show about the head. The loch trout flies are as follows: 1, wings from pheasant's tail; body, ginger hackle over orange mohair. 2, the green drake fly. 3, wings, mottled feathers of bustard; body, upper part, blue dubbing, lower, orange ditto, a light brown hackle carried well down the bend of the hook; tinsel and a tail tuft should be used, the latter

from tippet of the golden pheasant. The salmon flies for the Awe are nearly all "wasp" bodies, with light or dark turkey wings, pale light blue rough bodies, with heron wings, or sometimes a smooth green body, with mallard wings. Light and dark March brown, alder fly, cowdung, dark spinner, Professor dark and light; and No. 1, speckled teal wing, light red spinner; No. 2, yellow silk body, red hackles run down the body, cock pheasant wing, and two fibres for tail from cock pheasant wing; No. 3, pale green silk body ribbed with gold, black hackle legs, wings dark mallard, peacock harl and red macaw, tail, strands black hackle; No. 4, dark blue silk body, black legs, sea-swallow wing, tail two or three fibres dark mallard—known in Westmoreland as "Broughton's point." Trout flies: 1, yellow and woodcock—a large cowdung; 2, red and teal—Soldier palmer, with teal wings; 3, green and teal—green crewel body, silver thread, black hackle, and teal wings. The best bait for pike fishing in Loch Awe is the copper spoon bait, or a glass artificial minnow of medium or large size. It is not always easy to obtain bait for spinning. There are plenty of eels round the castle to be caught by night lines, and on the other side of the castle, at the mouth of the river, there are some large perch in the sandy bays.

Loch Doon (Ayr).—Capital sport. The loch can be reached from Ayr.

Loch Dow (Inverness).—A peculiar deformed trout is sometimes caught in this lake.

Lochgoilhead.—There is some good trouting in the Restal Loch and Loch Awe.

Loch Inver (Sutherland).—*Hotel: Culag (see Advertisement).* On Inver and Kirkaig (3 m.): salmon and trout. There are over 40 lochs within 6 m. full of trout, and some with salmon, all free, but there are not boats on all. The hotelkeeper grants permission to fish for salmon in the Kirkaig and Inver at 12s. 6d. per day, limited to two rods per day. In some of the lakes there are ferox, especially in Loch Sheanaskaig, Assynt, Fewin, Beanach, and Bodmine. Boats can be obtained at 2s. 6d. a day. The mail car runs daily between this and Lairg, and steamers from Glasgow and Oban frequently. The Kirkaig flows through Lochs Boarlan, Urigill, Cama, Veyattie, and Fewin. They all contain trout, some large. Loch Beannoch, 4 m., is also a free rising loch, having a boat. Sutherland flies should be full-bodied worsted or pig's wool. Red, blue, purple, green, or black, with plenty of gold and silver tinsel with or without red tag. Loch Oulog and Culog river holds salmon and grilse. There is a boat; fishing 5s. a day. Inver runs out of Loch Assynt 7 m. off. The entire Kirkaig goes with the hotel. The sea fishing is very good.

Loch Katrine.—There is some fishing to be had on this loch, Loch Chon, and several hill lochs, which is free to visitors to the Stronachlachar Hotel.

Loch Laggan.—Trout and ferox; free. There is a nice little inn here, distant from Fort William, to which there is a daily coach in summer, 30 m., and from the station at Kingussie, 18 m. The fishing is excellent, averaging three to the pound; plenty of ferox. Boats at the inn. Good trouting in the river Pattach, which joins the loch close by the inn. This river runs out of two hill lochs, full of fish. Off the islands large fish can be taken, also in the bays on the north side, especially in a large bay about 4 m. down, where a large burn runs into the loch. Great numbers may be taken in the bay below the house belonging to Cluny Macpherson. The river Spean runs out of the loch; capital sport, though the fish run smaller than in the loch. There are salmon below the falls, which is 2 m. above Roy Bridge, 18 m. from Laggan, strictly preserved. Good sport in Loch Treag, not far off; we believe it is free. A good fly for the loch is a bright scarlet body with a teal wing. (*See Banavie.*)

Loch Lomond.—The streams running through the Luss property are preserved by the owners, who issue tickets at 2l. for the season. The Duke of Montrose gives free permission to fish the streams on his property, except the river Oudrick, where it runs through his park, where special permission is required.

Lochmaben (Dumfries).—8 m. north of Dumfries, and 4 m. west of Lockerbie (Cal. R.). There are nine lochs near. The Castle Loch is the largest, and one of a series of four, full of vendace, pike, perch, roach, bream, eels, and a few trout. The river fishings within easy walking distance are the Ae, Kinnel, Dryfe, and Annan. The first three are tributary to the last. The Annan contains salmon, sea trout, hirling, grilse, and yellow trout. The fishing opens on March 10, and closes November 1. May, June, July, and August are the best months, and September and October for salmon. Leave to fish is sometimes given. There are three fair inns here, and plenty of lodgings. The Milk, Ae, and Dryfe are nearly all free.

Lochmaddy Hotel (North Uist, N.B.).—Salmon and sea and brown trout fishing free.

Lochsuntart (Argyll).—By staying at the Salen Hotel salmon and trout fishing can be had in Lochshiel.

Lockerbie (Dumfries).—C.R. (*See Lochmaben and Langholm.*) *Hotels:* Blue Bell, King's Arms. Good fishing; salmon, sea trout, brown trout; in Annan, Milk, and other streams. The principal flies for the months of April, May, and June are chaffinch with hare ear or red hackle, lark with mouse-coloured body, thrush with hare ear or dark hackle, or yellow body, woodcock and red hackle, landrail with dark hackle and silver tinsel lip, teal with red or dark hackle, red and black spiders, grey spider from partridge breast. The natural Mayfly is also very deadly, and can be gathered in great numbers on the sides of the river. For the following months, when sea trout and herlings are run, jay and teal with yellow or blue silk body (the latter preferred), and dark hackle and tinsel, landrail and teal, yellow body and dark hackle and clear tinsel.

- Logierist.**—On Tay; salmon and trout. Tummel here joins Tay. Fishing strictly preserved.
- Longformacus.**—Some 7 m. from Dunse. On Dye, Watch and Blacksmill Burns. Whitadder runs near. Trout good.
- Luib.**—On the Dochart, 6 m. from Killin. *Hotel*: Luib; good salmon fishing in August and September. The trout are numerous, and run a fair size. The water is very deep and sluggish below Luib, but above and as far as Loch Dochart there are some capital streams and pools. From Loch Dochart to within 2 m. of Killin the fishing is preserved by the hotel for its visitors. Bob Roy's burn joins the river 3 m. above Luib, and here capital sport can be had. (*See Killin.*) (*See Crianlarich.*)
- Luss.**—N.B.B. Loch Lomond and Clyde; salmon, sea and brown trout, pike, perch. Fishing free. The brown trouting early in the season before the sea fish enter the loch is very good.
- Mainland Island** consists of **Kirkwall** and East Mainland, and **Stromness** and West Mainland. *Hotels*: Castle and Kirkwall, at Kirkwall. A few sea trout may be killed where the tide runs through Aer into the Peerie Sea, also in Scapa Bay. At Wideford, 3 m. from Kirkwall, is good for sea trout, also at Sabay, 6 m., and Tankerness Hall, 6 m. Plenty of lythe and saithe.
- Meikleour.**—The Isla here joins Tay; trout, salmon, pike, and perch, all preserved. The Isla in its upper waters above Airlie Castle contains plenty of small trout; fishing free. May and June are the best months. A small red palmer, or reddish hackle with a teal drake wing, is a good fly. The fishing in the Melgum is very good. The Isla from its junction with the water of Dean, a few miles below Airlie Castle is very sluggish, and is full of pike, large trout, and perch. The water of Dean rises in the loch of Forfar, and contains capital trout. The fishing on the Tay is strictly preserved.
- Melrose** (Roxburgh).—On Tweed; salmon, trout. By staying at the Waverley Hydro-pathic Establishment trouting can be had free.
- Melville Hotel** (Sutherland).—n.s. **Thurso** or Forsinard. Good trouting in several lochs; free. Boats kept. Good sea fishing.
- Moffat.**—The Moffat, Ewan, and Annan run near. The Well Burn, Granton Burn, Hartfell Burn, Lochan Burn, Garpel Burn, Cloffin Burn, Cornal Burn, Blackshope Burn, Selcuth Burn, Corrieiron Burn, the Tail Burn. Also, at medium distances, the Duar, the Drye (8 m.), the Clyde, the Ettrick (8 m.), the Fruid (8 m.), the Kinnel (4 m.), Wamphray Water. Also Loch Skene (11½ m.), the Loch of the Lowes (14 m.), St. Mary's Loch, the Megget, and the Yarrow; they are unpreserved. (*See Beattock Station and St. Mary's Loch.*) *Hotel*: Annandale Arms. The Darr and Head of Clyde are easy of access.
- Mound** (Sutherland). On Fleet; trout and salmon, and good sea fishing.
- Mull** (Island of).—Tobermory is the capital of the island, and here good accommodation both at the hotel and in lodgings can be obtained. Excepting the Aros and the stream connecting Loch Baa with the sea, the rivers are mere burns. 3 m. from Tobermory are the Micknish lakes; good trouting; leave easily obtained. 6 m. from Tobermory is Loch Freesa, the outlet of which is the Aros river. Freesa holds salmon, white and brown trout; the fishing belongs to Capt. Campbell and Mrs. Forsyth, who often give leave. Accommodation can be had at a shepherd's house on the shore. For the river, leave must also be had. On the N.W. of the island is **Bunessan**, reached by steamer from Oban three days a week and calling at Tobermory. The landlord of the Bunessan Hotel (*see Advertisement*) has the fishing in Loch Assopol (white and yellow trout, salmon) and Loch Potee; fishing free to visitors at hotel: July, August, and September for white trout, October for salmon. Loch Baa is closed. Salen Asor Hotel (*see Advertisement*) has the fishing rights in the Forsa river, and in Loch Scoban and other lakes; August and September are the best months. There are many other lakes, mostly free.
- Newburgh** (Aberdeen).—12 m. from **Aberdeen**. Ythan; salmon, sea trout, bull and lake trout, brown trout, pike, flounders. Ythan rises on the E. slopes of Bisset hills, and is 35 m. long. The principal owners are Earl of Aberdeen, Sir M. Duff Gordon, Bt., Lady Gordon-Cathcart, Col. Turner, Col. Wolrige Gordon, Mr. Udny, Mr. Gordon, and Miss Buchanan. The principal tributaries are the burns of Foveran, Tarty, Forvey, March, Brony, Ebue (fishing free, sea trout), Michael Muir, Kelly, Schivas, Chapelton, Burn, Grains, Little Water (fishing free, sea trout), Petty, Farden, Tifty, Pitdoulis, Garries. *Hotel*: Udny Arms, where capital sea trouting, &c., can be had.
- New Galloway** (Kirkcudbright).—*Hotel*: Kenmure Arms. *Lochs*: Dee, Skerrow, Harrow, and Lochinvaty, Huic, Barscoble, The Lowes, and Dee; trout. Ken and Lochs Ken, Dee, and Strom; salmon, trout, pike, and perch. There is a long stretch of fishing attached to the Kenmure Arms. (*See Parton.*)
- Newtonmore** (Inverness).—H.B. On Spey and Calder. Salmon and trout.
- Oban** (Argyll).—O.B. The Lorn Angling Improvement Association (sec., J. F. McLaren, Esq., 22, George-street, Oban) preserves the following lochs in the district, which are stocked with trout—viz., Loch-an-Glennaberrach, Pennyfuir Loch, and Bainsgown Loch, Lismore. In the latter loch, which is considered one of the best in Argyllshire, the trout average 1½ lb., and it is not unusual to get one 2½ lb. Strangers can arrange for a day's angling, at moderate rates, by application to the secretary, who will give all information about flies, &c. Loch Nell and River Nell are 4 m. off, and are good for sea trout in the autumn, with an occasional salmon, also brown trout; fishing on application to proprietor, Cleugh Inn, near Oban, at moderate rates. Loch

Scammadale, 8 m. off; salmon, sea and brown trout; preserved, but leave occasionally got from various proprietors. Other minor lochs in district, but mostly preserved. (*See Kilmelford.*)

Ollabury.—In North Mavine. (*See Lerwick.*)

Orkney (Islands).—There are twenty-eight inhabited islands. Sea trout are to be found wherever a drop of fresh water runs into the sea. The fishing is poor now, though it is about to be preserved by fishery districts. Worm is the best bait, used by sinking and drawing. Wading trousers are desirable. The sea-trout fishing in the sea belongs to the landowners whose land adjoins the shore. Trout fishing is best in September and October. By fishing with a worm, however, from the rocks which abut on the tidal flows, or by wading into bays, such as Scapa and others, and throwing well out, you may occasionally take a happening fish. Lythe and saithe abound. (*See Kirkwall; Stromness; Mainland Island.*)

Overskeck Hotel (Sutherland).—About 16 m. from Lairg, on the side of Loch Shin. Seven boats are kept on Shin, two on Loch Merkland, one on Merkland river, and one on Loch Grian. It is the best station on the loch both for fly and troll. Loch flies for Sutherlandshire are large as a rule (No. 6 hooks), and are best when tied very bright, scarlet being the favourite colour. Lochs Grian, Merkland, and Flag can also be fished from here; they are very good. Loch Grian is reported to be one of the best lochs in Scotland for ferrox. The large burn which runs out of Loch Flag gives pretty good fishing in its upper portions. Fishing free.

Oykel Bridge Inn (Ross).—On rivers Oykel and Cassley. These rivers are let by the month; for particulars, apply to J. Forsyth, Balnagown Estate Office, Parkhill, N.B. Day tickets for Carron.

Parton (Kirkcudbright).—At and around New Galloway some good fishing can be had; salmon, trout, sea trout, pike, perch, &c. The proprietors are exceedingly liberal in granting leave. An omnibus from the Spalding Arms meets the trains. (*See New Galloway.*)

Peebles.—On Tweed; salmon and trout; the fishing is good, and free. This is a good head-quarters, as there is a railway both up and down the river. Hotel: Tontine; very comfortable. (*See Clovenfurd.*)

Perth.—Salmon are plentiful in Tay. Late in the season, when the nets are off, salmon can be taken in the tideway. Whiting are numerous between Thistle Bridge and for some distance below Perth, and will take a fly freely. (*See Stanley.*) From Almond Mouth, some 2 m. above the town to Aberfeldy, the fishing is strictly preserved. Many boats from Perth to Isla mouth are leased by Mr. Malloch, fishtackleist, Perth, who often has boats to let (*see Advertisement*).

Phinstown (Orkney).—(*See Stromness.*)

Pitlochrie (Perth).—H.R. On Tummel; salmon and trout; by staying at the Loch Tummel Hotel the angler can fish in more than 1 m. of the river. Loch Tummel is free; boats from hotel. The end of May is the best time. Loch Broom lies 6 m. off; the fishing is first-rate. Leave to fish is not easily obtained. (*See Kinloch Rannoch.*)

Pointstown (Orkney).—(*See Stromness.*)

Portinsherrach (Argyll).—Loch Awe; trout, perch, pike, sea trout, salmon; fishing free. Hotel: Portinsherrach, very comfortable, where boats can be had. (*See Loch Awe.*)

Portree (Skye).—Good trouting in Loch Fada; two hours walk towards Storr rocks. Wading necessary. Flies to be had at Alexander Mitchell's. Lythe fishing in the harbour. Charge for boat and two men, 2s. an hour.

Port Sonachan (Argyll).—Loch Awe; trout, salmon, sea trout, perch, pike; fishing free. Hotel: Port Sonachan (*see Advertisement*); very comfortable. Boats can be had (*See Loch Awe.*) Fifteen hill lochs are free to Hotel visitors only.

Reay Inn, N.B.—Good trout and sea fishing.

Rhiconich Inn (Sutherland).—14 m. from Durness. Very comfortable angler's quarters. Mr. Wallace gives permission to fish salmon in Loch Garbetbeg; with a north-west or a south-east wind sport is almost certain; sea trout are plentiful. Numberless unnamed lochs all round will give any amount of trout fishing. This place can be reached by mail car from Lairg, a distance of 42 m., usually occupying six hours. Excellent sea fishing by hiring local boat and man, charges moderate. Best time August and September.

Riccarton Station.—N.B.R. On Tyne. The Tyne consists of two rivers, the North and the South, which meet in a good salmon stream at Howford, about nine miles above Hexburn. The North Tyne and the Liddel rise within a few hundred yards of each other near Thurlowshope, not far from Riccarton Station, and flow down opposite sides of the watershed. A few miles below its source the North Tyne joins a mountain burn, the Keldier, at Keldier Castle, and receives a considerable tributary, the river Reed, at Reedsmonth, below Bellingham. Just below Reedsmonth is the Hargrove stream, the best salmon stream in Northumberland, belonging to the Duke of that ilk. Except near Keldier and in some of the mountain burns flowing into the Tyne, where the trout are preserved, there is now no trout fishing in the Tyne worth following.

Sealloway (Shetland).—(*See Lerwick.*) Lythe and saithe fishing, good.

Seourie (Sutherland).—Reached from Lairg by mail car. Sea fishing very good. Trout fishing in Goron Loch and Trout Loch (fair). Sea trout fishing in Baddinamout Loch after rain. Salmon sometimes caught by fly and troll in the salt water off the mouth of the Laxford. Free.

Shetlands.—The Shetlands are the most northerly group of isles in the British dominions. About thirty of the islands are inhabited. Its lochs and brooks are numerous, and, as the freshwater fishing is almost neglected by the inhabitants, the angler may make certain in many of them of good sport. Some of the lochs, such as Loch Brouster in Walls, Lochs Kettlesta in Hamnavoe, and Uista in Yell, Loch Cliff in Unst, Loch Fladabister in Cunningsburgh, Loch Spiggie in Dumossness, Lochs Setter and Velzie in Fetlar, &c., &c., give very good sport, but as they are at a distance from the capital town, Lerwick, although in some instances accommodation of a sort may be obtained, yet frequently the angler must rough it. Near Lerwick the hotel accommodation is excellent, and the fishing near it is plentiful and easily accessible. Loch Brough and Loch Setter are in Bressay, an island lying opposite Lerwick, and Loch Girssta is in Tingwall, the nearest parish. The proprietor of the Queen's Hotel (*see Advertisement*) has some time since leased the lochs of Asta and Strand in Tingwall, and, as he has strictly preserved them, capital sport may there be obtained. He has also provided a boat at Loch Asta. Good sea-trout fishing in the sea; and at Lerwick and other places good sport may be had with other fish both with fly and line.

Shiel Bridge Hotel (Glenshiel, by Loch Alsh, N.B.).—On Loch and River Shiel: salmon, grilse, and sea trout. Fishing on Shiel opens Feb. 11, and closes Oct. 31; but the best time is from June 10 to first week in August. Favourite flies: Shiel wasp; dark turkey wing, with yellow body and black hackle; teal wing, yellow body, black hackle; turkey wing, black body, silver tinsel with blue hackle: Thunder and Lightning, Black Doctor, Blue Doctor, Silver Doctor, Jock Scott, Childers. The charge is 5*l.* per week. The loch fishing is good for salmon, grilse, sea and brown trout, from June to the end of September. The lower end is best, and is fished with fly and minnow, ordinary sea-trout fly being best killer; grouse wing and claret body; teal wing, yellow body, and black hackle, and Zulu with silver tinsel. Most suitable bait for trolling is Brown's Aberdeen, blue and gold, blue and silver phantoms, Nos. 3, 4, and 5; and Devon minnow, 3 and 4, and steel traces. In connection with the hotel there is a launch on the loch. The accommodation at the hotel is good.

Skye, Island of.—There is good trout and salmon fishing; the salmon are preserved, though doubtless a day or two may be obtained. The Cameusnary lochs, near Broadford, give average fishing, and are free; and the small streams running out of Corriek into the sea contain sea trout. In Lough Correskin there is good salmon and sea trout fishing. Almost all the best trouting is preserved. There is a good inn at Kyle Akin, and another at Bradford. At Portree there is fair accommodation. At Sligachan it is moderate, with preserved waters in the neighbourhood, a small portion of which belongs to the inn. There is good sea fishing all round Skye, particularly lythe and saithe.

Sprouston.—On Tweed. The Earl of Home preserves the greater part of the Carham water above this place.

Stanley.—On Tay. Some of the best salmon pools are near here, such as Cat's Hole and Hell's Hole, but all strictly preserved. A good fly is the following: Body, from the head to a third up the hook, black or dark blue—above that to the finish, yellow; a heron's hackle dyed bright blue tied about half-way up, and another red or yellow, tied and wound round the head with silver tinsel about the body; wings, peacock's tail feathers put on full and rather straggling. Also the black dog: Body, black, with blue at the head and red at the tail, tinsel, gold, or silver; wing, mottled grey turkey; hackle, black. The size of the hook is very large, but diminishes as you advance up stream. For grilse the best fly is the wasp, and next—body, black and red, yellow near the tail, and ribbed with red gold tinsel; wing, brown or dark grey turkey wing with small mottled spots.

St. Boswell's (Roxburgh).—N.B.R. Tweed; salmon, sea trout, brown trout. *Hotel:* Buccleuch Arms. There are 3 *m.* free trouting water; fishing variable.

St. Fillans (Loch Earn).—Visitors staying at the Drummond Arms Hotel or St. Fillans can have fair trout fishing free in the loch and river; there are plenty of boats, and the hotel comfortable. Loch Boltachair holds many small trout.

St. Mary's Loch (Selkirk).—Good quarters. The nearest station is Moffatt. Fair trout and pike fishing in the loch, Nugget waters, and the river Yarrow. The loch belongs to Lord Napier, who permits visitors to fish from the shore. The Loch of Lowes is connected with St. Mary's Loch by a short stream: this is the better loch for pike and perch. The house is licensed for beer only. Cramult burn is good, but is preserved; so is Chapelhope burn. There are several other burns abounding in trout, running into St. Mary's Loch and Loch of Lowes. The best time is the end of April. The address of the inn is St. Mary's Cottage, Yarrow, Selkirk.

Stow (Midlothian).—**Edinburgh** is 26 *m.* distant by rail. There is a good hotel standing on the banks of the Gala. The fishing is free for 5 *m.* below Stow, and 4 *m.* above. The railway runs along the banks of the river. The trout below Stow average three to the pound, above, four or five to the pound. 6 *m.* off is the Leader. (*See Lauder.*)

Strathcarron (Ross).—H.R. On Carron; salmon. Some 2½ *m.* are preserved by the lessees of New Kelso Lodge.

Strathpeffer.—*Hotel:* Spa (*see Advertisement*). Some fair salmon fishing attached to the hotel, and some good loch fishing.

Strome Ferry (Ross).—H.B. *Hotel:* Station. Nearest point for Glenshiel, Loch Duich, and Balmacara. Good salt-water fishing in Loch Carron.

Stromness (Orkney).—Good brown trout fishing in Loch Stennis, and sea trout at the

Bridge of Waith, and below it to the sea. Boats can be had at the bridge. Loch Harray lies beyond Loch Stennis; it is 6 m. from Stromness and 8 m. from Phinstown, where there is a little inn; excellent brown trout fishing and a few sea trout; a boat for this loch can be had from Mr. Flett, a farmer on the bank; fish average three to the pound, and are very plentiful. August and September are considered the best months for Lochs Stennis and Harray. Free fishing on Lochs Swatt (11 m.), Stennis, and Harray; but leave required for Loch Swanney (14 m.). Loch Stennis, flies: mallards with claret and red body, grouse ditto, teal red and green body (all of medium size and dark wings); also March brown with red and claret body; Zulu, hackle (dark and red), Alexandra, and Heckam. Loch Shin lies beyond Loch Harray; the fishing is good, but no accommodation. Loch Birsá is 10 m. from Stromness. The fish run large, but there is no accommodation. The fishing is all free. The sea fishing for lythe and saithe very good.

Tarbet.—On Loch Lomond. The fishing in the loch is free; salmon, sea and brown trout, perch, pike. Boats and men at the Tarbet hotel.

Tarf (Kirkcudbright).—G. & S.W.R. On Tarf.

Tayoreggan (Argyll).—Loch Awe; trout, perch, pike, sea trout, salmon; fishing free. *Hotel*: Tayoreggan, where boats can be had. Lochs Nant, Avich, and ten other lochs free to hotel visitors. (*See Loch Awe*.)

Taynuilt (Argyllshire).—C.R. On Awe; salmon, sea trout, trout. *Hotel*: Taynuilt, good; 8 m. of water attached to hotel; the fishing is very good from April to October. Loch Etive is close by, and sea trout are caught with fly from June.

Thornhill (Dumfries).—Nith; preserved by the Mid-Nithsdale Angling Association over the lands of the Duke of Buccleuch. Trout, s.t. 6s., m.t., 4s., d.t. 2s. Salmon, s.t. 10s., w.t. 4s. *Hotels*: Buccleuch and George.

Thurso (Caithness).—(*See Brawl Castle*.) On Thurso; salmon, sea trout, &c. The river rises in three small lochs in the hills, and, after a short course, runs through Loch More. These lochs are very much out of the way. Below Loch More another stream joins Thurso, which takes its rise in three lochs (Loch Stemster, Loch Rangay, and Loch Ruard) not very far apart. At Brawl Castle a stream joins on the left which rises in Loch Calder.

Tongue Hotel (Sutherland).—*Lochs*: Coalside, Brach Bule, Hallow (a boat), Slam, Na Hakel, Craggie, and Loyal; trouting fair, fish about three to the pound; many large lake trout; boat belongs to inn; leave must be obtained from the Duke's factor, Mr. Crawford. Many other small lochs with burns. The salmon fishing in the Borge is taken up. Good salmon and sea trout fishing on Kyle of Tongue. (*See Aulmahara*.) The best killing fly in the lochs are a magenta-coloured body, ribbed with silver and a red tag, black hackle and grouse wing, the Soldier Palmer, and a large yellow fly.

Trossachs Hotel.—There are three or four streams in the neighbourhood, free. *Lakes*: Katrine; trout; boats at hotel. Achray; trout, salmon; boats. Vennachar; trout and occasional salmon; no boat. Drunkie; fine trout; no boat. The Tinker; lots of trout, four to pound; free.

Tummel Bridge.—On the Tummel (early river); trout. *Hotel*: Tummel Bridge, by Pitlochry. Here the fishing is fairly good; but the trouting is better some 20 m. up where the moor of Rannoch begins. Loch Tummel lies 2 m. down stream, and contains some goodly pike and trout; by fishing very late in the evening some good trout may be taken. The best flies are the coachman and a fly with a teal drake's wing, black hackle and red wool body.

Ullapool (Cromarty).—On Loch Broom; salmon; some little fishing can be had here, we believe, in connection with the Royal Hotel. Good sea fishing. There is a small stream running by the place. Steamers from Glasgow.

Weem (Perth).—On Tay. Pretty good fishing in the neighbourhood.

Wigtown.—Bladenoch. Salmon, trout.

WALES.

Aber (Carnarvon).—L. & N.W.R. Aber; trout. Aber rises in Llyn-an-afon, and 3 m. down is joined on left bank by Aber-fawr, 3 m. long. Aber runs to Aber and the sea in 2 m. *Hotel*: Bulkeley Arms.

Aberaeron (Cardigan).—N.s. Lampeter, 14 m. Aaron; trout, salmon. (c.s.). Mude, 3 m. Cilcennin brook, 4 m. Aaron rises in Llyn Eiddwen, 7 m. N.W. from Tregaron, and 2 m. down is joined on right bank by a brook which drains Llyn Fanod, 3 m. up, 6 m. N.W. from Tregaron. Aaron runs 4 m. to Llangetho, 4 m. W. from Tregaron, and here Telyn, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. 2 m. down Aaron, at Capel Bettws Lleidi, 4 m. W. from Pont Llanio, Gwenffrwd, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. 3 m. down Aaron, Meurig joins on left bank, which rises 3 m. N. of Derry Ormond, and is 3 m. long. 2 m. down Aaron (n.s. Derry Ormond, 4 m.), Rhewfallen, 4 m. long, joins on right bank, and 1 m. down Aaron, Nant-y-fergy, 2 m. long, joins on right

- bank. 1 m. down Aaron, Gelli, which runs 6 m. N.W. from Lampeter and is 3 m. long, joins on left bank. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down Aaron, Gerwen, which rises above Llanfihangel Ystrad, 7 m. from Lampeter, and is 2 m. long, joins on left bank. 2 m. down Aaron, Glicennin brook, 2 m. long, joins on right bank, 4 m. above Aberaeron. Aaron runs 2 m., when Mude, 6 m. long, joins on left bank. Aaron runs to Aberaeron and the sea 3 m. AETH runs $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. N.E. of Aberaeron at Aber Arth. Arth rises in Llyn March, 6 m. S.E. of Llanrhystyd. This llyn is 1 m. S.W. of Llyn Fanod. Arth runs 5 m., when Bran, 2 m. long, joins on left bank. Arth runs 5 m. to Aber Arth and the sea.
- Aberafon** (Glamorgan).—G.W.R. Afon (trout) rises by Blaen Afon, and 4 m. down, where the road from Cymmer ($2\frac{1}{2}$ m. off on left bank) crosses it. Cerwg, 5 m. long, joins on right bank. 5 m. down Afon (n.s. **Aberafon**, 4 m.) a stream 4 m. long joins on right bank. Afon runs 5 m. to **Aberafon**, and 1 m. below is joined on left bank by Gwinnan, 5 m. long. (c.s. *Usk*.)
- Aberaman** (Glamorgan).—G.W.R. Cynon. Aman. (See Cardiff.)
- Aber Angell** (Montgomery).—L. & N.W.R. Dovey: salmon trout. Angell. (c.s.) Hir, 1 m. E. Mynach, 1 m. N.E. Angell-Tafolog, 3 m. W. Dulas, 4 m. E. (trout). (c.s. *Dovey*.) Lletfen, 4 m. E. Lakes: Llyn Llecoediog, 1 m. E. (See *Glamylleth*.)
- Aberbrân** (Brecon).—(Brecon.) N. & B.R. Usk; trout, salmon; preserved by a society. Bran; trout. Yscir; trout. (See *Brecon and Newport*.) (c.s.)
- Aberdaron** (Carnarvon).—n.s. **Pwllhelli**, 18 m.—Daron runs down in two branches joining at **Aberdaron**—Afon-fawr 5 m. long, and Afon-fach 3 m. long.
- Aberdene** (Glamorgan).—G.W.R. Cynon. Rhondda Fychan (4 m.). (See Cardiff.)
- Aberdare Junction** (Glamorgan). G.W.R.; T.V.R. Taff; salmon, trout. (c.s.) Cynon. Gelli (2 m.). (See Cardiff.)
- Aberdovey** (Merioneth).—G.W.R. Good bass fishing, with a large fly of mixed crimson and white feathers. The following fishing stations are within two hours' journey:—Townyn, Llwyngwiel, Arthog, Dolgelley, Brynglas, Dolgoch, Abergynolwyn, Glandovey, Machynlleth, Cammaes Road, Llanfihangel.
- Aberdylas** (Glamorgan).—G.W.R. Neath. Dyllas. (See Neath.)
- Aberedw** (Radnor).—C.R. Wye; chub, dace, trout, salmon. Edw; good trouting; permission freely given. Bach-howey brook (1 m.); trout. Lakes: Cawr (3 m.). Llanbychllwyn and two other lakes (3 m.). Llyn pools (5 m.). Mann pools (6 $\frac{1}{2}$ m.). (c.s.) (See *Chepstow*.)
- Aberffraw** (Anglesey).—n.s. **Bodorgan**, 3 m. Ffraw; trout. Ffraw, under the name of Grona, rises 4 m. above **Bodorgan**, and just below **Bodorgan** it waters Llyn Coron. The stream now takes the name of Ffraw, and $\frac{1}{2}$ m. below the lake is joined on left bank by Fraich Wen, which runs close to **Bodorgan** on the E. side, and is 4 m. long. 1 m. down Ffraw a stream joins on right bank, which runs out of Llyn Bodric 1 m. E. of **Ty-Croes** station, and is 3 m. long. Ffraw runs to **Aberffraw** and the sea in 1 m. Fraich Wen, 2 m. E. Lakes: Coron, 2 m. N.E.; trout. Bodric, 3 m. N. Faelog, 4 m. N.W. Sea fishing very good, particularly for pollack, near "Carreg-dral" (stone of the ebb); fish between 5lb. and 10lb. often taken; variety of other fish. Use a light line, i.e., with no sinker, 4 fathoms gimp or fine copper wire, and red or grey spinning eel; the grey eel preferable at dusk or by moonlight. In August and September bass are caught from the rocks on the flowing tide; use a trolling or salmon rod with reel and plenty of line. Best bait, soft crab, procured from boatmen; mussels are also good bait, and are easily obtained. At the estuary of Mallaeth Bay bass are caught from boats by trailing the bait; also mackerel, cod, and gurnets. The landlord of the Prince Llewellyn keeps a boat for visitors at the hotel. Hotel: Prince Llewellyn.
- Abergele** (Denbigh).—L. & N.W.R. Gele. (See *Rhyl, Llanfair, Talhaiarn*.)
- Abergwili** (Caermarthen).—L. & N.W.R. Towy; salmon, sewin, trout; fishing free. Gwili; trout, sewin, salmon; fishing free. (c.s.) (See *Caermarthen*.)
- Abergwynolwyn** (Merioneth).—G.W.R. Dysynni; trout; fishing free. (c.s. *Dovey*.) Gwynolwyn. (See *Towyn*.)
- Abermule** (Montgomery).—C.R. Severn; trout, salmon, chub, &c. Mule. (c.s. *Severn*.) (See *Gloucester*.)
- Aberystwyth** (Cardigan).—G.W.R.; L. & N.W.R. On Ystwyth; more or less polluted. Rhedol, now polluted; salmon, trout. Melynddwr, 6 m. E. Lakes: Glan Rhedol, 7 m. E. Ystwyth rises 5 m. S.W. from **Llangurig**, and 1 m. down is joined on right bank by Dillon, 4 m. long (n.s. **Llangurig**, 5 m.). 4 m. down Ystwyth, Tlwyn, 2 m. long, joins on left bank, and 1 m. down, Eglwysnewydd Gal, 2 m. long, joins on left bank (n.s. **Traws Coed**, 7 m.). 2 m. down Ystwyth a stream joins on right bank, draining a llyn $2\frac{1}{2}$ m. up, by Llantrisant (n.s. **Traws Coed**, 5 m.). Ystwyth runs to **Traws Coed** 6 m., and 2 m. down is joined on right bank by Magwyr, 3 m. long. Ystwyth runs 2 m. to **Llan Llar**, just above which Creiddyn brook, 4 m. long, joins on right bank 3 m. down Ystwyth, Mad, 3 m. long, joins on left bank. 2 m. down Ystwyth is **Llanrhystyd Road**, and $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. down, Eos, 4 m. long, joins on right bank. Ystwyth runs to Aberystwyth and sea in $1\frac{1}{2}$ m.
- RHEIDOL rises on the spurs of Plymlimon, 8 m. S.E. of **Machynlleth**, and 3 m. down is joined on left bank by a stream draining Llyn Llygad, 1 m. up under the brow of Plymlimon, 9 m. N. from **The Devil's Bridge**. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down, Llygnant, 3 m. long, joins on right bank, 10 m. N. from **Devil's Bridge**. 1 m. down Rhedol, Llechweddmaur, 5 m. long, joins on right bank 9 m. from **Devil's Bridge**. 2 m. down Rhedol, Rhyddlan, 4 m. long, joins on right bank 7 m. from **Devil's**

Bridge. Rheidol runs 5 m. to Pont Erwyd, where Castell (polluted), 4 m. long, joins on left bank. Rheidol runs 3 m. to **Devil's Bridge**, and here Myherin joins on left bank. Myherin rises in the two lakes Ienan, 6 m. N.E. from the **Devil's Bridge**, runs 4 m., when Rhyddnant, which rises in Llyn Rhyddnant 5 m. N.E. of **Devil's Bridge**, and is 3 m. long, joins on left bank. Myherin runs 3 m. to **Devil's Bridge**. Here also a stream joins on right bank, draining a small lake 2 m. up; also the drainings of Llyn Lon, 1 m. W. of **Devil's Bridge**, joins on right bank. Rheidol runs 8 m. to near Capel Bangor, where Melynddwr, 7 m. long, joins on right bank. Just above this junction the outflow of a lake at Glan Rheidol, $\frac{1}{4}$ m. up, joins on right bank. Rheidol runs to **Aberystwyth** and sea 6 m.; a few bass are taken between this and Borth with a fly, also mackerel and gurnet. *Hotel:* Queen's. There are some small lakes up in the mountains, 2 m. from the Dyffryn Castle Hotel, which lies 14 m. from Aberystwyth. These lakes belong to J. Bonsall, Esq., of Dolé, who often gives permission. The fish run very large. Also the lakes which supply Aberystwyth with water fishing free. (*See Pen-y-Bont*.) Lead poisoning has practically ruined the fishing in Ystwyth and Rheidol, but the tributaries joining the Rheidol above Pont Erwyd contain trout, which, however, are mere fingerlings. Along the road from Aberystwyth, $\frac{1}{4}$ m. before Pont Erwyd, there are two small lakes (one very small), which contain trout, and belong to Capt. Bray, of Aberystwyth. Permission to fish them can be obtained from the owner, or by staying at the hotel at Pont Erwyd. There are two small lakes about 2 m. N. of these, Craig-y-Nau-ddu and Pont Sfydrin; the former contains trout, the latter eels only.

Afon-wen (Merioneth).—L. & N.W.R. Wen. Wen rises 4 m. above **Llangybistation**, runs 1 m. to **Chwilog** and the sea at **Afon-wen**, 1 m.

Amlwch.—(*See Penrhosilligwy.*)

Arenig (Merioneth).—G.W.B. Trywerwyn; trout; preserved from its source to the junction of Gelyn 2 m. below **Arenig**; d.t. 1s. 6d., from the hotel. (*c.s. Dee.*) Gelyn, 2 m. N.E.; trout; preserved as Trywerwyn. Lliw, 4 m. N. Cletwr, 7 m. N. Conway, 8 m. N. at Ysphyth Evan. (*c.s.*) (*See Conway.*) *Lakes:* Arenig-bach, $\frac{1}{4}$ m. N. Arenig, 2 m. S.E. Trywerwyn, 3 m. W. Lliw, 6 m. N.W. *Hotel:* Rhydy Fen.

Arleen (Montgomery).—C.B. Maerdy brook. Bete brook (1 m. S.). Severn (2 m. E.); chub, dace, trout, salmon. (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s. Severn.*)

Arthog, near Dolgelly (Merioneth).—L. & N.W.R.; C.B.; G.W.B. Mawddach; trout, sewin, few salmon; tickets at hotel. (*c.s. Dovey.*) Creigennan. *Lakes:* Creigennan, 1 m. S.E.; trout; preserved by landlord; boats. Llyn-y-Wylfa, 2 m. N.E. Cyri, 3 m. S. *Hotel:* Arthog Hall (*see Advertisement*). (*See Barmouth.*)

Bala (Merioneth).—E.R. Dee; trout, salmon, chub, grayling; s.t. 42s., w.t. 5s., d.t. 2s. 6d.; tickets at the hotels. (*c.s.*) Trywerwyn; trout; s.t. 20s., w.t. 5s., d.t. 1s.; detached portions free. The river opens on Feb. 14, and closes Sept. 15. No worm fishing before April 1 and after Sept. 1. (*c.s. Dee.*) Corgnant, 1 m. N.E. Hirnant, 1 m. E.; trout. Cymmerig, 1 m. S.E. Meloch, 2 m. N.E. *Lake:* Bala or Tegid, 4 m. long (a small portion of upper part reserved); pike, perch, roach, trout; free; boats at the hotels. June, July, and August are the best months. (*c.s. Dee.*) *Hotels:* White Lion Royal (*see Advertisement*), Bull, Plascoch. *Tackleist,* M. Roberts (*see Advertisement*). (*See Arenig, Chester.*)

Bangor (Carnarvon).—L. & N.W.R. Bangor brook, 7 m. long; few trout; free.

OGWEN, 2 m. E.; salmon, trout; preserved by Lord Penrhyn for 2 m. next the sea, free above. Ogwen rises in Llyn Lloer, 6 m. N.W. from **Capel Curig**, runs 1 m. to Llyn Ogwen (capital trouting), 5 m. N.W. of **Capel Curig**, or 5 m. S.E. of **Bethesda**. 1 m. down the lake, near the lower end, a stream joins on left bank, draining Llyn Bochlwyd 1 m. up, 6 m. W. of **Capel Curig**. A trifle further on a stream joins on left bank, which, rising in Llyn-y-Cwm, 8 m. W. of **Capel Curig** or 8 m. S.E. of **Bethesda**, runs 1 m. to Llyn Idwell (good trouting, boat), 7 m. W. of **Capel Curig** or 7 m. S.E. of **Bethesda**, and $\frac{1}{2}$ m. to Llyn Ogwen. 3 m. down Ogwen, 3 m. S.E. of **Bethesda**, Berthan, 2 m. long, joins on right bank, and 2 m. below, $\frac{1}{4}$ m. above **Bethesda**, Casey joins on right bank. Casey rises in Llyn Casey 5 m. S.E. of **Bethesda**, and 4 m. down, 1 m. S.E. of **Bethesda**, is joined on left bank by Llafer, 3 m. long. Casey runs to Ogwen in 1 m. Ogwen runs to **Bethesda** $\frac{1}{2}$ m. Here Ffridd-las, 2 m. long, joins on right bank, and March on left bank. March rises in March-llyn-mawr, 3 m. across the hills, N.E. from **Llanberis**, runs 3 m. to the Penrhyn slate quarries and St. Ann's Chapel, and 1 m. below is joined on left bank by a stream which rises in March-llyn-bach, lying $\frac{1}{2}$ m. N.W. of March-llyn-mawr, 3 m. N.E. of **Llanberis**. This stream is 4 m. long. Ogwen runs 5 m. to the sea. *Hotel:* British. (*See Beaumaris.*)

Bargoed (Glamorgan).—L. & N.W.R.; B. & M.R. Rumney; trout, salmon; preserved. Crinlach. (*See Cardiff.*) (*c.s.*)

Barmouth (Merioneth).—G.W.B. Mawddach; salmon, trout. Mawddach rises in Llyn Crych-y-wayen, 4 m. N. across the hills for **Drws-y-nant**, and 3 m. down, is joined on left bank by Geirw, 2 m. long, and a nameless brook on right bank. 3 m. down Mawddach, 3 m. N. from **Tyn-y-groes**, Gain joins on right bank. Gain is some 7 m. long, and 3 m. from its source, is joined on right bank by a short stream draining Llyn Gelli-gain, 3 m. S.E. from **Trawsfynydd**. 2 m. down Mawddach, at Pont-ar-Eden, 1 m. N. from **Tyn-y-groes**, Eden joins on right bank. Eden rises in Llyn Pryvyd (good trout), 9 m. N. from **Tyn-y-groes**, or 7 m. N.E. from **Llanbedr** up the Arthro.

Valley, past Llyn Cwm Bychan, and 1 m. N.E. of that lake runs $\frac{1}{2}$ m. to Llyn Twrgla, and 1 m. down is joined on left bank by a stream, 1 m. long, draining Llyn Graiddwr, 1 m. E. of Llyn Ciddew-Mawr, and 4 m. E. of Talsarnan, or 5 m. N.E. of Harlech. 5 m. down Eden, at Pont Llyn-y-Cafn, 4 m. N. from **Tyn-y-groes**, Ddu, which rises in Llyn Ddu (many small trout), and is 3 m. long, joins on right bank. Llyn Ddu lies 7 m. N.W. from **Tyn-y-groes**. Eden joins Mawddach 3 m. down. Camlan joins Mawddach $\frac{1}{2}$ m. below on right bank. Camlan rises in Llyn-y-bi, 5 m. N.W. from **Tyn-y-groes**. 2 m. down (1 m. below the slate quarries), a stream, 1 m. long, joins on left bank, draining Llyn-y-Fran, 4 m. N.W. from **Tyn-y-groes**. 2 m. down Camlan a stream, 1 m. long, joins on left bank, draining Llyn Pen-y-ganllwyd, 3 m. N. from **Tyn-y-groes**. 1 m. below Camlan joins Mawddach, which runs 1 m. to **Tyn-y-groes**, n.s. **Dolgelly**, 4 m. 2 m. down Mawddach, two streams, 4 m. and 3 m. long, join on left bank. 3 m. below, **Dolgelly** being 1 m. off on left bank, Wnion joins on left bank. Wnion rises 4 m. above **Drws-y-nant**, just below which place, on left bank, the Harnog and Cwm-ochr, each 3 m. long, joins Wnion at the same spot. 1 m. down Wnion, Ciddow, 3 m. long, joins on right bank, and, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down, Fldw, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. Wnion runs 2 m. to **Pont Newydd**, and 2 m. down, is joined on left bank by Ddybin, 4 m. long. Wnion runs to **Dolgelly** 2 m. Here a stream joins on left bank, which drains Llyn Aras 3 m. up. Wnion joins Mawddach 2 m. down. Mawddach runs 2 m. to **Fenmaenpool**, and here Mynach, which rises in Llyn Cwm-mynach and is 4 m. long, joins on right bank. 1 m. down Mawddach Gadr joins on left bank. Gadr rises in Llyn Gadr, 4 m. S.W. from **Dolgelly**, runs $\frac{1}{2}$ m. to Llyn Gadr, and, 1 m. below, where the main road crosses, is joined on right bank by the drainage of Llyn Gwernan, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. up, 2 m. S.W. of **Dolgelly**. Gadr runs to Mawddach 2 m. Mawddach runs 1 m., when Llechan, 4 m. long, joins on right bank. 1 m. down Mawddach, a stream joins on left bank, draining Llyn-y-Wylfa 2 m. up, 2 m. N.E. from **Arthog**. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down Mawddach, on the right bank, Goetref, 4 m. long, joins on right bank. 1 m. down Mawddach, close to **Barmouth**, Creigennan joins on left bank. Creigennan rises in Llyn Cyri, and, 2 m. down, close to **Arthog**, is joined on right bank by the drainage of Llyn Creigennan, 1 m. up. The brook joins Mawddach 1 m. down, which runs to Barmouth and the sea 1 m. on. (c.s. *Dovey*.) **Egryn**, 2 m. N., 3 m. long, joins the sea below Egryn Abbey; good sea fishing, skate, haddock, whiting, whiting pout, and a few bass and dog fish. *Hotel: Marine. Fishing stations within reach: Arthog, Penmaenpool, Dolgelly, Dyffryn, Llanbedr, Harlech, Talsarnan, Penrhyn-dendraeth, Portmadoc, Llwyngwril, Towyn, Aberdovey, Machynlleth.*

Beaumaris (Anglesea).—n.s. **Bangor**, 6 m. Llandigan brook, 3 m. S.W. *Lakes: Bodgolched, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. N.W. Llyn-y-pare, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. S.W. Llyn-y-gors, 2 m. S.W. Llwydiarth, 4 m. N.W. (See *Llangetinwen*.)* Opposite the town and all along the Straits you may get plenty of small codlings, flatfish, &c. The best baits are mussels, black bait, and soft crabs. There is fair bass fishing between the Menai and Tubular Bridges, also at Puffin Island for pollack; sand-eels at the Ditchman Sands. There is good rod-fishing off shore along the north and west coast of Anglesea, especially at the Skerries, where, with a white fly, the black and white pollack may be taken. August and September are the best months for bass fishing here.

Beddgelert (Carnarvon).—N.W.N.G.R. Glaslyn; trout, sewin, salmon; s.t. 21s., m.t. 15s., d.t. 2s. (c.s. *Dovey*.) Colwyn. Nant-y-Mor, 3 m. S.E. Croesor, 4 m. S.E. Dwyfach, 5 m. W.; trout. (c.s.) (See *Criccieth*.) *Lakes* (all private, except Dinas and Gwynant). Llyn-y-Ddinas, 2 m. N.E.; salmon, trout; boats. (c.s. *Dovey*.) Y-Arddu, 3 m. S.E. Llynian Cerig-y-Mellt, 3 m. S.E. Hafod-y-Llyn, 3 m. S. Gwynant, 4 m. N.E.; trout, sewin, salmon; boats. (c.s. *Dovey*.) Llagl, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. E. Y-Adar, 5 m. E. Bliswall, 5 m. E. Edno, 6 m. N.E.; large trout. Llynian Cwm, 6 m. N.E.; large trout. *Hotels: Royal Goat* (fishing free to visitors), Saracen's Head, Prince Llewelyn. (See *Portmadoc*.)

Begelly (Pembroke).—G.W.R. Kilrelly brook, 5 m. long, runs 1 m. E. Carn (3 m.). Langdon brook (3 m.). (See *Lloreston*.)

Berwyn for Llantilio (Denbigh).—G.W.R. Dee; chub, grayling, trout, pike, salmon; preserved by Glyndwr Society from **Carrog** above to **Llangollen** below. (See *Llangollen*.) (c.s.) Berwyn. (See *Chester*.)

Bethesda (Carnarvon).—n.s. **Bangor**, 5 m. Ogwen; trout, salmon, sea trout. Casey. Ffridd-las. March. Llafer, 1 m. S.E. Berthan, 3 m. S.E. *Lakes: Ogwen, 5 m. S.E.; trout; free; boats. Casey, 5 m. S.E. Ffynnon Llyfaint, 5 m. S.E. Melynllyn, 6 m. E. Dulyn, 6 m. E. Idwell; trout; boats; free; 7 m. S.E. Llyn-y-Cwm, 8 m. S.E. Hotel: Douglas Arms. (See *Bangor; Conway*.)*

Bettws Garmon (Carnarvon).—Gwrfai; salmon, trout; free. (c.s. *Seiont*.) (See *Llanwnda*.)

Bettws-y-Coed (Carnarvon).—L. & N.W.R. Conway; trout, salmon, sewin; tickets for the Gwydyr fishery can be had at the hotels and of Mr. Parry, chemist (for terms see *Llanrwst*.) (c.s.) *Llugwy*; trout, salmon; salmon fishing begins May 1; tickets to fish the S. bank of *Llugwy* from Pont-y-pair to the junction with Conway, May 1 to Nov. 14, 21.; m.t. 10s., w.t. 3s., d.t. 1s.; trout fishing from March 1 to Oct. 1 above Pont-y-pair, s.t. 2s. 6d., w.t. 1s. (c.s. *Conway*.) *Lledr*, 2 m. S.; trout, salmon; salmon fishing same as for *Llugwy*; trout fishing above Pont-y-pant bridge from March 1 to Aug. 1, and above *Dolwyddelan* bridge from March 1 to Oct. 1; for these rivers, their lakes:

- and tributaries, *except* Dunwanned lakes, s.t. 3s., w.t. 1s.; fly only; no Sunday fishing; no dogs; tickets at hotels. (c.s. *Conwy*.) Machno, 3 m. S. Hwch, 4 m. S.E. Eidda, 5 m. S.E. Cadnant, 6 m. S.E. Merddwr, 6 m. S.E. Laethog, 10 m. S.E. *Lakes*: Helst, 1 m. S.W.; trout; boats. Llyn-y-Parc, 2 m. N. Pen-craig, 3 m. N.W. *Conwy*; trout; 9 m. S.; preserved. (c.s.) Alwen, 9 m. E. Llyn-y-Curt, 10 m. S.E. *Hotels*: Royal Oak, Waterloo, Gwydyr, and Glenaber. (See *Conwy*; *Chester*.)
- Bishopston** (Glamorgan).—(n.s. *Mumbles Road*, 3 m.) Kittle brook, 5 m. long.
- Black Mill** (Glamorgan). G.W.R. On Ogmore. (See *Bridgend*.) (c.s.)
- Bodfari** (Denbigh).—L. & N.W.R. Wheeler. Clwyd, 1 m. W.; salmon, trout. (c.s.) (See *Rhyl*.)
- Bodorgan** Anglesea).—L. & N.W.R. Ffraw or Gwna; trout. Faich-wen. Cefni, 2 m. S.E.; salmon, trout. (c.s. *Seion*.) Cefni rises 2 m. above *Llangwyllog*, runs 5 m. to *Llangefni*. 1 m. down, Llanfannan brook, 6 m. long, joins on left bank. Cefni runs to the sea in 5 m. *Lakes*: Oron; trout. Bodric or Maelog, 4 m. N.W. (See *Aberffraw*.) *Hotel*: Bodorgan Arms.
- Borth**.—There is no fishing to speak of. The small stream running near is poisoned with mine water. (See *Aberystwith*.)
- Boughrood** (Brecon).—C.R. Wye; trout, salmon, chub, dace. Cunrig (2 m.) (c.s.) (See *Chepstow, England*.)
- Branwydd Arms** (Caermarthen).—Gwilli; trout, sewin, salmon; free fishing. (c.s. *Towey*.) (See *Caermarthen*.) Cynnen (2 m.) (See *Laugharne*.)
- Brawdy** (Pembroke).—(n.s. *Haverfordwest*, 10 m.) Brawdy brook, 7 m. long.
- Brecknock** (Brecon).—N. & B.R. Usk; trout, salmon. Honddu; trout. Tarrell; trout. Cynrig (2 m.). Brau, Yskir. (See *Newport*.) (c.s.) Usk is preserved by the United Usk Fishery Association from *Delynock*, except a small portion. The Castle Hotel Company (see *Advertisement*) will supply information. Salmon and trout rod licences 20s. and 1s., from Mrs. Hughes, stationer. Residents within 1 m. of Brecon Town Hall can fish—salmon and trout s.t. 10s., trout s.t. 5s.—between Aberbran bridge and the bottom of Defandean meadow; tickets for fishing in any of the Association waters in Brecknockshire are issued at—salmon and trout s.t. 20s., w.t. 10s., d.t. 5s.; trout w.t. 5s., d.t. 2s. 6d.; tickets from Mrs. Hughes, stationer, and Castle Hotel, Brecon, and at Post-office, Sennybridge; salmon fishing begins March 2, ends Nov. 1; trout fishing begins Feb. 15, ends Sept. 30; no gaff before May 1; no dogs; no Sunday fishing. 5 m. from Brecon is Llangorse lake, containing several kinds of fish, principally pike and perch; boats can be hired, and the fishing is good; all bait must be taken to the lake. Excellent roach and gudgeon fishing to be obtained in the canal. *Fisherman*: Pritchard. A large fly is good for big pike here. (See *Usk*.)
- Bridgend** (Glamorgan).—G.W.R. Ogmore and Ewenny; trout, salmon. Ogmore rises by *Black Mill* station, runs 9 m. to *Tondu*, 1 m. below which, at St. Bride's, Llynvi joins on right bank. Llynvi rises by *Cymmer*, runs 2 m. to *Maesteg*, 2 m. to *Llan-gonoyd*, 4 m. to *Tondu*, and Ogmore 1 m. Ogmore runs 4 m. to *Bridgend*, and 3 m. below, at Ogmore Castle, is joined on left bank by Ewenny river. Ewenny rises above *Pencoed*, runs 5 m. to *Bridgend* (1½ m. off), and 3 m. down joins Ogmore. The sea is reached in 2 m. *Tackletst*, E. H. Dyer, 19 and 20, Queen-street.
- Brymbo** (Denbigh).—L. & N.W.R. Eadyn, 1 m. N.W. Alyn, 1 m. N.; trout. (c.s. *Dea*.) Clywedog, 5 m. S.W. *Lakes*: Mawr-y-Mynydd, 5 m. S.W. (See *Chester*.)
- Bryn-Amman** (Caermarthen).—G.W.R.; L. & N.W.R. Amman; trout. (See *Lluchwr*.) (c.s. *Towey*.)
- Bryn Glas** (Merioneth).—G.W.R.; L. & N.W.R. Fefinder. Dysynni, 2 m. W.; sewin, trout, salmon. (c.s. *Dovey*.) (See *Towyn*.)
- Brynkir** (Carnarvon).—L. & N.W.R. Dwyfach; trout, sewin, salmon. (c.s.) *Dwyfawr*, 2 m. E; trout, sewin, salmon. (c.s.) *Istrallyn*, 2 m. E. (See *Criccieth*.)
- Builth** (Brecon).—C.R. Wye; chub, dace, pike, roach, salmon, trout, grayling. Irton; chub, dace, trout, grayling, salmon. Chwefru. Oneiddon (1 m.). Dihonw (3 m.). Ball brook (2½ m.). Camnant (4 m.). *Hotel*: Lion, where fishing can be had in Wye and Irton. (c.s.) (See *Chepstow, England*.) *Tackletst*, W. B. Roberts, Builth Wells.
- Builth Road** (Radnor).—C.R. Wye; salmon, trout, chub, dace, pike. Dulas. (c.s.) (See *Chepstow, England*.)
- Buttington** (Montgomery).—C.R. Severn; trout, salmon, chub, dace. Trewern (1 m. N.E.). (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.)
- Cadoxton** (Glamorgan).—(n.s. *Cardiff*, 7 m.) The Cadoxton stream (trout) rises by Michaelston (strictly preserved), 3½ m. from *Cardiff*, runs 3 m. to Cadoxton, and joins the sea 4 m. below; leave is sometimes given by the owner at Dinas Powis.
- Caermarthen**.—L. & N.W.R. *Hotel*: Boar's Head. *Towey*; salmon, sewin, pike, trout; free fishing. *Towey* rises in Llyn Ddu (n.s. *Strata Florida*, 5 m. S.E.). 2 m. down a stream joins on left bank, which drains Llyn Gorast 1 m. up (n.s. *Strata Florida*, 4 m.). *Towey* runs 10 m. and is joined on right bank by *Camddwr*, which rises 6 m. E. from *Tregaron*, reached by the road up Nant Berwyn, and is 9 m. long. *Towey* runs 4 m. and is joined on right bank by *Doethiam*, which rises in Llyn Berwyn 5 m. E. from *Tregaron* (reached by the road up Nant Berwyn), runs 4 m., when *Doethiam* fath, 3 m. long, joins on left bank. 5 m. down, *Pysgotwr* joins on right bank. *Pysgotwr* rises 4 m. E. from *Llanddewi Brefi* (n.s. *Pont Llanio*, 2 m.), and 4 m. down is joined on right bank by *Pysgotwr* fath, 3 m. long. 2 m. down, *Pysgotwr* joins *Doethiam*, which joins

Towey 2 m. down. 2 m. down Towey (n.s. **Cynghordy**, 6 m.), Gwenfwrdd, 5 m. long, joins on right bank. 4 m. down Towey, at Aber Rhaiadr (n.s. **Cynghordy**, 3 m.) (fishing free), Rhaiadr, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. 3 m. down Towey, at Abergwenlas (n.s. **Llandoverly**, 4 m.), Gwenlas (fishing free), 5 m. long, joins on right bank, passing Cilewin 1 m. up from the junction. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down Towey, Dunant, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. Towey runs to **Llandoverly** 3 m., and 1 m. down is joined on left bank by Bran. Bran rises 4 m. above **Cynghordy**, and 3 m. below that station is joined on left bank by Crychan, 6 m. long. 4 m. down Bran, at **Llandoverly**, Gwdderig, 10 m. long, joins on left bank. 3 m. up Gwdderig from **Llandoverly**, Gwenst, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. Bran joins Towey 2 m. below. Towey runs 3 m. to **Llanwrda**, where Ynys (6 m. long) and Dulas (8 m.) join on right bank. 3 m. down Towey, at **Llangadock**, Marles, 5 m. long, joins on left bank, and Sefin and Sawdde on left bank. Sefin rises 2 m. above Myddfai (n.s. **Llangadock**, 6 m.), and 2 m. below the village is joined on left bank by Llechdawdd, 4 m. long. 2 m. down Sefin, Sefin Isaf, 5 m. long, joins on right bank. Sefin runs to Towey and **Llangadock** 3 m. Sawdde rises in Llyn-y-fan-fach (plenty of small trout), which lies 2 m. W. of Llyn-y-fan-fawr (n.s. **Fen-y-wyllt**, 7 m.). 3 m. down by Llanddaneain, Buartharch, 2 m. long, joins on left bank. 2 m. down Sawdde, Dyfnant, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. 1 m. down Sawdde, Sawdde fechan joins on left bank. After running 4 m., this brook is joined by the Olydach, 5 m. long, on left bank, the united stream running 1 m. to Sawdde, which runs to Towey and **Llangadock** 5 m. Towey runs to **Glanrhyd** 2 m., and **Talley Road** 2 m. Here Dulas joins on right bank. Dulas rises by Talley, and 4 m. down is joined on right bank by Taliaris, which rises in Llyn Taliaris $3\frac{1}{2}$ m. from **Talley Road**, and is 2 m. long. Dulas joins Towey 2 m. down. Towey runs 2 m. to **Llandilo** (fishing in Towey is free hence to its source, but preserved below by Earl Cawdor), where Cennen joins on left bank. Cennen rises 5 m. above **Derwydd Road**, and runs thence to **Llandilo** in 4 m. 3 m. down Towey (n.s. **Golden Grove**, 1 m.), Cyfyng, 5 m. long, joins on right bank. Towey runs to **Golden Grove** 1 m., and **Llanarthney** 3 m. Fishing free below; preserved by Earl Cawdor above. Here Dulas joins on right bank. Dulas 5 m. from its source is joined on right bank by Sannan, which rises 2 m. above Llanfynydd, and joins Dulas 4 m. down. Dulas runs to **Llanarthney** 3 m. Towey runs 3 m. to **Mantgaredig**, when Cothi joins on right bank. Cothi rises 6 m. S.E. of **Pont Llanio**, and 9 m. down is joined on right bank by Manceo, 3 m. long. 3 m. down Cothi, Twrch joins on right bank. Twrch rises 6 m. S.E. of **Pont Llanio**, close to Cothi, runs to Llan-y-Crwwys 6 m., and 1 m. down is joined on left bank by Cwmpedol, 3 m. long, **Lampeter** being 5 m. off. 3 m. down, Twrch joins Cothi. 4 m. down Cothi, Rannell, 7 m. long, joins on left bank (n.s. **Llanwrda**, 7 m.), and $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down, Vellinddwr, which divides into two parts at Llansawyl, $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. up from Cothi, each some 6 m. long, joins on right bank (n.s. **Llanwrda**, 7 m.). 2 m. down Cothi, $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. from Llansawyl, the outflow of two lakes by Talley, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. up, joins on left bank (n.s. **Talley Road**, 6 m.). Cothi flows to Abergorlech 4 m. (Hotel: The Cottage, n.s. **Talley Road**, 10 m.). Here Gorlech, 4 m. long, joins on right bank. 4 m. down Cothi a stream joins on right bank, 6 m. long. 1 m. down Cothi, Marles joins on right bank; this stream divides into two parts, each 5 m. long, 1 m. up, at Brechfa (Hotel: Forest Arms, n.s. **Mantgaredig**, 8 m.). Cothi joins Towey, 8 m. down, at **Mantgaredig**. 5 m. down Towey, at **Abergwili**, Gwili joins Towey. Gwili rises 6 m. above **Llanpumpsaint**, where it is joined on right bank by a short stream, runs thence to **Cynwyl** 4 m., where Duad joins on right bank; this stream is 6 m. long, and 1 m. up from the junction, at Cynwyl Elfed, is joined on left bank by a stream 4 m. long. Gwili runs to **Branwydd Arms** 3 m., and **Abergwili** 3 m. Towey runs to **Caermarthen** 2 m. 2 m. down, Pibwr, which rises $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. S. of **Mantgaredig** and is 6 m. long, joins on left bank. To 3 m. down Towey the tide flows. The best flies are blue duns and yellow March brown. (See *Kidwelly*.)

Caerphilly (Glamorgan).—R.R. Glydyr. Ceffyl. Rumney (1 m.); trout, salmon. (c.s.) (See *Cardiff*.)

Caerws (Montgomery).—C.B. Severn; trout, salmon, chub, &c. Tarannon. Garno. Belof (2 m.). Tarn (3 m.). (c.s. *Severn*.) (See *Gloucester*.)

Caerwys (Flint).—L. & N.W.R. Wheeler. Helyg, 3 m. N. *Lakes*: Helyg, 3 m. N. (See *Rhyl*.)

Can-Office (Montgomery).—(n.s. **Welshpool**, 16 m., or **Dinas Mowddwy**, 14 m.) Banw; trout, chub, salmon; free. Eira; trout; preserved by Sir W. Wynne, but tickets can be had by visitors to the hotel. Gwylfryn (1 m. N.E.). Nydydd ($1\frac{1}{2}$ m. S.); free. Cleddan (2 m. S.); free. Twrch (2 m. N.W.); chub, salmon, good trout; free. Gringae (3 m. N.E.). Llynhr (3 m. S.E.). Vyrnwy (5 m. N.); trout, salmon, chub, &c.; preserved by Sir W. Wynne, but tickets can be had at the hotel (see *Advertisements*). *Lakes*: Gwylfryn (2 m. N.E.). Granwyddan (4 m. S.); good trouting, preserved, but leave may be had sometimes. Hir (5 m. S.); good trouting, preserved, but leave may be had sometimes. Bugall (6 m. S.). Y-Bugall (6 m. N.W.); good trouting; leave may be had sometimes. Coch-Nwynd (8 m. W.); good trout; preserved by Sir W. W.; leave sometimes. By staying at the Can-Office Hotel (very comfortable) 20 m. of fishing can be had, commencing March 15. (See *Gloucester*; *Welshpool*.) (c.s. *Severn*.)

Capel Curig (Carnarvon).—n.s. **Betts-y-Coed**, 5 m. Llugwy; trout; tickets at hotels (for terms see **Betts-y-Coed**). (c.s. *Conwy*.) Gwryd; trout. Ogwen, 6 m. N.W.; trout; free. *Lakes*: Mymbyr (2); trout; boats. Coryn, 1 m. N.E. Bychan, 2 m.

N.E. Cwlyd, 2 m. N.; trout. Crafnant, 3 m. N.E.; trout; boat. Bodgynwydd, 3 m. E.N.E. Geirionydd, 3 m. N.E.; polluted. Goddion-duon, 4 m. N.E. Elgion, 4 m. N. Dywainydd, 4 m. S.; trout; preserved by landlord, Cobden's Hotel. Ogwen, 5 m. N.W.; trout; free; boats. Llugwy, 5 m. N.W.; trout. Idwal, 6 m. W.; trout; free; boat. Bochlwyd, 6 m. W.; trout. Melynllyn, 6 m. N.N.E. Llover, 6 m. N.W. Dulyd, 6 m. N.N.E. Ffynnon Llyfaint, 6 m. N.W. Idwell, 7 m. W. Llyn-y-Cwm, 8 m. W. *Hotels:* Royal, Cobden's, and Swallow Falls. (See Conway.)

Cardiff (Glamorgan).—G.W.R. *Hotels:* Angel, Park Hotel. On Ely, Taff, and Rhymney. Ely rises 8 m. N. of Llantrissant, and 5 m. down is joined by a stream on left bank 3 m. long. Llantrissant town is 1 m. E. of the junction. 9 m. down Ely, Dowlas brook, 6 m. long, joins left bank. $\frac{2}{3}$ m. down Ely is Llantrissant station, and $\frac{1}{4}$ m. lower a brook 3 m. long joins on right bank. Ely runs 4 m., and is joined on right bank by a stream which drains the lake in Hensol Park 1 m. up. 2 m. further down Ely is Peterston, and here a stream joins on right bank, which drains 4 lakes by Welch St. Donats 4 m. up. Ely runs 4 m. to St. Fagans, Ely Bridge (G.W.R.), and Llandaff (1 m. away) 2 m., and joins the sea at Penarth 2 m. from Cardiff. (c.s.) Taff and Ely are preserved by Taff and Ely Fishing Association; s.t. 25s., d.t. 2s., roach s.t. 5s. of hon. sec. A. Waldron, 22, Duke-street. The Reservoir, between the East and West Bute Docks, contains abundance of tolerably fine roach. The best point is at the entrance of the feeder, or opposite, below the upper reservoir, which contains a few fish. Plenty of caddis may be found in a small brook behind the new cemetery. On Penarth Moor, just to the left of the road to Penarth is a large pond, now fishless. Penarth Harbour, just opposite Cardiff, ten minutes by boat, contains abundance of fine mullet and small bass. Bait with ragworm (here called mudworm). (See Cadoston.) The lake in Roath Park (trout) is open to ratepayers only at 6s. the season. *Tackleist,* R. Richardson, Silver Fish, Bridge-street.

TAFF.—Trout, salmon, sewin, roach. Taff rises 5 m. above Dolygaer, runs thence 2 m. to Pontsticill, Pant 1 m., Cefn 3 m. Here Taff sawr joins on right bank. This stream rises on the slopes of Bryndu, and 5 m. down is joined at Pont-ar-daf on right bank by a stream 1 m. long which runs out of Llyn-y-Gader. Taff sawr runs to Cefn 4 m. Taff runs to Merthyr 1 m., Traed-y-rhiw 2 m., Quakers' Yard 4 m. Here Bargawd Taff, 6 m. long, joins on right bank. Taff runs to Aberdare Junction 1 m. Here Cynon joins on right bank. Cynon rises 4 m. above Hirwann, runs thence to Llydgoed 2 m., Aberdare $\frac{2}{3}$ m. 2 m. down, at Aberaman, Aman, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. Cynon runs to Mountain Ash 2 m., and Aberdare Junction and Taff 4 m. Taff runs 2 m., and is joined on right bank by Gelli, 6 m. long. Taff runs to Pont-y-Prydd 2 m. Here Rhondda joins on right bank. Rhondda rises 2 m. above Treherbert, runs 4 m. thence to Istrad-y-Fodwo and Pont 5 m. Here Rhondda Fychan joins on left bank. This stream, after running 3 m., passes 4 m. S.W. from Aberdare, runs to Pont 6 m. Rhondda runs to Pont-y-prydd and Taff 3 m. Taff runs to Treforest 1 m., Walnuttrees 5 m., Llandaff 4 m., and Cardiff 3 m.

BUMNEY (trout, salmon, sewin) rises 4 m. above Rhymney, runs thence to Pontlottyn 2 m., Tyr Phil 3 m., Bargoed 3 m. Here Crinlach, which rises by Ffoc-rhiw, runs 3 m. to Darran, and Bumney, 3 m., joins on left bank. Bumney runs to Pengarn 2 m., Hengoed 2 m., Bedwas 6 m. Here Cefyl, 6 m. long, and Glydyr, 4 m. long, joins on right bank. Caerphilly is midway up on both these streams, and 1 m. from Bumney, which runs to Church Road 4 m., Rhywderin (2 m. off) 4 m., and Bumney (n.s. Cardiff, 2 m.) 6 m. Here a brook joins on right bank 6 m. long. 1 m. down is Usk Estuary. (c.s.) Bumney and Taff are preserved for some distance above the town; leave is sometimes granted. Inquire at the local tackle shops.

Cardigan (n.s. Crymmich).—Teifi; salmon, trout. Teifi rises in Llyn Teifi 3 m. from Strata Florida, and 2 m. down is joined on left bank by Egnant, which rises in Llyn Ifer, which lies $\frac{1}{2}$ m. E. of Llyn Teifi, runs thence to Llyn Egnant $\frac{1}{2}$ m. Close to the lower end of the Llyn a stream joins on right bank, draining Llyn Gron a short way up. 1 m. down Egnant a stream joins on right bank, draining Llyn-y-gorian 1 m. up. This Llyn lies W. of, but close to, Llyn Gron. All of them are within 4 m. of Strata Florida (trouting very good at times). 2 m. down Egnant, Mwyro, 3 m. long, joins on left bank. 2 m. from Strata Florida, and 1 m. down, Egnant joins Teifi. Teifi runs 1 m. to Strata Florida, and here Glasfwrdd, 4 m. long, joins on left bank, and Rhuest, 3 m. long, on right bank. Teifi runs 1 m. to the railway station, where Marchnant joins on right bank. Marchnant 4 m. from its source is joined on left bank by Gwyddyl, 2 m. long. 2 m. down, Marchnant joins Teifi. 3 m. down Teifi, Tŷfwr, which rises 2 m. S. from Strata Florida, and is 4 m. long, joins on left bank. Teifi runs 3 m. when the outflow of Maes Llyn, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. up, joins on left bank (n.s. Tregaron, 2 m.). $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down Teifi, Camddwr, 6 m. long, joins on right bank. Close to the junction, Fulbrook, 2 m. long, joins on left bank. Teifi runs 2 m. to Tregaron, where Nant-y-groes joins on left bank. This stream rises in Llyn Crugnant, 4 m. S. from Strata Florida. 7 m. down, Berwyn, 4 m. long, joins on left bank. Tregaron and Teifi are 2 m. down. Teifi runs 2 m. to Pont Llanio, where Carfan, 2 m. long, joins on left bank. 3 m. down Teifi, Brenig, which rises 5 m. above Llanddewi Brefi (n.s. Pont Llanio, 2 m.), and runs thence to Teifi 2 m., joins on left bank. Teifi runs to Llanfair Clydogan (n.s. Derry Ormond, 2 m.). Clywedog, 5 m. long, here joins on left bank. Teifi runs 2 m., when Cynon, 3 m. long, joins on left bank (n.s. Lampeter, $\frac{2}{3}$ m.). 1 m.

- down Teifi, Goy, 2 m. long, joins on left bank, and 2 m. down again is **Lampeter**. Here Dulas, which rises 4 m. above **Derry Ormond**, and joins Teifi 4 m. down, joins on right bank. 1 m. down Teifi a stream 5 m. long joins on right bank. 4 m. down Teifi, Granell, 8 m. long, joins on right bank (n.s. **Llan-y-Byther**, 3 m.). Teifi runs 2 m. to Pencarreg, near which, close by the railway, is Llyn Pencarreg (n.s. **Llan-y-Byther**, 2 m.), where a stream 3 m. long joins on left bank. Teifi runs 3 m., and is joined on left bank by Ceiliog, 3 m. long (n.s. **Maes-y-Crugian**, 3 m.). 1 m. down Teifi, Oathal, 7 m. long, joins on right bank (n.s. **Llan-y-Byther**, 2 m.). Teifi runs 3 m. to **Maes-y-Crugian**, and 2 m. down is joined on right bank by Cletwr, 6 m. from its source Cletwr is joined on left bank by Cletwr fach, 4 m. long. 2 m. down, Geyron, 2 m. long, joins on left bank; and 1 m. down Cletwr, Cinen, 4 m. long, joins on left bank. Cletwr runs to Teifi 2 m. 3 m. down Teifi, just above **Llandyssil**, Cerdin joins on right bank. Cerdin rises by Capel Cynon, runs 7 m., when Ythan, 4 m. long, joins on right bank. 1 m. down Cerdin is Teifi and **Llandyssil**. Just below **Llandyssil**, Twelli joins on left bank. Twelli rises 3 m. above **Fen Caber**, and 3 m. down is joined on left bank by Gweddell, 4 m. long. 1 m. down Twelli is Teifi. Teifi runs 3 m. to Llangeller, and 2 m. down is joined on left bank by Bydrel, 6 m. long (n.s. **Llandyssil**, 5 m.). Teifi runs $\frac{1}{2}$ m., when Gernos, 5 m. long, joins on right bank. Teifi runs 3 m. to **Newcastle Emlyn** (n.s. **Llandyssil**, 8 m.), and 2 m. down is joined on right bank by Ceri. 2 m. from its source, Bedw, 4 m. long, joins Ceri on left bank. Ceri runs 4 m., when Dulas joins on right bank, 4 m. long. Ceri runs 5 m. to Teifi. 4 m. down Teifi a stream 5 m. long joins on right bank. 2 m. down Teifi, Cych joins. Cych rises some 6 m. S. of **Newcastle Emlyn**, and 3 m. down is joined on right bank by Bowry, 2 m. long. 1 m. down Cych, Mamog, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. 1 m. down Cych a stream 3 m. long joins on left bank. 1 m. down Cych, Connud, which rises by Capel Coleman, 8 m. S. of **Cardigan**, and is 5 m. long, joins on left bank. Cych joins Teifi 3 m. down. Teifi runs to Manordivey, 4 m. S.E. of **Cardigan**, where Iefed, 2 m. long, joins on right bank. Teifi runs 1 m. to Llechrhyd, 3 m. from **Cardigan**, where a stream, which rises by Tremain 5 m. N.E. of **Cardigan**, and is 5 m. long, joins on right bank; and another, 3 m. long, on left bank. Teifi runs 2 m. to Cilgerran, 3 m. S.E. of **Cardigan**, where a brook 3 m. long joins on left bank. Teifi runs to **Cardigan** 3 m. Here Ffrwyd, which rises above Bridell, and is 6 m. long, joins on left bank; and Llwyn-Llwyd, 5 m. long, on right bank. 3 m. down, Teifi joins **Cardigan Bay**. (c.s.)
- Carew** (Pembroke).—(n.s. **Pembroke**, 4 m.) Carew brook, which rises by **Saunders-foot**, and is 4 m. long.
- Carnarvon**.—L. & N.W.R. Seiont; salmon, trout, sewin. (c.s.) Seiont rises in two small lakelets in Cwm-las, under the crest of Snowdon, and runs to **Llanberis**, 3 m. Here Seiont enters the Llanberis lakes Llyn Peris and Llyn Padarn. Llyn Peris is 1 m. long, and at the lower end is the railway station and the Victoria Hotel. Here joins on left bank Llwhch. Llwhch rises in Llyn-dur-Arddu, 4 m. S.E. of **Llanberis**, and 3 m. down is joined on left bank by the drainage of Llyn Dwythych $\frac{1}{2}$ m. up, 2 m. S.W. of **Llanberis** station. 1 m. down, Llwhch joins the lake. Seiont runs in $\frac{1}{2}$ m. to Llyn Padarn, 2 m. long. Seiont runs to Carnarvon in 8 m. Braint, 4 m. N.W.; salmon, trout. (See *Llangollen*.) *Hotels*: Snowdon Banger, Royal. Fair sea fishing, good bass at times.
- Carno** (Montgomery).—C.B. Garro or Llwyd. Pwll-lyddau. Cledau. Cerniog (1 m.). Tarrannon (4 m.); trout. *Lakes*: Gloyw (4 m.). Bugail (7 m. N.). Hir (9 m. N.E.); good trout; preserved, but leave may be had sometimes. (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.)
- Carrog** (Merioneth).—L. & N.W.R.; G.W.R. Dee; trout, grayling, pike, salmon (c.s.) preserved above by Corwen Angling Association for 12 m. (See *Corwen*); tickets at the P.O. or the railway station; below here begins the fishery of the Glyndwr Society (for terms see *Llangollen*); tickets at the railway station. Morwynion. Llechoh, 1 m. W. Ceiriog, 2 m. S.; trout. (c.s. *Dee*.) *Hotel*: Grouse. (See *Chester*.)
- Castle Martin** (Pembroke).—(n.s. **Pembroke**, 5 m.) Castle Martin brook, which rises in the lakes at Oriolton 3 m. from **Pembroke**, runs 3 m. to Castle Martin and the sea 3 m.
- Cefn** (Denbigh).—G.W.R. Dee; salmon, chub, trout, grayling, pike; preserved hence up to Llangollen by Llangollen Trout and Grayling Preservation Society. (c.s.) (See *Llangollen*.) Ceiriog, 2 m. S.E. (c.s. *Dee*.) (See *Chester*.)
- Cefn** (Glamorgan).—L. & N.W.R. Taff; trout, salmon. Taff fawr; trout, salmon. (c.s.) *Kenfig*. *Lakes*: Llyn-y-Gader (5 m.) (See *Cardiff*, *Pyle*.)
- Cemmaes** (Montgomery).—L. & N.W.R. Dovey; trout, sewin, salmon in autumn. (c.s.) (See *Machynlleth*.)
- Cemmaes Junction** (Montgomery).—L. & N.W.R. Dovey; salmon, trout. (c.s.) Twymyn; trout. (See *Machynlleth*.)
- Cerrig-y-Dreidion** (Merioneth).—n.s. **Corwen**, 10 m. Geirw, 1 m. S.; trout. (c.s. *Dee*.) *Lakes*: Dau-y-Cheu, 3 m. N. (See *Chester*; *Corwen*.)
- Cheriton** (Glamorgan).—(n.s. **Fen-clawd**, 7 m.) Bwry brook, 6 m. long.
- Cheriton** (Pembroke).—G.W.R. (n.s. **Pembroke**, 3 m.) Stackpole brook rises near here, and 1 m. down is joined by a stream, which runs down 3 m. from Merion Court. Below the junction, Stackpole waters the lakes in Stackpole Park, and joins the sea at Broad Haven 2 m. down.

Chirk (Denbigh).—G.W.R. Ceiriog. (c.s. Dee.) Lakes: Chirk Park, 1 m. N.W. (See Chester.)

Chwilog (Carnarvon).—L. & N.W.R. Wen. (See Afon Wen.)

Clarboston (Pembroke).—G.W.R. Llyfnyf. Eastern Cleddau (3 m.) (c.s.) (See Haverfordwest.)

Clogne (Pembroke).—G.W.R. Taf; trout. (See Laugharne.) (c.s. Towey.)

Colbren (Brecon).—N. & B.B. Llech (1 m.). Tawe (2 m.). (See Swansea.)

Colwyn (Carnarvon).—L. & N.W.R. Nant-y-Groes, 3 m. long. Nant-Ffynnon runs 1 m. E., 3 m. long.

Conway (Carnarvon).—L. & N.W.R. Conway; salmon, trout. (c.s.) Conway rises in Llyn Conway (trout), 8 m. N.E. of **Ffestiniog**, or 9 m. S. of **Bettws-y-Coed**, 4 m. down. Serw joins on right bank. Serw rises in Llyn Serw, 7 m. W. of **Ffestiniog**, or 6 m. across country N.W. from **Arenig**, and is 7 m. long. Conway runs 4 m. to Ysppyty Evan, 8 m. N. of **Arenig**, or 8 m. S.E. of **Bettws-y-Coed**, 1 m. below. Clettwr, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. 1 m. down, Merddwr joins on right bank. Merddwr rises 5 m. above Pentre Voelas, 7 m. S.E. from **Bettws-y-Coed**, 2 m. from its source, Laethog, 2 m. long, joins on right bank. 1 m. down Merddwr the outflow of Llyn-y-Curt, 1 m. up, joins on left bank. 2 m. down is Pentre Voelas, and 1 m. below, Codnant, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. below, Merddwr joins Conway. 1 m. down Conway, Eidda, 2 m. long, joins on left bank. 1 m. down Conway, Hwch, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. 2 m. down, Machno joins on left bank. Machno rises in Llyn-y-firth-graig, 3 m. across the hills W. from **Manod**, and is 8 m. long. 1 m. down Conway, at Pont-ar-Liedr, Lledr joins on left bank. Lledr rises on the slopes of Moel Lledr, 7 m. above **Dolwyddelan**, and a little below is joined on right bank by the outflow of Llyn Dannogen 1 m. up. This lake is 3 m. across the hills N. of **Grisian**, 3 m. down Lledr is the outfall of the lakes Dyweunydd (2), 5 m. W. of **Dolwyddelan**, or 2 m. across the hills S.E. from **Pen-y-Gwryd**. Lledr runs 3 m., where Ystumian, which rises in Llyn-y-Foel 3 m. N.E. of **Dolwyddelan** and is 5 m. long, joins on left bank. Lledr runs to **Dolwyddelan** 1 m., **Pont-y-Pant** 2 m., and 3 m. down joins Conway. Conway runs to **Bettws-y-Coed** 2 m., and here Llugwy joins on left bank. Llugwy rises in Llyn Llugwy 5 m. N.W. from **Capel Curig**, runs 6 m. to **Capel Curig**, and here Gwryd joins on right bank. Gwryd rises in Llyn-y-Owain-Ffynnon, 1 m. above **Pen-y-Gwryd**, and 3 m. below waters the Mymbyr lakes at **Capel Curig**. Llugwy runs 3 m., where the drainage of Llyn Goddion-duon, 1 m. up, 4 m. N.E. of **Capel Curig**, joins on left bank. 2 m. down Llugwy the drainage of Llyn Pen-craig, 1 m. up, 3 m. S.W. of **Llanrwst**, or 3 m. N.W. of **Bettws-y-Coed**, joins on left bank. 2 m. down Llugwy, 1 m. from **Bettws-y-Coed**, the outflow of Llyn Helsi (trout), 1 m. S.W. of **Bettws**, joins on right bank. Llugwy runs 1 m. to **Bettws-y-Coed**, and joins Conway 1 m. down. 1 m. below the junction the outflow of Llyn-y-Parc, 2 m. S. of **Llanrwst**, or 2 m. N. of **Bettws**, joins on left bank. Conway runs to **Llanrwst** 3 m., and **Trefriw** 2 m. Here Crafnant joins on left bank. Crafnant rises in Llyn Crafnant 3 m. across the hills N.E. from **Capel Curig**, or 3 m. S.W. of **Trefriw**, and 1 m. below is joined on right bank by a stream which rises in Llyn Bodgynwydd 3 m. across the hills E.N.E. of **Capel Curig**, or 3 m. S.W. of **Llanrwst**. 1 m. down the outflow of Llyn Bychan, 1 m. up, joins on left bank. This loch is $\frac{1}{2}$ m. W. of the Llyn Bodgynwydd. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. below, the stream waters Llyn Geirionydd, and 1 m. below joins Crafnant, which runs to **Trefriw** in 2 m. Conway runs 2 m., where Ddu, which rises in Llyn Cwlyd 2 m. N. of **Capel Curig**, and is 5 m. long, joins on left bank. 1 m. down Conway, Porth-lwyd joins on left bank. This stream rises in Ffynnon Llyffaint 5 m. S.E. of **Bethesda** up the Llafer valley, or 6 m. N.W. of **Capel Curig**, the latter lying 1 m. due N. from Llyn Llugwy. The stream runs 3 m. to Llyn Elgion, which lies 4 m. due N. from **Capel Curig**, passing the left-hand side of Llyn Cwlyd. Porth-lwyd runs 6 m. to Conway. 1 m. down Conway, Tal-y-Bont joins on left bank. Tal-y-Bont rises in Llyn Melynlllyn, and 1 m. down is joined on left bank by the outflow of Llyn Dulyn $\frac{1}{2}$ m. up. These two lakes are within $\frac{1}{2}$ m. of each other, lying N. and S., and 6 m. E. of **Bethesda** up the Cassey valley, or 6 m. across country N.N.E. from **Capel Curig**. Tal-y-Bont runs 6 m. to Conway. At this point, but on Conway's right bank, the outflow of Llyn Syberl, 1 m. up, joins. 1 m. down Conway, Ro, 5 m. long, joins on left bank. Conway runs 2 m. to **Tal-y-Cafn**, and 1 m. below is joined on right bank by Hiraethlyn, 5 m. long. Conway runs to **Glan Conway** and the estuary in 5 m. (c.s.)

RHIW, 5 m. long.

LLWYNNOG, $2\frac{1}{2}$ m. W., 4 m. long.

Good local flies for the rivers and streams are March brown, alder, stonefly. For the lakes—*Body*, orange mohair; *legs*, yellow; *wings*, red feather from pheasant's tail. *Body*, peacock's herl; *legs*, black; *wings*, moorhen. *Body*, peacock's herl; *legs*, black; *wings*, dark mallard.

Corwen (Merioneth).—L. & N.W.R.; G.W.R. Dee; trout, salmon, grayling, pike; preserved with part of Alwen by Corwen Fishing Association for 12 m. (sec., W. J. Stansfield, Esq., Corwen); tickets for trout and grayling, s.t. 21s., w.t. 6s., d.t. 1s. 6d., from Feb. 14 to Oct. 13; salmon s.t. 2l., w.t. 12s. 6d., d.t. 6s., from April 1 to Nov. 1, for anglers residing or staying within 3 m. of Corwen—pike, s.t., from Oct. 14 to Feb. 14, 6s.; grayling, s.t. 6s., Oct. 14 to Feb. 1, fly only, no minnow or worm till April 1; tickets at the Owen Glyndower Hotel, and from Mr. Stansfield, Meirion House, Corwen; no dogs or Sunday fishing. A rod is sometimes to be let on the Rug estate water between

- Corwen and Cynwyd bridges. (c.s.) (*See Cerrig-y-Druidion: Maerdy.*) Trewern; trout. (c.s. *Dec.*) Camladd. Llechog, 1 m. E. Dwr, 1 m. N.W. Alwen, 2 m. W.; trout; preserved. (c.s. *Dec.*) Morwynion, 2 m. E. Ffraun, 3 m. W. Trystion, 3 m. S.W. Geirw, 5 m. W.; trout; free. (c.s. *Dec.*) Llynor, 5 m. S.W. *Lakes:* Gloya, 2 m. N. *Hotels:* Owen Glendower, Eagles. (*See Chester.*)
- Cowbridge** (Glamorgan).—G.W.B. Cowbridge river or Thaw; trout. Cowbridge rises by Llanannor, 1½ m. W. of **Ystradowen**, runs 3 m. to **Cowbridge**, 4 m. to St. Mary Church on right bank, 5 m. to Bourton Bridge. Here Fomnon brook joins on left bank, which rises some 7 m. above Penmark, where a short stream joins on the right bank, and joins Cowbridge 3 m. below. 2 m. down, Cowbridge joins the sea at Aberthaw. The troutling is very good, and is preserved for about 4 m. from Cowbridge down by Mrs. F. E. Stacey, of Landough Castle; leave is sometimes given.
- Cray** (Brecon).—N. & B.B. Cray trout. (*See Newport.*)
- Criccieth** (Carnarvon).—C.B. Dwyfawr and Dwyfach; trout, sewin, salmon. Dwyfawr rises in the hills some 5 m. across country west of **Beddgellert**, and runs in 7 m. to Dolbenmaen, n.s. **Brynkir**, 2 m. Here Istrallyn joins on left bank. Istrallyn rises in Llyn Cwm Istrallyn, 4 m. N. from **Portmadoc**, and, 2 m. down, is joined on left bank by a stream 2 m. long draining Llyn Du, 3 m. N. from **Portmadoc**, 2 m. below Istrallyn joins Dwyfawr, which runs 6 m., when Dwyfach joins on right bank. Dwyfach rises above **Pant Glass**, runs to **Brynkir** 3 m., **Ynys** 2 m., **Llangybi** (1 m. off on right bank) 2 m., and joins Dwyfawr 2 m. below. The united streams run to the sea in 1 m. (c.s.)
- Craigion** (Montgomery).—By. R. Severn (1 m.); chub, dace, trout, salmon. (*See Gloucester.*) (c.s.)
- Crinant** (Glamorgan).—Dylas. (*See Neath.*)
- Cronware** (Pembroke).—(n.s. **Whitland**, 5 m.) Garnas brook rises 1 m. above here, and joins the sea 3 m. down.
- Cross Inn** (Caermarthen).—T.V.B. Amman. Lluchwr (1 m.). Llan-dyble brook (1 m.). Lash (1 m.). (*See Lluchwr.*) (c.s. *Towey.*)
- Crymmych Arms** (Pembroke).—G.W.B. Taf; trout. (*See Laugharne.*) (c.s. *Towey.*) Neave. Biron. Duad, 2 m. (*See Newport.*)
- Cryanach** (Pembroke).—G.W.B. Eastern Cleddau (3 m.). (*See Haverfordwest.*) (c.s.)
- Cymmer** (Glamorgan).—T.V.B. On Llynvi; trout. (c.s. *Ogmire.*) (*See Bridgend.*) Afon (2½ m.); trout. (c.s. *Usk.*) Cerwg (2½ m.). (*See Aberafon.*)
- Cynghordy** (Caermarthen).—L. & N.W.B. Bran. Towey (3 m.); trout; fishing free. (c.s.) Bhaiadr (3 m.). Crychan (3 m.). Gwenfwrdd (6 m.). (*See Caermarthen.*)
- Cynwyd** (Merioneth).—L. & N.W.B.; G.W.B. Dee; trout, grayling, salmon, pike; preserved by Corwen Fishing Association (*see Corwen*) (c.s.); tickets at the Lion. Trystion. Alwen, 2 m. N.; trout; preserved. (c.s. *Dec.*) Frannon, 2 m. N. *Inn:* The Blue Lion. (*See Chester.*)
- Cywyl** (Caermarthen).—G.W.B. A good hotel. Gwill; trout, sewin, salmon; free fishing. (c.s. *Towey.*) Duad. Cywyn (7 m.); trout, sewin. (*See Caermarthen, Laugharne.*)
- Darran** (Glamorgan).—B. & M.B. Crinlach. Rumney (3 m.); trout, salmon. (*See Cardiff.*) (c.s.)
- Denbigh**.—L. & N.W.B.; G.W.B. Lliwen, 1 m. S. Olwyd, 2 m. E.; trout. (c.s.) Dennant, 7 m. W. Aled, 9 m. W. (c.s. *Clywd.*) Brenig, 9 m. S.W. *Lakes:* Llynbran, 9 m. S.W. Aled, 11 m. S.W. (c.s. *Clywd.*) Noel-frech, 11 m. S.W. Oreiniog, 11 m. W. (*See Chester, Rhyl, Llanfair, Talhaiarn.*)
- Derry Ormond** (Cardigan).—M. & M.B. Dulas. Teifi (2 m.); salmon, trout. (c.s.) Olywedog (2 m.). (*See Cardigan.*) Meurig, 3 m. N. Aeron, 4 m. N.W. (c.s.). Bhewfallen, 4 m. N.W. Nant-y-fergy, 5 m. N.W. (*See Aberaeron.*)
- Derwern** (Denbigh).—L. & N.W.B. Olwyd; trout. (c.s.) (*See Rhyl, Llanfangel-glyn-Mysyr.*)
- Derwydd Road** (Caermarthen).—G.W.B.; L. & N.W.B. Llan-dyble brook. Cennen. (c.s. *Towey.*) (*See Lluchwr, Caermarthen.*)
- Devil's Bridge** (Cardigan).—N.s. **Aberystwyth**, 15 m., reached by coach from April 1 to Oct. 1. Rheldol; trout; fishing free. Myherin; trout. Rhyddnant, 2 m. E.; trout. Castell, 3 m. N. Rhyddlan, 7 m. N. Llechwedd-mawr, 9 m. N. Lygnant, 10 m. N. *Lakes:* Lon, 1 m. W. Rhyddnant, 5 m. N.E. 2 Janan, 6 m. N.E. Llygad, 9 m. N. (*See Aberystwyth.*) *Hotel:* Hafod Arms.
- Devynock** (Brecon).—N. & B.B. Usk; trout, salmon; preserved by the United Usk Fishing Association; tickets, salmon s.t. 20s., w.t. 10s., d.t. 5s.; trout s.t. 20s., w.t. 5s., d.t. 2s. 6d., and rod licences 20s. and 1s., from Post-office or Castle Hotel, Sennybridge. Senni and Treweren; trout. Clydack and Cray, 2 m.; trout. Cilleni; trout, 2 m. (*See Usk, Brecon, and Newport.*) (c.s.)
- Difwys** (Merioneth).—C.B. Bywydd. *Lakes:* Dubach, ½ m. E.; large trout; very shy. Bywydd. (*See Penrhyndendrach.*)
- Dinas Mawddwy** (Merioneth).—Mwy. B. *Hotels:* Buckley Arms, Peniarth Arms (*see Advertisement*) and Red Lion. Dovey; sewin, trout, salmon; fishing very good for 6 m. above to 3 m. below; preserved by Sir E. Buckley, who will give leave, and proprietor Peniarth Arms. (c.s.) Ceryst or Arris; trout. Cowarch, 1 m. N. Cleivion, 1 m. S.; preserved by proprietor Peniarth Arms. Clywedog, 3 m. W. (c.s. *Severn.*) Pamrhyd, 5 m. N.E. Twrch, 6 m. N.E.; good troutling; preserved mostly by Sir W. W. Wynne

- and Mr. Price. Banw, 8 m. E.; trout, chub, salmon. (*c.s. Severn.*) Oathan, 9 m. E. Lakes: Llyn Figan and Llyn Fach, 4 m. N. Llyn Coch Hwyled, 6 m. S.E.; trout. Bugail, 9 m. E.; good trouting, but preserved; leave may sometimes be had. (*See Machynlleth, Can-Office, Gloucester.*)
- Doban** (Radnor).—L. & N.W.R. Aran. Lakes: Graig pool (3 m.). (*See Chepstow, England.*)
- Doldowlod** (Radnor).—C.B. Wye; trout. (*c.s.*) Elan (2 m.); trout. Chwefru (4 m.). Clewarwen (5 m.). Garw (7 m.). Arban (8 m.). Lakes: Gwyn (2 m.). Garw (9 m.). (*See Chepstow, England.*)
- Dolgelly** (Merioneth).—L. & N.W.R. Wnion; trout, sewin; preserved by landowners. Mawddach, 1 m. N.W.; trout, sewin, few salmon; d.t. 2s. 6d., m.t. 10s. 6d. (*c.s. Dovey.*) Ddybin, 2 m. E. Lakes: Gwernan, 2 m. S.W.; trout, perch. Cynwigh, 2 m. N.; perch. Aras, 3 m. S. Trigalenyn, 4 m. S.E. Gadr, 4 m. S.W. Gafr, 4 m. S.W.; good trouting. (*See Towyn, Barmouth, Tyn-y-groes.*)
- Dolgoch** (Merioneth).—G.W.R. Fefinder. Dysyni, 2 m. N.W.; trout, salmon. (*See Towyn.*) (*c.s. Dovey.*)
- Dolhieu** (Radnor).—G.W.R. Gilwern. Cynon brook. Hales brook. (*See Chepstow, England.*)
- Dolwen** (Montgomery).—C.B. Severn; trout, chub, salmon. Ebyr. Berthyn (1 m.). Lakes: Ebyr (3 m.). (*c.s. Severn.*) (*See Gloucester.*)
- Dolwyddelen** (Carnarvon).—L. & N.W.R. Lledr; trout, sewin, salmon; tickets at hotels (*for terms for salmon see Bettws*); trouting from May 1 to Oct. 1 free; from March 1 to April 29, tickets—s.t. 10s., d.t. 2s. 6d., at the hotels, or from Mr. Ellis Pierce, bookseller, for the river, its tributaries, and lakes, *except the Dyweunydd lakes*. Mr. Pierce also supplies Gwydyr Estate tickets. Autumn is the best time for salmon and sewin. (*c.s. Conway.*) Ystumian, 1 m. W.; trout. Lakes: Llyn-y-Foel, 3 m. N.E.; reserved. Dyweunydd (2), 5 m. W.; trout; preserved; tickets of H. D. Brandreth, Esq. *Hotels:* Gwydyr Arms, Elen's Castle. (*See Conway.*)
- Dolygear** (Brecon).—B. & M.R. Taff; trout, salmon. (*c.s.*) (*See Cardiff.*)
- Drys-y-nant** (Montgomery).—L. & N.W.R. Wnion; trout, sewin; preserved by landowners. Harrog. Cwm-cochr. Ciddow, 1 m. W. Flddow, 1½ m. W. Dovey, 3 m. W. (*c.s.*) Mawddach, 4 m. N.; trout, sewin, salmon; d.t. 2s. 6d., m.t. 10s. 6d. (*c.s. Dovey.*) Lakes: Dyfi, 3 m. W. Crych-y-wayen, 4 m. N. (*See Machynlleth, Barmouth.*)
- Dyffryn** (Merioneth).—Ysgethin; trout, free. Ysgethin rises in Llyn Dulyn (good fishing), runs 1 m. to Llyn Bodlyn (trout, char; free), and, 3 m. down, is joined on left bank by a short stream draining Llyn Irdryn (good fishing). Dyffryn and the sea are 4 m. down.
- Ely Bridge** (Glamorgan).—G.W.R. Ely; trout, sewin. (*See Cardiff.*) (*c.s. Taff*); fishing preserved below, and above, except two bits of private water, by Taff and Ely Fishing Association; s.t. 25s., d.t. 2s. Trout small, but numerous.
- Erwood** (Radnor).—C.B. Wye; salmon, trout, chub, dace, pike, &c. (*c.s.*) Llogion Bachhowey brook (1 m.). Cunnig (2 m.). Lakes: Llanbychlllyn and 2 other lakes (3 m.). Llogion (6 m.). (*See Chepstow, England.*)
- Eyearth** (Denbigh).—L. & N.W.R. Clwyd; trout. (*c.s.*) Llanfair brook. (*See Rhyli.*) Alyn, 5 m. E., at Llanarmon; trout. (*c.s. Dee.*) Rhys, 6 m. E. at Llandegla. Lakes: Cyffynny, 7 m. E. (*See Chester.*)
- Ferry** (Montgomery).—By.E. Severn; chub, dace, trout, salmon. Vyrnwy; trout, salmon, chub. (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s. Severn.*)
- Ferry Side** (Caermarthen).—G.W.R. Good trouting on Gwendraeth, Fawr and Fach 3 m. off. Cywyn, from Blackbridge to Banc-y-felin village is a good stream, holding salmon and sewin, and there are numerous brooks in the neighbourhood holding plenty of trout. *Hotel:* White Lion. The landlord will give any information.
- Ffestiniog** (Merioneth).—G.W.R. and C.B. Rhaiadr; trout; s.t. 20s., d.t. 2s. 6d. Dwyrdd, 1 m. W.; trout, sewin; free. Ysptyty, 1 m. N. Manod, 1 m. N. Conway, 8 m. N.E.; trout. (*c.s.*) Lakes: Craig-y-tan, 2 m. S.E. Y-Morwynion, 2½ m. E.; trout. Dubach, 3 m. E. Y-bryn-du, 4 m. N.E. Y-Gamallt, 4 m. N.E. Dywarchen, 4 m. E. Y-gors, 4½ m. N.E. Y-frithgrais, 5 m. N.E. Cors-y-barcut, 5 m. S.E. Llyn Scrw, 7 m. E. (*See Penrhyn-dendraeth, Conway.*)
- Ffoe-rhiw** (Glamorgan).—B. & M.R. Orinlach. (*See Cardiff.*)
- Fishguard** (Pembroke).—(n.s. *Rosebush*, 9 m.). Gwaen. Gwaen rises 2 m. from *Rosebush*, runs 5 m. to Llan-y-chillyddog, 4 m. from *Rosebush*, where Walen, 4 m. long, joins on left bank. Gwaen runs 5 m. to *Fishguard* and the sea. 1 m. W. from *Fishguard* runs a brook 3 m. long. Western Cleddau (2 m. S.) (*c.s. Cleddau.*)
- Flint**.—L. & N.W.R. Flint brook, 5 m. long. Northop brook, 2 m. S.E., 4 m. long.
- Forden** (Montgomery).—C.B. Severn; trout, salmon, chub, dace, &c. Camlad; trout, grayling. Halesford brook (4 m. E.). Lakes: Marton pool (5 m. N.E.). (*c.s. Severn.*) (*See Gloucester.*)
- Frongoch** (Merioneth).—G.W.R. Tryweryn; trout. (*c.s. Dee.*) Hescyn, 1 m. N.W. Lakes: Hescyn, 4 m. N. (*See Chester.*)
- Garnant** (Caermarthen).—G.W.R. Amman; trout. Garnant. Pedol. (*See Llandovery.*) (*c.s. Towyn.*)
- Garth** (Brecon).—L. & N.W.R. Irfon; chub, dace, trout, salmon; trouting poor, but fair salmon fishing after floods in autumn; tickets from the Dolecoed Hotel, Llanwrtyd. Dulas; good trouting. Dihonw (3 m.). Gwenwest (4 m.). *Hotel:* Garth. (*c.s. Wye.*) (*See Chepstow, England.*)

- Gilan Dyfi** (Montgomery).—L. & N.W.R. Dovey; salmon, trout. (c.s.) Lyman. Elnon. (See *Machynlleth*.)
- Gilwern**, near Abergavenny (Brecon).—L. & N.W.R. Usk; trout, salmon; preserved by the United Usk Fishing Association; salmon and trout rod licences 20s. and 1s., at the post-office. (See *Brecknock, Usk, Newport*.)
- Glais** (Glamorgan).—G.W.R.; L. & N.W.R. Tawe, Clydach. (See *Swansea*.)
- Glan Conway** (Carmarvon).—L. & N.W.R. Conway; salmon, trout. (c.s.) (See *Conway*.) Cymeran. This stream, 5 m. long, joins the estuary here.
- Glanrhyd** (Caermarthen).—L. & N.W.R. Towey (c.s.); salmon, trout; fishing free. (See *Caermarthen*.)
- Glasbury** (Radnor).—G.W.R. Wye; chub, dace, trout, salmon; preserved by land-owners. Llyfni. (c.s.) (See *Chepstow, England*.)
- Glyndyfrdwy** (Merioneth).—G.W.R. Dee; grayling, chub, trout, pike, salmon; preserved by Glyndwr Society from **Carrog** above to **Llangollen** below; 7 m. of splendid fishing; tickets at the hotel or of the station master. (See *Llangollen*.) (See *Chester*.) Hotel: Berwyn Arms.
- Glyn Neath** (Glamorgan).—G.W.R. Neath Nedd (3 m.). Llia (8 m.). (See *Neath*.)
- Golden Grove** (Caermarthen).—L. & N.W.R. Towey; salmon, trout, sewin; preserved by Earl Cawdor; tickets at Golden Grove Arms, Llanarthney; s.t., 10s.; d.t., 1s.; or W. M. Griffiths, Esq., solicitor, Caermarthen. (c.s.) Cyfyng (1 m.) (See *Caermarthen*.)
- Gors** (Glamorgan).—Llŵ. (See *Lluchar*.)
- Gresford** (Denbigh).—G.W.R. Alyn; trout. (c.s. Dee.) (See *Chester*.)
- Groes-lon** (Carmarvon).—L. & N.W.R. Llifon, which rises 3 m. above here and joins the sea 3 m. below.
- Gwalchmai**, n.s. **Bodorgan**.—Good trout fishing in Lakes Frogwyd and Hendre, the latter having been lately stocked with trout and roach by the hotel proprietor, who has exclusive rights; fair river trouting; licence, 5s.
- Gwyddelwern** (Merioneth).—L. & N.W.R.; G.W.R. Dwr. Alwen, 3 m. W.; trout. (c.s. Dee.) Lakes: Gloya, 1 m. S. (See *Chester*.)
- Gwys** (Glamorgan).—G.W.R. Twrch. Gwyog. Tawe (3 m.). (See *Swansea*.)
- Harlech** (Merioneth).—L. & N.W.R. Ciddew, 8 m. N.E. Lakes: Hafod-y-Llyn, 2 m. S.E. Graiddrwy, 5 m. N.E. Dywarehen, 8 m. N.E. Ciddew-fach, 8 m. N.E. Olddw-mawr, 8 m. N.E. Du, 8 m. N.E. (See *Barmouth*.) Fishing stations within reach: Talsarnan, Penrhyn-draeth, Mynford, Portmadoc, Criccieth, Llanbedr, Dyffryn, Barmouth.
- Haverfordwest** (Pembroke).—G.W.R. Western Cleddau; salmon, trout. (c.s.) This stream rises 2 m. S. of **Fishguard** (n.s. **Rose Bush**, 9 m.), and 4 m. down is joined on left bank by a stream 5 m. long. 1 m. down Cleddau, Hoig joins on right bank, which rises 2 m. S.W. of Mathry, 6 m. from Fishguard, and is 6 m. long. 5 m. down, by Ford, Martel brook, which rises by **Rose Bush** station, runs 3 m. to Puncteston, Little New-castle 3 m., and Cleddau 3 m., joins on left bank. Cleddau runs 3 m. to Trefgarn (n.s. **Haverfordwest**, 6 m.); and here Wallis brook, 4 m. long, joins on left bank. 6 m. down Cleddau, Pelcombe brook, 5 m. long, joins on right bank. **Haverfordwest** is 1 m. down Cleddau. Here Caplett brook, 8 m. long, joins on left bank, and Denant brook, 7 m. long, on right bank. 5 m. down Cleddau, Milling brook, which rises 3 m. E. of **Haverfordwest**, and is 5 m. long, joins on left bank. 1 m. down, Eastern Cleddau joins on left bank. This stream rises 3 m. S.W. from **Crynanich**, and 5 m. down is joined on right bank by Corwyn, 4 m. long (n.s. **Maeneloehog**, 4 m. S.W.) Cleddau runs 5 m., and is joined on right bank by Llandilo brook, which rises E. of **Maeneloehog**, runs 5 m. to Llan-y-Cefn, and Cleddau 1 m. Cleddau is joined 1 m. down, at Egremon, by Gilfach brook, which rises 1 m. W. of **Maeneloehog**, and is 5 m. long. 1 m. down Cleddau (n.s. **Clarbeston**, 5 m.) Syfynfy joins on right bank. Syfynfy rises near **Rose Bush** station, runs 3 m. to **Maeneloehog** (3 m. off), 4 m. to Llys-y-Fran, 3 m. to **Clarbeston**, and 3 m. to Cleddau. Cleddau runs to Robeston Wathen (n.s. **Harbeth**, 2 m.) 3 m. and 6 m. down the two Cleddaus join and debouch into the harbour. (See *Brawdy, St. David's, Solva*.)
- Hay** (Brecon).—G.W.R. Wye; salmon, trout, grayling, pike, perch, chub, dace. Below Hay the fishing in Wye is private. Dulas brook. Eesley brook (5 m.). Dore (5 m.). Monnow (6 m.); trout, but rather closely preserved. Olchon brook (8 m.) Hotel: Rose and Crown, where fishing can be had in Wye. Llangorse lake can be fished from here by taking train to **Tal-y-lin**. (c.s.) (See *Chepstow, England*.)
- Hirwann** (Glamorgan).—G.W.R. Cynon. Hepste (3 m.). (See *Cardiff, Neath*.)
- Holt** (Denbigh).—n.s. **Broxton** or **Gresford**, 4 m. Dee; salmon, pike, chub. (c.s.) Alyn, 2 m. N.W.; trout. (c.s. Dee.) (See *Chester*.)
- Holyhead**.—Good trouting can be had by staying at the Maelog Lake Hotel, Ty Croes, near Holyhead. Llyn, Maelog, Coron, and Trogwyd are within easy reach; trouting good. Crygyl river, close to hotel, holds sea trout in spring; good pollack fishing.
- Hope** (Flint).—L. & N.W.R. Alyn; trout. (c.s. Dee.) (See *Chester*.)
- Istrad-y-Fodwr** (Glamorgan).—T.V.R. Rhondda; trout, salmon. (c.s. Taff.) (See *Cardiff*.)
- Johnston** (Pembroke).—G.W.R. Rosemarket brook (1 m.). Rickeston brook (4 m.). (See *New Milford*.)
- Kerry** (Montgomery).—O.R. Mule. Caerbitra (4 m. E.). (See *Gloucester*.)
- Kidwelly** (Caermarthen).—G.W.R. Gwendraeth fach; trout, sewin. Hotel: Pelican. Gwendraeth fach rises by Llanddarog (n.s. **Wangtaredig**, 4 m., or **Caermarthen**

- 5½ m.), runs 5 m. to Llangyndryn, 4 m. to Llandyfaglog, and **Kidwelly** 4 m. The stream is free up to Gelli-deg; above, permission must be had; trout; fair. Gwen-draeth fawr runs 2 m. E. from Kidwelly (trout, sewin). This stream rises in Llyn Lierh-wen (n.s. **Llan-dyble**, 5 m. E.), and is 12 m. long (c.s. **Towey**); trout; fair. Good general flies are blue upright and yellow March brown.
- Killay** (Glamorgan).—L. & N.W.R. (See **Penmaen**.) Penmaen brook (3 m.).
- Knighton** (Radnor).—L. & N.W.R. Teme; trout. (See **Gloucester**.) (c.s. **Severn**.) Lug, 4 m.; trout; preserved as Teme, s.t. 42s. (See **Chepstow**.) (c.s. **Wye**.) Good hotel accommodation.
- Knucklas** (Radnor).—G.W.R. Teme; trout; private. Lug (4 m. S.W.); trout, grayling. (See **Gloucester**.) (c.s. **Severn**.)
- Lake Vyrnwy Hotel** (Montgomery), via Oswestry (see **Advertisement**).—n.s. **Llan-tyllin**, 10 m., or **Bala**, 15 m. Vyrnwy; trout; preserved by the owner of hotel. Hirddu, 3 m. N.W.; trout; preserved as above. Gwnion, 1 m. E.; trout; preserved as above. Cedig, 1½ m. E.; trout; preserved as above in its lower half, and in its upper half by Sir W. Wynne. Euanant, 4½ m. N.W.; trout; preserved as above. Goch, 3 m. N.E.; trout (see **Llangynnog**). Cowny, 3½ m. S. Dyfnant, 4½ m. S. **Lakes**: Lake Vyrnwy; trout; capital fishing; m.t. 40s., w.t. 12s. 6d., d.t. 2s. 6d.; boats and one man 6s. per day. The best flies are dressed with tinsel; also the following are good: Zulu, black and blue, woodcock and green, coch-y-bonddu, March brown with gold, black palmer and alder. Llyn Pennan, 3 m. N. (See **Llangynnog**, **Gloucester**.)
- Lampeter** (Cardigan).—M. & M. B. Teifi; salmon, trout, grayling. (c.s.) **Dulas**; trout. Granell (3 m.); trout. Pencarreg lake (3 m.); perch. Aeron, 6 m. N.W.; salmon, sewin, trout (c.s.). Cothi, 8 m. S.E.; salmon, sewin, trout. **Hotel**: Black Lion Royal (see **Advertisement**), where salmon and trout fishing can be had free in Teifi and Dulas from Feb. 1, salmon March 1, trout, to Nov. 1; for further information apply to the land-lord, or Mr. D. Roberts, 2, Bridge-street, who supplies all necessary tackle, &c. **Hotels**: Royal Oak, Castle. (See **Cardigan**, **Caermarthen**, **Llanarth**, **Llandissilio-Gogo**, **Aberaeron**.)
- Lamphey** (Pembroke).—G.W.R. Pennar. (See **Pembroke**.)
- Landore** (Glamorgan).—Tawe. Ffyndrod. (See **Swansea**.)
- Laugharne** (Caermarthen).—(n.s. **St. Clare**, 5 m.) Taf; salmon, trout. Taf rises by **Crymmych Arms** (S.W.R.), runs 2 m. to **Clogne**, **Llanfarnach** 2 m., **Rhydowen** 3 m. Here Gravel, 4 m. long, joins on right bank. Taf runs 2 m. to **Llanglydwen**, **Logrin** 3 m. 7 m. down Taf, Marlas joins on right bank. Marlas rises 1 m. N. of **Narberth**. 2 m. down, Gwaithnoak, 2 m. long, joins on right bank. Marlas runs to Taf 5 m. ½ m. down Taf, Lease, which rises by Henllan Amgoed and is 5 m. long, joins on left bank. Taf runs 1 m. to **Whitland**, where Whitland joins on left bank. Whitland rises 4 m. above **Llanboidy** (n.s. **Logrin**, 4 m.), and joins Taf 6 m. down at **Whitland**. 3 m. down Taf, Feni, 5 m. long, joins on left bank. 3 m. down Taf, at Llanddowror (n.s. **St. Clears**, 3 m.), Coger, 5 m. long, joins on right bank. Taf runs 2 m. to **St. Clare**. Here Gynin joins on left bank. Gynin rises on Llanwinto Common. 2½ m. S.E. from **Llanfarnach**, and 5 m. down is joined on left bank by Llechwylld, which rises 5 m. S.E. from **Llanfarnach**, and 2 m. down is joined on right bank by Asen, 3 m. long (n.s. **Llanfarnach**, 4 m.). Llechwylld runs to Gynin 4 m. Gynin runs 6 m. to **St. Clare**, and here Dewi joins on right bank. Dewi rises 4 m. above Trelech-ar-bettws, runs 5 m. to Mydrim, and **St. Clare** and Gynin 4 m. The united streams join Taf just below. Taf runs to **Llanfarnach**—Abercywyn, 3 m., and here Cywyn joins on right bank. Cywyn rises 7 m. N.W. from **Cynwil**, and 10 m. down is joined on left bank by Cynnen, which rises by Llannewydd (n.s. **Branwydd Arms**, 2 m.), and is 6 m. long. Cywyn runs to Taf in 8 m. 2 m. down Taf is **Laugharne**. (c.s. **Towey**.) The best trout flies are coch-y-bonddu, duns of various shades, red and black ants, black gnat, cowdung, bracken clock, and black foxtail.
- Llanarth** (Cardigan).—(n.s. **Lampeter**, 13 m.) Gilfach, which rises 3 m. above Llanarth, and 2 m. down is joined on right bank by a brook 4 m. long. Gilfach runs to Llanina and sea 1 m. 1 m. N.E. runs Drowy, 4 m. long.
- Llanarthney** (Caermarthen).—L. & N.W.R. **Hotel**: Golden Grove Arms. **Towey**; salmon, sewin, trout, pike; preserved by Earl Cawdor to Llandilo above, free below. (Tickets at hotel; s.t. 10s.; d.t. 1s.) (c.s.) **Dulas**. Sannan (3 m.). (See **Caermarthen**.)
- Llanbedr** (Merioneth).—O.R. Artro; trout, sewin, salmon; preserved by a club; d. w., and m.t. Artro rises in Llyn Dywarehen, 8 m. N.E. from **Harlech**, or 3 m. across the hills a little S. of E. of **Talarnan** passing Llyn Caerwyh (good trout). Artro, in 1 m., waters Llyn Eiddew-fach (trout), and 1 m. below, is joined on left bank by Eiddew, which rises in Llyn Fedw (trout), a small lake on the slopes of Y-Graigddrwg, and, 1 m. below, waters Llyn Eiddew-mawr (trout). (The lakes mentioned above, together with Llyn Graigddrwg (see **Barmouth**), are all within 1 m. of each other, and can be reached from **Harlech** or **Talarnan**). Cidew joins Artro 1 m. down. 1 m. below, Bychan joins on left bank. Bychan rises in Llyn-y-morwynion, 6 m. N.E. of **Llanbedr**, and, 1 m. down, waters Llyn Cwm-bychan, 5 m. N.E. of **Llanbedr** (trout, sewin, salmon), and, ½ m. down, joins Artro. 1 m. down, a stream joins on left bank, draining Llyn Gloywlyn (good trout; alder and oak flies good), 1 m. up, 5 m. N.E. of **Llanbedr**. 3 m. down Artro, Nantcol (good trout; free, with sewin after a flood) joins on left bank. Nantcol rises in Llyn Howel (trout), and, 1 m. below, is joined on right bank by

- the outflow of Llyn Cwm-hosan, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. up. 1 m. down Nantcol the drainings of Llyn-y-ferfeddew (trout), 1 m. up, join on left bank. (These lakes, together with Llyn-y-bi (trout) (*see Barmouth*), lie close together 6 m. E. of **Llanbedr**). Nantcol runs 4 m. to Artro, which runs to **Llanbedr** in 2 m. Just below, a stream joins Artro on right bank, draining Hafod-y-Llyn 2 m. up, 2 m. N.E. of **Llanbedr**, or 2 m. S.E. of **Harlech**. 1 m. down, Artro joins the sea (*c.s. Dovey*). In the tidal waters is good bass fishing. **Lakes**: Pryvyd, 7 m. N.E.; good trout. Twrgla, 7 m. N.E. (*See Barmouth*.) A good sewin fly is a moderate-sized one with red body and pheasant wing, with gold tinsel, and the same with mallard wing. Trout flies: March brown, coch-y-bonddu, coachman, orange dun, slider and oak flies. (*c.s. Dovey*.) *Hotel*: Victoria.
- Llanberis** (Carnarvon).—L. & N.W.R. Seiont; trout, salmon, sewin; fishing free. (*c.s.*) Llwh, 2 m. N.W.; trout. March, 3 m. N.E. **Lakes**: Llanberis lakes; salmon, trout, char; the upper lake is preserved by the landlord of Victoria for his visitors, the lower lake free. (*c.s. Seiont*.) Dwythwch, 2 m. S.W. Cwm-Glas lakes, 3 m. S.E. March-llyn-mawr and March-llyn-bach, 3 m. N.E. Dur-Arddu, 4 m. S.E. *Hotels*: Victoria, Padarn Valley. (*See Carnarvon, Pen-y-Gwryd*.)
- Llanbrynmair** (Montgomery).—O.R. On Twymyn; trout, sewin, salmon; fair trout. Two streams join here from the N. and E., holding good trout. The N. stream, lal (2 m. off), is better. The rivers and lakes in this district are nearly all preserved by Sir W. Wynn; the great majority is open to visitors at the Wynnstay Arms Hotel. Eira (3 m. N.) Cannon (4 m.). **Lakes**: Gwyddwr (4 m.); perch, trout. (*See Machynlleth, Gloucester*.)
- Llandaff** (Glamorgan).—G.W.R. Taff and Ely; trout, sewin; preserved (*See Cardiff, Ely Bridge*). (*c.s.*)
- Llannerfel** (Merioneth).—G.W.R. Dee; trout, salmon. (*c.s.*) Calettwr, 1 m. S.W. **Lakes**: Grwyni, 3 m. N. (*See Chester*.)
- Llandillo** (Merioneth).—G.W.R. Dee; trout, salmon. (*c.s.*) Cendiog. Llynor, 1 m. N.E. **Lakes**: Mynyllod, 3 m. N. (*See Chester*.)
- Llandilo** (Caermarthen).—L. & N.W.R. *Hotel*: Cawdor Arms. Towey; salmon, trout, sewin; free above, but preserved below by Earl Cawdor. Tickets for this water at Golden Grove Arms, Llanarthney; s.t., 10s.; d.t., 1s. (*c.s.*) Cennen. (*c.s. Towey*.) (*See Caermarthen*.)
- Llandinam** (Montgomery).—C.B. Severn; trout, salmon, chub, &c. (*c.s. Severn*.) (*See Gloucester*.)
- Llandissilio-Gogo** (Cardigan).—(n.s. **Lampeter**, 20 m.). Dissilio, 6 m. long. 1 m. W. runs Tydi, 6 m. long.
- Llandovery** (Caermarthen).—L. & N.W.R. Towey; salmon, sewin, trout; fishing free. (*c.s.*) Bran. Gweddler. Dunant (3 m.). Pedwan (3 m.). Gwenlas (4 m.). (*See Caermarthen, Llandilo*.) *Hotel*: Castle. *Tackiest*, E Davies, High-street.
- Llandrindod** (Radnor).—L. & N.W.R. Ithon. Hawddwy (2 m.) (*c.s. Wye*.) (*See Chepstow, England*.)
- Llandrinio** (Montgomery).—By. R. Severn; chub, dace, trout, salmon. Maerdy brook (3 m. S.W.) (*See Gloucester*.) (*c.s. Severn*.)
- Llandudno** (Carnarvon).—L. & N.W.; G.W.R. There is good fishing for codlings, congers, &c., under the Great Orme's Head. Boats can be obtained from the neighbouring town of Conway. *Fishing stations within reach*: Conway, Glan Conway, Tal-y-Cafn, Llanfairfechan, Aber, Llanrwst, Trefriw, Bangor, Bettws-y-Coed, Pont-y-Pant, Dolwyddelen, Festiniog, Caernarvon, Bodorgan, Ty-Croes.
- Llandulas** (Carnarvon).—L. & N.W.R. Glan E'afon. This stream is 7 m. long, and half-way down, at Coed Coch, receives the outlet of the lake there. This lake is $3\frac{1}{2}$ m. from **Llandulas**.
- Llan-dyble** (Caermarthen).—G.W.R.; L. & N.W.R. Llan-dyble brook. Llwhwyr, 3 m. Gwendraeth Faur, 5 m. W. **Lake**: Llerhwen 5 m. W. (*See Lluchwr, Kidwelly*.) (*c.s. Towey*.)
- Llandysill** (Cardigan).—G.W.R. Teifi; salmon, trout (large). (*c.s.*) Cerdin. Pwelli; trout (good). Ythan (1 m.). Cletwr (2 m.); trout (good). Bydrel, 5 m.) *Hotel*: Torth; $2\frac{1}{2}$ m. fishing in Teifi free to hotel visitors (*see Advertisement*); elsewhere permission from the owners. (*See Cardigan*.)
- Llanellay** (Caermarthen).—G.W.R. Lllhedi and Dann; salmon, trout; fishing free. Lllhedi is 7 m. long. Dann runs 1 m. E. from the town, and is 6 m. long.
- Llanerchymedd** (Anglesea).—L. & N.W.R. Alaw. (*See Penrhoslligwy, Valley Station*.)
- Llanfaethlu** (Anglesea).—n.s. **Valley Station**, 7 m. S. **Lakes**: Ceryglwyd.
- Llanfair** (Anglesea).—L. & N.W.R. Baint; salmon, trout. (*c.s. Seiont*.) (*See Llangefnau*.)
- Llanfair** (Montgomery).—(n.s. **Welshpool**, 8 m.). *Hotel*: Wynnstay Arms. Banw; trout; leave can be obtained. Rhiw (3 m. S.E.). **Lakes**: Maesmawr pond (5 m. N.E.) (*See Gloucester*.) (*c.s. Severn*.)
- Llanfairfechan** (Carnarvon).—L. & N.W.R. On Du, 3 m. long.
- Llanfair-Talhaiarn** (Denbigh).—n.s. **Abergele**, 6 m.; **St. Asaph**, 11 m.; **Denbigh**, 11 m. Elwy; trout, sewin, salmon; preserved for 4 m. by landlord of hotel, elsewhere privately. (*c.s.*) Melan, 2 m. S.W. Aled, 2 m. E. (*c.s. Clwyd*.) *Hotel*: Black Lion. (*See Rhyl*.)
- Llanfairynghornwy** (Anglesea).—n.s. **Rhos-goch**, 7 m. E. Hygeinan, 3 m. long, runs 1 m. E. **Lakes**: Hygeinan 2 m. S.E.

- Llanfechan** (Montgomery).—C.R. Cain; trout, salmon; fishing free. Brogan. Tanat (4 m. N.); trout, grayling, chub, pike. (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s. Severn.*)
- Llanfechell** (Anglesea).—n.s. **Rhos-goch**, 3 m. S.E. Cemmaes. This brook rises in Llyn Felin-nant, 1 m. W. of **Rhos-goch**, and 4 m. down is joined on left bank by a brook which rises in two lakes by Llanfllwin, runs 2 m. to **Llanfechell**, and 1 m. down joins Cemmaes, which runs 2 m. to the sea.
- Llanfihangel-Glyn-Myfyr** (Merioneth) (n.s. **Derwen**, 6 m.).—Alwen; trout. (*c.s. Dee.*) Derwydd. (*See Chester.*)
- Llanfyrnach** (Pembroke).—G.W.R. Taf; trout, salmon. (*c.s. Towey.*) Gynin (2½ m.); trout, sewin. Aasen (4 m.). Llechwydd (5 m.). (*See Laugharne.*)
- Llanfyllin** (Montgomery).—C.R. Cain; salmon, trout; free. Llechwydd. Tanat (5 m. N.); trout, pike, chub. (*c.s. Severn.*) (*See Lake Vyrnwy Hotel; Llangynnog; Llanrhaidr-yn-Mochnant; Gloucester.*)
- Llangadock** (Caermarthen).—G.W.R.; L. & N.W.R. Towey; salmon, sewin, trout; preserved. (*c.s.*) Brane; sewin, trout; free. Marles. Sefin. Sawdde; trout; mostly preserved by landowners. Sefin Isaf (3 m.). Llechdawdd (4 m.). Sawdde fechan (5 m.). Dyinant (6 m.). Ciydach (6 m.). Buartharch (8 m.). (*See Caermarthen.*) Lake: Van; trout; free; good fishing. *Hotels:* Glansevin Arms and Red Lion.
- Llangammarch Wells** (Brecon).—L. & N.W.R. Irfon; trout, chub, dace, salmon; preserved by the two *Hotels*, Cammarch (*see Advertisement*) and Pump House and Lake Hotel (*see Advertisement*); season begins March 2, ends Sept. 15; only fly allowed until July 1; w.t. 5s., d.t. 1s., non-residents 2s. 6d.; tickets from M. Price, Cammarch Hotel; fishing in lake confined to hotel visitors. Dulas; small trout; preserved as Irfon for 5 m. at the lower end, above private. Anell; private. Camddwr; private. Cammarch (1 m.); private. Eion (2 m.); private. Cledau (3 m.); preserved by Llanwrtyd A.A. Cnyfiad (3 m.); private. *Hotels:* Pump House and Lake, and Cammarch (*see Advertisement*). (*See Chepstow, England.*)
- Llangefni** (Anglesea).—L. & N.W.R. Cefni. (*c.s. Seiont.*) (*See Bodorgan.*)
- Llangeinwen** (Anglesea).—n.s. **Carnarvon**, 4 m. Brant; salmon, trout. (*c.s. Seiont.*) Brant rises in Llyn Llwydiarth, 5 m. N.W. of **Beaumaris**, runs 6 m. to **Llanfair**, and 8 m. to **Llangeinwen** and the sea. Just before joining the sea a stream joins on right bank draining Llyn Goraddu 1 m. up, 1 m. S.W. from **Llangeinwen**.
- Llangenych** (Caermarthen).—G.W.R. Llwchwr (injured by mines). Tzarsarch. (*See Llwchwr.*) (*c.s. Towey.*)
- Llangian** (Carnarvon).—n.s. **Pwllheli**, 7 m. Soch. Soch rises 2 m. above Meyllteyrn, and 3 m. down, at Bouwnog is joined on left bank by Cofan, 3 m. long. 1 m. down Soch, at Llandegwning, Bodlas, 4 m. long, joins on left bank. Soch runs to Llanengan 3 m., **Llangian** 1 m., and the sea 2 m.
- Llanglydwen** (Caermarthen).—G.W.R. Taf; trout, salmon. (*See Laugharne.*) (*c.s. Towey.*)
- Llangollen** (Denbigh).—G.W.R. Dee; trout, grayling, salmon, pike, chub; preserved by Glynwrd Society from **Carrog** above to Llangollen; salmon and trout s.t. 4l. 4s., m.t. 42s., d.t. 5s. 6d.; trout, s.t. 42s., m.t. 21s., w.t. 10s., d.t. 2s. 6d.; tickets from Mr. E. D. Jones, Medical Hall, Llangollen; only licensed fishermen may be employed; a coracle is 2s. 6d. a day to all except season ticket holders, who pay 21s. extra for use of private coracle, and a coracle man's wages 5s.; no dogs or Sunday fishing. Season begins March 1 and ends Oct. 14 for trout, and Nov. 1 for salmon. There are 2 m. of free water by the town. The Llangollen Trout and Grayling Preservation Society preserve the Dee from Llangollen to Newbridge by **Cefn**, s.t. 20s., d.t. 1s. Deep wading is necessary; March and April, or late in the season, is best. Duns, March brown, and gravel-bed are good flies. (*c.s.*) Ceiriog, 3 m. S. (*c.s. Dee.*) Alyn, 7 m. N., at Llandegla; trout. (*c.s. Dee.*) Rhys, 7 m. N. at Llandegla. (*See Chester.*)
- Llangonoyd** (Glamorgan).—G.W.R. On Llynvi; trout. (*See Bridgend.*)
- Llangurig** (Montgomery).—C.R. Brochan (1 m.). Dulas (1½ m.). (*See Gloucester.*)
- Llangwyllog** (Anglesea).—L. & N.W.R. Cefni. (*c.s. Seiont.*) (*See Bodorgan.*)
- Llangybi** (Carnarvon).—C.R. Wen. Dwyfach, 1 m. E.; trout, sewin, salmon. (*c.s.*) (*See Criccieth, Afon Wen.*)
- Llangynllo** (Radnor).—L. & N.W.R. Lug. Bledla brook (2½ m.). Graig brook (3 m.). Arau (3½ m.). Cam-ddwr (5 m.). (*c.s. Wye.*) (*See Chepstow, England.*)
- Llangynog** (Montgomery).—(n.s. **Llanfyllin**, 8½ m.). *Hotel:* New Inn. Tanat; trout; free fishing for 3 m. above and 1 m. below. Eiarth. Goch (2 m.). Hirnant (2½ m. S.). *Lakes:* Pennant (3 m. S.W.); fishing free. (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s. Severn.*) (*See Lake Vyrnwy Hotel.*)
- Llanidloes** (Montgomery).—C.R. Severn; trout, chub, salmon. Brochan; trout. Ciywedog (poisoned). Dulas (1 m.). Ceryst (2 m. N.) (poisoned). Biga (7 m.). Llywyd (8 m.). *Lakes:* Ebyr (3½ m. N.E.). Derw-llwydion (6 m.). (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s.*)
- Llanpumpsaint** (Caermarthen).—G.W.R. Gwill; trout, sewin, salmon; free below, preserved above. (*c.s. Towey.*) (*See Caermarthen.*)
- Llanrhaidr** (Denbigh).—L. & N.W.R. Ciywd; trout, salmon. (*c.s.*) Llewesog. (*See Rhyf.*)
- Llanrhaidr-yn-Mochnant** (Montgomery).—(n.s. **Llanfyllin**, 7 m.) Moch; trout; free. Tanat (1 m.); trout, grayling, chub, &c. Twrch (1 m.). Diagynfa (5 m. N.W.). *Lakes:* Moelin (5 m. N.E.). Llynecaws (6 m. N.W.). (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s. Severn.*)

Llanrhystyd (Cardigan).—(N.s. **Llanrhystyd Road**, 6 m.) On Wyrail. (c.s. *Telf.*) Wyrail rises 2 m. above Llanfihangel Lledrod 3 m. S.W. from **Traws Coed Station**, runs 4 m. to Llangwryllon, and 4 m. to **Llanrhystyd**. Here Mabus joins on left bank. Mabus rises 1 m. S.W. from Llangwryllon, and 2 m. down is joined on left bank by Tryal, 2 m. long. Mabus runs to **Llanrhystyd** in 3 m. Carrog, also 5 m. long, here joins Wyrail on right bank. 1 m. below **Llanrhystyd** Wyrail joins the sea. Arth, 6 m. S. *Lakes*: Llyn March, 6 m. E. (See *Aberaeron*.)

Llanrwst (Denbigh).—L. & N.W.R. Conway; salmon, trout, sewin; for salmon fishing in the Gwydyr Fishery (the Conway from Coed, leaving Gwalch Plantation, to Llanrwst Bridge); May 1 to 30, w.t. 4s., d.t. 1s.; July 1 to 31, w.t. 6s., d.t. 1s. 6d.; Sept. 1 to 30, w.t. 8s., d.t. 2s.; Oct. 1 to Nov. 14 (all inclusive), w.t. 15s. The Conway, with above excepted: July 1 to Aug. 31, m.t. 25s., w.t. 10s., d.t. 2s. 6d.; Sept. 1 to 30, 2l., 14 days 25s., w.t. 12s.; Oct. 1 to Nov. 14 (all inclusive), the period 4l. 10s., 14 days 2l., w.t. 25s. Holders of tickets cannot fish below the boundary of Pant-y-carw Farm; from the hotels and Messrs. Griffith Owen and Son, fishing tackle dealers, Greenwich House. Troutling March 1 to April 3; s.t. 10s., w.t. 2s. 6d., d.t. 1s. Best time for salmon from Oct. 1. Flies: Conway patterns and Ballyshannon, Wilkinson's patterns. Dyffryn-gallt, 3 m. N.E. Dertyn, 4 m. E. Llugwy, 4 m. S.; trout, salmon (c.s. *Conway*); tickets at hotels (for terms see *Bettws-y-Coed*). Hwch, 5 m. S.E. Lledr, 6 m. S.; trout, salmon (c.s. *Conway*); tickets at hotels (for terms see *Bettws*). Cledwen or Elwy, 6 m. E. (c.s.) *Lakes*: Llyn-y-Pair, 2 m. S. Pen-craig, 3 m. S.W. Bodgynydd, 3 m. S.W. Geirionydd, 3 m. W.; polluted Chwyth Llyn, 3 m. N.E. Crafnant, 4 m. W.; trout; boats. Aled, 8 m. S.E. (c.s. *Chwyd*). Noel-frech, 8 m. S.E. *Hotels*: Eagles and Victoria. (See *Conway*; *Rhyl*.)

Llanrystyd Road (Cardigan).—G.W.R. (See *Llansantffraid*; *Llanrystyd*.)

Llansantffraid (Cardigan).—N.s. **Llanrhystyd Road**, 8 m. On Peris, 6 m. long. Lanon, 4 m. long, runs $\frac{1}{2}$ m. S.

Llansantffraid (Montgomery).—C.B. Vernwy; trout, salmon, chub, pike, perch, roach, dace; preserved by landowners below, free above. (See *Llanymynech*.) Cain; trout, salmon; free. Tanat; trout, grayling, chub, pike. *Lakes*: Du (6 m. S.E.) (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.) *Hotel*: Sun.

Llantisilio, station **Berwyn** (Merioneth).—Dee; trout, grayling, pike, chub, salmon. (c.s.) Berwyn. (See *Chester*.)

Llantrissant (Glamorgan).—G.W.R. Ely; trout; free. Dowlas brook; trout. (c.s. *Taff*.) (See *Cardiff*.)

Llanwchllyn (Merioneth).—G.W.R. Dee or Lliw; trout; preserved by Sir W. W. Wynne. (c.s.) Dwdrwy. Twrch; trout; preserved by Sir W. W. W. (c.s. *Dee*.) Llafar, 2 m. N.E.; trout; preserved by Sir W. W. W. Rhydwen, 2 m. E. Afon-y-Wynt, 4 m. N.W. Ennant, 7 m. N.W. *Lakes*: Bala or Tegid, 1 m. N.E.; trout, pike, perch; free. (c.s. *Dee*.) *Hotel*: Goat (see *Advertisement*).

Llanwndia (Carnarvon).—L. & N.W.R. Gwrfai; salmon, trout. (c.s. *Seiont*.) Gwrfai rises in Llyn-y-Gader by **Rhyddu**, and 1 m. down is joined on right bank by a stream which rises in Llyn Glas, runs $\frac{1}{2}$ m. to Llyn Goch. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down, a stream joins on left bank, draining Llyn-y-Nadraedd $\frac{1}{2}$ m. up (these lakelets are close together under the brow of Snowdon). On the right bank the outflow of Llyn Ffynnon-y-Gwas joins $\frac{1}{2}$ m. up. These four lakes are 3 m. E. of **Snowdon Ranger**. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down, Gwrfai runs into Llyn Cwellyn. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down the lake is **Snowdon Ranger** on right bank. Llyn Cwellyn is 1 m. long. Gwrfai when it leaves the lake runs 2 m. to **Bettws Garmon**, 5 m. to **Llanwndia**. Here Venno, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. Gwrfai runs to the sea in 3 m.

Llanwrda (Caermarthen).—L. & N.W.R. Towey; trout, salmon, sewin; fishing free. (c.s.) Ynys. Dulas. (See *Caermarthen*.)

Llanwrtyd (Brecon).—L. & N.W.R. Irfon; trout, chub, dace. Cerdin (2 m.). Cledan (3 m.); preserved as Irfon. Callant (4 m.). Gwessyn (6 m.). *Hotels*: Dolcoed House, where fishing can be had in Irfon for some miles; Neuadd Arms, and Bellevue. The best trouting is above. Birmingham Waterworks reservoir, 10 m. (See *Chepstow, England*.)

Llan-y-Bryher (Cardigan).—G.W.R. Telf; salmon, trout. (c.s.) Granell (3 m.). *Lakes* Pencarreg (2 m.). (See *Cardigan*.)

Llong (Flint).—L. & N.W.R. Alyn; trout. (c.s. *Dee*.) Terrig. (See *Chester*.)

Llchwyr (Glamorgan).—G.W.R. Llchwyr. Lliw. Llchwyr rises some 3 m. E. of **Llan-dybie**, and 4 m. down is joined on right bank by Llan-dybie brook, which, after running 4 m., passes 1 m. W. of **Derwydd Road**, runs thence to **Llan-dybie** 2 m., and joins Llchwyr 2 m. down, 1 m. from **Cross Inn**. Here also Lash, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. Llchwyr runs 2 m. to **Pant-yffynon Junction**, where Amman joins on left bank, and Alwyd, 4 m. long, on right bank. Amman rises 3 m. above **Bryn-Amman**, runs thence to **Garnant** 2 m. Here Garnant, 3 m. long, joins on left bank, and Pedol, 3 m. long, on right bank. Amman runs to **Cross Inn**, 4 m., and **Pant-yffynon** 1 m. Llchwyr runs to **Font-ar-dulais** 8 m.; here Dulas, 5 m. long, joins on left bank. 1 m. down Llchwyr, Gwill joins on right bank. Gwill rises some 4 m. W. of **Pant-yffynon**, and is 10 m. long (injured in its lower part by mines). 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down Llchwyr, at **Llangenych**, Trasarch, 5 m. long, joins on right bank. Llchwyr runs 2 m. to **Llchwyr**. (c.s. *Towey*.) (The river is mostly injured by mines.)

Lliw rises 8 m. above **Gors**, runs thence to **Llchwyr** 3 m., where it joins the estuary. At Llchwyr the lesser Lliw, 6 m. long, joins on left bank.

Llwyngwrl (Carnarvon).—C.B. Llwyd; trout. This stream is 4 m. long.

Llyndeged (Glamorgan).—G.W.B. Cynon. (See Cardiff.)

Llogyn (Caermarthen).—G.W.R. Taf; trout, salmon. (c.s. Towey.) Eglwys (4 m.). (See Laugharne.)

Loveston (Pembroke), n.s. **Templeton**, 3 m.).—Carn. Carn rises $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. W. from **Templeton** station, runs 3 m. to Loveston, and 1 m. down, 3 m. from **Begelly**, is joined on left bank by Langden brook, 3 m. long. Carn runs $2\frac{1}{2}$ m. to Milford Haven

Machynlleth (Montgomery).—C.B. Dovey; salmon, sewin, trout. (c.s.) Dovey rises in Llyn Dyfi, 3 m. E. from **Drws-y-nant** station, and 4 m. down, at Llan-y-Mowddwy, 5 m. N.E. from **Dinas Mawddwy**, is joined on right bank by Pamrhyd, 2 m. long. 4 m. down Dovey, 1 m. above **Dinas Mawddwy**, Cowarch, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. Dovey runs 1 m. to **Dinas Mawddwy**. Here Geryst, which rises in Llynnen Figan and Fach, and is 4 m. long, joins on right bank. 1 m. down Dovey, by Mallywd (salmon, sewin, trout; Hotel: Peniarth Arms (see Advertisement), where extensive fishing can be had). Cleivion joins on left bank. Cleivion rises in the hills 6 m. W. of Mallywd, and 2 m. down is joined on right bank by Clywedog, 4 m. long. 1 m. down Cleivion, at Pont-ar-bwlfa, Tafolog, 3 m. long, joins on left bank. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. up Tafolog from its junction with Cleivion a stream joins on right bank, which drains Llyn-coch-hwyad 2 m. up. This lake lies 5 m. W. of Mallywd and 6 m. S.W. of **Dinas**. Cleivion runs in 2 m. to Mallywd and Dovey. Dovey runs to **Aber Angell**, 3 m., and here Angell joins on right bank. Angell, after running 3 m., is joined on right bank by Hir, 2 m. long, and on same bank by a stream draining Llyn Llecoedog $\frac{1}{2}$ m. up. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down Angell, Mynach, 3 m. long, joins on left bank, and $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down is Dovey. Dovey runs to **Cemmaes**, 3 m., and **Cemmaes Junction**, 2 m. Here Twymyn joins on left bank. Twymyn rises $\frac{1}{2}$ m. above **Llan-brynmair**, and 2 m. below that place, by the station, is joined on right bank by Tal, 5 m. long. Just above the junction a stream joins on right bank 5 m. long. Twymyn runs to Dovey, 5 m. 2 m. down Dovey, opposite Llanwein, Gwidol, 3 m. long, joins on right bank; and 2 m. below, 1 m. above **Machynlleth** station, Difas joins on left bank. Difas rises in Llyn Bugellyn (good trouting) 8 m. S.W. from **Machynlleth**. 2 m. down, a stream joins on right bank, draining Glaslyn, 2 m. up, 8 m. S.W. from **Machynlleth**, and 1 m. N. of Llyn Bugellyn. 2 m. down Dyffas a stream joins on left bank, 4 m. long. Dyffas runs 4 m. to Pont-felin-gerig, 1 m. W. from **Machynlleth**, and here Crial, 7 m. long, joins on right bank. Dovey is $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down Dovey Dulas (good trouting, sewin, and mort up to weir) joins on right bank. (c.s. Dovey.) Dulas rises above Aber-llefeni, 4 m. E. of **Aber Angell**, and here Llefeni, 3 m. long, joins Dulas on right bank. 2 m. down, Corys, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. **Tal-y-Llyn** lies 2 m. E. of the head of this stream. Dulas runs 5 m. to Dovey. Dovey runs $\frac{1}{2}$ m. to **Machynlleth** and **Gilan Dyfi** at the estuary, 6 m. Here Llymant, which rises in Llyn-pen-Rhaidr (trout, perch; preserved by Sir Pryse Pryse, of Gorgerdan, who sometimes gives leave), 7 m. S. from **Machynlleth**, runs 4 m. to 2 m. S. of that town, joins Dovey 3 m. down at **Gilan Dyfi**. Here also Eimon, 5 m. long, joins Dovey on left bank. There are several good salmon pools in Dovey; at 100s.; April 1 to Sept. 16, 80s., m.t. 45s., fortnight 30s., w.t. 20s., d.t. 5s. Rheidol, 8 m. S.E. (See *Aberystwyth*.)

Maenelochog (Pembroke).—G.W.B. Llandilo brook. Gilfach brook (1 m.). Syfynyf (2 m.). Corwyn (4 m.). Crynanich (4 m.). (See *Haverfordwest*.)

Maentwrog (Merioneth).—(Station **Tan-y-Bwlch**, 1 m., **Maentwrog Road**, $2\frac{1}{2}$ m.) Dwyrdd; trout, sewin, salmon; free above, preserved below; s.t. 10s., m.t. 5s., w.t. 2s. 6d. Frysor, 1 m. S. (c.s. Dovey.) Lakes: Garnedd, 1 m. N.; free of hotel. Hafod-y-Llyn, 1 m. N.W.; free. Llenyrch, 2 m. S.; free; Tecwyn-uchaf, 2 m. S.W.; free of hotel. Y-Oerfa, 2 m. E.; free. Hotels: Oakley Arms and Grapes, where fishing can be had. (See *Penrhyndeudraeth*.)

Maerdy (Merioneth).—n.s. **Corwen**, 5 m. Alwen; trout. (c.s. Dee.) Geirw, 1 m. S. (c.s. Dee.) (See *Chester*.)

Maestog (Glamorgan).—G.W.B. On Llynvi; trout. (See *Bridgend*.)

Maes-y-Crugian (Cardigan).—M. & M.B. Telfi; salmon, trout. (c.s.) Ceiliog (3 m.). Cathal (2 m.). Cletwr (2 m., trout, good). Cinen (4 m.). (See *Cardigan*.)

Manod (Merioneth).—Bywydd. Dwyrdd, 1 m. S.W.; trout; free. Manod, 1 m. S. Machno, 3 m. W. Lakes: Llyn Manod, 1 m. E. Llyn-y-frith-graig, 3 m. W. Danogen, 3 m. N.W. (See *Penrhyndeudraeth*; *Conway*.)

Manorbeer (Pembroke).—G.W.B. Pennar. (See *Pembroke*.)

Merthyr (Glamorgan).—T.V.B. Taff; salmon, trout. (c.s.) (See *Cardiff*.)

Middletown (Montgomery).—L. & N.W. & G.W.B. Trevern. Severn (3 m. W.); trout, salmon, chub, dace, &c. (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.)

Milford (Pembroke).—G.W.B. Mullock brook ($6\frac{1}{2}$ m.). (See *St. Ishmael's*.) Milford Haven contains a great variety of sea fish, and the brooks trout. Thorn Island, Rat Island, and Sheep Island, and the Harbour rock, with many other places, are all good for pollack, and bass are also frequently met with. Sand-eels might be taken with a seine net at Angle Bay. At the insulated rocks outside the haven, very large pollack in the tide-races towards the Smalls Light; a steam yacht desirable for this distant fishing. The strongest tackle requisite. Spinning indiarubber eels strongly recommended.

- Mold** (Flint).—L. & N.W.R. Alyn trout. (c.s. Dec.) Terrig, 3 m. S.E. *Lakes*: Llyn-y-Mynydd-du, 5 m. S. Llyn Neyn, 5 m. S. (See *Chester*.)
- Montgomery**.—C.B. Severn (2 m.); trout, salmon, chub, &c. Camlad (2 m. N.); trout, grayling, chub. Lacks brook (2 m. S.E.). Casbitra (4 m. S.E.). Bhiw (4½ m. N.W.); good trouting. (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s.)
- Morriston** (Glamorgan).—Tawe. (See *Swansea*.)
- Mostyn** (Flint).—L. & N.W.R. 1 m. N. runs Afon-y-Garth, 3 m. long.
- Mountain Ash** (Glamorgan).—G.W.R. Cynon. (See *Cardiff*.)
- Mumbles Road** (Glamorgan).—G.W.R. (See *Bishopston*.) Kittle brook (3 m.)
- Wentelwyd** (Denbigh).—L. & N.W.R. Clwyd; trout. (c.s.) Clywedog, 3 m. N.W. (See *Rhyl*.)
- Wentgaredig** (Caernarvon).—L. & N.W.R. Towey; salmon, trout, sewin; fishing free. Oothi; salmon, trout, sewin. (c.s.) Pibw, 1½ m. Gwendraeth fach, 4 m. (See *Caernarvon*; *Kidwelly*.)
- Nantlle** (Caernarvon).—L. & N.W.R. Llyfni; trout, sewin. (c.s. *Seiont*.) *Lakes*: Nantlle (2); trout, sewin; fishing poor. (c.s. *Seiont*.) Flynnonaw, 2 m. N.E. Cwm Silyn (2), 2 m. S. (See *Pen-y-groes*.)
- Narberth** (Pembroke).—G.W.R. Marlas (1 m.). Gwaithnoak (2 m.). Eastern Cleddau (2 m.). Taf (5 m.); salmon, trout. (c.s. *Towey*.) (See *Laugharne*; *Haverfordwest*.)
- Neath** (Glamorgan).—G.W.R. Neath. Neath rises 4 m. above Ystradfellte (n.s. *Glyn Neath*, 7 m.), and 4 m. down is joined on right bank by Llia 3 m. long (n.s. *Glyn Neath*, 8 m.). 1 m. down is Ystrad; and 3 m. below, Hepste joins on left bank. Hepste, after running 6 m., passes 1 m. N.W. of Penderyn (n.s. *Hirwann*, 2 m.), and 1 m. down joins Neath. 2 m. down Neath, Nedd, 8 m. long, joins on right bank (n.s. *Glyn Neath*, 3 m.). Neath runs 3 m. to *Glyn Neath*, 3 m. to *Resolven*, 4 m. to *Aberdylas*. Here *Dylas*, which rises by *Crinant*, and is 5 m. long, joins on right bank. Neath runs to *Neath* 2 m.; and 1 m. down, Clydach, which rises 2 m. E. of *Pont-ar-dawe* station, and is 5 m. long, joins on right bank. Neath flows to the sea in 3 m.
- Nevin** (Caernarvon).—N.s. *Pwllheli*, 8 m. Geirch, 2 m. W., 5 m. long.
- New Bridge** (Radnor).—C.B. Wye; salmon, trout, chub, dace, pike, roach. Ithon; trout. Hernant (1 m.). (c.s.) (See *Chepstow, England*.)
- Newcastle Emlyn** (Cardigan).—(n.s. *Llandysil*, 8 m.) Teifi; salmon, trout. Ceri (2 m.). Gernos (3 m.). Cych (6 m.). (c.s. *Teifi*.) (See *Cardigan*.)
- New Milford** (Pembroke).—G.W.R. Rosemarket brook. This stream rises 1 m. W. of *Johnston*, runs to *Rosemarket* 3 m., and *New Milford* 3 m.
- Newport** (Pembroke).—N.s. *Crymmych Arms*, 10 m. Neave. This stream rises by *Crymmych Arms*, runs 7 m., when Biron 4 m. long, joins on left bank. 2 m. down Neave, Duad, 4 m. long, joins on right bank. Neave runs to *Nevern*, 2 m., and *Newport*, 2 m. Here Clydach, 4 m. long, joins on left bank. To ½ m. below this the tide flows.
- New Radnor** (Radnor).—G.W.R. Summerrill brook. Black brook. *Lakes*: Melan (4 m.). (See *Chepstow, England*.)
- Newtown** (Montgomery).—C.B. Severn; trout, salmon, chub, &c. Hafren (3 m. E.). *Lakes*: Fachwen Pool (3 m. N.W.) Dwr (6 m.). (c.s.) (See *Gloucester* and *Chepstow, England*.)
- Pant** (Glamorgan).—B. & M.R. Taff; trout, salmon. (c.s.) (See *Cardiff*.)
- Pant Glass** (Caernarvon).—Dwyfach; trout, sewin, salmon. (c.s.) (See *Criccieth*.)
- Pant-y-dwr** (Radnor).—C.B. Marteg; trout. (See *Chepstow, England*.)
- Pantymon** (Caernarvon).—G.W.R. Llwhchwr. Amman. Alwyd. Gwill (4 m.). (See *Lluchwr*.) (c.s. *Towey*.)
- Pembroke**.—G.W.R. Pennar. Pennar rises by *Manorbeer* station, runs 3 m. to *Lamphey*, and *Pembroke* 2 m. Stackpool brook (3 m.). (See *Cheriton*.) *Castle Martin* brook (3 m.). (See *Castle Martin*.) Carew brook (4 m.). (See *Carew*.) *Lakes*: Orielton lakes (3 m.).
- Pen Caber** (Cardigan).—G.W.R. Twelli; trout (good). (See *Cardigan*.)
- Pen-clawd** (Glamorgan).—G.W.R. (See *Cheriton*.)
- Pencoed** (Glamorgan).—G.W.R. On Evenny; trout. (See *Bridgend*.) (c.s. *Ogmore*.)
- Penmaen** (Glamorgan).—(n.s. *Killay*, 6 m.). *Penmaen* brook. This stream rises on *Fairwood Moor*, 3 m. W. from *Killay*, and 3 m. down, near *Penmaen*, is joined by a brook on right bank 3 m. long. The sea is 1 m. down.
- Penmaenpool** (Merioneth).—L. & N.W.R.; G.W.R. Mawddach; trout, sewin, few salmon; d.t. 2s. 6d., m.t. 10s. 6d. (c.s. *Dovey*.) Mynach. Gadr, 1 m. S. Llechan, 2 m. W. *Lakes*: Cwm-mynach, 4 m. N. (See *Barmouth*.)
- Penrhaolligwy** (Anglesea).—n.s. *Llanerchymedd*, 5 m. S.W. Lligwy. This stream rises in Llyn-llwyn-Crwn, 1½ m. S. across the hills from *Penrhaolligwy*, and is 3 m. long. Dulas runs 2 m. N. Dulas rises in *Paint* pools 1 m. S. of *Amlwch*, and 1½ m. down waters Llyn Meliwl. Dulas runs to Wern, 2½ m. N.E. of *Llanerchymedd*, 4 m., and 3 m. down joins the estuary.
- Penrhynddeudraeth** (Merioneth).—C.B. Dwyryd; trout, sewin, salmon. Dwyryd rises in a small nameless pool 3 m. above *Tan-y-Grisian*, and, 1 m. from its source, is joined on right bank by a stream, 1 m. long, draining the reservoir 3 m. N. from *Tan-y-Grisian*. At *Tan-y-Grisian*, Orthan joins on right bank. Orthan rises in Llyn Coch, 2 m. N.W. of *Tan-y-Grisian* (there are three small nameless lakes ½ m. N. of Coch). ½ m. down is a lakelet close to the right bank, and a stream on left bank draining

a nameless lakelet close to the S.W. arm of Llyn Conglog $\frac{1}{2}$ m. below, a stream joins on left bank, draining Llyn Conglog $\frac{1}{2}$ m. up. (There are three lakelets immediately to N. of Conglog, and Llyn Clogwyn lies close to the junction with Orthan; all these lakes are within 3 m. of **Tan-y-Grisiau**.) Orthan runs $\frac{1}{2}$ m. to Llyn-Cwm-Orthan, and, 1 m. down, joins Dwyryd at **Tan-y-Grisiau**. Here, also, Ddu joins on right bank. Ddu rises in the reservoir by the railway, and, 1 m. down, is joined on left bank by a stream draining Llyn Trwystyllon 1 m. up, 2 m. S.W. of **Tan-y-Grisiau**. Ddu joins Dwyryd $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down. 1 m. down Dwyryd, Bywydd joins on left bank. Bywydd rises in Llyn Bywydd, 1 m. N.E. of **Difwys**, runs by that station, and, 1 m. below, at **Manod**, is joined on left bank by a stream, 2 m. long, draining Llyn Dubach, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. E. of **Difwys**. 1 m. down, Bywydd joins Dwyryd. 1 m. down Dwyryd, at **Rhyd-y-sarn**, 1 m. W. of **Ffestiniog**, Ysptyty joins on left bank. Ysptyty rises in Llyn-y-bryn-du. (Llyn-y-gors is $\frac{1}{2}$ m. N.E. and Llyn-y-frithgraig 1 m. N.E. of this lake.) 1 m. below, the drainage of Llynian-y-gamallt, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. long, joins on left bank. 3 m. down Ysptyty, at **Pont-y-pant**, the drainage, 2 m. long, of Llyn-y-Morwynion, $\frac{2}{3}$ m. E. of **Ffestiniog**, joins on left bank. 1 m. down Ysptyty, **Manod**, which rises in Llyn Manod, 1 m. E. of **Manod**, and is 3 m. long, joins on right bank. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down, Ysptyty joins Dwyryd. At **Tal-y-bont**, 1 m. W. of **Ffestiniog**, **Rhaiadr** joins Dwyryd on left bank. **Rhaiadr** rises in Llyn Dywarchen, 4 m. E. of **Ffestiniog**, and, 2 m. down, is joined on right bank by a stream, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. long, draining Llyn Dubach, 3 m. E. of **Ffestiniog** and $\frac{1}{2}$ m. E. of Llyn-y-Morwynion. 2 m. down **Rhaiadr**, a stream, 1 m. long, joins on left bank, draining Llyn-craig-y-tan, 2 m. S.E. of **Ffestiniog**. **Rhaiadr** runs 2 m. to Dwyryd, passing **Ffestiniog** midway. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down Dwyryd, a stream joins on left bank, 3 m. long, running out of Llyn-y-ocfa, 2 m. E. of **Maentwrog** Road station. Dwyryd runs 1 m. to **Maentwrog** (station, **Tan-y-Bwlch**), and here a stream joins on right bank draining Llynnen Garnedd, 1 m. N., and Hafod-y-Llyn, 1 m. N.W. from **Maentwrog**. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. below **Maentwrog**, Prysor joins on left bank. Prysor rises in Llyn Cors-y-barcut, 5 m. S.E. from **Ffestiniog**, and, 1 m. down, is joined on right bank by a stream which rises in Llynnen Conglog fach and fawr, and, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. below these lakes, is joined on right bank by a stream, 1 m. long, draining Llyn Dubach. These lakes are 5 m. N.E. of **Trawsfynydd**. 2 m. down Prysor, a short stream joins Llyn-y-Garn to the main river. This lake is $\frac{1}{2}$ m. S. of Llyn Conglog fach. Prysor runs 3 m., when a stream $\frac{1}{2}$ m. long, draining Llyn Rhythlyn, 3 m. N.E. of **Trawsfynydd**, joins on right bank. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down Prysor, **Hafar**, 3 m. long, rising in Llyn-y-graig-wen, 4 m. N.E. of **Trawsfynydd**, joins on right bank. Prysor runs 2 m. to **Trawsfynydd**, and, 2 m. below, is joined on right bank by a brook 3 m. long. Prysor runs 9 m., when a brook 1 m. long, draining Llyn Llenyrch, 2 m. S. of **Maentwrog**, joins on left bank. Prysor joins Dwyryd 1 m. below. Dwyryd runs to **Penrhyndeudraeth** and the estuary in 3 m. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. to the S. of Dwyryd a stream joins the estuary, which drains Llyn Tecwyn-uchaf, 2 m. S.W. of **Maentwrog**.

Pen-y-wylt (Brecon).—N. & B.R. Tawe. Byfre. Haffys. Gialdd (6 m.). (See *Swansea*.) Sawdde (7 m.). Lakes: Fan-fawr (5 m.). Fan-fach (7 m.); many small trout. (See *Caermarthen*.)

Pen-y-Bont (Radnor).—L. & N.W.R. Ithen; trout, salmon. Arran. Clywedog (1 m.); trout. Camillo (1 m.). Dulas (2 m.). Llandegley brook (2 m.). Edw (3 m.); good trout, permission freely given. Crych brook (5 m.). Hotel: Severn Arms, where fishing in 8 m. of Ithen can be had. (c.s. Wye.) (See *Chepstow, England*.)

Pen-y-Groes (Caermarthen).—L. & N.W.R. Llyfni; trout. Llyfni rises in Llyn-y-dywarchen, 1 m. N.W. of **Rhyddu**, and, 3 m. down, runs into the Nantlle Lakes at **Nantlle**. Half-way down the upper lake, a stream joins on right bank, which drains Llyn fyynnnon $\frac{1}{2}$ m. up. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down the lower lake, a stream joins on left bank, draining Llynian Cwm-silyn $\frac{1}{2}$ m. up. From where Llyfni leaves the lower lake to **Pen-y-Groes** is 2 m., and, 1 m. below, Dulyn, which rises in Llyn Cwm-dulyn, 3 m. S.E. of **Pen-y-Groes**, and is 3 m. long, joins on left bank. Hence to the sea is 3 m. (c.s. *Seiont*.)

Pen-y-Gwryd (Carnarvon). n.s. **Llanberis** or **Bettws-y-Coed**.—Gwryd; trout; free. Gwryd runs to Llyn Mymbyr, near Capel Curig. Glaslyn, 1 m. S.; trout, sewin, salmon; w.t. 5s., at hotel. (c.s. *Dorey*.) Lakes: Llyn-y-Cwm Ffynnon; trout; boats. Tyrn, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. S.W.; trout. Llynian-dywannedd, 2 m. S.E.; trout. Llydaw, 2 m. S.W.; trout. Glaslyn, 3 m. S.W.; trout. Gwynant, 3 m. S.; boat. (c.s. *Dorey*.) Edno, 7 m. S.; large trout. Hotel: Pen-y-Gwryd. (See *Portmadoc*.)

Peterston (Glamorgan).—G.W.B. Ely; trout; preserved by Taff and Ely Fishing Association; s.t. 25s., d.t. 2s. (c.s. *Taff*.) (See *Cardiff*.)

Pont (Glamorgan).—G.W.B.; L. & N.W.R. Rhondda; trout, salmon. (c.s. *Taff*.) Rhondda Fychan. (See *Cardiff*.)

Pont-ar-dawe (Glamorgan).—G.W.B.; L. & N.W.R. Clydach. (See *Neath*.) Tawe. (See *Swansea*.)

Pont-ar-dulais (Glamorgan).—G.W.B. Llchwyr (injured by mines). Dulas; trout. Gwill (1 m.) (injured by mines in its lower parts). (See *Llchwyr*.) (c.s. *Towey*.)

Pontestocill (Brecon).—B. & M.R. Taff; trout, salmon. (c.s.) (See *Cardiff*.)

Pont Ilanio (Cardigan).—Teifi; salmon, trout. (c.s.) Carfan. Brenig (2 m.) (see *Cardigan*). Aaron, 4 m. W. (c.s.) Gwrnfrwd, 4 m. W. (see *Aberaeron*). Fyngotwr (6 m.). Oothi; trout (6 m.) (c.s. *Towey*.) Twrch (6 m.). (See *Caermarthen*.)

- Pontlottyn** (Glamorgan).—L. & N.W.R. Rumney; trout, salmon; preserved. (*See Cardiff.*) (c.s.)
- Pont Newydd** (Merioneth).—L. & N.W.R. Wnion; trout, sewin; preserved by land-owners. (*See Barmouth.*)
- Pont-y-ddolgoch** (Montgomery).—C.R. Garro. Mawr (2½ m.). Tarw (4 m.). Lakes: Du (3 m.). Mawr (3 m.); good trouting. Tarw (4 m.). (*See Gloucester.*) (c.s. Severn.)
- Pont-y-Pant** (Carnarvon).—L. & N.W.R. Lledr; trout, salmon, sewin; tickets at hotel (*for terms see Bettws-y-Coed.*) (c.s. Conway.) Ystumian, 1 m. W.; trout. Conway. 3 m. E.; trout, salmon, sewin; tickets at hotel (*for terms see Llanrwst.*) (c.s.) Hotel: Pont-y-pant. (*See Conway.*)
- Pont-y-Frydd** (Glamorgan).—T.V.R. Taff; salmon, trout. Rhondda; salmon, trout. (c.s.) (*See Cardiff.*)
- Pool Quay** (Montgomery).—C.R. Bete brook. Severn (1 m.); chub, dace, trout, salmon. Trewern (1 m.). (*See Gloucester.*) (c.s. Severn.)
- Portmadoc** (Carnarvon).—C.R. Glasslyn; trout, sewin, salmon. Glasslyn rises in Llyn Glaslyn, 3 m. S.W. of **Pen-y-Gwryd**, runs in ½ m. to Llyn Llydaw, 2 m. S.W. of **Pen-y-Gwryd**, and, 1 m. down, is joined on left bank by a short stream draining Llyn Teyrn, 1½ m. S.W. from **Pen-y-Gwryd**. Glasslyn runs 2 m. to Llyn Gwynant, 3 m. S. of **Pen-y-Gwryd**, or 4 m. N.E. of **Beddgellert**, and, 2 m. below (including the lake), is joined on left bank by a stream which rises in Llyn Edno, 7 m. S. of **Pen-y-Gwryd**, or 6 m. N.E. of **Beddgellert**, and, 1 m. below, is joined on left bank by the drainage of Llynian Cwm, four small lakes 1 m. up, and 6 m. N.E. of **Beddgellert**. Glasslyn is 2 m. down. Glasslyn runs 1 m. to Llyn-y-Ddinas (trout, salmon) 2 m. N.E. from **Beddgellert**, which place it reaches in 3 m., including the lake. Here Colwyn, 4 m. long, joins on right bank. Glasslyn runs 4 m., where Nant-y-Mor joins on left bank. This stream rises in Llyn-y-Adar, 5 m. E. of **Beddgellert** or 3 m. N.W. across the hills from **Tan-y-Grisiau**, runs ½ m. to Llyn Llagi, and, 2 m. down, is joined on left bank by a stream draining Llyn Biswall, ½ m. S.W. of Llyn-y-Adar. Nant-y-Mor runs 1 m., when the outflow of Llyn-y-Arddu, ½ m. up, joins on right bank. There are two other small lakes, Llynian Cerig-y-Mellt lying ½ m. N.E. of this lake, the three being within 3 m. of **Beddgellert**. Nant-y-Mor runs 2 m., when the outflow of a lake at Hafod-y-Llyn, ½ m. up, joins on right bank. This lake is 3 m. S. of **Beddgellert**. Glasslyn runs 1 m., when Croesor joins on left bank. Croesor rises in Llyn diffwys, runs 1 m. to Llyn Cwm-y-fel, and, 1 m. below, is joined on left bank by a stream 1 m. long, draining the twin Llyn diffwys. These three lakes are close together, and are 3 m. in the hills up the Orthan valley from **Grisiau**. 4 m. down Croesor, Dulif, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. Glasslyn is 1 m. below, which runs to **Portmadoc** in 4 m. (c.s. Dovey.) Lakes: Llyn Du, 3 m. N. Llyn Cwm Istrallyn, 4 m. N. Fishing stations within reach: Criecieth, Afon Wen, Pwllheli, Penrhyndeudraeth, Talsarnan, Llanbedr, Dyffryn, Barmouth, Llwyngwril, Towyn, Aberdovey, Glandovey, Machynlleth, Penrhyndeudraeth, Tan-y-bwlch, Tan-y-Grisiau, Duffws, **Beddgellert**. The best flies are the peahen, coch-y-bondddu, crowding, hawthorn, black gnat, woodcock, cinnamon, coachman, red spinner, sandfly, and blue dun. Also, body, orange mohair; legs, yellow hackle; wings, red feather from a pheasant's tail, dressed smallish. Body, peacock's tail; legs, black; wings, moorhen, dressed large. Body, claret; legs, black; wings, mallard. Body, orange; legs, partridge hackle. Body, yellow, with gold tip; legs, yellow; wings, mallard. Coch-y-bonddu, wrentail, and spider are good flies. June and July are the best months. At **Portmadoc** the best fishing is 3 or 4 m. above the embankment. A good-sized cinnabarmoth (peacock harl body; wings, parrot and dusky black mixed, dressed buzz), and the common blue butterfly, or a fly with a body blood red, and wings mallard. A dun daddy-longlegs is also a good fly.
- Presteigne** (Radnor).—G.W.R. Lug; trout, grayling. Boulti brook. Hindwell brook (1 m.) (c.s. Wye.) Lug is preserved by various owners above, and by Mr. Evelyn, of Corton, for 6 m. down (ten members at 15s.; apply to F. L. Evelyn, Esq., Kinsham, Presteigne), and then by various landowners to **Kingsland**. (*See Chepstow, England.*)
- Frysgwaen** (Denbigh).—G.W.R. Morias. Ceiriog, 1 m. N. (c.s. Des.) (*See Chester.*)
- Fyle** (Glamorgan).—G.W.R. Kenfig. Kenfig rises 4 m. N. from **Cefn** (B.R.), runs thence to **Fyle** 1 m., and sea 4 m.
- Pwllheli** (Carnarvon).—C.R. Erch; trout, sewin. Erch rises 1 m. above **Pont-y-gydros**, 5 m. N. by road from **Pwllheli**. Here a stream joins on left bank, draining a lake ½ m. up. Erch runs 3 m. to **Pont-y-rhyd-goch**, 4 m. N. from **Pwllheli**, and, 1 m. below, Cellog, 4 m. long, joins on left bank. Erch runs to **Pwllheli** in 5 m. Here Western Erch joins on right bank. Western Erch rises 4 m. above Llanor, 2 m. N.W. of **Pwllheli**, and here it is joined on left bank by a brook 3 m. long. W. Erch runs 3 m., when a brook, 4 m. long, joins on left bank, running close to the N. of the town. A little below, Geirch, 6 m. long, joins on right bank. W. Erch joins Erch at **Pwllheli** 1 m. down. Hotel: Crown. (c.s. Dwyfach.) (*See Llangrain; Nevins.*)
- Quakers' Yard** (Glamorgan).—G.W.R. Taff; salmon, trout (c.s.) Bargawd Taff. (*See Cardiff.*)
- Resolven** (Glamorgan).—G.W.R. Neath. (*See Neath.*)
- Rhayader** (Radnor).—C.R. (c.s.) Wye; trout, chub, dace, salmon. Elan; trout (1½ m.). Marteg; trout (3 m.). Hirin (7 m.). Lakes: Gwny, trout; Cerrig Llwydion Isaf, trout.

- (8½ m.). Cerrig Llwydion Uchaf, trout (9 m.). *Hotel: Lion Royal, where a long stretch of trout can be had, and 5 m. of salmon fishing in Wye. (See Chepstow, England.)*
- Rhowl** (Denbigh).—L. & N.W.R. Clwyd; trout, salmon. (c.s.) Clywedog. (See *Rhyl*.)
- Rhos-goch** (Anglesea).—L. & N.W.R. (See *Llanfairynghornwy; Llanfeghelli*.) *Lakes: Felin-nant, 1 m. W.*
- Rhyddlan** (Flint).—L. & N.W.R. Clwyd; salmon, trout. (c.s.) Helyg, 1 m. N.W. (See *Rhyl*.)
- Rhyddu** (Carnarvon).—Gwrfa; trout. (c.s. *Seiont*.) Llyfni; trout; 1 m. N.W. (c.s. *Seiont*.) *Lakes: Llyn-y-Gader. (See Llanwnda.) Y-dywarehen, 1 m. N.W. (See Pen-y-groes.)*
- Rhydownen** (Pembroke).—G.W.R. Taf; trout, salmon. (c.s. *Tovey*.) Gravil. (See *Laugharne*.)
- Rhyd-y-Mwyn** (Flint).—L. & N.W.R. Alyn; trout. (c.s. *Dee*.) Fechlas brook. (See *Chester*.)
- Rhyd-y-Onnen** (Merioneth).—G.W.R.; L. & N.W.R. Fefinder. Dysynni, 1 m. N.W.; trout, salmon, sewin. (c.s. *Dovey*.) (See *Townyn*.)
- Rhyl** (Flint).—L. & N.W.R.; G.W.R. Clwyd. Clwyd rises 4 m. N.W. of **Derwen**, runs 7 m. to that place, and 1 m. below is joined on left bank by a brook 2 m. long. Clwyd runs to **Wantolwyd** 1 m., and **Eyearth** 3 m. Here Llanfian brook, 4 m. long, joins on right bank. Clwyd runs to **Ruthin** 2 m., **Rhowl** 3 m., **Llanrhadr** station 2 m., and 2 m. below Clywedog joins on left bank. Clywedog rises above **Olocaenog** 3 m. N.W. of **Wantolwyd**, and 3 m. below, 2½ m. W. of **Ruthin**, is joined on left bank by **Cyffylliog** brook. **Cyffylliog** rises some 3 m. above **Cyffylliog**, and is there joined on right bank by two brooks—**Mislyg**, 4 m. long, and **Ladur**, 3 m. long. **Cyffylliog** joins **Clywedog** 2 m. down. **Clywedog** runs to **Rhowl** 3 m., and 3 m. below, close by **Llanrhadr** station, is joined on left bank by **Llewesog**, 5 m. long. 2 m. down, **Clywedog** joins **Clwyd**. 1 m. down **Clwyd**, where the high road to **Denbigh** (2 m. off on left bank) crosses the river, **Lliwen** joins on left bank. **Lliwen** rises 8 m. above **Denbigh**, runs 1 m. S. of that town, and joins **Clwyd** 2 m. below. 3 m. down **Clwyd**, **Bodfari** being 1 m. off right bank, **Wheeler** joins on right bank. **Wheeler** rises above **Caerwys** station, runs thence to **Bodfari** 3 m., and **Clwyd** 1 m. 3 m. down **Clwyd**, at **Pont Llanerch**, **Trefnant** station being 1 m. off on right bank, **Bach**, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. **Clwyd** runs to **St. Asaph** 3 m. 2 m. below, **Elwy** joins on left bank. **Elwy**, under the name of **Oledwen**, rises some 3 m. above **Gwytherm**, 6 m. E. from **Llanrwst**, runs thence to **Llangerniwl**, 8 m. N.E. from **Llanrwst**, 6 m. Here the river takes the name of **Elwy**, and is joined on left bank by **Dyffryn-gallt**. This stream rises in **Llyn Chwyth** **Llyn** 3 m. N.E. of **Llanrwst**, and 3 m. down is joined on right bank by **Dyffryn**, 4 m. long, which is struck by the road to **Llanrwst** half-way down, 4 m. E. of **Llanrwst**. **Dyffryn** runs 2 m. to **Llangerniwl**. 2 m. below, **Fawnog**, which rises in **Llyn Fawnog** 5 m. E. of **Tal-y-Cafn**, and is 3 m. long, joins on left bank. **Elwy** runs 3 m., where it is joined on right bank by **Melan**, 6 m. long. **Elwy** runs 2 m. to **Llanfair Talhaiarn**, and 2 m. below is joined on right bank by **Aled**. **Aled** rises in **Llyn Aled** 8 m. across country S.E. of **Llanrwst**, or 11 m. by road S.W. of **Denbigh**. 1 m. down, a stream joins on right bank, draining **Llyn Nivelfrech** 1 m. up. 5 m. down **Aled**, 1 m. above **Llansannan**, 9 m. W. of **Denbigh**, **Hyrrd**, 4 m. long, joins on right bank. **Aled** runs to **Llansannan** 1 m., and here a stream joins on left bank, draining **Llyn Creinlog** 1 m. S.W. 2 m. down **Aled**, **Dennant**, 5 m. long, and running 2 m. E. of **Llansannan**, joins on right bank. **Aled** joins **Elwy** 4 m. down. **Elwy** runs 7 m., where **Merchion**, which runs by **Henllan** 3 m. S.W. of **Trefnant** and is 4 m. long, joins on right bank. **Elwy** runs 2 m. to **Pont-yr-allt-goch**, 1 m. from **Trefnant**, and **St. Asaph** 2 m. 2 m. below, **Elwy** joins **Clwyd**. **Clwyd** runs to **Rhyddlan** 1 m., and 1 m. below **Helyg** joins on right bank. **Helyg** rises in **Llyn Helyg**, 5 m. E. of **St. Asaph**, or 3 m. N. of **Caerwys**, runs to **Diserth** 5 m., and **Rhyddlan** and **Clwyd** 3 m. 1 m. down **Clwyd**, **Gele** joins on left bank. **Gele** rises 3 m. above **Abergele**, and joins **Clwyd** 4 m. below. **Clwyd** joins the sea 3 m. down at **Rhyl**. See fishing poor. *Hotel: Westminster.*
- Rhymney** (Glamorgan).—L. & N.W.R. Rumney; trout, salmon; preserved. (See *Cardiff*.) (c.s.)
- Rose Bush** (Pembroke).—G.W.R. Martel brook. Syfyntf. (See *Haverfordwest*.) *Gwaen* (3 m.). (c.s. *Cleddau*.) (See *Fishguard*.)
- Rosemarket** (Pembroke).—G.W.R. Rosemarket brook. (See *New Milford*.)
- Rossit** (Denbigh).—G.W.R. Alyn; trout. (c.s. *Dee*.) (See *Chester, Holt*.) *Pulford brook*, 1 m. N.E.
- Rusbon** (Denbigh).—G.W.R. Dee, 1 m. S.; salmon, trout, chub, pike. (c.s.) *Lakes Wynnstay Park, ½ m. S.E. (See Chester.)*
- Ruthin** (Denbigh).—L. & N.W.R. Clwyd; trout, salmon. (c.s.) Clywedog, 2½ m. W. **Cyffylliog** brook, 2½ m. W. (See *Rhyl*.) Alyn, 5 m. S.E., at **Llanarmon**; trout. (c.s. *Dee*.) *Lakes: Cyfflwyny, 7 m. S.E. (See Chester.)*
- Saundersfoot** (Pembroke).—G.W.R. Carew brook. (See *Carew*.)
- Scafell** (Montgomery).—C.R. Severn. Hafren. *Lakes: Fachwen pool* (2 m.). (c.s. *Severn*.) (See *Gloucester*.)
- Selattyn**.—Near here is a large lake with plenty of fish. The lake lies to the south of the river Dee, which runs near the village. (c.s.)
- Snowdon Ranger** (Carnarvon).—Gwrfa; 1 m. N.W.; trout, salmon. (c.s. *Seiont*.)

- Lakes:** Cwellyn; trout, char; free to hotel visitors. Llyn-y-dywarebeir, 2 m. S.W.; private. Glas, 3 m. E.; private. Goch, 3 m. E.; private. Llyn-y-nadroed, 3 m. E.; private. Ffynnon-y-gwas, 3 m. E.; private. Llyn-y-gader, 3 m. S. *Hotel:* Snowdon Ranger. (*See Llanwnda.*)
- Solva** (Pembroke).—(n.s. **Haverfordwest**, 14 m.). Solva brook, 9 m. long.
- St. Asaph** (Flint).—L. & N.W.R. Clwyd; salmon, trout; preserved for some distance. (c.s.) Elwy; salmon, trout. (c.s.) Helyg, 5 m. E. *Lakes:* Junction pond. Helyg, 5 m. E. *Hotel:* Plough (*see Advertisement*). (*See Rhyl; Llanfair-Talhaiarn.*)
- St. Clear's** (Caermarthen).—G.W.R. Taf; trout, salmon. (c.s. *Towey*.) Gynin; trout, sewin. Dewi; trout. Cojer (3 m.). Cywyn (3 m.). (*See Laugharne.*) *Hotel:* Globe, where fishing can be had.
- St. David's** (Pembroke).—(N.s. **Haverfordwest**, 18 m.). Allan (6 m. long); trout; fishing free and poor, and sea fishing poor.
- St. Fagan's** (Glamorgan).—L. & N.W.R. Ely; trout, sewin; preserved by Taff and Ely Fishing Association; s.t. 25s., d.t. 2s. (c.s. *Taff*). (*See Cardiff.*)
- St. Ishmael's** (Pembroke).—(n.s. **Milford**, 5 m.). $\frac{1}{4}$ m. E. runs Mullock brook (trout), 6 m. long, joining the sea at Dale Road.
- St. Harmon** (Radnor).—C.R. (c.s.) Marteg; trout. Wye; trout (4 m.). Dulas (4 m.). Ithon; trout (8 m.). *Lakes:* Fish pool (4 m.). (*See Chepstow, England.*)
- St. Mark's** (Flint).—L. & N.W.R. Wepre brook, 1 m. S.E. This stream is 6 m. long.
- Strata Florida** (Cardigan).—M. & M.R. Teifi; salmon, trout. Glasfrwd. Rhuest. Marchnant (1 m.). Egnant (2 m.). Mwyro (2 m.). Ffiar (2 m.). Gwyddyl (3 m.). (c.s. *Teifi*). (*See Cardigan.*) *Towey* (5 m.). (*See Caermarthen.*) (c.s.) Clearwen (6 m.). Figen (7 m.). Brwynog (7 m.). (*See Chepstow.*) *Lakes:* Teifi (3 m.), trout. Ifer (3 m.), trout. Egnant (3 m.), trout. Gron (3 m.), trout. y-Gorlan (3 m.), trout. Crugnant (4 m.), trout. (The fishing in the above lakes is sometimes very good; they belong to the Crown and Lord Lisborn.) Gorast (4 m.). Fyrdryn-fach (7 m.). Du (7 m.). Gynon (7 m.), trout. Fyrdryn-fawr ($\frac{1}{4}$ m.). Figen-felan (8 m.).
- Swansea** (Glamorgan).—G.W.R.; L. & N.W.R. Tawe. Tawe rises 6 m. above **Penwyllt**, and 2 m. down is joined on right bank by a stream which drains Llyn Fan-fawr (n.s. **Penwyllt**, 5 m.). 2 m. down Tawe, near **Penwyllt**, Byfre, 4 m. long, joins on left bank. $\frac{1}{4}$ m. down Tawe, Hafys, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. 3 m. down Tawe, Llech, which rises 3 m. N.E. of **Colbren**, runs within 1 m. N. of the station, joins Tawe 1 m. down. Tawe runs 4 m., and is joined on right bank by Glaid. Glaid rises in Cefn rhudd (it can be reached from **Penwyllt** in 6 m. by taking the Hafys valley and crossing due W. from the head of the stream), and 6 m. down is joined on left bank by Cyw, 3 m. long (n.s. **Ystal-y-fera**, 5 m.). 2 m. down is Tawe, which runs to **Ystal-y-fera**, 3 m. Here Twrch joins on right bank. Twrch rises 7 m. above **Gwys**, and at that place is joined on left bank by Gwyog, 6 m. long. Twrch joins Tawe 3 m. down. Tawe runs to **Tyn-y-geinon** 2 m., **Pont-ar-dawe** 3 m., **Glais** 3 m. Here Clydach, 4 m. long, joins on right bank. Tawe runs to **Morriston** 3 m. and **Landore** 3 m. Here Ffyndrod, 3 m. long, joins on left bank. Tawe runs to **Swansea** and the sea in 3 m.
- Talgarth** (Brecon).—C.R. Llyfni. Enig. Dulais brook. Rhiangoll; trout. Treffrdw (2 m.). (*See Chepstow.*) Grwyne; trout (6 m.).
- Tally Road** (Caermarthen).—L. & N.W.R. *Towey*; salmon, sewin, trout; fishing free. (c.s.) Dulas. Taliaris (3 m.). *Lakes:* Taliaris ($\frac{3}{4}$ m.). (*See Caermarthen.*) Tally lakes (6 m.). Cothi (10 m.). Gorlech (10 m.).
- Talsarn** (Carnarvon).—Ayrton; trout, salmon, sewin. *Hotel:* Vale of Ayrton, where fishing can be had.
- Talsarnan** (Merioneth).—C.R. Caerwyth. Caerwyth rises in Llyn Caerwyth, 3 m. E. (good trout), and, 2 m. down, is joined on left bank by a stream, 1 m. long, draining Llyn-y-Fedw, 3 m. S.E. of **Talsarnan**. Caerwyth runs to the estuary in 2 m. Close to its debouchure a stream joins on right bank, draining Llyn Teowyn isaf, 3 m. N.E. Llyn Dywarehen, 3 m. E. Llyn Eiddew fach, 3 m. E.; good trout. Llyn Eiddew-mawr, 3 m. E.; trout. Llyn Fedw, 3 m. E.; trout. Llyn Graiddwrwg, 4 m. E. (*See Barmouth.*)
- Tal-y-Bont** (Brecon).—B. & M.R. Usk; salmon, trout; preserved; salmon and trout rod licences 20s. and 1s., from the railway station. Alwynd. Dyfferyn (3 m.). Hogwy ($\frac{1}{4}$ m.). (*See Usk, Newport.*) (c.s.) *Lakes:* Llyfni (2 m.). Llangorse lake (4 m.); pike, perch, &c. (*See Chepstow, England.*)
- Tal-y-Cafn** (Carnarvon).—L. & N.W.R. Conway; salmon, trout. (c.s.) Hiraethlyn, 1 m. E. Ro, 2 m. S.W., at Llanbedr. Dalyn, 3 m. S.W. Porth-lwyd, 4 m. S.W. Fawnog, 5 m. E. *Lakes:* Siberi, 1 m. S. Fawnog, 5 m. E. (*See Conway; Rhyl.*)
- Tal-y-Llyn** (Corris, B.S.O.) (Merioneth), n.s. **Abergwynolwyn**, $\frac{3}{4}$ m. Dysynni; trout; fishing by season or weekly tickets, to be had at the hotel. *Lakes:* Tal-y-Llyn; trout; fishing good; boats at hotel. Llyn Cau, 3 m. N.; good trout. Llyn Trigrallenyn, 4 m. N.E. *Hotel:* Tyn-y-Cornel. (*See Tyn-y-Cornel.*) (c.s. *Dovey.*)
- Tal-y-Llyn Junction** (Brecon).—Usk (2 m.); salmon, trout. Mehascia (2 m.). (*See Newport.*) (c.s.) *Lakes:* Llyfni. Llangorse (1 m.); pike, perch, &c. (*See Chepstow, England.*)
- Tan-y-Bwlch** (Merioneth).—F.R. (*See Maentwrog.*) *Hotel:* Tan-y-Bwlch.
- Tan-y-Gristiau** (Merioneth).—F.R. Dwyryd; trout; free. Orthan. Ddu. Bywydd, 1 m. E. *Lakes:* Llyn-cwm-orthan, 1 m. N.W. Reservoir, 1 m. S.W. Coch, 2 m. N.W. Trwystyllon, 2 m. S.W. Reservoir, 3 m. N. Conglog, 3 m. N.W. Clogwyn, 3 m. N.W.

- Y-Adar, 3 m. N.W. Llagi, 3½ m. N.W. Biswail, 3 m. N.W. Llynian-diffwys, 3 m. N.W. Cwm-y-foel, 3 m. N.W. (See *Portmadoc, Penrhyndeudraeth*.)
- Templeton** (Pembroke).—G.W.B. Carn (1½ m.) (See *Loveston*.)
- Tenby**.—(See *Llandilo*.)
- Tenby** (Pembroke).—G.W.B. Good sea fishing here. Pollack and bass near *Caddy* and the Woodhouse rocks. *Hotel*: Royal Gate House.
- Three Cocks Junction** (Brecon).—G.W.B. Llyfni. Wye (1 m.) (c.s.) *Hotel*: Three Cocks. Wye is preserved, but the landlord can often get leave for his guests. (See *Chepstow, England*.)
- Tondu** (Glamorgan).—G.W.B. Ogmere and Llynvi; trout. (c.s.) (See *Bridgend*.)
- Torpaulan** (Brecon).—B. & M.E. Alwynd. (See *Newport*.)
- Towyn** (Merioneth).—G.W.B.; L. & N.W.R. Dysynni, 2 m. N.; salmon, sewin, trout; d.t. 1s. Dysynni rises in Llyn Cau, on the S. slopes of Cader Idris, 3 m. N. from **Tal-y-Llyn**, and 1 m. down, at Minfordd Inn (fair quarters), is joined on left bank by a stream 3 m. long rising in Llyn Trigraenyn, 4 m. S.E. of **Dolgelly**, and 4 m. N.E. of **Tal-y-Llyn**. Dysynni runs 1 m. to Llyn Tal-y-Llyn, 1 m. long, at the lower end of which is Tyn-y-Cornel and **Tal-y-Llyn**. Dysynni runs 3 m. to **Abergwynolwyn**, where Gwynolwyn, 3 m. long, joins on left bank. 2 m. down Dysynni a brook joins on right bank, 4 m. long. Dysynni runs to Pont-y-Garth, 2 m., 2 m. N.W. from **Dolgoch**, runs 4 m. to Pont-Dysynni, 1 m. N.W. of **Rhyd-y-onnen**; here Fefinder joins on left bank. Fefinder rises 1 m. above **Dolgoch**, runs 2 m. to **Erynglas** and Dysynni, 2 m. Dysynni runs to **Towyn**, 1 m., and sea, 1 m. (c.s. *Dovey*.)
- Traed-y-rhiw** (Glamorgan).—T.V.B. Taff; salmon, trout. (c.s.) (See *Cardiff*.)
- Trawes Goed** (Cardigan).—G.W.B. Wyrail, 3 m. S.W. (c.s. *Telf*). (See *Llanrhytyd*.)
- Trawsfynydd** (Merioneth).—G.W.B. Prysor. (c.s. *Dovey*.) Harfar, 2 m. E. *Lakes*: Rhythlyn, 3 m. N.E. Gelli-gain, 3 m. S.E. Y-graig-wen, 4 m. N.E. Conglog fach and fawr, 5 m. N.E. Dubach, 5 m. N.E. Y-Garn, 5 m. N.E. (See *Penrhyndeudraeth; Barmouth*.)
- Trefelinon** (Brecon).—O.R. Llyfni. Cwm brook (1 m.) (See *Chepstow, England*.)
- Treforest** (Glamorgan).—T.V.B. Taff; salmon, trout. (c.s.) (See *Cardiff*.)
- Trefnant** (Denbigh).—L. & N.W.R. Olwyd, 7 m. E.; salmon, trout. (c.s.) Bach, 1 m. E. Elwy, 1 m. W.; salmon, trout. (c.s.) Merchion, 3 m. S.W. (See *Rhyll*.)
- Trefriw** (Carnarvon).—N.S. **Llanrwt**, 1 m. Conway; salmon, sewin, trout; tickets at hotel for the Gwydyr fishery (for terms see **Llanrwt**). (c.s.) Crafnant; trout. Ddu, 2 m. W.; trout. Port-lwyd, 5 m. N.; trout. *Lakes*: Crafnant, 3 m. S.W.; trout; boats Geirionydd, 3 m. S.W.; polluted. *Hotels*: Belle Vue, Ship. (See *Conway*.)
- Tregaron** (Cardigan).—M. & M.B. Telf; trout, salmon. *Hotel*: Talbot. Telf is preserved, but the landlord can sometimes obtain leave for the Garth Game Farm waters near Pont Llanio. April, May, and June are the best months. (c.s.) Nant-y-Groes. Camddwr (2 m.). Fulbrook (2 m.). Berwyn (2 m.). Doethlan (5 m.). Aaron, 4 m. W. Telwyn, 4 m. W. *Lakes*: Maes Llyn (2 m.). Berwyn (5 m.); good trouting, although the tributaries suffer greatly from netting. Fanod, 6 m. N.W. Eiddwen, 7 m. N.W. (See *Cardigan, Caernarthen, Aberaeron*). (c.s. *Telf*.)
- Treherbert** (Glamorgan).—T.V.B. Rhondda; trout. (See *Cardiff*). (c.s. *Taff*.)
- Trevor** (Denbigh).—G.W.B. Dee; trout, grayling, salmon, chub, pike. (c.s.) (See *Chester*.)
- Ty-Croes** (Anglesea).—(See *Aberffraw*.) Origyll; trout, sea trout; preserved by the landlord of the hotel. Origyll rises in a lake by Gwalchmai, 5 m. N.E. from **Ty-Croes**. 2 m. down, at Llanbeulan, a short stream joins on left bank, draining Llyn Strydan 4 m. N.E. of **Ty-Croes**. Origyll runs 3 m. to **Ty-Croes**. 1 m. down is Llyn Maelog, which is watered by a stream running through Ty-Croes and out into Origyll; good trouting early in the season; preserved by landlord of the Maelog Lake Hotel (see *Advertisements*). After leaving the lake, Origyll runs ½ m., where Caradog, 9 m. long, joins on right bank. Just below the junction is the estuary. At Llangefni a lot of salmon run up during the autumn floods. The lake owned by the Valley Hotel contains plenty of perch, eels, and *S. fontinalis*. On the coast, bass, bream, and pollack can be had, either from the rocks or boats.
- Tylwch** (Montgomery).—O.R. Tylwch. Dulas (2½ m.) (c.s. *Severn*). (See *Gloucester*.)
- Tyn-y-Groes** (Merioneth).—N.S. **Dolgelly**, 4 m. Mawddach; trout, sewin; d.t. 2s. 6d., m.t. 10s. 6d., at hotel. (c.s. *Dovey*.) Camlan, ½ m. N.; good trouting. Eden, 1 m. N. Gain, 3 m. N. Ddu, 4 m. N. Unlon, 4 m. S. Geirw, 6 m. N.E. *Lakes*: Pen-y-ganllwyd, 3 m. N. Llyn-y-Frau, 4 m. N.W. Llyn-y-bi, 5 m. N.W. Ddu, 7 m. N.W.; many small trout. Pryvyd, 9 m. N.; good trouting. Twrgla, 9 m. N. *Hotel*: Tyn-y-groes. (See *Barmouth*.)
- Tyr-Phil** (Glamorgan).—L. & N.W.R. Bumney; trout, salmon; preserved. (See *Cardiff*). (c.s.)
- Valley Station** (Anglesea).—L. & N.W.R. Alaw, 3 m. N.E.; trout. Alaw rises 1 m. W. of **Llanerchymedd**, runs 9 m. to Llantrisant, Llanfaban 2 m., and 1 m. below is joined on left bank by a stream 3 m. long, which drains Llyn Llywfan 5 m. N.E. from **Valley Station**. 1 m. down Alaw a stream, 7 m. long, joins on right bank. Just below, Alaw meets the estuary. *Lakes*: Trefias, 2 m. S.E. Penryn-Ceryg-gwylanod, 3 m. S.E. Treffwll, 3 m. S.E. (See *Llanfaethlu*.)
- Walnut Tree** (Glamorgan).—T.V.B. Taff; salmon, trout. (c.s.) (See *Cardiff*.)
- Walwyns Castle** (Pembroke).—N.S. Johnston, 4 m.). Ricketon brook (trout), which joins Milford Haven 4 m. down.

- Welshpool** (Montgomery).—C.B. Severn; trout, salmon, chub, dace. *Sylvan brook.*
Lakes: Maesmawr pond (5 m. N.W.). Llyn Du (6 m. N.W.) (See Llanfair, Can-Office, Gloucester.) (c.s. Severn.)
- Whitland** (Caermarthen).—G.W.B. Taf; trout, salmon. (*c.s. Towy.*) Whitland, fishing free. Lease (1 m.). Marlas (1½ m.). Feni (3 m., free trouting). Garnas brook (5 m.) (*See Laugharne, Cromware.*) *Hotel: Yelverton Arms.*
- Wrexham** (Denbigh).—G.W.B.; L. & N.W.B. Wrexham brook. Olywedog, 1 m. S.E. Dee, 5 m. S.E.; salmon, pike, chub. (*c.s.*) *Lakes: Mawr-y-Mynydd, 7 m. W. (See Chester.)*
- Yays** (Carnarvon).—C.B. Dwyfach: trout, sewin, salmon. (*c.s.*) (*See Orisletth.*)
- Ynys-y-geinon** (Glamorgan).—G.W.B.; L. & N.W.B. Tawe. (*See Swansea.*)
- Ystal-y-fera** (Glamorgan).—G.W.B.; L. & N.W.B. Tawe. Twrch. (*See Swansea.*)
- Ystrad** (Glamorgan).—G.W.B. Cowbridge river or Thaw; trout. (*See Cowbridge.*)
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AFRICA.

Cape of Good Hope.—Very good sea-fishing in Table Bay. Nearly all the Cape fish take pieces of fish, mackerel being preferred. A very convenient bait for the smaller fish is got in the harbour of Simon's Bay, as well as, in a different form, in many parts of False Bay. It is found by means of three large hooks tied back to back and leaded, which are then gently dragged along the bottom; they soon stick in a lump of the bait, called "red bait," and composed of a number of cells, in appearance like transparent india-rubber, of a light colour, and not difficult to cut; the bait is inside these cells. The snook (*Thrysitis atun*, Cuv. and Val.), which appears in vast multitudes at the commencement of summer, and continues till long into autumn, is something of the shape of the pike, and even more ravenous. They attack anything moving; thus they are easily caught with a piece of prepared shark skin, cut in eight or nine strips four inches long and one-eighth of an inch broad. At one end they are tied and wound on a thin piece of lead, having a small hole for the brass wire which is attached to the hook to pass through. The strips of skin, when in their place, fall over the hook, which is generally made of brass, the shank being quite straight, about three inches long, and the bend of the same shape as a common scythe, the barb also being filed off. On the head of the shark-skin arrangement a lead rests, the brass wires also passing through it. This lead is of the shape of a sugar loaf and about three inches long by one in diameter at the thickest part, tapering to half that thickness. The best fishing at the Cape is fishing with a twenty-foot long salmon rod, from the rocks at Kalk Bay, the fashionable watering-place of Cape Town. The fish caught are red and white steenbras up to 45lb., kabeljauws up to 35lb., and sharks. The best time for this fishing is from September to March—in fact, during the snook season.

Diamond Fields.—The Vaal and Modder Rivers afford excellent sport. Principal fish, the "barba," a kind of silurus, which attains an immense size, and the yellow fish, which also runs large. The barba feeds principally by night, but may occasionally be caught by day, fishing on the bottom, and baiting with small fish. The yellow fish will take both worms and paste freely, fly occasionally, and is a game fish; the larger ones would probably take an artificial minnow. Both the barba and yellow fish are good eating, though the latter is rather bony. Tackle should be taken out from England, including strong gimp for the barba, and plenty of sound gut for the yellow fish.

Mogador.—Here and at the other ports along the coasts there is good sea-fishing when the surf permits. The numerous rivers of Morocco mostly contain the shebbel, or Barbary salmon, and also many tortoises, which the angler will find troublesome.

Natal.—There is very good sport to be obtained in the large Natal rivers, such as the Umgeni and Umkomanzi. Both these take their rise in the great Drakensberg Range, and after a course of between 150 and 200 miles debouch into the Indian Ocean; the former above, the latter below Durban. The Umgeni is a slow river compared to the Umkomanzi; good fishing both above and below the Falls. The Umkomanzi (Upper) is a fine rapid stream, with here and there long level reaches; a sandy and pebbly bottom (no mud). The fish consist of chiefly one or two sorts of barbel, roach, perch, and others. The fishing season is from September to the middle of April, during the summer or rainy season; the best time from early morning to 11 a.m., and again before sundown. After a good freshet, when the water is slightly discoloured, fish bite freely. Use ground bait, strong line with gimp hook. The rod must be strong, as the banks in many places are high and precipitous, affording no place to play and land a fish; so you must lift them out at once. Be careful not to fish too deep, because of the rocky bottom. The fish will not rise to flies. The mouths of small streams and gluts debouching into the Umkomanzi are favourite fishing spots. The Inwardini, a small and very winding river, flowing into the Umkomanzi, about thirty-six miles above Pietermaritzburg, has small but very sweet fish, averaging from 1lb. to 2lb. Fishing can be got here when they will not bite in the larger rivers; fishing can also be got close to town in the Umsumduse. Houses there are none in this part, but any settler will be only too glad to entertain yourself and horse for the night.

AMERICA.

General Information.—The flies should not be too large, and the gaudy Irish are best. Red and orange and green bodies are the most killing, both with trout and salmon. These are good: a blood-red body, ditto hackle, white wing, and gold twist; this, in different sizes, kills salmon, white trout, and brown trout. The other is, for salmon, a bright green body, ribbed with gold, dun hackle, teal and golden pheasant topping mixed for wing. The same fly answers for trout, taking off the wing, and leaving it a palmer. Of trolling tackle take some of extra large size. The best time to fish for salmon in the Canadian rivers is June—Halifax and Nova Scotia being somewhat earlier. The fishing in Halifax, Nova Scotia, and Prince Edward's Island is remarkably good; the Gold River is one of the best. The Ristigouche, at the head of the Bay of Chaleurs, is also good. In the country about the head waters of the St. John's River trout run large. The best fishing is in the St. Anne's. The trout run larger in it than in any other stream in Canada. There is an Indian village named Rawdon, about forty miles north of Montreal. The Indians will conduct you to a series of lakes full of brown trout, and the large *Salmo ferox*. At Plattsburg (the Saranac river there empties itself into the Champlain Lake) ascend the Saranac some thirty miles, or go back about forty miles from the Champlain, to a lake called Chateaugay, you will find a district of from fifty to sixty square miles, reaching down to Lake George; it is full of rivers and lakes. Independent of the lakes there is admirable trolling in the St. Lawrence, from Montreal to Lake Ontario, especially about the Thousand Islands, for bass, pike, and muskellunge, and also in the great lakes, where the latter fish run to an enormous size. The bass at times takes a red or yellow fly readily. The best bass fishing is about the Thousand Islands. St. Paul's or Bradore, on the Esquimaux river, is a good locality.

There is ready access from Montreal to the Memphramagog Lake, which contains plenty of the large lake trout. The river that runs out of this lake is admirable about the middle of June. The fishing in Florida is good, but there is little variety. The black bass is the best, and will take a fly well, they run to 15lb. and 20lb. The devil fish is found in nearly all the bays of the Gulf of Mexico. There is good sport spearing them from a canoe. The flies best suited to the Godabout and most of the small rapid rivers to the north of the Gulf of St. Lawrence are plain, but largish brown, black, and grey hackles. There is fair trout fishing in Maine.

Salmon are plentiful in the rivers in the North of California, and the sea-fishing good. Through Idaho Territory flows Salmon River, containing a great abundance of salmon which may be fished to advantage near a small mining town called Florence. Plenty of trout and red fish may also be caught. There is capital fishing in the Adirondacks. Lake Pleasant, Cedar lakes, Morse lake, are amongst the best, but there are great numbers. At Lake Pleasant is an hotel; the landlord will supply guides and all necessities.

The islands along the coast of the United States, such as West Island, Cuttyhunk, and the large group of the Elizabeth Islands, chief among which is Pasque Island, a few miles from New Bedford (eastward and joining Martha's Vineyard), have club-houses on them, and afford the finest salt-water angling. The principal game fishes are the striped bass, weakfish, and bluefish, besides porgies, tautog, sea bass, flukes, and flounders.

A set of clothing for winter and summer is necessary. For the latter, stout twilled unbleached linen is good; for the former, velveteens and corduroys are good, not forgetting waterproof and a good pilot coat for boat work. In camping out, all unnecessary incumbrances should be avoided; and, in packing, it is as well to class things under different heads, such as "Daily wanted," "Occasionally wanted," "Necessary, but seldom wanted." These should occupy different boxes. Hammocks are indispensable; rugs are better than blankets. All the cooking utensils should have long handles.

An expedition to the wilds is expensive. If alone you require two Indians. It is almost impossible for two men to fish from the same canoe. It is necessary to take tea, rice, bacon, biscuits, and flour. In engaging Indians go to the village and call on the chief, make him a little present, and tell him what men you want, and promise to give him another present if they behave well. Trouting is free generally, salmon fishing mostly taken up.

CANADA.

General Information.—The Saguenay River contains plenty of salmon and sea trout. The salmon ascend the Ste. Marguerite, the Little Saguenay (or Beaver), the St. John, and they remain some time just above tide water, and rise well. The sea trout do not enter the smaller rivers until late in the autumn, with the exception of the Ste. Marguerite. The sea trout take the scarlet ibis and red palmer well. It is said the Saguenay is more free of "fly" than any other stream in Canada. In proceeding from the Saguenay along the northern shore we pass the Escoumins, Portneuf, Betsiamites, Outardes, Manacougan, Goodabout, Truty, St. Margaret, Moisie, Mingan, and Esquimaux, all containing salmon. There are a very few streams in Upper Canada where fly-fishing is to be had, owing to the drift wood. Lower Canada is far better. The lakes near Quebec and the rivers in the eastern townships afford good trouting. The fishing is best early in spring and late in autumn, unless you are impervious to black flies. The best place for taking muskellunge is the river Severn, which flows into the

Georgian Bay, and in one or two small lakes in the Indian territory to the east of the river. They take the spoon well. There are fair quarters at the village of Oredia on the Severn, at a place called Welshpool or Sparrow Lake. There is good black bass fishing here, the muskellunge ground being about five miles lower down the river. There are many trout at Sault St. Marie. Ordinary Scotch flies kill well; "Jock Scott," silver doctor, dusty miller, and the butcher are good. Local flies are plain ones, tied with dark turkey or mallard wings, with a bit of blue in the shoulders; bodies and hackle varied according to size and colour of the water. Grey, black, and claret all kill in turn. Generally speaking, there is no free fishing in Canada. The fisheries are held by the lessees of the Crown or the riparian owners. Rivers are often to be rented, or rods to let for a time. The principal rivers on the south side of the Gulf of St. Lawrence are the York, Cascapédias (2), Metapédias, Restigouche, Miramichi, Nepisiguit; on the north side, Marguerite (rented), Godabout, Moysie, Romaine, Natynguan, and Mingan. Those on the south side are most accessible. To reach the north rivers arrangements must be made to hire from Gaspé or Rimonski. In the Jupiter river Anticosti Island is excellent salmon fishing. For all the rivers two canoe-men for each rod, and a cook for the whole party, are necessary. Good men are obtainable at most of the stations, and by many, Indians are preferred. Tents are necessary. Pork, molasses, tea, and flour are essentials. Preserved soups and vegetables are very portable. All pots and pans should have long handles; and don't forget an axe and an auger. The Government overseers are very civil and obliging, and are ever willing to afford the stranger every possible information. The first fish that ascend the Miramichi in the spring are the gaspereaux, or alewives; they come up in immense shoals about the middle of May, poking along close to the banks. After depositing their spawn these fish return to the sea in the month of June. Immediately after the gaspereaux the sea trout run. Salmon commence to come into the river about June 1, and continue till August. July is the best month for fly-fishing. Small-sized flies kill best on all the New Brunswick waters. The following are good:—1. One turn gold tinsel; one ditto orange floss silk; tail, golden pheasant top; body, very dark claret pig's wool, ribbed with gold tinsel; hackle, two small bright claret hackles; wing, dark brown mallard or turkey, mixed with a little wood duck, and two sprigs blue and red macaw; head, black ostrich. 2. One turn silver tinsel; two ditto black ostrich; tail, mixed wood duck, mallard, and flamingo; body, light grey pig's wool, ribbed with silver tinsel; hackle, two dark grey mottled cock's hackles; shoulder, one turn bright red hackle; wing, mixed wood duck, mallard, and guinea fowl, with two sprigs blue and red macaw; head, ostrich.

Some sixty miles from Fredericton the road crosses from the right to the left bank of the S.W. Miramichi. The main river here is too wide and sluggish; but further on the road crosses two tributaries, the Renous and Dungarvon—capital salmon streams. A few miles above the town of Newcastle the road crosses the north-west branch of the Miramichi, a large and deep river, rich in fish. Shad, too, are abundant; also trout. Further on is the town of Chatham. Twenty miles beyond Chatham is a wayside inn, situate on a noted trout stream. The best pools are eight or ten miles down stream. There is no road, and not water enough to float a canoe. Flies cannot stand the full blaze of the sun, neither do they like a breeze of wind; therefore, the more open and exposed the situation, the better for a fisherman's camp. A veil fastened round the crown of a broad-brimmed hat, and round the neck, with elastic bands, and kept clear of the face by means of hoops like a crinoline, is an assistance. Of unguents several are used, the cleanest being the least effective, the dirtiest the most so. Mixtures of penny-royal and almond oil, and of oil of tar and turpentine in equal parts, are of some use; but creosote mixed with grease is the best. Carbollised oil is also good. It is a rare occurrence to raise a salmon in the Tabucintac, but the trout fishing is as near perfection as possible. Another twenty-mile stage, and you reach the Nepisiguit. At its mouth is the little town of Bathurst; remain at the hotel kept by a Mr. Weiberg. The Nepisiguit is probably one of the most accessible rivers in North America. Twenty miles from the sea, salmon are stopped in their ascent by the falls. The angling of the whole river is divided into four sections. The lower section of the Nepisiguit extends some six or eight miles from the mouth, and includes the "rough waters"—a series of beautiful ledgy pools. In the early part of the season—viz., the last of June and first of July—this section is the best on the river. Next comes the "Pabineau." This section comprises the Pabineau Falls. The next section is the "Chain of Rocks;" this is very good at a certain pitch of water, and generally near the end of the season. The Grand Falls is a lovely spot. There is some cramped casting on the river; but no long casts to speak of. The extreme clearness of the water necessitates fine tackle and small flies, particularly at the falls. The Frenchmen on the river are capital fellows. Their tariff is a dollar and a quarter a day, and they furnish their own canoes. The best part of the Nepisiguit is now in private hands. July is the best month for the Nepisiguit; the flies should be small and dark. The following fly is killing: Body, black mohair, ribbed with fine gold twist, black hackle, very dark mallard wing, a narrow tip of orange silk, small golden pheasant's crest for tail. A rich claret body, with dark mixed wing and tail, claret hackle, and a few fibres of jay at the shoulder, is also good. Small grey-bodied flies ribbed with silver, grey legs, and a mixed wing of wood-duck and golden pheasant, kills well. A good grilse fly is of a primrose body with black head, and tip and wing of golden pheasant tippet. These flies kill anywhere in New Brunswick. Two little rivers run into Bathurst Bay and are both on the fence list. One of them, the Tête-à-gouche

is dammed two miles from the mouth; but a ladder has been constructed. When there is enough water, it sometimes affords good sport. From Bathurst northwards to Restigouche, the Intercolonial Railway follows the shore of the Bay of Chaleurs, crossing numbers of little rivers of more or less interest to the trout-fisher, but only two salmon streams, Jaquet and Charlo. Both have been shamefully over-fished. Sixty miles from Bathurst, we come to the head of the Bay of Chaleurs, to the little town of Dalhousie. As we run up on the New Brunswick side of the Restigouche we see opposite to us the mouth of Escuminac, where there is capital sea-trout fishing, and a few miles farther on reach Cambelon, where the real river commences. For twenty miles above Cambelon the main stream is rather large to be fished comfortably. The first good pool is at the mouth of Upsalquitch, and for thirty or forty miles above that again there is plenty of nice fishing water, about the best of which is at the mouth of Patapediac. In choosing men to accompany them anglers cannot do better than select noted spearsers; these men are necessarily splendid canoers, and well acquainted with the haunts of the fish. Both lumbermen and Indians can always be hired with their canoes for one dollar per diem, or rather less if engaged by the month. Prefer the latter; they talk less and do more. The Upsalquitch, a tributary of the Restigouche, is itself a large river, and full of likely pools. The fish are smaller than in the main river or any of the other tributaries, but take the fly freely. It is at present rented by an American gentleman. At the head of this stream a portage of two miles enables the voyager to put his canoe on the Nepisiguit, from whence he can either go down that river to the sea, or by another short portage go on to Tobique river, and from thence to St. John. So also at the head of the main Restigouche there is another short portage to the St. John. The water of the Restigouche being very clear, and the casting heavy, the fisherman must combine a powerful rod with tolerably fine tackle. The flies are a trifle larger than those used on Nepisiguit* and Miramichi. The subjoined advertisement has recently appeared:—"V.E.—Salmon Angling. Department of Marine and Fisheries, Fisheries Branch, Ottawa, Dec. 31, 1879. Written offers will be received to April 1 next, for the Angling Privileges of the following rivers: North Shore—Kegashka, Wataheeshoo, Washeecootal, Romaine, Musquarro, Pashasheeboc, Cornelle, Agwanus, Magpie, Trout, St. Marguerite, Pentecost, Mistassini, Becschie; Baie des Chaleurs—Little Cascapedia, Nouvelle, Escumenac; Malbaie (near Perce); South Shore—Magdalen, Montlouis; New Brunswick—Tobique, Nashwaak, Jaquet, Charlo; Anticosti Island—Jupiter, Salmon. Rent per annum to be stated: payable in advance. Leases to run for from one to five years. Lessees to employ guardians at private cost. By order, W. F. Whitther, Commissioner of Fisheries."

Bathurst.—Inter-Colonial Railway. On Nepisiguit. Salmon. There are twenty miles of salmon water, divided into several sections. The lowest near Bathurst is Rough Waters. The fishing is all taken up, but fishing can often be leased on application to the Bathurst Fishing Club.

Bytown.—Hire a canoe and fish in the Rideau Canal. There is admirable trolling for pike and muskelunge.

Halifax.—The Sackville river flows into the head of the basin. It is a fine salmon and trout stream. About fifteen miles away are some beautiful lakes. You can easily arrange to lodge at a farmhouse in the neighbourhood. The trout-fishing is first-rate. There is salmon fishing in the neighbourhood. Sea fishing very good.

Lennoxville.—Some 95 miles from Montreal on the Grand Trunk line. There is good trouting in the Massawippi and St. Francis rivers, which join here.

Metapediac (New Brunswick).—Inter-Colonial Railway. On Metapediac. Salmon, trout. There is a good hotel here, where capital sport can be had for a dollar a day. The Metapediac has a course of sixty miles from a large lake in Rimouski, Lower Canada. About thirty miles from the head of Chaleurs Bay is the Cascapediac, a large stream holding very large fish. The whole district of Gaspé is intersected by streams full of salmon and sea trout; amongst the largest are the Bonaventure, the Malbaie, and the Magdalene.

Mill Village (Nova Scotia).—There is a good hotel here, and fair free fishing also at Greenfield, where lodgings can be had at a farm. A guide is necessary.

Quebec.—Near here is the Jacques-Cartier, a fair river, when in condition; the salmon run large. A good plan is to take a boat down the St. Lawrence, fishing the rivers that run into it. The first river is the Malbay; the fishing is nothing particular. The next stream is the Saguenay. It is remarkable for its depth. Good sport is to be had in all the tributaries of this stream. The Escomagh is a most excellent river for salmon and white trout. White trout fishing in Canada is confined to the mouths of the streams in the ebb and flow of the tide. The best fishing is about five miles up, in a large pool under a fall. The Port Neuf is the next river. It is a good-looking stream, but not worth much. There is a good pool about a mile up the river. About thirty miles farther down are the Bustard and Mainscougan rivers. The fishing is very good. In all the lakes in the neighbourhood large ferox can be taken trolling.

* This is a good change: 1 turn silver tinsel, 1 ditto orange floss silk, 2 ditto black ostrich; tail 1 golden topping; body, black floss silk ribbed with silver tinsel; hackle, two bright orange cock's hackles, with two turns black at shoulder; wing, wild gobbler with a little wood duck and Argus pheasant mixed, and two or three sprigs orange macaw; head black ostrich.

Red Rock (Ontario).—C.P.R. Lake Superior and river Nipigon. This river connects Lake Nipigon with Superior, and is 45 m. long. There is a Hudson's Bay Post on the N. end of Lake Nipigon. The fishing is considered the best in Canada. Permits for the season free to British subjects, and 21s. to foreigners. Use large flies.

Sherbrooke.—On the Grand Trunk line. Some sixteen miles off lies Memphremagog Lake. Trout and muskelunge. There are good hotels on various points, and the lake steamer runs constantly. The upper end of the lake is best.

CENTRAL AMERICA.

General Information.—All along the coast of Nicaragua and Mosquito territory there is an abundance of the sea fish common to the West Indies and the tropical waters of the Atlantic. The various turtles are taken in great quantities, especially on the small bays in the neighbourhood. In the shallow water which breaks over the dangerous sand-bar at the entrance of Greytown harbour are swarms of sharks. Within the lagoon are plenty of the American crocodile (*Motinus Americana*). All along the St. Juan River, and in the large freshwater lakes of Nicaragua and Managua, there is found a small species of freshwater turtle, of which both flesh and eggs are eaten. The most notable, however, is the manatee (*Manatus Australis*), which, when dried and salted, is a standard article of food among the Indians. In the great lakes is also found a large freshwater shark, said to be as dangerous and voracious as its salt-water cousin. Amongst the freshwater fish the best, both in lake and river, are the guapote, mojarro, and savallo. They are all good eating, grow to a good size, and take a fly or bait with readiness.

NEWFOUNDLAND.

General Information.—The salmon fishing is very poor; sea-trout fishing very good when the fish are running. It is no use for sea trout before the end of July. The salmon take the fly very badly. On the west side of Hall's Bay debouches Indian Brook, a capital salmon and sea trout stream. Sea fishing in abundance, often quite inshore.

Trinity.—Some 60 m. from St. John's. There is good trouting here, fish running large.

UNITED STATES.

General Information.—The sea fishing is very good and varied along both Atlantic and Pacific coasts. At Eagle Lake, Texas, there is capital black bass, perch, and catfish fishing. The lake is within 1 m. of the railway station, and boats can be hired.

Gallatin (Montana).—Northern Pacific Railway. Capital accommodation at Missouri Forks Hotel. Fishing is excellent, so is the trouting.

Monterey (California).—S.P.R. 140 m. from Frisco. Vast quantities of salmon can be taken in the sea with a spoon or other trolling bait.

St. Paul's (Minnesota).—Near here is Lake Minnetonka. Here is Lake Park Hotel, very comfortable, where boats and fishermen can be had. Fishing very good; no trout, but plenty of bass, pike, muskelonge.

WEST INDIES.

Bermuda.—The lagoons and inside the coral reefs are alive with strange fish, from the shark down to the beautifully tinted sergeant-major.

ASIA.

ASIA MINOR.

Sabanga.—There is a large lake here full of pike, siluris, &c. The accommodation is bad.

INDIA.

General Information.—There is excellent mahseer fishing in the Punjab, in the North-west Provinces and in Central India, in all rivers running through hilly or mountainous country. As a rule, all rivers rising in the Himalayas hold mahseer, as well as the rivers rising in the elevated plateau of Central India; but these rivers are only fishable as long as their course is through hilly and rocky country. It is little use fishing in the plains. Fishermen are recommended to take with them two greenheart salmon rods, spliced (Castle Connell rods are the best), as in hot climates the ferrules of braized rods are apt to become loose and to fall off, with reels holding from 150 to 200 yards plaited hemp or silk line; a 12ft. or 14ft. trout rod, reel, and line; several hanks of good fresh salmon gut (avoid gimp); a stock of gaudy salmon flies, not too large (about No. 5 Limerick); a large stock of golden spoons gilt on both sides; phantoms, &c.; swivels, treble gut, spinning traces, triangles, split rings, &c.; and a good big gaff (not forgetting cobbler's wax).

Assam, Upper.—Some capital mahseer fishing can be obtained in this district, especially in the neighbourhood of Dehong.

Burmah.—A fly and trolling rod would be the best to take. As for tackle, take a few bright-coloured flies. Some bottom fishing may be had on the lake at Rangoon, for which a boat is necessary. Up the river to Thayetmyo very large cat-fish may be taken; they are very strong and give tolerable sport, but are filthy fish in their feeding. Any large coarse bait will take them. There is fly-fishing on the river that leads to Tonghoo, and fish have been taken at a place called Shaygeno; this stream, unlike the muddy Irrawaddy, is clear in parts. Take plenty of gut of different strengths, a few bright spinning baits, plenty of hooks of all sizes, casting lines of course, and some small bright trout flies. Cobbler's wax, too, is unknown in these parts, and should be carried in a tin box, because of the heat.

Hurdwar.—On the Ganges, where it leaves the Dhoon, good fishing up as far as Rikkikate, about 20 miles from where the Ganges leaves the Himalayas, where the best fishing is to be had. Fish run very large. There is a species of pike or fresh-water shark, and sometimes a mahseer, to be killed in the Ganges and Jumna canals.

Jhelum.—In the north the Jhelum affords splendid mahseer fishing at Tangrote (about 25 miles above the town of Jhelum, which is reached by rail), where it is joined by the Poonch river. There is a good bungalow at Tangrote for the accommodation of travellers, and supplies are plentiful. It is best to fish from a boat, several of which, with boatmen who understand their work, can be hired on the spot. The most deadly bait is a large golden spoon, fishing very deep. One should use very strong tackle, as the fish run very large (up to 50lb.), and are very game. An 18ft. salmon rod, with 200 yards of line and the strongest and newest treble gut spinning tackle, are recommended. Best months—March and April, September and October.

Madras.—In the most round Fort St George, there are some large fish, which take a salmon fly well. Use treble gut, as they will bite through single.

Nowgong Cantonment (Bundelcund), reached by road from Cawnpore or Futtehpore on the E.I. Railway. There is very good mahseer fishing in the Dessau, 5 miles from Nowgong, in October and early in November, also in March, April, and May. A kind of trout rises well to the fly. The mahseer in this river do not rise so readily to a fly or minnow as to a small pellet of paste about the size of a pea, thrown like a fly in the rough water. A very small triangle should be used instead of a single hook, as the paste is not so easily flipped off in throwing, and a triangle will hold a lively fish better than a small single hook. The Betwa near Jhansi, the Kane above Banda, and the Sone in Rewah, are all first-class rivers for mahseer, with the chance of a shot at a crocodile or tiger. The large artificial lakes of Bundelcund—whose swampy margins are frequented by thousands of snipe in the winter months—are well stocked with coarse fish, roho (a species of carp) running up to 30lb. or 40lb., and a kind of pike also growing to a great size. Roho take a small pellet of paste (the water having previously been baited) on a small hook with fine tackle, and the pike are killed with frogs or live bait. Fishing with a cast of small trout flies of an evening, one may kill great numbers of small fish, not unlike sprats, called "chilwa."

Nowshera.—By rail to Goojerat. Drive 20 miles to Bhimber, then two marches (about 25 miles) on the Cashmere road to Nowshera, on the Tawi river, where there is a travellers' rest-house. There is good mahseer fishing for about 25 miles up the Tawi to **Rajaori**, and for some distance down, as far as its junction with the Chenab. There are rest-houses at **Chungus** (about 12 miles) and **Rajaori**, and supplies are plentiful. Best months—March, April, and May, August, September, and October. This is not a snow river, and the best fishing is to be had in August and September between the showers. Three marches will take one from Nowshera to Chowmook or to Kotli on the Poonch.

Poonch.—From Tangrote one may have splendid sport for about 50 miles up the Poonch river as far as the city of Poonch. There are travellers' rest-houses at about every 10 or 12 miles, and supplies are plentiful; but, as the road does not always follow the river, it is advisable to take tents. There are rest-houses for travellers at Chowmook, Kotli, and Sairee, all close to the river, and there is a good bungalow at Poonch. Starting from Tangrote in March or April, one can fish up the Poonch river till the beginning of June, the large fish running up as the season advances. Fish deep in rough water, and keep out of sight, as the water is remarkably bright, except when snow-broth is coming down, and the fish wary. After fishing up to Poonch one can cross over into Cashmere, distant five or six marches, where good fishing can be had in the Jhelum. Some heavy mahseer are to be killed at **Sopur**, spinning a natural bait, and fishing deep just below the bridge. Higher up the river, above where it runs into the Walloor Lake, some fine fish (something like trout, or at least spotted like them), up to 8lb. or 10lb., can be killed spinning a small artificial minnow or phantom from a boat. One should let out a lot of line and get the boatman to paddle slowly up stream. June is the best month; but, as mosquitos are troublesome at night, muslin mosquito curtains should be taken. Some nice mahseer are to be killed in the **Sind** river just above its junction with the Jhelum at **Shadipoor**. All up the Jhelum as far as Islamabad numbers of small so-called trout can be killed with a mulberry, and occasionally a good one with a minnow, especially between the bridges at **Brinuggur**. At Islamabad some capital fishing may be had, the so-called trout rising readily to a trout fly or to a mulberry, or to a small pellet of paste used as a fly. At the end of August or beginning of September one should commence to fish down from Poonch, finishing up at Tangrote in October. There is heavy rain in August and September, and the best fishing is to be had after a spate. There is no snow-broth at

this season. To fish the Poonch and tributaries use an 18ft. salmon rod and 150 yards of line; gaudy salmon flies (about No. 5 Limerick) and golden spoons. The fish run large, and are very game, especially those of from 10lb. to 20lb. Fish up to about 15lb. take a salmon fly readily, but the most deadly bait for the large fish is a golden spoon gilt on both sides. Use treble gut for spinning, but single gut for fly fishing.

Rajaori.—On the Towhi. There are plenty of mahseer here, but they run small.

Ropur.—On the Sulej. At the foot of the hills good mahseer fishing, the fish running very large.

Sialkote.—In November there is good fishing to be had in the Chenab where it is joined by the Tawi about 15 miles above the cantonment of Sialkote which is reached by rail to Wazirabad, and thence by stage carriage.

Solun.—On the high road from Kalka to Simla there is good mahseer fishing in the Giri river, a tributary of the Jumna, near Solun.

Tangrote.—First rate mahseer fishing, the fish running very large. (*See Thomson.*)

JAPAN.

General Information.—The streams of the interior contain a trout-like fish, which the Japanese, who are expert anglers, catch with native-made flies; but it is impossible to get leave. Around the coast, however, there is plenty of good salt-water fishing obtainable at any time. Bonita and albacore afford capital sport, and a large mackerel-shaped fish, about six feet in length, takes live bait readily, and is strong enough to pull an unwary hand out of the boat. The best tackle to take will be large and small spoons, rigged with strong swivels and gimp nozzle, and an assortment of sea-hooks. Lines of native manufacture fully equal if they are not superior to any that are made at home, can be procured in the Japanese shops.

MAURITIUS.

General Information.—All round the island rivers flow to the sea from the elevated interior, which is very rainy. In these rivers there are large eels, and a fish called a carp by the Mauritians. There is also in the Grand River and Black River a freshwater mullet, called a "sheet." Both the carp and the sheet take a fly. A more deadly way of catching them is with a large live grasshopper, and in this way fish of 2lb. and 3lb. are caught. Large-sized gaudy flies are the most killing. Into many tanks and ponds in the island have been introduced from China the gourami, a game fish. They grow up to 20lb., and are usually caught with wasp grubs. The carp, so called by the Mauritians, is a grey perch. It is a very game fish, fond of the most rapid eddies, and rises boldly to a fly. Carp are never caught above any of the falls unless there are side channels at an easy gradient, as for instance on Grande Rivière, Nord-ouest, at the falls from the reservoir, and those below Beau Basin. At Grande Rivière, Sud-est, a fall occurs within a half-a-mile of the mouth of the river; no carp can be caught on the river above that; while below—the river so far is tidal, and must be fished from a boat, the banks being precipitous—are a great number of carp, particularly under the falls, and at the foot of the projecting cliff, in which is the cave with the statue of Notre Dame de la Misericorde at the entrance. Carp are caught with a live prawn among the breakers on the bar at the mouth of the Rivière des Aiguilles, and not ten yards inside, in the short space of tidal water, are caught with a fly. With regard to flies; on Tamarin River—the best river—an imitation of a large yellow-bodied grasshopper, common in that part, is killing; also of young wasps; earlier still after rain an imitation wasp grub of dirty yellow chenille, or a strip of wash leather on a slip of cork. On Grande Rivière, Nord-ouest, a small green grasshopper kills well, as also the green and yellow cabbage grub. On this river on hot clear days fish are taken with a small lizard an inch long, cut out of indiarubber. It is just the colour of the common lizard there when it comes out of the egg. Where the Reduit and Rouge Rivers run in is a good spot. All the rivers on the south coast are good, especially the Rivière des Aiguilles, where fish run larger than elsewhere. The deep and sequestered pool under the waterfall on the little river Bain des Negresses is said to hold some peculiarly large ones, but the pool is most difficult of access, owing to a belt of swamp and luxuriant tropical jungle. There is a rock overhanging the pool, some sixty or seventy feet perpendicularly above it, and from it a line may be dropped. There is a fair river at Flacq, on the north-east of the island, and more easily fished than most of the others. The sheet are principally found on the upper waters of the rivers; Grande Rivière, Sud-est, where there are no carp, being the best. The immense eels that affect the rocky pools, half filled with boulders beneath the waterfalls, are difficult to catch. Even when hooked, if they once succeed in getting hold of the boulders that form the bottom and sides of the pools there is no chance of getting them out. A live duckling, with a couple of strong hooks on gimp secured beneath its wings, is the best bait, as the eel will take that about dawn or twilight, and may then be run ashore before he has time to recover from his surprise. These eels are four to six feet long, and as large round as a man's thigh, so a stout stick or an axe will be wanted to quiet them,

EUROPE.**AUSTRIA.**

General Information.—The streams of Transylvania hold trout in some quantity. The rivers of Lower Hungary, especially the Theiss, hold schlie, pike, carp, sterl, dick, hawsen, &c.

Achenwald.—By staying at the inn some fishing can be had in Ache. Lake Achensee, and a considerable part of the river, is preserved by the monastery of Pertisan.

Aussee (Styria).—Trout and grayling. (See Ischl.)

Bregenz.—On Lake Constance. (See Switzerland, Constance.)

Bruck (Styria).—On Lamnitzbach; trout. Murz.

Bruck.—On Ahrenbach. Trout, grayling.

Buda Pesth.—Similar fishing as at Pressburg. The Margaretherr Insel (Margaret Island) a short distance from the capital—steamboats every half-hour—contains two restaurants, and capital bank fishing; no charge for angling. Platten See (*Balatan Lake*) is near Pesth. Large pike, perch, wels, burbolt, pike-perch, bream, and schneider (or cutter fish). The latter has a knife-like edge along the belly; they are herring-size. From Pesth go to Siofok, per railway; put up at Mr. Kariberger's hotel, who will give free permission to fish the lake. Off the jetty is capital perch fishing. The bait, a portion of a raw cray fish (the universal bait for large fish). A steamboat crosses the lake daily in three-quarters of an hour to Fured, a mineral water bathing place. Boats to be had here, but none at Siofok.

Forchheim.—Between Miremburg and Bamberg. At Muggendorf, on Wiesent, good trout and grayling fishing can be had. Leave can be obtained.

Fured (Hungary).—On Platten See. Station Szantod, on the Stuhlweissemburg Railway from Vienna. This lake contains many varieties of fish. The autumn is the best time. Mayer's hotel is the best. Boats can be hired.

Gmunden.—On Traun. There is a lake here. The Sonne is a good inn. The grayling fishing from hence to Ischl is good; above here it is preserved.

Golling, near Salzburg.—Two good trout streams; tickets to be obtained at Hotel, Bahnhof.

Gross Reifling (Styria).—On Salza. Trout, grayling.

Hallstadt.—See Ischl.

Innsbruck (Tyrol).—At Mittenwald, on the Bavarian frontier, the Isar contains trout and grayling; leave is easily procurable. Three hours' drive from Mittenwald is Partenkirchen, two hours distant from which is Eib See, containing coarse fish. The fishing is let to a professional. An hour from Mittenwald, at the village of Krin, is a small lake, containing trout. Walchensee, some three hours from Mittenwald, is a post station on the lake of the same name, which contains fine trout, as does Kochel See, a lake half an hour's walk from one end of Walchensee. These lakes are rented by various people, who doubtless would give leave. Boats can be had. Walchensee is the only station on that lake, but on Kochel See there are two, Kochel and another place. Close to Leefeld, a small village two-and-a-half hours from Innsbruck, is a small lake containing trout.

Ischl.—On Traun. The landlord of the Kaiserin Elizabeth has large fishery rights as far as Hallstadt. Below the falls there are plenty of Hitchen. Permission must be obtained. (See Gmunden.) The Grundlesee is twenty-four miles from here. A conveyance runs from Ischl to Aussee, three miles from the lake, and on the borders of the lake is a very comfortable hotel, the Erzherzog Johann. The fern fly, Hoffland's fancy, and the coch-a-bonddhu are good flies on Traun, and wading is necessary. On Grundlesee the trolling with artificial bait is good, but they must be large. It is a good plan to troll up the Grundlesee to the Töplitzsee which is joined to the former by the Traun. There is good fly-fishing in Töplitzsee, especially by two waterfalls. For this lake use Hoffland's fancy, dressed large, and No. 2 body, crimson mohair ribbed with gold; hackle, red; wing, the starling or mallard; hook, No. 6 or 7 Limerick. (See St. Gilgen.) The water near Golsen, an hour's distance from the Hallstadter See, on the Ischl road, is very good. A couple of hours on the road to Salzburg brings you to the Wolfgang See. There are two stations here. St. Gilgen, on the Salzburg road, and Wolfgang, a village on the opposite side, where there is a small but clean and comfortable inn. The lake contains very large trout, pike, char, chub, and other white fish. From Wolfgang you can fish the Schwarz See, a lake about an hour and a half up the Schafberg mountain. The trout rise freely. A couple of hours' drive from Wolfgang is Fuschel See, containing plenty of char and white fish, and a few big trout. There are two stations here, Fuschel, at the mouth of the lake, and Hof, near its head. Permission to fish in Wolfgang See and Fuschel See is obtainable at the inns. Eight miles from Hof, over the hills to the left of the Salzburg-road, is Hinter See, containing good trout, which rise well. The fishery is rented by the head forester of the district. Hof is two hours from Salzburg.

Jenbach (Tyrol).—On the Innsbruck line. Achen See lies near. We understand that it is let to a professional fisherman, in which case permission is easy. Trout very large.

Kochel.—See Innsbruck.

Kufstein.—On the Innsbruck line. Two hours' walk from here is a lake by the village of Bernst.

Lambach.—Half-way between Linz and Gmunden on Alm and Traun, great quantities of grayling. Leave can be obtained.

Lentachthal, near Innsbruck (Tyrol).—Fair trout stream, with some large fish; leave to be obtained from owner at Obere Lentasch.

Lienz.—On Isel. Trout, grayling.

Meran (Tyrol).—The rivers Etoch and Passer are accessible from here, but they are too near their mountain sources to be good for angling.

Palsau (Styria).—On Salza. Trout, grayling. Between here and Wildalpen is a fair hotel (Kaiser Gams), where free fishing can be had.

Pressburg (Hungary).—On the Danube. Excellent fishing for all kinds of large fish off the promontories within a short distance of the town. A spinning bait most useful for pike-perch, which are caught here occasionally of 30lb. in weight. Wels are fished for with live baits, near the bottom, and are taken up to 300lb. in weight, and more; they are also fished for with a live duck as bait. The Neutra, a branch of the Danube, is a more sluggish stream, and abounds with wels, barbel, and perch; also a fish of the shad species, called *zærthe*. Anglers' licence is five gulden, or ten shillings per annum.

Reutte.—An hour's walk from here, at the village of Heuterwang, are three lakes—the Heuterwang See, a quarter of an hour's walk from the village, the Plan See, and the Bach See, the source of the Arch. The fishing belongs to a peasant of Heuterwang. All fish caught must be given up alive, or paid for at the market price. Fridays and Saturdays only can the boats be obtained, unless a high price be paid. The fish are rhenken, running up to 6lb., char and trout. The little stream by the village is a good spot. There is a clean little inn here, the Grosses Wirthshaus. It is necessary to order meat some time in advance. There is a lake near Ehrwald, a village three hours distant from Heuterwang, containing plenty of trout; the master of the inn here has the right of fishing. Near Lermoos are two lakes, one close to the Innsbruck-road, and another, Weizee See, near the village of Biberweir; this last lake contains plenty of char, though no trout. The master of the Post Inn at Lermoos holds the fishery rights, as also of a small stream holding a few trout. There are two small lakes, with a boat on them, close to the Innsbruck-road, two hours from Lermoos, which contain trout. The master of the inn of the village of Nasserett has the fishery rights. At Weissenbach, one station on from Heuterwang, is the Lech, containing a few trout and grayling; the fishing free. Some hours up the river, in Lechtal, the trouting is much better. One hour's drive from Weissenbach is the village of Nesselwangle, the commune of which holds the fishery rights of the Holden See, containing large pike and white fish; there is no doubt leave would readily be granted; the accommodation here is good. At the village of Tannheim, some distance from Nesselwangle, are lakes Vils-Alper See and Trau-Alper See, containing trout, char, coregoni, and plenty of perch; the latter lake lies an hour's climb above the former. The fisherman who owns the fishing readily gives leave; accommodation very bad. Schattwald is the next village; accommodation good. The Vils runs close by, containing plenty of trout. The parish priest owns the fishery, and grants leave. Three hours' drive brings you to Immenstadt, on the Munich and Constance line.

Schmucke (Hungary).—Fair fishing.

St. Gilgen.—Good fishing, trout and grayling, three miles from Ischl. Good trolling.

Salzburg.—See Ischl.

Taufers.—On Ahrenbach. Trout, grayling.

Vienna.—Excellent fishing for salmo hucho, wels, pike, perch, barbel, &c., in the Danube, close to the town. The fishers here use brass wire lines, and throw them with a heavy lead attached into the rapid stream, and now and then haul up a monster wels.

Walchensee.—See Innsbruck.

Weichselboden (Styria).—On Salza. Trout. Preserved by Count Meran, who often gives leave. Fishing very good.

Wildalpen (Styria).—On Salza. Trout, grayling. Preserved by the monastery at Admont, but leave is only occasionally granted. Fishing very fair. Hotel: Zisler's.

BELGIUM AND LUXEMBOURG.

General Information.—There is fair trout and grayling fishing in the Semoy and Bocq. The Ourthe, near Houffalize contains trout and grayling, and large chub, and is good for general fishing. A few salmon trout are netted occasionally near Tilff. The Hoyobx, which joins the Meuse at Huy, is full of large trout, but is very strictly preserved. Fair general sport can be had in the Ambleve. Aywaille is a good spot. In the Mollignée the trout are plentiful, but small; this river joins the Meuse at Moulin. At Tagnion on Ambleve, and in a tributary near, fair trouting can be had. Tagnion is near Spa. Hamoir, on the Huy-road, is a good fishing quarter on the opposite side of the Ourthe. Fair accommodation can be had. There is good fishing in the Lesse near Chanly, which can be reached from Grumont on the Great Luxembourg line.

Cumblain la Tour.—On the Ourthe and Ambleve. Trout, roach, chub, and few salmon late in the season.

Deekiroh (Luxembourg).—On Wiltz. Trout, chub. Fishing good, and preserved by the landlord of the Hotel des Ardennes. Fishing begins April 1, and ends in November. Fishing licence 3 fr. per annum.

Dinant.—The Bocq runs six miles from here, close by the village of Spontin. The river rises between the villages of Sey and Mohiville, and joins the Meuse at Yvoir; trout are plentiful. The red and black hackles are good flies. Leave can be obtained for some

portion of the water from the owner of the Hotel de la Tête D'Or; also from the burgo-master of the village of Parnode. At the former place the Meuse contains plenty of the coarser kind of fish and abounds in the queer fish called *Hotische* or *Hoteux*. It has no longer any salmon, and few trout. Le Salm gives fair trout fishing. Station, Vielsalm. The Lesse joins Meuse about one and a half miles above the town. The fishing is very good. Rochefort is the best place to stop at. The railway runs through the place.

Bittelbruck (Ardennes).—Sura; trout; river much fished. Hotel accommodation fair.

Herbeumont (Ardennes).—N.s. *Beatrix*. On Semois; trout, chub. *Hotel*: Vasseur, where fishing can be had.

Nuy.—Hotel du Mouton Bleu. Some good trouting can be had in the neighbourhood.

Laroche (Ardennes).—Ourthe; pike, chub, dace, trout. Any amount of coarse fish, but the trouting has greatly fallen off.

Liege.—On Ourthe. Roach, chub, and gudgeon.

Marloie.—On Ourthe. Fair fishing.

Namur.—On the Meuse. Chub. A few trout, barbel, perch, and pike. Above Namur the river is clear and rapid, but below slow and dirty.

Orval (Ardennes).—N.s. *Thorenvillie*, 6 m. Marche; trout; preserved; by staying at the inn (comfortable) d. and w.t. can be had.

Rochefort (Ardennes).—On L'Homme and Lesse. Trout and grayling. Good fishing, but all preserved. A day or two may sometimes be had. Apply to landlord of Hotel de la Cloche D'Or. Some distance below the river runs through an estate belonging to the King of the Belgians, and ten miles down joins Meuse. There is a good inn here. Three miles below Rochefort another good stream joins Lesse. The Semoy runs near here.

Spa.—Hotel D'York and others. On Wyal. Some little fishing can be had 2 m. down the river. There are no fish by Spa.

DANUBIAN PRINCIPALITIES.

Cervanoda.—See Kustendjee.

Kustendjee.—On the Black Sea. There is a rail from here to Cervanoda. Good accommodation at either place. Fair fishing in the Danube, consisting of the shaden, reaching 350lb.; the deek, 400lb.; the shill, 40lb.; the forgoache, 50lb.; the hoochan, 70lb.; the stirl, 20lb.; also sturgeon, pike, trout, carp, &c. There is a large lake an hour's walk from here containing many heavy fish, especially the *Lucio perca*.

Roumania (GENERAL INFORMATION).—There is splendid pike, perch, and coarse fishing in the lakes and the tributaries of the Danube in the Debreges. Arrange to go with local fishermen. From Braila or Galatz the angler can obtain permission from the domain authorities, and go with the boat from the Quay, which is to a great extent a guarantee that he will be brought back again.

Bucharest.—Coarse fishing in a stream near, free.

Sulina.—Pike and coarse fishing. There is a fish something like a dace, and running up to 2lb., which takes a fly, fishing near the pier.

ICELAND—DENMARK.

Reykjavik.—There are eight salmon rivers within from one hour to six days' journey. Salmon fishing is mostly very poor, owing to the persistent use of nets in every spot where the riparian farmers can set one with effect. Very fair sport is to be had, however, by renting a river or buying the nets off a portion of one. The eight rivers are (1) the *Ellidáar*, one hour from Reykjavik. Herra Thomsen, its owner, resides at Reykjavik, and lets the fishing to anglers at 10s. 6d. per day. (2) The *Laxá*, in Kjóe, one day's ride from the capital. The whole river is to be rented for 60*l.* to 100*l.* Application to be made to the priest at Reynivellir. Excellent accommodation at that place. (3) The *Minni Laxá* and (4) *Sterra Laxá*, distant two days' journey. Quarters at Gröf farm and Hrúni parsonage. (5) The *Leirárvogar Laxá*, distant two days' ride. The nets could be bought off this river for about 20*l.*; it is believed the fishing would then be very good. Quarters at Llerá farm. (6) and (7) *Grimsó* and *Nordrá*, two tributaries to the Western *Hvítá*; three days' ride, or one day by boat, from Reykjavik. Good quarters at Hvítárvellir and Thverá farms. (8) The *Laxá* falling into the *Straumfjardar Ös*; one and a half days by boat, and six days' ride, from Reykjavik. Quarters at Miklaholt parsonage. Good trout fishing in Thingvalla lake, one day's ride, and in its outlet (Sog). The trout run up to 7lb. Quarters at the farms. There is also good trout fishing in nearly all the rivers that do not drain glaciers. There are now two good hotels at Reykjavik—the Hotel Iceland, newly built, and the Alexandra, formerly the Merchants' Club-house. As travelling is mainly on pony-back, take an English saddle well stuffed, also a portable tent, waterproof rug, and a pair of thick Canadian blankets to sleep in, preserved soups and meats, cheese, ham, biscuits, oatmeal for porridge, and some such cooking apparatus as the "Rob Roy"—that is, heated with spirit, fuel being very scarce. Clothing should consist of a couple of suits of warm thick material, a stout mackintosh, and a pair of strong fisherman's boots coming well up the thigh for riding in, as rivers have constantly to be forded. In the north there are now seven rivers in which salmon may be caught. (1) The *Laxá* from Mývatn, very good. Nearest port, Húsavík, where steamers call about half a dozen times during the summer. Accommodation fair. Apply to the factor. Mr. T. Gudjohnson. The nearest salmon fishing is some 5 m. off at Laxármýri, a

large and comfortable farmhouse. The farmer readily gives permission to fish, the angler to retain the trout, but give up the salmon. Quarters are *not now* obtainable at Laxárvyri, but there is an inn at Húsavík. Another good fishing station on this river is at Grenjardastadir, a very good farm, and the home of a clergyman—about 12 m. from Húsavík. (2) Ós Laxá, a few hours' ride from Skagaströnd, a port also called at by steamers. (3) The Laxá from the Laxárvatn, one day's ride from Skagaströnd. Quarters at Hjaltabakki parsonage; priest speaks English. (4) Vatnadalssá, a good river, but, it is believed, the best stretches of water are rented. (5) Víðidalssá, two days' ride from Skagaströnd. Quarters at Borg; farmer speaks English. (6) Míðfjardrá, three days' ride from Skagaströnd. Quarters at Reykir farm and Meletadur parsonage. (7) The Laxá, falling into the Hvammsfjörður; one day's ride from Stykkishólmur, a small port called at by steamers. Several very fair farms in the valley, at one of which a room could be had. Excellent trout fishing to be had in the lakes on the Arnarvatnsheiði, in Svínavatn, near Stóradalur; also in the upper waters of the Laxá from Mývatn. The best way to the lake is up the Laxárdalur; Grenjadarastadir should be made a half-way house. There are a vast number of char in Mývatn, but they refuse to take the fly. There is, however, excellent trout fishing in the Laxá, about 2 miles from its outlet from the lake. Good quarters are obtainable at Skútustadir, a parsonage at the south end of the lake; and also at Hopstadir, a farm, lying nearer the river. On the road to the Dettifoss from Húsavík is the Botnsvatn (bottom-water); good trouting. No fishing in lake Hoskuldsavatn. Ordinary salmon flies, especially the silver doctor, snowfly, Childers, "Butcher," and "Jock-Scott;" for salmon, and for trout small gaudy grilse flies with red woollen or tinsel bodies, bound with gold or silver twist, golden pheasant tails, and brownish wings, have been found the most killing. July and August are the best months in Iceland, but when it is purposed to rent a river or buy the nets off a portion of one, the angler should visit the island not later than the middle of June, that all obstacles may be removed and the first run of fish allowed to enter the river. If this is not done, the angler would, in a dry summer, wait a long time before he got any fishing, as most of the rivers frequently fall very low in the months first named. A good deal of fishing is preserved by the Icelandic Angling Club. Guides, whose payment, including food, is 5 or 6 kroners a day, are easily obtainable at Reykjavík. The charge for ponies is 2 kroners (2s. 3d.) a day, hire of saddle and bridle 25 ore (3d.), and for baggage ponies the hire of pack saddles and boxes is about 7d. a day. The fishing near here is mostly in the hands of merchants, but there is fair trout and char to be had at a small charge on the upper waters of the Ellida, about 6 m. from Reykjavík, from a merchant farmer named Benedict Levenson. The good fishing is on the Sog, which runs out of Lake Thingvella (near Thingvall), and, after a course of 30 m. flowing through two small lakes, joins the Hvíta, runs to the sea at Eyrabakki. Sog leaves Thingvella Lake (char fishing good in July and August), about 65 m. from Reykjavík, rushes through a precipitous chasm, and widens out into a lake called Ulfyotsvatn. Here are plenty of trout, running from 1lb. to 3lb. (boat required). The charge for fishing here (including boat) is 3 kroners the first day, and 1 for each succeeding day. Sog flows into Lake Álfvatn, below which there are plenty of sea trout, and occasionally grilse. In Iceland char are much more plentiful than trout, the proportion being about six to one. The former run large, and, although not giving the same play, provide excellent sport. The acting British Consul, Mr. Paterson, is most kind and helpful to anglers experiencing difficulties, and these are certainly not conspicuous by their absence.

FRANCE.

General Information.—All the streams in the South are netted, and occasionally dynamited. The Bayers, 14 m. from Moulinet to Italian frontier, passing Sispel, the Tivée and Vesable, are fairly good rivers, as also are the Claus and the Esteron. Fair rivers are the Loup, Cagnes, and the Siagne. Close time for most streams, April 19 to June 20. Flies, which should be tied small, are March brown, coachman, palmers, duns, black gnats, red ant, coch-y-bonddhu. Besides trout, barbel, tench, eels, and dace, chad have been caught in the Var. The trout fishing in the department Morbihan does not open until June 1. This rule applies only to the canals and navigable streams. Near Brooms, in the Côtes du Nord, there are some streams. Fishing poor. The lake at Jugon contains pike and perch. Any person may fish with rod and line only in any public water, that is, in all navigable rivers, canals, and their cuts or affluents, the maintenance of which in good condition is chargeable to the state, and into which a fishing boat can at all times enter. No one, however, must use night lines, trimmers, bankrunners, or any instrument stuck in the bank. This does not apply to ponds or lakes which belong to the riparian proprietors. In all other rivers and streams the right of fishing belongs to the riparian proprietors. No fishing after dark is permitted. Every department makes its own byelaws, and settles its own closing time; and as these generally vary, it is well to ascertain the particulars, as sometimes the fishing on one bank of a river is closed, and the other side open. All information can be obtained at the prefecture of the principal town of each department. The French Government maps are good. For Normandy or Brittany, comfortable quarters can be had at Havre, with the Montvilliers and Epouville fishing a day or two at Cany, also at Pont Andemer and Pont l'Évêque. Some sport is to be had with trout, many of them large, at all the above places. There is no salmon fishing worthy the name in Normandy. Brittany will afford good sport among trout, and a salmon.

- here and there; also capital sea-fishing, both from boats and from rocks on parts of the coast. The streams are generally preserved; it is probable that permission may be obtained by proper application. For Brittany, as stations choose Pont Scorff, Quimperlé, and Pont Aven; very good sea-fishing is also to be had near the latter place. Anyone has a right to fish from a public path. Plenty of pollack along the rocky coasts of, Normandy and Brittany, and bass in all the estuaries.
- Abbeville.**—Not far from here is a large lake, containing pike, perch, bream, roach, &c. The fishing is sometimes let, but leave can no doubt be obtained. The sea-fishing is sometimes good, but you must go out some way.
- Aix-la-Chapelle.**—Four hours' drive from here is a stream at Montjoie. At Dären, an hour by rail from here, there is good grayling fishing.
- Aix-les-Bains (Savoy).**—*Hotels:* De l'Europe, d'Aix, and others. On Lake Bourget: ferox, pike, perch, dace, chub, bream, but the lake is very deep. Baits are easily procured. The best way of fishing is with a natural bait trailing from a boat, with 50 or 60 yards of line out. Large dace may be caught with fly all along the deep, wooded side of the lake, and there are some splendid perch round the shallow weedy bays. Two small streams run into the lake here, holding small chub and dace, and in the autumn a few trout.
- Anney (Savoy).**—*Hotels:* Verdun, Geneva, d'Angleterre. On Lake Anney: ferox, pike, perch, chub, char. Fishing fair.
- Arachen.**—There is a little fishing, but poor, in the lakes along the coast N. and S. of this place.
- Avranches (Manche, Normandy).**—The Léez and Celune fall into the Bay of Mont St. Michel here. The fishing close to the town is not good for much, but by going a few miles up either river good sport can be had. On the Léez, Tirpiéd (six miles from Avranches), Bricey (ten), and Cuves (twelve), are the places to put up at, though the accommodation is very rough. On the Celune, Ducey (seven), and Les Biards (thirteen); accommodation very bad at the latter place, but the fishing good. The diligences run close to all these places. Leave is easily obtained. Salmon may sometimes be taken.
- Bagnolles de l'Orne.**—*Hotel:* de Bagnolles. Some fishing can be had here.
- Bagnolles-les-Baux (Orne).**—On Vée. *Hotels:* St. Lucile and St. Marguerite. The lake here contains plenty of coarse fish.
- Bar-sur-Aube (Paris and Mulhouse Railway).**—Fair trouting in the Aube; free. Fishing is also good at Longchamps and Rennepont.
- Baud (Brittany).**—The *Hotel de la Grande Maison* is rough and uncomfortable, but the charges are moderate. The Evel, which runs near, contains fine trout and perch.
- Bayonne.**—At Cambo, fifteen miles off, good trouting can be had in Nive and other streams. *Inn:* Hotel St. Martin, Cambo.
- Belle-Isle-en-Terre (Brittany).**—(See *Paimpol*.)
- Bergues.**—Some six miles from Dunkerque. Large pike are to be caught in the fosse. Permission must be obtained from the officer in command.
- Besancon.**—Barbel and other coarse fish, very scarce owing to netting. There is good accommodation. Go to Pontardier and Metiers-Travers in Switzerland for trouting. Metiers-Travers is on the Reux. By descending the river you get to Boudri.
- Blarits.**—At Cambo some good trouting can be had, also dace. The Nivelle holds good trout.
- Boulogne-sur-Mer.**—Fair sport is to be met with up the Liane at Questreques, Cremarest, and Bournonville, more especially at the latter in the spring. Sea trout are often caught at the weirs. Near Montreuil there is good fishing in the Cauche, especially in the upper part of it at Parenty, Beusent, and Inxent. The best of the above places is Beusent, where the stream is very open all the way up to Parenty. At Bermeulles, about one mile from Beusent, accommodation if required may be had at a farmhouse, though they are all within a drive from Boulogne. 23 m. off is Fauquemberg. There is fair trouting from 6 m. above, to Lumbers, 9 m. below. At Lique, 17 m. from Boulogne, there is fair trouting. Apply to Mons. Claude Hess, wine merchant, 54, Grand Rue, for information. Some good pollack fishing near here; fish large; use a spinning eel.
- Brest.**—An excursion may be made from here to Landéoc, where there is a good salmon and trout stream (the Buis, which falls into the Aulne at Logonna Quimerch.). This stream may be followed up to Braspars, a small village with poor accommodation, and thence to Huelgoët, which stands on a lake, where there is a capital inn. Good fishing may be had at Pontargonet, and in the stream that supplies the lake. From Huelgoët a mail road leads to Morlaix. From Huelgoët go to Commanna, where the trout fishing is very good, but the accommodation poor. Good sea fishing.
- Brevieres (Tarentaise).**—On Isère; plenty of trout. Accommodation (*Aub. du Soleil Levant*) wretched.
- Caen (Normandy).**—On Orne; dace, pike, &c. There is good fishing on the Orne, a few miles from Caen; there are trout at a place called Harcourt. There are various trout streams in the neighbourhood, mostly preserved by the proprietors. *Hotel:* Hôtel d'Angleterre. In the Fosse Anglaise are chub, tench, pike. There is some fishing in the Ouistreham Canal.
- Cannes (A. M.).**—Slane runs 3 m. off; dace, chub, grey mullet, eels, and a few trout. *Hotels:* Garribaudy (nearest the river), Bean Site, and many others. Fishing is sometimes moderately good, especially some four miles up the stream just below Oribeau. Some fair trouting can be had twelve miles off across the hills near Grasse. At times mullet, mackerel, wrasse, and other sea fish can be taken between Cannes and the Isle Marguerite.

Cany (Normandy).—There is fair trouting here; also at Villefleurs, three kilomètres off.

Cazeres.—On Garonne. Plenty of chub, and a very few trout.

Cette.—Pretty good fishing in the marine canals that intersect the town. Plenty of sea-bream (*dorade*, locally).

Chausey, Isles.—Very good sea fishing; many large pollack, and grey and red mullet abundant.

Cherbourg.—On the Divette. Grey mullet and small bass are to be taken by angling near the dock gates and pier head; atherine or sand smelt, at the influx of the river Divette, on the east side of the floating basin. The townspeople fish with throw-out lines, and angle also with rods from the outer part of the quay walls, taking with the lines numbers of flounders, from 6 in. to 9 in. long. There are several rocky shoals in and outside the harbour, where pollack are taken. Some trout in the river Divette; pools and streams for both fly, minnow, and dapping. The river contains also eels, roach, and minnows.

Clermont (Puy de Dôme).—At Mont Dore, a watering place a few miles off, good trouting may be obtained. Accommodation is very good.

Cong.—Tolerable fishing in the lake. There is little or no chance on the river.

Corps (Dauphiné).—On Drac and Souloise. Drac holds few fish, and is much discoloured. Souloise joins Drac here. Trouting good from a mile below the mill to its source (some subterranean pools 8 m. up). There is good trouting at St. Firmin, 16 m. from Corps. (*See St. Firmin.*)

Orieuil. (*See Treport.*)

Dax (Landes).—On Adour; pike roach dace, chub, perch.

Dieppe.—Near the neighbouring station of St. Aubyn there is a little trout fishing; leave from the landowners, who require careful negotiating. From the quays there is good rod fishing for grey mullet, baiting with ragworm.

Dijon.—On Ouche; a few trout. Accommodation good. There are several good places within a circuit of twelve miles. The middle of May the best time.

Dinan (Brittany).—Rance; carp, dace, pike. Some trouting can be had at Guenroc (good accommodation), 15 m. up the river. Some trout can be had also at St. André des Eaux, on Rance, 12 m. off; also at Hinglé, 6 m. off. The river can be fished to where it joins the canal, from which point there is the towing path into Dinan. At Bobatail, 5 m. from Dinan, are some lakes holding pike, but preserved. There is a fair trout stream 12 m. W. of Dinan, and a lake, which is preserved. At all the locks in the canal stray trout are to be found. Minnow fishing is best, owing to the rivers being overgrown. No fishing is allowed for a month before the harvest, because of the crops. In South Brittany is excellent trouting, particularly at Carbaix. Good accommodation.

Dinard.—There is no freshwater fishing here, but plenty of sea fish of all kinds.

D'Ivoire. (*See Geneva, Switzerland.*)

Dôle (near Dijon).—Some dace and chub can be had here.

Dunkerque.—The canals are full of roach, perch, and eels. There are carp and pike in the fosse of the fortifications. Large pike are caught at Bergues.

Eaux Chaudes.—Difficult fishing, owing to rocks and trees. Trout small.

Embrun (Dauphine).—Some distance beyond here there are good streams in the valleys of L'Argentière and Val Louise.

Evreux.—There is some good trouting for some distance above the town.

be obtained. Leave must

Foix.—On Ariège. A few good trout.

Gabas.—Last village before the Spanish frontier, beyond Eaux Chaudes. Trout both above and below, but best about two miles above, at the foot of the Pic d'Aule. The Lac d'Aule, near the eternal snows, contains fine trout of most superior quality, but very capricious in rising or taking any bait. Small flies best.

Givet.—On Meuse. There is capital pike fishing here.

Gouarec (Brittany).—The best trout fishing in Brittany, formed by the junction of the Blavet, Salon, and some streams. Quarters are bad.

Granville.—Small grey mullets are to be caught off the quays, using the tail of a rock-worm, and sand eels on long-lines shot at low water on the sands.

Grenoble.—The Isère and Drac, and several smaller streams, run near the town. The trout fishing is very poor. Some trout fishing can be had about thirty kilomètres off, in a river preserved by a society. Application must be made to the Mayor of Voreppe. *Hotel*: Hotel des Ambassadeurs. About 4 m. off is Lake La Fraix, holding good trout.

Guingamp (Brittany).—On Trieux and Blavet; trout, salmon, and dace fishing good; on the head waters of Blavet especially so. At St. Nicholas du Palem 15 m. is good fishing (Blavet running 2 m. off). *Hotel* Johannin being comfortable. March, April, and May are the best months. *Hotel*: Hotel de France. (*See Paimpol.*)

Havre.—There is good smelt fishing off the wooden piers on the beach of Ste. Adresse, a suburb of Havre, also a few small shad and gobies. The baits are the squid, calmer, and other species of cuttle-fish; the large sand-worms, and the centipede-like red or green worms found in the harbour mud or under rocks in muddy ground at low water; also shrimps, which are freely taken by small whiting, &c., early in the season, and the mussel. Open a good lot half an hour before you reach your fishing ground, let them dry a bit, and put them on very carefully; they are a most killing bait. The sand-smelt is taken in the harbour, and in large numbers along the beach, by fine tackle, with three or four hooks

baited with bits of fresh-skinned shrimps. There are some deep weedy ponds three miles from here, where fair sport with roach and rudd may be had. Near here flows the *Lézarde*; trout. This river, flowing through the villages of Rolleville and Epouville, and the town of Montvilliers, falls into the Seine two miles below Harfleur, a little above which town it is joined by a smaller and shallower stream coming down through the adjacent valley of Gournay. From Montvilliers up to Rolleville is the best fishing part. Besides trout in this part of the river there are a few little eels and lampreys. Montvilliers is one hour by road from Havre. Leave can readily be obtained on polite application to the various millers. Flies for the *Lézarde* should be small and tackle very fine. The season is from Feb. 1 to Oct. 31. The stream in the valley of Gournay contains a few good fish, and may be fished either near the metal-rolling works of M. E. Hubin (distant about a mile and a half from the Harfleur Railway Station), application being made to the manager (*directeur*), or, if unsuccessful here, at the Corderie, half a mile further up, where the *directeur* readily gives leave. Good sport may be obtained in the following trip: Rail to Yvetôt, half-way between Havre and Rouen, diligence thence to Cany, from which town down to Villefleurs and beyond, even down to the sea at Veulottes, you may fish many miles of a large and well-stocked stream, abounding in trout of superior size and flavour, particularly near Villefleurs. But be careful to ask permission (which will scarcely ever be refused) whenever it is desirable to enter the premises of mills, farms, &c., or to go on any path which is not evidently public. Flies here may be somewhat larger than for the *Lézarde*. Crossing the Seine by the Honfleur steamer (passage thirty-five minutes), and proceeding by rail to the neighbouring station of Pont l'Évêque, there is fair fishing up several miles of a good large stream, where nobody will make any difficulty. Very large trout, but not very numerous, may be found in the Risle, at and above Pont Audemer, accessible by a little steamer from Havre, or by *voiture publique* from Honfleur. Any hotel keeper at Pont Audemer will give information as to the best waters, and persons from whom to obtain permission.

Kennebont (Brittany).—On Blavet; trout, dace, and occasionally salmon and sea trout. The water between here and Lochriste is the best. Use large and bright flies. One side of the river is preserved, the other free. No difficulty will be found in a gentleman obtaining leave on giving up every alternate salmon he catches.

Headin. (*See Montreuil.*)

Hyères.—The little river Gapeau, flowing into the sea a few miles below Hyères, holds an abundance of good chub, roach, gudgeon, &c. The fishing is free. Begin at a point about two miles from the town, and fish downwards. At the mouth of the Gapeau grey mullet may be taken with the ragworm occasionally. At the peninsula of Glens, opposite Hyères, there is good fishing from the rocks in deep water for sea-bream, wrasse, &c. The ragworm is the best bait. There are good points for fishing on both sides of the peninsula. Wherever you see deep water, you may be sure that fish abound. The local fishermen will often try to persuade you to go out in the roads in one of their boats. This appears to be a delusion. The landlord of the humble inn at Glens will at any time be able to find a boy, who for a few *sous* will get you a good stock of bait (ragworm, small prawns, &c.) The prawn is the most killing bait. Some trout are reported between Hyères and Cannes.

Josselin (Brittany).—On Oust; trout. The fishing is fair. The Croix d'Or is a good inn.

Lamballe (Brittany).—The river here is devoid of fish.

Landivisian (Brittany).—On Elorn. Trout.

Landieff (Brittany).—On Leff. Trout.

Lannion (Brittany).—Fair fishing can be had in the neighbourhood. (*See Paimpol: Tréguier.*) Salmon may be taken in the Guer. Sea trout are plentiful below the town, and above brown trout are numerous.

Lanslebourg.—On the top of Mont Ceniz Pass is a lake containing trout. Leave to fish must be obtained from the monks at the hospice.

Laruns.—On the road to Eaux Bonnes. Trout.

Le Faouet (Brittany).—*Hotel: Lion d'Or.* There are five rivers within easy reach, all full of trout. Above Le Faouet to the north is the Ellé, a heavy river, containing good trout and lots of dace. The Laita is heavily wooded, and contains fine trout and dace. At the valley of St. Barbe there is good fishing for small trout. Below Le Faouet the Ellé is deep and still. At the junction of the Laita is a good spot. (*See Quimperlé.*)

Le Lauzet (Savoy).—*Hotel de l'Europe*; poor. There is a lake near here full of trout.

Louvie.—Between Pau and the mountains. A few trout.

Lus (Hautes Pyrenées).—There are many lakes within reach holding good trout, especially Lac Bleu. Small trout abound in the mountain streams.

Marseilles.—Good sea-fishing from the piers or boats. Suitable tackle may be hired, and various baits bought, at a kind of open-air shop nearly opposite the Bourse.

Melrand (Brittany).—At the junction of the Blavet and Sar, one of the best fishing stations in Brittany. About ten miles south of Pontivy.

Mentone.—Eight miles off runs Carei, holding good trout.

Mexidon (near Caen, Normandy).—On the Dives. About two miles of water is let by the season. Fair fishing both below and above it.

Mont Dore les Bains.—*Hotel: De Paris.* Chaubourg on Dordogne. Trout.

Montreuil.—On the Canche. There are trout here, and good sport may sometimes be had as far as Headin. 6 m. below Headin, Contes joins Canche (trout), and 5 m. further down, at Beaurainville, another good stream joins.

- Montivilliers** (Normandy).—On Lézarde; trout; fishing indifferent. Some trouble in getting leave from the millers.
- Morlaix** (Brittany).—Fair fishing can be had in this neighbourhood. (*See Brest.*)
- Mortain**.—Three hours from Vire by diligence (approachable also by diligence from Avranches, St. Hilaire, and Granville). A little trout fishing in the Cance, 4 m. below the town, off the high road to St. Hilaire on the left. The fishing is open for the most part. The coch-y-bondhu is the favourite fly, and May-fly in its season. Showy flies useless in general. *Hotels*: De la Poste and St. Guillaume; both dirty; but fair table d'hôte at former, with board at 4f. per day. Good lodgings may be had for 15f. per month, including linen and attendance. The only trout in the two tumbling streams close to the town are fat little things, rarely more than five inches long.
- Murat** (Cantal).—Fair trouting here.
- Nice**.—Some fair grayling fishing can be had at St. Martin Lantosque, where are two fair hotels. Some 12 m. off, near the Chapel of Madona di Fenestra, is a lake holding good trout.
- Ostend**.—Very fine smelts can be caught in the harbour from the quays; also flounders, &c.
- Oughterard**.—Tolerable fishing is to be had here.
- Palmpol** (Brittany).—Good sea-fishing round the coast. *Hotel*: Glegnel. The principal rivers are the Leff, the Trieux, the Jaudy, the Guindy, and the Guer, all containing trout; and the best localities for sport are Pontrioux, Guingamp, Roche-Derrien, Lannion, and Belle-Ile-en-Terre. Salmon may be caught at Lannion and Pontrioux. At Tréguier there is good fishing in the tidal river.
- Pamiers**.—On Arlege; trout. Poor fishing. Fishing may be got a few miles higher up.
- Pau**.—Good general fishing, with worm, gentle, and fly, in the Gave. Plenty of chub everywhere, gudgeon, and a good many trout, which take fly and natural minnow well. The neighbouring village of Coarraze is a good station for trout and general fishing. Many large trout lie under the railway bridge, also below the canal company's weir a little higher up. Cheap and pretty comfortable quarters.
- Plestin** (Brittany).—The Douron runs near; salmon and trout. Accommodation bad.
- Ploermel** (Brittany).—*Hotel*: Hotel du Commerce, good. On the Lake Etang-du-Duc. Pike and eels in the lake, but the banks are very weedy. The millpool in the stream contains some good trout.
- Pontgrand** (Brittany).—A secluded village. There is a nice trout stream here, much wooded. The fish average two to the pound.
- Pontivy** (Brittany).—The Blavet runs near. It is used as a canal. There are many overshoots where good trout may be taken. *Hotel*: Hotel des Voyageurs, by no means first-class. The trout fishing, in the department of Morbihan, is prohibited until June 1. This applies, however, only to the canals and navigable streams. (*See Melrand.*)
- Pontrioux** (Brittany). (*See Palmpol.*)
- Pont-Scoff** (Brittany).—On Scoff; good trouting; salmon sometimes.
- Quimper** (Finisterre).—On Odet and Ste r.; sea-trout and trout. Mackerel's guts are very good bait for sea-trout here. The flies must be small. Red hackles, red and black palmers, coch-y-bondhu, and dotted hackle for March and April. Later come in wren's tail, alder fly, and March brown; and a fly, body, peacock's harl, ribbed with gold; hackle, red; wing, woodcock.
- Quimperle**.—On Ellé; salmon, trout, dace, &c. The fishing is very fair, especially up the river at Le Faouet and Pont Aven, at which latter place there is fair accommodation. For flies use red, yellow, and brown bodies.
- Quintin** (Brittany).—There is a tolerable trout stream here, and the quarters are good.
- Roche-Derrien** (Brittany). (*See Palmpol.*)
- Rosporden** (Brittany).—There is a fine lake here, but the banks are very much overgrown.
- Rostrenan** (Brittany).—The lakes of Glomel lie near; also the canal connecting Brest and Nantes. There are good pike in both. *Hotel*: Les Trois Pilliers.
- St. Brienc** (Brittany).—*Hotel*: La Croix Blanche. A few trout may be taken in the river.
- St. Caradeo** (Brittany).—A village near Londéac. There is a fair stream here containing trout.
- St. Firmin** (Dauphine).—On Seversesse; trout. Fair anglers' accommodation. 4 m. down from St. Firmin Seversesse joins Drac. Fishing poor, but it is best above St. Firmin, 6 m. up to Roux, and beyond to La Chapelle. There is only a cabaret at Roux; at La Chapelle fair anglers' accommodation at the hotel. General flies are hare's ear and yellow, dark and light coch-y-bondhu, black hackle, and plain body, or ribbed with silver, and red spinner. The head waters of Drac are well worth fishing.
- St. Germain-en-Laye**.—There is little fishing here. It is 20 m. from Paris.
- St. Jean de l'Isle** (Brittany).—On Rance; trout fishing fair. Accommodation poor.
- St. Malo**.—There is fair sea-fishing off here; pollack round all the shoals; mackerel, conger, bass at the mouth of Rance; pout, plaice, bream in the offing.
- St. Martory**.—On Garonne; abundance of chub, barbel, &c., and a few trout.
- St. Omar**.—Good fly fishing. The Hotel de la Poste is the best inn. The Aa is two miles off, and the Lye nine miles. They contain very fine trout.
- St. Pol-de-Leon** (Brittany).—The Dourdoof runs near; sea-trout and yellow trout. The river is preserved, but leave can be obtained.
- St. Valéry-en-Caux**.—A trip may be made from here, through the little watering place of Veulettes, fishing up the river past Villefleurs to Cany. Trout plentiful but small.

St. Valéry-sur-Somme.—There is but little fishing for coarse fish. At Eu, near here, there are a few trout.

Toulouse.—On the Garonne; chub, barbel, and chondrostomes (*stêges*), with gudgeon, and a few perch, carp, pike, and eels. The *Ramier du Bazacle*, a large island just below the weir is the best station; leave may be obtained from the proprietors of the *Moulin du Bazacle*. The *stêges* are caught in tolerable numbers in the rapid currents, from the shore, or better from boats, with soaked wheat, sometimes with redworm, or the chrysalis of the silkworm, which may be bought very cheaply late in the summer. *Stêges* and chub often take fly freely, morning and evening. Large barbel are sometimes caught ledger-fishing. On the weir is a capital station when the water is low enough to allow of walking thereon. The little river Lers is full of small chub and gudgeon. Fishing may be begun from the bridge on the Las Bordes road, some two and a half miles from Toulouse, and fished up stream, unless the water is high. Small redworm pays best here. The Touch, another small stream, a little farther from Toulouse, is about the same fishing. The mouth of the Ariege, distant about eleven miles up the Garonne, is a good general fishing place. At Toulouse the sport is generally very inferior.

Tours.—On the Loire. The Cher and canal are within an easy walk, and at no great distance are the Indre and Vienne, and the little streams, the Bresne, Romer, and Cisse, which latter joins Loire at Vouvray. Loire contains salmon, pike, barbel, dace, &c. In the smaller streams and ponds are carp, eels, and perch. The most likely places for pike are on the Loire at Noisay or Verman (between this place and Amboise), or below Tours, at the junction of the Cher and Vienne respectively. The fishing in the neighbourhood of Tours is not so good. On the Cher, Chenonceaux, Azay-sur-Cher, and St. Avertin, offer the best chance. On the Indre, Montbazoin is a likely spot. Minnows, gudgeon, or small dace and perch can generally be obtained at the market every morning.

Treguier (Brittany).—Between here and Lannion is the Guindry. Salmon and trout.

Treport.—Sea-trout, trout, roach &c. Within a quarter of a mile is a lock, with two heavy falls—a good spot. Fair trout fishing can be had at Crieuil, also in a stream some two leagues off. A few trout and some large roach can be caught in the canal leading to Eu, one league off. The fishing at Gameches, four leagues off, is fair, but the river is much netted from here to Eu; as the water is let leave must be obtained. By paying, good pike fishing can be had in Lake L'Hable, at Cayeux-on-the-Sea, two and a half hours' drive off. Also bream, tench, roach, and eels in this lake. Above Eu the river is let, we believe to an Englishman, for a league.

Vichy.—Good trouting in the valley of the Lichon and Allier, free.

Vire.—Fishing protected among the numerous woollen mills. The best water is by Graverie, five kilomètres on the high road to Thorigny. Here the Vire and Viraine have united, and form a large open river. Good trout, but dace without end in the holes. There is a tidy village fishing inn at Graverie; or board and lodging may be had at the Hôtel St. Pierre, in Vire. The Vire, above the town and the mills, runs through a perfect jungle.

Vorreppe. (See Grenoble.)

Yvetot.—At Cany some fair trouting can be had.

GERMANY.

Ahrweiler.—On Ahr; trout.

Altenahr.—On Ahr; trout, grayling, chub, dace, &c. By staying at the hotel leave can be had. The Ahr joins Rhine between Remagen and Linzig. Ten miles from Altenahr is Neuenahr. Fishing is poor. Twenty-five miles off is a large lake full of good perch.

Bad Boll (Black Forest).—Good trout fishing for about 4 m. from the Hotel Titisee, which is best reached from Freiburg; also fair supply of pike.

Baden-Baden.—Fair trout and grayling fishing in the Moeng, some little way off. The river is preserved, we believe. At Gernsbach trouting can be had in the Murg. Tickets for Murg to be obtained at a shop in the Colonnade by personal application; d.t., 5 marks; w.t., 20 marks; m.t., 70 marks; s.t., 80 marks. Another ticket, 2m. 60pf., must be obtained from the police. The fishing, about 10 m. long, runs from close above Gernsbach to above Forbach, passing Oberstroth, Hilbertsan, Wissenbach, Langenbrand, and Gansbach (*inn*: Gasthaus-zum-Waldhorn, clean and cheap). The upper part is the better trout and grayling water, and the lower for chub, &c. At Forbach is a decent inn, the Lion. Some distance farther up is Schönmünzsch. The Post is a good inn. The Schönmünz joins Murg a few hundred yards above, and is a good trout stream. There are a few small trout and dace in the stream running through Baden.

Berchtesgarden (Bavaria).—There is good fishing in the river, from this place to the König See. Leave must be obtained. The landlord of the Watzman Hotel will give an introduction. At the lower end of the König See is a rustic inn. Good trouting can be had at Reichenhall. Hoffand's Fancy is a good fly here.

Berlin.—The Spree. No angling near, being so much netted. The river is a filthy ditch.

Bertrich.—On Moselle. There is a decent trout stream here.

Biberich (Baden).—Fifteen miles above Offenburg. On Kinsig. Trout, grayling, chub, dace. The landlord of the principal inn has the right of fishing, which is very fair.

Blankenheim.—On Ahr; trout; fishing good, but preserved.

- Bonn.**—Trout, grayling, and chub. Fair general fishing in the Rhine, chub, dace, bleak, &c. There are many barbel, and a few pike and large perch. Chub may be taken freely with Dutch cheese, also with a parboiled paste composed of flour, milk, and eggs. The Sieg, flowing into the Rhine, $2\frac{1}{2}$ m. below Bonn, on the opposite bank, contains various coarse fish. Near Bonn is Königswinter, at the foot of the Severn Mountains, and nearly opposite Königswinter is Rolandseck, both fair spots for a little sport. The Ahr joins the Rhine at Remagen, some miles above Bonn. Half way up the Kreuzberg, a hill just outside Bonn, is a pond containing abundance of very fine carp, leave for which may sometimes be obtained. A small stream flows into the Rhine some 3 m. below Bonn, on the same side. By fishing up $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. excellent sport may be obtained, either with redworm or grasshopper, among chub, &c., with the chance of a trout.
- Borsek** (Bavaria).—Good trouting four hours off; permission from landlord of hotel.
- Bruckhaus** (Baden).—On the Schluecht. Hotel Bad Bruckhaus (*see Advertisement*); near Rhine and Wutsch. Seven miles excellent trouting, partly *unnetted*; fishing free to guests for Schluecht and Rhine. Station, Waldshut.
- Coblentz.**—There is a lake near here containing very large pike and perch; fishing free; you must pay for the fish at the market price. Plenty of general fishing both in Rhine and Moselle.
- Daren.** (*See Aix-la-Chapelle.*)
- Darmstadt.**—Not far off are the Maine and Rhine. Pike and other fish can be caught in the Grosse, Woog, Amosen, Teich, &c., near the town.
- Donauschingen** (Baden).—Brigach; chub, grayling, trout. Breg, 3 m. off, at Votterdingen; trout; fishing fair; the landlord of the hotel can get leave. *Lakes:* In Prince Furstenberg's park is a large lake holding good trout. *Hotel, Schutren.*
- Donauwerth** (Bavaria).—On Danube. (*See Munich.*)
- Dresden.**—The Elbe; pike, perch, and the usual fish. Annual licence 6s. per annum within 4 m. of the town; beyond that is free. At Pirna, half an hour off by rail, there is some fair trout fishing; also at Schandau, two hours' distant, a little fishing can be had in the Elbe, below the town. Quantities of small fish may be caught at the junction of the Weiseritz, 1 m. down. There is good trouting in the Polenzthal Valley, 2 m. walk from Rathen, one station beyond Schandau.
- Dusseldorf.**—On Rhine. There are a few salmon and trout, with plenty of chub, and other fish. In May, a fish called May-fish runs up the river; they will not take a fly.
- Ems.**—On Lahn; trouting poor, but plenty of chub and coarse fish.
- Frankfort-on-Main.**—Plenty of coarse fish and chub above the town; preserved by an association, who issue daily tickets for a small fee. Plenty of barbel here. Some good trouting at Heigenbrücken and Lohm. two hours off by rail.
- Freiburg** (Baden).—*Hotel:* Sommer's Zum Zähringer Hof. On Dreisam; trout and grayling. 10 m. N. at Waldkirchen there is good trouting in Elz; apply to the landlord of the post-house. At **Ochs** (*Hotel:* Wilden Mann) some trouting can be had by leave from the proprietor. At **Feldburg**, 24 m. off, the hotel on the spot rents the fishing of Feldsee; trout run large.
- Füssen** (Bavaria).—On Lech; huchen. There are several lakes near here; Hupfen See and Banwald See, and some smaller tarns near Hohen-Schwangan, a residence of the king. The two lakes first-mentioned contain pike and a few trout and coarse fish; leave can be obtained easily. The small lakes are strictly preserved by the king. There are some small lakes near Rosskaupten two hours from Füssen. An hour's ride from Füssen is Reutte, in Tyrol, on Lech, containing trout and grayling. The fishing is free and not very good. There are two lakes near Reutte, the one nearest the town contains plenty of carp. Near Reutte is the Arch Stream rising in some lakes, and contains trout and grayling. The master of the Crown Inn will give leave to fish it. (*See Ischl.*)
- Hachenburg.**—Six hours from Cologne *via* Au. By staying at the Kronen Hotel fair trouting can be had.
- Hanau-on-the-Main.**—Twelve miles by road from Frankfort. The Kinsig river runs near the town, and is full of pike, chub, &c. Half an hour's ride from Hanau is a sub-merged valley. When the Main becomes flooded, the water and fish enter the valley, the latter being left behind in the old peat holes when the waters have receded. Very large pike and perch are then to be had. The landlord of the inn near there charges ninepence for every pound weight of fish you take away. Wines and restauration good, and moderate charges.
- Hausach** (Baden).—Kinzig; grayling, chub, trout, &c. *Hotel, Railway;* the landlord can obtain some fishing for a few days.
- Heidelberg** (Baden).—On Neckar; barbel, chub, dace, roach, perch, May-fish; fishing very poor. D.t. 3d. Ordinary English flies answer here. The May-fish is the shad. Good trout fishing 8 m. from Heidelberg by payment of 9d. for every pound weight of fish you catch and take away with you. Very large trout at the Wolf's Spring, 2 m. off; bottom fishing for chub near the barge wharf is best. (*See Neckar-Steinach.*)
- Hesse Cassel.**—There is a fair trout stream near.
- Hof** (Bavaria).—(*See Ischl.*)
- Homburg** (Baden).—Gutach; trout, grayling; preserved for 2 m. by the landlord of the Bear Hotel; fishing fair; wading necessary. The brooks Essbach and Ober Eslenbach, near the town, are small, and contain a fair stock of chub. They are preserved by the landlord of the hotel Victoria, who has some trouting also. Nidd runs 4 m. from here

- Tickets, 4d. per day, can be obtained from the burgermeister. Plenty of chub and white fish, also pike.
- Immenstadt** (Bavaria).—On the Munich and Constance line. (*See Route.*) In the Alp See there are plenty of pike, but no trout. There are one or two lakes near Martinzell, on the Munich line, an hour from here.
- Kissingen** (Bavaria).—*Hotel*: Royal Kurhouse. Saale; pike, barbel, chub, &c.; a small fee required for permission. There is good trouting at Neustadt (10 m. off).
- Klagenfurt**.—On Wottersee; pike, roach, &c. The Glanfurt holds roach, but leave must be obtained. *Hotel*: Kaiser v. Oesterreich.
- Königsberg** (Prussia).—No one allowed to angle in the river Pregel, as it is farmed by the fishermen. Thirty marks, or 30s. penalty. The Castle lake, near the town, is about 4 m. long, and the residents on the banks are allowed to fish from their lawns. The lake contains very large carp and perch. There are restaurants on the banks, and guests are allowed to angle from their gardens.
- Kreutznach**.—On Frahe; chub, perch, &c. Fishing indifferent.
- Lorch**.—Trout fishing in the Whispfen, which runs into the Rhine here. Apply to the landlord of the White Swan, where good accommodation can be had. The stream is small, so only good in the spring.
- Mannheim** (Baden).—Good pike and coarse fishing in the Rhine and Neckar. For Rhine a yearly ticket is to be obtained from the police at the Kaufhaus, also permission from a Herr Meyer, who rents fishing (his address can be obtained from any fishmonger). For Neckar, ticket, 3 marks, must be obtained from Schloss. Fair fishing; very good chub fishing near railway bridge; also good fishing in docks, but is preserved by a society of 10 members at 80 marks each. At Mannheim is an English fishing tackle maker, W. Collingwood, opposite station; very obliging, and knows the river well.
- Martinszell** (Bavaria).—(*See Immenstadt.*)
- Mendorf**.—There is a brook between here and Schlangenbad holding trout; you cannot fish with a fly. The landlord of the Crown will give leave. Mendorf is distant from Wiesbaden a quarter of an hour by rail.
- Ments**.—In the Mendorf brook there is good trout fishing.
- Münden** (Hanover).—There are three rivers here, the Fulda, Verra, and Weser. Only coarse fish, barbel, chub, &c. There is splendid pike fishing in a large pool, formerly the bed of the Fulda.
- Munich** (Bavaria).—In the Isar and Ammer fair grayling and huchen fishing can be had; leave not very difficult to procure. The best fishing is in the Danube, between Donauwerth and Regensburg, and in the Inn, between Passau and Rosenheim; leave on Inn is procurable for a small sum. There is a comfortable inn at Newhaus, an hour from Passau. Gögging and Braunau, higher up the river, are good stations. Accommodation bad.
- Murnau** (Bavaria).—There are two lakes here, Staffel See and Rieg See, containing trout. We believe the landlord of the principal hotel can obtain leave. By taking a cross road Saulgrub can be reached. Accommodation indifferent. The Ammer runs near, containing trout. The fishing between Saulgrub and Unter Ammergau is very good, but it is doubtful whether fishing can be had at this latter place. At the village of Baiersoyen, three quarters of an hour from Saulgrub, on the road to Seongau, is a small lake containing trout, and within an hour of Baiersoyen, at Wildsteig, is another lake.
- Neustadt**.—(*See Kissingen.*)
- Neckar-Steinach** (10 m. from Heidelberg).—Fair trouting; tickets from the inn-keeper.
- Nieder Andorfer** (Bavaria).—On the Innsbruck line. Two hours and a half off is Walch See, containing good trout.
- Oderbruck**.—Oder. In the pools are large trout.
- Offenburg** (Baden).—Kinzig; chub, grayling, pike, perch, trout, roach; preserved by the municipality; s.t. (only) 14 marks. The mill stream is preserved by the miller; payment required. *Hotel*, Fortuna.
- Passau**.—On Inn. (*See Munich.*)
- Pirna** (Saxony).—Half an hour by rail from Dresden. (*See Dresden.*)
- Prague**.—On Moldau. There are plenty of fish here, and trout in its tributaries.
- Preusslau** (Brandenburg).—*Hotel*: De Prusse. On Uckerlake. Good fishing.
- Regensburg**.—On Danube. (*See Munich.*)
- Reichenhall**. (*See Berchtesgarden.*)
- Ravensburg** (Württemberg). (*See Constance.*)
- Remagen**. (*See Altenahr.*)
- Rosenheim** (Bavaria).—On Inn. A small river here joins Inn, which contains grayling.
- Schandau** (Saxony). (*See Dresden.*)
- Schaltenhofen**.—On Wottawa; trout; a good station.
- Schlangenbad** (Nassau). (*See Mendorf.*)
- Schwalbach** (Nassau).—The landlord of the Hotel Metropole rents 25 m. of a fine stream, which he preserves for his visitors; as does also the landlord of the Hotel Nassau.
- Schwartzburg** (Thüringen Wald).—Splendid trout fishing in Schwartz, also grayling; permission to fish is given by landlord of hotel Zum Weissen Hirsch, Schwartzburg, to visitors staying at hotel; speaks English, and very obliging. The Prince also has fishing, but never gives permission. Book to Blankenburg, and drive.

- Senierke.**—On Bode; good trouting; permission easily obtainable.
- Siegburg.**—A village ten miles from Bonn, on the river Sieg; good fishing. (*See Bonn.*)
- Stettin.**—The Oder; wels, pike, perch, bream, pike-perch, and roach. Fishing free, except for pike, 6s. annually. Best fishing in the Haff, or lake, between Stettin and the Baltic. There are several lakes between Stettin and Berlin, the proprietors of which generally give leave to angle.
- Tolz.**—On Isar. Plenty of coarse fish, and some trout.
- Triburg (Baden).**—Gutach; trout. Some little fishing is attached to two or three of the hotels here. The town waters are let at 10 marks per season.
- Vienenburg.**—On Ecker; good trouting, belonging to Count Stolberg; permission impossible. Leave is sometimes given, however, by Herr von König for his fishing at Torfhans, near Vienenburg.
- Volmar-on-Sea.**—Pike, perch, &c.
- Walporzheim.**—Ahr; trout, chub, &c.; fishing poor below, but fair above. Accommodation can be had.
- Weimar.**—River Ilm. 8 or 10 m. of the best water, limited to four rods at a time, artificial fly only; fish under 1lb. to be returned in the upper water, and under 1lb. in the lower. All fish to be given up alive, or may be purchased at 1s. 6d. per pound. Charge for fishing, 6s. per day, or 1l. per week. Catches of over 20lb. not unusual. First-class accommodation at the Hotel Erbprinz, the proprietor of which, Mr. F. Langenberg, will be pleased to give every information.
- Weinheim (Baden).**—Good trout fishing; permission can be obtained at the various inns, where there is a "Forellenfang;" accommodation fair.
- Wiesbaden.** (*See Mendorf.*)
- Wildbad (Württemberg).**—By paying three florins a week to the lessee leave may be obtained to fish in the river. There are a few trout and grayling.
- Windisch Matrei.**—*Hotels:* Hotel Zum Bauter and Schloss Weissenstein. Isel. The landlord rents the fishing. Good trouting can be had in the Deferegger-Bach, which flows into Isel at In der Huben; the fishing begins at Hopfgarten. Fishing is also good higher up at St. Veit.
- Wolfach (Baden).**—Kinzig; grayling, trout, chub, &c.; preserved partly by the landlord of the hotel. Wolf; same fish. *Hotel, Salmen.*
- Wolfsberg (Lavanthal).**—*Hotel:* Schellander. On Lavant; trout and grayling; preserved, but leave can be had on payment. There is a papier mache mill some 2 m. above, which at times injures the fishing below. Above, the fishing is much better. The Arlingbach, a tributary of Lavant, holds fine fish, but is much overgrown.
- Zalsow (Bavaria).**—Good trouting; leave from landlord of hotel.

HOLLAND.

- General Information.**—Excellent sport among pike, perch, carp, roach, and bream in nearly all of the numerous canals. A licence for fishing with any tackle or net, 7 florins 7 cents. Anyone taking out a licence may fish, provided he has leave over the requisite water. As a rule, permission is freely accorded. Pike fishing may be had on the Maes, near Grave, which is reached by steamer from Rotterdam or Bois le Duc; at Nymegen, about 9 m. from Arnheim; and at Ouderkerk, on the Eisel, 6 m. from Rotterdam, between Rotterdam and Gouda. To Ouderkerk a boat runs twice a day from Rotterdam. There is some jack fishing to be had in the river at Loo, the station for which is Appledore. The fishing belongs to the king, but leave may be obtained through one of the innkeepers without much difficulty. North Brabant, in the rivers Tongreep and Dommel, which run east and west of the village of Valkenswaard, a few pike are to be had, but they are not very large. The rivers in North Brabant are muddy and sluggish; they seem well stocked with eels. There are no trout, but plenty of roach and dace. Smelts can be taken from many of the quays and piers, and flat-fish and eels are numerous.
- Delft.**—Plenty of small coarse fish in the canals.
- Maastricht.**—On Maes; coarse fish, including pike, bream, roach, chub, &c.
- Rotterdam.**—Coarse fish, eels, and plenty of fine carp in the canals.

ITALY.

- General Information.**—Bass, grey mullet, and varieties of the bream are caught at most Italian ports.
- Ancona.**—On Lago Maggiore. There is good trolling here.
- Baveno.**—On Lago Maggiore; ferox, pike, and perch. The lake is very deep.
- Breno.** (*See Isco.*)
- Cadanabria.**—Lake Como. Some dace-like fish, about 1lb. a piece, can be killed with fly here; also large trout trolling.
- Capri.**—*Hotel:* Tiberio. Good fishing.
- Como.**—On Lake Como; trout, pike.
- Desanzano.**—Six hours from Milan. On Lake of Garda. There is fair trout trolling in summer. A fish called *cavedoni* rise freely to the fly, but run small.
- Florence.**—There is tench fishing in Lake Bientina and also in the Arno.
- Genoa.**—Grey mullet can be caught at the entrance of the Bisagno stream almost close to the city walls; also bass, bream, and red mullet.

Iseo.—On Lago d'Iseo; tench, chub, pike, and a few large trout. The tench and chub are fond of polenta and silkworm grub, and may be taken from the shore. At Breno the Oglio runs into the lake. Lake trout constantly ascend the stream from the lake.

Ivrea.—There are four small lakes near here, also the river Dora, containing trout and perch. The Hôtel de l'Europe is comfortable. The town is situated at the entrance of the Val d'Aosta.

La Thuile de Ste. Foi.—In the Val de Tignes. *Hotel:* Des Voyageurs. There is good trouting in the Isère and Lac de Tignes.

Les Tavernettes.—Mont Cenis. *Hotel:* Posthouse of the Mont Cenis. There is a lake near here, belonging to the monks at the Hospice, containing fine trout; leave must be obtained.

Majolica.—On Lake of Como. There is some trouting here.

Rimasco.—On Val Sermenta. There is a tolerable inn here. Trouting very fair.

Sardinia, Island of.—Trout reported in all the streams. Good hotel at Cagliari.

Sils-Maria Engadine.—There are two lakes here and plenty of trout. The hotel is comfortable. Sils Lake is better than Silva Plana Lake. June and July are the best months; September is a fence month.

Spesia.—There are trout in a stream about 6 m. E. Good hotels.

Varallo.—This is a good head-quarters to fish the streams on the Italian side of Monte Rosa, all of which contain trout. It is next to useless to fish when the snow is melting.

NORWAY AND SWEDEN.

General Information.—*Salmon and Sea Trout.*—It may be said that all the salmon rivers of any value or accessibility are already leased. Now and then one gets into the market from its owner being prevented from going out, but generally the chance is eagerly embraced by personal friends. There are, however, many short, shallow, and comparatively worthless rivers advertised every year. These are mostly in the hands of Norwegian speculators or middlemen. The greatest caution is necessary before signing the contract and paying the rent (which is always paid in advance). References to former tenants should be insisted on, as well as accurate information respecting nets, traps, and other fishing rights. *Trout and Char.*—The trouting tourist, in looking at his map, sees a country studded with innumerable lakes and laced over with a network of streams. All of these contain trout, some of them char, and some of them grayling. Almost all these thousands of lakes and streams are open to him, *except, of course, those in which salmon and sea trout run*, and even these, above the falls, may be fished by asking permission from the farmers. It must, however, be borne in mind, that the angler has no right to fish or to trespass on the limited crop of grass, and care should be taken not to do more damage than is unavoidable. It is well to employ a son of the farmer as gillie or boatman if possible. Boats may generally be obtained, and should be subjected to a good overhaul before pushing off, as those little in use are often unseaworthy. If a man goes to Norway to fish, he must make that his *one* object. We should recommend him to take a district (such as Telemarken, Sotersdal, or Jotunheim), and work it thoroughly. The best sport is not obtained in turbulent water, however likely looking, but in the more evenly flowing streams connecting lakes. The rivers on the east of the great watershed of the Dovrefield and Fillefjeld are better in this respect than those on the west. The smaller rivers are better than the very large ones, and this holds good also with respect to the lakes. In these the best places are at the inlet and outfall, and about any islands or banks, just where the shore disappears at a depth of four or five feet. On a lee shore during windy weather large trout will often take close to the bank. Before many years pass over, it will be necessary to lease trout fishing; indeed, many lakes are at the present moment rented, although permission to fish is seldom withheld. *Tackle.*—The salmon fisher knows all about tackle when he ascertains upon what kind of water he is to be located. The ordinary patterns, in different sizes to suit the rapid changes in the height of the river, are all that will be required; 120 to 150 yards of running line, treble and single gut for heavy and fine water. Dependable tackle cannot easily be obtained in Norway. For trout, Scotch lake flies, larger or smaller according to amount of wind, will kill on the lakes. Red-bodied flies with mallard wings are best for rivers; all the principal makers know the tackle required. Mr. Cummins, of Bishop Auckland, in his catalogue, gives a list of flies which he found killers during a trouting tour in Norway. A supply of spoons, phantoms, and Devon minnows for lake spinning should be taken. The gut should be strong, and the line 60 yards. A 14ft. double-handed trout rod, with extra tops, and tops for spinning, would be best if only one rod be taken. An 11ft. rod and finer tackle all round would be occasionally useful. The net should be a folding one, and large and capable of being fastened to the pannier strap. A rod box, made with straps at each end to sling it under the shafts of the carriage, is a great protection to the rods. The rivers are mostly unsuitable for wading. Good waterproof boots, and gaiters to guard against the heavy dew, will be found better than waders. A good macintosh, reaching down to the gaiters, is indispensable, and a sou'-wester would be found a comfort. Should the traveller drink whisky, he had better bring his supply from England, as no spirits can be obtained in Norway, except at Christiania, Bergen, and Trondjem, and such large towns. *Steamers, &c.*—Wilson's line of steamers from Hull and London to Bergen and Christiania is deservedly popular, and much used by sportsmen. Berths should be secured

as early as possible. The Halvorsen line from Newcastle to Bergen is supposed to be quicker, but these steamers are not so comfortable as the Wilson boats (see advertisements in the *Field* and other papers every week during the season). The sea voyage is so short, about thirty hours from land to land, that few tourists travel *via* Calais and Denmark. Fares about the same by the Wilson and Halvorsen lines, 6*l.* return, inclusive of victualling. There are local steamers on every fjord, and on most of the larger lakes. Information in the "Norges Communicationer," a kind of Bradshaw, to be obtained at Bennett's shops at Bergen or Christiania, or at Beyer's in the main street (Strandgaden), Bergen. The land travelling is by carriole, stolkjærre for two persons, or open carriage for three or more. The less luggage taken the better. *Guide Books, Maps, &c.*—Baedeker's "Norway and Sweden" contains all the requisite information for travelling, as well as numerous maps. After fixing on a district for fishing operations, it would be well to order the sheets of the Ordnance Survey through Stanford's, of Charing-cross, or they might be selected at Bennett's or Beyer's at Christiania or Bergen. Information as to money, luggage, language, posting, &c., is given in the various guide books.

In Norway the occupier of land has *primæ facie* an exclusive right to all fisheries upon it; and, except on public or waste lands, no one else can claim any right to use a rod, even on waters in which there are no salmon or sea trout. Where, as is commonly the case, strangers are freely allowed to fish for trout, char, or grayling, they do so by the permission of the occupier express or implied. Strangers should be careful not to trespass, and should always apply for permission at the nearest house, even when they believe that they are upon waste lands over which the public have rights of common. The most important rivers in the province of Tromsø are the Reisen, Skibbotten, Maal, Skö, Salang, and Lokhelle; the others, though numerous, are for the most part short, and so rapid that fish cannot run up any great distance from the sea. The larger rivers were once full of salmon and sea trout, but the stock of fish has been seriously diminished. Beginning from the frontier of Finmarken, and following the coast line of Tromsø Amt southwards to the borders of Nordland, the names of the rivers succeed each other in their natural order.

BADDERN R., 9½ m.—Rising in the Baddern Vand, a lake, 1 m. long full of non-migratory fish, the river of the same name falls into the Kvenangen Fjord. At but a short distance from the sea fish are stopped by a waterfall, immediately below which a good number of salmon are taken every year.

RUOSSA JOK, 6 m.—A small stream, draining half-a-dozen lakes of no great size, and falling into the Kvenangen Fjord.

NIEMENAIIKA R., 14 m.—Issuing from the Sioka Lake, on the borders of Finmarken, the Niemenaiika falls into the Kvenangen Fjord.

OLMA R., OR ABBO JOK, 10½ m.—From Lake Abbo, 3½ m. long, to its mouth in the Kvenangen Fjord, the Olma is 7 m. long.

NAVET R., 21 m.—From its source in the glaciers of Bezegel Haldi to the Kvenangen Fjord the Navet is a broad and quiet stream, with but three rapids. Close to its mouth salmon, which are there pretty numerous, are stopped by a waterfall. There are trout in the upper part of the river.

OKSFJORDS OR STORSKOGS R., 17½ m.—From its rise in Rokkilgaissak, between the valleys of the Navet and Reisen, the Oksfjords River flows northwards through Storskogsdalen, and 14 m. from its source falls into the Oksfjords Lake, 3½ m., long. The lower end of this lake is not more than half a mile from the sea. The river is full of fish.

REISEN R., 70 m.—Next to the Maal, the Reisen is the largest river in the province. It rises close to the frontier of Finmarken, in a lake of the same name, and reaches the sea at the head of the Reisen Fjord. Above Elvevold, 3½ m. from the head of the fjord, there are heavy rapids: thence the river is navigable to a point a little above Sappen, the last farm in the valley, and distant by water more than 35 m. from the sea. Salmon run up the Reisen for more than 63 m., and there are in the valley about forty landowners entitled to fishing rights. Half a mile from its mouth the Reisen is joined by the Samuel River, a large tributary, in which a strong current and frequent changes in the course of the stream render navigation difficult. Salmon, however, pass some way up it, and it also holds trout.

ROTSUND R., 14 m.—From its source in the mountains above Djevledal, the Rotsund is for some way a wild torrent, but in its lower course through Rotsunddal, its fall is less considerable, and at last is a broad and steady stream.

NORMANDVIK R., 5 m.; VINTERDALS R., 7 m.; NJAAMEL R., 9½ m.—Three glacier streams rising among the snow mountains north of the Kaafjord, and falling into the Lyngenfjord. The first-named holds trout; the others contain no fish.

KAAFJORDS R., OR GUOLAS JOK, 10½ m.—From Guolasjavre, a lake 4 m. round, the Kaafjords River has a rapid fall until within 4 m. of its mouth at the head of the Kaafjord, it reaches the more level part of the valley.

SKARDALS R., 3½ m.—Rising in the Beolajavre, a lake 1 m. long, the Skarsdals River falls into the Kaafjord.

MANDALS R., 17½ m.—On this river, running into the Kaafjord, a certain number of salmon are taken below a waterfall which stops their further ascent.

SKIBBOTTEN R., 35 m.—Skibbotten River is formed by the junction of two smaller rivers, which both rise in Russian Finland. The Skipajok, Ortasjok, or Didnojk—for in different portions of its course it is known by all three names—is the more northerly of

the two, and is a mere torrent with frequent waterfalls, while the Kjærring River or Galgojok flows through a chain of lakes differing but little in their level until between Galgo Lake and its junction with the Didnojok it forms a succession of heavy rapids. Two miles lower down, the river now known as Skibbotten passes Helligakoven, a "fjeldstue" or mountain station for the convenience of travellers. Immediately below the station the river flows through a small lake, called Bassejavre, between which and the sea, a distance of 18 miles, there are several rapids, and the river is seldom fordable until where close to its mouth it becomes much wider, and has formed extensive sand-banks. This was at one time a good salmon stream, but of late years, owing to constant netting, salmon and sea trout have almost disappeared. Skibbotten, however, is full of large trout.

The Gakkojok, a tributary of the Didnojok, is celebrated for the number of small trout, all of them of excellent flavour and readily caught.

KIR R., $8\frac{1}{2}$ m.—This short stream rises in 4 small lakes between the Markusfjeld, Moskovarre, and Mandfjeld, and falls into the head of the Lyngenfjord, close to the mouth of the Lyngdals River.

LYNGDAL, OR SIGNALDAL, OR STORFJORDS R., OR OMASI JOK, 28 m.—From its source in two neighbouring lakes, Cassa and Guovda, the latter and larger, $3\frac{1}{2}$ m. long, the Lyngdal runs S.S.E. for about 7 m., until, after receiving a tributary from the Kolta Lake, it skirts the southern end of the Markusfjeld, and then flows N.W. into the head of Lyngenfjord. Less than two miles above its mouth it is joined by the Martindals River, $4\frac{1}{2}$ m. in length, and erroneously laid down on Munch's map, and described by Broch as a separate river. In the lower part of its course the Lyngdal frequently undermines and washes away part of its banks, which are steep and of loose material. This is a great hindrance to navigation, though boats can still be used to a certain extent.

LYNGDAL R., $9\frac{1}{2}$ m.—A small river, also falling into Lyngenfjord, but on its western shore, about 10 m. S. of Lyngen Church. It is a rapid glacier river, with a large volume of water. A good many salmon are taken near its mouth.

PEL R., $3\frac{1}{2}$ m.—Quite a small stream, falling into Lyngenfjord just north of the Lyngdals River. There are a couple of mills close to its mouth.

BOTTENVIK R., $3\frac{1}{2}$ m.—Another glacier stream falling into the Lyngenfjord, 2 m. N. of the church. $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. above the mouth of the river there is a waterfall.

STOR R., I VARTO, $3\frac{1}{2}$ m.—Rising in a small lake called Langvand, this stream falls into the Lyngenfjord on its west shore. It is famous for the number of trout.

JÆGERVANDS R., $\frac{1}{2}$ m.—A short length of river between the Jæger vand, a large lake, and the eastern shore of the Ulfsfjord. Salmon are numerous.

STORSTENNÆS R., $3\frac{1}{2}$ m.—A fair-sized mountain stream rising in a small lake under the east face of Iskarstind, and falling into Kjosen, an arm of the Ulfsfjord. Full of fish.

TYTTEBÆR R., 5 m.—This stream rises close to the sources of the Fastdal River, but flows S.W. into Kjosen. Its mouth lies $3\frac{1}{2}$ m. E.S.E. of the mouth of the Storstennæs.

KJOS OR JER R., $3\frac{1}{2}$ m.—Rising in two tarns in Goalesevarre Kjedel, this stream falls into the head of Kjosen.

JÆGTEVIKS R., $1\frac{1}{2}$ m.—Rising in the Langvand, a mountain tarn, this river, after flowing through the Jægtevand, a lake a mile long, falls into Kjosen, $3\frac{1}{2}$ m. W. of the mouth of the Fornæs River.

STOR R., $3\frac{1}{2}$ m.—Another small stream, rising about a mile W. of the Langvand; it also falls into Kjosen, $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. N.W. of the mouth of the Jægteviks River.

LERBUGT R., $4\frac{1}{2}$ m.—Flowing out of the Troldvande, two tarns not far from the Langvand, the Lerbugt flows south into the Sørfjord, a branch of the Ulfsfjord. The river has no great fall, and is well supplied with water.

LAX OR SØRFJORDS R., 13 m.—From its source between Blismaaltind and Pigtdind, this river at first flows W. until within $2\frac{1}{2}$ m. of the Balsfjord, whence there is a track; it turns N.E. through a cultivated valley, and falls into the Sørfjord near its head.

SKOENÆS R., $4\frac{1}{2}$ m.—A mountain stream falling into the Sørfjord on its western shore.

SOMMERBUGT R., $2\frac{1}{2}$ m.—Another small stream, also falling into the Sørfjord a mile south of Sørfjords Church.

LAVANGS R., 7 m.—Rising on the south-west side, and skirting the west and north sides of Sjurnæs Fjeld, the Lavang falls into the Sørfjord a mile north of the church. Less than 2 m. from its mouth the Lavang receives a tributary, according to the Amt map, from Nakkejavr, a lake 1 m. long. In the Beskrivelse, however, this lake is said to be drained by the Nak, a tributary of the Bredvik River, and to be full of fish.

BREDVIKS R., 15 m.—Rising in Bjorneskaret, this river, owing to its slight fall, follows a tortuous course to the Ulfsfjord. A mile above its mouth it is joined from the south by the Nak, a tributary more than 7 m. long. The valley of the Bredvik is wide and open, and both main river and tributary are well stocked with fish—the former with salmon and trout, the latter with trout, char, and a few salmon.

OLDERVIKS R., 7 m.—This river falls into the Ulfsfjord on its western shore, almost opposite the mouth of the Jægervands River. It is a good-sized stream, and full of fish.

TROMSDALS R., $3\frac{1}{2}$ m.—Another small mountain stream falling into the sound opposite the town of Tromsø.

STORSTENBUGT R., 5 m.—A small stream falling into the head of the Ramsfjord.

ANDERDALS R., 8 m.—Rising in a small tarn under Svartnæstind, this stream flows north, and falls into the Balsfjord immediately south of the entrance to the Ramsfjord.

NORDEJOS, OR STOR R., 14 m.—Flowing out of Tabmokvand, a hill lake 1 m. long, this river falls into Nordkjosen at the head of the Balsfjord. At first but small, 7 m. from its source it has become a broad, deep, and still river. It is a good trout stream, and some salmon are taken near its mouth. Boats can ascend the river for about a mile, and there is a road to Overgaard 6 m. up the valley, whence again a track leads north-east, through Martinsdal, to the head of the Lyngenfjord, 7 m. off.

HOLE R., 3½ m.—Rising in the Storvand, a narrow lake 2 m. in length, the Hole River within a mile from its mouth is joined by the Tver. 4 m. long, from the west, and by the Markenes, a tributary of like length, from the east. The Hole falls into Sorkjosen at the head of the Balsfjord. Both the main river and its tributaries are mere mountain streams, and, except in time of flood, of inconsiderable size.

SAG R., 11½ m.—Issuing from the Tagvand, a small lake among the Maartinder, this river, known as the Tommer in the upper part of its course, after a rapid descent of 6 m., falls into the Sagelvand, a lake 2½ m. long, whence it emerges as a broad and shallow stream, and, after a further course of 3½ m., enters the head of the Balsfjord. There is a waterfall close to the mouth of the river, which is said to contain a good stock of fish, probably trout and char only.

HOLMENÆS R., 1½ m.—A short stream, carrying off the waters of the Jasopvand, a lake 3 m. long and 1 m. broad; it falls into the Balsfjord, 3½ m. S.E. of the church.

BAKKBYN R., 4½ m.; SAND R., 7 m.; SKUTVIG R., 4½ m.—These and a number of other still smaller streams, rapid in the upper part of their course, but more tranquil as they approach the sea, serve to drain the peninsula between the Malangsford and the Balsfjord. They are said all of them to hold fish, probably trout, or trout and char only. On the Sand River there is a waterfall close to its mouth.

LAKS R., 4½ m.—From the Fiskelösvande two lakes, respectively 1½ m. and 3½ m. long, the Laks River runs to the Aursford, a branch of Malangenfjord. Below a waterfall, 200 ft. in height, the stream is rapid, and there is good salmon fishing. Trout are plentiful above the fall.

MAAR R., 9½ m.—Shortly after its issue from among the Maartinder this river becomes a quiet stream, flowing between high banks. There is a waterfall a short distance from the sea, below which the river is broad and shallow. The Maar falls into the Aursford, a branch of the Malangsford, and is reported to be a good trout stream.

MAAL R., 112 m.—Great Rosta Lake, 24 m. long, and for the greater part of its extent situate upon Swedish territory, is drained by two rivers, one a tributary of the Tornea, which falls into the Gulf of Bothnia, the other the Rosta River, which, after flowing for about 7 m., enters Little Rosta Lake, 6 m. long. Soon after leaving this lake the river, now broad and quiet, receives two tributaries, the Tamok and the Divi, one on either bank, and thenceforward is known as the Maal. Below the junction of the three streams the river has but a slight fall, and its waters from time to time separate and form several channels, until at Fossli, 21 m. from the sea, they plunge over the Maalefoss, a waterfall of between 30 and 40 feet in height. Less than a mile below Fossli the Maal is joined by the Bardo, its most important tributary. As there is but one short rapid between this junction and the sea, boats can come right up to the falls, while coasting vessels can reach Brandskognes, 17 m. from the mouth of the river. The Bardo rises in the Altevand, a lake 28 m. long, and has a course of 44 m. to Fossmo, where there is also a waterfall. The two falls lie about a mile apart, and at about a like distance from the junction of the rivers. They stop the further ascent of salmon, and, owing to the deadness of the water lower down, it is only for a short distance immediately below them that salmon can be taken with a rod. On the Maal, salmon have been almost exterminated. The river and its tributaries have now for some time been under the care of a fishery association. Above the Fossli Fall the Maal contains a few trout and grayling. The Bardo and its tributaries, on the other hand, were at one time full of trout and char, but of late years their numbers have been recklessly thinned. 7 m. from its western end there are narrows upon Alte Lake. These are not more than 70 yards across, and through them runs a stream, against which boats must be towed. Roads run up the main valley as far as Kongelli on the Little Rosta Lake, and up Bardodal as far as Stromsli, 12 m. below the Alte Lake. The farmers are many of them well-to-do, and at their houses accommodation may be had far superior to that in any other valley in Tromsø Amt. Maalsnes, at the mouth of the Maal, is a place of call for the main line steamers between Trondhjem and the north, and also for the s.s. Tromsø, a local steamer trading to and from the town of the same name. The Maal Valley may also be reached from Sövelen i Salangen, another place of call for the s.s. Tromsø. There is now a good road from Sövelen through Bardodal, to the Maal Valley, a distance of about 35 m.

TORN R., 1½ m.—From a lake of the same name, 2½ m. long, the Torn River flows west into the Rogsfjord; though short, it is deep and broad, and has so strong a stream that it is only with difficulty that a boat can be rowed against it. The Rogsfjord is in reality brackish water, separated from Malangsford by the narrows of the Rogsfjord Strommen, through which sea water enters the Rogsfjord at high tide.

FINJORDS R., 1½ m.—Rising in the Finfjordevand, a lake nearly 4 m. long, this river also falls into the Rogsfjord. Ofjord, on the eastern shore of the Gissund, is by water less than 3½ m. distant from Klöven, where all coasting steamers call.

TOMMER R., 9 m.—Rising at the foot of Hjertind, the Tommer river falls into the Reisenvand, a lake so little above sea level that the influence of the tides is felt even

some little way up the river. There are salmon in this stream, but it is only during autumn floods that it is worth fishing. By water Reisen lake is $4\frac{1}{2}$ m. distant from Klöven.

SKÖ R., 15 m.—Within a short distance from the point where it issues from a lake of the same name, the Skö is joined by a tributary called the Gumppe, and, after a further course of 7 m., falls into the Reisenfjord, less than 3 m. S.W. of the outlet of the Reisen Lake. Salmon ascend the Skö as far as Storfos, a waterfall, $3\frac{1}{2}$ m. from the sea. A fishery association for this river was formed in 1873, and a fishery district with a coast line of 19 m. placed under its care.

LYSBOTTEN R., 12 m.—This and the two following rivers are in the island of Senjen. Two short links of river connect greater Lysbotten Lake with the lesser, and that again with the sea. As the lakes drained by this outlet are many, and some of them large, it would seem that the stream ought to hold salmon.

GRÆSMYR R., 8 m.—Græsmyr Lake, 1 m. in length, receives at its upper end the Skar and Mosk Rivers, and is drained by the Græsmyr River, which, after a course of about 2 m., falls into the Gisund half-way between the steamboat stations Klöven and Gibostad.

LAX OR LOKHLE R., 17½ m.—This river, or rather chain of lakes, is navigable by boats for a distance from its mouth upwards of about 7 m., and salmon can ascend still further. There are a few salmon casts in the short lengths of stream connecting the different lakes, but the greater part of the fishing is in the lakes themselves.

ESPENÆS R., 4½ m.; BRØNSTAD R., 7 m.; LOKS R., 7 m.—Three small streams, falling into the sea between the Reisen and Salangen Fjords. The first-named would appear to be a mere mountain torrent; the second and third may possibly hold a few salmon near their mouths, and yield trout fishing higher up.

SALANGS R., 30 m.—Rising on the borders of Sweden, the Salangs River runs north until 5 m. from its mouth it turns westwards, and flowing through the Övre and the Nedrevande, two lakes, each of them a little less than 2 m. in length, falls into the Sagfjord, near Sövein i Salangen, one of the s.s. Tromsø's calling places. Though the Salang is very rapid, salmon can ascend as far as a waterfall called Kistefoss, 7 m. from the sea, and $3\frac{1}{2}$ m. above the upper of the two lakes. Boats can be towed from the lower into the upper lake; the rapid between the lower lake and the sea is quite impassable. There are about eleven landowners entitled to rights of fishery on the Salangs River. The best netting station is at Strokemås, at the bottom of the rapid between the lakes, where almost every fish might be netted. Apart from the lakes, the only rod fishing for salmon is upon the $3\frac{1}{2}$ m. of water between the upper lake and the Kistefoss. From Sandvik, a farm on the south shore of the upper lake, there is a good road into the valley of the Bardo, and along that river to its junction with the Maal. There is also a road up the Salang Valley to Moholt, 21 m. from the sea. A fishery association for the preservation of salmon in the Salang River was constituted on Feb. 18, 1876.

SAG R., 8 m.—The Sag River takes its rise in two small hill lakes of the same name, and falls into the Sagfjord 1 m. W. of the mouth of the Salang. It is a mere torrent.

SPANDALS R., 14 m.—From its sources close to the boundary of Norlands Amt the Spandals River flows northward into the head of Lavangen Fjord. It is an impetuous and turbid stream. It holds few fish.

FJØRDBOTTENS R., 4½ m.—A small stream falling into the head of Gratangen Fjord.

STOR R., 5 m.—Rising in Övrevand, and flowing through Mellenvand and Nedrevand, three small lakes, the Stor River falls into the head of Gratangen Fjord, close to the mouth of Fjorbotten River. Fish can run up for a distance of nearly 2 m., until just below Nedrevand they are stopped by a waterfall 200 ft. in height. A good many salmon are taken in the pool below the fall, above it trout are plentiful.

LABERG R., 6 m.—Rising in a lake of the same name, the Laberg falls into Gratangen Fjord, about 5 m. W. of the mouth of the Stor River.

FOLVIK R., 3½ m.—An impetuous mountain stream falling into Gratangen Fjord, $2\frac{1}{2}$ m. W. of the mouth of the Laberg River. It does not hold many fish.

SKODBERG R., 11½ m.—Two short links of river $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. in length, connecting the Skodberg Lake with the Salt Lake, and the latter with the Gravfjord. As the lakes are but little above sea level, the river has no great fall, and is said to be full of fish.

The salmon fishing in Sweden is not so much sought after as that in Norway. In the rivers flowing into the Baltic and the Gulf of Bothnia salmon do not take the fly well. Still most of the rivers contain salmon where they can get up; and hold trout, char, and grayling above the falls and in the lakes. Coarse fish are also to be found in some lakes and rivers; large pike and perch are often taken when spinning.

In Sweden the inns are decent, and food more plentiful than in Norway. There are salmon in all the rivers, though in some, as the Dal and Umea, they are stopped by falls within a few miles of the sea. In the Dal, below the falls at Elfeärlaby, some good fish may be taken spinning. The principal fish of the country is the grayling, which may be caught anywhere. The best rivers for fishing that run into Lake Wenern are the By, the Tryke, the Nors, the Klar, and the Let, all with an extensive lake system. There is also the large Dalslands Canal. In Wenern, besides the ordinary fish, is a large salmon, rather pale in flesh. No large rivers run into Lake Wetter, but the Rivers Götha and Matala run out of it, with five or six lakes connected with the latter. Permission to fish must be obtained from the landowners. Both salmon and trout fishing have very much fallen off of late years. Except in out-of-the-way places, better sport can be obtained in Ireland or Scotland.

Aalesund.—On an island at the mouth of the long Stor Fjord, into which run several

small rivers, of which the Valdai at Sylte, near the top, is the chief. It is leased, and fishes late; others are the Stordal, Strande, Simelva, and Nordal.

Alten.—Very fine river, draining 2700 square miles; there are over 30 miles of salmon water. It is leased, and the bag by rod is the heaviest in the country.

Arvika (Sweden). On Bze Elfven. This stream runs from this town to Lake Wenern. There are pike in the river, and lake trout and *Lucio perca*.

Bergen.—There is no fishing to be obtained in the immediate neighbourhood, but daily steamers run to the Hardanger, Sogne, and Nord fjords (which see), and the railway runs twice a day to Vossevangen. On this line the Dale river is passed. This fishing is much spoiled by the cloth factory, still heavy fish are often killed. The next river is the Vosse, draining 550 square miles. It fishes best early, and holds large fish. All the water, from the fjord at Bølsdal to the Evanger lake and that at Evanger, together with some pools above, have long been leased by Englishmen. Some intermediate water, and the portion at Bulkan, are in the hands of Bergen middlemen; reports of this perplexing. In the Evanger lake char are numerous, but small and poor. For the upper water, see Vossevangen.

Carlstad (Sweden).—(See *Göthenburg*.) On Lake Wenern. The Clar here joins Wenern. This river rises far up on the Norwegian fells. A little distance to N.E. of Carlstad lies Christineham, a capital station. The fish in Wenern consists of lake-trout, which run to spinning bait, silver-lax (a species of trout), which rise freely to a fly, the brown trout run to a fair size in the lake, also burbot, pike, perch, *Lucio perca*, tench, bream, roach, and grayling are plentiful in the Clar.

Christiania.—(See *Læsto Yarn Værk*.)

Christiansand.—*Hotel, Ernst's.* At the mouth of the Torrisdal, a river with catchment basin of 1500 square miles, and of the Topdal fjord. 11 m. of salmon water on the Torrisdal to Helvedes Fos, generally rented by gentlemen of the town; leave sometimes given; all boating. Trout numerous, but small near the fos. Good trouting for many miles up the river, there called Ottersaen, to Saetendal. Within drive of the town, Christiansand, are some lakes holding very pretty trout. The Topdal falls into the head of the fjord of the same name, 10 m. to the north. There is only a short though good stretch of salmon water to Boen Fos, formerly leased to Englishmen. For some years the owner declined to re-let. The Mandal, 25 m. to the west, with a basin of 700 square miles, is said to be the most productive river in Norway, with very handsome fish; but it is most severely netted, and little but small fish are now bagged. One stretch has long been owned or leased by an Englishman. It is to be hoped the nets may be hired off some day, as has been done with the Lyngdal and the Quinna, 25 and 35 m. respectively to the west.

Diset.—On Rena; trout. This place is two stations below Lake Storsjön. The fishing is very good; so also is it at Lonsset, the next station above. At the northern end of the lake the fishing is also first-rate. This district is but two days from Christiania, and the accommodation is very decent and the charges moderate.

Drontheim or Trondhjem.—Many large and productive rivers fall into this fjord, but hundreds of nets on it, and on the lower reaches of the rivers have immensely injured them. The three best—Orkla, Gula, and Stjørdal—have all long stretches, 30 to 60 m., of salmon water, leased in various sections. On the Nid, between the town and Lerfos, are some 5 m. of salmon water, for which leave can generally be obtained. Up the fjord to the north are the Levanger, Vaerdal, Lerdal, and Stenkjær; the last, and probably others, are let.

Falkenberg (Sweden).—There is some capital salmon fishing here, but preserved.

Forde.—On the Sønd fjord, at the mouth of the river running through Jølster Vand. Salmon and sea trout can go up 3½ m. to a fos. Formerly netted, and leave to fish portions obtainable. Some years back it was taken on short lease, and was said to have fished fairly, but neither the angler nor his friends retook it. It is now in Bergen hands, some of whose tenants seem to have been fairly satisfied. Sivertsen's Hotel, on north bank, very good. For Jølster Vand and upper water, see *Nedre Vossenden*.

Flakketfjord.—10 m. east is the Quinna, with 5 m. of fine salmon water to a fos, leased at the highest rent paid in the country. Within reach of the village are several lakes with very fair trouting. To the west of the town is the Sire. Extensive well-planned ladders have been erected on two fosses, which salmon freely use; but fish have not increased much. Probably the angling is to let; it was in the hands of a syndicate. The deep 17-mile long Siredal Vand (lake) above holds very large trout, chiefly at the upper end, Tonstad, where is a fine trout stream with pretty fish.

Göteborg (Sweden).—Salmon, trout, grayling. The Gotha runs out of Lake Wenern. The lake is fed by twenty four streams. The town of Wenersburg lies at the southern extremity of Wenern, and Carlstad on the north (see *Carlstad*), Mariestad and Lidköping on the East, and Arnal on the west. At either of these towns good and cheap accommodation can be had. Lake Wettern is connected with Wenern by a canal thirty miles long. There is a very good trout stream about 20 m. (English) away, holding very large trout. (See *Kongelf*.)

Gouverod.—(See *Laurvæl*.)

Guldholmen.—Near Tana mouth. A steamer calls once a fortnight. The best plan to fish Tana is to take boats up to Gallagherova, 10 m. above the Polmac. Tents will be required, and plenty of provisions. At Polmac lives one Shanker, a merchant, where boats and accommodation can be had, but he is fearfully exorbitant in his charges. Here

the Polmac river joins Tana. This stream rises in a large lake, full of fish. The sea-trout fishing is capital in the salt water at the mouth of the river.

Hardanger Fjord.—EIDE.—Excellent hotel, kept by Møeland, who owns the small river, which contains sea trout and occasionally a few small salmon. The water is so trapped that the only chance of sport is during a flood. The Graven lake near here is not worth fishing, but between Graven and Ulvik the mountain road passes the Espeland lake, said to hold trout of great size, though, as far as our experience goes, 1lb. or 1½lb. would be the average.

EIDFJORD.—On the river Eidfjord, which runs into the Hardanger Fjord some little way S. of Bergen. The river has a fishable length of about two miles. It is not a good river, and very rapid, but famous for the size of its sea trout. Very deep and careful wading is necessary. The best cast is known as the Long Hole. There is an inn at Eidfjord kept by the brothers Neisheim; the accommodation is good. The salmon river is no doubt let. The best time is from the middle of July to the end of August.

Hoas.—(See *Klethammer*.)

Lotunheim.—This district should be thoroughly worked by the energetic trout fisher. It is reached from the Gudbrandsdal high road on the way from Christiania to Romsdal, or from the Valdres route over the Fillefjeld by ascending from Fagerlund, Skogstad, or Nysten, where a guide and the necessary pony or packhorse may be hired. The same may be done at Aardal in the Sogne fjord. This district is very rich in lakes and streams, and tolerable accommodation can be obtained at the Tourist Club buildings and small hotels known to the guide.

Jerkin.—Through the valley runs a good stream, containing plenty of trout and grayling.

Kauford.—There is a stream here containing salmon. From the fosse to the sea, some few hundred yards, the fish rise to the fly.

Kile.—(See *Volden*.)

Klethammer.—A post station on the banks of the Undal. Above the station the brown-trout fishing is excellent, also below, as far as the hamlet of Romfog; thence to the sea, 20 m., the salmon fishing is excellent. The best fishing ground commences 2 m. below the post station, Snova, to about 2 m. below the post station Hoas a distance of 2 m. Only a good fisherman is likely to have much sport. Good accommodation can be had at Snova and Hoas, and also at a large farmhouse between the two. White bread, &c., can be obtained at Undalsoran, at the river's mouth, and Christiansand is only a day's journey.

Kongelf (Sweden).—12 m. from Gottenborg. A steamer runs daily between these two places in the summer. There is a comfortable little inn here, and trout, perch, and pike fishing; some salmon also. May is the best month. The same trout flies are used as in Scotland, only larger; and Scotch lake trout flies are admirable on the Götha.

Lauje Yarn Værk.—On the post-road between Christiania and Molde, near the head of the Romsdal Valley. The station is clean, and the charges moderate. The distance is some 2½ days from Christiania. There is abundance of trout in a lake near the inn door. The best fishing is in a lake—Aur-Soen, some twenty miles north.

Laurvik.—The Lauen flows by the town. Salmon run large. There are few good casts. Leave to fish is rather difficult to obtain. Three miles from Laurvik is the fishing lodge of Stroborg, belonging to Capt. Maynard. Here there is an admirable cast, but a boat is desirable. There is little good water below, but half a mile higher up, near a bridge, there are two or three excellent casts. The best fishing is in the upper parts of the river, at Gouverod, in Laurdal and Cara Foss. The cast here is of limited extent, but very good. The fishing season in the Lauen begins early. June and July are the best months. There are but few sea trout in the Lauen, but in a stream which falls into the fjord, near Lauvek, at the iron works, they are numerous.

Lillehammer.—The river Laager contains very large trout. (See *Christiania*.)

Lönsset.—(See *General Information*; *Disct.*) Lönsset is at the southern extremity of the Storsjön lake, and is easily reached from Christiania. The route is as follows: Christiania to Eldavold, by rail, 42 m.; thence to Stor Hamar, on the Miösen, by steamer, 42 m.; thence by rail to Grunest, 25 m.; and thence by carriage to Lönsset, 30 m. All along this route the stations are the very cleanest and most comfortable in Norway. There is good trout and grayling fishing here. In Klar Elv, running out of Femund Sö, there is good trouting.

Molde.—The Romsdal river, the Bauma, is a fine salmon river, and belongs to Englishmen. There is a small lake on the other side of the fjord opposite Næs where we have caught trout up to 3lb. It is about 1000ft. above the fjord. A boat can be had. The great salmon rivers, the Eikisdals, the Sundals, the Surendals, and others, are well known to the salmon fisherman, but do not affect the angling tourist.

Namsas.—At the mouth of the Namsen river, with catchment basin of 2500 square miles. Salmon go up to Fiskum Fos, over 50 miles, divided into five or six beats; all leased. Bags on each beat vary from 1000lb. to 2500lb.; all harling; fish large. The Björa, a tributary, has two beats, both leased. To the north is the Vefsen. The portion below the fos has long been leased. A ladder has been erected, and salmon were caught above in 1891; that portion was then to let. Further north are the Fusten and the Rydsaa, both fair salmon rivers; leased.

Nedre Vassenden, at the end of the Jölsrer lake. There is good trouting in both the lake and river. A good place to stop at.

Nord Fjord.—The rivers here have very small catchment basins, the largest not more than 250 square miles, but, being more or less glacier fed, hold out well. The Eid, which runs out of Hornindal lake, is in Bergen hands, and fishes indifferently—water, it is said, being too clear. The Gloppen, falling into the fjord at Sandena, is leased to an Englishman, who has erected a ladder past the lower fos. It is a pretty river, rather late, salmon small. The Olden, the Loen, and the Stryen run from the Justedal glaciers. Olden fishes well, and has long been leased. Loen is very poor, and is probably unlet. Stryen holds large salmon and sea trout. The best pools have long been in English hands; some portion is now in Bergen hands. The lower pools are good for sea trout, but only very late—August, September.

Quickjock (Sweden).—A village in Lapland. Lodgings can be obtained at the house of the pastor. The fishing is good both in the lake and two rivers; pike, trout, and grayling. The best time to go is in the autumn, arriving at the end of August. Quickjock is some three weeks from London. Sullitelma lies some thirty miles off.

Romfog.—(See *Klethammer*.)

Saltal (near Bodo).—Beautiful-looking river and valley, long tried by Englishmen. It and its neighbour Beiern are the "altogether latest" rivers in Norway; in Bergen hands.

Sarna (Sweden).—On Östre Dal; trout, grayling, pike, perch fishing very good, and free. The accommodation is clean and good.

Snova.—(See *Klethammer*.)

Sogne Fjord.—VADHEIM.—Most of the fjord steamers call here. Here commences the route north to the Romsdal. At

SANDE, the first station, there is good trout fishing and accommodation.

LYSTER FJORD, a branch of the Sogne fjord. Most of the streams are from glaciers, and unsuitable for fly work. At Skjolden and Fortun sea trout, and large ones, may sometimes be taken in a spate by spinning; the natives then kill hundreds with their favourite bait, a bunch of worms.

AARDALS.—A mile only of likely-quiet water, good for sea trout late in season; in Bergen hands. Aaroen, short, wild glacier stream; leased. Salmon said to be the largest and finest in Norway.

AURLAND.—There are very few true salmon in this river, though the natives apply the term "Lax" to the very large sea trout which abound here. These run to 15lb. or 16lb. and over, and afford capital sport. The fishing is let.

GUDVANGEN.—A small salmon and sea-trout river, too clear to be of much account. The fishing, such as it is, is let.

LØRDAL.—This is one of the very best salmon rivers in Norway. The trout fishing on the river above is good. At Husum and at Høg good quarters and excellent trout fishing may be obtained. These two stations are on the Valdres route to Christiania (see *Valders*).

Sønd Fjord.—DALE, pleasant station, with small river with a few grilse; good trouting above the fos. Gaula, owned and leased by Englishman, who has erected a salmon ladder. Fishing best in the tidal water. For Forde river, see *Forde*.

Stavanger.—There are many small rivers in the neighbourhood, but most of those containing salmon are let. At Sand, on the new route to the Hardanger, is the famous Suledals Elv, let on a forty-years' lease. Half-way to Bergen is the Etne, a small salmon river with 100 square miles of basin; formerly leased to Englishmen, now to a Bergen merchant, who fishes, and also lets it. Having no very high ground for source, it fishes early, and needs rain later, but is liked, and sometimes re-taken by the same rods.

Strand.—First-rate fishing is to be had here.

Telemarken.—A district unsurpassed for its trout-fishing capabilities. It lies in the centre of southern Norway, and may be reached from Odde in Hardanger on the west, or Kongsberg on the east. It is traversed by good roads, and the accommodation is first-rate. Dalen on the Bandags Vand, and Botten are good central stations to work from.

Valders.—This is the route over the Fillefjeld from the Sogne fjord at Lørdal to the Mjøsen lake at Gjøvik, or the Randsfjord at Odnes, from both of which places Christiania can be reached in a day. All along the route comfortable station houses will be found, and at many places tolerable trout fishing can be obtained. Fagernes is a good example; the hotel is good, the landlord speaks English, and ten brace of trout (the largest we caught was 3½lb.) may reward a day's fishing in the river. The lake here is no good. At Tomteivold there is another good hotel; the trout run very large, coming up from the Randsfjord, but the river is much trapped.

Tromsø.—Near here good sport can be had in the Møls Elv and Reisen.

Undalsoren.—(See *Klethammer*.)

Veblungnes.—On Bauma. Route, from Bergen to Molde by steamer, thence by steamer to Veblungnes.

Vigland.—Ten miles from Christiansand. On the Torrisdal; salmon, &c. Fishing now let. Lodgings can be had generally at the different saw mills. A boat is necessary. There are plenty of sea trout. The pool below the foss is a good one; so is the Bay pool, which is two pools down, and the Farm pool, which is next below to the Bay pool. The fishing extends to some 1½ m. downwards from the foss. There is another good east by the ferry, 1 m. lower.

Volden.—On the Stor Fjord. There are many small rivers near here and Kile, where

sport can be had; and plenty of farmhouses on this fjord, where lodgings can be had. (*See Aalesund.*)

Vossevangen.—This favourite spot has long since lost its reputation as a fishing station. It contains some half a dozen hotels, Fleischer's being one of the largest and best hotels in Norway. The lake is nearly depleted of fish. The road to Gudvangen passes some beautiful water, but the sport to be had is poor. The best places are—

TVINDE.—Just before this station the river often fishes well. Large trout run up from the Løne Vand in wet weather. Near

VINJE, the next station, the Märkadals river and lake afford good sport. The key of the boat may be obtained from the landlord, one Knut Vinje, whose hotel is homely but comfortable.

OPHEIM lake may be fished, and boats had at the hotel here. Trout small.

RUSSIA.

General Information.—There is capital salmon fishing on the Siberian coast. Nicolaïvesk, the seaport of the Amoor, is a good spot.

Finland.—You can get to Uleaborg by steamer from Stockholm, changing at Abo, or can take the steamer from Stockholm to Tornea, and from thence travel by road to Uleaborg. A Foreign Office passport is requisite, and must be viséd by the Russian consul here or at Stockholm. As to money, take gold in preference to circular notes, though the latter will pass. Fishing and shooting are free, and a fair amount can be had. Grayling, trout, and salmon are abundant in all the rivers from Uleaborg to Tornea, but salmon only take the fly at some distance up the rivers. Plenty of good grayling may be taken close to the Uleaborg town with a red palmer fly in July. Of course you must rough it, but not very much, as good quarters are to be had in all towns and villages. A good travelling map can be bought in Stockholm, Tornea, or Uleaborg. Very little luggage should be taken; but warm flannels are almost a necessity, as the nights are sometimes cold. Start as early as possible. Living is very cheap in Finland. The portion of Murray's "Handbook for Russia" that is devoted to Finland has special reference to angling, giving a long account of trout fishing in the Vuoska, near Imatra (June to September best months). There appears to be good salmon fishing at Anjala, but permission is necessary; also in the Vuoska in June and July, when the fish run from Ladoga; also near Tornea, and in all the streams running there into the Gulf of Bothnia; in the Kumo river, at Kuopio; near Nysalott, in Lake Peruwessi; at Joensuu, in Lake Enowesi; near Jyväskylä, at the Haapakoski Falls; at Tammerfors; and throughout the waters of the Kumo lake system. The salmon run up the rivers shortly after the ice breaks up. This is generally about the middle or end of May, according to the season. Salmon in Finnish and other rivers running into the Baltic do not take the fly. The fishing at Imatra is in the hands of a club, but with an introduction to a member leave to fish could probably be got. Land at Abo, and work up the coast by road as far as Tornea, giving the innumerable rivers that would be crossed on this route a trial. A small town is generally to be found at the mouth of each river of any size, and the accommodation in Finnish towns is generally good, whereas at country stations it is wretched, food (*i.e.*, edible) being almost unobtainable.

St. Petersburg.—Three hours from here is splendid trouting, preserved by a club of limited numbers. At Serriskaia, 40 miles off, on the Warsaw Railway, runs a free stream holding plenty of small grayling. Fish below the village. Opposite Schlüsselberg, where the Neva leaves the lake, fine grayling are often taken.

SPAIN AND PORTUGAL.

General Information.—One of the best rivers is the Ason, falling into the Bay of Biscay near Larédo, about forty miles from Santander, between that place and Bilbao. The best place for fishing the river is Marron, a league up stream. There is no inn, but lodgings can be had at the farmers'. The river is good up to Bamales, where there is an indifferent inn. The fish are salmon, sea trout, and trout. The salmon fishing is let to a company, who sometimes give leave. The Pas, near Santander, contains salmon. There is another river near Puente d'Eume, in Galicia, between La Coruna and Ferrol, containing salmon, sea and yellow trout. The accommodation at Puente d'Eume is very indifferent. Another river, running into the sea near Santa Marta, between La Barquera and Carifio, contains fish, but the accommodation at Barquera is bad. Nearly all the rivers of the provinces of Santander, Asturias, and Galicia contain heavy trout, and in fair quantities. The fly fisher can by moving his quarters fish from March till September, fishing Galicia in March and April; May and the first half of June in Santander; the latter half of June, July, and August in the rivers and lakes of the northern and mountainous portion of Asturias. The river Sil (afterwards the Minho) in Galicia contains trout as large as almost any river in the world. Although the Sil, however, contains heavy fish; it is fearfully poached and dynamited. There are several rivers in the provinces of Orense, Lugo, and Finistère where, with decent weather, an angler may take ten brace of fish a day; probable weight about 12lb. In the Deva, which divides Asturias and Santander, very good fishing can be had in the month of May; also in the river of Pesques, which runs parallel with the Deva, about three miles distant from the latter. In the Nalon, in Asturias, good sport is to be had in May, and better still in the river Eo, which divides Asturias and Galicia, near a village called St. Tiveo de Abres,

some five leagues up the river. At Tavera, in Asturias, near the mountains that divide that province from Leon, very good fishing is to be had in June and July; and near Galicia, where there are some large lakes 3000ft. above the level of the sea, splendid fishing is to be had, the fish averaging 1½lb. Once in Spain, ten pesetas, about 6s. 8d. of our money, will amply cover daily expenses, travelling included. The living is rough, but as a rule the food is wholesome and good, the wine capital, and the beds clean.

Avila (Spain).—*Iris*: Dos de Mayo, kept by an Englishman. Good trouting.

Balearic Islands.—Palma (capital of Majorca). Plenty of sea-fishing. Grey mullet abundant, and numerous other kinds. Fishing both from the rocks behind the pier and from boats in or near the harbour. Water very clear.

Barcelona.—Moderately good sea-fishing from the piers.

Cuenca.—Some trouting can be had here.

Juy.—On Minho; salmon and trout.

Orense.—On Minho; salmon and trout.

Ovar (Portugal).—Twenty miles by rail from Oporto. An hour's ride from here brings you to Oliviera d'Azemeis, where fair quarters can be had. The Karina is five miles from here. Trout, barbel, &c., plentiful.

Potes (Spain).—Good fishing.

Rivadavia.—On Avia: salmon. There is a fair hotel here.

San Sebastian.—Large mullet and other fish may be taken from the public promenade along the quay, and numerous varieties of small fish from boats in the roads.

Valencia.—A little freshwater fishing in the river Guadalaviar. Sea-fishing at the Grao or harbour, distant three miles from the town.

Vigo.—Trout in streams in the neighbourhood. *Hotel*: Continental.

SWITZERLAND.

General Information.—Fair trout fishing is to be found in the Grisons and in the Braie in the Canton of Fribourg, and in the principality of Lichtenstein, on the north frontier of the Grisons, at Balzers. The flies used are ordinary English ones. A very good fly for Switzerland is a pale yellow silk body, no hackle, and wings the tip of two ginger hackles with a fibre or two worked down for legs; also bluebottle, soldier palmer, coch-y-bondhu, red and grey spinners, black gnat, crowding, white moth. There are trout and coarse fish in the Vaudois and Stockalper canals, which join Lake Lemman at the eastern end; fishing free, but cantonal licence required. Plenty of trout in the Golsern Zee, in the Maderaner Thal.

Amstey.—Trout in River Reuss; fishing licence necessary, cost 15 francs; no day or week ticket. The same rule applies to the Golsern Zee, in Maderaner Thal.

Andelfingen (Zurich).—On Thur. Fair fishing. Accommodation bad along the stream, except at Winterthur.

Andermatt.—*Hotel*: Bellevue. There is some good trouting in Oberalp Zee, about 5 m. off, also some fish in the river.

Appenzell.—Good trouting in Sitter, especially early in the season. For some parts of the stream an angling licence of 20fr. is imposed.

Bâle.—There is very fair trout and grayling fishing in the Birs, some 3 m. from Bâle. By application to the proprietor of the Three Kings leave may be obtained to fish the upper stream of the Wiesen. The middle of August is the best time.

Berne.—On Aare. Between this and Thur there is good fishing. Good fish can be taken below the weirs.

Bienne.—At Soncebey is the Birs River.

Brunnen.—(See Glarus.) Trout in streams, but fishing licence necessary; cost 10 francs.

Constance.—The Hôtel Brochet is good and reasonable. In fishing the lake it is as well to make a bargain for a boat for the day, six francs is quite sufficient. The fish are silber, lachs, lachs forelle (the first a fish peculiar to the lake and running from 10lb. to 15lb., and the other, *Salmo ferox*). *Salmo hucho* (for which fishing Brezgenz, at the Austrian end of the lake, is the best locality), the grayling (also found principally at Brezgenz), char, gwyniad, ratten, waller (which reach 30lb. and feed on the bottom), *Lucio perca*, pike, carp, tench, bream, chub, roach, rudd, dace, and carp bream. The lower lake is best for pike. On a fine summer evening the half-mile below the bridge abounds with fish of all sorts. Half an hour's pull down the Rhine there are some stakes in mid-stream: this is a good place for chub and grayling. At Mülheim, two hours' drive from Constance, there is a trout-stream; the fish are small; there is another at Ravensburg, half-an-hour by train from Frederikshaven.

Coppet.—A station near Montreux on Versoix. Good trouting.

Cottailod (Neuchâtel).—The Reuve here runs into the Lake of Neuchâtel. The river rises at St. Sulpice, and passes the towns of Fleurier, Couvet, and Travers, where good fishing quarters can be had. The fishing is fair.

Couvet. (See Cottailod.)

Davos Platz.—A watering place on the Grisons. Nearest station, Landquart, two stations short of Coire, 12 m. off. There are two lakes—one, Davoser See, 2 m., the other 4 m. off—and a stream by the village. Trout and ferox. There are two boats on Davoser See. Flies must be larger than at home. A small grasshopper is a good bait. The fishing begins in January, and ends on Sept. 35. No fishing allowed in June, July, and part of August in the river. Deep trolling is best on the lakes. *Hotel*: Belvedere, and many others.

Fleurier. (*See Cotsailland.*)

Fribourg.—Twenty miles off is the Lac Noir; pike, perch, tench, dace, and small trout in the stream. There is a first-class hotel on the bank, and an omnibus meets the train at Fribourg. The fishing is good; boats can be had.

Geneva.—On the Rhone. During summer there is no fishing to be had below the Arve mouth, owing to the melting snow from the mountains. Above the junction, however, a few trout may always be got by fishing very early or late. Commence at a mill on the north bank, about a quarter of a mile above the junction, and fish as far as the water is clear and deep, which it is for some fifty yards below the big rock opposite the junction. Deep wading is absolutely necessary. You will here pick up a few brace of trout, some of them up to 2lb. or even more, possibly a stray grayling or two, and a kind of dace which sometimes rises greedily. For flies, coachman, coach-y-bonddu, and black palmer, in the order named; but by far the best is a March brown tied with a long body, Mayfly fashion. The fishing cannot be said to commence until the Arve clears; in fact, from October to March is about the season. Go by rail to the first station from Geneva on the French line, and commence fishing at an island, and fish down to La Plaine station, or even below it if you have time, returning to Geneva by the evening train. Fish of from 10lb. to 20lb. may be taken, all with fly. Wading here, as elsewhere, is absolutely necessary. December and January are good months. In addition to the above-mentioned flies (several sizes larger), a red palmer is good, and for a big fish the following: tall, a bit of scarlet ibis, a third of an inch long; body, hare's lug and olive ribbed with narrow gold twist, a big bunchy sooty olive hackle all the way up, very small dark mallard wing, and two or three horns of either red macaw or dyed swan; medium salmon size. The best place for trouting is about 10 m. above Bellegarde, but the poaching is awful. At La Plaine, Loudon joins Rhone (trout and grayling), much poached. Large trout are to be taken in the lake of Geneva by trolling with minnow, under sail if possible. Fish very deep, with at least six yards of gut and sixty or seventy yards of line out, and very late in the evening or at night. Perch and small dace may be caught in large quantities also in the shallower parts of the lake. Of the various streams in the neighbourhood the Versoix is the best, and is about twenty minutes from Geneva by train. The Versoix rises at D'Ivoire, on the French frontier, where there is a good inn, but the fishing is preserved, we believe. The Swiss portion of the stream is free, and falls into the Lake of Geneva, at the village of Versoix.

Glarus.—On Lintel. The fishing is nearly ruined by mill refuse.

Interlaken.—There are trout in both lakes, and grayling in the river.

Isles, Les.—Fair trouting.

Kandessteg.—Some good trouting can be had in a small lake near here in the meadows between the Gemmi Hotel and Victoria Hotel on the left-hand side of the road going towards the Gemmi Pass.

Latour.—Near Tully, in the valley of the Albigenes. There is good grayling fishing here.

Laufenburg.—*Hotel:* Post. There is a large salmon fishery here. Apply to landlord.

Lausanne. (*See Orbe.*) The Aubonne is a fair stream; trout and grayling. The best way to fish it is to take the train to Allamann and fish down to the lake, or *vice versa*. The Versoix is also good, one hour and a half by train from Lausanne. Both rivers are open. Wading is necessary. There is good trolling in the Lac de Bret, 10 m. off; leave must be obtained. Fair trouting in Orbe, 1½ hours by rail.

Lucerne.—There is fair trolling in the lake; pike, perch, and trout. In the river any quantity of chub may be taken, and occasionally some fine trout and grayling. The flies for the lake should be large but sombre. The river flies are the yellows, and a fly with a green body, red hackle, and red partridge tail wing.

Meiringen.—On Konder. Trout may be taken with a sunk grasshopper in the eddies. (*Hotel, Sauvage.*) There is a small trout stream 3 m. off. There are a few trout in Aar; all fishing free.

Montreux.—Trouting in the Stochalper Canal, half hour off by rail; s.t. 4fr., at Grand Hotel, Territet. Best flies are March brown (different sizes), small coachy-bonddu, August dun, bluebottle, willow fly. Season begins March 15, ends Sept. 30.

Morgenthal.—On Aar; trout and grayling. The fishing is fair. There is a little stream joining Aar here in which good sport can be had. The innkeeper gives leave.

Mulheim. (*See Constance.*)

Neufchatel.—On the lake of Neufchatel; plenty of large trout, pike, perch, &c. Bottom fishing can be had at the Pierre à Mazel, a small rock about 100 yards from the port of Neufchatel. Very large perch can be killed here.

Orbe.—About 12 m. from Lausanne on the Lake of Geneva. The Hôtel de France is good. Fair grayling fishing. At Val Orbe, 14 m. up stream, there are a few trout.

Poschiavo.—*Hotel:* Croce Bianca. On Lake Poschiavo; large trout.

Schaffhausen.—On Rhine; salmon are sometimes taken trolling, a few trout are caught occasionally, and there are plenty of pike, chub, and perch. The Schweitzerhof is a good hotel, and grants leave to fish. The Laufen Hotel, opposite the Schweitzerhof Hotel, is very good. Salmon fishing below the fall; permission freely granted. The best method is to trail an artificial bait from the ferry canoe. A mackintosh necessary in any weather. There are fine trout, perch, chub, and a fish called nose, from the length of his prominent upper jaw—a species of grayling; they are abundant.

St. Hotel: Du Fer a Cheval. Good sporting quarters. Plenty of trout.

Stachelberg, Baths of. (*See Glarus.*)

St. Blaise.—On the Thiele. There are fish in the river, but they rise very badly.

St. Gothard.—There are trout in the Lake of St. Gothard, but few in the river.

St. Moritz. (Upper Engadine).—A day's diligence journey from Chur. There are several large hotels. There are three lakes connected by the Inn, all containing trout. The upper lake, Silser See, is the best, distant six miles. There is a clean little inn here, the Alpen Rose.

Storiz.—On Aa. Poor fishing, owing to the foul water. The Bridge of Wyl, a short way above the town, is a good spot.

Tavannes (Bernes).—On river Birs. There is a good inn here.

Thun.—(See Bernes.) There is good spinning in the lake, and fly-fishing for trout and grayling in the river. The red grouse and black palmer tied rough are good flies, mounted on No. 7 or No. 8 hooks. Salmon may also be killed. The Hôtel de la Croix Blanche and the Belle Vue are good.

Thunis (Via Mala).—On Rhine. There is fly-fishing here, and also in a stream a mile off. The Via Mala Hotel is very good.

Travers. (See Cotsailloud.)

Uster (Zurich).—There is fishing in the stream connecting Pfaff Lake with the Grifensee.

Vallorbe.—There is good trouting in Lac de Joux. Good accommodation.

Vevey.—On Lake of Geneva; trout, perch, pike, &c. There is fair trout fishing on the river Veveysse, which runs into Geneva here.

Vivp.—At Neubrücke; trouting can be had in the Rhone.

Winterthur. (Zurich). (See Andelfingen.)

Zell.—There is a lake here, and the fishing is good.

AUSTRALASIA.

General Information.—There are plenty of various kinds of fish in all the rivers and water holes. The Murray cod is a large fish, running up to 100lb. They are very good eating. The bream are something like the English bream, but much better eating. They afford capital sport. At Seymour, 500 miles above the junction of the Goulburn with the Murray, the fishing is very good. Large-sized Limerick hooks are the best to take out, which answer well for yellow perch, bream, cod, and large eels. In the upper part of the Hunter, dapping for perch with a grasshopper is good. Quantities of little fish the size of bleak, may be taken with an artificial fly. In almost every one of the rivers on the Australian continent which flow southward and eastward, from the great chain of hills which run more or less parallel to the coast, very good sport may be had with the artificial fly from October to April. The fish is the Australian grayling (*Noto-thymallus australis*, McCoy), which swarms in all the running streams wherever there are rocks and gravel—certainly from the Glenelg, on the borders of South Australia, around the coast as far east and north as the Hunter in New South Wales. It breeds in the winter months on the long flat banks of sand and gravel, and in summer is found in the shallow broken water, in localities precisely similar to those in which one would look for a grayling in an English river. In weight the Australian grayling averages from 4lb. to 1lb. when in season. They will take almost any fly which kills grayling in England, showing a preference for the duns, the black and red ant, and the midge. The hooks should be of the smallest size (No. 12 or 13), and the tackle of the finest possible description. At Anderson's Creek, on the Yarra, about thirty miles above Melbourne, is a good spot. In the Gippaland rivers the sport is better, and the fish larger. The upper waters of the Mitchell, the Macalister, the Dargo, &c., swarm with grayling. In the pools a fish called here the "perch" (a species of the genus *Lates*), going up to 8lb. or 10lb. in weight, with large golden scales, and excellent eating, is found. A small frog, trolled as if for a pike, is a good bait for him. The English salmon and trout are now fully established in the colony. In a few years Tasmania promises to afford the finest angling in the world, if the colonists will only take care of the fish.

Melbourne.—A good many species and varieties of fish are to be found in bays and rivers, within easy distances, and at certain seasons. In the former the pilchard has been taken. A variety of mackerel, too, affords good sport. Another fish is often taken in the upper parts of the bay—the snapper. It makes its appearance twice during the year. March and September, and is sometimes taken off the piers up to 25lb. by means of strong hand lines. Another fish frequently taken in the bay, and by the same means, is known as the pike. In form it much resembles the river pike; but it differs materially from 'hose in colour, being a sort of silvery-grey on the back, and glistening white on the sides and belly. Some of them are nearly a yard in length, but seldom exceed 5lb. or 6lb. in weight. The pike has a pretty close resemblance to another fish sometimes, though not often, taken in the bay, known as the baracouta, a very voracious creature, who will strike at a piece of white or red rag, or even a bit of wood. They are most readily taken with a line or lines let over a ship's or a boat's stern when scudding under a stiff breeze. In New Zealand it abounds to an extraordinary degree. Another fish very abundant at times here is known as colonial salmon, and which, when they come close in shore, afford capital sport.

Tasmania.—The following are some of the fish to be caught here:—*Trampeter*: Weight, 1lb. to 40lb. or more. Recherche Bay, some sixty miles from Hobart Town, is the great ground. When on the feed they are a very resolute, bold-biting fish. They move in shoals. Try and keep them round you with plenty of burly, and be careful not to let

one break away after being hooked, or the whole lot will most probably bolt.—*Bass or Bastard Trumpeter*: This fish sometimes takes a small hook when rod-fishing for mullet. Weight, 4lb. to 7lb.—*King*: Very rare. Weight, 1lb. to 6lb.—*Perch*: Very similar in shape to the English fresh-water of same name; weight, 2oz. to 8oz.; are black-red and silver; black the best, 4lb. to 8lb.; these fish give good sport. The white are caught near the city, the black farther down. Adventure Bay, thirty miles distant, is a good spot.—*Bream*: 6oz. to 3lb. Much like the British bream in shape, usually caught in brackish water, or just above it; fine eating, and good sport. Bait, a shrimp is the best; mussel next.—*Tresally*: Weight, 4lb. to 6lb.—*Mullet*: Tasmanian herring. Weight, 3oz. to 1lb.—*Salmon*: A coarse fish, weighing from 4lb. to 12lb. It must be cooked very fresh, or is unsafe.—*Flathead*: White and firm eating. Requires careful handling, as it possesses two little poisonous spikes on either side of his flat head. Weight, 2oz. to 4lb.—*Rock Cod*: Rather delicate, but a little soft. Late in the afternoon or evening is the great time to catch them. Weight, 3lb. to 10lb.—*Barracouta* (3lb. to 10lb.), *Kingfish* (4lb. to 15lb.): Saltwater pike, shaped like a jack, with abundance of teeth. Very abundant. Tow a piece of red wood with one or two hooks attached, barbs filed off, and they seize it on the top of the water. As soon as you have got him aboard you can easily shake the hook clear. *Kingfish* are always caught at night, near the bottom, and a hook without barb should be used with them. There are also *whiting*, scarce; *sprats*, not looked after; *skate*, and a few other coarse fish; amongst these are *horse mackerel*, *parrot fish*, and *leather jackets*, both the latter with rat-like teeth, and the last are very troublesome, cutting off your bait without your being able to feel them.—*Conger Eels*: Very large; from 10lb. to an enormous size.—*Guard Fish*, *Flounders*, and *Soles*: The latter scarce, but inferior to the flounder, which is remarkably good. The last three are seine fish only. The mode of fishing is generally with a hand line from a boat, two or three hooks are best on small outriggers (about four to six near Hobart Town) for perch, flathead, and trevally; rock cod require a larger hook. As you go down to the ocean you use larger up to No. 5, according to circumstances. A sinker is used at the bottom, with the lowest hook just off the ground. With anything like a Dartmouth rig (the snood and hooks below the sinker) you would constantly lose your bait before you got your line or snood up from the bottom. For real trumpeter try by letting down a sinker, hollow at bottom to contain fat, and not dropping the killick until you find coral or weed; rock or sand will not do. Rod fishing from wharves, rocks, &c., is good amusement at times with small fish, with no float, a small sinker, and two or three No. 5 Limerick hooks. Mullet give the largest amount of sport. You usually vary the contents of your basket with a mixture of flathead, trevally, and perch; very rarely indeed by a bastard trumpeter and rock cod later in the day or evening. The fresh-water herring—often called the fresh-water mullet, or cucumber fish—is a very delicate fish; it is from 5in. to 9in. in length, and will very frequently take a fly. When bottom fishing from a boat, it is generally in very strong running water; consequently, you require a large cork 3oz. balanced by a ledger lead or similar, or your hook would not get down till it had swum past you. Plumb the depth, and fish a very little off the bottom: a No. 6, 7, or 8 Limerick hook, partly concealed by a turn round of red hackle, and a gentle on the point. Throw up stream, and watch the float as it swims past; strike very quickly, but not too strongly. You often hook a fish just at the end of the swim, as you pull up for a fresh cast. There is a pretty little (native) fish called trout, spotted, but with no scales, which is very plentiful in most fresh-water creeks. It is about 3in. or so long, and can be caught in large quantities by using a fine line, and the two top joints of your rod; bait, a gentle.

NEW ZEALAND.

General Directions.—New Zealand, by persevering acclimatisation of the Salmonids, has now become one of the trouting paradises of the world. The smaller trout, up to 3lb. or 4lb., take artificial flies freely; but the heavy fish, which run to 20lb., and are common at 10lb., are chiefly taken by spinning, or the so-called whitebait, used alive, and during the night. Even in the northern island there is excellent trouting in the Wellington province; but the best districts are in the south (sometimes called Middle) island, with Christchurch as a centre. The visitor from England will find his path made quite easy by an admirable handbook, "Trout in New Zealand, Where to Go and How to Catch them," by W. H. Spackman; copies (2s. 6d. each) may be had at Eyre and Spottiswoode's in London, or from the Government printer at Wellington. The rivers, and every possible question concerning sport and travel, are fully dealt with. Licences at 20s. each are issued by the acclimatisation societies. The season is from Oct. 1 to April 15, and a licence entitles the holder to fish in any part of the colony, under the easiest of conditions. The fishing is, indeed, practically free. A 12ft. fly rod and an ordinary spinning rod are recommended. The tackle makers in the colony will provide flies suitable for the different localities, but it is best to take out waders and gut collars. Some of the English tackle makers now keep New Zealand flies in stock.

ADDENDA.

ENGLAND.

Brigg (Lincoln).—G.C.R. Ancholme. This river, in North Lincolnshire, with its numerous tributaries, drains about 240 square miles of country. It falls into the Humber at South Ferriby, where is a sluice and tidal loch. The lower part has been canalised for about 21 miles, and in this portion fishing is permitted by the Ancholme Commissioners. The tributary streams, in which fishing is not allowed, form splendid spawning grounds, and the river is abundantly stocked with coarse fish (pike, perch, roach, dace, bream, tench, gudgeon, eels, and a few burbot). There are also a few trout, and king-carp and rudd have recently been introduced. *Fishing stations*—Ferriby Sluice, 4 m. from Barton-on-Humber (G.C.R.); Saxby Bridge, 6 m. from Barton-on-Humber; Worlaby Bridge, 2 m. from Appleby Station (G.C.R.); Broughton, Castletorpe, and Cadney Bridges, near Brigg (G.C.R.), through which town the river passes; Hibaldstow Bridge, 3 m. from Scawby Station (G.C.R.); Brandywath; Bishopbridge, 6 m. from Market Rasen (G.O.R.). The Ancholme is preserved by the Commissioners, who make a small charge to anglers, viz.: for residents within 3 m., s.t. 1s.; non-resident, s.t. 3s.; w.t. 1s., d.t. 4d. Trout—s.t. 2s. 6d., w.t. 1s. A licence issued by the Trent Fishery Board is also necessary.

Barnstaple (Devon).—At Bittadon a river runs close to the Ilfracombe coach road, and, passing the old Half-way House, runs down the valley 4 m., where, at Muddeford, it is joined by a stream rising at Viviam, about 1 m.; it then runs 3 m., and joins the Taw 1 m. below Barnstaple. At Tawton, close to Barnstaple, is a little river which rises beyond Swymbridge (D. & S.R.), and runs to Swymbridge, where is a tan yard; 2 m. below it is Landkey, and 3 m. further on it reaches Bishops Tawton, where it joins the Taw. On the Ilfracombe Railway, Morthoe S. Railway, is a rapid running stream, and which 3 m. below is joined by two little rivers, one from West Down and Spreacombe. Running on to the railway, it passes Braunton, where Mr. Richmond has a fishery 1 m. below.

Bradford-on-Avon.—There is a stretch of 5 m. of free fishing, with very few exceptions of trespass on land; half a mile from canal for pike and perch. *Hotel:* The Swan, James Rose, proprietor.

Chester.—Poaching is carried on *ad lib.* at Rossett, and the Alyn is badly cared for. There are a few trout late in the season.

Hawes (York).—Instead of "Pre" read "Upper Yore; good trouting in Lake Semerwater, 24 m. S.E.; boat can be hired.

Penzance (Cornwall).—The trout fishing is not very good, but the sea fishing is excellent. Mount Bay; pollack, mackerel, whiting, cod, hake, bream, conger, &c.; good pollack fishing from the pier. All the rocky ground also affords good sport. Scilly Isles reached by steamer from Penzance. In August and September the sea fishing is excellent. Two good inns at St. Mary's. *Penzance Hotels:* Mount's Bay, Queen's, Western, Union.

Ringwood (Hants). Crown Hotel has some private water (coarse fish only); ticket, 2s. 6d. a day. There is no fisherman at present.

Ripon.—D.t. are now 2s. instead of 2s. 6d.

Thirsk (York).—Tickets for Swale and the Cod beck may be obtained at the principal hotels at Topcliffe. The hon. sec. of the Thirsk Angling Club is Mr. T. Stimpson.

Ware (Herts).—Mr. Sewell, Hard Mead Lock, will give all information required.

IRELAND.

Ballyshannon.—The Erne. Fly fishing only is allowed, and the river is divided up into seven beats. Trout—w.t. 1*l*. per rod, $\frac{1}{2}$ w.t. 10*s.*, d.t. 4*s.* The brown trout fishing is excellent, especially in the months of May and June, and the fish run large. Dry fly prove exceptionally killing, and the night rise during the summer months affords excellent sport. The salmon and grilse fishing in the Erne is so good that a rod on the river is greatly sought after. There is also pike, bream, and perch fishing. There are two capital hotels in Ballyshannon, and one at Belleek, at the opposite end of the river. The local tackleists are Mr. Rogan and Mr. William Lynn. The Mayfly fishing on Lough Erne is really excellent. 4 *m.* from Belleek and Bundoran is Lough Melvin, which affords salmon and trout fishing, trouting being particularly good. There is an excellent hotel at Garrison, at the west end of the lake, and boats are plentiful and the hire of them moderate. Close to Bundoran is the River Bundrowes, which flows from Lough Melvin, and is a salmon and trout river. Salmon fishing on this river costs 3*l.* per week, the proprietor being a Mr. Singleton, of Lareen, co. Leitrim. There is a good train service from Dublin to Belleek, Ballyshannon, and Bundoran, on the Great Northern Railway.

NOTABLE FISH.

Date.	Fish.	Weight.		REMARKS.
		lbs.	oz.	

DIARY.

NOTABLE FISH.

[illegible]

NOTABLE FISH.

Date.

Fish.

Weight.

Remarks.

lbs.

oz.

DIARY.

NOTABLE FISH.

[illegible]

ANGLER'S

DATE

—	No.	lbs.	oz.	No.	lbs.	oz.	No.	lbs.	oz.	No.	lbs.	oz.
Salmon												
Grilse												
Sea Trout...												
Ferox												
Brown Trout												
Grayling ...												
Chub												
Dace												
Roach												
Pike												
Perch												
Bream												
Barbel												
Carp												
Tench												
TOTAL												
Largest fish killed ...												
REMARKS ..												

DATE

	No.	lbs.	oz.	No.	lbs.	oz.	No.	lbs.	oz.	No.	lbs.	oz.
Salmon												
Grilse												
Sea Trout...												
Ferox												
Brown Trout												
Grayling ...												
Chub												
Dace												
Roach												
Pike												
Perch												
Bream												
Barbel												
Carp												
Tench												
TOTAL												
Largest fish killed ...												
REMARKS												

5

TOTAL.

No.	lbs.	oz.	No.	lbs.	oz.	No.	lbs.	oz.	No.	lbs.	oz.
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DATE

—	No.	lbs.	oz.	No.	lbs.	oz.	No.	lbs.	oz.	No.	lbs.	oz.
Salmon												
Grilse												
Sea Trout...												
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Brown Trout												
Grayling ...												
Chub												
Dace												
Roach												
Pike												
Perch												
Bream												
Barbel												
Carp												
Tench												
TOTAL												
Largest fish killed ...												
REMARKS ...												

DIARY.

TOTAL.[illegible]

ANGLER'S

DATE

	No.	lbs.	oz.	No.	lbs.	oz.	No.	lbs.	oz.	No.	lbs.	oz.
Salmon												
Grilse												
Sea Trout...												
Ferox												
Brown Trout												
Grayling ...												
Chub												
Dace												
Roach												
Pike												
Perch												
Bream												
Barbel												
Carp												
Tench												
TOTAL												
Largest fish killed ...												
REMARKS ...												

DIARY.

TOTAL.[illegible]

ANGLER'S

DATE

No. lbs. oz.

No. lbs. oz.

No. lbs. oz.

No. lbs. oz.

Salmon

Grilse

Sea Trout...

Ferox

Brown Trout

Grayling ...

Chub

Dace

Roach

Pike

Perch

Bream

Barbel

Carp

Tench

TOTAL

Largest fish
killed ...

REMARKS ...

DIARY.

TOTAL.[illegible]

DATE

	No.	lbs.	oz.	No.	lbs.	oz.	No.	lbs.	oz.	No.	lbs.	oz.
Salmon												
Grilse												
Sea Trout...												
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Pike												
Perch												
Bream												
Barbel												
Carp												
Tench												
TOTAL												
Largest fish killed ...												
REMARKS...												

THE DIARY.

TOTAL.[illegible]

DATE

	No.	lbs.	oz.	No.	lbs.	oz.	No.	lbs.	oz.	No.	lbs.	oz.
Salmon												
Grilse												
Sea Trout...												
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Pike												
Perch												
Bream												
Barbel												
Carp												
Tench												
TOTAL												
Largest fish killed ...												
REMARKS ...												

DIARY.

TOTAL[illegible]

DATE

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Pike												
Perch												
Bream												
Barbel												
Carp												
Tench												
TOTAL												
Largest fish killed ...												
REMARKS ...												

DIARY.

TOTAL.[illegible]

MEMORANDA.

Date.

SECRET

MEMORANDA.

Date.

Date.

MEMORANDA.

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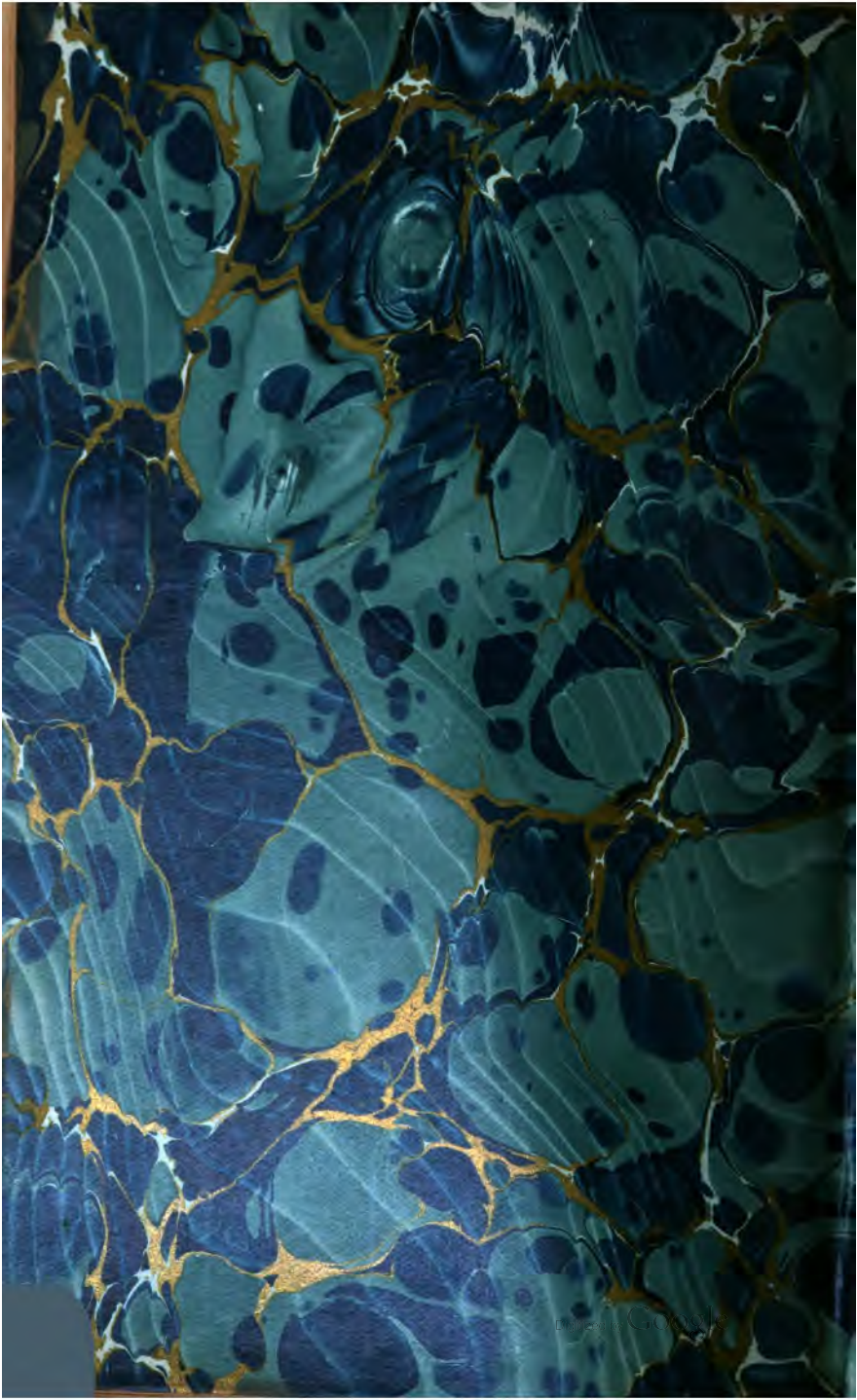
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